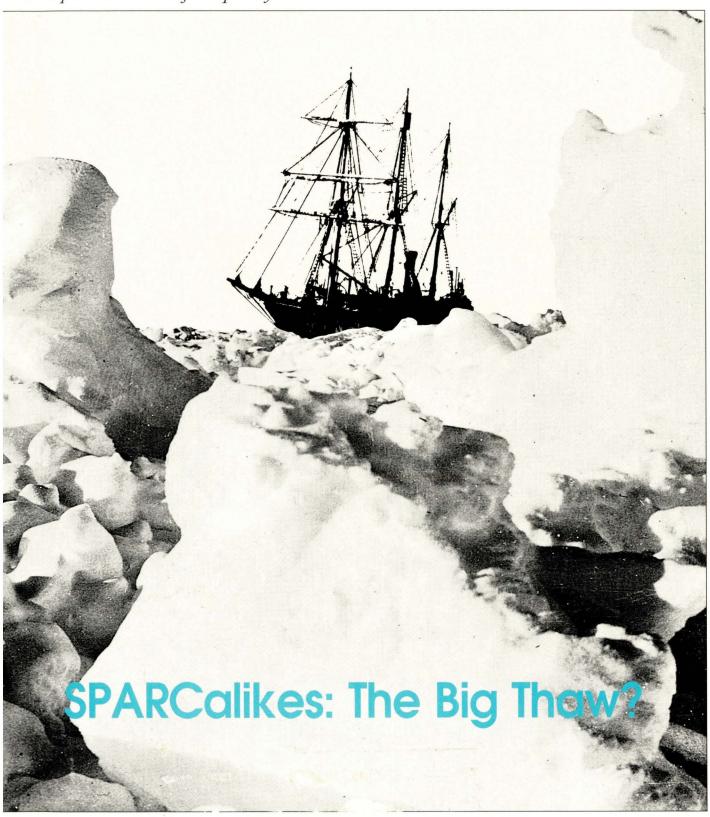
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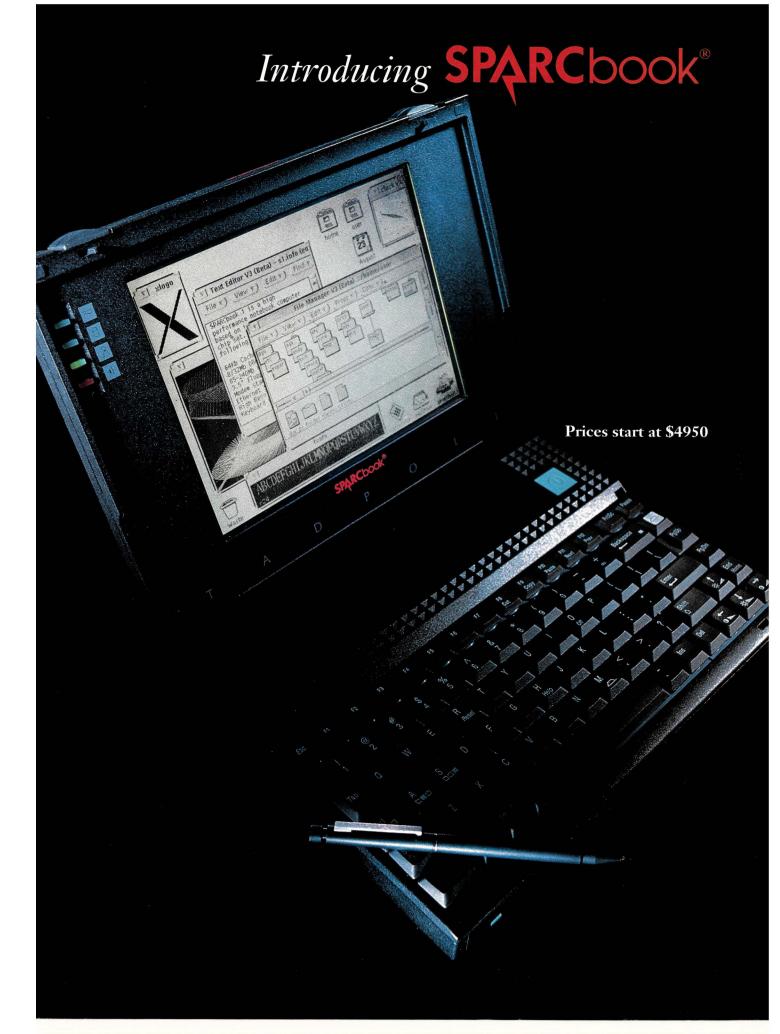
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### **F**EATURES

The Big Thaw? - Sun's chill on the SPARC-compatible/clone market may be over as vendors warm to the challenge of marketing and distributing their SPARCalikes. Mary Jo Foley

Including on Page 56:

A Sampling of SPARCalikes - Choose from more than 45 systems Maureen McKeon from 25 companies.

60 Computer Publishing Lab: SoftPC - If for some curious reason-like running thousands of low-cost DOS applications-you want to turn a SPARC system into a synthetic PC/AT, here's a painless option.

### **N**EWS

Includes: Solaris 2.0: Get Ready-Here It Comes, Sun in Graphics: To Be or Not To Be?, A Little Mac on Your Sun?

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### SUNEXPERT

RCalikes: The Big

Cover photograph of Sir Ernest Shackleton's ship

Endurance, 1916, courtesy of

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serves the UNIX workstation environment, emphasizing Sun, SPARC and Sun-compatible systems.

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### Not in Kansas, Anymore

It's been a turbulent year for the SPARC-compatible market. Like Dorothy caught up in a whirlwind, many SPARCalike vendors have found themselves somewhere over the rainbow. To find out how they are faring, see "The Big Thaw," by Senior Editor Mary Jo Foley. It outlines the major



strategies of the key SPARCalike players. Don't forget to take a look at the buyers guide accompanying the article. It answers a frequently asked question: "Where do I get one?"

New for this month is our lab logo. For more than two years, Computer Publishing Group, publisher of

SunExpert, has evaluated and tested Sun and Sun-compatible hardware, software and peripherals. With the launch of our sister publication, RS/Magazine, in October 1991, we added RISC System/6000s to the equipment list and finally gave our test facility a name—Computer Publishing Laboratory.

Computer Publishing Lab is equipped with SPARCservers, SPARCstations, numerous SPARC compatibles, X terminals, Macintoshes, PCs, PostScript printers, a CD-ROM and a scanner. CPL performs the testing and evaluation of products in a workaday environment that closely mirrors the workplace of our readers. The LAN is a fully functioning TCP/IP network with Internet connectivity, and the staff at CPL has extensive experience in the UNIX, TCP/IP and NFS environment ranging from system design to software development, from system administration to end-user instruction. On the test bench this month is Insignia Solution's SoftPC.

Doug Payor

Doug Pryor

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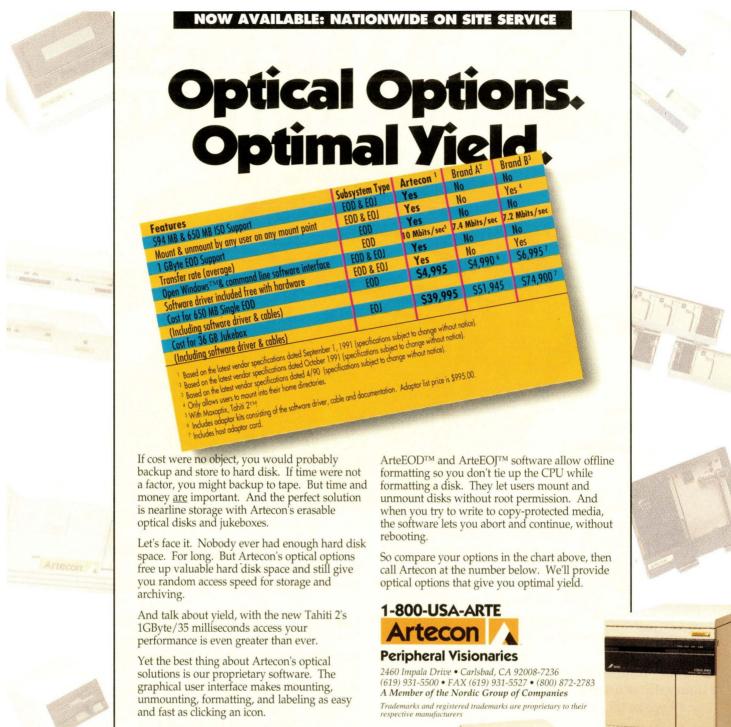
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# NEWS

### Solaris 2.0: Get Ready – Here It Comes

Solaris 2.0, the next-generation operating environment from SunSoft, is on schedule. SunSoft says it will ship it in volume, as originally promised, sometime during the second quarter for SPARC platforms, and sometime in the third quarter for Intel Corp.-based machines.

The SVR4-compliant Solaris 2.0 consists of SunOS 5.0, which includes Sun's Open Network Computing, or ONC, software; OpenWindows 3.0, which includes ToolTalk; and DeskSet 3.0. Sun Microsystems Computer Corp. (SMCC) has said that by early 1993, all new Sun hardware will run Solaris 2.0 exclusively. (Sun systems

running SunOS 4.1.X or 4.0.X and earlier versions of OpenWindows and DeskSet—and even SunView—will still be able to operate as clients, however.)

You don't have to wait until the middle of 1992 to do a lot of the prep work for Solaris 2.0, however.

According to SunSoft, developers can achieve 95% to almost 100% Solaris 2.0 compliancy today by following five key steps:

- Transition all SPARC machines to SunOS 4.1.1:
- Upgrade to Version 3.0 of OpenWindows and DeskSet;
- Adhere to ANSI C;
- Dynamically link your existing applications; and
- Implement SVR4 libraries.

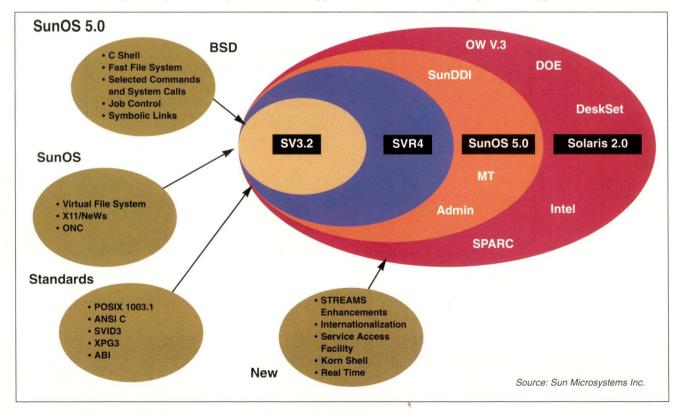
(Watch future issues of *SunExpert* for a series of articles designed to help you make the big move to 2.0.)

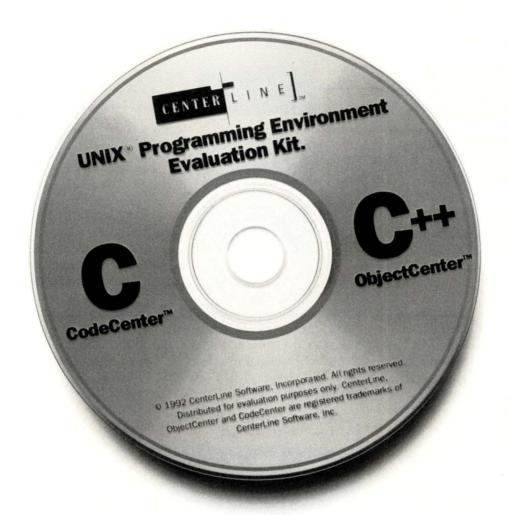
Sun has assured customers that software written for the Solaris 2.0 SPARC platform will be source-compatible with the Intel 80X86 platform, so that developers can create a single version of an application that will run

on both architectures. At the same time, SunSoft has begun shipping an SVR3.2-based version of Intel UNIX, providing customers with a binary-compatible migration-path option. Called SunSoft Interactive UNIX, the OS was developed by the Interactive Systems Corp. Intel UNIX business unit, which Sun recently acquired.

SunSoft is allowing customers that purchase the Interactive UNIX product between January and June 30 to upgrade to Solaris 2.0 on Intel for \$195 (for a single-user machine) once Solarison-Intel becomes available.

In January, SunSoft and SMCC both made announcements designed to make the move to Solaris 2.0 even easier. At UniForum, SunSoft demonstrated several key packages running on the Early Access version of Solaris 2.0, including Aldus Corp.'s Persuasion, AutoDesk Inc.'s AutoDesk, Frame Technology Corp.'s Frame, Lotus Development Corp.'s cc:Mail and Oracle Corp.'s Oracle. By the time Solaris 2.0 ships in volume, SunSoft expects 200 applications to be avail-





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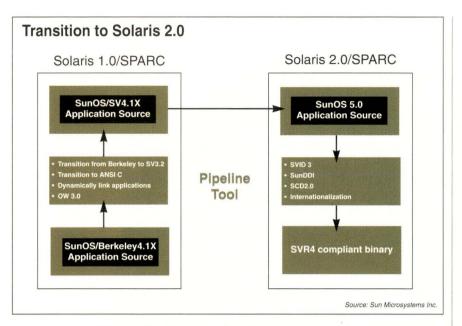
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able for it, says Mike Zadig, director of systems software product marketing. At press time, more than 50 developers were working with Solaris 2.0 source code, according to Zadig.

Also, under the Early Access program, SunPro announced availability of new versions of its SPARCworks compilers and tools for Solaris 2.0. SPARCompiler C was shipping at press time.

SunSoft is right on target with its Solaris 2.0 delivery program, says Zadig. The next and last phase will be the announcement this month of SunSoft's Catalyst Solaris 2.0 Migration Program, under which all Catalyst independent software vendors (ISVs) will receive Solaris 2.0 source. SPARC hardware vendors, or OEMs, as SunSoft calls them, were to begin receiving Solaris 2.0 source code and binaries (for clone vendors) in early February, Zadig claimed. The first

OEM to deliver product running Solaris 2.0 was Tadpole Technology Inc., Austin, TX, which shipped its SPARCbook laptop with a choice of either SunOS 4.1.2 or the Early Access version of 2.0 in January.

Pipeline Tool scans Solaris 1.0 code and recommends changes.



SMCC, for its part, is offering all new and existing customers with a software-support contract the Solaris 2.0 Migration Kit, a free set of tools and documentation to help them move from Solaris 1.0 (SunOS 4.1.X) to Solaris 2.0. The kit consists of a System V migration tool (Pipeline Tool), the SunOS 4.1.x-to-Solaris 2.0 Migration and Compatibility Guide, a site-migration planning worksheet, multimedia tutorial about Solaris 2.0 and various guides, white papers and documentation—all on a single CD. The kit uses Sun's AnswerBook, a hypertext search and retrieval tool.

"We believe a large percentage of our installed base is already on [SunOS] 4.1.1," says Ed Julson, transitions manager for SMCC. "These folks don't need the [Solaris 2.0] Early Release version." Instead, he says, they can use the Migration Kit while implementing the aforementioned steps that SunSoft advocates.

At the heart of the kit is Pipeline Tool. ISVs that are part of the Early Access program are already using this SunSoft-provided tool. Zadig claims that, "Developers using this [tool] are moving their applications [from Solaris 1.0 to 2.0] in a day to a week." The Pipeline Tool is a mouse-driven, Open Look-based software product that scans Solaris 1.0 application code for Solaris 2.0 standards compliance and recommends solutions to incompatibility problems. The application code is checked for System V Interface Definition Issue 3 (SVID-3) and SPARC Compliance Definition 1.1 (soon to be 2.0) compatibility. "You can use the tool in a real-time, line-byline fashion, or in batch mode, which is better if you need to transition multiple files," explains Julson.

More migration help is on the way from SPARC International, as well.



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Sometime over the next few months, the group is slated to unveil its ISV Toolchest. Like the SMCC Migration Kit, the Toolchest will be a collection of utilities, documents, migration guides and a "System Migration Tool" that sounds a lot like Pipeline Tool. SPARC International is also expected to include portable C, FORTRAN and Pascal compilers (with C++ and Lisp versions to follow) and system administration scripts as part of its Toolchest, according to Phil Huelson, vice president of technology. "We'll give you everything you need on a single CD for building [SVR4]-compatible applications," Huelson says. The Toolchest CD will be available for free, and customers will pay for any pieces they want to license, he adds.

In short, there are three basic differences between SunOS 4.1.X and SunOS 5.0, says SunSoft's Zadig. With 5.0, scripting will no longer be based on BSD, some new system and library calls will be used and-gradually-multiprocessing and multithreading capabilities will be added. This summer, SunSoft expects to make available developer kits to allow customers to work with user-accessible, or application-accessible, threads, which will give applications more of a "realtime" feel as a result of tighter granularity, Zadig explains. But, the "SunOS kernel already is fully preemptible and fully multithreaded," he says.

If there's one message that Sun and others in the SPARC camp are hoping to convey, it's that there's no need to be afraid of Solaris 2.0. –mjf

### Sun in Graphics: To Be Or Not To Be?

Just when it seems like Sun Microsystems Inc. has finally decided to throw in the graphics towel, it jumps back into the graphics arena.

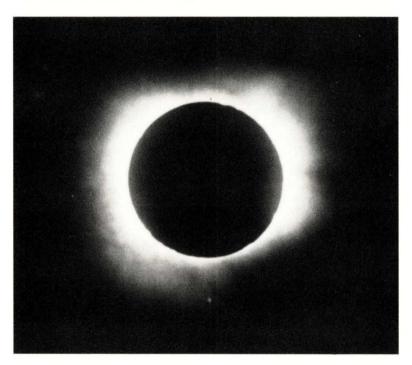
In January, Sun handed off responsibilities for its VX and MVX visualization accelerators to Vicom Systems Inc. (see *SunExpert*, January, Page 10), making it clear that it didn't consider high-performance graphics to be a volume business. But then, in late January, Sun Microsystems Computer Corp. (SMCC) signed a joint agree-

ment with high-performance graphics pioneer Evans & Sutherland Computer Corp. (E&S). E&S will be developing new graphics accelerators for SMCC's systems. The accelerators will be designed to be software-compatible with workstations currently available from both SMCC and E&S. E&S is based in Salt Lake City, UT.

During the same month, Sun joined nine other hardware and software companies in announcing their commitment to PEXlib, a 3D graphics application programming interface (API).

The other supporters were Convex Computer Corp., Digital Equipment Corp., E&S, Hewlett-Packard Co., Hitachi, Ithaca Software, Kubota Corp., SHOgraphics Inc. and Tektronix Inc. These same 10 companies earlier this year endorsed PEX, the distributed 3D graphics protocol based on the X Window System. Use

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### What About 4.1.2?

With all the fanfare surrounding SunOS 5.0 and Solaris 2.0, it's easy to overlook interim operating-system releases. But in late January, SunOS 4.1.2 became Sun Microsystems Computer Corp.'s (SMCC's) default operating system for all SPARC platforms, including Sun's new SPARCserver 600MP servers.

SunOS 4.1.2 is Sun's first multiprocessing operating system. The OS is fully binary-compatible with SunOS 4.1.1. It incorporates SunOS 4.1.1 Rev B, GFX patches and VX/MVX feature tape. SunOS 4.1.2 also provides a limited upgrade facility from SunOS 4.1.1, integrated Sun QuickCheck (fast file-system checking) functionality and support for the Rock Ridge file system, as well as more than 250 bug fixes. OpenWindows Version 2 is the default windowing system, but Sun provides Version 3.0 with all copies of 4.1.2 for no additional cost. Pricing for 4.1.2 is the same as for 4.1.1.

of PEX and PEXIib combined insures that developers can access a standard, common set for graphics functions across all supported platforms.

A PEXlib spec, along with a sample implementation, is expected to be available to software vendors via the MIT X Consortium some time in the first quarter of this year. Implementations of PEXlib are due from DEC, HP, Kubota and Sun in the second half of 1992.—*mif* 

#### A Little Mac on Your Sun?

All users who were dismayed when RDI Computer Corp. was unable to deliver on its promise of Macintosh emulation on a SPARC, take heart: A Menlo Park, CA, software start-up has found a way to let you run your favorite Mac applications on not only your SPARCstation, but on other RISC workstations as well.

Quorum Software Systems Inc. spent two years developing what it calls the Quorum Compatibility Engine, a portable implementation of the Mac Toolbox, including Mac 7.0 system software, user interface, programming utilities and application programming interfaces (APIs). This engine "allows MacOS source code to recompile on RISC," explains company president Sheldon Breiner.

Quorum is making this technology available in two ways. The Quorum

Latitude product is an aid for Mac developers who want to bring their own source code over to RISC. Developers can then market the resulting application themselves. Quorum Equal is an end-user product that combines the Quorum Compatibility Engine with a Motorola Inc. 68000-based hybrid interpreter-emulator. It will allow users to run any existing Mac apps on their workstations.

Latitude will be available this quarter for Sun Microsystems Inc., Silicon Graphics Inc. and IBM Corp. platforms; systems from Digital Equipment Corp. and Hewlett-Packard Co. are next on Quorum's list of supported machines. Equal will become generally available in the second quarter. At press time, Quorum was expecting several vendors to ship "Mac RISC" versions of their applications. Among the most likely candidates: Adobe Systems Inc., Aldus Corp. and Cambridge Scientific Computing Inc. Quark Inc. and Claris Corp. are expected to enter the pipeline soon.

"Apple [Computer Inc.] is very excited about what we're doing," claims Jay Friedland, vice president of marketing and sales. "We have a continuing agreement with Apple to license other pieces of MacOS, like QuickTime, as they become available." Both Breiner and Friedland hint that Apple itself





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### International Spotlight

### Sun's Sales Stall in Europe

Dataquest Europe figures show Sun Microsystems Inc.'s total shipments in Europe stalled in the last two calendar quarters of 1991 compared with 1990, with SPARCstation 2 shipments particularly down in the first half. Sun's total unit shipments for 1991 in Europe were 50,000, instead of a Dataquest/Sun estimate of 53,000 that was made in November. In 1991, Dataquest says that first-quarter units shipped totaled just over 13,000; second quarter, 15,000; third quarter, 10,500; and fourth quarter, 11,500.

Although exact shipments by product line were not available, Dataquest says that the SPARCstation IPC and IPX continued to sell well in the fourth quarter, along with the first 600MP units, but the SPARCstation 2 suffered from increased price-performance pressure with Digital Equipment Corp.'s VAXstation and DECstation lines, Hewlett-Packard Co.'s Series 700 and IBM Corp.'s RS/6000.

Sun experienced 40% growth in European unit shipments during 1990, says Karen Benson, Dataquest analyst, and still holds the top market share by unit sales, of 32%. The fourth calendar quarter did not live up to expectations for most computer vendors, she adds, with the exception of HP, which launched a new product line.

A U.K.-based spokesperson for Sun refuted the notion that the SPARCstation 2 has been adversely affected by increased competition, at least in the United Kingdom. In fact, he says, SPARCstation 2 unit sales in the United Kingdom for the fourth calendar quarter in 1991 "outperformed our expectations." Although the spokesperson admits to losing a few sales to HP's 700 line, he says that Sun has seen more incidence of users migrating from the SPARCstation 2 to the IPX. "While there have been some dramatic moves on the part of the competition to try and gain market share, they haven't had quite the desired effect," the spokesperson concludes.—*mwi* 

may be using Quorum's technology to speed the development of its PINK operating system.

Quorum is already setting its sights on moving other PC software to RISC. It is working on products to allow developers to bring their Microsoft Corp. Windows applications to RISC UNIX and their Windows apps to the Macintosh, Breiner says.—*mif* 

### Ain't What It Used To Be

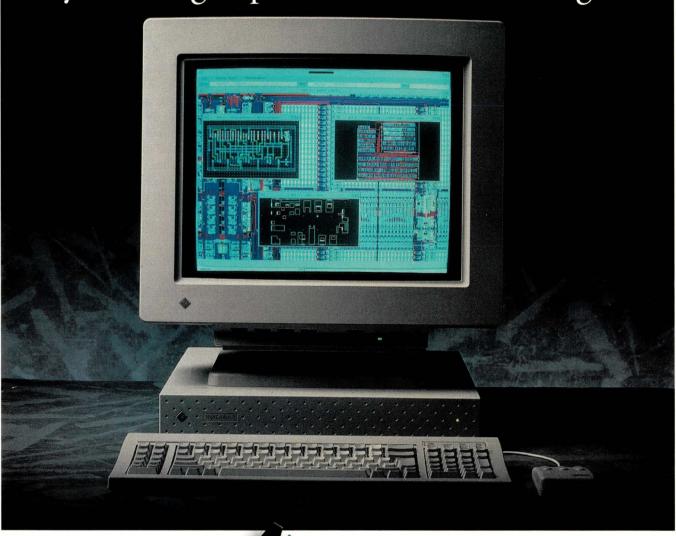
The third-party market for leased, repaired and used Sun Microsystems Inc. equipment may be under fire from Sun. As part of its reseller "house cleaning," Sun says it is removing "unauthorized VARs" from the list of companies it sells to. A number of the biggest used-equipment vendors seem to fall into this category, in Sun's eyes.

"We don't want to create a usedequipment marketplace," says Chuck Berger, Sun's vice president of U.S. marketing. "Some of these 'resellers' were buying product from Sun manufacturing. That practice has been discontinued. These companies were never resellers in the first place."

According to correspondence obtained by *SunExpert*, this new policy at Sun is being supported from all sides. In a letter to one used-equipment vendor, Carol Bartz, vice president of worldwide field operations for Sun Microsystems Computer Corp. (SMCC) states: "Sun utilizes authorized resellers who comply with reseller program rules to market its products, thereby maximizing customer service and satisfaction as well as market penetration. You are not an 'authorized reseller."

Used-equipment vendor Marathon International Group Inc., Los Gatos, CA, has been a victim of this crackdown, according to general manager Greg Hall. Hall says that Marathon and other used-equipment resellers

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have obtained refurbished product from various divisions of Sun for some time now. During the past two years, in fact, Marathon has bought roughly \$1 million worth of equipment directly from Sun, according to Hall.

"We feel Sun has created an arbitrary definition of authorized and unauthorized," he says. "Although we don't have the same restrictions as VARs, we still add value in different ways, such as immediate availability and price competitiveness." Hall has brought his complaint before Sun CEO and president Scott McNealy. But so far, it looks like it's going to be a battle among lawyers.—*mjf* 

### A Leaner, Meaner Interactive

The first time many users and developers probably heard of Interactive Systems Corp. was when Sun Microsystems Inc. announced that it had purchased Interactive's Products Division to help port Solaris to the Intel Corp. architecture. But if Interactive has its way, it is likely to become a household name among OEMs and end users alike.

Currently, 60% of Interactive's UNIX system development work is done for OEMs and 40% for end users, according to the Naperville, IL-based company. Within three years, says new company president and CEO Ben Salama, sales to OEMs should account for about 30% of income, with the remaining 70% coming from end-user sales. Interactive expects consulting and development services to bring in the end-user and OEM bucks.

Even the type of OEM that Interactive works with is likely to change. Chip vendors such as Fujitsu Microelectronics Inc., LSI Logic Corp., Tera Microsystems Inc. and Weitek are likely to continue to be important Interactive customers, since Interactive is charged with insuring that Solaris runs on these different SPARC implementations.

But before Sun spun off its SunSoft system-software division, more than half of the SPARCalike vendors were going to Interactive for their SunOS or SPARC/OS ports. Now almost all of the SPARCalike vendors are working directly with SunSoft for their operating systems. And Interactive is tapping into a new pool of OEMs—many of them European—that are looking to replace proprietary communication protocols and other system software with TCP/IP and OSI.

This is where Interactive's TCP/IP expertise comes into play. The company supplies the TCP/IP sold by AT&T in SVR4 and by The Santa Cruz Operation in Open Desktop. It augmented its existing STREAMware product line in January with STREAMware X.25, a STREAMSbased implementation of X.25 packaged as a source-code product. Interactive also offers STREAMware TCP, STREAMware SNMP. STREAMware NetBIOS, the Portable STREAMS Environment, as well as SendX/400 Mail Gateway and the Retix OSI protocol line.-mif

### A New Gaming Partner For Sun?

Sun Microsystems Inc. may be getting ready to sign up a new software partner in Europe—namely, the Anglo-French Sema Group. In January, the two companies postponed a press conference, which they said would be rescheduled with ample notice.

A Sema spokesperson said the impending announcement would demonstrate clearly "Sun's serious intent to move more heavily into commercial applications and, at the same time, [leverage] Sema's UNIX expertise." Then, at a recent Sun press conference, Sun Microsystems Computer Corp. vice president of planning and development William Raduchel alluded to "impending agreements with some large ISVs" for commercial databases and applications.

Sema Group's commercial software packages range from SEB 10 for electronic-funds-transfer management to I-Line for integrated management of industrial applications, to Principia, a software engineering workbench. Sema also develops custom applications: of late and most notably, the integrated operations software for the Summer Olympic Games in Barcelona, Spain.—mwj

### Other Open Systems News

### Digital Equipment Corp.

DEC became the first ACE vendor to roll out a production version of the OSF/1 operating system as a deliverable product. More than 90 software companies have said their applications will run on DEC OSF/1. At the same time, DEC unveiled a conversion program for Ultrix users allowing them to convert Ultrix licenses and service contracts to OSF/1 ones for "a nominal fee." As part of the announcement, DEC introduced key "foundation products" for DEC OSF/1: DEC FORTRAN, Pascal, OPS5 (an expert-system development environment) and the PrintServer Source Kit for OSF/1. It also introduced a starter kit for the Open Software Foundation Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) to aid users in designing and building multivendor applications. There are three versions of the kit: Runtime Services, Application Developer's Kit and Cell Directory Service Server. All will be available in May. DEC says it is providing the technologies employed in DEC OSF/1 to The Santa Cruz Operation for incorporation in its ACE UNIX product.

DEC expanded its networking product line with several new servers. It announced the DECserver 700 family of Ethernet communications servers, MUXserver 320/380 remote terminal servers and DS90L+ workgroup terminal servers. DEC also made public its future plans to provide a multiprotocol terminal server (the DS90TL) for the workgroup environment. DEC also managed to integrate the DECnet and OSI protocols into a single operating environment for VMS and added the capability of running OSI applications over TCP/IP under Ultrix. DEC rounded out its slew of offerings with FDDI and SNMP management products; the EtherWORKS Router/DECnet remote PC LAN router; an adapter for token-ring connectivity; and

FDDI and dual-Ethernet interface cards for token-ring connectivity.

Cementing a deal with Cray Research Inc., Eagan, MN, DEC announced it will begin marketing, selling and distributing the Cray Y-MP EL supercomputing systems in conjunction with its own VAX vector systems and DECmpp line of massively parallel systems. The agreement is effective immediately. DEC plans to price the systems at under \$350,000.

### Hewlett-Packard Co.

HP introduced a new family of high-performance disk arrays for its Apollo 9000 Series 700 workstation Model 700s and HP 3000 and 9000 multiuser computers. The disk arrays, called the Series 6000 Models 1350SA and 420SA, support systems running HP-UX 8.07. Model 1350SA has a base configuration of five 5 1/4-inch, 1.36-GB SCSI-2 disk drives per array. The 420SA has five 3 1/2-inch, 422-

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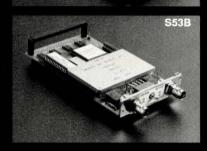
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MB SCSI-2 drives per array. A utility package allows the arrays to operate in multiple redundant arrays of inexpensive disks (RAIDs).

Lexcel, a Micro Technology Inc. company based in Fullerton, CA, will be including HP LanProbe segment monitors as part of its Lance+ network-management solution. HP LanProbe is a specialized instrument that measures and diagnoses performance and reliability problems on Ethernet LANs. Both HP LanProbe and Lance+ support the remote-network-monitoring management-information base (RMON MIB).

### IBM Corp.

IBM took the wraps off its low-end RS/6000, as expected, at UniForum. Several configurations of the single-chip implementation, 33-MHz, 25.9-SPECmark POWERstation/ POWERserver 220 are available for less than \$10,000. The system is shipping in the United States. A 19-inch monochrome system can be had for \$6,345; a gray-scale with 160 MB of disk goes for \$7,185; and a 16-inch color system with 160 MB of disk for \$8,475. The 220 can also be set up as a diskless or dataless system, thanks to AIX 3.2.

IBM announced lots of other goodies at UniForum, including upgraded models of its POWERstation/ POWERserver 340, 350 and 520. IBM also unveiled a new model, the 560, which clocks at 50 MHz and 89.3 SPECmarks. Workstation configurations of the 560 start at \$64,110, and servers at \$62,240. IBM also delivered Version 3.2 of its AIX operating system, complete with X11/R4 and Motif 1.1 compliance. It rounded out its pack of announcements with a host of AIX tools, NetWare for AIX, a multiprotocol router, FDDI network adapter, AIX NetView/6000 network management software, and various CASE products under its SDE Workbench/6000 label. The latter is based on SoftBench technology licensed from Hewlett-Packard Co.

Waltham, MA-based Cambex Corp. made a slew of RS/6000 introductions, too. It unveiled the CertaintyR

6200-T Series of mass-storage subsystems, providing packaging for multiple RS/6000 SCSI devices in singletower configurations. It introduced the Certi-STOR software utility, which enables users to write simultaneously to pairs of IBM or IBM-compatible disk drives in an RS/6000 environment. And it announced its Certainty Series Authorized Distributor Program, offering IBM industry remarketers and resellers access to the company's Certainty Series of disk, tape, memory and software products.

In more storage-related news, Introl Corp., Minneapolis, MN, added support for the RS/6000 (and Apple Computer Inc. Macintosh) platforms with its erasable magneto-optical subsystems. The company now supports the 1-GB and 650-MB subsystems for the RS/6000.

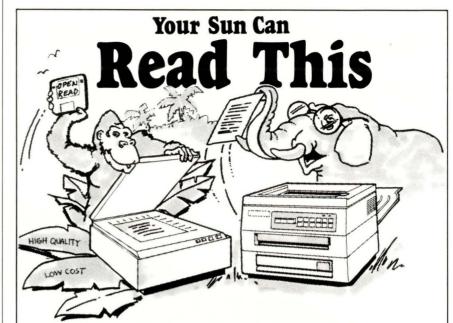
### This Just In...

- · Sun Microsystems Inc. and Cray Research Inc. have formalized an agreement to cooperate on the development of future SPARC systems. The companies plan to develop a "seamless" software environment that will allow Sun systems and Cray supercomputers to work better together. Eagan, MN-based Cray says it will use Sun technology to build high-end SPARC RISC machines that will complement the product lines of both companies. Last year, Cray acquired SPARC minisupercomputer vendor Floating Point Systems of Beaverton, OR, and subsequently formed Cray Research Superservers Inc. to develop high-end SPARC systems. Cray plans delivery of its first, approximately \$1.3 million, high-end SPARC servers in late 1993.
- Sun isn't the only company revamping its operating system. Solbourne Computer Systems Inc. has announced an upgrade to its OS/MP symmetric multiprocessing system that significantly improves database performance, according to the company. Version 4.1A.2, which is available at no cost to Solbourne customers, relies almost entirely on OS/MP kernel enhancements for better DB perfor-

mance, the Longmont, CO, company says. Solbourne continues to promise Solaris 2.0 compatibility in future OS/MP releases.

And while we're on the topic of Solbourne, the company recently put out a release full of euphemisms like "strategic refocusing" and "management consolidation." You know what that means: Layoffs of more than 100 staff and administrative positions. The company claims it is focusing more aggressively on the UNIX server market and that "staffing consolidations" won't affect its development engineering or national technical-support organizations.

- Now available from SPARC International: The Version 8 SPARC architecture manual, the MBus interface specifications (Version 1.2) document, SCD 1.1 spec. For more, contact Susan Sloyer, SPARC International, Menlo Park, CA, at (415) 321-8692, ext. 257.
- Lotus Development Corp. increased its commitment to UNIX recently with the formation of its Worldwide UNIX Group, part of its International Business Group. The new group is chartered to deliver Lotus' desktop suite of products on UNIX and enhance current UNIX applications. Lotus also recently began a joint promotion campaign with X-terminal vendor Human Designed Systems, King of Prussia, PA. Lotus is offering a complementary node license for Lotus 1-2-3 for Sun SPARC Systems (Version 1.1) with certain models of HDS' ViewStation FX series of X terminals.
- Be the first on your block to receive an upgrade to Sun Microsystems
  Inc.'s forthcoming PC emulation product in the fourth quarter of this year. Until March 31, existing Sun customers can buy Insignia Solutions
  Inc.'s SoftPC 2.1 from SunExpress ((800) USA-4SUN) and be first in line for Sun's next-generation PC emulation product, which will be based in part on Insignia's SoftPC 3.0 technology. Sun says it also is developing hardware-accelerator products that will give SPARC users access to high-performance DOS capabilities.



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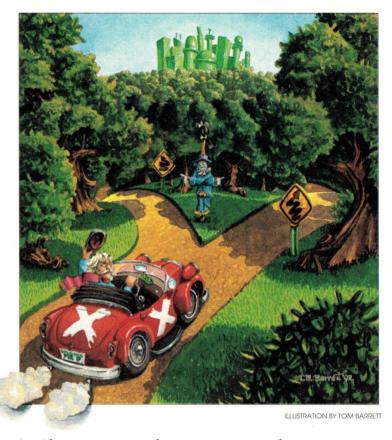
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-Lewis Carroll, Alice's Adventures in Wonderland

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-A hokey '60s band

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-Dr. Manhattan

# The Desktop Dilemma



Do you have any idea how much time and money you waste being flip? How am I supposed to figure out what to

put on my desktop given the nonsense you come up with? Should I still be putting workstations on desktops, or are X terminals a better buy?

A: All right, Mr. Protocol will take those in order: 1) Yes. 2) Pay better attention. 3) It depends.

It has not escaped Mr. Protocol's attention that the X Window System shows no immediate signs of dying out. In fact, far from languishing, it is spawning not only a whole new software industry, but a new hardware industry to go with it. It seems that there are no software packages for UNIX-based workstations that are not

now sporting X Window System interfaces, and the rate of production of new toolkits seems to be settling down nicely. Meanwhile, an instant hardware niche appeared shortly after X took off, which has expanded linearly along with the X Window System: the X terminal.

As X grew, an interesting phenomenon grew with it. Some people who had workstations on their desks were not doing any real computing on the workstations but merely using them to open X Window System sessions to applications running elsewhere. These people were obviously not using computational resources cost-effectively, but the only alternative was to give them clunky old character-based CRT terminals, also known as "boat anchors." This created something well-known in the industry: a market.

The market would seem to be a narrow one, at first glance. Potential cus-

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Although each of these graphics terminals had loyal adherents and boasted many appealing features, neither attained widespread success in the marketplace. The usual collection of reasons are proffered for this, but Mr. Protocol thinks it's because of a combination of high price and lack of standards. In order to exercise the special features of each terminal, special software had to be installed. In itself this was not a problem, but it also meant that all software that wanted direct access to the extended graphics features had to include special code. This was, of course, a dead write-off. Given that requirement, it was time to join the procession to the churchyard.

With the advent of X as a de facto standard, however, the picture changed dramatically. Now, there was a real chance that new software would operate under a standard graphic interface. When this was combined with the fact that it is almost invariably cheaper to build quantities of special-purpose hardware than to produce the same quantities of general-purpose hardware to run a special-purpose application, the stage was set for a new kid on the block. (Did Mr. Protocol really say that? He probably didn't mean it.)

Wait a minute, you may say. I've heard Mr. Protocol make glib pronouncements, but that one went by awfully quickly. Let's call him on that one. Is it really cheaper?

Mr. Protocol is probably not partic-

ularly glad you asked, but I am. About time he got caught out before the letters roll in (he will probably never be able to look an Oxford English Dictionary in the eye again, assuming it had one).

Is it really cheaper? The answer is yes, it is, if only because it is cheaper to provide a single piece of software—an X server—than a general-purpose software release of an operating system and all the utilities. Speaking in terms of the hardware, an X terminal is not that

In terms of the hardware, an X terminal is not that much simpler than a workstation.

much simpler than a workstation, except that it generally lacks the degree of expandability and connectivity that a workstation has. For instance, it is highly unlikely to have a SCSI adapter, and its maximum memory size is likely to be smaller than an "equivalent" workstation.

The real question, however, is not whether it is cheaper to produce, but whether it is the right thing to buy. *That* question, Mr. Protocol is glad you asked.

Einstein always said that he arrived at the theory of special relativity by asking a fairly simple question: "If I were moving through space at the speed of light, and I held a mirror in front of me and looked into it, would I see myself?" His answer was, "Of course!" From this, all of the results of special relativity may be derived. Rob Pike, of Bell Labs, asked a similar question: "Should this thing on my desk be a terminal or a computer?" His answer: "A terminal!" From this,

the BLIT developed.

The difference between Rob Pike and Einstein is that in Einstein's case, there was only one right answer. (Mr. Pike may disagree with this characterization.)

There are those who have come to agree with this vision, that a terminal is a terminal and computing should be done elsewhere. To be fair, the current view of the world at Bell Labs is that a terminal is indeed a terminal, but that this shouldn't prejudice matters unduly: The terminal should run the same operating system (or, at least, present the same operating-system interface) as the computer. This arrangement is known as Plan 9, and it represents a truly distributed operating system environment. The terminal and the central computer both seem to the user to run the same operating system, and the user may slide jobs back and forth, carrying the file-system name space along...no need for oddball filesystem mounting arrangements to produce transparency. Actually there are some very oddball file-system mounting arrangements indeed, but they happen automatically.

The central idea behind Plan 9 is that computing should take place on machines that are really built to compute, and that things on the desktop should look pretty and leave the hard work to other people. This was the idea behind the original BLIT terminal. While that terminal could run arbitrary jobs, its internal "OS" was unique. It could produce a fine game of "Asteroids" while you were compiling, but the game had to be written specially to run on the BLIT. Under Plan 9, jobs can run without recompilation under either the terminal or the CPU environment, but in practice only display-oriented jobs run on the terminal.

This principle of letting resources do what they do best has been successful and probably represents the next major step in true distributed operating system design. However, since it requires the cooperation of the people responsible for the central computer and the desktop unit, it may be some time before this turns into a product. Bell Labs can get away with this because they write all their own code,

from the compilers up. Mr. Protocol, in typical understated fashion, observes that few installations are willing to do this.

The question that is posed, then, is whether it would be better to keep the computing in the computer, or distribute the computing around to the various desktops. The advent of X makes it possible to finesse the question and provides a continuum of solutions. At one end of the continuum is the intellectual descendant of the BLIT: the X terminal. The typical X terminal is a special-purpose desktop workstation, which operates on a network as an X terminal server, and nothing else. It will have a node name like a host, but will accept connections only on the X reserved port.

Some fancy footwork is generally required, because the everyday X client and server software assumes when it starts up that login authentication has already been done. Further authentication may be done on the fly with each new request to open a window, to ensure that the user is legit, but even this is not necessarily provided. An X terminal, however, must allow someone to log in *before* it can proceed to open windows...yet it may not even have a fallback "dumb terminal" mode to allow logins.

In such cases the vendor must provide software that performs the functions of the login program, providing user authentication and setting up the necessary environment, while at the same time initializing and running in the X environment. After all the fancy footwork, the user is ready to go. The usual X defaults and initialization files will take care of the rest.

Obviously an X terminal is not installed on a network in the same way as a workstation. Vendor-specific software must be installed to initialize the terminal and take care of the login process. In some cases, user accounts must be specially set up so that the login script does some necessary initialization as well. Thus, just as in the case of the BLIT or the Bitgraph, special-purpose software unique to the terminal must be installed, used and maintained. What are the advantages

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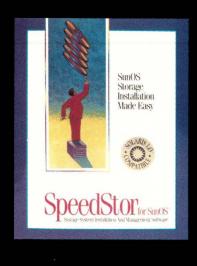


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that have made the X terminal a success, where the other special-purpose terminals failed in the marketplace?

The answer lies in the nature of the applications run on the terminal. The other special-purpose terminals required that each application using the graphics features of the terminal contain special code for the terminal. The same is true of X terminals, of course, but the difference is that the "special-purpose code" is X code, which is now very widely accepted. This is the crucial difference. Although the support and maintenance code for each X terminal is vendorspecific, X application programs will run equally well on all of them, modulo the (almost inevitable) bugs in the various X servers.

It should be noted here that while most X terminals run as stations on the local net, not all of them speak X protocol directly. Some vendors choose to run the X server on one of the user's other computers and send a proprietary protocol to the terminal. There is nothing wrong with this, since it is mostly transparent to the application (and can make for a much faster server if the computer running the server is fast), but it does mean that instead of having a unique host name for each station, the stations are regarded as separate displays on whatever machine is actually running the server or servers. A minor detail, but it can be confusing at first.

There is another point that may seem minor but can grow to be a major one. Each display or user input operation on an X terminal requires an exchange of packets on the local net between the X server and the application program. This may grow to become a substantial load on the network if very many of these terminals are in use.

In the event that the terminals are of the type that run a remote X server speaking a proprietary protocol, the user must first determine whether the network load is likely to be significant, and then determine whether the use of this particular proprietary protocol will represent more or less of a load than the standard X protocol. This assumes, of course, that the applica-

tion programs will mostly be running on the same computer as the X servers. If not, the network load for every operation would be doubled: once to exchange packets between the application and the X server, and once as the X server exchanges information with the actual terminal using the proprietary protocol. Batching of requests can cut down on this double loading, but not eliminate it.

Mr. Protocol notes that one of the more successful X terminals was never intended as such. This is the now-venerable Sun-3/50, an underpowered

Obviously an X terminal is not installed on a network in the same way as a workstation.

runt of a workstation if ever there was one. The 3/50 was designed to be a rock-bottom workstation, and there were certainly large numbers of people whose budgets were down on the bottom with the rock. Many of these found, though, that the bottom is where they stayed. Sometimes the 3/50 paged so violently that it took minutes to accomplish what an only slightly faster workstation with sufficient memory accomplished in seconds. Of course this provided a booming aftermarket in wingding memory add-ons that Sun was too chicken to provide, making the 3/50 an entrepreneur's dream product, but even so there were many workstationlike things that the 3/50 was just not going to accomplish. But people had a problem: They had already bought dozens of the fool things! Now what?

This led to a sort of 3/50 afterlife, where many of these beasts were

retired into service as X terminals. They couldn't run many simultaneous programs, but they could run one: an X server. Many, in fact, are still doing duty in this capacity today, growing gently old and out-of-date.

Continuing to maintain the hardware on these things after Sun drops support for them will doubtless bring other entrepreneurs forward and make secret stashes of 3/50 spare parts a wise investment. Who cares if the latest OS won't run on them? Not the X server, that's for sure. And they'll run an X server whose price is right, too: the MIT X server, which is free.

All right then, what about workstations? Won't they run X just as well? Hoo boy, says Mr. Protocol, will they ever. X servers just love 28-MIPS workstations to run on; they just scream along. So does the bill. The fact is that you have to want to run more than just X to justify the cost of a full workstation over an X terminal-unless, as with the 3/50, you're merely providing an honorable retirement. Whether you're likely to run processes on the desktop or in a central computer depends partly on your job mix and partly on your religion. We've already had our lesson in comparative religion, so let's look at job mix.

Consider as an example a shop that does mostly CAD/CAM sorts of things. It might run a design program that is computationally very expensive but that relatively few people are running at once. The rest of the time, they do mainly text processing and a variety of other, computationally easy tasks. In this case, it would make sense to have a powerful central machine serving an array of terminals, since the fundamental assumption of time-sharing would be met here. Most people would not be making heavy demands at any given time, allowing the power of the expensive central machine to be devoted to the few people actually doing design at any given time.

If the users are "power users," though, such as computer science researchers, then individual workstations make sense. At any one time, a large percentage of the users can be expected to make heavy computational demands.

In this case, the economies of scale start to run counter to the way they've run for the last 20 or 30 years. It is cheaper to provide a body of N high-MIPS workstations than it is to buy one gigantic central machine that is N times as powerful as the workstations.

In many environments, a mix of heavy and light users would indicate a mix of "real" workstations and X terminals, allowing a moderately powerful central machine to serve the X terminal users, while those with steadily high demands would be best served by individual workstations.

Of course, use of X terminals means a multivendor environment and all that that entails. Mr. Protocol regrets that the fact that X has become a de facto standard doesn't change the fact that the de facto standard problems accompany it.

Mike O'Brien has been noodling around the UNIX world for far too long a time. He knows he started out with UNIX Research Version 5 (not System V, he hastens to point out), but forgets the year. He thinks it was around 1975 or so.

He founded and ran the first nationwide UNIX Users Group Software Distribution Center. He worked at Rand during the glory days of the Rand editor and the MH mail system, helped build CSNET (first at Rand and later at BBN Labs Inc.) and is now at an aerospace research corporation.

Mr. Protocol refuses to divulge his qualifications and may, in fact, have none whatsoever. His email address is amp@expert.com.

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ILLUSTRATION BY KEITH GRAVES

### Make: Part II

### by PETER COLLINSON, Hillside Systems

n last month's article I talked about make, the utility used to control program compilation. I showed that make uses a set of dependencies stored in a control file called makefile or Makefile. The data in the file specifies the relationship among the various files used to create a runable program. I discussed the built-in rules that Sun's make picks up from

/usr/make/default.mk

and showed how these will help make your makefile concise. I discussed the use of variables and gave a parameterized makefile for a single program.

### Multiple Programs

I know that you are all trying to be good UNIX programmers by writing programs that do one thing well. I realize that you will need to know how to manage several programs in a suite by using make. It's obviously possible to add multiple targets into a makefile, and these targets can easily be separate programs. There are several ways of doing this; here's one:

HDRS=prog.h
OBJS1=init.o prg.o op.o
OBJS2=init2.o op.o
DEST=/usr/local/bin
CFLAGS=-O

all: prog1 prog2

@echo all done

prog1: \$(OBJS1)

\$(CC) -o prog1 \$(CFLAGS) \$(OBJS1)

prog2: \$(OBJS2)

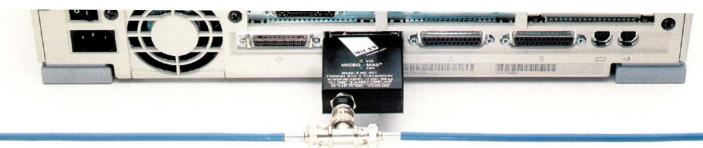
\$(CC) -o prog2 \$(CFLAGS) \$(OBJS2)

etc

This introduces a "dummy" topmost target all. When run

% make

with no explicit target, make will choose the target from the first rule it finds. The target selected here will be all. The



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makefile says that this is dependent on prog1 and prog2, so make will zoom off and check these two programs. After they have been compiled and link-edited successfully, the action associated with the first all target is executed. This prints a single message using the echo command.

It's normal for make to print every command that it executes so you can see what is happening. Sometimes this is just dumb. The at sign "@" at the beginning of the echo is not passed into the shell that runs the command; it is interpreted by make. It suppresses the usual printing action. For echo you just want to see the message and not the command that is executed. Without the @, the output looks like:

```
echo All done
All done
```

You just get the output message when the @ is in place. This is nicer.

### Using a Better Structure

It is sometimes convenient to have the source of several programs in the same directory. It's just personal preference; at one time I did this a lot. These days I tend to create a directory structure with a parent directory for the whole project. The source for each program in the suite goes into a separate directory underneath the parent.

The suite will share some routines and some header files. The parent directory has two directories that contain these. The lib directory stores the source of the library and an archive file link-edited into the final programs. The include directory contains shared header files. You can even have a doc directory to contain all the useful documentation that you will write to support the program.

We end up with a directory structure like this:

```
project:
    doc:
       doc.ms
       makefile
    include:
       proghd.h
    lib:
       a.c
       a.0
       makefile
       proglib.a
    prog1:
       init.c
       init.o
       makefile
       prg.c
       prg.o
       proq1
    prog2:
       init.c
       init.o
       makefile
```

prg2.c

As I develop each program in a suite, I work in the subdirectory to create the sources. Files in the subdirectory will reference include files by:

#include <../include/proghd.h>

and will be link-edited with the library proglib.a in ../lib. Each program in the suite has its own makefile. All these control files will be broadly similar. The template makefile for progl will be something like:

TARGET=prog1
HDRS=../include/proghd.h
OBJS=init.o prg.o
DEST=/usr/local/bin
LIB=../lib/proglib.a
CFLAGS=-O

\$(TARGET): \$(OBJS)
cc -o \$(TARGET) \$(CFLAGS) \$(OBJS) \$(LIB)

clean:

-rm -f \$(TARGET) \$(OBJS) core errs

install: \$(TARGET)
 install \$(TARGET) \$(DEST)

# dependencies
\$(OBJS): \$(HDRS)

To make prog1, you compile two source files: init.c and prg.c. In turn, these include a header file, proghd.h. In the makefile, I add two useful additional targets. Typing

% make clean

will delete the target file, all the intermediate files and all other debris. Typing

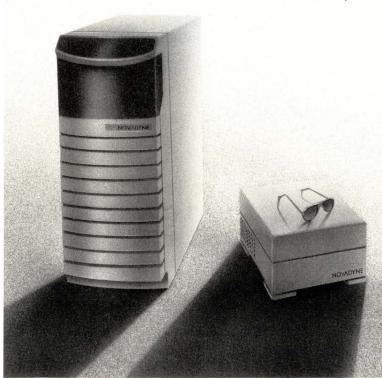
% make install

will create the target if needed and install it in a working directory.

The astute of you will probably notice that I don't pay special attention to the library sitting in ../lib. Some people may believe that it's a good idea to force the makefile for each program to check that the library is current.

It's easy to do. Simply add \$ (LIB) as a dependency and insert an action. The easiest action is to force a directory change into the library directory and run make there.

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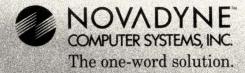


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Sun is a registered trademark of Sun Microsystems, Inc Circle No. 36 on Inquiry Card Remember that the cd and the command that it affects must be on the same command line in the makefile. This is because each line is executed in a separate shell, so a cd affects the commands on that line and that line only.

There is one further problem with this. Because the \$(LIB) line has no dependencies, its action will be run only when the archive file ../lib/proglib.a does not exist. This is probably a rare occurrence. The archive file will exist and may even be out of date. We need some way to force the action. This can be done by changing the makefile to read:

\$(LIB): FORCEIT cd ../lib; make

#### FORCEIT:

I have invented FORCEIT; it is not special. The \$ (LIB) rule now depends on a target and make will go away to evaluate it. It has a null dependency and action. On return, it will have "succeeded," and so the action associated with the \$ (LIB) target will be run.

On a Sun it's possible to improve the portability a little. The rule for creating the library can be written using some dynamic macros (you should be aware that this might not work on other systems):

\$(LIB): FORCEIT

cd \$(@D); make \$(@F)

The \$D expands to the directory part of the target name, and the \$F expands to the filename part. The win here is that the action of this section of the makefile is controlled by the single line at the top.

If I am developing programs myself, I rarely insert this kind of library-management stuff in the makefile templates. I know, or think I know, that the library is up to date. I prefer not to have the time delay involved in running another make. If I need to update or change the library, I move to the library directory, do the edits and run make there.

### Library Makefiles

The template that I use to make libraries is different:

TARGET=proglib.a

HDRS=../include/proghd.h

OBJS=op.o rout.o str.o files.o

CFLAGS=-O

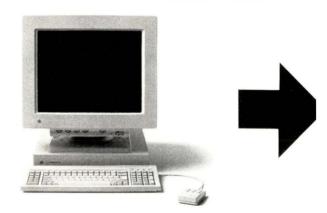
\$(TARGET): \$(OBJS)
ar r \$(TARGET) \$(OBJS)
ranlib \$(TARGET)

clean:

-rm -f \$(TARGET) \$(OBJS)

install: \$(TARGET)
# dependencies
\$(OBJS): \$(HDRS)





I want to make proglib.a, an ar file containing the separate modules that may (or may not) be link-edited into each individual program. I let the default rules take care of making all the .o files that I need and then collect them all together in an ar library.

In a makefile for a library, you sometimes see lines like:

```
.c.o:
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c $<
    1d -r -x $@
    mv a.out $@</pre>
```

This redefines the action that make takes when it needs to make a .c file into a .o file. It uses two built-in macros. The sequence \$< is replaced by the name of the dependency file. If we are making str.o from str.c, then the dependency file is str.c and this is fed into the C compiler. The sequence \$@ is replaced by the name of the current target. For str.c, the target will be str.o.

Normally, just the C compiler is called to generate a .o file. Here, we want to do something a little special because we are making an ar file library. For the library, the program is compiled using cc to make a normal .o file. The 1d command is invoked with the -r flag to preserve the relocation information that is needed to link this module with many others. The -x flag removes any non-external names from the symbol table that is added for linking purposes at the end of the object file. Finally, the output from 1d is moved back to the original .o file name.

The thought here is to speed up the final compilation of any program linking to the library. Each .o file is partially "stripped;" its symbol table contains only external names. The loader should run faster because it will not need to wade through reams of symbol table data containing symbols that are local to each object file.

These days it's not clear that this is actually a huge win, but you still see it done from time to time. It does demonstrate how easy it is to alter the standard make rules to fit your project or implementation.

### Top Level

Finally, when you have finished all the work of development you may want to create a makefile at the top-level project directory. It's nice to have this to take the drudgery out of the action of making all the programs and installing them. The sledgehammer approach is:

```
DIRS=prog1 prog2

all:
    cd lib;make
    for d in $(DIRS); \
    do (cd $$d;make) done

clean:
    for d in $(DIRS) lib; \
    do (cd $$d;make clean) done
```







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```
install:
   for d in $(DIRS) ; \
   do (cd $$d;make install) done
```

Note the use of \$\$d to get the \$d into the subshell and the backslash at the end of the line showing that make should treat two lines like a single line. You can use the backslash everywhere in a makefile; you often see it used when variables are being set from long lists of names. Anyway, to install a cleanly compiled copy, you change into the top-level project directory and say:

```
make clean make install
```

The neater approach is adapted from Sun's documentation and may also only work using Sun's version of make. The makefile becomes:

```
TARGETS="" clean install
DIRS=lib prog1 prog2

$(TARGETS):
    make $(DIRS) TARGET=$@

$(DIRS): FRC
    cd $@; make $(TARGET)

FORCEIT:
```

### When you type:

% make clean

using this makefile, the clean appears in the variable TARGETS as something that make should try to create. Since clean doesn't exist as a file, make executes the first command:

make \$(DIRS) TARGET=\$@

It is executed with \$(DIRS) being expanded and the \$@ macro being replaced by the target clean.

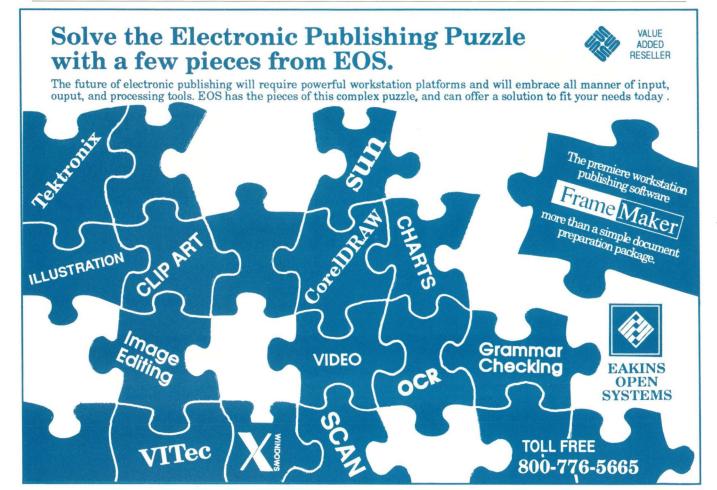
make lib prog1 prog2 TARGET=clean

This runs make in the same directory so the same makefile is in use. The first target that this invocation of make must create is lib. The string lib appears in the DIRS variable so this matches the second rule. We need to use the FORCEIT trick to ensure that the command associated with the second rule is always executed. The command run now is

cd \$@; make \$(TARGET)

\$0 is replaced by the target lib, and \$ (TARGET) is replaced by its value, clean. The command becomes:

cd lib; make clean



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A third invocation of make is run in the first subdirectory, lib. This time it will use the local makefile to clean up the directory. This is the library template (see above).

When this is finished, make III will terminate since it has done its job. The second invocation has another target to make, prog1. The new directory is entered and a new make started.

There are some problems. We must make sure that every makefile in a subdirectory has a target that corresponds to a possible target that can be run from the top level. If you look back at the library template, you will see that I left a stub for install. You may have thought this odd at the time, but there is method in the madness.

Also, what happens if we just say

% make

at the top level? This takes its target from the first entry in the makefile, the \$(TARGETS) variable. If you look back, you will see that the first object in the \$(TARGETS) variable is a null string """." This command executed will be:

make lib prog1 prog2 TARGET=""

This is executed by the Bourne shell, and the double quotes will be eaten on the way through. When make is run, the argument list will be:

make lib prog1 prog2 TARGET=

The command to move into the subdirectory will be cd lib; make

This is what we want; we need to call make with no argument. All's well that ends well.

### Finding Out More

There is quite a bit of written material about make. Sun's effort is located in the *Programming Utilities and Libraries* document; you will find this in the Sun Administrator's set (for some reason). It's Chapter 5 and is called the "make User's Guide." It's OK, perhaps a little compressed in places, but OK. You can consult the manual page for your system. Bear in mind that this is a reference document and is not intended to teach you how to use make.

If you have access to the Berkeley manual set, you can find a copy of Stu Feldman's original paper extolling the virtues and usage of make. You will find that many of the standard textbooks include sections on make. I like the various sections in *The UNIX Programmers Environment* by Kernighan and Pike.

Peter Collinson runs his own UNIX consultancy, dedicated to earning enough money to allow him to pursue his own interests; doing whatever, whenever, where ever. ... He writes, teaches, consults and programs using SunOS running on a SPARCstation 1+. He is the Usenix Standards Liaison. Email: pc@expert.com.

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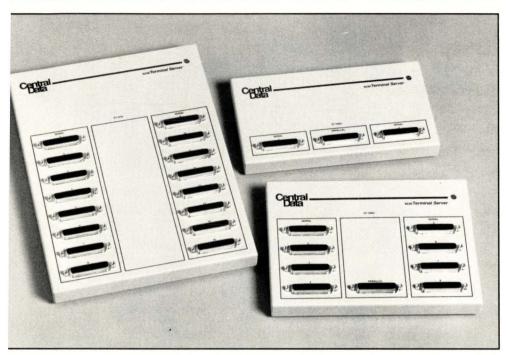
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#### Free Software Distributions

by RICHARD MORIN, Technical Editor

omputer users are well acquainted with proprietary software. They have come to expect tidy users' manuals, glossy and expensive packaging and a toll-free support line. Sometimes they even get these amenities.

Many users are also familiar with nonproprietary software, including freeware and shareware. This may be packaged nicely, casually or not at all. A great deal of freeware and shareware is, in fact, distributed over electronic bulletin boards.

Freeware and shareware are redistributable, allowing users to pass copies on to others. Shareware authors request reimbursement, however, and may leave capabilities out of the "free" version. In addition, shareware (and most PC freeware) authors distribute only binary files, retaining control of the original source code. The general lack of programming tools and skills in the PC

community may also help to explain the prevalence of binary distributions.

Redistributable UNIX packages, in contrast, are nearly always available in source form. UNIX users are able to check for security holes, fix bugs, add features or adapt the code to new purposes. Gigabytes of this code are produced, disseminated over worldwide data highways and installed at receiving sites.

As the code is used, it is enhanced; bugs are detected and fixed; features are added; and documentation may be developed or improved. Developers from several cities or even several countries may participate in the creation or maintenance of a freeware package.

#### **UNIX Freeware Distribution**

Most UNIX freeware is distributed "over the net," but many UNIX users do not have network access. For any number of reasons (cost, hassle, securi-

ty), most UNIX systems are not tied into the Internet. Many, as well, do not receive the Usenet bulletin board. Some are not even connected to the UUCPNET and are totally isolated from the UNIX world's electronic mail channels.

In addition, it is not always easy to find desired packages. Several hundred sites maintain accessible archives, and the known archives total nearly 100 GB. Which package do I want? Which archives have the latest version?

Word of mouth (or screen) has been the traditional solution, but it often results in the distribution of superseded versions. Mechanized indexes are being developed, but it will take time for them to cover even the major freeware packages. With the explosive growth of freeware, and the informal approach taken by most of its authors, indexing will never be a complete solution.

Once located, a package may not be

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I KNOW IT WORKS, I SAW IT AT INTEROP

Both commercial and free CD-ROM distributions are hitting the streets, and Sun users are in a perfect position to use them.

worth the trouble of installing.
Although standards are improving, most freeware is pretty informal stuff.
Documentation may be spotty, regression testing is unknown and no support is offered. Consequently, many of the programs in circulation are not "ready for prime time."

Others may be so constrained by legalistic restrictions that a user may not feel safe in letting the programs near a system, lest a lawsuit ensue. My respect for the Free Software Foundation's General Public License has been greatly increased by my perusal of some of these "licenses."

Nonetheless, there are a great number of documented, tested, useful and usable freeware packages around. Their authors may not answer telephone calls, but they will often accept emailed bug reports and may even offer a suggestion or fix.

#### Freeware Collections

Once released, packages become available for distribution. Barring restrictive license requirements, archivists can pick them up, organize them as desired and sell the resulting collection(s). Vendor-specific user groups have been doing this for years, both to make money and to serve their user communities.

Some collections are optimized toward specific architecture and/or OS variants. By concentrating on a small subset of the total freeware arena, they can include very specialized sets of code. In addition, machine-specific collections can include executable

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binaries, both as aids for using the collection and as plug-and-play supplements to the source code.

Other distributions abandon optimization in favor of generality. Users are only expected to have the usual sorts of UNIX utilities—awk, cc, grep, sh, tar, etc. Reasonable vendors supply these, and freeware versions are available to fill in most gaps.

By avoiding dependence on particular architectures or OS releases, collections can be usable on a wide range of machines. If the distribution media are well-chosen, almost any UNIX system should be able to take advantage of them.

#### Media Choice

It is not easy to know which media to use. Most workstations can read QIC-24 cartridges; most mainframes cannot. Higher-density cartridges (QIC-150, etc.) are even more problematic. Vendors use a variety of formats—no single density dominates. Reel-to-reel tapes are common on mainframes but seldom seen on workstations.

Going to higher densities, the problems are similar. Exabyte (8mm) cartridges are reasonably common at UNIX sites, but hardware and software incompatibilities can keep machines from reading each other's tapes.

CD-ROM works very well, if your system supports it. Unfortunately, all too many UNIX systems still do not. Or maybe they don't support ISO-9660 (the industry standard format). Most vendors have CD-ROM support in the pipeline, so this problem is temporary. Besides, the typical UNIX user can find a Sun if needed, so the problem is more of a nuisance than a catastrophe.

Just be aware that Sun's early and forceful adoption of CD-ROM was and is a big win. Both commercial and free CD-ROM distributions are hitting the streets, and Sun users are in a perfect position to use them. (Repeat after me: Thank you, Scott! You got this one right.)

#### **Young Minds**

If you are able to use a CD-ROM on your UNIX system, you may also want

to thank Young Minds. These folks were pushing CD-ROM before Sun knew what it was and have continued to promote CD-ROM innovation, standardization and usage.

In particular, they played a major role in the definition of the Rock Ridge Interface Protocol (RRIP). This standard promises to allow UNIX systems to enjoy full UNIX file-naming syntax and semantics. (The current standard, ISO-9660, is limited to a subset of MS-DOS names.) Look for

#### SOURCES SOURCES

**Cygnus Support** 

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#### Free Software Foundation Inc.

675 Massachusetts Ave. Cambridge, MA 02139 USA (617) 876-3296 gnu@prep.ai.mit.edu

#### **PDQ Software**

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rab@sprite.berkeley.edu

#### Prime Time Freeware

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#### Sterling Software

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#### Sun User Group Inc.

1330 Beacon St., #315 Brookline, MA 02146 (617) 232-0514

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#### **UUNET Technologies Inc.**

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RRIP in SunOS 4.1.2 and 5.0.

They have also been active in freeware publication, putting out several disks to date. Their current offerings include the GRASS 4.0 and X11R5/ GNU disks. Both disks contain full indexes for the source code and have the Young Minds' Viewtool retrieval software.

The GRASS 4.0 disk (\$25) contains a public-domain geographical information system. Along with the source code, it contains binaries for the Data General Aviion, DEC MIPS/Ultrix, IBM RS/6000 and Sun SPARC machines.

The X11R5/GNU disk (\$50) holds 340 MB of freeware source code. It includes the full core and contributed sources for X11R5 and the complete GNU Project materials from the Free Software Foundation. By using either Young Minds' symbolic-link mapping scheme or an RRIP driver, users should be able to build these tools directly from the disk.

#### PDQ Software

You don't need a large organization to put out a CD-ROM. PDQ Software is a one-man outfit, but it has put out a very respectable disk. For \$40, PDQ ships you:

- All the GNU source code;
- All the X11R5 sources, including all contributed software:
- All the comp.sources.x archives;
- · SPARC binaries and libraries for the GNU programs, and for the X11R5 server and clients.

PDQ hasn't marketed the disk in any substantial way. In spite of this, they are selling a fair number of copies. Could rock-bottom prices and a sense of user needs have anything to do with PDQ's success? Nah... By the way, keep track of PDQ; they have several more disks on the way.

#### Sterling Software

Sterling has two offerings: Usenet on CD-ROM and a NetGems CD-ROM. The first comes as an annual subscription-for \$350 a year they will send you monthly snapshots of the Usenet

newsfeed. Future historians will bless Sterling for this collection-current UNIXoids may find it useful in a number of ways. Remember, however, that the disks will be just as noisy and tempestuous as the Usenet itself.

Sterling also publishes an annual NetGems CD-ROM (\$50, included in the Usenet subscription). This includes the GNU software, X11R5, the assembled Internet Requests for Comment (RFCs) and just about every Usenet source newsgroup in existence. Sounds like a pretty nifty disk.

#### Sun User Group

The 1991 SUGCD (\$250 for members, \$290 for nonmembers) contains a wide range of Sun-specific programs in both source and (SPARC) binary form. It also contains collections of Sun patches, Sun-related Usenet groups, etc. It also has full-text indexing and the Young Minds' Viewtool. Only SPARC systems can use the tool, however.

The 1992-1 SUGCD disk (\$50 for members, \$90 for nonmembers) is the PDQ disk described above, bundled with a Sony disk caddy. When evaluating these products, remember SUG "profits" go into user services, keeping dues down, etc. Buying a SUGCD can be a useful way of augmenting your firm's contribution to SUG.

Other user groups (DECUS, Interex, etc.) also have freeware distributions, and they will be more than glad to hear from you. Just contact your vendor's sales office and ask about their user group.

#### Prime Time Freeware

Having told you about all the competition, I guess I can mention my own CD-ROM offering. Prime Time Freeware (\$60) is intended as a semiannual distribution of UNIX-related freeware. Volume 1, Number 1 (January 1992) contains over 600 MB of compressed source code archives. This translates to more than 1,500 MB of actual source code. The distribution also includes a 50-plus-page introductory and explanatory booklet.

The PTF disk contains documentation files for each included package, to give the user some idea of what the

package is about. Emphasizing bandwidth and portability over optimization, it includes very few binaries and little machine-specific code. Consequently, it should be usable by most UNIX users.

As a way of supporting freeware producers, PTF is collecting two kinds of contributions. Buvers can make a taxdeductible contribution to the GNU Project. PTF will send these funds directly to the Free Software Foundation. You would have sent a check, anyway, but this makes it easier. Alternatively, buyers can contribute to the PTF Software Slush Fund. The SSF is not tax-deductible, but it doesn't stay with PTF. Instead, it is used for buying licenses, joining consortia and sending checks to deserving authors and organizations. In short, it is used to reward the folks who generate freeware.

#### Free Software Foundation

The Free Software Foundation (FSF) has several distributions for sale. The Emacs tape is loosely focused on Emacs-related programs. The Languages tape contains a wealth of language processors, programming tools, file utilities, etc. The Utilities tape contains source code for smaller GNU utilities and applications.

The X11-Required tape contains X11R5 core software, documentation and contributed client software. The X11-Optional tape contains optional contributed software, including libraries, games, Andrew and other toolkits. Finally, the "Experimental" tape contains an experimental release of source code for the GNU C compiler Version 2, the GNU C library and the GNU Debugger Version 4.

FSF only puts out tapes, but they offer a variety of media and formats. Prices range from \$195 to \$230, depending on the media choice. These prices may seem high compared with those of the CD-ROMs described above. Remember, however, that any extra funds go back into generating more freeware.

FSF sells printed manuals for a number of GNU packages. These include the Bison, Gawk, GDB, GNU Emacs, GNU Emacs Lisp Reference, GNU

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#### Cygnus

Cygnus Support is principally a service organization, providing contract support for GNU code. They are good, but they aren't cheap: "Leveraged" support starts at \$100,000 per year, and "Core" support starts at \$35,000 per year. Yes, they do have a substantial and growing number of customers.

They also offer a distribution of "Vintage" GNU software. This may be the ticket if you need a working set of GNU tools and don't want to be on your own while installing it. The distribution comes with a month of installation support, which should be plenty to get you up and running. After that, you can decide if a support contract makes sense.

#### **UUNET**

The UUNET Archive tape (varies, \$150 for 8mm) is a snapshot of the famed UUNET archives. It contains over a gigabyte of (mostly compressed) files, organized into a rough topical hierarchy. If you know what you are looking for, you will probably be able to find it on this tape. Don't expect any concessions to user-friendliness, however. This tape is for folks who know what they want, what it's called, etc.

Richard Morin may be reached at Canta Forda Computer Laboratory, P.O. Box 1488, Pacifica, CA 94044. His electronic address is cfcl!rdm@apple.com, or he can be reached at rdm@expert.com.

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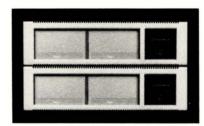
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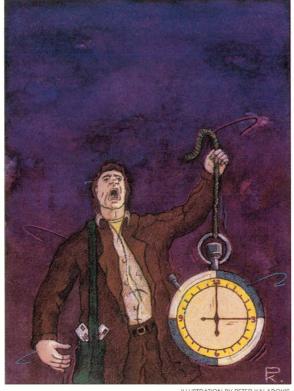


ILLUSTRATION BY PETER KALABOKIS

#### by S. LEE HENRY

#### **Exploiting Cron**

he cron utility for scheduling routine tasks is very much underused at many sites. Properly deployed, cron enables you to put a lot of administrative processing on autopilot. In this month's column, I suggest a lot of uses for cron and detail a reboot script that you might modify and use from root's crontab file to do those occasional reboots you've always known were a good idea. I also explain how you can invoke changes to your crontab files without having to edit the file manually on each of your systems. The crontab files stored in /var/spool/cron/crontabs are named after each user with a cron process table. The format of the crontab files is straightforward as long as you can remember which column is which-this is not in the man pages for cron or crontab. You also have to remember to use full paths for processes. cron does not acquire the same environment as the logged-on user. Also, you must specify explicitly which shell you are using or cron uses the Bourne shell. As an experiment, run printenv to display the environment from root's crontab file by inserting the following into /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root:

/usr/ucb/printenv > /dev/console

This command will execute at 9:15 in the morning. Adjust it to be a few minutes from now and watch your console window.

cron, by the way, is very social and sends you mail when it can't do what you ask or when it doesn't know where to send your output. If you entered simply

15 9 \* \* \* /usr/ucb/printenv

for the line above, you'd get mail like this:

Your "cron" job /usr/ucb/printenv produced the following output: HOME=/ LOGNAME=root PATH=:/usr/ucb:/bin:/usr/bin SHELL=/bin/sh USER=root

#### Regularly Scheduled Tasks

There are many administrative tasks that you could benefit from running regularly within eron to help monitor the health of your network. You should consider setting up daily, weekly and monthly scripts for automating those tasks that you want run at these intervals. For example, on a daily schedule, you might want to remove junk files that are more than a few days old from /tmp or transfer directories, prepare reports on disk usage and quotas, massage and process log files, locate broken links, or detect and report that important system files have changed. On a weekly schedule, you might want to rotate log files, run fsck, make a report on printer usage. On a monthly basis, you might want to prepare monthly accounting files.

If you set up these periodic scripts, you can call them from your crontab file and run them overnight very easily. The lines in your crontab file would look something like what is shown below:

```
# killbyname
kill `ps ax | grep $1 | sed 's/^ *//' | sed 's/ .*//'` > /dev/null
2>&1
```

#### Killbyname (first line is blank)

```
0 3 * * * /bin/sh /usr/adm/daily 2>&1 | mail root
0 2 * * 1 /bin/sh /usr/adm/weekly 2>&1 | mail root
0 1 1 * * /bin/sh /usr/adm/monthly 2>&1 | mail root
```

Editing a crontab file is properly done through the crontab -e <userid> command. This is because cron needs to be clued in to the fact that the file has changed. The crontab -e command is a convenience that lets you make the change and invoke it in one operation, but it still must be run on each system, and some of us have hundreds or even thousands of systems to administer. We therefore will accomplish the same thing by appending a line to the bottom of the file, and killing and restarting cron.

Our script to add a line to cron first checks if the line is already there and adds the line if it is not. It kills cron via a

#### Format of a crontab entry

"killbyname" script so that we don't need to be concerned with cron's process ID. Killbyname is a generally useful script to have around, but you need to be careful when you specify what you want to kill since it uses grep to match the process name. If you were trying to kill a lockscreen and simply said killbyname lock, you'd kill rpc.lockd and any clocks you might have sitting on your desktop as well.

#### The Reboot Script

Our reboot script, soft\_reboot, first shuts down any processes that require a special shutdown procedure. In the sample, we are shutting down the SunLink communications

process that emulates an IBM 3274 cluster controller on an SNA connection. We might also shut down license managers, database systems and many other applications.

In the sample session shown below, we will add the reboot script to root's crontab file for every host on our NIS domain. We are explicitly asking each system to reboot at 4 a.m. on the 1st and 15th of each month.

#### Crontab Update Script

If you want to build a user-friendly script for making this change across to a single workstation (you might want to

#### Crontab update script

```
wizard# foreach host (`ypcat hosts | awk '{print $2}'`)
? echo $host
? set OK = `ping $host | tr '\040' '\056'`
? if ($OK = = '$host.is.alive') then
? set exists = `rsh wizard cat /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root | grep soft_reboot | wc -1`
? if ($exists = = 0) then
? rcp /usr/local/bin/soft_reboot $host":"/usr/local/bin/soft_reboot
? rsh $host "echo '0 4 * * 1,15 /usr/local/bin/soft_reboot 2>&1' >> /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root
? rsh $host /usr/local/bin/killbyname cron
? rsh $host /usr/etc/cron
? endif
? endif
? end
```

include this as part of a setup or installation script), you might try a variation on the script shown below.

It will take a while to ping each of the workstations, but we won't try to run the remote shells on a host that is down or disconnected. You might want to add an else clause to the ping logic and make a list of those systems you were not able to add the reboot command to. Don't be concerned about the messages that cron's death sends to your console.

#### Security and Cron

There are two security issues that you need to consider when using cron. For one, you need to be sure that crontab files are not writable except by the owner, especially in the case of root. Root's crontab file on a Sun system is set to 400 (-r-----) by default. The other issue is whether or not you want to restrict usage of cron to a specific set of users; if this is the case, you will use the cron.allow and cron.deny files in /var/spool/cron. By default, the

cron.deny file exists but is empty. The cron.allow file does not exist. This provides unlimited access to cron. If you create a cron.allow list, then only users specifically mentioned in that file will be able to use cron. cron can do a lot of work for you if you take the time to set it up. On a large network, the work of setting it up on a large number of hosts can be minimized. Take advantage of it.

#### Acknowledgments and References

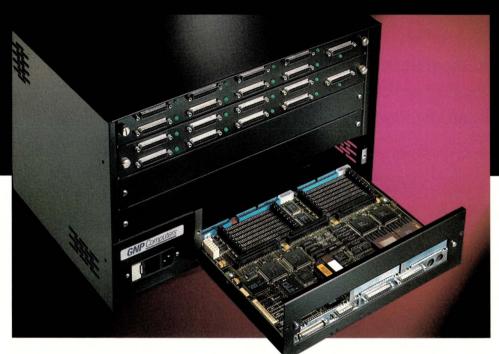
Thanks to Susan Lamb for her thoughts on gentle reboots. Frisch, Æleen, Essential System Administration, O'Reilly & Associates, 1991.

S. Lee Henry is a system administrator for a large network of Suns in the federal government and is also president of The Next Page Inc., a consulting firm specializing in systems documentation. Her email address is slee@expert.com.

#### Script for installing soft\_reboot

```
#! /bin/csh
# This script sets up rebooting at a specified time on the 1st and 15th of each month
if (-f soft reboot) then
      mv soft_reboot /usr/local/bin/soft_reboot
      chmod 744 /usr/local/bin/soft_reboot
endif
if (-f killbyname) then
      echo "Installing killbyname in /usr/local/bin"
      mv killbyname /usr/local/bin/killbyname
      chmod 755 /usr/local/bin/killbyname
endif
echo -n "Hour for reboot? (0-23)> "
set hour = $<
echo -n "Will reboot 1st and 15th of each month at "
if ($hour = = 0) then echo midnight
else
if (\$hour = = 12) then
      echo 12 noon
else
      if ($hour >= 12) then
             set hr='expr $hour - 12'
             echo $hr PM
      else
             echo $hour AM
      endif
endif
echo -n "If this is OK, hit return (^C to abort) "
set answer = $<
set exists = `grep soft_reboot /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root | wc -l`
if (\$exists = = 0) then
      echo "0 $hour 1,15 * * /usr/local/bin/soft_reboot & 2>&1" >> \
      /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root
else
      echo "Changing old soft_reboot entry"
      set oldtime = `grep soft_reboot /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root | awk '{print $2}'`
      sed "/soft_reboot/s/$oldtime/$hour/" < /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root > \ /tmp/cron.tmp
      mv /tmp/cron.tmp /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root
endif
/usr/local/bin/killbyname cron
if (-f /var/spool/cron/FIFO) then
      rm /var/spool/cron/FIFO
endif
/usr/etc/cron
```

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#### **SPARCalikes**

For a while last year, it looked like Scott was going to get his wish. The market for SPARC-based workstations—or SPARCalikes, as we tend to call them around here—had started out with a bang. But the aftershocks of an ongoing recession, coupled with a crackdown by Sun Microsystems Inc. to prevent its resellers from carrying "clones" (see "Sun Lays Down the Law"), wiped out more than a few of the up-and-coming SPARCalikes.

After the dust settled, a few companies merged. Others restructured. Some opted to quit the business entirely. But even more upstarts rose to take their

"My dream is that thousands of SPARC clone companies will go out of business. Out of 10 failures, there's bound to be one success."

-Scott McNealy, president and CEO, Sun Microsystems Inc.

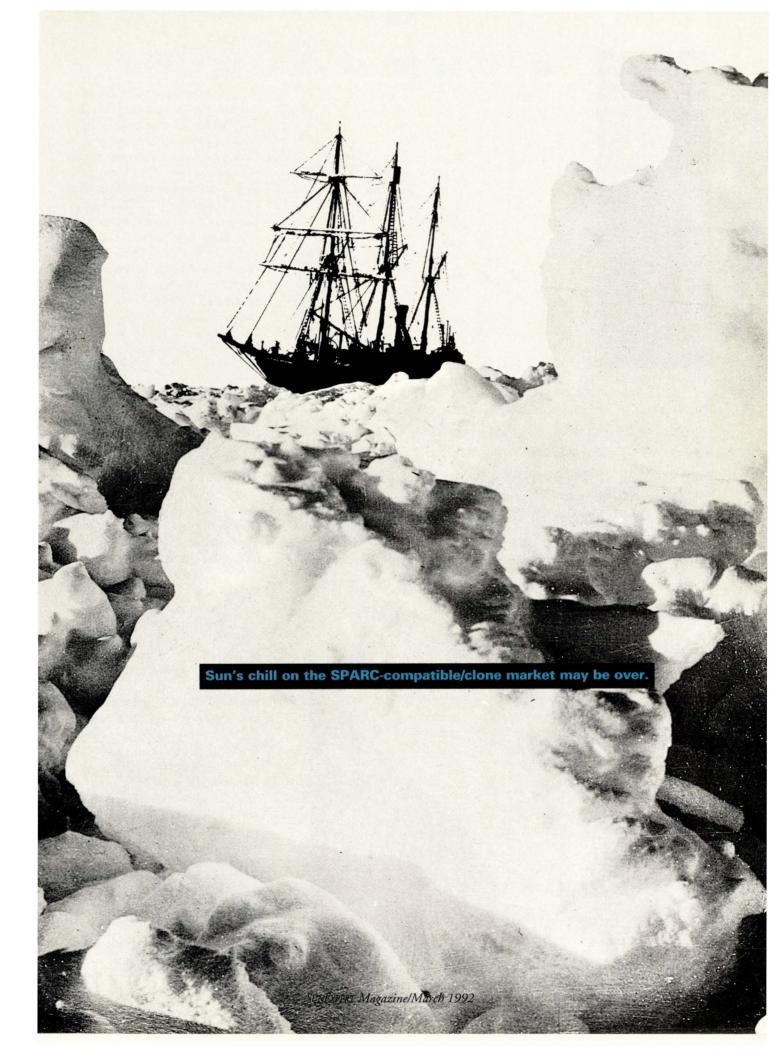


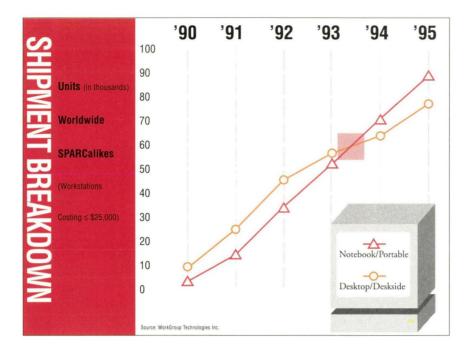
by Mary Jo Foley, Senior Editor

places. As a result, the 1992 SPARCalike market features a number of companies you have probably never heard of. There are, however, a few battle-scarred stalwarts, a year wiser and a lot leaner and meaner. (See "A Sampling of SPARCalikes" for more on SPARCalike vendors and their products.)

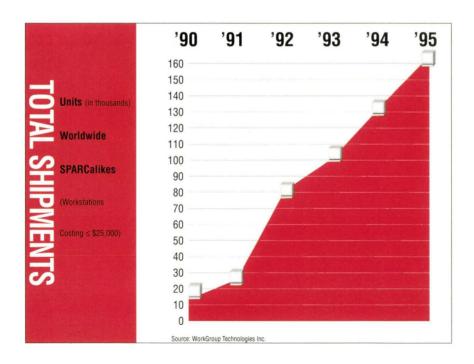
Despite the turmoil, at

least a few SPARCalike companies managed to move product last year, according to Hampton, NH-based market-research firm WorkGroup Technologies Inc. WorkGroup says that vendors sold 25,960 fully configured desktop and deskside SPARC-based workstations costing \$25,000 and less in 1991. And SPARC-based notebook and portable system vendors sold 15,880 fully configured machines last year, WorkGroup claims. A large percentage of sales in both cases occurred in Japan and the rest of the Far East, says WorkGroup vice president John Dunkle.





The number of portable/notebook SPARCalikes shipped by vendors will surpass the number of desktop/deskside SPARCalikes (\$25,000 or less) shipped in 1993, according to WorkGroup Technologies Inc. The Hampton, NH, market-research firm tracks worldwide shipment data for fully configured machines (i.e., systems fully loaded with extra memory, disk and system software). Based on this criterion, most desktop/deskside SPARCalikes fall into the \$15,000-plus price category (as opposed to the \$10,000-and-under one, the range for entry-level/base configurations). Portable/notebook SPARCalikes, even when fully configured, tend to be in the \$15,000-and-under range.



In fact, for WorkGroup's numbers to add up, nearly all of the sales to date must have come from Far Eastern vendors, such as Toshiba and Fujitsu Ltd. Among U.S. vendors, SPARCalike sales were anything but rosy. CompuAdd Corp. is thought to have sold about 4,000 of its SS systems last year. Opus Systems says it sold 1,500 of its Model 5000s. RDI Computer Corp. is claiming a total installed base of 2,500 to 3,000 BriteLites as of the end of 1991. Other SPARCalike companies now concede that their initial projections of selling 10,000 or more systems in 1991 were "a bit" on the optimistic side.

#### What Went Wrong?

Going into 1991, "[SPARC] compatibles were between one and three generations behind Sun [systems]," admits Majid Eskandari, workstation product manager for Tatung Science & Technology Inc. (TSTI), the U.S. arm of Tatung Co. To aid companies like TSTI in speeding product to market (among other less altruistic reasons), Sun spun off separate divisions, such as SunSoft and SunTech, a move most of the clone and compatible vendors welcomed.

But right on the heels of the reorganization, Sun pulled the rug out from under its protégés by announcing its "SPARC clone exclusivity policy." Sun forbade its resellers to carry SPARC clones, which in Sun's definition are any products that fall between laptops/notebooks and mainframes and which compete directly with Sun's existing products—in other words, all of the existing desktop SPARCalikes.

"The reseller strategy decision by Sun prolonged the acceptance process," Eskandari acknowledges. Fortunately, he says, "TSTI never relied on Sun resellers." At press time, TSTI counted 30 resellers in its fold, with another 20 pending.

"We performed slower than our expectations," concurs David Hu, senior vice president of sales and marketing for Solarix. "We only sold a few hundred systems in 1991, due to the slow economy, plus Sun's abrasive

[reseller] policy." Sun's exclusivity rule led Solarix to shift its marketing and distribution strategy from its original direct-sales focus to a complete reliance on OEMs, and to a lesser extent, systems integrators and VARs.

As if these goings-on weren't enough for the SPARCalike vendors, Sun threw them one more not too surprising curve ball: In July it slashed the prices of its SPARCstation SLC, IPC and 1+ in order to make way for the ELC, IPX and 2. Although Sun's new prices were still considerably higher than those of the SPARC clone and compatible vendors, the price cuts put additional pressure on already shrinking SPARCalike margins.

Many SPARCalike vendors had been anticipating price slashing from Sun. "We had done some research on the 1+ market but didn't invest much money there," says Martin Fenner, CEO of Marner International Inc., a SPARCalike vendor with a Swiss parent, Fenner Elektronik AG. "We sold tens of our 1+ [compatible] machines last year, mostly in Europe," Fenner continues. "But there wasn't much of

a market for them once Sun dropped the price." Marner has instead concentrated more of its efforts on selling its SPARCstation 2-compatible, the S-2.

"There's a price war under way," agrees Charles Leadford, manager of CompuAdd's advanced systems group. "Sun continues to attract the top tier of resellers," he says. At the low end, "there's heavy discounting from the offshore vendors." And at the same time, there's increasing competition from Digital Equipment Corp., Hewlett-Packard Co. and IBM Corp. "It's an all-out war," Leadford concludes, "not a dinner dance by any means."

#### Who Bit the Dust?

For a number of vendors, these upsets proved to be too much. For example, AFE Computers Ltd., the first European vendor to dabble in the SPARC-compatible waters, basically dropped most of its Sun-compatible work in September 1991. However, the company is continuing to develop an industrialized SPARC-based machine and plug-in graphics accelera-

SUN

tors, graphics boards and motherboards for Sun OEMs (see "Miles and Miles and Miles," SunExpert, February, Page 67).

Another casualty is Fusion Microsystems Inc., the Los Altos, CA, vendor that unveiled its Fusion 1 at UniForum in January 1991. The Fusion system was a takeoff on the TriGem Corp. 20-MHz SPARCalike. According to the company's founders, Gregory Leonard and Susan Mason, Fusion became an experiment, or a test case, designed to demonstrate that it was feasible to build SPARC clones. Once this was established—and apparently before any sales were achievedthe company was disbanded.

The Mexican SPARCalike vendor Intelecsis S.V. is out of the market too. The company introduced a prototype of its 20-MHz clone, the Numen RISC S-20 at Comdex in 1990. It planned to ship product during the first quarter of 1991. It's unclear whether Intelecsis ever sold any systems.

Mars Microsystems Inc., the Mars, PA, vendor that pioneered the concept

More often than not, the SPARCalike market's sluggishness in 1991 is attributed by many of the SPARCalike vendors to Sun Microsystems Inc.'s SPARC clone exclusivity policy. According to this policy, the 1,000 or so Sun VAR and national value-added dealer (NVAD) outlets are not to carry SPARC clones under the threat of losing their Sun VAR designation.

This policy was criticized severely by SPARCalike vendors, the trade press and many users when Sun first made it public in mid-1991. Since that time, companies have regrouped and refocused. A few resellers have seemingly found ways to skirt Sun's ordinance. And Sun has voiced multiple justifications for its actions.

"We don't believe we don't have open channels," says Chuck Berger, vice president of U.S. marketing for Sun. "There are huge numbers of VARs and dealers out there. We're only using a few of them."

Sun points out that it must make a substantial investment in a reseller in order to bring it up to

speed. "We take a lot of time to teach them UNIX, client/server computing and, many times, one or more vertical applications. A clone maker could just come in and use the infrastructure we've put in place." Sun LAYS DOWN does not require its resellers to drop their Digital Equipment Corp., Hewlett-THE LAW Packard Co., IBM Corp. or other workstation lines, however. Berger explains: "All of these vendors use proprietary boards, buses and different proprietary operating systems. This means each of them has to make the same initial

> Sun hasn't yet decided how it will proceed with resellers that carry the Solaris-on-Intel systems, once they become available. "But we can't imagine our existing VARs who carry PCs won't be allowed to continue to do so," Berger savs.

investment [in the resellers] as we did."

Sun's policy is in place for one overriding reason, according to Berger: "If all of us [SPARC-system vendors] were concentrated on the same resellers, we wouldn't be expanding the market."

of combining the AT bus and the SPARC processor, still exists as an independent vendor and development partner of Tatung. But Mars is no longer in charge of selling the Mariner 4i; TSTI is now doing all of the Mariner marketing and support. Both Mars and TSTI attribute the shift in responsibilities to dissatisfaction on both sides with sales of the Mariner. Reportedly, Mars will continue to do some sort of SPARC development work, although in what capacity and with or without Tatung's backing remains to be seen.

A similar arrangement has evolved—or, one could say, dissolved—between TriGem Corp. and RDI. The two companies jointly developed a laptop SPARCalike. For a few months, starting in early 1991, they were selling very similar implementations, each with its own name (BriteLite from RDI and SLT-100 from TriGem). Shortly thereafter, RDI began selling a modified version of the BriteLite, incorporating Sun's IPC board, while TriGem continued selling the original LSI Logic Corp.-based product.

"They [TriGem] struggled like all of the other clone makers last year," explains Rick Schrameck, RDI's CEO. "So we took the SLT and brought it under the BriteLite name." RDI has begun touting the SLT, rechristened as the BriteLite LC, as "the lowest cost workstation in the world" and is targeting the machine at the education market. During the first quarter of this year, RDI was expecting to sell the system through Sun's educational discounting program for approximately \$4,000. (As you can see from the buyers guide that follows, even with the discount the product is far from the lowest priced SPARC workstation.)

#### Alive and Kicking

Not every SPARCalike vendor has thrown in the towel. CompuAdd, Opus Systems, TSTI, RDI, Solbourne Computer Systems Inc. and a select group of other diehards are still kicking. CompuAdd, Opus and TSTI are all shipping 40-MHz, SPARCstation 2 clones/compatibles in addition to their 20-MHz and/or 25-MHz SPARCalikes.

Opus has moved into the "second phase" of its SPARC strategy, says product manager Marcia Kennedy, by focusing the bulk of its efforts on distributing its SPARCard. The SPARCard is an AT add-in board that allows PC users to run SPARC applications at SPARCstation-1+ speeds and performance levels, according to the company. The turnkey SPARCard

'We don't
have a clear
understanding
of where SMCC
does and doesn't
want us to be.'

kit includes the SPARC-based board, 8-MB DRAM, color frame buffer, on-board Ethernet, DOS interface software and Opus' port of SunOS 4.1.1, and lists for \$4,495. Kennedy says Opus had shipped 500 of these cards as of January.

RDI continues to lead the SPARCalike pack in terms of sheer numbers of different products introduced. (The company has a way to go before it can claim to be shipping all of the different systems it has introduced, however.) In addition to several different BriteLite configurations, the company has shown a desktop system (RDI Solution); a "convertible" (RDI Profile-a version based on SPARC, as well as a Macintosh-compatible one); and an IPC-based docking workstation. Unlike the majority of SPARCalike companies, RDI has found a way to tap into federal and military demand. Schrameck says RDI expects 45% of

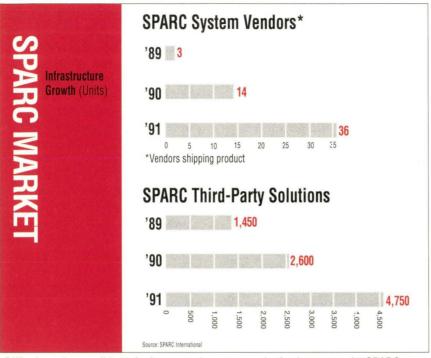
its 1992 revenues to come from civilian and military government sales.

Continuing to bill itself as "the server company that also sells desktops," Solbourne keeps rolling along. "It's rare for us to sell an S4000 alone without a [Solbourne] server," says vice president of marketing Travis White, "even though the S4000 is a good little database server on its own." Solbourne's most recently introduced SPARCalike, the S4000DX (Design Xcellerator), made its debut in July last year. The system is a souped-up S4000 with second-level cache designed to accelerate compute-intensive design applications. At the same time, Solbourne added the S3000, a "compact desktop" developed jointly by Solbourne and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Ltd. (MEI), to its repertoire of systems available internationally. (The S3000 had been marketed through MEI in Japan since October 1990.)

And then there are the SPARCalike vendors that have somehow managed to hang on, even though they've shipped little, if any, product. Solarix comes to mind here, as do Hyundai, Sampo Technology Corp. and Twinhead Corp., among others.

Solarix, a division of Able Technologies Inc.—a private firm financed by U.S., Singapore and Taiwanese backers—announced two workstation families (with a third pending) during 1990 and 1991. It ended up putting its Personal Workstation 20, a SPARCstation 1+-compatible, on indefinite hold. It sold a few hundred, at most, of its 25-MHz Personal Workstation Plus almost entirely in the Far East and Europe, admits vice president Hu. Hu says Solarix installed four systems in the United States.

In January of this year Solarix unveiled its PW+/40. The company bills the system as delivering "greater performance and functionality than Sun's SPARCstation 2 at a lower price," and as being "upgradable to superSPARC [the next generation of superscalar SPARC processors] by exchanging [the] MBus SPARC module." At press time, Solarix was promising that the PW+/40 would



Difficult market conditions don't seem to have put much of a damper on the SPARC aftermarkets, according to SPARC International.

begin shipping in January. To date, the company has had trouble making good on its ship dates, a fact Hu attributes to problems in getting the MBus to work. "The [MBus] operating system is different and the chips required are new," he explains. But "now we are ahead of the other guys implementing MBus," he says, including Sun itself, which has yet to deliver an MBus desktop. (The SPARCstation 3 will be its first attempt.)

During the past few months Hyundai has reorganized internally and spun off a separate workstation division in the hopes of capturing SPARCalike market share. "We tried to leverage our PC channels" to sell workstations, says Mark Johnston, executive vice president of the workstation division, "but that didn't work." Now, a more focused Hyundai is poised to enter the SPARCalike arena. "Our new focus will be the compatible, not the clone," Johnston says.

In February 1992, the workstation division unleashed its VS-210, a 40-MHz, 28.5-MIPS system, on the user community. This product, built by Hyundai Electronics Industries Inc. in South Korea, is strictly a clone, Johnston acknowledges. But the U.S.-based workstation division plans to

announce another new system during the second quarter that will be "different in form and functionality" than existing SPARC desktops, according to Robert Novak, the division's senior director of marketing. Novak hints that these systems will make use of some of the new peripheral chipsets that are coming to the market. And "multiprocessing is something we plan to look at very closely," he adds.

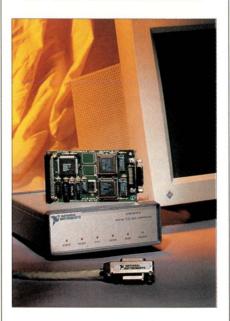
#### Whither the Market?

Hyundai's reorganization and subsequent strategy shift highlight issues that concern SPARCalike vendors and users alike. First, how does a company differentiate product in a clone/compatible market? Second, how does it distribute and sell product in such a market?

Because of its PC clone roots, Hyundai is especially attuned to the similarities and differences between the PC and SPARCalike worlds. While the company claims PC channels are not the way to go with RISC workstations, it refuses to divulge what it *does* consider to be the way to sell SPARCalikes. "Our goal is to expand the size of the total SPARC market," Johnson says. "Right now, there seems to be a lack of cohesion. The enemy isn't SMCC [Sun

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Microsystems Computer Corp.]. We need to understand where to compete and where to differentiate so that all of the [SPARCalike] vendors aren't competing for the same piece of pie. But right now, we don't have a clear understanding of where SMCC does and doesn't want us to be."

One area in which Hyundai and a number of other SPARCalike vendors are seeking immediate clarification

A number of 'lowend' players are expected to add SPARC-based servers, some based on MBus.

from Sun is in its hopes and plans for the Solaris-on-Intel market. Some vendors fear the PC companies could become a whole new pack of competitors to contend with. Vendors such as Hyundai, Tatung, Twinhead and others with a strong PC-clone capacity are expecting more synergy than competition, but still want more details. "We're looking for SunSoft with Solaris to compete head-to-head with Microsoft [Corp.] Windows/NT," says Johnston. "We need somebody to be our Microsoft."

Other vendors are focusing on more immediate, or some might say, lingering, worries—namely, how to create sales channels when Sun has a strangle-hold on a large number of the existing, qualified UNIX VARs. Some SPARC-alike companies, mostly those with substantial financial wherewithal, are building their own channels.

Solbourne, which derives as much as 80% of its sales from its direct sales force, also has trained and invested in 40 U.S. VARs and 24 international distributors. Director of marketing White says the company is looking to

expand its total number of VARs, "especially in the database and other value-added software areas." He says that Solbourne might begin carrying other SPARCalike vendors' systems, but he won't name names.

Tadpole Technology plc, the company that brought out the first notebook SPARC system when it shipped the SPARCbook in January, is going nearly 100% direct. Company president Bob Gilkes expects Tadpole's direct sales force to generate 60% of sales, and its telemarketing group to bring in most of the rest.

CompuAdd relies on direct channels for 80% of its SPARCalike sales. The CompuAdd sales force, the 120 CompuAdd retail stores and the company's Outbound catalog generate these sales. But the company is also cultivating VARs, distributors and OEMs, hoping they will contribute 50% to 60% of SPARCalike sales by the end of the year. "We're looking for people with UNIX backgrounds and who are already selling UNIX products," says Leadford, manager of the advanced systems group. "We're looking at minicomputer VARs, LAN VARs and even some ex-Sun VARs. We're even looking at some ISVs [independent software vendors] that want to add hardware to their product lines."

Unlike the majority of SPARCalike companies, CompuAdd is adamant that it intends to position itself as a clone, rather than a compatible, vendor. "We even use the same floppy boot ROM chip that Sun uses, a chip that is no longer commercially available," Leadford says. "We run SunOS unmodified. We didn't want any of the problems associated with being a 'compatible,'" he explains.

New kid on the SPARCalike block StoneSystems Inc.—a division of the Stone Group, the largest privately held company in the People's Republic of China—likewise is pursuing a pure clone path. Its StoneStation 1+ SPARCstation 1-compatible ships this quarter; its StoneStation 2 SPARCstation 2-compatible is slated to be announced this quarter and ship during Q'2. What distinguishes StoneSystems' machines? "One thing and one thing only," says Daniel Elles, international director of sales and marketing: "Price. We will be a market follower and compete in this clone market based on distribution–selecting key, reputable distributors and VARs and supplying them with higher margin clones that will compete on price."

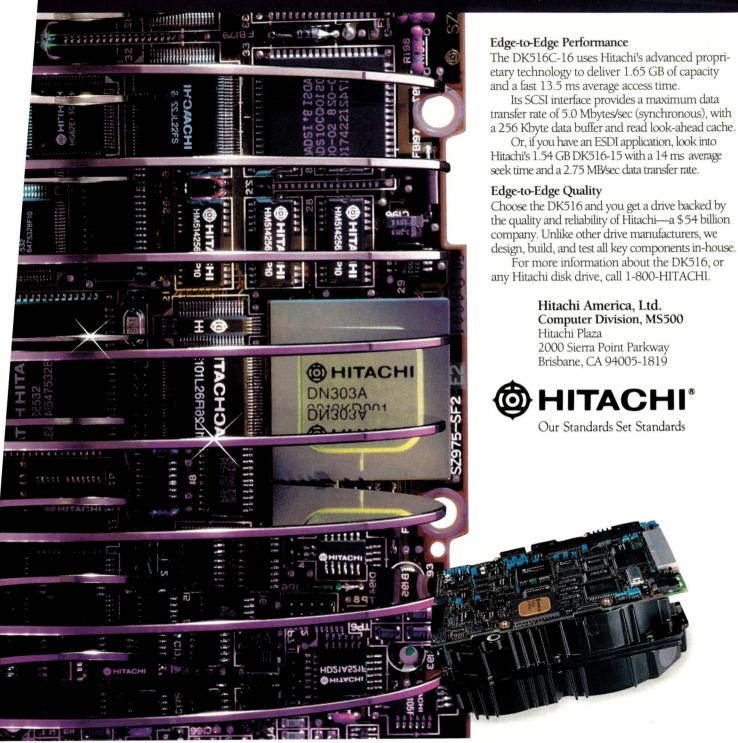
But other vendors see differentiation as the only way to survive. (Whether they actually achieve the differentiation they tout is another matter.) A number of "low-end" players are expected to add SPARC-based servers, some based on MBus, to their product line-ups in the coming year. Marner International already has unveiled Data Vault, a secure, VMEbus server offering high data-transfer rates. Opus, Solarix and TSTI are among those also expected to expand upwards. At the same time, many vendors are toying with the idea of adding laptops and/or notebooks based on SPARC to their families.

And then there are a handful of companies that are marching to their own drumbeat. Tadpole expects to introduce two new SPARCbook models in calendar 1992, according to Gilkes: a board-level SPARCbook and a multiprocessing model.

A newcomer to the market, Trivision Systems Ltd., is working on developing "convergent visual-processing solutions" in conjunction with its partner Radstone Technology plc, one of the largest European VME board and subsystem vendors. Trivision is developing a family of graphics and image-processing subsystems that are compatible with SPARC and is working on a software platform called Open Graphics Architecture (OGA) that will enable SPARCware programs to run on Trivision's subsystems and boards. OGA encompasses graphics library functions for SunView, OpenWindows and Motif environments. As of January, Trivision was shipping product and had just installed its first system.

"We're selling to people who need graphics performance, not just people who want the best price," says Ian Smith, managing director. "We all need to learn to be not so reliant on what Sun does."

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### A Sampling of SPARCalikes

#### compiled by MAUREEN MCKEON

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<b>S2</b> 92	Q1'92	desktop	LSI (40)	28.5	25	4.2	8-64	32	104	3 ½	16	3	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Open Look	color, 16 inches, 210-MB drive	\$9,995
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<b>SAM30</b> ( )4'91	<b>01/25</b> Q4'91	laptop	LSI (25)	15.8	_	1.7	8-16	32	120	3 ½	16	3	SCSI-2	SunOS 4.1, SunView, X11, Motif, Open Look,	monochrome, 9.5 inches	-

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luse ix/ 1/90	12/90	desktop	LSI (25)	18	11	1.7	8-64	32	207	3 ½	16	3	SCSI	SunOS 4.1.1, X11, Motif, x.desktop, MicroMuse Deskset	color, 20 inches	\$10,000
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1 <b>20</b> 0/90	10/90	desktop	LSI (25)	15.8	10.6	1.7	0-64	32	213	3 ½	16	3	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Sun View, OpenWindows, C compiler	monitorless	\$4,500
1 <b>24</b> 2/91	12/91	desktop	LSI (40)	29	21	4.2	0-64	32	213	3 %	16	3	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Sun View, OpenWindows, C compiler	monitorless	\$6,795
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<b>Series 2</b> /90	2 <b>000/25</b> 7/90	tower	Cypress (25)	18	13	3.17	8-96	16	200	3 ½, 5 ¼	-	4	SCSI	SparcOS 4.1.1., SunView, Open Look	color, 19 inches, DOS coprocessor	\$10,995
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3ritelite 2/91	12/91	640-212 laptop	LSI (20)	12.5	8.3	1.6	8-48	32	212	3 %	12	2	SCSI	Solaris,SunView, OpenWindows	monochrome, 9.5 inches, 212 MB, 3 ½-inch floppy	\$7,995
Britelite 2/91	1/92	king Wor laptop, desktop	kstation Sun (25)	17.4	11.8	2.2	8-48	32	240	3 ½	12	2	SCSI	Solaris, SunView, OpenWindows	color, 20 inches, 240 MB, 3 ½-inch floppy	\$9,995
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<b>PW+/40</b> /92 1/92	mini- tower	Cypress (40)	28.5	20	4.2	8-64	64	208	3 %	16	3	SCSI	Solarix OS 1.0, SunView, OpenWindows	color, 16 inches	\$9,995
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<b>4000 DX</b> /91 7/91	desktop	Panasonic (36			2.3	8-128		200	3 %	16	3	SCSI	OS/MP 4.1A.1, Open Interface Toolkit	monochrome, 19 inches	\$6,995
<b>3000</b> /91 7/91	trans- portable	Panasonic (33	) 25.5	13.3	1.7	8-104	32	200	3 %	8	3	SCSI	OS/MP 4.1A.1, Open Interface Toolkit	monochrome, 16 inches	\$11,995
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/91 Q1'92	desktop	LSI (25)	16.2	14.3	1.86	16-96	64	607	3 ½	16	3	SCSI-2	SunOS 4.1.1, SunView	color, 21 inches	\$9,895
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SPARCbook 1 0/91 1/92	notebook	Cypress (25)	18	-	3.1	8-32	64	85	3 ½	0	0	parallel	Solaris 1.0.1 (SunOS 4.1.2) or Solaris 2.EA (Early access)	monochrome, 11.8 inches	\$4,950
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nicroCOMPstati 0/90 11/90		LSI (20)	12.5	8.3	1.4	8-64	32	207	3 ½	2	3	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Motif, X11, x.desktop	color, 15 inches, diskless	\$4,290
COMPstation 25 /91 7/91	desktop	LSI (25)	15.8	10.25	1.75	8-64	32	207	3 ½	2	3	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Motif, X11, x.desktop	color, 19 inches	\$6,990
Mariner 4i /90 9/90	desktop	LSI (25)	17.3	12.3	2	8-96	24	200	3 ½,	1	4	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Motif, X11,	color, 19 inches,	\$6,995
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OMPstation 40 0/91 11/91	desktop	LSI (40)	28.5	24.7	4.2	8-64	32	207	3 ½	2	3	SCSI	Solaris 1.0, Motif, X11, x.desktop	color, 19 inches, graphics accelerator	\$9,990
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SDT-250 I/91 10/91	desktop	LSI (25)	15.8	10	1.7	8-48	32	212	3 ½	12	2	SCSI-2	Solaris 1.0 (SunOS 4.1.1), OpenWindows, SunView	color, 20 inches	\$5,995
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<b>/PX-100</b> 1/91 1/92	desktop	Cypress (40)	31	_	4	16-64	32	200	3 ½	16	3	SCSI-2	SunOS 4.1.1, SunView, OpenWindows, OGA1.0, Xlib, XGL, SunPHIGS	color, 19 inches	\$9,000
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1/91 2/92	desktop	Cypress (40)	31	28.5	-	8-128	32	425	3 ½	8	2	SCSI	SunOS, OpenWindows, C compiler	color, 17 inches	\$9,985

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've long been mesmerized-both fascinated and horrified-by the possibilities of one computer emulating another. Almost 10 years ago, I asked a gathering of University Computer Centre executives the question,

"What will a per-CPU license mean in a world where you can easily emulate a small single-user CPU on a mainframe?" I never got an answer, but that possibility has been here for some time. Just a few years later I was busy porting, from PDP-11 UNIX to 4.2BSD on a VAX, a package that emulated DEC's RT-11 operating system. The VAX 11/780 hard-

ware had a mode that emulated the PDP-11 hardware, and the software package emulated RT-11 under UNIX. Man, it was S-L-O-W. But it did work. In December 1991, my friend D'Arcy Cain posted the (alpha) source for a CP/M and Z80 emulator to the Usenet group alt.sources. And I reviewed Sun's MS-DOS emulator DOS Windows in the January 1990 issue of this magazine.

A similar product has arrived for review, and for some reason the editor thought I should review it; he

must think I like turning Sun Microsystems Inc. workstations into PCs. I don't, but sometimes you have to run some bit of DOS software, or you want to. Almost everyone knows for Computer that there is more software for MS-DOS than for just about Publishing Labs any other computer system. Despite the emergence of the SPARC binary compatibility regime, MS-DOS' single standard for binary compatibility is something that most UNIX software vendors covet.

If for some curious reason-like running thousands of low-cost applications-you want to turn a SPARC system into a synthetic PC/AT, here's a painless option.

by IAN F. DARWIN,



If you sometimes need to access DOS under SunOS, SoftPC will do the trick.

And UNIX users can envy it, too, for it results in a lot of low-cost software being available. But most of those UNIX users don't want to buy a dedicated standalone PC just to run some inexpensive DOS package, particularly now that Sun's ELC is more powerful than a 486/33 for the same cost as a fully configured 386 system. What's needed is a way to run DOS software on the SPARCstation or SPARCserver. That's where SoftPC from Insignia Solutions Inc., Andover, MA, fits in. Costing less than many of the uppercrust DOS applications it can run, SoftPC provides "synthetic hardware," or an emulation of the PC/AT's 80286 processor, on your SPARC.

As with Sun's DOS Windows DOS emulator, SoftPC provides virtual hardware and a real copy of MS-DOS, so that there are none of the compatibility problems that might plague an emulation of MS-DOS itself. "And, as with DOS Windows," I was about to say, but then I realized I'd have to start most of my sentences that way. Instead I'll start by listing some of the differences. The most important is that SoftPC talks either to SunView or to the X11 part of OpenWindows, both under SunOS 4.1, while DOS Windows only talks to SunView. In order to achieve acceptable perforscreen display in sync with the emulated PC's video memory and with the overhead of the X11 protocol, SoftPC uses the MIT shared memory (MIT-SHM) extension to X11. Fortunately, OpenWindows includes this extenis quite peppy, more than you'd expect given the emulated PC's CPU speed. You lose this speed advantage when displaying the simulated PC's screen on an X terminal or remote workstation; since "MITSHM" only works locally however, the response time is still acceptable. However, and also unlike DOS Windows, SoftPC tions, on an ASCII terminal connected to the SPARCstation. In theory, a cmdtool or xterm, rlogging in to the machine with the software, and running softpc -dt (for dumb-terminal mode). In practice, it worked fine with xterm, but, with cmdtool newline mapping problem that I didn't take the time to battle with, since xterm worked fine. My only

mance keeping the sion. The resulting screen performance can be used, for non-graphics applicayou could also run non-graphics applications remotely under X, by running under OpenWindows, I encountered a objection to the dumb-terminal mode

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SUNEXPERT Magazine/March 1992

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505 East Airport Road P.O. Box 5363 Lancaster, PA 17601 Phone: (717) 560-2001 Fax: (717) 560-2063 was that some of the escape sequences seemed a little cryptic.

The most important question about such a product for emulating software is not "How fast does it run?" since Sun and the others are always building faster hardware, but rather "Does it run at all?" or, more specifically, "Does it run PC/AT DOS software reliably?" So we'll start this review by running some DOS software. Then we'll look at questions of installation and integration, performance, floppies and serial ports, and printers.

#### Installation and Integration

I was surprised to see that SoftPC did not use extract\_unbundled, Sun's semi-standard for installing addon software. Instead, it has a single tar file, and instructions on how to extract the files you need. Because there is no environment variable you can set to tell the software where the files it needs reside, you must either extract all of the files directly into /usr/lib/SoftPC, or install them elsewhere and make a symbolic link into there. This is, ahem, inconvenient if you are reviewing the software on several different workstations and don't have the root password on all of them. However, it should not be a problem for most users on most workstations most of the time. For SOFTWARE REVIEW either SunView-only or Sun-View plus OpenWindows, the instructions for unloading the tape are simple to follow. There are no instructions for an OpenWindowsonly install, so here they are: Do a SunView plus Open-Windows install, and rm the SunView fonts. A single binary, named SoftPC, services either window system.

Licensing is simple. There are no separate license daemon(s) to soak up CPU time and swap space on your machine. You get a license token and password when you buy the software. A program (SoftPC\_install) checks the license number and password and stores them in a file in /usr/lib/SoftPC. That's it!

The license token includes the number of users it is valid for, and

only that number of login accounts can use the software at any time. A user, however, can have multiple sessions going, provided there's enough memory and swap space. (A detailed guide in the installation notes will help you plan resource usage.)

One minor problem I had with the install program is its failure to use the UNIX standard library function perror() to print a standard error message when things go wrong. Let me explain. When you have two preschool children, it's easy to get interrupted in the middle of a software installation (have I overstated this?). The next morning, I logged back in to continue the installation by running SoftPC\_install. I typed the license and password carefully, and was rewarded with the message

Cannot authorize, check installation

I saw the words "cannot authorize," and thought I'd make a mistake typing the license number or password. SoftPC\_install obnoxiously clears the screen after each, so you can't see anything you've done. Type it again,

same thing. After the third try, it occurs to me that something else is wrong. Try running SunOS' wonderful trace command, and we see the problem instantly. After making, you type the license and password

(26 digits total, and painstaking). Then and only then, it tries to open the file into which it will store the results. It failed, with EACCES (Permission denied). Of course! I forgot to su to root when I resumed the installation. But what a roundabout way of finding out. The industry-standard message consisting of the filename that failed to open and "Permission denied" would have given the answer in a second instead of in five minutes. Many UNIX software vendors make this mistake, but why? perror() has been around for decades! In fairness to SoftPC, the latest release notes do warn that this message can be caused by trying the install without becoming root first.



#### Example 1. Booting DOS

SoftPC-AT V2.05 - (C) Copyright Insignia Solutions Inc. 1987, '88, '89, 190

License number XXXX-99999999-0001

Drive Access Arbitrator: Version 2.3 Drive C: is now safe from simultaneous access. Insignia Expanded Memory Driver Installed EMS version 4.0

256 pages of expanded memory available

SoftPC File Sharing Architecture Version 2.01 Driver successfully installed.

C>path=c:\;c:\dos;c:\insignia C>c:\insignia\fsadrive e: C>c:\insignia\mouse.com

-- Installing Insignia MOUSE (3.36) : Device Driver 6.10

C>prompt \$p\$g

C:\>net use f: /usr/lib/SoftPC

C:\>net use g: /tmp

C:\>echo on

C:\>ver

MS-DOS Version 3.30

C:\> C:\>dir

Volume in drive C is MSDOS\_BOOT

Directory of C:

COMMAND	COM	25276	2-03-88	2:31p
DOS	<dif< td=""><td>2&gt;</td><td>9-15-89</td><td>3:01p</td></dif<>	2>	9-15-89	3:01p
INSIGNIA	<dif< td=""><td>2&gt;</td><td>9-15-89</td><td>3:14p</td></dif<>	2>	9-15-89	3:14p
CONFIG	SYS	143	1-01-80	8:39p
WINDOWS	<dif< td=""><td>2&gt;</td><td>7-31-91</td><td>1:33p</td></dif<>	2>	7-31-91	1:33p
AUTOEXEC	BAT	150	5-01-90	7:12p
6	File(s) 118	784 byte	es free	

With the authorization done, I tried to run SoftPC. The install script doesn't link it into any standard bin directory, so you must either add YAVSD (yet another vendor-specific directory) to your search path, or symlink it into a public bin directory. I chose the latter approach, and chose to link it as /usr/local/bin/softpc, ignoring the SiLlY CaSe SwItCh-Es in the original name.

The X11 font files are copied into /usr/lib/SoftPC/fonts/X by

default. The install document recommends that you add

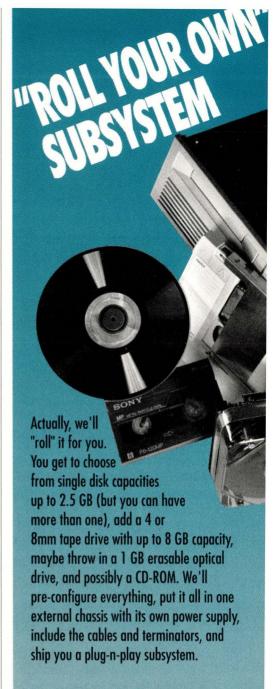
xset fp+ /usr/lib/SoftPC/fonts/X

into every user's .xinitrc file. An easier and more efficient way is to get each user to put the line

setenv FONTPATH = /usr/lib/SoftPC/fonts/X

in the .login (or set and export it

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#### Example 2. Accessing DOS G:\>net use S: /usr/src/cmd G:\>dir/w s: Volume in drive S is CMD Directory of S:\ FLEXELIN 9%2 FILE XCHMOD . . ISPELL HOC PS2BITS BAR FANOFLIN WXD WEBSTER T CX RCS PAINTER SH GENEAL TNT LFO XNEWSBUG M62 XREF TNT FN8 PLAN-PGMC DFORMAT CHED TIMEWORT &JL LOGO TIMEWORT K4J PSFIG SCROLLIN I!S XREF HT8 **IPRSEND** DICTIONARY PSGRAPH XREF MAN LAB3UP C CONV-LIT 6%A SPIN FIXUSQIF!AS PAINTER DECHO C TREEPAR CPMULATO %R% NEWS-ILL &@8 331 ILEAF RC-1 0L~ CHARS CCHK SH THACK IC OVER C BPATCH I6A BEHEAD SH TCP QUOT C BITMANIP TARFIX FMT C CB C SEARCH C LASTLOG 1 LASTLOG C ... etc ... 122 File(s) 4276224 bytes free G: \>

under sh or ksh) before starting Open-Windows. This works and avoids the unnecessary step of running xset. Or, if you already have a local OpenWin font directory, you could just install the fonts there. Speaking of fonts, they arrive not only in .ff and .fb format but also in .snf format, which worked fine on an NCD X terminal.

The .SoftPC file is, like most "dot files," used to customize the program's environment. However, the install document suggests that you copy it to each user's directory. Again, suitable for small shops, but not something you want to do automatically if you have 512 users online. And, if you miss a user and that user invokes Soft-PC, the program doesn't read the master file in /usr/lib/SoftPC. It makes the user play twenty questions, and creates a .SoftPC file for that user.

Finally, the program is installed. How does it behave? First, be aware that although it runs with OpenWindows, this is not an Open Look program at all. The default version's menus look like something from the early days of X, as do the dialog boxes. However, they work.

The documentation does not discuss the X Resources (the standard

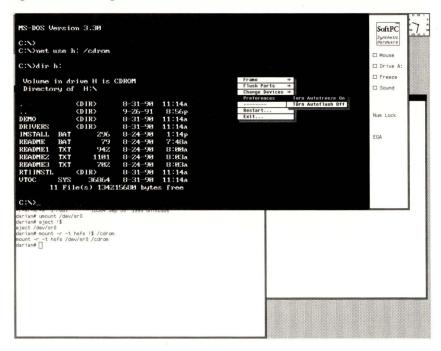
way for X programs to be configured) used by the program, other than to direct you to install an "app-defaults" (program default resource values) file in the standard system directory, /usr/lib/X11/app-defaults. The resources simply aren't documented. Versions 2.06 and above do feature an

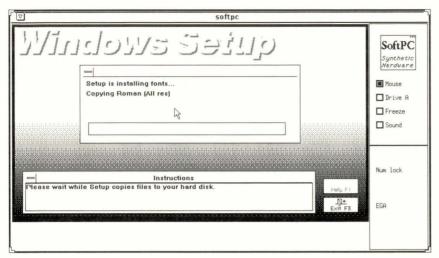
app-defaults file customized for Motif. Nor does the program accept the standard SunView/XView "tool arguments" such as -WP for window position, etc. Not even the X standard -display option is parsed: You must set the DISPLAY environment variable for occasional remote use. And why can't the program figure out whether to run with SunView or OpenWin automatically? You have to specify sv under SunView, even though OpenWin isn't running. These minor shortcomings will, I hope, be rectified in future editions of the program and documentation.

And the OpenWin version allows itself to be resized but doesn't change the scale of the image when you do so. Instead, a configuration option lets you choose from two different display sizes, large and regular. X applications that can't usefully be resized should probably refuse the resize request, in my opinion. The Open Look specification states that an application can turn off resize corners. And even non-Open Look applications can refuse a resize, as does the widely used (non-Open Look) contributed client Xloadimage when displaying a small bitmap.

One set of problems occurred only with the OpenWindows version, and

Figure 1. Accessing DOS CDs





SoftPC even does Microsoft Corp. Windows.

only on some 4/110 machines. I tried it on two different systems (one color, one monochrome), and under Open-Windows 2.0 and 3.0, just to be sure. The OpenWin (X11) menus did not work properly on the 4/110. Some

The
documentation
provides a fair
bit of information
on configuring
serial ports.

pop-up boxes were jumbled or had infinitesimally small sizes. Insignia suggested the problem might be lack of swap space, but increasing the swap space to double on the test SPARC-

COMPUTER PUBLISHING LAB SUNEXPERT STATES OF THE STATES OF

station did not resolve the problems. None of these problems came up on the SPARCstation line, nor on the SunView version on the 4/110s. Nor did they interfere with nonmenu opera-

tions; I was even able to run MS-Windows on SoftPC on the 4/110. These problems went away with version 2.1 of SoftPC.

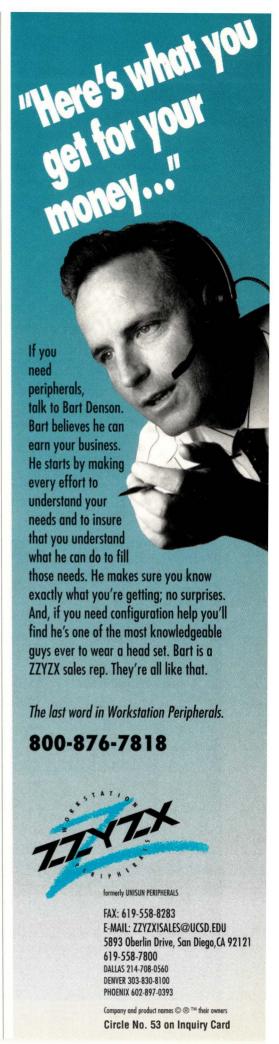
But these are issues of installation.

The measure of a PC emulator is not in its conformance to some GUI standard, but how well it emulates a PC. As we'll see, SoftPC emulates a PC/AT quite well. The emulation is in fact so faithful that you should beware of viruses when loading software into SoftPC from unchecked sources.

#### Performance

A complete copy of MS-DOS is in SoftPC, and a DIR listing of C:\DOS lists many familiar (to DOS users) faces. Here is a session of booting up (DOS users will notice that the autoexec.bat file is missing an ECHO OFF command) and getting a listing of the root directory (see Example 1).

The DOS directory includes all the standard MS-DOS utilities. Also in there are FORMAT and FDISK, which you use in making virtual hard disks. Huh? Virtual means imaginary, but hard means physical. What d'ya mean? Well, real PCs can have one, two or more real hard disks, whose filenames are perforce C:, D:, etc. Since you're unlikely to dedicate a real hard disk to a DOS emulator (since you probably don't want to bother hanging a 10- or 32-MB hard disk on your SPARCstation...), DOS emulators let you have "virtual hard disks." Each of these is a single (large) file on your SPARCstation (or server) hard disk, but it appears to be a complete disk, with multiple DOS files and directories in it, to the emulated DOS system. Initially C: is the system-provided disk,





and D: is unassigned.

Importantly, you can also allocate other "drive letters" to

UNIX directories.

using the net use command (syntax stolen from various MS-DOS networking packages). The default system files attach G: to /tmp, as shown in the example above. You might make H: your home directory, S: a source directory, and so on. To mount /usr/src/cmd on the DOS drive S:, for example, give the command

net use S: /usr/src/cmd

Once mounted (see Example 2), the given directory appears as the "root" of that drive's disk, and you can access it just like any other DOS files. For example, the DOS command DIR/W is similar to 1s -C.

Normal UNIX filenames don't map very well into the procrustean bed of the MS-DOS file system, so some translation has to be done. File cb.c can be accessed as CB.C in DOS; it shows as CB C in a DOS listing. But file overwrite.sh gets mangled to OVERWRIT #P3. This is part of the price you pay for dealing with such a limited operating system as MS-DOS. However, Sun's DOS Windows and PC-NFS products, which must of course do similar mangling, give you a command to display the real filename. SoftPC apparently does not.

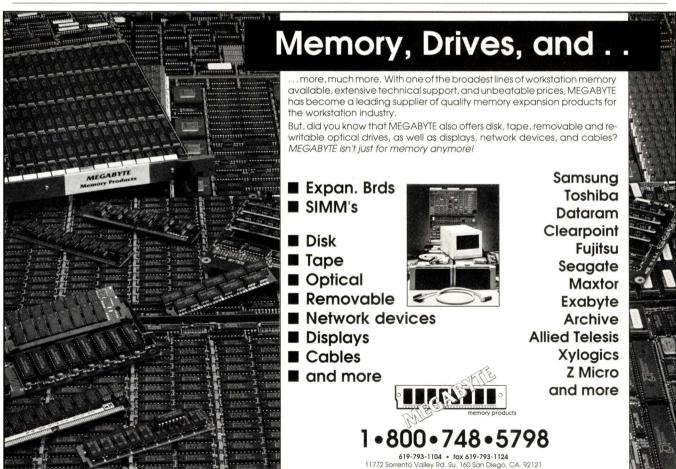
I was even able to access a DOS CD-ROM using the SunOS 4.1 "HSFS" filesystem support, without having to worry about "MSCEX," the bane of many a lost soul in the MS-DOS world according to my reading of the alt.cd-rom newsgroup. Figure 1 shows a shelltool window in which I mount the CD-ROM using -t hsfs, and above it a SoftPC session in which I access it and do a DIR listing on the top-level directory.

As a pathological case, I mounted the CD-ROM demo (ReferenceSet demo disc from Reference Technology Inc., Boulder, CO) on an NFS server, exported it with NFS, NFS-mounted it to my workstation (don't forget the -r option) and mounted it under SoftPC. Searches on the database, using the CD-ROM search techniques

built into Reference Technology's search engine designed to work with MSCDEX, worked flawlessly even in this somewhat bizarre setup. This is no guarantee that every possible CD retrieval engine will work, but it does convey the notion that SoftPC's emulation of MS-DOS and the PC is pretty darn good.

Anyone who's picked up a PC magazine in the last year knows that Microsoft Corp.'s MS-Windows is all the rage this year. Though it's beyond me why anyone would want to run an emulated version of MS-Windows under OpenWindows, that old fatal attraction with emulation took hold, and away I went. Installing MS-Windows was quite straightforward. It figured out the emulated machine's configuration quite well, although it somehow concluded that "the network software" (which package?) was installed; maybe it found the net command used to mount UNIX directories. I overrode this, and the installation continued.

I didn't do anything useful with MS-Windows, but concluded that if



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you had to, you could do so under SoftPC.

For normal DOS work, the emulation is so good that it's

sometimes scary. For example, the F3 key is mapped to do just what DOS users expect it to do, a paltry one-line shell history. And scrolling of text is occasionally "blinky," just like on a real IBM PC/AT. As another example, one time the emulated PC hung up during a reboot. This happened several times in a row until I noticed that I had a non-System disk in the SPARCstation's floppy drive, and SoftPC was actually trying to boot from it! Perhaps fortunately, I didn't have an MS-DOS 3 1/2-inch boot floppy to try booting from. ... Sadly, however, the MS-DOS "three-finger salute" (Control/Alt/ Delete) to force a reboot does not work; you must use Restart from the main menu. At least, Control/Alt/Delete doesn't work unless you have the keyboard mapping exactly right. SoftPC Version 2.1 comes with a bundle of "keyboard

mapping files" in addition to the normal Sun-3 and Sun-4 keyboard maps. The NCD X terminal mapping worked fine, right down to the Control/Alt/Delete to reboot. The only hitch: You must copy the mapping file into /usr/lib/SoftPC under the name Type 3 or Type 4. There is no command-line option other than Type 3 and Type 4 to specify the keyboard. This procedure is a real inconvenience on a multiuser system.

#### Peripheral Issues

The designers of the original IBM PC inflicted several pieces of brain damage on it, notably the segmented, eight-bit 8088 CPU and the tiny (by today's standard) 640-KB memory limit. The DOS world has come up with two competing standards for overcoming the 640-KB barrier, Extended Memory and Expanded Memory. The latter is also called LIM, for Lotus Intel Microsoft, and is what SoftPC supports. Expanded memory is stored in a file in your home directory and mapped into the emulated CPU's address space. There

are several configuration options to handle just about any permutation of memory that a physical PC could support. You can specify the size of this memory in megabyte increments, from 1 MB to 32 MB.

The display driver can pretend to be any of the common devices: Hercules, CGA, EGA and, effective with Release 2.1, VGA. The VGA driver does a credible job on a color display, and even a not-bad job on a monochrome display, though it doesn't halftone. It just "clips" the image; light tones to white, dark to black. For example, when it runs a color VGA Scrabble game called Scramble, by Diana Gruber, on a monochrome NCD display, it looks like the upper screen in Figure 2. The seven lines at the bottom of the screen should have letters drawn above them and do on a color screen; on monochrome, the letters disappear, and the game is unplayable. This is no fault of the game, nor is it likely that reasonable performance could be had by halftoning the display. It seems a reasonable compromise between per-

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formance and function. If you want color, get a color monitor.

Serial ports and modems are supported by the SPARC CPU's serial ports (ttya and ttyb). The documentation provides a fair bit of information on configuring serial ports and the problems you might run into with programs that ignore modem status indicators and timing problems with "dongle" copy-protection devices. Insignia claims to have tested Smart-Com II, Chitchat, Procomm and other modem communications. The serial port can also be used as a printer port with modern printers; Insignia claims to have tested the Apple Computer Inc. LaserWriter and Imagewriter, several Epson America Inc. printers and an IBM Corp. Graphics Printer in this mode. Alternately, you can direct the MS-DOS print output either into a file (by giving its UNIX filename) or down a pipeline to a command (most commonly 1pr, but anything you want can be used), and you can do this either in your SoftPC file or from a configuration menu.

Floppies–flexible disks–are an important distribution and backup media in the DOS world. You can access the SPARCstation's 3 1/2-inch floppy drive as an MS-DOS device, assuming you have it configured (it is enabled by default). If you try to start a second session, the second session is

denied access, but you can still continue running. Later, you can release the floppy from the first session, and attach it to the second, from



attach it to the second, from the Devices menu.

If you need to access a 5 1/4-inch floppy, or your SPARCstation doesn't have a floppy drive, you can connect a real PC over a serial port and run a well-named program called slavepc, which Insignia sells separately. This "takes over" the real PC and directs floppy requests from SoftPC to the physical floppy on the PC. I did not test this aspect of the system.

#### Documentation

The documentation consists of one 5-by-8-inch booklet. The table of contents looks like this:

- 1: About SoftPC
- 2: The SoftPC Session
- 3: The Sun Keyboards
- 4: Hard disks and drives
- 5: Flexible disks and drives
- 6: Using files and directories
- 7: Pipes, files, printers, plotters and modems
- 8: Using SoftPC on a Terminal Appendix A: Error Messages
- Appendix B: Installation
- Appendix C: MS-DOS Software Items

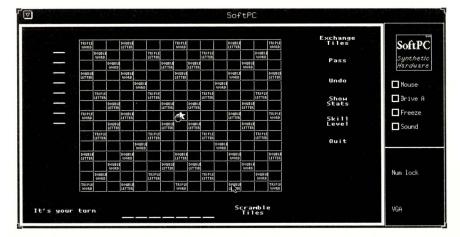
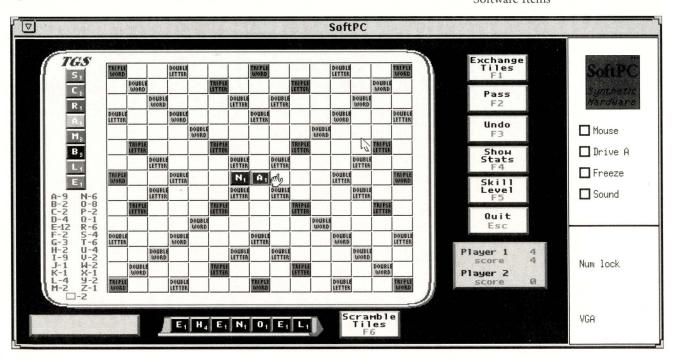


Figure 2. The difference a VGA (below) makes.



#### more

#### SoftPC V2.1

#### Insignia Solutions Inc.

6 Campanelli Drive Andover, MA 01810

Circle 100

#### Reviewed on:

SPARCstation IPX, SunOS 4.1.1, 16 MB, cg6 graphics

#### Requirements:

SPARCstation or compatible ("sun4" operation also possible). 8 MB real memory (more recommended): 16 MB of total system swap space for SunView use, 36-MB system total with OpenWindows. SunOS 4.1; SunView 4.0 or OpenWindows 2.0 or later.



#### Price:

\$695, single right to use

Appendix D: Serial Port Emulation

Appendix E: The .SoftPC file

Appendix F: SlavePC

Appendix G: SoftPC Support

The booklet covers the ground, but it isn't as slick as it could be. It just looks

like something from the '70s. Most importantly, there is no index. Unlike the case with Sun's DOS Windows offering, you do not receive MS-DOS or GW-Basic(!) manuals; the latter, at least, is a blessing. A summary of standard MS-DOS conventions and commands would be a useful addition.

#### **Future Directions**

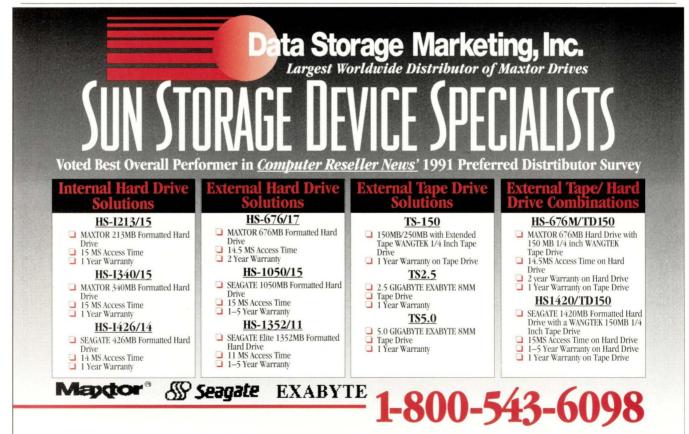
Insignia has told me that it has contracted with Sun to replace Sun's "DOS Windows" product with a version of SoftPC. In fact, I've heard that Sun now either sells SoftPC or refers customers to it, in preference to its previous product. At any rate, I hope Insignia makes the new product Open Look-conformant, expands the documentation and takes out a few other wrinkles along the way. If the company can do all this, it will have a very good product to sell as DOS Windows 2.0. One wrinkle Insignia needs to address is the lack of a -c command. The su, sh and csh programs have a -c command option that causes them to run the one specified command, then exit. Sun's DOS Windows wisely copied this feature. For example, you can say

dos -c 123 \$file

to run the DOS version of Lotus in an emulated window without having to invoke 1-2-3 from the DOS prompt. SoftPC has no such option.

If you sometimes need to access MS-DOS software under SunOS, the SoftPC program will do the trick. It faithfully emulates an 80286 PC/AT machine, even to the point of emulating the F3 key and running Microsoft Windows. It works well although a few aspects (keyboard mapping, command line options) are at times cumbersome. It's not yet an Open Lookcompliant application, but that will probably come with time and future releases.

Ian Darwin may not exist at all. Rumor has it that he is, after all, just an emulation. Email can be sent to his input redirector at ian@sq.com or uunet!sq!ian





data supplied by the vendors. To contact them for more detailed information, circle the appropriate reader service number on the card located at the end of the magazine.

#### High-Speed Gray-Scale Scanner

Apunix Computer Services is shipping the Ricoh IS-410 high-speed scanner along with the company's OpenScan software. The IS-410 links to a workstation via a SCSI II interface. It handles documents up to 11 inches by 17 inches at up to 20 ppm, at 300 dpi in one-bit mode. Data is transferred to the Sun as one-bit binary or eight-bit gray-scale images.

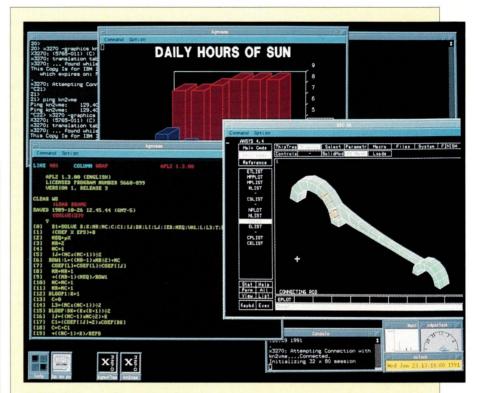


Apunix's OpenScan software includes a SCSI driver with automatic installation script, a user interface, the Network Scan Server Daemon (which allows the scanner to be shared in a workgroup environment) and a programmer's library command scan utility. The SCSI driver allows the scanner to link to Sun-3, Sun-4, SPARCserver and SPARCstation systems. Pricing begins at \$5,300.

Apunix Computer Services 5575 Ruffin Road, Ste. 110 San Diego, CA 92123 Circle 132

#### CD With GNU Source

PDQ Software has introduced a CD-ROM containing all the GNU source code, all the X11R5 sources with all the contributed software, the comp.sources.x usenet archives



#### IBM Offers Sun Products

IBM has introduced two new products for SPARC systems. Big Blue has gotten into the Sun market with a 3270 emulator and an Optimization Subroutine Library. The emulator, the x3270/S, is described as a port of the company's existing 3270 emulator for the RS/6000, the x3270/6000. The emulator gives Sun users access to applications running under VM or MVS on IBM mainframes. Users can run multiple 3270 sessions on the host, with each session appearing as a different window on the workstation screen. Pricing begins at \$795.

The Optimization Subroutine Library (OSL), meanwhile, is a collection of high-performance mathematical subroutines for use by application programs that solve optimization problems. It includes features to deal with linear programming, quadratic programming, mixed integer programming and so on. OSL is currently available for Sun-4 systems. Pricing begins at \$5,238.

OSL is available from the IBM Mathematical Services Group 1503 LBJ Freeway Dallas, TX 75234-6032 Circle 130 The x3270, meanwhile, is from IBM x3270 Marketing
Department 85CA/228

Neighborhood Road Kingston, NY 12401 Circle 131

and SPARC binaries and libraries for the GNU programs and the X11R5 server and clients. The format of the disk is ISO-9660, so it is readable from MS-DOS, Macs, etc., as well as SunOS. The price of the CD-ROM is \$39.95 for one disk and \$19.95 for each additional disk.

PDQ Software 1547 Palos Verdes, Ste. 260 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Circle 133

#### Demo Program for X

A set of programs that allows developers working in X to create demos of their software has been introduced by Non Standard Logics. The XDemo-Maker and XDemoPlayer allow independent software vendors and other software developers working under X to produce demo versions of their product and inexpensively distribute them without crippling license agreements. The developers pay only an

initial purchase price and then are not charged for the demo programs shipped with NSL's software.

XDemoMaker facilitates the rapid assembly of sequences of X-terminal program screens. The product incorporates editing tools for fine-tuning. XDemoPlayer, meanwhile, provides the playback mechanism for the demos. It is licensed to purchasers for use of specific platforms with unlimited copying rights.

Single-unit price for XDemoMaker is \$6,000. XDemoPlayer is licensed at \$4,000. Currently the products are available for Sun, IBM, DEC and HP

UNIX workstations.

Non Standard Logics Inc. 4141 State St., Ste. B-11 Santa Barbara, CA 03110 Circle 134

#### 88K-based Multiprocessor

A multiprocessor minicomputer that supports both RISC and the Reality Pick-compatible operating environment has been introduced by Novadyne Computer Systems. Called the Series XT machines, the machines are based on between two and four tightly coupled Motorola 88100 processors. While the Series XTs can be used as network servers, the company says they are geared to shared logic-style processing. They can support 64 to 256 simultaneous users.

The company says the XT is optimized for on-line transaction processing. To this end, the company provides a multithreaded version of UNIX, called UMAX. The Reality environment, meanwhile, provides Pick functionality, with its native relational database and the DataBasic programming language. The XTs are rated at 33 MIPS, for a total of 132 MIPS for the four-processor model. They support between one and six disk drives, for a total mass storage of 600 MB and 6.3 GB. Tape drives are also available. Pricing ranges from \$62,000 to \$83,000.

Novadyne Computer Systems Inc. 1700 E. St. Andrew Place Santa Ana, CA 92705 Circle 135

#### Multiflow System

Bell Atlantic has introduced a new version of the Multiflow TRACE server. Multiflow was a company that introduced several micro-supercomputer systems that exploited very long instruction word (VLIW) techniques. Bell Atlantic acquired much of the company's installed base, and this introduction represents relatively small changes in the Multiflow hardware and relatively major enhancements in its software. Bell Atlantic says that it has a software environment that automatically parallelizes

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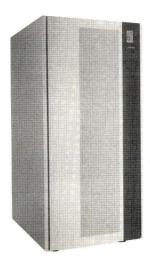
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Integrix, Inc. • 1200 Lawrence Drive, Suite 150 • Newbury Park, CA 91320 • FAX (805) 375-2799 All trademarks mentioned are property of their respective companies.



many program functions without the programmer becoming directly involved. The company makes available parallelizing compilers for FORTRAN, C, Ada, Pascal and Lisp.

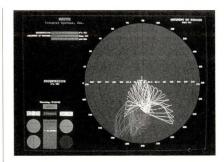
The Trace machines are multiprocessor devices with between two and four clusters of proprietary Multiflow integer and floating-point units. The 7/300 has one cluster and supports a VLIW length of 256 bits for a total of

53 peak MIPS. The 14/300 has two clusters, a VLIW length of 512 bits and 107 peak MIPS. The 28/300 has three clusters, a VLIW length of 1,024 bits and peak MIPS of 215. Pricing begins at \$29,500.

Bell Atlantic Business Systems Services Multiflow Business Unit 31 Business Park Drive Branford, CT 06405 Circle 136

#### Satellite Control System

A satellite telemetry, tracking and control earthstation based on Sun and other UNIX workstations has been introduced by Integral Systems Inc. Traditionally, satellite earthstations have been based on multiprocessor minicomputers costing up to \$500,000. However, the Integral product, the Epoch 2000, performs the same functions with a loosely coupled LAN of Sun machines—with satellite control and tracking functions distributed across the network. Epoch supports payload integra-



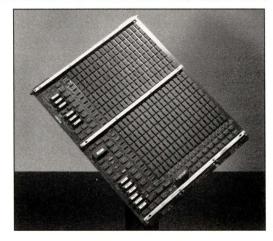
tion and testing, satellite integration and testing, as well as launch and onorbit operations. In addition to Sun workstations, it is available for a number of other workstations, including DEC VAX, DG Eclipse and the Concurrent Concept 32. Pricing ranges from \$30,000 to \$60,000.

Integral Systems Inc. 5000 Philadelphia Way, Ste. A Lanham, MD 20706-4417 Circle 137

#### Hybrid PC/Sun Keyboard

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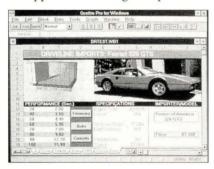
Aurora Technologies 176 Second Avenue Waltham, MA 02154 617-290-4800 617-290-4844 Fax been introduced by Integrix. The S4+ keyboard has characteristics of both the older Sun keyboard, which had 107 keys and used the "L" and "R" keys for special functions, and the 101-key PC keyboard.

Integrix says that Sun has itself recently adopted the IBM-style keyboard in its attempt to popularize the SPARCstation as a business system but that some users have expressed a preference for the former configuration. The company says that its product allows buyers to have both the PC standard and the unique functions of the older 107 configuration. The S4+ retails for \$150.

Integrix Inc. 1200 Lawrence Drive, #150 Newbury Park, CA 91320 Circle 138

#### Automated Software Tester

Mercury Interactive has introduced an automated software tester for Sun and a variety of other UNIX platforms. Called TestRunner, the product is a PC loaded with test software, plus digitalsignal-processing hardware that gathers screen, keystroke and mouse data. In effect, TestRunner plugs into a target system, such as a SPARCstation, and functions as an automated user, putting an application through its paces and



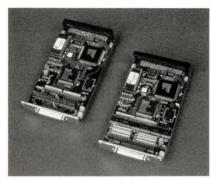
collecting data on its behavior. The company says that TestRunner enters specified inputs, compares results with an expected outcome and records relevant errors for later review. The product is priced at \$7,500 to \$20,000, depending on configuration. There is also a one-time charge of between \$45,000 and \$55,000 to cover what the company calls "Test-Runner Infrastructure," by which it means a

variety of functions including network software and a database accelerator.

Mercury Interactive Corp. 3333 Octavius Drive Santa Clara, CA 95054 Circle 139

#### Add-In SBus Module

Performance Technologies has announced its Narrow/Fast SCSI-2 add-in SBus module for SPARCstations and SPARCstation clones. The Model PT-SBS430 provides add-in SBus-based SCSI-2 capability on Sun SPARCstations. The module supports SCSI-2 transfers up to 10 MB/s.



The PT-SBS430 is available with single-ended or differential SCSI connection. The single-ended version includes active SCSI bus termination to maximize data integration at the extended SCSI transfer rates. The product is supplied with "plug-andplay" driver support that is fully compliant with the Sun Common SCSI Architecture (SCSA). The software driver supplied by Performance Technologies also includes an Adaptive Synchronous Negotiation feature that "tunes" the SCSI-2 host-target environment for optimum transfer performance and data integrity under actual SCSI bus conditions. Pricing: \$695 (Single-ended SCSI-2 Adapter).

Performance Technologies Inc. Computer Products Division 315 Science Pkwy. Rochester, NY 14620 Circle 140

#### Battery-Powered SCSI Hard Drive

A portable, battery-powered SCSI hard-disk drive has been introduced by Maxen. The Maxen Freedom 120/240, which is meant for laptop and notebook systems, can attach to any standard SCSI interface. It weighs under four pounds but comes with a battery pack and power supply that provide over four hours of continuous use. Moreover, the company says that since it has its own battery, it does not drain the battery of its host system.

The Freedom 120/240 offers 120 or 240 MB of storage. It also has power-protection features, as well as alarms that sound when the battery pack needs recharging.

Maxen 6696 Mesa Ridge Road Building A San Diego, CA 9121 Circle 141

#### SNMP-based Multiplexed Hub

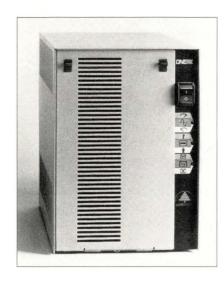
Fibronix International has introduced an intelligent, fiber-optic multiplexed hub that supports Ethernet, token-ring, LAN distribution and real-time protocols in the same chassis. Called the Unimux V, the product combines the functions of several types of hub under the Simple Network Management Protocol. It can be implemented as a multiplexer with the backbone connected in a point-to-point, ring or star topology and as a hub to support local network distribution.

The company says that Unimax V combines Ethernet and token-ring LAN distribution with Time Division Multiplexing technology to enable users to centrally manage cabling systems, including roughly 20 different computer systems, network topologies, PBXs, etc. over a fiber-optic backbone. Over 20 real-time and LAN protocols are supported, including IBM 3270, AS/400, RS232 and V.35. Pricing begins at \$5,100.

Fibronics International Inc. One Lowell Research Center 847 Rogers St. Lowell, MA 01852 Circle 142

#### High Wattage UPS Systems

Two uninterruptable power supplies (UPSes) for larger systems have been



introduced by Oneac. The company says that the two new products, the 900-watt Model EG 1109 and the 1,300-watt Model 1113, are sized for use with superservers and multipleserver configurations.

Oneac believes that the machines have roughly twice the run time of similar machines. In addition, the new UPS models include low-impedance, transformer-based power conditioning with a stable reference ground at all frequencies. The two models offer a five-year warranty. The 1109 is \$1,595, while the 1113 begins at \$1,795.

Oneac Corp. 27944 Bradley Road Libertyville, IL 60048 Circle 143

#### **Quicktime for Suns**

An audiovisual playback system that allows video produced in the Apple Quicktime environment to be displayed on Sun SPARCstations has been introduced by CoSA.

Called PACo 2.0, the software effectively makes Quicktime platform-independent. Movies, videos and animation developed on the Macintosh can be displayed on any SPARC, SPARCalike, PC or even older, 68000-based Macintoshes that normally cannot display Quicktime productions.

PACo includes PACo Producer 2.0, which compresses and presents animations, digital videos, visualizations



and audio files. The playback module, the PACo SPARCstation player, runs on the workstation and handles the actual display. There is also a PACo Windows Player for Intelbased PCs. Pricing starts at \$199 for each package.

The Company of Science & Art 14 Imperial Place, Ste. 203 Providence, RI 02903 Circle 144

#### FORTRAN GUI and Tool

An interactive graphical X Window System interface combined with an analysis tool for FORTRAN users has been introduced by Dynetics.

Dynet-X can be used to give exist-

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Aurora Technologies 176 Second Avenue Waltham, MA 02154 617-290-4800 617-290-4844 Fax ing FORTRAN programs access to the X Window System environment, without the need for extensive recoding. The company says that this can be a significant advantage to users who have large investments in dusty-deck FORTRAN applications but lack the resources needed for a massive conversion to C to fully exploit C-based X Window System toolkits.

Moreover, Dynet-X provides a variety of routines for plotting run-time results of FORTRAN programs. The company says that Dynet-X can also help in restructuring a program as a distributed application. In fact, Dynetics says that one of its chief markets will be individuals who are currently running on supercomputer-class machines but now wish to take their existing software to less expensive Sun networks. Pricing for Dynet-X begins at \$2,200.

Dynetics Inc. 800 Hingham St. Rockland, MA 02370 Circle 145

#### **Brixton Enhances**

Brixton Systems has announced significant enhancements to its BrxPPP Point-to-Point Protocol software. Brixton added software support for high-speed T1 routing cards to BrxPPP, improving the product's ability to transmit large packets of data, such as thoset generated by financial institutions, in a high-speed fashion. Brixton's BrxPPP enables SPARCstations to use dialup/leased phone lines for connecting remotely located machines to local SPARCstations utilizing the Point-to-Point Protocol.

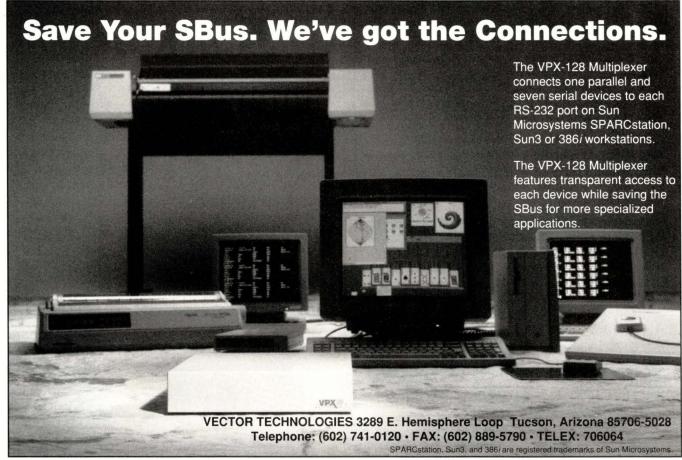
The Brx3270 terminal emulator allows users to communicate interactively with applications on IBM mainframes from a variety of UNIX-based computers. Several new enhancements to this product extend compatibility for IBM display terminals to include Model 3279, Model 2A, 2B, 3A, 3B and 3278 Model 1-5. The 3270 now supports an expanded number of GUIs, including Open Look, Motif and SunView. Additionally, X support allows Brx3270 to execute on any X

server. Workstations from HP, DEC and IBM, as well as X-terminals from NCD and others, can now use the SPARCstation as a gateway to IBM mainframes.

Other enhancements to the 3270 include file transfer, whereby users can move files to and from IBM mainframes. Distributed EHLLAPI is another new feature allowing users to develop programs to this standard 3270 API or port existing applications from PCs to the SPARCstation. Printer emulation has been enhanced, allowing SPARCstations to handle print data, including post-processing capabilities for mail, ftp and quality print, or storing the 3278 print data.

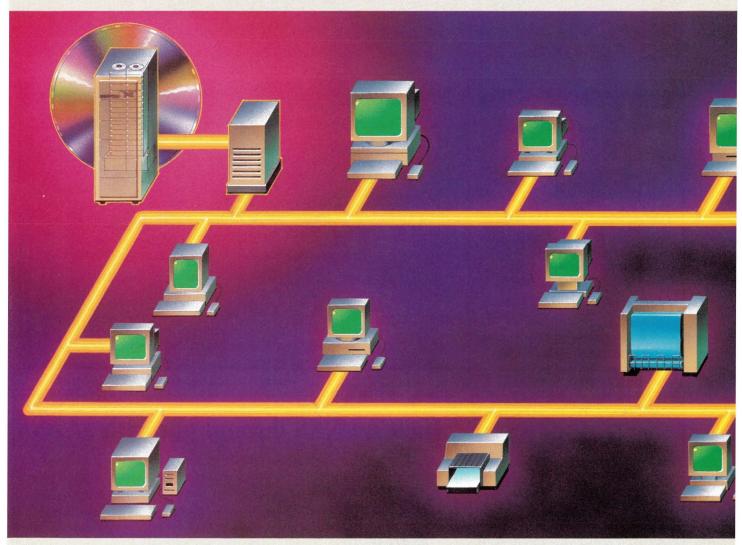
Pricing for the BrxPPP with T1 support is \$995. T1 hardware boards sell for \$1,695 per board, and both products sold as a bundled package sell for \$2,595. The Brx3270 sells for \$1,950.

Brixton Systems Inc. 185 Alewife Brook Pkwy. Ste. 4200 Cambridge, MA 02138 Circle 146



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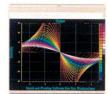
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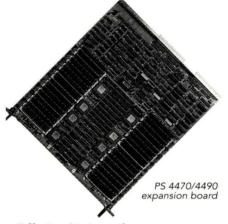
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