

TSC Text Processing System

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Preface

The TSC Text Processing System is the most complex program released by TSC to date. With this in mind, the following recommendations should be noted by the user.

Do not expect to master the system with one reading of the manual. The entire document should be read lightly the first time through, followed by a more rigorous reading. The "Reference Manual" section is very concise and contains detailed descriptions of all of the commands of the processor. This is the section which should be studied extensively.

Since the system is so complex, many results may occur which are contrary to the user's intentions. If strange output is encountered, reread the sections of the manual covering the commands being used. As more experience is gained, the system will become an invaluable tool, but as with any complex system, it takes time to learn its operation.

I. INTRODUCTION TO TEXT PROCESSING.

This world is producing millions of words of text each day. There are words in newspapers, magazines, books, catalogs, pamphlets, letters, documents, and manuals, and they all need to be organized before publication. It would certainly be a never ending task if all text formatting and organization were to be done manually. It simply would not get done. Thanks to computers and programs called text processors, text formatting (sometimes called word processing) becomes a fairly trivial task. The text processor allows for convenient and precise page formatting and organization. The final copy becomes extremely readable and neat, which are desirable features of any printed matter.

Just what can be done with text processors? The simplest functions perform exact page fitting. In other words, if the text page should have one inch margins with a page number centered at the bottom of each page, and perhaps a special title at the top of each, the processor will automatically provide these, given the appropriate commands. Line justification is another feature provided. Several types are available which include left-hand justification (left edge straight, right edge ragged), right-hand only justification (left ragged, right straight), left and right (both edges are straight), and center justification (both edges ragged but lines centered). An extensive text processor will provide features which will allow special operations such as footnote processing. The TSC Text Processing System supports all of the above features.

To gain some insight into the use of a text processor, several specific examples will be given using the TSC Text Processor's command set. The commands used by text processors vary from system to system but many are used in the same fashion. The TSC Text Processor uses an intermixed command and text method. To issue a particular command to the processor, it is necessary to start the command in column number one of a new line and begin the command with the control character, a period ('.'). This is the method used by most of the large scale system formatters including NROFF*, which is the system the TSC Text Processor has been modeled after.

Before any specific examples are shown, a description of the 'environment' will be given. The environment refers to the basic page and formatting features which will be in effect unless otherwise specified. The initial or default environment is very important. The TSC processor, without any command information, will perform left and right justification with a line length of 65 characters (the standard 8 1/2" page line width). Page length is initially defined to be 66 lines which is the standard for 11" paper and 6 lines/inch spacing. Other initial environment features provide for the passing of blank lines to output, and

*NROFF is a text formatting program written at Bell Laboratories. It runs on many large operating systems, including the UNIX Time Sharing System.

for any line starting with a space or spaces to create a new line with the spaces now treated as unpaddingable space characters*. With the environment initialized as above, it is possible to take any text file not having special command information embedded in it and still receive a sensibly formatted output. This is an important feature which is often overlooked by many processor designers. The environment may, of course, be changed or modified at any time by the use of special commands to allow for more personalized and detailed formatting jobs.

Let's take a look at some specific commands of the TSC processor. One of the simplest commands is the center lines command, .CE N, where N is the number of lines to be centered within the current line width. To use this command, as with any of the commands, it is only necessary to place the command right before the lines it is to affect. For example:

```
.CE 2  
The Design of Text Processors  
An Introduction
```

will cause the two lines listed to be neatly centered on the page. It can be seen that this is much easier than trying to manually calculate the correct spacing.

The initial environment was previously described. All of the parameters may be easily changed by the commands which directly affect them. One of the commands is .LN N and is used to set the current line length. To set the line length to 50, all that is necessary is a command line which reads as follows.

```
.LN 50
```

The length is now 50 columns. Another parameter easily set is the page length using the command .PL N, where N is the number of lines per page desired. Some other commands which change environment parameters include .FI and .NF which turn fill mode on and off (no fill) respectively. Fill means that as many words which will fit within the current line length are placed on each output line. This gives a straight left text edge and a slightly ragged right one. No fill simply copies the input lines directly to the output. It should be noted that 'fill' must be on for any justification to occur. The justification feature may be turned off using .NJ for 'no justification' or the type of justification may be set using .JU X. The X is the selection character and may be null which turns justification on in the mode it was previously defined, it may be R for right hand, C for centered, or N for normal (left + right). Left justification is obtained by turning 'fill' on and justification off.

*Unpaddingable spaces are characters which appear as spaces on the output but are not recognized as such by the processor. This means these spaces will not be 'spread out' by the justification routines.

Another environmental parameter is the capitalization mode. This is a special feature found only on the TSC Text Processing System and allows an upper case only terminal to be used for preparation of text which will later be output on a hardcopy device having lower case capabilities. The commands .CP and .NC turn this feature on and off respectively. If this mode is on, all letters are automatically converted to lower case unless preceded by a '@'. The '@' should be thought of as a typewriter shift key in its function. Another feature also enabled in this mode is similar to the 'shift and lock' on a typewriter. By typing a '^' all characters following will be upper case until another '^' is encountered.

It is often desirable, for readability, to use multiple spacing between lines. The TSC processor will allow this using the command .MS N where N is the space count desired and defaults to double spacing (N=2) if no value for N is given. The single space mode can be restored by either using .MS 1 or .SS for 'single space'.

Another group of commands deal with left margins and indentation. The left margin is normally set to 0 since the output device usually provides its own left margin (determined by paper positioning). Some applications require a wider margin at which time .LM N may be used to redefine it to be N spaces wide. Indent is similar to the left margin control with one difference. .LM N preserves the line length and simply moves the line to the right N spaces. .IN N, on the other hand, effectively reduces the line length by N columns in order to preserve the right hand margin. Setting the indent back to 0 will restore the full line length. Another form of indenting can be done by the use of the single indent command .SI N. Single indent is identical to indent except it is automatically restored to 0 after the line is output. It should be noted that the commands for left margin, indent, and single indent are additive in that if the following string of commands is issued:

```
.LM 10  
.IN 8  
.SI 5
```

the resultant output line would be preceded by 23 spaces, succeeding lines are preceded by 18 spaces assuming another .SI command was not used.

A note of caution is necessary concerning a characteristic of several of the processor's commands. Most commands will perform only their specified function but some also cause a line 'break'. A break is the forcing of output of the line currently being collected in the line buffer. Normally a line is kept in the buffer until the specified line length has been reached, at which time justification may or may not occur, depending on the mode enabled (also assuming that 'fill' is turned on). The break will cause the partial line to be output without being filled,

but the appropriate justification will be performed. This is useful for starting new paragraphs or new blocks of text. Some of the commands which cause a break are .CE, .FI, .NF, .IN, and .SI. Sometimes it is desirable that these commands do not cause a break. This can be done by using the 'no break' control character, `!'. So far, all commands have been shown preceded by the normal control character, a period. To set an indent of 10 and not cause a break, the following should be used:

```
.IN 10
```

The colon may be used with any command, whether the command normally causes a break or not.

It is often necessary to produce a section of one or more blank lines. The space command, .SP N, can be used to output N blank lines. The space command also causes a break. If N is not specified, the processor will output 1 blank line. It may be required that the blank lines all be on the same page, maybe for later insertion of a photograph or illustration. The TSC Text Processor allows this by using the 'save space' command, .SV N, where N is the number of lines required. If there are not N lines remaining on the current page, no line is output but instead, printing continues and the count (N) is saved for later use. When the next page is reached, the 'output saved space' command may be used, .OS, which will then produce the remembered number of blank lines. A convenient method for using .OS will be given later. Another similar command is the 'need lines' command, .NL N, where N is a line count. This command says that there must be N lines remaining on the current page, and if there are not, eject to the next page. This is convenient for keeping special blocks of text together (keep them from being split by page boundaries), or for not starting a new paragraph at the bottom of a page if only 1 or 2 lines will fit.

The commands which have been described so far will allow very nice page formatting. If these were all that were available in a text processor, much time and effort would be saved. The TSC Text Processing System, however, offers many more commands and much more versatility. One feature often needed in documents or manuals is the page title. There are many different ways of providing titles but the TSC processor uses a title command which has the form:

```
.TL 'field1'field2'field3'
```

where field1 is left-adjusted, field2 is centered, and field3 is right-adjusted. Any one or all of the fields may be present. Another feature supported in the TSC processor is the ability to print the current page number in the text. Any place a percent sign (%) appears, it will be replaced by the page number. A few examples will clarify the use of the title command.

```
. TL 'Main Title''''
. TL ''Centered Title'Date'
. TL ''-%-''
```

The first line will left adjust "Main Title" on the page. The second example causes "Centered Title" to be centered and "Date" to right adjusted. The final example will cause the current page number to be printed between two dashes.

Now it would be nice if there was some way of getting the title (and maybe a few other commands) to automatically execute at the top and/or bottom of each page of output. The TSC processor offers two advanced features to perform this task: macros and traps. A macro is a set of commands grouped together and given a name. When this name is later referenced, the entire group of commands will be executed. Essentially, what results is the ability to write special programs using the command set of the processor to do specific tasks such as headers, paragraphs, special titles, etc. The trap allows the user to specify a certain line on the output page where a specific macro is to be executed. To solve the title problem stated above it is convenient to define two macros, a header macro and a footer macro. The purpose of the header is to perform a sequence of commands to make the top of each new page appear the same. The footer macro works at the bottom of each page. Suppose it was required that the top of each page have three blank lines followed by a centered title and the bottom of each is to contain a centered page number between dashes. The following macros and trap placement would satisfy this requirement.

```
. DM HD
: SP 3
. TL ''Page Title''
: SP 3
..

. DM FT
: SP 3
. TL ''-%-''
: PG
..

. AT 1 HD
. AT -7 FT
```

The .DM command is used to define a macro and the first one listed in the example defines the header macro called HD. The header macro will space down 3 lines (without causing a break since the no break control character (<: '>) was used), print a centered title, and finally print 3 more blank lines without causing a break. The last line of the header macro definition is '<: '>' and is the command for terminating a macro definition. The second macro defined is FT and is used for the footer. Upon execution it will space down 3 lines (without a break), print a

centered page number, and eject to the next page. The .AT commands were used to set the trap locations. .AT 1 HD causes the header macro to be executed at line 1 of every new page while .AT -7 FT causes the footer macro FT to be executed at the 7th line from the bottom of each page. The ability to specify trap locations and define macros makes titles and footers extremely simple and efficient.

One of the important aspects of using a text processor is the ability to make a few minor command changes and greatly change the final copy. As an example, suppose at the last minute it was decided that it would look better if there were four blank lines at the top of each page rather than three. If the document were being prepared by hand it would be necessary to retype the entire work to obtain the extra space. Using a small text processor it would only be necessary to go back and change the line count before each title. The TSC Text Processor and its ability to define macros means only one line in the entire text file needs to be changed. The second line of the header macro which is currently ':SP 3' would be changed to read ':SP 4'! One simple change and the desired result is obtained! It should be kept in mind that when preparing documents with a processor supporting macro capability, all of the often-used command strings should be defined in a macro so simple global changes may be easily performed if so desired.

There are more advanced features supported in the TSC Text Processing System. One of these is the ability to do conditional command execution. There are four forms of this command:

```
.IF 0 .XX  
.IF E .XX  
.IF N .XX  
.IF !N .XX
```

where O and E stand for Odd and Even page number respectively, and N can be a number, a number register (to be explained shortly), or an expression containing numbers and number registers. The exclamation point is the 'NOT' operator and .XX is any command or macro name. The command works as follows; IF the condition is true (page is odd or even, or the number or expression is greater than zero) the command XX is executed, otherwise it is not. Preceding the expression by '!' will cause the command or macro to be executed only if the condition is not true (less than or equal to zero). The following special header macro definitions will illustrate the use of this command.

```
.DM HD  
:SP 3  
.IF 0 .TL '''Title'  
.IF E .TL 'Title''  
:SP 2  
..
```

```
.DM HD
:SP 3
.IF %-1 .TL 'Title'
:SP 2
..
```

The first header defined causes the title to be right-adjusted on odd numbered pages and left-adjusted on even pages. The second definition will print a centered title on each page except page number one since the value of the expression will be zero when the page number is one (remember that the '%' represents the current page number).

Another feature contained in the TSC processor is the ability to use number registers. Two types exist, one which allows the user to read and access certain system parameters including the date, page number, current indent, left margin, current column position, current line on the page, and line length. The second type are user definable and can be used exactly as variables would be used in a program. Number registers are the single letters A-Z and the percent sign (%) already introduced. Several other number register features are supported by the TSC processor, including auto increment, assigning values to the registers, use in expressions (as seen in the .IF command), and the ability to print any register on the output in either Arabic, capital Roman, or small Roman numerals.

Some processors, including TSC's, allow communication between the processor and the operator during actual text processing. Three of these commands take on the following form:

```
.ST
.TM any string
.GI any string
```

The first command will stop the processing and print 'STOP' on the user's terminal. This may be desirable if special paper positioning is required or other special action is needed. When the processor has been stopped it may be restarted by typing any character on the terminal except an 'S' which will halt processing. The second command listed will send 'any string' to the terminal as a special message. It may be used before the 'STOP' command to issue special instructions to the operator. The last command will 'Get Input' from the terminal and insert it into the output stream. 'Any string' can be used for a prompt. An example where this command is quite useful is in the preparation of form letters. The processor may prompt the operator for names and addresses which are then typed in at the terminal and automatically inserted into the text!

One final command will be described in this introduction, the 'divert text' command. Sometimes it is desirable to save text currently encountered for later use. An example of this is when trying to do footnotes. It would be nice if immediately

after the footnote reference was made, the actual footnote text could be typed, but saved for later insertion at the bottom of the page. The mechanism which allows this sort of operation is called a 'diversion' and is only available on the more complex text processors, such as TSC's. Two forms of the diversion usually exist:

```
.DI XX  
.DA XX
```

where .DI instructs the processor to divert the following text into a diversion space named XX and .DA says to divert and append to the diversion space named XX. During diversion, all normal text processing still takes place, but rather than outputting the text to the printer, the text is written to a special place internal to the processor. The diversion process continues until the command for a divert is found without a name specifier. To recall the diverted text, it is only necessary to call it by name, exactly as macro calls are performed.

As an advanced exercise and demonstration of the diversion process (as well as many other processor commands) a complete set of macros for handling footnotes will be described. The reader should note that the following example is very complex and several readings will probably be required in order to fully understand its operation.

```
.NR B 7  
.DM HD  
:SP 2  
.IF %-1 .TL 'FOOTNOTE TEST''  
:SP 2  
.RU 1  
.NR X 0  
.NR W 0-#B  
.IF #V .TR  
.NS  
..  
.DM FO  
.NR V 0  
.IF #X .FT  
.CH FO -#B  
:PG  
..  
.DM NM  
.TL ''-%-''  
..  
.DM BF  
.DA TX  
.EV 1  
.IF !#+X-1 .SA  
..
```

- continued on next page -

```

.DM EF
.BR
.EV 0
.DI
.NR W -#V
.CH FO #W
.IF #N-#P-#W .CH FO #N+1
.
.DM SA
-----
.BR
.
.DM TR
.BF
.NF
.FE
.FI
.EF
.
.DM FN
.DI FE
.
.DM FT
.EV 1
.NF
.TX
.RM TX
.DI
.FI
.EV 0
.
.AT 1 HD
.AT -#B FO
.AT -4 NM
.CH FO 70
.AT -#B FN
.CH FO -#B
.EV 1
.RU 1
.LN 55
.EV 0

```

This example is quite similar to the one given in the "NROFF Users' Manual" written by J. Ossanna, of Bell Laboratories. To use these macros, merely insert their definitions at the beginning of the text file, and immediately after a footnote reference has been made, call macro BF. Following the call, simply type the footnote text and end it with a call to EF.

A description of the macros follows. The first line defines number register B and sets it equal to 7. Number register B is used to specify the size (in lines) of the bottom margin. A header macro definition follows (HD) and provides several functions. After spacing down two lines, the title is output

unless it is page number one (the IF command). Two more lines are produced and the auto increment value is set to one. Number register X is cleared and it is later used to keep track of the number of footnotes on the current page. Next, W is set to the location of the bottom margin trap and will later be adjusted as necessary if footnotes are added. The IF #V command checks to see if there is any remaining footnote text from the previous page and if so they are reprocessed (number register V contains the line count of the last diversion). Finally, the 'no space' mode is turned on to suppress any spaces which might otherwise get printed needlessly at the top of the page.

The footer macro, FO, clears the diversion count, V, and checks the value of X. If X is not zero (meaning there were footnotes on the page), macro FT is invoked. The footer is then restored to its original location by using the Change command as defined by B. The last command does a page eject. Macro NM is used to print a centered page number at the bottom of each page.

The begin footnote macro, BF, starts with a divert append into the diversion space called TX. The environment* is switched, and if it is the first footnote on the page, macro SA is invoked which outputs a set of dashes as a simple footnote separator line. Diversion of the footnote text continues until macro EF is called. At this time a 'break' is executed and the original environment is restored. The diversion is stopped with the DI command. Number register W is updated by the number of diverted lines and the footer trap line is changed to compensate for the added footnote lines. Finally, if the number of diverted lines was great enough to move the footer trap up past the current line position, the trap is reset to the next line. TR is responsible for rediverting any lines of footnote text which will not fit on the page. It is very unusual for this to happen but this may occur if a footnote is very long and is referenced near the bottom of the page.

Macro FT is used for reading back the diverted text. It switches environments, sets the no fill mode, and calls TX, the actual footnote text. TX is then removed from the macro list, the fill mode is restored, and the environment switched. The last group of lines is used to define the trap locations of the various macros. The header is set to line one, and NM is set to execute four lines from the bottom of the page. The trap for the footer is planted at -#B, then moved past the bottom of the page while FN is also placed at -#B. FO is then moved back as originally placed so in effect both FO and FN are placed at the same line, but trap FN can only occur if the footer trap is moved up by the occurrence of a footnote. The last lines switch to environment one and initialize it for a line length of 55 and auto increment of one.

*Environment switching is a feature supported by many of the larger text processors (including TSC's) which allows all of the major environment parameters to change simultaneously.

As a final example of how a text processor can be used, a sample section of text will be given. The text is shown first with the commands and then as the text processor would output the final copy.

```
. CP
. SP 2
. CE 2
↑TEST OF SEVERAL↑
↑PROCESSOR COMMANDS↑
. SP
. SI 5
@THIS EXAMPLE SHOWS HOW COMMANDS AND TEXT CAN BE INTERMIXED
FOR LATER PROCESSING BY A TEXT PROCESSOR.
@THE EXAMPLE STARTED BY CENTERING TWO LINES FOLLOWED
BY A SINGLE INDENT TO SIGNIFY THE START OF A PARAGRAPH.
@THE CAPITALIZATION MODE IS ON AND THE UPPER CASE SHIFT
CHARACTERS ARE BEING USED.
. SP
. LM 10
. LN 45
. JU C
@THE ADJUST MODE WAS JUST CHANGED TO CENTERING
AS WELL AS A LINE LENGTH OF 45.
@THE LEFT MARGIN WAS SET TO 10 TO GIVE A NICELY
CENTERED NARROW LINE.
@SPECIAL EFFECTS LIKE THESE ARE EASILY ACCOMPLISHED.
. SP
. LM 0
. LN 65
. JU N
@THE PARAMETERS WERE JUST SWITCHED BACK SO THE
LINE APPEARANCE WILL BE RESTORED.
@THIS IS A SHORT EXAMPLE BUT SHOULD SHOW HOW THE
COMMANDS CAN BE INTEGRATED WITH THE TEXT.
```

This example appears in its expanded form on the next page.

This introduction to text processing is intended to be only that and is not a complete treatment of the subject. Many commands and features have been omitted. The ones included are the most general and the most used commands which offer the user a great deal of control and flexibility. Hopefully some eyes have been opened to the wide variety of applications of the text processor.

EXPANDED EXAMPLE

TEST OF SEVERAL
PROCESSOR COMMANDS

This example shows how commands and text can be intermixed for later processing by a text processor. The example started by centering two lines followed by a single indent to signify the start of a paragraph. The capitalization mode is on and the upper case shift characters are being used.

The adjust mode was just changed to centering as well as a line length of 45. The left margin was set to 10 to give a nicely centered narrow line. Special effects like these are easily accomplished.

The parameters were just switched back so the line appearance will be restored. This is a short example but should show how the commands can be integrated with the text.

*NOTE: This entire user's manual was prepared using the TSC Text Editing System and the TSC Text Processing System.

Command Summary

Command Form	Initial Value	Default Argument	Cause Break*	Explanation
I. PAGE CONTROL				
. PL +N	66 lines	66 lines	no	Page length.
. PG +N	N=1	-	yes	Eject to next page.
. PN +N	N=1	ignored	no	Page number.
. LM +N	N=0	previous	no	Left margin.
. NL N	-	N=1	no	Need N lines.
II. TEXT FILLING, ADJUSTING, AND CENTERING				
. BR	-	-	yes	Break buffer.
. FI	fill	-	yes	Fill output lines.
. NF	fill	-	yes	No fill or justification.
. JU C	jst, norm	just.	no	Justify on.
. NJ	just.	-	no	No justification.
. CE +N	off	N=1	yes	Center N input lines.
III. VERTICAL SPACING				
. MS N	prev	N=2	no	Multiple spacing.
. SS	single	-	no	Single space lines.
. SP N	-	N=1	yes	Space N lines.
. SV N	-	N=1	no	Save N lines.
. OS	-	-	no	Output saved lines.
. NS	space	-	no	No-space mode on.
. FS	-	-	no	Restore spacing.
IV. LINE LENGTH AND INDENTING				
. LN +N	65	prev	no	Line length.
. IN +N	N=0	prev	yes	Indent.
. SI +N	-	N=1	yes	Single indent.
. PI ST	-	-	yes	Put string in indent.
V. MACROS, DIVERSIONS, AND LINE TRAPS				
. DM XX	-	ignored	no	Define or redefine a macro.
. AM XX	-	ignored	no	Append to a macro.
. RM XX	-	ignored	no	Remove macro or diversion.
. DI XX	-	end	no	Divert out to macro "XX".
. DA XX	-	end	no	Divert and append to "XX".
. AT -N XX	-	-	no	Set trap at line N.
. CH -N -M	-	-	no	Change trap location.
. CH XX -M	-	-	no	" " "
..	-	-	no	End macro specification.

 *The use of ':' as the control character (instead of '<') suppresses the break function.

Command Form	Initial Value	Default Argument	Cause Break	Explanation
VI. NUMBER REGISTERS				
.NR X +N	-	-	no	Number register.
.AU +N	0	prev	no	Set auto increment.
.AR	arabic	-	no	Arabic numbers.
.CR	arabic	-	no	Capital Roman numbers.
.SR	arabic	-	no	Small Roman numbers.
VII. TABS AND TAB CHARACTERS				
.TA N,..	none	none	no	Set tab columns.
.TF C	un. sp. *	un. sp. *	no	Set tab fill character.
.TC C	none	none	no	Set tab character.
VIII. THREE PART TITLES				
.TL 'left'center'right'			no	Define title.
.LT +N	65	prev	no	Length of title.
IX. CONDITIONAL INPUT COMMANDS				
.IF C COMMAND	-	-	no	If true, do command.
.IF !C COMMAND	-	-	no	"
.IF N COMMAND	-	-	no	"
.IF !N COMMAND	-	-	no	"
X. ENVIRONMENT SWITCHING				
.EV N	N=0	N=0	no	Change environments.
XI. SPECIAL CONTROL COMMANDS				
.CP	no caps	-	no	Capitals mode on.
.NC	no caps	-	no	No caps mode.
.ST	-	-	yes	Stop processing.
.EX	-	-	yes	Exit processor.
.PS	no pass	-	no	Pass text without proc.
.RP	-	-	yes	Repeat entire file.
.DH	-	-	yes	Double height line**.
.DW	-	-	yes	Double width line**.
.DB	-	-	yes	Double height and width**.

 *Un. sp. = unpaddable space character.
 **These commands require the output device
 to support double dimensioned character printing.

Command Form	Initial Value	Default Argument	Cause Break	Explanation
XII. EXTERNAL COMMUNICATION				
.TM ST	-	-	no	Send string to terminal.
.GI ST	-	-	no	Get line from terminal.
XIII. MISCELLANEOUS				
.*	-	-	no	Comment field.
XIV. UNDERLINE				
.UL	-	-	no	Underline next input line.
XV. DISK ORIENTED COMMANDS				
.IC C	">"	">"	no	Set item character.
.OF NAME	-	-	no	Open data file.
.CF	-	-	no	Close data file.
.RI S	-	-	no	Read item from file.
.NI N	-	N=1	no	Move to next item.
.NB N	-	N=1	no	Move to next block.

SPECIAL CHARACTER DEFINITIONS

Character Meaning

\	Standard escape character.
@	Force capital letter.
↑	Set capital letter mode.
#	Number register specifier.
.	Basic control character.
:	No break control character.

NUMBER REGISTERS

Register	Meaning
A-B	User definable
C	Current column count
D	Day of the month
E	End of data file flag
F	User definable
G	.GI & .RI character count
H	User def.
I	Current indent
J-K	User def.
L	Current line length
M	Month
N	Line count on page
O	Current left margin
P	Current page length
Q-U	User def.
V	Last diversion line count
W-X	User def.
Y	Year (2 digits)
Z	User def.
%	Page number.

Reference Manual

INTRODUCTION

All input lines to the processor which are to be interpreted as commands should be started with the control character (a `.' or `:') in column one followed immediately by the two letter command. If the characters are not system command names or user defined macros, the line will be ignored. The `nobreak' control character (`.:') may be used with any command to suppress normal line breakage during processing. Only a single command reference is permitted on any one line.

The following detailed command descriptions reference numerical arguments either as N, +N, or -N. N means any argument is taken as absolute and any previous value is simply replaced by the new value. +N is used when the argument may take any form of a number (either positive, negative, or absolute). Valid arguments of this form are +4, -10, and 3 where the old value would be incremented by 4, decremented by 10, and replaced by 3 respectively. Arguments of the form -N may use absolute values or negative values which are subtracted from the current page length (to reference N number of lines from the bottom of the page). When expressions are involved using the +N argument, the entire N is evaluated before the increment or decrement is applied (e.g. -6-3 will decrement the value by 3). Certain commands requiring arguments will keep the last argument assigned if the argument field is left empty when the command is called.

I. PAGE CONTROL

The page control commands are used to set the physical page parameters such as length, width, margins, numbering, etc. Top and bottom margins are not automatically provided and should be defined by the user with macros as described in a later section.

- . PL +N Set page length to N lines. Initial value is 66 lines and is reset to 66 if no argument is given. Does not cause a break. The maximum N is 255.
- . PG +N Eject to next page. If N is given the new page number will be adjusted accordingly. The page number is automatically incremented if no argument is given and the command does cause a break. Max N is 255.
- . PN +N Set the page number to +N. If .PN occurs before the first break or first text, it will be set for the first page. The value is initially 1 and the command does not cause a break. The maximum page number is 255.
- . LM +N Set the left margin according to +N. The entire output line will be offset to the right by the number of spaces the current LM is defined. Initially there is

no margin (N=0) and no break occurs. Left margins should not exceed 100.

.NL N Need N lines on the page. If the distance to the next trap position or the bottom of the page is less than N, the paper is advanced to the next trap position (blank lines output). Otherwise no action takes place. No break occurs and the default argument is N=1.

II. TEXT FILLING, ADJUSTING, AND CENTERING

The following commands affect the appearance of individual lines of text. Two important parameters are referenced, Fill and Justify. The default fill mode is to fill output lines with as many words as possible without exceeding the set line length value. Any extra words are saved for output on the next line. A word is defined to be any string of characters separated by a space or spaces. If two words are to be separated by a space but are not to be split across line boundaries or separated by the justification routines, the unpadding space character, "\ " (slash space) may be used. The default justification mode is left and right, giving straight margins on both sides. Filled lines which contain too few character positions to completely fill out the specified line length are padded with spaces until the correct length is achieved. The space filling or padding is done from alternate sides of the page as each line is justified to eliminate 'white rivers' which may otherwise occur in the text. No hyphenation is performed. It is important to note that fill must be on in order for the justification to be performed, but fill may be on by itself. If fill mode is off, characters are passed exactly as they appear on the input file.

.BR Break the line currently being filled in the buffer. The line is output after specified justification is done but no further filling or padding is attempted. Input lines beginning with spaces and empty text lines (blank lines) also cause a break.

.FI Fill mode is turned on and subsequent output lines are filled. This command causes a break.

.NF Turn off fill mode (nofill). Following input lines are neither filled or justified, but are copied to the output exactly as they appear on input, without regard to the current line length. Causes a line break.

.JU C Justification is enabled. If fill mode is off, adjusting will be deferred until it is back on. If the justify type character, "C", is present the justification type is set as follows: N sets for normal (default, left and right), R sets right only justify, and C will center lines (both margins ragged). If the type character is absent, justification is turned back on with the type previously used. No break is caused.

- .NJ Turn justification off. If fill is on, the resultant output line will have a straight left and a ragged right edge. No break is caused and the justify type remains unchanged.
- .CE +N Center the next N input lines. A break occurs before the command and then automatically after each line is output. If the resultant line is longer than the current line length, the output line will be left hand adjusted. The maximum count is 255.

III. VERTICAL SPACING

All line spacing defaults to standard single spacing. It may be set at any time by using the MS command. If the line spacing is N, N-1 blank lines are inserted after each output line. The occurrence of a trap will terminate any remaining spacing count. Contiguous space should be saved by using the SV and OS commands.

- .MS N Set multiple line spacing to N. N-1 blank lines are inserted after each output line. No break is caused and if N is not specified the value of 2 will be used (double spacing). Max value is 255.
- .SS Set single space mode. No blank lines are output after text lines and no break occurs.
- .SP N Space N lines. The number of output lines is limited to the distance to the nearest trap or bottom of the page. If nospace mode is on, no spaces are output. If no value for N is given, it defaults to 1. SP causes a break.
- .SV N Save N lines of space. If the distance to the next trap (or the bottom of the page) is greater than N, N lines are output, otherwise no lines are immediately output but the count (N) is saved for later output (see OS). Subsequent SV commands will overwrite any previously remembered N. Nospace mode has no effect. The command does not cause a break and the default value for N is 1.
- .OS Output saved space. This command is used to output any previously saved space from the SV request. The remembered count is cleared after calling OS and nospace mode has no effect. A break does not occur.
- .NS No-space mode is turned on. The no-space mode inhibits SP requests and PG requests without a next page number. This mode is automatically turned off after the output of a line of text. No break is caused.
- .RS Restore space mode. If the nospace mode is on, it is turned off with this command without causing a break.

IV. LINE LENGTH AND INDENTING

Using the following set of commands, the user has complete control over the line length and various forms of indenting. The line length includes all indent spaces but does not include left margin spacing. As long as the fill mode is turned on, the resultant output line will be less than or equal to the current line length minus the indent. Line lengths of less than 6 columns are not permitted.

- .LN +N Set line length. The initial value is 65 columns and the command does not cause a line break. Line lengths must be between 6 and 255 columns inclusive.
- .IN +N Set the line indent according to N. With a line length of L and an indent of N, N spaces are output before each line and the remaining text is restricted to a size of L-N. Initially the indent is 0 and the command causes a break.
- .SI +N Single indent N spaces. Only the next output line will be indented by the amount specified by N. Note that single indenting may be done backwards into an indent field. (e.g. if indent is 10, SI -4 would temporarily set the overall indent to 10-4 or 6). IN and SI counts are cumulative and the final value may not be negative! This command causes a line break.
- .PI ST Put string in indent field. The string represented by "ST" (leading spaces ignored), is inserted into the field normally filled with spaces by the indent count. If the string is longer than the indent count, the string will be truncated so it will not extend past the indent field.

V. MACROS, DIVERSIONS, AND LINE TRAPS

A macro is a set of commands and/or text which can be assigned a name and called by name at a later time. All macro names are two characters long and must be different from any names already in existence in the system command name table. Macros are defined or redefined by using the DM command, or by using the output diversion command, DI. Macros already in existence may be appended to by using the AM or DA commands. If a macro is named XX, it may be invoked by an input line beginning with ".XX". A trap may also be placed at a specific vertical page placement to cause automatic macro execution at that point by using the AT command. During macro definition, number registers are not expanded into numeric values but are at the time the macro is executed. No other special character translation is done during macro definitions (e.g. tab expansion, etc.). Keep in mind that macros may be any combination of commands, macro calls, and text, but a macro may not define another macro (it may create a diversion).

A diversion is treated as a macro upon execution but is created in a different manner. Processed output may be diverted into a macro space for such purposes as footnote processing or vertical page size determination for conditional changing of page parameters (number register V contains the last diversion line count). All normal processing takes place during a diversion except left margins. It is standard practice to read back the diverted text in 'nofill' mode to suppress further line processing.

If at any time during macro definitions or diversion creation the macro space is overflowed, a system error will be generated and processing will be halted. None of the macro commands cause breaks in the line filling.

- . DM XX Define or redefine a macro with the character name XX. The actual macro begins with the next input line. The macro definition is copied until the termination character "." is found starting in column 1. Macros may not contain DM requests but may create diversions.
- . AM XX Append to the macro named XX. This command acts exactly like DM except the following input lines are appended to an existing macro rather than creating a new named space.
- . RM XX Remove macro or diversion. The macro named XX is removed from the name list and subsequent calls to this name will have no effect.
- . DI XX Divert output into the macro space named XX. The macro named XX is defined or redefined at this point. All normal text processing occurs during diversions except left margin page offsetting is not done. The diversion process is ended when another DI or DA is encountered. Diversions can not be nested! The count of the number of lines last diverted is kept in number register V for possible later reference.
- . DA XX Divert append version of DI. The same rules apply for both commands.
- . AT -N XX At line N invoke macro XX. Any macro previously planted at line -N is replaced by XX. N is measured from the top of the page (0 or 1 may be used to represent the top) and -N is measured from the bottom of the page (e.g. if the page length is 66, line -1 represents line 66). If no macro name is given with the command, the trap located at line -N, if any, is removed.
- . CH -N -M Change trap. See next.

.CH XX -M Change the trap planted at line -N to occur instead at line -M. Alternately, change the location of the trap for macro XX to line -M. If there is not a trap set at -N, the request is ignored.

.. Terminate a macro definition.

VI. NUMBER REGISTERS

Number registers are a type of variable used during processing. There are two classifications, user definable and system. Number registers have single character names (A through Z and '%'). Number registers may be used any time a number is expected in a command and also may appear imbedded in text. There are two methods of referencing a number register:

#X
#+X

where '#' is the register designator character and X is the name of the register. When using '%' it should not be preceded by the '#'. The '+' in the second example specifies that the number register is to be auto incremented prior to its use and it will retain the new incremented value. The auto increment amount is set using the AU command. When a number register reference is encountered it is converted to decimal, lower case Roman, or upper case Roman, as determined by the mode set. Number registers appearing in macro definitions are not converted until the macro is actually executed. Number registers may also be used to construct expressions any time a number is expected in a command (expressions may not be imbedded in text). The expressions are evaluated left to right and may contain only the operators '+' and '-'.

.NR X +N Assign a value to number register X. This command should only be used to assign values to user definable number registers.

.AU +N Set the auto increment amount to +N. Any time a register is referenced as "#+X", the AU value will be added to it prior to its actual use.

.AR Arabic numbers. See below.

.CR Capital (upper case) Roman numbers. See below.

.SR Small (lower case) Roman numbers. Number registers will subsequently be converted into Arabic, capital Roman, or small Roman respectively. This mode is initially Arabic and also applies to the outputting of page numbers using the '%'.
..

The following is a list of the system and user definable number register names.

Register	Meaning
A-B	User definable
C	Current column count
D	Day of the month
E-F	User def.
G	Get input (.GI) character count
H	User def.
I	Current indent
J-K	User def.
L	Current line length
M	Month
N	Line count on page
O	Current left margin
P	Current page length
Q-U	User def.
V	Last diversion line count
W-X	User def.
Y	Year (2 digits)
Z	User def.
%	Page number

VII. TABS AND TAB CHARACTERS

The currently defined horizontal tab character is replaced by the required number of fill characters corresponding to the distance to the next defined tab stop column (on the line currently being filled). The fill character is normally the unpaddingable space character but may be defined by using the TF command. Up to 20 tab stops may be defined and should be set in ascending order. Initially no tab stops are defined and the tab character is null. Any non alphanumeric character may be defined as the tab character. It should be noted that using tabs with the fill mode turned on can result in nonsensical output tab fields since the user may not know what the current output column is.

- .TA N... Tab stop settings. The default tab stops are all null (none) and a total of 20 may be defined. The stop values may be separated by spaces, commas, or any other nonnumerics, e.g. TA 10,20,25,40.
- .TF C Set the tab fill character. This is normally the unpaddingable space character but may be defined to any nonnumeric printable character. If 'C' is not specified the fill defaults to the unpaddingable space character.
- .TC C Define the tab character. Initially the tab character is null (none) but may be defined to any nonnumeric printable character. If 'C' is not specified the tab character again becomes null.

VIII. THREE PART TITLES

Very convenient titling may be performed by using the TL command. Three fields may be used for left, centered, and right justification of titles. All 3 fields may be used or any combination of fields. The justification is done with respect to the title length which is independent of the defined line length. This length is initially 65 columns. The use of TL has no effect on current line accumulation (does not cause a break). TL is usually used in header and footer macros. For example, .TL '-%-' will print the page number in the center of the title length.

.TL 'LEFT'CENTER'RIGHT'

Place titles adjusted according to field. The strings represented by "LEFT", "CENTER", and "RIGHT" are respectively left adjusted, centered, and right adjusted within the current title length. Any of the fields may be empty and any nonnumeric printing character may be used in place of the field delimiter "'". The "%" character will be replaced by the current page number in Arabic or Roman representation.

.LT +N Set title length. The lengths of titles and lines are separate parameters. Indents do not apply to titles but left margin adjustment does.

IX. CONDITIONAL INPUT COMMANDS

Input command and macro calls may be performed on a conditional bases. Chained conditionals are permitted as in: IF #A IF #B .XX.

.IF C COMMAND See next

.IF !C COMMAND "

.IF N COMMAND "

.IF !N COMMAND

IF is the conditional command. "COMMAND" can be any system command or macro name. "C" is a built in condition code and can be either O or E to represent Odd or Even page numbers respectively. "N" is any number and can be a number, a number register, or any combination of these in the form of an expression using addition and subtraction. If the condition is true (the built in condition is satisfied or the number is greater than zero), the command or macro named is executed, otherwise the command is ignored. If "C" or "N" are preceded by a '!' (not), the command is executed if the condition is false or the number is less than or equal to zero.

X. ENVIRONMENT SWITCHING

There are a number of parameters which control the text processing and are grouped together and called the environment. These environment parameters may be changed all at once using the switch command. There are two environments, 0 and 1. They both have identical initial values for all parameters. Parameters within these environments are those associated with:

line length	vertical line spacing
indenting	centering count
adjusting	auto increment
filling	partially collected words
title length	partially collected lines

All other parameters are global, or in other words, they are not switched with the environment but remain unchanged. Examples of global values include left margin, page number, current line number, number registers, trap tables, and macro definitions. Since partially collected words and lines are kept with the environment, switching environments will not cause a break and will also preserve any left over words.

.EV N Change to environment N where N can be 0 or 1. If N is left null, environment 0 is assumed.

XI. SPECIAL CONTROL COMMANDS

The following commands control certain aspects of the processor. The double height and width commands are hardware dependent. You should refer to the "adaption" section of this manual for details.

.CP Turn capital letter mode on. When enabled, this mode will allow the use of an upper case only terminal to prepare text for later output to a device which supports both upper and lower case. Each character is automatically converted to lower case unless it is immediately preceded by a '@' at which time that character remains upper case. Strings of characters may be kept in upper case by enclosing them between up arrows "↑". The "@" is like a shift key and the "↑" acts like a shift and lock key.

.NC Turn off capitals mode. Initially this mode is off and the special capitalization characters ("@" and "↑") are ignored.

.ST Stop causes processing to temporarily halt and the word "STOP" is output to the terminal. At this time, typing an "S" will cause all processing to be stopped and the processor will be exited. Typing any other character will cause processing to continue. The stop command does cause a line break.

- . EX Exit the processor. Text processing is stopped just as if all input had been finished. This command is useful in conjunction with the IF command.
- . PS Pass all input to the output. This command is primarily intended as a debugging aid since it allows all input (including command lines) to be passed to the output. No command interpretation or processing is done and once in this mode, the remaining text will be passed until the end of the input file is reached.
- . RP Repeat processing on file. This command will cause the file to be 'rewound' and all processing to be repeated. This is useful for some form letter type applications.
- . DH Print the next line in double height characters. This feature requires special hardware on the output device. Consult "Adaptions" for details.
- . DW Print the next line in double width characters. Requires special hardware.
- . DB Print next line in both double height and double width characters. Requires special hardware.

XII. EXTERNAL COMMUNICATION

Two commands exist which allow for communication between the processor and the user during actual text processing. The TM command is useful for sending special instructions to the terminal such as paper adjustment or character font change information. The GI command can be used in form letter preparation or insertion of special text strings while processing is taking place.

- . TM ST Send a message to the terminal. ST may be any string of characters or words. The leading blanks are ignored. The message is simply output to the terminal and may be used before the Stop command to issue special instructions.
- . GI ST Get input from the terminal. If ST is present (any string), it is output to the terminal as a prompt message. Characters typed from the terminal following the execution of GI are automatically inserted into the input stream for text processing. This command can be used to get name and address information for form letter preparation. The 'get input' function is terminated by typing a carriage return, therefore, only one line of text may be entered with each GI command executed. After completion of the command, the number register G contains the character count of the string typed (not including the carriage return).

XIII. MISCELLANEOUS

The following describe some of the smaller features of the text processor.

- . * Comment field. This may be used to insert comments into the input text and will be ignored by the processor. No output is created with this command (the comment is not passed to the output).

Special Characters

- \ Standard escape character. This character is used to remove special meaning from a character. For example, if a percent sign ("%") is needed in the output it is necessary to precede it with the "\", otherwise it will be interpreted as the page number (e.g. \%). To print a backslash, "\\\" must be used.
- @ Force upper case letter if in the capitals mode (CP). This acts similar to the 'shift' key on a typewriter. Example: "@test" will be output with an upper case "T" and lower case "est".
- ↑ Upper case string delimiter. This character acts similar to the 'shift and lock' key on a typewriter. As an example, ↑this is a test↑ would cause "this is a test" to be output in all upper case characters. The capitals mode must be on (CP).
- # Number register specifier. When an alphabetic character is immediately preceded by a "#" it will be interpreted as a number register. Example: "#A" refers to number register "A".
- . The period is the basic command control character. If in column one, it specifies a two character command or macro name follows.
- : The colon is the no-break control character. It functions exactly like the period, but will suppress breaks caused by various commands.
- % Page number symbol. Any place the percent sign appears, it will automatically be replaced by the current page number.

Special notes

- A. Any time input is being typed into the processor, typing a 'control X' will delete that line and issue a "?" as a prompt.
- B. The processor automatically makes sure there are two spaces after ".", "!", or "?". This does not apply to punctuation immediately followed by another character.

FLEX Version Features

I. BRINGING UP THE SYSTEM

The disk processor command file name is "PR.COMD". The general syntax for the PR command is:

```
PR,<file spec>[,<list of file specs>]
```

The <file spec> designates which text file is to be processed, and defaults to a .TXT extension. If the text to be processed is divided among several files, each file spec may be listed separately on the calling line separated by commas. A special feature supported by PR is the ability to process files from any number of discs on systems containing a limited number of drives. Substituting a '*' for the <file spec> any where on the calling line where a <file spec> is expected will cause the processor to halt and output to the terminal:

```
CHANGE DISKS AND TYPE A KEY
```

At this time, insert the disk containing the continuation file(s) and type any key to restart processing. It should be noted that the ability to process multiple files with one calling line should only be used when the files are actual continuations of the same text. The processor treats them as if they were all part of the same file, continuing page numbers, indenting, page width, etc., just as if the first file had never ended.

One other feature supported by the processor is the ability to automatically process a macro definition file prior to processing any of the files specified. Upon the execution of PR, the 'working' drive disk is searched for a file named 'MACRO.TXT'. If none is found, the processor starts processing the first file specified. If a MACRO file is present, it is read in and processed, just as if it had been the first file specified in the calling line. This is useful for defining all often used macros in this file so it is not necessary to redefine them in each processor text file prepared.

A few examples will clarify the calling of PR:

```
PR,CHAPTER1  
PR,0,CHPTR1,1,CHPTR2,*,0,CHPTR3
```

The first example will process the file named CHAPTER1.TXT. The file MACRO.TXT will also be processed if it exists. The second example will first try to process the file MACRO.TXT, then process the files CHPTR1.TXT on drive 0 and CHPTR2.TXT on drive 1. The processor will then halt and output the 'CHANGE DISK' message to the terminal because of the '*' used as a file spec. After changing disks in drive 0 and typing a key, the processor will process the file named CHPTR3.TXT on drive 0.

When the processor is called, the following message will be output to the terminal:

PAGE LIMITS?

and is used to specify a particular block of pages to be processed. Typing a carriage return will cause all pages to be processed and output. Typing two numbers separated by a space or a comma will cause only the pages between those numbers (inclusive) to be output. For example, typing:

10,16

will result in only pages numbered 10 through 16 to be output. If just one number is entered, the processor will start outputting at that page number and continue to the end of the file. It should be noted that the processor always starts numbering the first page as number one unless instructed otherwise. As the processor is working, it may be stopped at any time by typing a "control C" on the terminal. (This feature is only supported on computers using a serial type interface (MP-S) as the terminal interface port.) The processor will respond with:

..BREAK..

output to the terminal. At this time processing may be continued by typing any character except an "S" which will cause the processor to be exited.

II. GENERAL USE

There are several things to keep in mind while preparing text for the text processor. Remember that all commands must begin in column one. It is usually most convenient to begin each sentence on a new line for easy future editing. Macros should be used as often as possible. The reason for this is to keep global changes as simple as possible, e.g. change only one line in a macro as opposed to changing single commands scattered throughout the file. It is not necessary to understand how the macros provided in this manual work in order to use them. All that is necessary is to know how to use them which is thoroughly explained. As experience is gained with the processor, you will be able to create your own special purpose macros for easy formatting.

III. DISK ORIENTED COMMANDS

Several additional commands exist in the disk version of the text processor. All of these commands deal with the use of a "data file". The data file is a set of "blocks", with each block being divided into "items". An item can be any set of text or processor commands followed by an "end of item" character. The "end of item" character is initially a '>' but may be redefined using the .IC command (see below). The end of a block is specified by a null or empty item (two successive end of item characters form a null item; e.g. End of block>>) There are processor commands which allow inserting items into text (see .RI), skipping items (see .NI), moving to a new block (.NB), and the ability to open and close data files. For a specific example of these commands, see the Form Letter example in the MACRO LIBRARY section.

- . IC C Set the end of item character. This character is initially a '>' but may be defined to any nonalphanumeric printable character. If 'C' is not specified, the character defaults back to a '>'.

- . OF NAME Open a data file. This command will prepare the specified file for reading. If 'NAME' is specified on the command line (it should follow standard file spec rules) that file will be opened if found on the disk. If 'NAME' is not specified on the command line, the processor will prompt the terminal with: "DATA FILE NAME? " at which time the desired file name should be entered. The default extension is .TXT. If a file is already open, the .OF command will be ignored by the processor. It is only possible to have one file open at any one time. Closing a file using .CF will allow another file to then be opened.

- . CF Close data file. If a data file is opened, it will be closed and not allow any more data to be read from it. If no file is open, the command has no affect.

- . RI Read item from input file. If a file has been opened, the RI command will cause input from the file until an "end of item" character is read. The end of item character will be returned as a space if in the fill mode, or a carriage return if in nofill mode. If an S appears on the calling command line (.RI S), no character will be returned for the end of item character. In other words, the character will be 'S'uppressed. If there are no items remaining in the current block, .RI will have no affect. The RI command will also be ignored if no file has been opened. After reading data with the RI command, number register G will contain a count of the number of characters just read in.

- .NI N Move to next item. Normally sequential items are read by using the RI command. It is often desirable to skip items while processing text from a data file. The .NI command is used to skip one or more items in a block. If N is present on the calling line, it should be a number (or number register) which specifies the number of items to be skipped. If N is not present, the default is one item to be skipped. NI will not move past the end of a block.
- .NB N Move to next block. The use of NI and RI commands cause the sequential reading of items and will never move into the next block. It is necessary to use the .NB command to advance to the next block. If N is specified (a number or number register), N-1 blocks will be skipped. (example: If .NB 2 were specified, the next block would be skipped over and the next data read would be from the block following). If N is not specified, it defaults to 1. If there are no more blocks left in the data file and the .NB command is used, number register E will be set to one to designate an End of file condition.

IV. ADDITIONAL COMMANDS AND FEATURES

The disk version of the processor contains one additional command. This command permits underlining of words but may only be used with printer devices which support single character backspace capability. Unpredictable results will occur when trying to use this command on printers not supporting backspace.

- .UL Underline the next input line. The following line of text (single or multiple words) will result in the output being underlined. Only alphanumeric characters are underlined.

Macro Library

The following macro descriptions range from simple header and footer macros to a very complex footnote macro. It is not necessary to understand how the macros work, just how to use them. Each macro includes a description of what it does and how it can be used.

I. HEADERS AND FOOTERS

These macros are used to define top and bottom margins and also specify the contents of these margins, such as page numbers, titles, etc. Almost all processing jobs will require some sort of header and footer. Usually the macro definitions are placed at the beginning of the file (they need to appear before they are called for execution). The "AT" command is used to set the trap location (the line at which the macro should automatically execute) of each of the macros. Headers are set to line 1 and footers to a specific distance from the bottom of the page. Once these macros have been defined and their trap locations set, they can be forgotten about since the processor will do all the rest of the work. The first macro is a simple header macro which provides two blank lines, a centered title, and two more blank lines at the top of each page.

```
.DM HD
:SP 2
.TL ``CENTERED TITLE``
:SP 2
.NS
.OS
..

.AT 1 HD
```

All of the header macros will contain a NS and OS command. NS will suppress any unnecessary spacing which may occur due to the unpredicted appearance of a SP command. For example, if the start of a new paragraph just happens to start at the top of a new page, there is no reason for the paragraph macro to space down two lines, since we are at the top of the page. NS will keep this from happening. The OS command instructs the processor to output any 'saved space' from the previous page. The next header is a little fancier. It does everything the previous one does except the titling is done a little differently. Here, if the current page number is even, the title is left hand justified. If the page is odd, the title is right hand adjusted.

```
.DM HD
:SP 2
.IF E .TL 'EVEN TITLE''
.IF O .TL ''ODD TITLE'
:SP 2
.NS
.OS
..

.AT 1 HD
```

Subtitles may be used by simply placing a second TL command which contains the subtitle. The last header example is for those using a printer which uses separate sheets of paper (as opposed to continuous fed). This macro will issue a message to the terminal which instructs the operator to insert a new sheet of paper, before each page of text is processed. The paper should be set up such that the first line printed will be the top line of the paper. The operator will have to type a character on the terminal after each stop to restart the processor. Remember that typing an "S" will halt the processor.

```
.DM HD
.TM INSERT NEW SHEET
:ST
:SP 2
.TL ''TITLE''
:SP 2
.NS
.OS
..

.AT 1 HD
```

Footer macros are similar to headers except they are set to execute at the bottom of a page. For example, specifying AT -6 FO would cause the macro called FO to automatically execute at the 6th line from the bottom of the page. The first footer gives a five line bottom margin with the page number between 2 dashes centered on the page, 3 lines from the bottom.

```
.DM FO
:SP 2
.TL '--%-''
:PG
..

.AT -5 FO
```

It is often desirable to have page numbers on every page except page number one. The following footer will do exactly that.

```
.DM FO
:SP 2
:IF %-1 .TL '--%-'
:PG
..
.AT -5 FO
```

There are several other types of header and footer macros which can be created. Some of these appear in the macros which follow.

II. PARAGRAPHS AND HEADINGS

There are many forms of paragraphing. The TSC Text Processor does not restrict one to using one particular form. One type of paragraph is to produce one blank line and start the first line of the paragraph indented five spaces. The following macro does just that:

```
.DM PP
.SP
.SI 5
..
```

To use the paragraph macro, simply call it by name any time a new paragraph is desired (e.g. type ".PP" in column one). One little feature which may be added to the macro is a need lines command, NL. In the following example, NL 3 is used to tell the processor that we desire at least three lines be left on the page before a new paragraph is started. This will keep one or two lone lines from being placed at the bottom of the page.

```
.DM PP
.SP
.NL 3
.SI 5
..
```

Many other types of paragraph macros may be created along the same lines as those presented.

Another useful macro can be created for major heading creation. One type of major heading might have a centered title spaced two lines down from the last line of text. The macro to accomplish this may look as follows:

```
.DM MH
.SP 2
.CE
..
```

To use this macro, type ".MH" when the heading is desired. The next line should contain the heading title. For example:


```
Line of text.  
.MH  
Heading Title
```

The last two macro examples are quite simple, but show how even two or three lines of commands may be replaced by a single macro call. This is quite useful if these operations are going to be repeated many times throughout a document.

III. FOOTNOTES

The following set of macros is all that is required to do very efficient and easy footnote handling. A description of how they actually work is contained in the introduction of this manual. To use these macros, it is only necessary to include their descriptions at the beginning of your file. As soon after a footnote is referenced in the text, call the macro BF (begin footnote) to begin the footnote. Immediately following this call, type the contents of the footnote, followed by a call to the macro EF (end footnote). The following serves as an example:

```
Text here referencing a footnote*.  
.BF  
*Footnote contents typed here and  
may be several lines long.  
.EF
```

It should be noted that the footnote macros contain their own header and footer macros which may be modified as desired. These macros should be the first lines of a file.

```
.NR B 7  
.DM HD  
:SP 2  
.IF %-1 .TL 'FOOTNOTE TEST''  
:SP 2  
.AU 1  
.NR X 0  
.NR W 0-#B  
.IF #V .TR  
.NS  
..  
.DM FO  
.NR V 0  
.IF #X .FT  
.CH FO -#B  
:PG  
..  
.DM NM  
.TL ''-%-''  
..
```

- continued -

```

0836 97 90 STA A NUMBER
0835 19 DAA
0833 99 90 ADC A NUMBER
0832 17 TBA
0830 97 91 STA A NUMBER+1
082F 19 DAA
082D 98 91 ADD A NUMBER+1
082C 16 TAB
082A 86 99 DECNUM LDA A ##99
NR W -#- M
CH FO # # * DECREMENT NUMBER BY ONE
IF 1+N# OF CH .M#-P#-N#
DM SA RETURN
0829 39 TSTOV2 RTS
0826 7D 00 73 TST OVREND
0824 26 03 BNE TSTOV2
0821 7D 00 72 TSTOVR TST OVRBEG
DM TR BEGINNING?
BF * TEST FOR OVER END LIMITS
NF
FE
FI RETURN
EF UPONE1 BEG
0820 39 RTS
081E 27 F3 BEG UPONE1
081C 9C 99 CPX FILEND
081B 08 INX
0819 8D CB UPONE2 BSR FNDCRT
0817 20 D7 BRA BAKONE
0815 D7 73 STA B OVREND
0813 C6 01 UPONE1 LDA B #1
0811 26 06 BNE UPONE2
080F 9C 99 UPONE CPX FILEND
DM XT END OF FILE? XT
FI * MOVE UP ONE LINE
080E 39 RTS
080B 7C 00 72 BAKON6 INC OVRBEG
0809 27 FC BEG BAKON4
0808 5D BAKON5 TST B
0807 39 BAKON4 RTS
0805 C6 01 LDA B #1
0804 08 INX
0802 2A F2 BPL BAKON2
0801 5A DEC B
07FF 26 F5 BNE BAKON2
07FD 81 0D CMP A #CRGRET
07FB A6 00 LDA A O,X
07FA 9C 97 BAKON7 BEG
07F7 9C 97 BAKON2 DEX
07F6 09 BAKON2 DEX
07F4 C6 01 LDA B #1
07F2 27 17 BEG BAKON6
07F0 9C 97 BAKONE CPX FILBEG
LDCN B1 B2 B3

```

Please remember that it is not necessary to fully understand how these macros work in order to use them.

IV. TWO COLUMN OUTPUT

The TSC processor does not support backward line feeds so it is necessary to use some operator intervention in order to produce two column output. The following set of macros will produce two column output, each column being 31 characters wide. When the text of the first column reaches the bottom of the page, the string "REPOSITION PAPER" will be output to the terminal and a "STOP" command is executed. At this time the operator should reposition the paper to the top of the page and then restart the processor by typing any key but "S".

```
.LN 31
.NR A 0
.DM HD
.IF #A .PA
:SP 2
.RU 1
.IF !#+A-1 .TL ``title``
.IF #A-1 :SP
:SP 2
.IF #A-1 .LM 34
..
.DM FO
:SP 2
.LM 0
.IF #A-1 .TL ``-%-``
.IF #A-1 .NR A 0
:PG
..
.DM PA
.TM REPOSITION PAPER
:ST
.PN %-1
..
.AT 1 HD
.AT -5 FO
.BR
```

It should be noted that these macros also contain their own special set of header and footer macros which may be modified as desired.

V. FORM LETTERS

The last set of macros and examples deal with form letters. These macros are shown with some sample text and make extensive use of disk data files. This example should be thoroughly studied before trying to make use of disk data file commands. The RP (repeat) command is used so that the file is repeated over and over, until the end of file has been reached in the data file (number register E is non zero). The macro creates a name and address header at the top of each page. Following is "Dear (persons name)" and the text of the letter. The sample program is shown below, followed by the sample data file, and then a sample of the output produced by the processor.

```
.OF
.JU N
.NF
.DI NM
.RI
.BR
.DI
.IF #E .EX
.SP 6
.NM
.RI
.RI
.SP 3
.FI
Dear
.NM
.SP
.SI 5
We are writing to you to inform you that your
.RI
Insurance policy is about to expire.
Your policy number is
.RI
and expires on
.RI S
\
If you desire renewal, please send payment by
the end of this month.
If payment is not received, your policy will be terminated.
.RI
Thank you for your attention to this matter.
.SP 2
.NF
Thank you
.SP 3
Agent
.NB
.RP
```

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The sample data file is as follows:

```
John Doe>
1313 Riverside Ave.>
Akron, Ohio 44225>
Fire>
F3-4322-946>
March 15, 1975>>
Bill Jones>
1111 Crescent Street
Apartment #12>
Kingston, New York 10011>
Automobile>E5-4936-263>March 14, 1975>
This is your second and final notice!>>
Hiram Johnson>
RR #3>
Lotson, Virginia 32004>
Life>
B1-2234-123>
March 12, 1975>>
```

As can be seen in the above sample data file, items may be placed one per line, or multiples per line as desired. The following is the output obtained from the first block of the data file.

John Doe
1313 Riverside Ave
Akron, Ohio 44225

Dear John Doe

We are writing to you to inform you that your Fire Insurance policy is about to expire. Your policy number is F3-4322-946 and expires on March 15, 1975. If you desire renewal, please send payment by the end of this month. If payment is not received, your policy will be terminated. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Thank you,

Agent

System Adaptions

There are really only two features which can be user adjusted. One of these is macro storage space, the other being the double height and width character feature. These are treated separately below.

I. MACRO STORAGE SPACE

The macro storage space is presently set to approximately 3.5K and resides at the top of the first 12K block of memory. In 99% of all applications, this space will be much more than sufficient. If more memory is available, and you are requiring more macro space, the size of this space can be expanded. The end of the space is referenced at location \$02A8 (LMACRO) and may be changed as needed.

II. DOUBLE CHARACTERS

Three commands exist in the processor which require special printer hardware. These are double height (DH), double width (DW), and double both (DB). Some commercially available printers will print single lines of double size characters if a special control character is received prior to the line. The double height control character (\$12) is referenced at location \$0C4B. The double width control character (\$0E) is referenced at locations \$0C56 and \$0C5F. These may be changed as required.

```

*
*
* TSC 6800 TEXT PROCESSING SYSTEM
* FOR THE FLEX DISK OPERATING SYSTEM
*
*
* COPYRIGHT 1978 BY
*
* TECHNICAL SYSTEMS CONSULTANTS, INC.
* BOX 2574
* WEST LAFAYETTE, IN 47906
*

```

```
0030          ORG      $0030
```

```
* TEMPORARY STORAGE
```

```
* NUMBER REGISTERS
```

```

0030      NMREGS  RMB    2      A-B
0032      COLCNT RMB    1      C
0033      DAY    RMB    1      D
0034      EOFF   RMB    1      E
0035              RMB    1      F
0036      GCNT   RMB    1      G
0037              RMB    1      H
0038      IND    RMB    1      I
0039              RMB    2      J-K
003B      LLN    RMB    1      L
003C      MNTH   RMB    1      M
003D      LINCNT RMB    1      N
003E      LFM    RMB    1      O
003F      PGL    RMB    1      P
0040              RMB    5      Q-U
0045      LDIV   RMB    1      V
0046              RMB    2      W-X
0048      YEAR   RMB    1      Y
0049              RMB    1      Z

```

```
* SPECIAL DISK STORAGE
```

```

004A      EOLF   RMB    1
004B      EORF   RMB    1
004C      ITEM   RMB    1
004D      FILOPN RMB    1

```

```
* SINGLE STORAGE
```

```

004E      ULFLG  RMB    1
004F      GDNUM  RMB    1
0050      ADD    RMB    1

```

0051	SUB	RMB	1
0052	BNUM	RMB	1
0053	NPGN	RMB	1
0054	INC	RMB	1

* MACRO SAVE BLOCK

0055	NUMPNT	RMB	2
0057	EXCHR	RMB	1
0058	LSTNUM	RMB	2
005A	CMFLG	RMB	1
005B	MBFLG	RMB	1
005C	MBFPNT	RMB	2
005E	NOCR	RMB	1
005F	DONE	RMB	1
0060	FLBF	RMB	1
0061	ATFLG	RMB	1

* MORE SINGLE STORAGE

0062	LEFT	RMB	1
0063	TFILF	RMB	1
0064	NOFL	RMB	1
0065	INNUM	RMB	1
0066	NEG	RMB	1
0067	SIGN	RMB	1
0068	NSP	RMB	1
0069	PGN	RMB	1
006A	PASCHR	RMB	1
006B	SPSPF	RMB	1
006C	DOCAP	RMB	1
006D	DOCM	RMB	1
006E	NOOUT	RMB	1
006F	TOUTL	RMB	1
0070	PTFL	RMB	1
0071	SIN	RMB	1
0072	MINDIS	RMB	1
0073	EV	RMB	1
0074	NOEXP	RMB	1
0075	NXTTAB	RMB	2
0077	TABFLG	RMB	1
0078	COLCN2	RMB	1
0079	IND2	RMB	1
007A	NXTTRP	RMB	2
007C	SVDSPC	RMB	1
007D	FINMAC	RMB	1
007E	NEGT	RMB	1
007F	IFFLG	RMB	1
0080	MACCNT	RMB	1
0081	PASFLG	RMB	1
0082	NONUMS	RMB	1
0083	DWFLG	RMB	1
0084	DFMFLG	RMB	1
0085	SPIFLG	RMB	1

0086	DIVFLG	RMB	1
0087	DIVFL2	RMB	1
0088	RIFLG	RMB	1
0089	CRSUP	RMB	1
008A	NCOUNT	RMB	1
008B	PSCNT	RMB	1
008C	INFCB	RMB	2
008E	XTEMP2	RMB	2
0090	PRNTR	RMB	1
0091	TLPP	RMB	1
0092	LOWPG	RMB	1
0093	HIPG	RMB	1
0094	FSTRAM	RMB	2
0096	LSTRAM	RMB	2
0098	NXTRAM	RMB	2
009A	JNKCNT	RMB	1
009B	SBFLG	RMB	1
009C	LLN2	RMB	1
009D	MACNAM	RMB	2
009F	MACTMP	RMB	2
00A1	LSTAVL	RMB	2
00A3	FSTAVL	RMB	2
00A5	STPOUT	RMB	2
00A7	TCPNT	RMB	2
00A9	NXTMAC	RMB	2
00AB	NXTOUT	RMB	2
00AD	XMAC	RMB	2
00AF	TSIN	RMB	1
00B0	TIND	RMB	1
00B1	TLLN	RMB	1
00B2	SUPL	RMB	1
00B3	SWRDF	RMB	1
00B4	CAP	RMB	1
00B5	SCAP	RMB	1
00B6	TPOS	RMB	1
00B7	DELIM	RMB	1
00B8	TCNT	RMB	1
00B9	MCNT	RMB	1
00BA	TTLPNT	RMB	2
00BC	ENDLIN	RMB	1
00BD	TAB	RMB	1
00BE	TFILL	RMB	1

* ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS

00BF	AUTO	RMB	2
00C1	ROM	RMB	2
00C3	WIDTH	RMB	2
00C5	FILFLG	RMB	2
00C7	PFLG	RMB	2
00C9	PCHAR	RMB	2
00CB	CNJ	RMB	2

00CD	RTJ	RMB	2
00CF	MSC	RMB	2
00D1	CNTFLG	RMB	2
00D3	JUST	RMB	2
00D5	TLN	RMB	2
00D7	BUFNT	RMB	4
00DB	BUFEND	RMB	4
00DF	EBFEND	RMB	4
00E3	CMNPNT	RMB	2
00E5	SPCPT1	RMB	2
00E7	SPCPT2	RMB	2
00E9	TEMP	RMB	2
00EB	TEMP2	RMB	2
00ED	TEMP5	RMB	2
00EF	TEMP6	RMB	2
00F1	RETREG	RMB	2
00F3	INDEX	RMB	2
00F5	XTEMP	RMB	2
00F7	MACEND	RMB	2
00F9	CRF	RMB	1
0110		ORG	\$0110
0110	TABS	RMB	20
0124	TABEND	RMB	1
0125	NUM	RMB	12

* DISK ROUTINE EQUATES

7127	GETFIL	EQU	\$7127
712D	SETEXT	EQU	\$712D
7121	NXTCH	EQU	\$7121
7118	DPSTRN	EQU	\$7118
713C	RPTERR	EQU	\$713C
711E	DPCRLF	EQU	\$711E
7803	FMSCLS	EQU	\$7803
7806	FMS	EQU	\$7806

* DOS EQUATES

708E	DATE	EQU	\$708E
7091	LSTTRM	EQU	\$7091
708C	WASN	EQU	\$708C
7096	RETRNR	EQU	\$7096
7094	DBUFF	EQU	\$7094
7080	DBSP	EQU	\$7080
7081	DDEL	EQU	\$7081
7082	DEOL	EQU	\$7082
70A3	OUTCHN	EQU	\$70A3
70A1	ACIAFL	EQU	\$70A1
0200		ORG	\$0200

```

*
* PROGRAM ENTRY POINT
*
0200 7E 02 0C START JMP INTRO

* JUMP TABLE

0203 7E 71 12 OUTCH JMP $7112
0206 7E 71 0F INCH JMP $710F
0209 7E 71 03 MON JMP $7103
01FF STACK EQU $01FF

* MAIN PROGRAM STARTS HERE

020C 8E 01 FF INTRO LDS #STACK *** SETUP STACK ***
020F BD 02 51 INTRO0 JSR CLRSPC GO CLEAR SPACE
0212 97 92 STA A LOWPG SET PAGE LIMITS
0214 97 91 STA A TLPP
0216 4A DEC A
0217 97 93 STA A HIPG
0219 B6 70 8E LDA A DATE GET DOS DATE
021C 97 3C STA A MNTH SET MONTH
021E B6 70 8F LDA A DATE+1
0221 97 33 STA A DAY SET DAY
0223 B6 70 90 LDA A DATE+2
0226 97 48 STA A YEAR SET YEAR
0228 CE 16 CC INTRO5 LDX #PGSTR PRMPT FOR PAGES
022B BD 15 BA JSR PSTRNG
022E BD 15 59 JSR GIBUF GET RESPONSE
0231 7C 00 5A INC CMFLG
0234 BD 12 53 JSR CHKNUM CHECK NUMBER
0237 24 0D BCC INTRO6
0239 96 65 LDA A INNUM GET AND SAVE
023B 97 92 STA A LOWPG
023D BD 12 53 JSR CHKNUM CHECK HIGH PAGE
0240 24 04 BCC INTRO6
0242 96 65 LDA A INNUM GET IT
0244 97 93 STA A HIPG
0246 BD 15 B0 INTRO6 JSR CRLF OUT CR & LF
0249 4F CLR A
024A CE 00 4F LDX #GDNUM CLEAR SPACE
024D 8D 06 BSR CLRSP2
024F 20 18 BRA INIT GO INITIALIZE

* CLEAR TEMPORARY SPACE

0251 4F CLRSPC CLR A
0252 CE 00 30 LDX #NMREGS SET POINTER
0255 A7 00 CLRSP2 STA A 0,X CLEAR SPACE
0257 08 INX BUMP POINTER
0258 8C 00 90 CPX #PRNTR FINISHED?
025B 26 F8 BNE CLRSP2
025D CE 00 9B LDX #SBFLG DO SECOND BLOCK
0260 A7 00 CLRSP4 STA A 0,X

```

```

0262 08          INX
0263 8C 00 D7   CPX      #BUFPNT
0266 26 F8     BNE      CLRSP4
0268 39          RTS          RETURN

```

* INITIALIZATION AND SETUP

```

0269 CE 01 10   INIT     LDX      #TABS      SET POINTER
026C 4F          CLR      A
026D A7 00     INIT25   STA      0,X      CLEAR TABS
026F 08          INX
0270 8C 01 25   CPX      #NUM
0273 26 F8     BNE      INIT25   FINISHED?
0275 4C          INC      A
0276 97 D3     STA      JUST      SET INITIAL PARAMS.
0278 97 D4     STA      JUST+1
027A 97 BC     STA      ENDLIN   MARK END LINE
027C 97 F9     STA      CRF
027E 97 C5     STA      FILFLG   SET FOR FILL
0280 97 C6     STA      FILFLG+1
0282 97 3D     STA      LINCNT   INIT LINE COUNT
0284 97 32     STA      COLCNT
0286 97 78     STA      COLCN2   SET COLUMN CNT
0288 97 69     STA      PGN      SET PAGE
028A 86 41     LDA      #65
028C 97 C3     STA      WIDTH    SET PAGE WIDTH
028E 97 C4     STA      WIDTH+1
0290 97 3B     STA      LLN      AND LINE LENGTH
0292 97 9C     STA      LLN2
0294 97 D5     STA      TLN      SET TITLE LENGTH
0296 97 D6     STA      TLN+1
0298 4C          INC      A
0299 97 3F     STA      PGL      SET PAGE LENGTH
029B CE 1D 8A   LDX      #MACROS
029E DF A9     STX      NXTMAC   INIT MACRO SPACE
02A0 DF A3     STX      FSTAVL
02A2 86 FF     LDA      #$FF
02A4 A7 00     INIT3    STA      0,X
02A6 08          INX
02A7 8C 2E FD   CPX      #LMACRO   FINISHED?
02AA 26 F8     BNE      INIT3
02AC DF A1     STX      LSTAVL
02AE 09          DEX
02AF 6F 00     CLR      0,X      SET END OF MACROS
02B1 6F 01     CLR      1,X
02B3 6F 02     CLR      2,X
02B5 86 0D     LDA      #$D      FIX BUFFER
02B7 B7 19 A0   STA      CMNDBF
02BA 86 A0     LDA      #$A0     SET FILL CHAR.
02BC 97 BE     STA      TFILL
02BE CE 19 6E   LDX      #TRAPS
02C1 86 FF     LDA      #$FF
02C3 A7 00     INIT4    STA      0,X
02C5 08          INX

```

02C6	8C	19	9E		CPX	#TRPEND	FINISHED?
02C9	26	F8			BNE	INIT4	
02CB	CE	17	7A		LDX	#LINBUF	
02CE	DF	D7			STX	BUFPNT	SET POINTER
02D0	DF	D9			STX	BUFPNT+2	
02D2	BD	06	97		JSR	FIXBFE	FIX BUFFER END
02D5	DE	DB			LDX	BUFEND	
02D7	DF	DD			STX	BUFEND+2	
02D9	CE	18	15		LDX	#EXTBUF	
02DC	DF	E1			STX	EBFEND+2	
02DE	CE	1C	88		LDX	#MACTBL	CLEAR MACRO TABLE
02E1	DF	F7			STX	MACEND	

* MAIN PROCESSOR LOOP

02E3	CE	17	6F	DPROC	LDX	#MACST	POINT TO NAME
02E6	DF	F5			STX	XTEMP	SAVE IT
02E8	CE	1B	08		LDX	#TFCB	POINT TO FCB
02EB	DF	8E			STX	XTEMP2	SAVE IT
02ED	86	3E			LDA A	#'>	SET ITEM CHAR
02EF	97	4C			STA A	ITEM	
02F1	C6	0B			LDA B	#11	SET COUNTER
02F3	DE	F5		DPROC1	LDX	XTEMP	GET POINTER
02F5	A6	00			LDA A	0, X	GET CHAR
02F7	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
02F8	DF	F5			STX	XTEMP	
02FA	DE	8E			LDX	XTEMP2	GET DESTINATION
02FC	A7	04			STA A	4, X	PUT IN NAME
02FE	08				INX		
02FF	DF	8E			STX	XTEMP2	SAVE
0301	5A				DEC B		DEC THE COUNT
0302	26	EF			BNE	DPROC1	
0304	CE	1B	08		LDX	#TFCB	POINT TO FCB
0307	B6	70	8C		LDA A	WASN	GET WORK DRIVE
030A	A7	03			STA A	3, X	SET IN FCB
030C	86	01			LDA A	#1	OPEN FOR READ
030E	A7	00			STA A	0, X	
0310	BD	78	06		JSR	FMS	CALL FMS
0313	27	65			BEQ	PROC	
0315	A6	01			LDA A	1, X	
0317	81	04			CMP A	#4	CHECK FOR NO FILE
0319	27	03			BEQ	DPROC2	
031B	7E	16	7A		JMP	DOFMS4	GO REPORT ERROR
031E	B6	70	91	DPROC2	LDA A	LSTTRM	GET LAST TERM
0321	81	0D			CMP A	#\$D	IS IT CR?
0323	27	19			BEQ	DPROC24	
0325	B1	70	82		CMP A	DEOL	IS IT EOL CHAR?
0328	27	14			BEQ	DPROC24	
032A	7F	00	5F		CLR	DONE	
032D	CE	1B	08		LDX	#TFCB	POINT TO FCB
0330	BD	71	27		JSR	GETFIL	GET FILE NAME
0333	24	30			BCC	DPROC5	
0335	B6	70	91		LDA A	LSTTRM	
0338	81	2A			CMP A	#\$2A	IS CHAR A '*'?

```

033A 27 19          BEQ      DPROC4
033C 20 0B          BRA      DPROC3
033E 7D 00 8B      DPROC24  TST      PSCNT      FIRST NAME?
0341 27 06          BEQ      DPROC3
0343 BD 78 03      DPROC25  JSR      FMSCLS      CLOSE FMS
0346 7E 09 84          JMP      FINIS4      FINISH PAGE
0349 CE 17 26      DPROC3   LDX      #ILFN      POINT TO STRING
034C BD 15 BA          JSR      PSTRNG      OUTPUT IT
034F BD 78 03          JSR      FMSCLS      CLOSE FMS
0352 7E 02 09          JMP      MON          EXIT
0355 CE 17 45      DPROC4   LDX      #CHST      POINT TO STRING
0358 BD 15 BA          JSR      PSTRNG      OUTPUT IT
035B BD 15 CF          JSR      EINCH      WAIT FOR CHAR
035E BD 71 21          JSR      NXTCH      GET NEXT CHAR
0361 24 E6          BCC      DPROC3
0363 20 B9          BRA      DPROC2
0365 7C 00 8B      DPROC5   INC      PSCNT      BUMP PASS COUNTER
0368 CE 1B 08          LDX      #TFCB      SET POINTER
036B 86 01          LDA A    #1          SETUP TXT CODE
036D BD 71 2D          JSR      SETEXT      SET EXTENSION
0370 CE 1B 08          LDX      #TFCB      POINT TO FCB
0373 86 01          LDA A    #1
0375 A7 00          STA A    0,X        OPEN FOR READ
0377 BD 16 6B          JSR      DOFMS      CALL FMS

037A 96 69          PROC     LDA A    PGN      CHECK PAGE NUMBER
037C 91 92          CMP A    LOWPG      AGAINST LOW PAGE
037E 24 06          BHS      PROC3
0380 C6 0F          PROC2   LDA B    ##F
0382 D7 6E          STA B    NOOUT      SET NO OUTPUT FLAG
0384 20 0A          BRA      PUNTST
0386 91 93          PROC3   CMP A    HIPG      AGAINST HIGH PAGE
0388 23 03          BLS      PROC4
038A 7E 09 84          JMP      FINIS4      IF PAST, FINISH
038D 7F 00 6E      PROC4   CLR      NOOUT

* TEST FOR PUNCTUATION

0390 96 C7          PUNTST  LDA A    PFLG      TEST FLAG
0392 81 03          CMP A    #3
0394 26 07          BNE      PUNTS3
0396 96 C9          LDA A    PCHAR      GET SPARE CHAR.
0398 7F 00 C7      PUNTS2  CLR      PFLG      CLEAR PUNCT. FLAG
039B 20 37          BRA      JSTFY
039D BD 06 CE      PUNTS3  JSR      GETCHR      GET NEXT CHAR.
03A0 D6 5F          LDA B    DONE      FINISHED?
03A2 27 03          BEQ      PUNT35
03A4 7E 09 75          JMP      FINISH
03A7 D6 C5          PUNT35  LDA B    FILFLG      FILL ON?
03A9 27 29          BEQ      JSTFY
03AB D6 C7          LDA B    PFLG      TEST PUNCT. FLAG
03AD C1 01          CMP B    #1
03AF 22 19          BHI      PUNTS7
03B1 27 11          BEQ      PUNTS6

```

03B3	81	2E		CMP A	#'	IS CHAR A ' '?	
03B5	27	08		BEQ	PUNTS4		
03B7	81	21		CMP A	#'!	IS IT '!'?	
03B9	27	04		BEQ	PUNTS4		
03BB	81	3F		CMP A	#'?	IS IT '? '?	
03BD	26	03		BNE	PUNTS5		
03BF	7C	00	C7	PUNTS4	INC	PFLG	SET PUNCT. FLAG
03C2	20	10		PUNTS5	BRA	JSTFY	
03C4	81	20		PUNTS6	CMP A	##20	IS CHAR SPACE?
03C6	27	F7			BEQ	PUNTS4	
03C8	20	CE			BRA	PUNTS2	
03CA	81	20		PUNTS7	CMP A	##20	CHECK FOR SPACE
03CC	27	CA			BEQ	PUNTS2	
03CE	97	C9			STA A	PCHAR	SAVE SPARE CHAR.
03D0	86	20			LDA A	##20	SET FOR SPACE
03D2	20	EB			BRA	PUNTS4	

* JUSTIFICATION LOOP

03D4	CE	18	15	JSTFY	LDX	#EXTBUF	FIX EXTRA POINTERS
03D7	DF	EB			STX	TEMP2	
03D9	DF	DF			STX	EBFEND	
03DB	DE	D7			LDX	BUFNT	GET BUFFER POINTER
03DD	81	0D			CMP A	##D	IS CHAR. A CR?
03DF	26	14			BNE	JSTFY3	
03E1	D6	C5			LDA B	FILFLG	FILL MODE?
03E3	26	05			BNE	JSTFY2	
03E5	DF	A5		JSTFY1	STX	STPOUT	MARK LAST BUF. POS.
03E7	7E	05	4E		JMP	OUTLIN	OUTPUT LINE
03EA	86	20		JSTFY2	LDA A	##20	GET A SPACE
03EC	A7	00		JSTF25	STA A	0,X	SAVE IT
03EE	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
03EF	9C	DB			CPX	BUFEND	END OF BUFFER?
03F1	26	F9			BNE	JSTF25	
03F3	20	21			BRA	JSTFY6	
03F5	BD	05	EA	JSTFY3	JSR	TSULN	
03F8	A7	00			STA A	0,X	SAVE CHARACTER
03FA	7C	00	32		INC	COLCNT	BUMP COLUMN COUNT
03FD	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
03FE	9C	DB			CPX	BUFEND	END?
0400	26	06			BNE	JSTFY4	
0402	D6	C5			LDA B	FILFLG	FILL MODE?
0404	27	02			BEQ	JSTFY4	
0406	20	0E			BRA	JSTFY6	
0408	8C	18	15	JSTFY4	CPX	#EXTBUF	BUFFER OVERFLOW?
040B	26	04			BNE	JSTFY5	
040D	86	0D			LDA A	##D	STUFF A C. R.
040F	20	D4			BRA	JSTFY1	
0411	DF	D7		JSTFY5	STX	BUFNT	SAVE BUF POINTER
0413	7E	03	7A	JSTF55	JMP	PROC	REPEAT LOOP
0416	D6	C7		JSTFY6	LDA B	PFLG	CHECK FLAG
0418	C1	03			CMP B	#3	
041A	26	04			BNE	JSTF63	
041C	96	C9			LDA A	PCHAR	GET CHARACTER

```

041E 20 0B          BRA      JSTF65
0420 81 20          JSTF63  CMP A  ##20      IS CHAR = SPACE?
0422 27 51          BEQ      ADJSPC
0424 BD 06 CE          JSR      GETCHR      GET NEXT CHARACTER
0427 81 20          CMP A  ##20      IS IT SPACE?
0429 27 4A          BEQ      ADJSPC
042B 36              JSTF65  PSH A          SAVE CHAR.
042C 86 20          LDA A  ##20
042E DE DB          LDX      BUFEND      GET TO END
0430 09              JSTFY7  DEX
0431 8C 17 79       CPX      #LINBUF-1    LOOK FOR SPACES
0434 27 1C          BEQ      JSTFY9
0436 A1 00          CMP A  0, X
0438 26 F6          BNE      JSTFY7
043A 08              JSTFY8  INX          BUMP POINTER
043B 9C DB          CPX      BUFEND
043D 27 13          BEQ      JSTFY9
043F A6 00          LDA A  0, X          PICK UP CHARACTER
0441 DF E9          STX      TEMP        SAVE X
0443 DE EB          LDX      TEMP2
0445 A7 00          STA A  0, X          MOVE THE CHAR.
0447 08              INX
0448 DF EB          STX      TEMP2
044A DE E9          LDX      TEMP        RESTORE X
044C 86 20          LDA A  ##20          SET WITH SPACE
044E A7 00          STA A  0, X          SAVE IT
0450 20 E8          BRA      JSTFY8      REPEAT
0452 32              JSTFY9  PUL A          RESTORE CHARACTER
0453 7F 00 77       CLR      TABFLG      CLEAR TABS
0456 CE 01 24       LDX      #TABEND     POINT TO TABS
0459 DF 75          STX      NXTTAB      SET NEXT TAB
045B DE EB          LDX      TEMP2       RESTORE X
045D BD 05 EA       JSTF95  JSR      TSULN      TEST UNDERLINE
0460 A7 00          STA A  0, X          SAVE LAST CHAR.
0462 08              INX          BUMP POINTER
0463 DF DF          STX      EBFEND      SET END
0465 81 20          CMP A  ##20          WAS CHAR A SPACE?
0467 27 0C          BEQ      ADJSPC
0469 8C 18 42       CPX      #LINBU2     BUFFER OVERFLOW?
046C 27 07          BEQ      ADJSPC
046E BD 06 CE          JSR      GETCHR      GET NEXT CHAR.
0471 DE DF          LDX      EBFEND      GET POINTER
0473 20 E8          BRA      JSTF95

```

* ADJUST BUFFER FOR SPACES

```

0475 5F              ADJSPC  CLR B          CLEAR COUNT
0476 CE 17 7A       LDX      #LINBUF     POINT TO BUF BEGIN
0479 DF E5          STX      SPCPT1
047B A6 00          ADJSP2  LDA A  0, X          LOOK FOR SPACES
047D 81 20          CMP A  ##20
047F 26 09          BNE      ADJS35
0481 5C              INC B          INC THE COUNTER
0482 08              INX          BUMP POINTER

```


0483	9C	DB		CPX	BUFEND		
0485	26	F4		BNE	ADJSP2		
0487	7E	05	4E	ADJSP3	JMP	OUTLIN	OUTPUT LINE
048A	DF	E7		ADJS35	STX	SPCPT2	SET END
048C	BD	06	08		JSR	DELCHR	DELETE INIT. SPACES
048F	CE	17	7A		LDX	#LINBUF	POINT TO BEGIN
0492	86	20			LDA A	##20	CHECK MORE SPACES
0494	A1	00		ADJSP4	CMP A	0, X	
0496	27	07			BEQ	ADJSP5	
0498	08				INX		BUMP TIL FIND
0499	9C	DB		CPX	BUFEND		END OF BUFFER?
049B	27	10		BEQ	ADJSP6		
049D	20	F5		BRA	ADJSP4		REPEAT
049F	08			ADJSP5	INX		BUMP POINTER
04A0	9C	DB		CPX	BUFEND		FINISHED?
04A2	26	05		BNE	ADJS55		
04A4	7C	00	B3		INC	SWRDF	SET SINGLE WORD
04A7	20	04		BRA	ADJSP6		
04A9	A1	00		ADJS55	CMP A	0, X	CHECK NEXT CHAR.
04AB	27	F2			BEQ	ADJSP5	
04AD	D6	D1		ADJSP6	LDA B	CNTFLG	CENTERING?
04AF	27	03			BEQ	ADJSP7	
04B1	7E	06	6A		JMP	CNTRIT	GO CENTER LINE
04B4	D6	D3		ADJSP7	LDA B	JUST	JUSTIFICATION?
04B6	27	CF			BEQ	ADJSP3	
04B8	D6	CD			LDA B	RTJ	RIGHT HAND?
04BA	27	03			BEQ	ADJSP8	
04BC	7E	05	F8		JMP	RIGHTJ	GO DO RIGHT
04BF	D6	CB		ADJSP8	LDA B	CNJ	CENTER JUST. ?
04C1	27	03			BEQ	ADJSP9	
04C3	7E	06	03		JMP	CENTJ	GO CENTER
04C6	D6	B3		ADJSP9	LDA B	SWRDF	CHECK SINGLE
04C8	26	BD			BNE	ADJSP3	
04CA	D6	60			LDA B	FLBF	FLUSHING BUFFER?
04CC	26	B9			BNE	ADJSP3	
04CE	D6	62			LDA B	LEFT	WHICH SIDE
04D0	27	3A			BEQ	RINS	GO FROM RIGHT

* INSERT SPACES FROM LEFT

04D2	CE	17	7A	LINS	LDX	#LINBUF	SET POINTER
04D5	DF	E9			STX	TEMP	SAVE IT
04D7	DE	DB		LINS2	LDX	BUFEND	POINT TO END
04D9	09				DEX		DEC THE POINTER
04DA	A6	00			LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
04DC	81	20			CMP A	##20	IS IT A SPACE?
04DE	26	A7			BNE	ADJSP3	
04E0	DE	E9			LDX	TEMP	RESTORE POINTER
04E2	A6	00		LINS3	LDA A	0, X	GET CHAR
04E4	81	20			CMP A	##20	IS IT SPACE?
04E6	27	07			BEQ	LINS4	
04E8	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
04E9	9C	DB			CPX	BUFEND	END OF BUFFER
04EB	27	E5			BEQ	LINS	

```

04ED 20 F3          BRA     LINS3     REPEAT
04EF C6 01      LINS4  LDA B   #1     SET COUNT = 1
04F1 BD 06 2E    JSR     INSSPC   GO INSERT SPACE
04F4 D6 CB          LDA B   CNJ     CENTER JUST?
04F6 27 01          BEQ     LINS5
04F8 39          RTS
04F9 DE E9      LINS5  LDX     TEMP   RESTORE POINTER
04FB A6 00      LINS6  LDA A   0,X   GET CHARACTER
04FD 81 20          CMP A   ##20   IS IT SPACE?
04FF 26 07          BNE     LINS7
0501 08          INX
0502 9C DB          CPX     BUFEND   BUMP POINTER
0504 27 CC          BEQ     LINS
0506 20 F3          BRA     LINS6
0508 DF E9      LINS7  STX     TEMP   SAVE X
050A 20 CB          BRA     LINS2     REPEAT

```

* INSERT SPACES FROM RIGHT SIDE

```

050C DE DB      RINS   LDX     BUFEND   SET POINTER
050E 86 20          LDA A   ##20   SET UP SPACE
0510 09          RINS2  DEX
0511 A1 00          CMP A   0,X   IS CHAR A SPACE?
0513 27 FB          BEQ     RINS2
0515 DF E9          STX     TEMP   SAVE POINTER
0517 DE DB      RINS3  LDX     BUFEND   GO TO END
0519 09          DEX
051A A6 00          LDA A   0,X   GET CHAR.
051C 81 20          CMP A   ##20   IS IT SPACE?
051E 26 2E          BNE     OUTLIN
0520 DE E9          LDX     TEMP   RESTORE X
0522 A6 00      RINS4  LDA A   0,X   GET CHAR
0524 81 20          CMP A   ##20   IS IT SPACE?
0526 27 08          BEQ     RINS5
0528 09          DEX
0529 8C 17 79    CPX     #LINBUF-1 FINISHED?
052C 27 DE          BEQ     RINS
052E 20 F2          BRA     RINS4     REPEAT
0530 C6 01      RINS5  LDA B   #1     SET COUNT = 1
0532 BD 06 2E    JSR     INSSPC   INSERT SPACE
0535 D6 CB          LDA B   CNJ     CENTER JUST?
0537 27 01          BEQ     RINS6
0539 39          RTS
053A DE E9      RINS6  LDX     TEMP   RESTORE POINTER
053C A6 00      RINS7  LDA A   0,X   GET CHARACTER
053E 81 20          CMP A   ##20   SPACE?
0540 26 08          BNE     RINS8
0542 09          DEX
0543 8C 17 79    CPX     #LINBUF-1 FINISHED?
0546 27 C4          BEQ     RINS
0548 20 F2          BRA     RINS7     REPEAT
054A DF E9      RINS8  STX     TEMP   SAVE POINTER
054C 20 C9          BRA     RINS3

```

* OUTPUT LINE FROM WORK BUFFER

054E	7F	00	B3	OUTLIN	CLR	SWRDF	CLR FLAG
0551	D6	3E			LDA B	LFM	LEFT MARGIN?
0553	7D	00	70		TST	PTFL	PUT IN INDENT?
0556	26	02			BNE	OUTLI1	
0558	DB	38			ADD B	IND	ADJUST LEFT
055A	7F	00	70	OUTLI1	CLR	PTFL	
055D	DB	71			ADD B	SIN	ADD IN SINGLE IN.
055F	2B	0C			BMI	OUTLI3	
0561	27	0A			BEQ	OUTLI3	
0563	86	20		OUTLI2	LDA A	##20	SET UP SPACE
0565	37				PSH B		
0566	BD	15	D9		JSR	OUTCHR	OUTPUT SPACE
0569	33				PUL B		
056A	5A				DEC B		DEC COUNT
056B	26	F6			BNE	OUTLI2	
056D	D6	C5		OUTLI3	LDA B	FILFLG	FILL MODE?
056F	27	11			BEQ	OUTLI5	
0571	86	20			LDA A	##20	SETUP SPACE
0573	DE	DB			LDX	BUFEND	GO TO END
0575	8C	17	7A	OUTLI4	CPX	#LINBUF	EMPTY?
0578	27	19			BEQ	OUTLI6	
057A	09				DEX		DEC THE POINTER
057B	A1	00			CMP A	0, X	IS IT SPACE?
057D	27	F6			BEQ	OUTLI4	
057F	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
0580	DF	A5			STX	STPOUT	SET END
0582	CE	17	7A	OUTLI5	LDX	#LINBUF	
0585	9C	A5			CPX	STPOUT	EMPTY?
0587	27	0A			BEQ	OUTLI6	
0589	A6	00		OUTL55	LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
058B	BD	15	D9		JSR	OUTCHR	OUTPUT IT
058E	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
058F	9C	A5			CPX	STPOUT	FINISHED?
0591	26	F6			BNE	OUTL55	
0593	5F			OUTLI6	CLR B		CLEAR FLAGS
0594	D7	83			STA B	DWFLG	
0596	D7	64			STA B	NOFL	
0598	D7	C7			STA B	PFLG	
059A	D7	68			STA B	NSP	
059C	D7	71			STA B	SIN	
059E	73	00	62		COM	LEFT	SWITCH SP. SIDES
05A1	CE	17	7A		LDX	#LINBUF	SET POINTER
05A4	DF	D7			STX	BUFPNT	
05A6	CE	01	10		LDX	#TABS	SET TABS
05A9	DF	75			STX	NXTTAB	
05AB	BD	15	29		JSR	FIXWD	GO FIX WIDTH
05AE	CE	18	15	OUTLI7	LDX	#EXTBUF	
05B1	9C	DF		OUTL75	CPX	EBFEND	CHECK FOR EXTRA?
05B3	27	17			BEQ	OUTLI8	
05B5	A6	00			LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
05B7	08				INX		
05B8	DF	E9			STX	TEMP	

05BA	DE	D7		LDX	BUFPNT	TRANSFER IT	
05BC	A7	00		STA	A 0,X		
05BE	08			INX		BUMP POINTER	
05BF	9C	DB		CPX	BUFEND	CHECK END	
05C1	27	09		BEQ	OUTLI8	OVERFLOW!	
05C3	DF	D7		STX	BUFPNT	SAVE IT	
05C5	DE	E9		LDX	TEMP		
05C7	7C	00	32	INC	COLCNT	BUMP COLUMN COUNT	
05CA	20	E5		BRA	OUTL75	REPEAT	
05CC	CE	18	15	OUTLI8	LDX	#EXTBUF	FIX POINTER
05CF	DF	DF		STX	EBFEND		
05D1	BD	08	DE	JSR	PCRLF	OUTPUT CR & LF	
05D4	96	CF		LDA	A MSC	MULTIPLE SPACE?	
05D6	27	0A		BEQ	OUTL85		
05D8	4A		OUTL82	DEC	A		
05D9	27	07		BEQ	OUTL85		
05DB	36			PSH	A	OUTPUT EXTRA SPACE	
05DC	BD	08	DE	JSR	PCRLF		
05DF	32			PUL	A		
05E0	20	F6		BRA	OUTL82		
05E2	96	60	OUTL85	LDA	A FLBF	FLUSHING?	
05E4	27	01		BEQ	OUTLI9		
05E6	39			RTS			
05E7	7E	03	7A	OUTLI9	JMP	PROC	GO PROCESS

* SET UNDERLINED CHARACTER

05EA	7D	00	4E	TSULN	TST	ULFLG	CHECK FLAG
05ED	27	08			BEQ	TSULN2	
05EF	BD	12	1F		JSR	CLSFY	CLASS CHARACTER
05F2	5D				TST	B	
05F3	27	02			BEQ	TSULN2	
05F5	8A	80			ORA	A ##80	SET PARITY
05F7	39		TSULN2		RTS		RETURN

* RIGHT HAND JUSTIFY

05F8	BD	06	5C	RIGHTJ	JSR	CNTSPC	COUNT SPACES
05FB	CE	17	79	RIGHT2	LDX	#LINBUF-1	
05FE	8D	2E			BSR	INSSPC	INSERT SPACES
0600	7E	05	4E		JMP	OUTLIN	OUTPUT LINE

* CENTER JUSTIFY

0603	8D	57		CENTJ	BSR	CNTSPC	COUNT SPACES
0605	57				ASR	B	DIVIDE BY 2
0606	20	F3			BRA	RIGHT2	

* DELETE CHARACTERS

0608	DE	E7		DELCHR	LDX	SPCPT2	GET POINTER
060A	9C	E5			CPX	SPCPT1	EMPTY?
060C	27	1F			BEQ	DELCH4	
060E	9C	DB			CPX	BUFEND	

0610	27	0E		BEQ	DELCH3	
0612	A6	00		LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
0614	08			INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0615	DF	E7		STX	SPCPT2	SAVE IT
0617	DE	E5		LDX	SPCPT1	RESTORE
0619	A7	00		STA A	0, X	SAVE CHARACTER
061B	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
061C	DF	E5		STX	SPCPT1	
061E	20	E8		BRA	DELCHR	REPEAT
0620	DE	E5	DELCH3	LDX	SPCPT1	GET POINTER
0622	86	20		LDA A	##20	SETUP SPACE
0624	9C	DB	DELC35	CPX	BUFEND	
0626	27	05		BEQ	DELCH4	
0628	A7	00		STA A	0, X	PUT IN SPACE
062A	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
062B	20	F7		BRA	DELC35	
062D	39		DELCH4	RTS		

* INSERT SPACES

062E	5D		INSSPC	TST B		TEST COUNT
062F	27	2A		BEQ	INSSP5	IF NONE, RETURN
0631	37			PSH B		SAVE COUNT
0632	DF	E9		STX	TEMP	SAVE X
0634	DE	DB		LDX	BUFEND	POINT TO END
0636	DF	E5		STX	SPCPT1	SAVE
0638	08		INSSP2	INX		
0639	5A			DEC B		DEC THE COUNT
063A	26	FC		BNE	INSSP2	
063C	DF	E7		STX	SPCPT2	SAVE POINTER
063E	DE	E5	INSSP3	LDX	SPCPT1	
0640	9C	E9		CPX	TEMP	FINISHED?
0642	27	0E		BEQ	INSSP4	
0644	A6	00		LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
0646	09			DEX		DEC THE POINTER
0647	DF	E5		STX	SPCPT1	SAVE IT
0649	DE	E7		LDX	SPCPT2	
064B	A7	00		STA A	0, X	PUT CHARACTER
064D	09			DEX		
064E	DF	E7		STX	SPCPT2	
0650	20	EC		BRA	INSSP3	REPEAT
0652	33		INSSP4	PUL B		RESTORE COUNT
0653	86	20		LDA A	##20	SETUP SPACE
0655	08		INSS44	INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0656	A7	00		STA A	0, X	STUFF SPACE
0658	5A			DEC B		DEC THE COUNT
0659	26	FA		BNE	INSS44	
065B	39		INSSP5	RTS		RETURN

* COUNT SPACES

065C	5F		CNTSPC	CLR B		CLEAR COUNT
065D	86	20		LDA A	##20	SETUP SPACE
065F	DE	DB		LDX	BUFEND	SET POINTER

```

0661 09          CNTSP2  DEX
0662 A1 00          CMP  A  0,X      SPACE?
0664 26 03          BNE          CNTSP3
0666 5C          INC  B          BUMP THE COUNT
0667 20 F8        BRA          CNTSP2
0669 39          CNTSP3  RTS

```

* CENTER LINE

```

066A 8D F0        CNTRIT  BSR          CNTSPC  GO COUNT SPACES
066C 96 83          LDA  A  DWFLG    DOUBLE WIDTH?
066E 27 0E          BEQ          CNTRI4
0670 96 C3          LDA  A  WIDTH    GET WIDTH
0672 10          SBA
0673 48          ASL  A          FIX FOR DOUBLE
0674 91 C3          CMP  A  WIDTH
0676 22 0C          BHI          CNTRI5
0678 16          TAB          SAVE
0679 96 C3          LDA  A  WIDTH
067B 10          SBA          SUB FROM WIDTH
067C 16          TAB
067D 57          ASR  B          DIVIDE BY TWO
067E 57          CNTRI4  ASR  B
067F CE 17 79      LDX          #LINBUF-1 SET POINTER
0682 8D AA          BSR          INSSPC    GO INSERT SPACE
0684 7A 00 D1      CNTRI5  DEC          CNTFLG  DEC CENTER COUNT
0687 26 0B          BNE          CNTRI6
0689 4F          CLR  A
068A 97 D1          STA  A  CNTFLG  CLEAR FLAG
068C 96 63          LDA  A  TFILF    GET TEMP FILL
068E 97 C5          STA  A  FILFLG  SET FILL
0690 DE DB          LDX          BUFEND   SET POINTER
0692 DF A5          STX          STPOUT  SET END
0694 7E 05 4E      CNTRI6  JMP          OUTLIN  OUTPUT LINE

```

* FIX BUFFER END POINTER

```

0697 CE 17 7A      FIXBFE  LDX          #LINBUF  SET POINTER
069A DF DB          STX          BUFEND
069C 96 3B          LDA  A  LLN      GET LINE LENGTH
069E 90 C3          SUB  A  WIDTH    CALC. COLUMN NUM.
06A0 4C          INC  A
06A1 97 32          STA  A  COLCNT  SAVE COUNT
06A3 5F          CLR  B
06A4 96 C3          LDA  A  WIDTH    GET WIDTH
06A6 9B DC          ADD  A  BUFEND+1  ADD TO BUFEND
06A8 D9 DB          ADC  B  BUFEND
06AA 97 DC          STA  A  BUFEND+1  SAVE RESULT
06AC D7 DB          STA  B  BUFEND
06AE 39          RTS          RETURN

```

* RETURN FROM MACRO

```

06AF 7F 00 7D      RETMAC  CLR          FINMAC  CLEAR FLAG

```

06B2	32		PUL A		FIX STACK
06B3	32		PUL A		
06B4	32		PUL A		
06B5	97	D1	STA A	CNTFLG	RESTORE FLAG
06B7	CE	00 55	LDX	#NUNPNT	
06BA	32		PUL A		RESTORE VALUES
06BB	A7	00	STA A	0, X	
06BD	08		INX		
06BE	8C	00 62	CPX	#LEFT	FINISHED?
06C1	26	F7	BNE	RETMA2	
06C3	7A	00 80	DEC	MACCNT	DEC MACRO COUNTER
06C6	96	61	LDA A	ATFLG	DOING AT?
06C8	27	0B	BEQ	GETCH1	
06CA	39		RTS		RETURN

* CLEAR 'ENDLIN' AND GET CHARACTER

06CB	7F	00 BC	CLRGET	CLR	ENDLIN
------	----	-------	--------	-----	--------

* GET NEXT CHARACTER

06CE	BD	15 95	GETCHR	JSR	TSTBRK	TEST FOR BREAK
06D1	96	7D		LDA A	FINMAC	FINISH MACRO?
06D3	26	DA		BNE	RETMAC	
06D5	96	57	GETCH1	LDA A	EXCHR	GET EXTRA CHAR.
06D7	27	03		BEQ	GETCH2	
06D9	7E	11 EF		JMP	FTCHNM	GET NUMBER
06DC	96	5A	GETCH2	LDA A	CMFLG	COMMAND?
06DE	27	0D		BEQ	GETCH3	
06E0	DE	E3	GETC22	LDX	CMNPNT	SET POINTER
06E2	A6	00		LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
06E4	81	0D		CMP A	##D	C. R. ?
06E6	27	01		BEQ	GETC25	
06E8	08			INX		BUMP THE POINTER
06E9	DF	E3	GETC25	STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
06EB	20	29		BRA	FETCHR	
06ED	96	9B	GETCH3	LDA A	SBFLG	SPECIAL BUFFER?
06EF	26	EF		BNE	GETC22	
06F1	96	5B		LDA A	MBFLG	MACRO BUFFER?
06F3	27	08		BEQ	GETCH4	
06F5	BD	0F 1C		JSR	INMAC	GET CHARACTER
06F8	26	1C		BNE	FETCHR	
06FA	7E	0F B6		JMP	MCEND	FINISH MACRO
06FD	96	85	GETCH4	LDA A	SPIFLG	SPECIAL INPUT?
06FF	27	05		BEQ	GETCH5	
0701	BD	15 CF		JSR	EINCH	GET CHARACTER
0704	20	10		BRA	FETCHR	
0706	96	84	GETCH5	LDA A	DFMFLG	DEFINE MACRO?
0708	9A	5E		ORA A	NOCR	
070A	26	07		BNE	GETCH6	
070C	96	77		LDA A	TABFLG	TABS?
070E	27	03		BEQ	GETCH6	
0710	7E	0B 5D		JMP	DOTAB	GO DO TAB
0713	BD	15 FC	GETCH6	JSR	INCHR	GET CHARACTER

* FETCH AND CHECK CHARACTER

0716	81	1A	FETCHR	CMP A	##1A	END OF FILE?
0718	26	05		BNE	FETCH2	
071A	97	5F		STA A	DONE	SET FLAG
071C	7E	09	75	JMP	FINISH	
071F	81	0D	FETCH2	CMP A	##D	C. R. ?
0721	26	2C		BNE	FETCH3	
0723	7F	00	6B	CLR	SPSPF	SPECIAL SPACE?
0726	D6	5E		LDA B	NOCR	
0728	26	35		BNE	FETC35	
072A	D6	9B		LDA B	SBFLG	CHECK FLAG
072C	26	07		BNE	FETC22	
072E	D6	BC		LDA B	ENDLIN	END OF LINE?
0730	27	03		BEQ	FETC22	
0732	BD	09	4E	JSR	FLUSHB	FLUSH BUFFER
0735	97	BC	FETC22	STA A	ENDLIN	SET FLAGS
0737	7F	00	9B	CLR	SBFLG	
073A	7F	00	4E	CLR	ULFLG	
073D	D6	84		LDA B	DFMFLG	TEST
073F	DA	D1		ORA B	CNTFLG	
0741	26	08		BNE	FETC25	
0743	D6	C5		LDA B	FILFLG	TEST FILL
0745	27	04		BEQ	FETC25	
0747	86	20		LDA A	##20	SETUP SPACE
0749	20	19		BRA	FETC36	
074B	86	0D	FETC25	LDA A	##D	SETUP C. R.
074D	20	15		BRA	FETC36	
074F	D6	84	FETCH3	LDA B	DFMFLG	GET FLAG
0751	DA	81		ORA B	PASFLG	
0753	26	0A		BNE	FETC35	
0755	D6	6A		LDA B	PASCHR	PASS CHAR?
0757	27	0F		BEQ	FETCH4	
0759	81	20		CMP A	##20	IS IT A SPACE?
075B	26	02		BNE	FETC35	
075D	8A	80		ORA A	##80	SET PARITY
075F	5F		FETC35	CLR B		CLEAR FLAGS
0760	D7	BC		STA B	ENDLIN	
0762	D7	6A		STA B	PASCHR	
0764	7F	00	B4	FETC36	CLR	CAP
0767	39		FETC37	RTS		RETURN
0768	81	1F	FETCH4	CMP A	##1F	CHECK CHAR
076A	22	03		BHI	FETC45	
076C	7E	06	CE	JMP	GETCHR	GO GET CHAR.
076F	D6	BC	FETC45	LDA B	ENDLIN	END OF LINE?
0771	27	1A		BEQ	FETCH5	
0773	81	2E		CMP A	#'	PERIOD?
0775	27	06		BEQ	FETC47	
0777	81	3A		CMP A	#':	COLON?
0779	26	05		BNE	FETC48	
077B	97	64		STA A	NOFL	SET NO FLUSH
077D	7E	08	24	FETC47	JMP	COMAND
0780	81	20	FETC48	CMP A	##20	SPACE?

0782	26	09		BNE	FETCH5	
0784	97	6B		STA A	SPSPF	SET FLAG
0786	BD	09	4E	JSR	FLUSHB	FLUSH BUFFER
0789	86	A0	FETC49	LDA A	#\$A0	
078B	20	D2		BRA	FETC35	
078D	D6	6B	FETCH5	LDA B	SPSPF	TEST FLAG
078F	27	07		BEQ	FETC55	
0791	81	20		CMP A	##20	IS IT SPACE?
0793	27	F4		BEQ	FETC49	
0795	7F	00	6B	CLR	SPSPF	CLEAR OUT
0798	D6	5A	FETC55	LDA B	CMFLG	COMMAND?
079A	DA	5B		ORA B	MBFLG	
079C	DA	82		ORA B	NONUMS	
079E	DA	85		ORA B	SPIFLG	
07A0	DA	9B		ORA B	SBFLG	
07A2	26	1C		BNE	FETCH6	
07A4	91	BD		CMP A	TAB	CHECK IF TAB
07A6	26	18		BNE	FETCH6	
07A8	DE	75		LDX	NXTTAB	GET NEXT TAB
07AA	D6	32		LDA B	COLCNT	GET COUNT
07AC	6D	00	FETC57	TST	0,X	CHECK
07AE	27	AF		BEQ	FETC35	
07B0	E1	00		CMP B	0,X	FINISHED?
07B2	25	03		BLO	FETC58	
07B4	08			INX		BUMP THE POINTER
07B5	20	F5		BRA	FETC57	
07B7	DF	75	FETC58	STX	NXTTAB	SAVE POINTER
07B9	96	BE		LDA A	TFILL	
07BB	97	77		STA A	TABFLG	SET FLAG
07BD	7E	07	5F	FETC59	JMP	FETC35
07C0	D6	82	FETCH6	LDA B	NONUMS	NUMBERS?
07C2	26	1D		BNE	FETCH7	
07C4	81	23		CMP A	#'#	POUND SIGN?
07C6	27	04		BEQ	FETC65	
07C8	81	25		CMP A	#'%	PERCENT SIGN?
07CA	26	15		BNE	FETCH7	
07CC	D6	5E	FETC65	LDA B	NOCR	DO C. R. ?
07CE	37			PSH B		
07CF	97	5E		STA A	NOCR	SAVE VALUES
07D1	97	74		STA A	NOEXP	
07D3	BD	11	D7	JSR	CLRNUM	CLEAR NUMBER
07D6	BD	12	C1	JSR	PRNU32	PROCESS NUMBER
07D9	33			PUL B		
07DA	D7	5E		STA B	NOCR	RESTORE VALUES
07DC	24	DF		BCC	FETC59	
07DE	7E	06	CE	JMP	GETCHR	GET CHARACTER
07E1	81	5C	FETCH7	CMP A	#'\	BACK SLASH?
07E3	26	05		BNE	FETC75	
07E5	97	6A		STA A	PASCHR	SET PASS CHAR.
07E7	7E	06	CB	JMP	CLRGET	GO GET IT
07EA	81	40	FETC75	CMP A	#'@	AT SIGN?
07EC	27	1C		BEQ	CAPIT	
07EE	81	5E		CMP A	##5E	UP ARROW?
07F0	27	21		BEQ	SETCAP	

07F2	D6	B4		LDA B	CAP	CHECK MODE
07F4	DA	B5		ORA B	SCAP	
07F6	DA	5A		ORA B	CMFLG	
07F8	26	C3		BNE	FETC59	
07FA	81	41		CMP A	#'A	CHECK IF LETTER
07FC	25	BF		BLO	FETC59	
07FE	81	5A		CMP A	#'Z	
0800	22	BB		BHI	FETC59	
0802	D6	6C		LDA B	DOCAP	DO CAP?
0804	27	B7		BEQ	FETC59	
0806	8B	20		ADD A	##20	FORCE TO LOWER
0808	20	B3	FETCH8	BRA	FETC59	

* CAP SINGLE LETTER

080A	D6	6C	CAPIT	LDA B	DOCAP	CHECK MODE
080C	27	FA		BEQ	FETCH8	
080E	97	B4		STA A	CAP	SET FLAG
0810	7E	06	CAPIT2	JMP	CLRGET	

* CAP STRING OF LETTERS

0813	D6	6C	SETCAP	LDA B	DOCAP	CHECK MODE
0815	27	F1		BEQ	FETCH8	
0817	D6	B5		LDA B	SCAP	GET FLAG
0819	27	05		BEQ	SETCA2	
081B	7F	00	B5	CLR	SCAP	CLEAR IT
081E	20	F0		BRA	CAPIT2	
0820	97	B5	SETCA2	STA A	SCAP	SET FOR STRING
0822	20	EC		BRA	CAPIT2	

* COMMAND PROCESSOR

0824	7F	00	BC	COMAND	CLR	ENDLIN	CLEAR FLAG
0827	CE	19	9F		LDX	#CMNDBF-1	SET POINTER
082A	08			COMAN2	INX		BUMP IT
082B	7C	00	5E		INC	NOCR	SET NO C. R.
082E	DF	EF			STX	TEMP6	SAVE POINTER
0830	7C	00	82		INC	NONUMS	
0833	BD	06	CE		JSR	GETCHR	GET CHARACTER
0836	DE	EF			LDX	TEMP6	RESTORE POINTER
0838	7F	00	5E		CLR	NOCR	CLEAR FLAG
083B	7F	00	82		CLR	NONUMS	
083E	A7	00			STA A	0, X	PUT CHARACTER
0840	81	0D			CMP A	##D	WAS IT A C. R. ?
0842	26	E6			BNE	COMAN2	
0844	7F	00	BC		CLR	ENDLIN	RESET END LINE
0847	CE	19	A0		LDX	#CMNDBF	SET POINTER
084A	A6	00		COMAN3	LDA A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
084C	08				INX		BUMP THE POINTER
084D	E6	00			LDA B	0, X	GET NEXT CHAR
084F	08				INX		BUMP
0850	DF	E3			STX	CMNPNT	SAVE THE POINTER
0852	81	5F			CMP A	##5F	LOWER CASE?

```

0854 23 04          BLS      COMAN4
0856 80 20          SUB A   ##20      SET TO UPPER
0858 C0 20          SUB B   ##20
085A CE 09 8D      COMAN4 LDX   #CMNDT    POINT TO TABLE
085D A1 00          COMAN5 CMP A   0,X      COMPARE FIRST
085F 26 0C          BNE      COMAN7
0861 E1 01          CMP B   1,X      COMPARE SECOND
0863 26 08          BNE      COMAN7
0865 97 5A          STA A   CMFLG    FOUND COMMAND
0867 EE 02          LDX   2,X      GET ADDRESS
0869 AD 00          COMAN6 JSR   0,X      GO DO IT
086B 20 2F          BRA   FINCM     FINISH COMMAND
086D 08          COMAN7 INX
086E 08          INX
086F 08          INX
0870 08          INX
0871 8C 0A 89      CPX   #TBLEND   TABLE END?
0874 26 E7          BNE      COMAN5
0876 36          PSH A
0877 96 80          LDA A   MACCNT   TEST MACRO NUMBER
0879 81 07          CMP A   #7
087B 32          PUL A
087C 24 15          BHS   MACOVF    OVERFLOW?
087E CE 1C 88      COMAN8 LDX   #MACTBL   POINT TO MACROS
0881 9C F7          COMAN8 CPX   MACEND    END?
0883 27 17          BEQ   FINCM
0885 A1 00          CMP A   0,X      COMPARE FIRST
0887 26 04          BNE      COMAN9
0889 E1 01          CMP B   1,X      COMPARE SECOND
088B 27 29          BEQ   CALMAC
088D 08          COMAN9 INX
088E 08          INX
088F 08          INX
0890 08          INX
0891 20 EE          BRA   COMAN8

```

* MACRO OVERFLOW ERROR

```

0893 CE 16 FB      MACOVF LDX   #OVFSTR   POINT TO STRING
0896 BD 15 BA      JSR   PSTRNG   OUTPUT IT
0899 7E 02 09      JMP   MON

```

* FINISH COMMAND

```

089C 96 7F          FINCM  LDA A   IFFLG    CHECK FOR IF
089E 27 0A          BEQ   FINCM1
08A0 4F          CLR A          CLEAR FLAGS
08A1 97 BC          STA A   ENDLIN
08A3 97 5A          STA A   CMFLG
08A5 97 7F          STA A   IFFLG
08A7 7E 08 4A      JMP   COMAN3   GO DO COMMAND
08AA 7F 00 64      FINCM1 CLR   NOFL     CLEAR FLAGS
08AD 7F 00 5A      FINCM2 CLR   CMFLG
08B0 7C 00 BC      FINCM4 INC   ENDLIN   SET END LINE

```

08B3 7E 06 CE JMP GETCHR GO GET CHARACTER

* CALL MACRO

08B6 DF AD CALMAC STX XMAC SAVE POINTER
 08B8 CE 00 61 LDX #ATFLG POINT TO VALUES
 08BB A6 00 CALMA2 LDA A 0,X GET VALUE
 08BD 36 PSH A PUT ON STACK
 08BE 6F 00 CLR 0,X CLEAR IT
 08C0 09 DEX
 08C1 8C 00 54 CPX #INC FINISHED?
 08C4 26 F5 BNE CALMA2
 08C6 96 D1 LDA A CNTFLG SAVE CNT FLAG
 08C8 36 PSH A
 08C9 7F 00 D1 CLR CNTFLG
 08CC 7C 00 80 INC MACCNT BUMP COUNTER
 08CF DE AD LDX XMAC RESTORE COUNT
 08D1 86 0F LDA A ##F
 08D3 97 5B STA A MBFLG SET FLAG
 08D5 97 BC STA A ENDLIN
 08D7 EE 02 LDX 2,X GET ADDRESS
 08D9 DF 5C STX MBFPNT SAVE AS POINTER
 08DB 7E 07 7A JMP PROC GO PROCESS

* PRINT C. R. AND L. F.

08DE BD 14 26 PCRLF JSR PUSHX SAVE X
 08E1 8D 07 PCRLF2 BSR SCRLF DO CR AND LF
 08E3 BD 15 95 JSR TSTBRK BREAK?
 08E6 BD 14 38 PCRLF4 JSR PULLX RESTORE X
 08E9 39 RTS RETURN

* SPECIAL CARRIAGE RETURN LINE FEED

08EA 96 86 SCRLF LDA A DIVFLG DIVERTING?
 08EC 27 0F BEQ SCRLF2
 08EE CE 16 C5 LDX #CRLFST POINT TO STRING
 08F1 A6 00 SCRLF1 LDA A 0,X GET CHARACTER
 08F3 81 04 CMP A #4 IS IT TERM?
 08F5 27 50 BEQ SCRLF9
 08F7 BD 15 D9 JSR OUTCHR OUTPUT CHAR
 08FA 08 INX BUMP POINTER
 08FB 20 F4 BRA SCRLF1
 08FD 96 6E SCRLF2 LDA A NOOUT CHECK OUTPUT
 08FF 26 03 BNE SCRLF4
 0901 BD 71 1E JSR DPCRLF OUTPUT CR & LF
 0904 7C 00 3D SCRLF4 INC LINCNT BUMP LINE COUNTER
 0907 96 3D SCRLF5 LDA A LINCNT
 0909 CE 19 6E LDX #TRAPS POINT TO TRAPS
 090C A1 00 SCRLF5 CMP A 0,X LINE = TRAP?
 090E 27 24 BEQ SCRLF8
 0910 08 INX GET TO NEXT
 0911 08 INX
 0912 08 INX

0913	8C	19	9E		CPX	#TRPEND	END?
0916	26	F4			BNE	SCRL55	
0918	91	3F		SCRLF6	CMP A	PGL	BOTTOM OF PAGE?
091A	23	2B			BLS	SCRLF9	
091C	96	53			LDA A	NPGN	GET NEW PAGE NUM.
091E	27	07			BEQ	SCRLF7	
0920	7F	00	53		CLR	NPGN	
0923	97	69			STA A	PGN	SET PAGE NUMBER
0925	20	03			BRA	SCRL75	
0927	7C	00	69	SCRLF7	INC	PGN	BUMP BY ONE
092A	86	01		SCRL75	LDA A	#1	SET UP 1
092C	97	3D			STA A	LINCNT	SET LINE COUNT
092E	96	B2			LDA A	SUPL	CHECK FLAG
0930	26	15			BNE	SCRLF9	
0932	20	D3			BRA	SCRLF5	
0934	7C	00	61	SCRLF8	INC	ATFLG	BUMP AT COUNT
0937	96	BC			LDA A	ENDLIN	SAVE STATUS
0939	36				PSH A		
093A	A6	01			LDA A	1, X	GET NAME
093C	E6	02			LDA B	2, X	
093E	BD	08	5A	SCRL85	JSR	COMAN4	GO PROCESS
0941	7A	00	61		DEC	ATFLG	DEC COUNT
0944	32				PUL A		
0945	97	BC			STA A	ENDLIN	RESTORE STATUS
0947	39			SCRLF9	RTS		RETURN
* BREAK FILLED BUFFER							
0948	86	01		BRAK	LDA A	#1	SETUP 1
094A	91	3D			CMP A	LINCNT	TEST LINE COUNT
094C	27	B9			BEQ	SCRLF5	
* FLUSH WORK BUFFER							
094E	96	64		FLUSHB	LDA A	NOFL	NO FLUSH?
0950	26	1F			BNE	FLUSH5	
0952	86	20		FLUSH	LDA A	##20	SET UP SPACE
0954	DE	D7			LDX	BUFPNT	SET POINTER
0956	8C	17	7A		CPX	#LINBUF	BEGINNING OF BUFFER?
0959	27	16			BEQ	FLUSH5	
095B	DF	A5			STX	STPOUT	SET END
095D	9C	DB		FLUSH2	CPX	BUFEND	END?
095F	27	05			BEQ	FLUSH3	
0961	A7	00			STA A	0, X	SAVE CHARACTER
0963	08				INX		BUMP POINTER
0964	20	F7			BRA	FLUSH2	
0966	CE	17	7A	FLUSH3	LDX	#LINBUF	POINT TO BUFFER
0969	97	60			STA A	FLBF	SET FLAG
096B	BD	04	75		JSR	ADJSPC	ADJUST SPACE
096E	7F	00	60		CLR	FLBF	
0971	7F	00	64	FLUSH5	CLR	NOFL	CLEAR FLAG
0974	39				RTS		RETURN

* FINISH AND CLEAN UP

0975	8D	D7	FINISH	BSR	FLUSHB	FLUSH BUFFER
0977	CE	1B		LDX	#TFCB	POINT TO FCB
097A	86	04		LDA A	#4	SET FOR CLOSE
097C	A7	00		STA A	0, X	
097E	BD	16		JSR	DOFMS	CALL FMS
0981	7E	03		JMP	DPROC2	
0984	7C	00	FINIS4	INC	SUPL	
0987	BD	0A		JSR	PAGE	GO PAGE
098A	7E	02		JMP	MON	EXIT

* COMMAND TABLE

098D	53		CMNDT	FCC	'SP'
098F	0A	91		FDB	SPACE
0991	50			FCC	'PG'
0993	0A	B4		FDB	PAGE
0995	4D			FCC	'MS'
0997	0A	D8		FDB	MULTS
0999	53			FCC	'SS'
099B	0A	E6		FDB	SNGLS
099D	4E			FCC	'NJ'
099F	0A	EA		FDB	NOJST
09A1	4A			FCC	'JU'
09A3	0A	EE		FDB	JST
09A5	44			FCC	'DH'
09A7	0C	47		FDB	DUBH
09A9	44			FCC	'DW'
09AB	0C	52		FDB	DUBW
09AD	44			FCC	'DB'
09AF	0C	5B		FDB	DUBB
09B1	43			FCC	'CE'
09B3	0C	67		FDB	CENTER
09B5	42			FCC	'BR'
09B7	09	48		FDB	BRAK
09B9	2A			FCC	'*'
09BB	0A	B3		FDB	SPACE6
09BD	46			FCC	'FI'
09BF	0C	F5		FDB	FILL
09C1	4E			FCC	'NF'
09C3	0C	EE		FDB	NOFILL
09C5	53			FCC	'SI'
09C7	0C	9C		FDB	SIND
09C9	50			FCC	'PI'
09CB	0C	B9		FDB	PTIND
09CD	50			FCC	'PN'
09CF	0C	3A		FDB	PGNUM
09D1	4C			FCC	'LM'
09D3	0B	18		FDB	LEFTM
09D5	49			FCC	'IN'
09D7	0B	28		FDB	INDNT
09D9	4C			FCC	'LN'
09DB	0B	3E		FDB	LENTH
09DD	4E			FCC	'NS'

09DF 0B 70	FDB	NOSPC
09E1 52	FCC	'RS'
09E3 0B 73	FDB	RESPC
09E5 50	FCC	'PL'
09E7 0C 87	FDB	PAGEL
09E9 43	FCC	'CP'
09EB 0C B0	FDB	STCAP
09ED 4E	FCC	'NC'
09EF 0C B5	FDB	NOCAP
09F1 4E	FCC	'NL'
09F3 0D 1F	FDB	NEDL
09F5 53	FCC	'SV'
09F7 0D 66	FDB	SAVS
09F9 4F	FCC	'OS'
09FB 0D 82	FDB	OUTSV
09FD 41	FCC	'AT'
09FF 0D 8B	FDB	ATL
0A01 44	FCC	'DM'
0A03 0D D7	FDB	DEFMAC
0A05 41	FCC	'AM'
0A07 0E 15	FDB	APMAC
0A09 52	FCC	'RM'
0A0B 0E 1E	FDB	REMMAC
0A0D 44	FCC	'DI'
0A0F 0E 5E	FDB	DIVERT
0A11 44	FCC	'DA'
0A13 0E 7D	FDB	DIVAPP
0A15 53	FCC	'ST'
0A17 0D 08	FDB	STOP
0A19 54	FCC	'TL'
0A1B 0F FA	FDB	TITLE
0A1D 4C	FCC	'LT'
0A1F 0F ED	FDB	TLEN
0A21 43	FCC	'CH'
0A23 11 4B	FDB	CHNG
0A25 49	FCC	'IF'
0A27 10 DE	FDB	IF
0A29 4E	FCC	'NR'
0A2B 11 9E	FDB	NREG
0A2D 41	FCC	'AR'
0A2F 11 BD	FDB	ARB
0A31 53	FCC	'SR'
0A33 11 C1	FDB	SR0M
0A35 43	FCC	'CR'
0A37 11 C6	FDB	CROM
0A39 41	FCC	'AU'
0A3B 11 CA	FDB	SAUTO
0A3D 54	FCC	'TC'
0A3F 0B 77	FDB	TABCH
0A41 54	FCC	'TF'
0A43 0B 82	FDB	TABFIL
0A45 54	FCC	'TA'
0A47 0B 8E	FDB	STAB
0A49 45	FCC	'EX'

0A4B	09	75	FDB	FINISH
0A4D	54		FCC	'TM'
0A4F	0B	AD	FDB	TERM
0A51	47		FCC	'GI'
0A53	0B	C2	FDB	GETIN
0A55	45		FCC	'EV'
0A57	0B	D0	FDB	SENV
0A59	52		FCC	'RP'
0A5B	0C	FC	FDB	RPT
0A5D	50		FCC	'PS'
0A5F	0A	8A	FDB	PASS
0A61	55		FCC	'UL'
0A63	14	4D	FDB	UNDL
0A65	52		FCC	'RI'
0A67	14	52	FDB	RDIT
0A69	49		FCC	'IC'
0A6B	14	6F	FDB	ITMCH
0A6D	4E		FCC	'NI'
0A6F	14	7B	FDB	NXTI
0A71	4E		FCC	'NB'
0A73	14	A1	FDB	NXTB
0A75	43		FCC	'CF'
0A77	14	CC	FDB	CLSFL
0A79	4F		FCC	'OF'
0A7B	14	DE	FDB	OPNF
0A7D	20		FCC	' '
0A7F	0A	B3	FDB	SPACE6
0A81	20		FCC	' '
0A83	0A	B3	FDB	SPACE6
0A85	20		FCC	' '
0A87	0A	B3	FDB	SPACE6
0A89	00		TBLEND	FCB 0

* PASS FILE ROUTINE .PS

0A8A	7F	00	C5	PASS	CLR	FILFLG	FIX FLAGS
0A8D	7C	00	81		INC	PASFLG	
0A90	39				RTS		

* SPACE ROUTINE .SP N

0A91	BD	09	4E	SPACE	JSR	FLUSHB	FLUSH BUFFER
0A94	96	68			LDA A	NSP	NO SPACE?
0A96	26	1B			BNE	SPACE6	
0A98	BD	12	53		JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK FOR NUMBER
0A9B	96	65			LDA A	INNUM	GET NUMBER
0A9D	26	03			BNE	SPACE2	
0A9F	7C	00	65		INC	INNUM	INC BY ONE
0AA2	BD	0D	2E	SPACE2	JSR	FNTR	FIND TRAP
0AA5	91	65			CMP A	INNUM	EQUAL?
0AA7	25	02			BLO	SPACE4	
0AA9	96	65			LDA A	INNUM	GET NUMBER
0AAB	36			SPACE4	PSH A		
0AAC	BD	08	DE		JSR	PCRLF	OUTPUT CR AND LF


```

0AAF 32          PUL A
0AB0 4A          DEC A          DEC COUNT
0AB1 26 F8      BNE          SPACE4
0AB3 39          SPACE6 RTS          RETURN

          * PAGE ROUTINE . PG +N

0AB4 BD 12 53   PAGE      JSR      CHKNUM   CHECK FOR NUMBER
0AB7 24 07          BCC      PAGE2
0AB9 96 69          LDA A    PGN        GET PAGE NUMBER
0ABB BD 12 42     JSR      FIXVAL   FIX VALUE
0ABE 20 0B          BRA      PAGE4
0AC0 96 68          PAGE2   LDA A    NSP        NO SPACE?
0AC2 26 13          BNE      PAGE6
0AC4 96 53          LDA A    NPGN     GET NEW PAGE NUM.
0AC6 26 03          BNE      PAGE4
0AC8 96 69          LDA A    PGN
0ACA 4C          INC A
0ACB 97 53          PAGE4   STA A    NPGN     SAVE AS NEW
0ACD BD 09 4E     JSR      FLUSHB   FLUSH BUFFER
0AD0 BD 08 DE     PAGE5   JSR      FCRLF     OUTPUT CR & LF
0AD3 96 53          LDA A    NPGN     GET NEW PAGE NUM.
0AD5 26 F9          BNE      PAGE5
0AD7 39          PAGE6   RTS          RETURN

          * MULTIPLE SPACE ROUTINE . MS +N

0AD8 BD 12 53   MULTS    JSR      CHKNUM   CHECK FOR NUMBER
0ADB 24 04          BCC      MULTS2
0ADD 96 65          LDA A    INNUM     GET NUMBER
0ADF 20 02          BRA      MULTS3
0AE1 86 02          MULTS2  LDA A    #2        DEFAULT IS 2
0AE3 97 CF          MULTS3  STA A    MSC        SET COUNT
0AE5 39          RTS

          * SINGLE SPACE ROUTINE . SS

0AE6 7F 00 CF   SNGLS    CLR      MSC        CLEAR COUNT
0AE9 39          RTS

          * NO ADJUST ROUTINE . NJ

0AEA 7F 00 D3   NOJST    CLR      JUST        CLEAR JUST FLAG
0AED 39          RTS

          * SET JUSTIFICATION ROUTINE . JU C

0AEE 97 D3          JST      STA A    JUST        SET FLAG
0AF0 BD 12 11     JSR      LDNSKP   GET NEXT CHAR.
0AF3 BD 12 1F     JSR      CLSFY    CLASSIFY IT
0AF6 C1 02          CMP B    #2
0AF8 26 09          BNE      JST15
0AFA 81 4E          CMP A    #'N     NORMAL?
0AFC 26 06          BNE      JST2

```

0AFE	4F		JST1	CLR	A		ADJUST	FLAGS
0AFF	97	CB		STA	A	CNJ		
0B01	97	CD		STA	A	RTJ		
0B03	39		JST15	RTS			RETURN	
0B04	81	52	JST2	CMP	A	#'R	RIGHT	HAND?
0B06	26	06		BNE		JST3		
0B08	7F	00	CB	CLR		CNJ	FIX	FLAGS
0B0B	97	CD		STA	A	RTJ		
0B0D	39			RTS				
0B0E	81	43	JST3	CMP	A	#'C	CENTERED?	
0B10	26	EC		BNE		JST1		
0B12	7F	00	CD	CLR		RTJ	FIX	FLAGS
0B15	97	CB		STA	A	CNJ		
0B17	39		JST4	RTS			RETURN	
* SET LEFT MARGIN .LM +N								
0B18	BD	12	53	LEFTM	JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK	FOR NUMBER
0B1B	24	0A			BCC	LEFTM2		
0B1D	96	3E			LDA	A	LFM	GET MARGIN
0B1F	BD	12	42		JSR	FIXVAL	FIX	VALUE
0B22	2A	01			BPL	LEFTM1		
0B24	4F				CLR	A		
0B25	97	3E		LEFTM1	STA	A	LFM	SET NEW VALUE
0B27	39			LEFTM2	RTS		RETURN	
* SET INDENT .IN +N								
0B28	BD	09	4E	INDNT	JSR	FLUSHB	FLUSH	BUFFER
0B2B	BD	12	53		JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK	FOR NUMBER
0B2E	24	F7			BCC	LEFTM2		
0B30	96	38			LDA	A	IND	GET INDENT
0B32	BD	12	42		JSR	FIXVAL	FIX	VALUE
0B35	2A	01			BPL	INDNT2		
0B37	4F				CLR	A		
0B38	90	38		INDNT2	SUB	A	IND	SET INDENT
0B3A	97	B0			STA	A	TIND	SAVE AS TEMP
0B3C	20	14			BRA	LENT25		
* SET LENGTH OF LINE .LN +N								
0B3E	BD	12	53	LENTH	JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK	FOR NUMBER
0B41	24	19			BCC	LENTH5		
0B43	96	38			LDA	A	LLN	GET LENGTH
0B45	BD	12	42		JSR	FIXVAL	FIX	VALUE
0B48	81	0E			CMP	A	#14	14 OR LESS?
0B4A	22	02			BHI	LENTH2		
0B4C	86	0F			LDA	A	#15	FORCE TO 15
0B4E	90	38		LENTH2	SUB	A	LLN	SET NEW
0B50	97	B1			STA	A	TLLN	SAVE AS TEMP
0B52	DE	D7		LENT25	LDX	BUFPNT	CHECK	POINTER
0B54	8C	17	7A		CPX	#LINBUF		
0B57	26	03			BNE	LENTH5		
0B59	7E	15	29		JMP	FIXWD	GO	FIX WIDTH

```

0B5C 39          LENTH5  RTS          RETURN

* DO NECESSARY TABBING

0B5D 06 32      DOTAB  LDA B  COLCNT  GET COUNT
0B5F 0E 75          LDX  NXTTAB  POINT TO TAB
0B61 01 00          CMP  B  0,X    COMPARE
0B63 24 05          BHS  DOTAB2
0B65 96 0E          LDA  A  TFILL  GET FILL CHAR.
0B67 7E 07 4F      JMP  FETCH3
0B6A 7F 00 77      DOTAB2 CLR  TABFLG  CLEAR FLAG
0B6D 7E 06 CE      JMP  GETCHR  BACK TO GET CHAR.

* SET NO SPACE .NS

0B70 97 68      NOSPC  STA A  NSP    SET FLAG
0B72 39          RTS

* RESTORE SPACE MODE .RS

0B73 7F 00 68      RESPC  CLR  NSP    CLEAR FLAG
0B76 39          RTS

* DEFINE TAB CHARACTER .TC C

0B77 0D 12 11      TABCH  JSR  LDNSKP  GET TO NEXT CHAR.
0B7A 81 0D          CMP  A  ##D    IS IT A C. R. ?
0B7C 26 01          BNE  TABCH2
0B7E 4F          CLR  A          CLEAR VALUE
0B7F 97 0D          TABCH2 STA A  TAB    SAVE TAB CHAR.
0B81 39          RTS          RETURN

* DEFINE TAB FILL CHARACTER .TF C

0B82 0D 12 11      TABFIL JSR  LDNSKP  GET TO NEXT CHAR.
0B85 81 0D          CMP  A  ##D    IS IT C. R. ?
0B87 26 02          BNE  TABFI2
0B89 86 A0          LDA  A  ##A0   SET UNPAD SPACE
0B8B 97 0E          TABFI2 STA A  TFILL  SAVE CHAR.
0B8D 39          RTS          RETURN

* DEFINE TAB COLUMNS .TA 1 2 3 4

0B8E 0E 01 10      STAB  LDX  #TABS  POINT TO TABS
0B91 0D 14 26      STAB2 JSR  PUSHX  SAVE X
0B94 0D 12 53          JSR  CHKNUM  CHECK FOR NUMBER
0B97 24 0E          BCC  STAB4
0B99 0D 14 38      JSR  PULLX  RESTORE
0B9C 96 65          LDA  A  INNUM  GET NUMBER
0B9E A7 00          STA  A  0,X    SAVE IT
0BA0 08          INX          BUMP POINTER
0BA1 8C 01 24      CPX  #TABEND  END OF TABLE?
0BA4 26 EB          BNE  STAB2
0BA6 39          RTS          RETURN

```

```

0BA7 BD 14 38 STAB4 JSR PULLX
0BAA 6F 00 CLR 0,X CLEAR LAST
0BAC 39 RTS

```

* OUTPUT STRING TO TERMINAL . TM STRING

```

0BAD BD 12 11 TERM JSR LDNSKP GET TO NEXT CHAR.
0BB0 A6 00 TERM2 LDA A 0,X GET CHAR.
0BB2 81 0D CMP A ##D IS IT C.R.?
0BB4 27 03 BEQ TERM4
0BB6 08 INX BUMP THE POINTER
0BB7 20 F7 BRA TERM2
0BB9 86 04 TERM4 LDA A #4 SET UP 4
0BBB A7 00 STA A 0,X SAVE IT
0BBD DE E3 LDX CMNPNT SET POINTER
0BBF 7E 15 BA JMP PSTRNG GO PRINT STRING

```

* GET INPUT FROM TERMINAL . GI PROMPT

```

0BC2 8D E9 GETIN BSR TERM GO PRINT PROMPT
0BC4 CE 16 E4 LDX #QUSTR POINT TO STR.
0BC7 BD 15 BC JSR PDATA OUTPUT IT
0BCA BD 15 59 JSR GIBUF GET INPUT RESPONSE
0BCD 97 9B STA A SBFLG SET FLAG
0BCF 39 RTS RETURN

```

* SET NEW ENVIRONMENT . EV N

```

0BD0 BD 12 53 SENV JSR CHKNUM CHECK FOR NUMBER
0BD3 24 08 BCC SENV1
0BD5 96 65 LDA A INNUM GET NUMBER
0BD7 27 05 BEQ SENV2
0BD9 86 01 LDA A #1 SET UP 1
0BDB 20 01 BRA SENV2
0BDD 4F SENV1 CLR A CLEAR VALUE
0BDE 91 73 SENV2 CMP A EV PRESENT EV?
0BE0 26 01 BNE SENV3
0BE2 39 RTS YES, RETURN
0BE3 97 73 SENV3 STA A EV SET NEW EV
0BE5 96 32 LDA A COLCNT SAVE COL COUNT
0BE7 D6 78 LDA B COLCN2
0BE9 D7 32 STA B COLCNT
0BEB 97 78 STA A COLCN2
0BED 96 38 LDA A IND FIX THE INDENT
0BEF D6 79 LDA B IND2
0BF1 97 79 STA A IND2
0BF3 D7 38 STA B IND
0BF5 96 3B LDA A LLN DO LINE LENGTH
0BF7 D6 9C LDA B LLN2
0BF9 97 9C STA A LLN2
0BFB D7 3B STA B LLN
0BFD CE 00 BF LDX #AUTO POINT TO BLOCK
0C00 A6 00 SENV4 LDA A 0,X GET VALUE
0C02 E6 01 LDA B 1,X

```

```

0C04 A7 01          STA A  1, X      SWAP VALUE
0C06 E7 00          STA B  0, X
0C08 08            INX              GO TO NEXT
0C09 08            INX
0C0A 8C 00 D7      CPX      #BUFPNT  FINISHED?
0C0D 26 F1          BNE      SENV4
0C0F A6 00          LDA A  0, X      GET VALUE
0C11 E6 02          LDA B  2, X
0C13 A7 02          STA A  2, X      SWAP
0C15 E7 00          STA B  0, X
0C17 A6 01          LDA A  1, X
0C19 E6 03          LDA B  3, X
0C1B A7 03          STA A  3, X
0C1D E7 01          STA B  1, X
0C1F 08            INX              BUMP THE POINTER
0C20 08            INX
0C21 08            INX
0C22 08            INX
0C23 8C 00 E3      CPX      #CMNPNT  FINISHED?
0C26 26 E7          BNE      SENV6
0C28 CE 17 7A      LDX      #LINBUF  POINT TO BUFFER
0C2B A6 00          LDA A  0, X      GET A CHAR.
0C2D E6 C8          LDA B  200, X
0C2F A7 C8          STA A  200, X    SWAP FOR NEW
0C31 E7 00          STA B  0, X
0C33 08            INX              BUMP TO NEXT
0C34 8C 18 42      CPX      #LINBU2  FINISHED?
0C37 26 F2          BNE      SENV8
0C39 39            RTS              RETURN

```

* SET NEW PAGE NUMBER . PN +N

```

0C3A BD 12 53      PGNUM   JSR      CHKNUM  CHECK FOR NUMBER
0C3D 24 07          BCC      PGNUM4
0C3F 96 69          LDA A  PGN      GET VALUE
0C41 BD 12 42      JSR      FIXVAL  GO FIX VALUE
0C44 97 69          STA A  PGN      SAVE NEW
0C46 39            PGNUM4  RTS      RETURN

```

* SET DOUBLE HEIGHT . DH

```

0C47 BD 09 52      DUBH    JSR      FLUSH   FLUSH BUFFER
0C4A 86 12          DUBH1   LDA A  ##12   SET UP CODE
0C4C 7C 00 3D      INC     LINCNT  BUMP LINE COUNT
0C4F 7E 15 D9      DUBH2   JMP      OUTCHR  OUTPUT CHARACTER

```

* SET DOUBLE WIDTH . DW

```

0C52 BD 09 52      DUBW    JSR      FLUSH   FLUSH BUFFER
0C55 86 0E          LDA A  ##0E   SET UP CODE
0C57 97 83          STA A  DWFLG  SET FLAG
0C59 20 F4          BRA     DUBH2

```

* SET DOUBLE BOTH . DB

```

0C5B BD 09 52 DUBB JSR FLUSH FLUSH BUFFER
0C5E 86 0E LDA A #$0E SET UP CODE
0C60 97 83 STA A DWFLG SET FLAG
0C62 BD 15 D9 JSR OUTCHR OUTPUT CHARACTER
0C65 20 E3 BRA DUBH1

```

* CENTER N LINES . CE +N

```

0C67 BD 09 4E CENTER JSR FLUSHB FLUSH BUFFER
0C6A BD 12 53 JSR CHKNUM CHECK FOR NUMBER
0C6D 24 0B BCC CENTE2
0C6F 96 D1 LDA A CNTFLG GET OLD COUNT
0C71 BD 12 42 JSR FIXVAL FIX VALUE
0C74 97 D1 STA A CNTFLG SAVE NEW
0C76 27 23 BEQ PAGEL4
0C78 20 04 BRA CENTE4
0C7A 86 01 CENTE2 LDA A #1 DEFAULT TO 1
0C7C 97 D1 STA A CNTFLG SAVE COUNT
0C7E 96 C5 CENTE4 LDA A FILFLG GET FLAG
0C80 97 63 STA A TFILF SAVE AS TEMP
0C82 86 FF LDA A #$FF
0C84 97 C5 STA A FILFLG FORCE FILL MODE
0C86 39 RTS RETURN

```

* SET PAGE LENGTH . PL +N

```

0C87 BD 12 53 PAGEL JSR CHKNUM CHECK FOR NUMBER
0C8A 25 04 BCS PAGEL1
0C8C 86 42 LDA A #66 DEFAULT TO 66
0C8E 20 09 BRA PAGEL2
0C90 96 3F PAGEL1 LDA A PGL GET LAST VALUE
0C92 BD 12 42 JSR FIXVAL FIX VALUE
0C95 4D TST A
0C96 26 01 BNE PAGEL2
0C98 4C INC A BUMP BY ONE
0C99 97 3F PAGEL2 STA A PGL SAVE NEW
0C9B 39 PAGEL4 RTS RETURN

```

* SET SINGLE INDENT . SI +N

```

0C9C BD 09 4E SIND JSR FLUSHB FLUSH BUFFER
0C9F BD 12 53 JSR CHKNUM CHECK FOR NUMBER
0CA2 24 F7 BCC PAGEL4
0CA4 96 71 LDA A SIN GET OLD VALUE
0CA6 BD 12 42 JSR FIXVAL GO FIX VALUE
0CA9 90 71 SUB A SIN
0CAB 97 AF STA A TSIN SAVE AS TEMP
0CAD 7E 0B 52 JMP LENT25

```

* SET CAPS MODE . CP

```

0CB0 86 0F STCAP LDA A #$F SET FLAG
0CB2 97 6C STA A DOCAP

```

```

0CB4 39                      RTS

* CLEAR CAPS MODE .NC

0CB5 7F 00 6C NOCAP CLR DOCAP CLEAR FLAG
0CB8 39                      RTS

* PUT IN INDENT FIELD .PI STRING

0CB9 BD 09 4E PTIND JSR FLUSHB FLUSH BUFFER
0CBC BD 12 11      JSR LDNSKP GET TO NEXT CHAR.
0CBF D6 38      LDA B IND GET INDENT
0CC1 27 2A      BEQ PTIND5
0CC3 D7 5E      STA B NOCR SET FLAG
0CC5 5F      CLR B
0CC6 37 PTIND2 PSH B
0CC7 BD 06 CE JSR GETCHR GO GET CHAR.
0CCA 33      PUL B
0CCB 81 0D      CMP A #$D CHECK IF C. R. ?
0CCD 27 0C      BEQ PTIND3
0CCF 37      PSH B
0CD0 BD 15 D9 JSR OUTCHR GO OUTPUT CHAR.
0CD3 33      PUL B
0CD4 5C      INC B BUMP COUNT
0CD5 D1 38      CMP B IND FINISHED?
0CD7 24 0E BHS PTIND4
0CD9 20 EB BRA PTIND2
0CDB 86 20 PTIND3 LDA A #$20 SET UP SPACE
0CDD 37      PSH B
0CDE BD 15 D9 JSR OUTCHR OUTPUT IT
0CE1 33      PUL B
0CE2 5C      INC B BUMP COUNT
0CE3 D1 38      CMP B IND FINISHED?
0CE5 25 F4 BLO PTIND3
0CE7 5C PTIND4 INC B BUMP COUNT
0CE8 D7 70 STA B PTFL SET FLAG
0CEA 7F 00 5E CLR NOCR
0CED 39 PTIND5 RTS RETURN

* SET NOFILL MODE .NF

0CEE BD 09 4E NOFILL JSR FLUSHB FLUSH BUFFER
0CF1 7F 00 C5 CLR FILFLG CLEAR FLAG
0CF4 39 RTS

* SET FILL MODE .FI

0CF5 BD 09 4E FILL JSR FLUSHB FLUSH BUFFER
0CF8 7C 00 C5 INC FILFLG SET FLAG
0CFB 39 RTS

* REPEAT COMMAND .RP

0CFC BD 09 4E RPT JSR FLUSHB FLUSH BUFFER

```

0CFF	7C	00	B2		INC	SUPL	SET FLAG
0D02	BD	0A	B4		JSR	PAGE	GO PAGE
0D05	7E	16	91		JMP	RWND	REWIND FILE
* STOP COMMAND . ST							
0D08	BD	09	4E	STOP	JSR	FLUSHB	FLUSH BUFFER
0D0B	CE	16	DA		LDX	#STPSTR	POINT TO STRING
0D0E	BD	15	BA	STOP1	JSR	PSTRNG	OUTPUT IT
0D11	BD	15	CF		JSR	EINCH	GO GET CHAR.
0D14	81	53			CMP A	#'S	IS IT 'S'?
0D16	26	06			BNE	STOP2	
0D18	BD	78	03		JSR	FMSCLS	CLOSE FMS
0D1B	7E	09	84		JMP	FINIS4	GO FINISH
0D1E	39			STOP2	RTS		RETURN
* NEED N LINES . NL N							
0D1F	BD	12	53	NEDL	JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK FOR NUMBER
0D22	25	03			BCS	NEDL1	
0D24	7C	00	65		INC	INNUM	BUMP BY 1
0D27	8D	05		NEDL1	BSR	FNTR	GO FIND TRAP
0D29	91	65		NEDL2	CMP A	INNUM	COMPARE
0D2B	25	4A			BLO	SAVS25	
0D2D	39			NEDL4	RTS		
* FIND THE NEXT TRAP							
0D2E	86	FF		FNTR	LDA A	#\$FF	SET MIN DISTANCE
0D30	97	72			STA A	MINDIS	
0D32	CE	19	6E		LDX	#TRAPS	POINT TO TRAPS
0D35	D6	3D		FNTR2	LDA B	LINCNT	GET COUNT
0D37	E1	00			CMP B	0,X	CHECK LOC.
0D39	24	0F			BHS	FNTR4	
0D3B	A6	00			LDA A	0,X	GET DISTANCE
0D3D	81	FF			CMP A	#\$FF	
0D3F	27	11			BEQ	FNTR5	
0D41	10				SBA		SWAP REGISTERS
0D42	91	72			CMP A	MINDIS	MIN DISTANCE?
0D44	24	04			BHS	FNTR4	
0D46	97	72			STA A	MINDIS	SAVE NEW
0D48	DF	7A			STX	NXTTRP	SAVE POINTER
0D4A	08			FNTR4	INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0D4B	08				INX		
0D4C	08				INX		
0D4D	8C	19	9E		CPX	#TRPEND	FINISHED?
0D50	26	E3			BNE	FNTR2	
0D52	D6	72		FNTR5	LDA B	MINDIS	GET DISTANCE
0D54	C1	FF			CMP B	#\$FF	
0D56	26	07			BNE	FNTR6	
0D58	96	3F			LDA A	PGL	SET UP PAGE LEN.
0D5A	90	3D			SUB A	LINCNT	
0D5C	4C				INC A		FIX VALUE
0D5D	5F				CLR B		


```

0D5E 39          RTS          RETURN
0D5F E6 00      FNTR6    LDA B    0,X
0D61 96 72          LDA A    MINDIS  GET DISTANCE
0D63 DE 7A          LDX     NXTTRP  POINT TO TRAP
0D65 39          RTS          RETURN

      * SAVE SPACE ROUTINE .SV N

0D66 7F 00 7C    SAVS     CLR     SVDSPC  CLEAR COUNT
0D69 BD 12 53          JSR     CHKNUM  CHECK FOR NUMBER
0D6C 25 03          BCS     SAVS1
0D6E 7C 00 65          INC     INNUM   GET COUNT
0D71 8D BB        SAVS1    BSR     FNTR   FIND TRAP
0D73 91 65        SAVS2    CMP A   INNUM
0D75 25 06          BLO     SAVS4
0D77 7F 00 68    SAVS25   CLR     NSP   CLEAR NO SPACE
0D7A 7E 0A AB          JMP     SPACE4  GO DO SPACE
0D7D 96 65        SAVS4    LDA A   INNUM   GET COUNT
0D7F 97 7C          STA A   SVDSPC  SAVE COUNT
0D81 39          SAVS5    RTS          RETURN

      * OUTPUT SAVED SPACE .OS

0D82 96 7C        OUTSV   LDA A   SVDSPC  GET REMEMBERED COUNT
0D84 27 FB          BEQ     SAVS5
0D86 7F 00 7C          CLR     SVDSPC  CLEAR COUNT
0D89 20 EC          BRA     SAVS25  OUTPUT SPACE

      * AT LINE N ROUTINE .AT -N

0D8B BD 12 53    ATL     JSR     CHKNUM  CHECK FOR NUMBER
0D8E 24 28          BCC     ATL35
0D90 BD 11 3F          JSR     TSTNEG  IS IT NEGATIVE?
0D93 BD 0F C3          JSR     GTNAM   GET NAME
0D96 96 3F          LDA A   PGL    GET PAGE LEN.
0D98 4C          INC     A
0D99 BD 12 42          JSR     FIXVAL  FIX THE VALUE
0D9C 4D          TST     A
0D9D 26 01          BNE     ATL1
0D9F 4C          INC     A
0DA0 CE 19 6E    ATL1    LDX     #TRAPS  POINT TO TRAPS
0DA3 A1 00        ATL2    CMP A   0,X    COMPARE
0DA5 27 12          BEQ     ATL4
0DA7 8D 27          BSR     INTRP
0DA9 26 F8          BNE     ATL2
0DAB CE 19 6E          LDX     #TRAPS  POINT TO TRAPS
0DAE C6 FF          LDA B   ##FF   SET REFERENCE
0DB0 E1 00        ATL3    CMP B   0,X
0DB2 27 14          BEQ     ATL5
0DB4 8D 1A          BSR     INTRP
0DB6 26 F8          BNE     ATL3
0DB8 39          ATL35   RTS          RETURN
0DB9 D6 9D        ATL4    LDA B   MACNAM  GET NAME
0DBB 26 04          BNE     ATL45

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0DBD	5A		DEC B		DEC THE COUNT	
0DBE	E7	00	STA B	0, X	SAVE POSITION	
0DC0	39		RTS		RETURN	
0DC1	96	9E	ATL45	LDA A	MACNAM+1	GET NAME
0DC3	E7	01		STA B	1, X	SAVE CHAR.
0DC5	A7	02		STA A	2, X	
0DC7	39			RTS		RETURN
0DC8	D6	9D	ATL5	LDA B	MACNAM	GET NAME
0DCA	27	EC		BEQ	ATL35	
0DCC	A7	00		STA A	0, X	SAVE CHARACTER
0DCE	20	F1		BRA	ATL45	

* INCREMENT TRAP POINTER

0DD0	08		INTRP	INX		FIX POINTER
0DD1	08			INX		
0DD2	08			INX		
0DD3	8C	19 9E		CPX	#TRPEND	FINISHED?
0DD6	39			RTS		

* DEFINE MACRO

0DD7	96	5B	DEFMAC	LDA A	MBFLG	CHECK DEF FLAG
0DD9	26	39		BNE	DEFMA5	
0DDB	BD	0E 88		JSR	OPMAC	GO OPEN MACRO
0DDE	27	34	DEFMA2	BEQ	DEFMA5	
0DE0	7C	00 84		INC	DFMFLG	SET DEF FLAG
0DE3	7F	00 5A		CLR	CMFLG	CLEAR COMMAND
0DE6	BD	06 CB	DEFMA3	JSR	CLRGET	GO GET CHARACTER
0DE9	81	2E		CMP A	#'	IS IT A PERIOD?
0DEB	26	0E		BNE	DEFM35	
0DED	BD	06 CB		JSR	CLRGET	GET NEXT CHAR.
0DF0	81	2E		CMP A	#'	IS IT A PERIOD?
0DF2	27	13		BEQ	DEFMA4	
0DF4	36			PSH A		SAVE CHAR
0DF5	86	2E		LDA A	#'	SET UP PERIOD
0DF7	BD	0E E7		JSR	OUTMAC	OUTPUT TO MACRO
0DFA	32			PUL A		RESTORE CHAR
0DFB	BD	0E E7	DEFM35	JSR	OUTMAC	OUTPUT TO MACRO
0DFE	81	0D		CMP A	##D	IS IT A C. R. ?
0E00	27	E4		BEQ	DEFMA3	
0E02	BD	06 CB		JSR	CLRGET	GET NEXT CHAR.
0E05	20	F4		BRA	DEFM35	
0E07	BD	0F 31	DEFMA4	JSR	CLSMAC	CLOSE MACRO
0E0A	BD	06 CB	DEFM45	JSR	CLRGET	GET CHARACTER
0E0D	81	0D		CMP A	##D	IS IT A C. R. ?
0E0F	26	F9		BNE	DEFM45	
0E11	7F	00 84		CLR	DFMFLG	CLEAR DEF FLAG
0E14	39		DEFMA5	RTS		RETURN

* APPEND TO A MACRO .AP XX

0E15	96	5B	APMAC	LDA A	MBFLG	CHECK FLAG
0E17	26	FB		BNE	DEFMA5	

0E19	BD	0E	BB		JSR	OPAPP	OPEN FOR APPEND
0E1C	20	C0			BRA	DEFMA2	
* REMOVE MACRO .RM XX							
0E1E	BD	0F	C3	REMMAC	JSR	GTNAM	GO GET NAME
0E21	BD	0F	6E		JSR	FNDMAC	FIND MACRO
0E24	27	01			BEQ	REMM4	
0E26	39				RTS		RETURN
0E27	DF	9F		REMM4	STX	MACTMP	SAVE POINTER
0E29	EE	02			LDX	2, X	GET ADDRESS
0E2B	BD	0F	9D		JSR	CHKLST	LAST MACRO?
0E2E	24	14			BCC	REMM6	
0E30	DE	9F			LDX	MACTMP	GET POINTER
0E32	A6	02			LDA A	2, X	GET ADDRESS
0E34	E6	03			LDA B	3, X	
0E36	DE	A1			LDX	LSTAVL	SET LAST AVAIL
0E38	A7	00			STA A	0, X	
0E3A	E7	01			STA B	1, X	
0E3C	DE	A9			LDX	NXTMAC	SET UP NXT MAC
0E3E	DF	A1			STX	LSTAVL	SAVE AS LAST AVAIL
0E40	DE	9F			LDX	MACTMP	
0E42	20	0A			BRA	REMNAM	
0E44	DE	9F		REMM6	LDX	MACTMP	SET UP POINTER
0E46	A6	02			LDA A	2, X	GET ADDRESS
0E48	E6	03			LDA B	3, X	
0E4A	97	A3			STA A	FSTAVL	SET FIRST AVAIL
0E4C	D7	A4			STA B	FSTAVL+1	
* REMOVE MACRO NAME FROM TABLE							
0E4E	E6	04		REMNAM	LDA B	4, X	MOVE CHAR DOWN
0E50	E7	00			STA B	0, X	
0E52	08				INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0E53	9C	F7			CPX	MACEND	FINISHED?
0E55	26	F7			BNE	REMNAM	
0E57	09				DEX		DEC THE POINTER
0E58	09				DEX		
0E59	09				DEX		
0E5A	09				DEX		
0E5B	DF	F7			STX	MACEND	SET NEW END
0E5D	39				RTS		RETURN
* DIVERT .DI XX							
0E5E	96	86		DIVERT	LDA A	DIVFLG	CHECK DIV FLAG
0E60	27	0D			BEQ	DIVER2	
0E62	7C	00	87	DIVER0	INC	DIVFL2	SET MARKER
0E65	7E	0F	31		JMP	CLSMAC	CLOSE MACRO
0E68	7F	00	86	DIVER1	CLR	DIVFLG	CLEAR FLAGS
0E6B	7F	00	87		CLR	DIVFL2	
0E6E	39				RTS		RETURN
0E6F	7C	00	87	DIVER2	INC	DIVFL2	SET MARKER
0E72	8D	14			BSR	OPMAC	GO OPEN MACRO

0E74	27	F2		DIVER4	BEQ	DIVER1	
0E76	7C	00	86		INC	DIVFLG	SET FLAG
0E79	7F	00	45		CLR	LDIV	CLEAR COUNT
0E7C	39				RTS		RETURN
* DIVERT APPEND .DA XX							
0E7D	96	86		DIVAPP	LDA A	DIVFLG	CHECK DIV FLAG
0E7F	26	E1			BNE	DIVER0	
0E81	7C	00	87		INC	DIVFL2	SET MARKER
0E84	8D	35			BSR	OPAPP	OPEN FOR APPEND
0E86	20	EC			BRA	DIVER4	
* OPEN A MACRO SPACE							
0E88	BD	0F	C3	OPMAC	JSR	GTNAM	GET MACRO NAME
0E8B	96	9D			LDA A	MACNAM	
0E8D	26	01			BNE	OPMAC2	PRESENT?
0E8F	39				RTS		
0E90	BD	0F	6E	OPMAC2	JSR	FNDMAC	LOOK FOR MACRO
0E93	26	04			BNE	OPMAC4	
0E95	8D	90			BSR	REMM4	REMOVE OLD VERSION
0E97	20	F7			BRA	OPMAC2	OPEN MACRO
0E99	96	9D		OPMAC4	LDA A	MACNAM	GET NAME
0E9B	D6	9E			LDA B	MACNAM+1	
0E9D	8C	1D	88		CPX	#MTEND	END OF TABLE?
0EA0	26	03			BNE	OPMAC5	
0EA2	7E	0F	19		JMP	SYSERR	REPORT ERROR
0EA5	A7	00		OPMAC5	STA A	0, X	SAVE NAME
0EA7	E7	01			STA B	1, X	
0EA9	96	A3			LDA A	FSTAVL	GET FIRST AVAIL
0EAB	D6	A4			LDA B	FSTAVL+1	
0EAD	A7	02			STA A	2, X	SAVE IN TABLE
0EAF	E7	03			STA B	3, X	
0EB1	08				INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0EB2	08				INX		
0EB3	08				INX		
0EB4	08				INX		
0EB5	DF	F7			STX	MACEND	SET NEW END
0EB7	DE	A3			LDX	FSTAVL	GET LAST AVAIL
0EB9	20	1E			BRA	SAVSX	
* OPEN MACRO FOR APPEND							
0EBB	BD	0F	C3	OPAPP	JSR	GTNAM	GET MACRO NAME
0EBE	96	9D			LDA A	MACNAM	
0EC0	26	01			BNE	OPAPP2	
0EC2	39				RTS		NO NAME
0EC3	BD	0F	6E	OPAPP2	JSR	FNDMAC	FIND MACRO
0EC6	26	D1			BNE	OPMAC4	
0EC8	EE	02		OPAPP4	LDX	2, X	GET LOCATION
0ECA	BD	0F	9D		JSR	CHKLST	IS IT THE LAST ONE?
0ECD	24	0A			BCC	SAVSX	
0ECF	96	A3			LDA A	FSTAVL	GET FIRST AVAIL

0ED1	D6	A4		LDA	B	FSTAVL+1	
0ED3	A7	00		STA	A	0, X	SET NEW
0ED5	E7	01		STA	B	1, X	
0ED7	DE	A3		LDX		FSTAVL	

* SAVE SPECIAL INDEX

0ED9	7D	00	87	SAVSX	TST	DIVFL2	TEST MARKER
0EDC	27	06		BEQ		SAVSX2	
0EDE	7F	00	87	CLR		DIVFL2	CLEAR MARKER
0EE1	DF	AB		STX		NXTOUT	SAVE POINTER
0EE3	39			RTS			RETURN
0EE4	DF	A9		SAVSX2	STX	NXTMAC	SAVE POINTER
0EE6	39			RTS			

* OUTPUT TO MACRO SPACE

0EE7	DF	AD		OUTMAC	STX	XMAC	SAVE POINTER
0EE9	7D	00	87		TST	DIVFL2	TEST MARKER
0EEC	27	04			BEQ	OUTMA0	
0EEE	DE	AB			LDX	NXTOUT	SET POINTER
0EF0	20	02			BRA	OUTMA1	
0EF2	DE	A9		OUTMA0	LDX	NXTMAC	
0EF4	6D	00		OUTMA1	TST	0, X	TEST IF END
0EF6	27	18			BEQ	OUTMA4	
0EF8	81	1F			CMP	A	##1F
0EFA	22	0C			BHI		OUTM18
0EFC	81	0D			CMP	A	##D
0EFE	26	0B			BNE		OUTMA3
0F00	7D	00	87		TST	DIVFL2	TEST MARKER
0F03	27	03			BEQ		OUTM18
0F05	7C	00	45		INC	LDIV	BUMP DIV LINE CNT
0F08	A7	00		OUTM18	STA	A	0, X
0F0A	08			OUTMA2	INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0F0B	8D	CC		OUTMA3	BSR		SAVSX
0F0D	DE	AD			LDX		XMAC
0F0F	39				RTS		
0F10	08			OUTMA4	INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0F11	9C	A1			CPX		LSTAVL
0F13	27	04			BEQ		SYSERR
0F15	EE	00			LDX		0, X
0F17	20	DB			BRA		OUTMA1

* REPORT SYSTEM MACRO ERROR

0F19	7E	08	93	SYSERR	JMP	MACOVF	REPORT OVERFLOW
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* INPUT TO MACRO SPACE

0F1C	DE	5C		INMAC	LDX	MBFPNT	SET UP POINTER
0F1E	A6	00		INMAC2	LDA	A	0, X
0F20	08				INX		BUMP THE POINTER
0F21	DF	5C			STX		MBFPNT
0F23	4D				TST	A	TEST THE CHAR.

0F24	26	06		BNE	INMAC4	
0F26	EE	00		LDX	0, X	GET LINK
0F28	26	F4		BNE	INMAC2	
0F2A	20	04		BRA	INMAC5	
0F2C	81	FF	INMAC4	CMP A	#\$FF	IS CHAR FF?
0F2E	27	EE		BEQ	INMAC2	
0F30	39		INMAC5	RTS		RETURN
* CLOSE MACRO SPACE						
0F31	7D	00	87	CLSMAC	TST	DIVFL2 TEST MARKER
0F34	27	09		BEQ	CLSMA2	
0F36	4F			CLR A		
0F37	97	86		STA A	DIVFLG	CLEAR FLAG
0F39	97	87		STA A	DIVFL2	
0F3B	DE	AB		LDX	NXTOUT	SET POINTER
0F3D	20	02		BRA	CLSMA3	
0F3F	DE	A9	CLSMA2	LDX	NXTMAC	POINT TO NEXT MAC
0F41	6D	00	CLSMA3	TST	0, X	TEST CHARACTER
0F43	27	14		BEQ	CLSMA4	
0F45	6D	01		TST	1, X	TEST NEXT
0F47	27	17		BEQ	CLSMA5	
0F49	6D	02		TST	2, X	ONE MORE
0F4B	27	1A		BEQ	CLSMA6	
0F4D	6F	00		CLR	0, X	CLEAR OUT SPACE
0F4F	6F	01		CLR	1, X	
0F51	6F	02		CLR	2, X	
0F53	08			INX		FIX POINTER
0F54	08			INX		
0F55	08			INX		
0F56	DF	A3		STX	FSTAVL	SET FIRST AVAIL
0F58	39			RTS		RETURN
0F59	EE	01	CLSMA4	LDX	1, X	GET LINK
0F5B	26	E4		BNE	CLSMA3	
0F5D	7E	0F	19	JMP	SYSERR	REPORT MACRO ERROR
0F60	86	FF	CLSMA5	LDA A	#\$FF	SET UP FF
0F62	A7	00		STA A	0, X	SAVE IT
0F64	08			INX		
0F65	20	F2		BRA	CLSMA4	
0F67	86	FF	CLSMA6	LDA A	#\$FF	SET UP FF
0F69	A7	00		STA A	0, X	SAVE IT
0F6B	08			INX		FIX POINTER
0F6C	20	F2		BRA	CLSMA5	
* FIND MACRO						
0F6E	96	9D	FNDMAC	LDA A	MACNAM	CHECK NAME
0F70	27	17		BEQ	FNDMA4	
0F72	D6	9E		LDA B	MACNAM+1	GET NAME
0F74	CE	1C	88	LDX	#MACTBL	POINT TO TABLE
0F77	9C	F7	FNDMA1	CPX	MACEND	FINISHED?
0F79	27	0E		BEQ	FNDMA4	
0F7B	A1	00		CMP A	0, X	TEST 1ST CHAR.
0F7D	26	04		BNE	FNDMA2	

0F7F	E1	01		CMP	B	1, X	TEST 2ND CHAR.
0F81	27	08		BEQ		FNDMA6	
0F83	08		FNDMA2	INX			FIX POINTER
0F84	08			INX			
0F85	08			INX			
0F86	08			INX			
0F87	20	EE		BRA		FNDMA1	REPEAT
0F89	DE	F7	FNDMA4	LDX		MACEND	SET POINTER
0F8B	39		FNDMA6	RTS			RETURN

* FIND LAST MACRO ENTRY

0F8C	A6	00	FNDLST	LDA	A	0, X	GET CHARACTER
0F8E	27	03		BEQ		FNDLS2	IS IT ZERO?
0F90	08			INX			GO TO NEXT
0F91	20	F9		BRA		FNDLST	
0F93	08		FNDLS2	INX			BUMP POINTER
0F94	DF	A9		STX		NXTMAC	SAVE POSITION
0F96	EE	00		LDX		0, X	PICK UP LINK
0F98	26	F2		BNE		FNDLST	
0F9A	DE	A9		LDX		NXTMAC	GET NEXT LOC.
0F9C	39			RTS			RETURN

* CHECK LAST MACRO ENTRY

0F9D	8D	ED	CHKLST	BSR		FNDLST	FIND LAST ENTRY
0F9F	08			INX			FIX POINTER
0FA0	08			INX			
0FA1	9C	A3		CPX		FSTAVL	IS IT FIRST?
0FA3	27	04		BEQ		CHKLS2	
0FA5	DE	A9		LDX		NXTMAC	GET NEXT
0FA7	0D			SEC			
0FA8	39			RTS			RETURN
0FA9	09		CHKLS2	DEX			BACK UP
0FAA	09			DEX			
0FAB	09			DEX			
0FAC	86	FF		LDA	A	##FF	SET UP FF
0FAE	A7	00		STA	A	0, X	PUT CHARACTER
0FB0	A7	01		STA	A	1, X	
0FB2	A7	02		STA	A	2, X	
0FB4	0C			CLC			
0FB5	39			RTS			RETURN

* END MACRO EXECUTION

0FB6	96	80	MCEND	LDA	A	MACCNT	GET COUNT
0FB8	27	06		BEQ		MCEND2	
0FBA	7F	00	5B	CLR		MBFLG	CLEAR FLAG
0FBD	7C	00	7D	INC		FINMAC	SET FINISHED
0FC0	7E	08	9C	MCEND2	JMP	FINCM	GO FINISH

* GET TWO CHARACTER NAME

0FC3	BD	12	11	GTNAM	JSR	LDNSKP	GET TO NEXT
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0FC6	BD	12	1F		JSR	CLSFY	CLASSIFY IT
0FC9	C1	02			CMP	B #2	
0FCB	26	1C			BNE	GTNA6	
0FCD	36				PSH	A	SAVE CHARACTER
0FCE	08				INX		FIX THE POINTER
0FCF	A6	00			LDA	A 0,X	GET CHARACTER
0FD1	BD	12	1F		JSR	CLSFY	GO CLASSIFY
0FD4	C1	02			CMP	B #2	
0FD6	33				PUL	B	RESTORE CHARACTER
0FD7	26	10			BNE	GTNA6	
0FD9	08				INX		ADJUST POINTER
0FDA	DF	E3			STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
0FDC	C1	5F			CMP	B ##5F	LOWER CASE?
0FDE	23	04			BLS	GTNA4	
0FE0	80	20			SUB	A ##20	MAKE UPPER
0FE2	C0	20			SUB	B ##20	
0FE4	D7	9D		GTNA4	STA	B MACNAM	SAVE THE NAME
0FE6	97	9E			STA	A MACNAM+1	
0FE8	39				RTS		RETURN
0FE9	4F			GTNA6	CLR	A	CLEAR OUT
0FEA	5F				CLR	B	
0FEB	20	F7			BRA	GTNA4	

* SET TITLE LENGTH .LT +N

0FED	BD	12	53	TLEN	JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK FOR NUMBER
0FF0	24	07			BCC	TLEN2	
0FF2	96	D5			LDA	A TLN	GET LENGTH
0FF4	BD	12	42		JSR	FIXVAL	GO FIX VALUE
0FF7	97	D5			STA	A TLN	SAVE NEW
0FF9	39			TLEN2	RTS		RETURN

* DO THREE PART TITLE .TL '1'2'3'

0FFA	7F	00	B6	TITLE	CLR	TPOS	CLEAR POSITION
0FFD	BD	12	11		JSR	LDNSKP	GET TO NEXT
1000	81	0D			CMP	A ##D	C. R. ?
1002	27	F5			BEQ	TLEN2	
1004	CE	1A	54		LDX	#TTLBUF	POINT TO BUFFER
1007	7C	00	5E		INC	NOCR	SET FLAG
100A	DF	BA		TITLE1	STX	TTLPNT	SAVE POINTER
100C	BD	06	CE		JSR	GETCHR	GO GET CHAR.
100F	DE	BA			LDX	TTLPNT	RESTORE POINTER
1011	A7	00			STA	A 0,X	SAVE THE CHAR.
1013	81	0D			CMP	A ##D	FINISHED?
1015	27	03			BEQ	TITL12	
1017	08				INX		BUMP THE POINTER
1018	20	F0			BRA	TITLE1	
101A	7F	00	5E	TITL12	CLR	NOCR	CLEAR FLAG
101D	CE	19	A0		LDX	#CMNDBF	POINT TO BUFFER
1020	A6	B4		TITL15	LDA	A TTLBUF-CMNDBF,X	
1022	A7	00			STA	A 0,X	PUT CHAR.
1024	08				INX		GET TO NEXT
1025	81	0D			CMP	A ##D	FINISHED?

1027	26	F7		BNE	TITL15	
1029	CE	19	A0	LDX	#CMNDBF	RESTORE POINTER
102C	A6	00		LDA	A 0,X	GET CHARACTER
102E	97	B7		STA	A DELIM	SAVE DELIMITER
1030	08			INX		BUMP THE POINTER
1031	DF	E3		STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
1033	CE	1A	54	LDX	#TTLBUF	POINT TO BUFFER
1036	DF	BA		STX	TTLPNT	
1038	86	20		LDA	A ##20	SET UP SPACE
103A	A7	00	TITLE2	STA	A 0,X	SAVE IT
103C	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
103D	8C	1A	A4	CPX	#TTLBUF+80	
1040	26	F8		BNE	TITLE2	
1042	BD	10	AB	JSR	CNTTTL	GO COUNT TITLE
1045	D7	B8		STA	B TCNT	SAVE COUNT
1047	BD	10	BF	JSR	XFR TTL	TRANSFER TITLE
104A	BD	10	AB	JSR	CNTTTL	COUNT TITLE
104D	96	D5		LDA	A TLN	GET LENGTH
104F	10			SBA		
1050	47			ASR	A	
1051	97	B9		STA	A MCNT	SAVE MIDDLE COUNT
1053	C6	20		LDA	B ##20	GET SPACE
1055	91	B8		CMP	A TCNT	
1057	23	0F		BLS	TITLE5	
1059	90	B8		SUB	A TCNT	
105B	DE	BA		LDX	TTLPNT	RESTORE POINTER
105D	E7	00	TITLE4	STA	B 0,X	SAVE CHAR.
105F	08			INX		BUMP THE POINTER
1060	7C	00	B6	INC	TPOS	UPDATE POSITION
1063	4A			DEC	A	
1064	26	F7		BNE	TITLE4	
1066	DF	BA		STX	TTLPNT	SAVE POINTER
1068	BD	10	BF	JSR	XFR TTL	TRANSFER TITLE
106B	BD	10	AB	JSR	CNTTTL	COUNT TITLE
106E	96	D5		LDA	A TLN	GET LENGTH
1070	90	B6		SUB	A TPOS	FIX POSITION
1072	11			CBA		
1073	23	0D		BLS	TITLE7	
1075	10			SBA		
1076	C6	20		LDA	B ##20	SET UP SPACE
1078	DE	BA		LDX	TTLPNT	SET POINTER
107A	E7	00	TITL65	STA	B 0,X	PUT CHAR
107C	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
107D	4A			DEC	A	DEC THE COUNT
107E	26	FA		BNE	TITL65	
1080	DF	BA		STX	TTLPNT	SAVE POINTER
1082	BD	10	BF	JSR	XFR TTL	TRANSFER TITLE
1085	96	D5		LDA	A TLN	GET LENGTH
1087	97	B6		STA	A TPOS	SAVE POSITION
1089	27	1C		BEQ	TITLE9	
108B	D6	3E		LDA	B LFM	CHECK MARGIN
108D	27	0A		BEQ	TITL78	
108F	86	20	TITL75	LDA	A ##20	SETUP SPACE
1091	37			PSH	B	

```

1092 BD 15 D9          JSR   OUTCHR   OUTPUT SPACE
1095 33                PUL B
1096 5A                DEC B          DEC COUNT
1097 26 F6            BNE   TITL75
1099 CE 1A 54  TITL78 LDX   #TTLBUF  POINT TO TITLE
109C A6 00  TITLE8 LDA A  0,X      GET A CHARACTER
109E BD 15 D9          JSR   OUTCHR   OUTPUT IT
10A1 08              INX
10A2 7A 00 B6        DEC   TPOS     DEC COUNT
10A5 26 F5            BNE   TITLE8   REPEAT TIL DONE
10A7 BD 08 DE  TITLE9 JSR   PCRLF   OUTPUT CR & LF
10AA 39              RTS          RETURN

```

* COUNT CHARACTERS IN TITLE

```

10AB 5F          CNTTTL CLR B          CLEAR COUNT
10AC DE E3          LDX   CMNPNT   SET POINTER
10AE A6 00  CNTTT2 LDA A  0,X      GET CHARACTER
10B0 91 B7          CMP A  DELIM    IS IT DELIMITER?
10B2 27 08          BEQ   CNTTT3
10B4 81 00          CMP A  #$D     IS IT C. R. ?
10B6 27 04          BEQ   CNTTT3
10B8 08              INX          BUMP THE POINTER
10B9 5C              INC B          BUMP COUNT
10BA 20 F2          BRA   CNTTT2
10BC DF E5  CNTTT3 STX   SPCPT1  SET POINTER
10BE 39              RTS          RETURN

```

* TRANSFER TITLE TO BUFFER

```

10BF DE E3  XFRTTL LDX   CMNPNT   SET POINTER
10C1 9C E5          CPX   SPCPT1  FINISHED?
10C3 27 15          BEQ   BMPCP2
10C5 A6 00          LDA A  0,X      GET CHARACTER
10C7 08              INX          BUMP TO NEXT
10C8 DF E3          STX   CMNPNT   SAVE
10CA DE BA          LDX   TTLPNT   SET POINTER
10CC A7 00          STA A  0,X      PUT CHARACTER
10CE 08              INX          BUMP TO NEXT
10CF DF BA          STX   TTLPNT   SAVE
10D1 7C 00 B6      INC   TPOS     BUMP POSITION
10D4 20 E9          BRA   XFRTTL   REPEAT
10D6 20 02  XFRTT2 BRA   BMPCP2

```

* BUMP COMMAND POINTER

```

10D8 DE E3  BMPCP  LDX   CMNPNT   GET POINTER
10DA 08      BMPCP2 INX          BUMP IT
10DB DF E3          STX   CMNPNT   SAVE IT
10DD 39              RTS          RETURN

```

* IF COMMAND . IF CONDITION . CM

```

10DE 7F 00 7E  IF     CLR   NEGT   CLEAR FLAG

```

10E1	BD	12	11	IF1	JSR	LDNSKP	FIND NEXT CHAR
10E4	81	21			CMP A	#'!	IS IT A '!'
10E6	26	07			BNE	IF3	
10E8	73	00	7E		COM	NEGT	SET NEG FLAG
10EB	8D	EB			BSR	BMPCP	BUMP POINTER
10ED	20	F2			BRA	IF1	
10EF	81	5F		IF3	CMP A	##5F	IS IT LOWER CASE?
10F1	23	02			BLS	IF35	
10F3	80	20			SUB A	##20	MAKE UPPER
10F5	81	4F		IF35	CMP A	#'0	CHECK IF ODD
10F7	26	07			BNE	IF4	
10F9	96	69			LDA A	PGN	GET PAGE NUMBER
10FB	46				ROR A		CHECK IF ODD
10FC	24	28			BCC	IFN	
10FE	20	09			BRA	IFY	
1100	81	45		IF4	CMP A	#'E	EVEN?
1102	26	27			BNE	IF6	
1104	96	69			LDA A	PGN	GET PAGE NUMBER
1106	46				ROR A		CHECK IF EVEN
1107	25	1D			BCS	IFN	
1109	96	7E		IFY	LDA A	NEGT	CHECK NEG.
110B	26	31			BNE	IF8	
110D	8D	C9		IF5	BSR	BMPCP	BUMP POINTER
110F	BD	12	11		JSR	LDNSKP	GET NEXT CHAR
1112	7F	00	64		CLR	NOFL	CLEAR FLAG
1115	81	2E			CMP A	#'.	IS IT PERIOD?
1117	27	06			BEQ	IF55	
1119	81	3A			CMP A	#':	IS IT COLON?
111B	26	0D			BNE	IFN2	
111D	97	64			STA A	NOFL	SET NO FLUSH
111F	08			IF55	INX		FIX POINTER
1120	DF	E3			STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
1122	7C	00	7F		INC	IFFLG	SET IF FLAG
1125	39				RTS		RETURN
1126	96	7E		IFN	LDA A	NEGT	CHECK NEG.
1128	26	E3			BNE	IF5	
112A	39			IFN2	RTS		RETURN
112B	BD	12	53	IF6	JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK FOR NUMBER
112E	24	0E			BCC	IF8	
1130	DE	E3			LDX	CMNPNT	GET POINTER
1132	09				DEX		ADJUST
1133	09				DEX		
1134	DF	E3			STX	CMNPNT	SAVE
1136	96	65			LDA A	INNUM	GET NUMBER
1138	2B	EC			BMI	IFN	
113A	27	EA			BEQ	IFN	
113C	20	CB			BRA	IFY	
113E	39			IF8	RTS		RETURN

* TEST FOR NEGATIVE NUMBER

113F	96	65		TSTNEG	LDA A	INNUM	GET NUMBER
1141	2A	07			BPL	TSTNE2	
1143	97	67			STA A	SIGN	SET SIGN

1145	97	66		STA A	NEG	SET NEG	
1147	70	00	65	NEG	INNUM	NEGATE NUM.	
114A	39			TSTNE2	RTS	RETURN	
* CHANGE TRAP LOCATION . CH -M -N							
114B	BD	12	53	CHNG	JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK FOR NUMBER
114E	24	19			BCC	CHNG3	
1150	8D	ED			BSR	TSTNEG	NEGATIVE?
1152	96	3F			LDA A	PGL	GET PAGE LENGTH
1154	4C				INC A		
1155	BD	12	42		JSR	FIXVAL	FIX VALUE
1158	CE	19	6E		LDX	#TRAPS	POINT TO TRAPS
115B	4D				TST A		
115C	26	01			BNE	CHNG2	
115E	4C				INC A		BUMP IT
115F	A1	00		CHNG2	CMP A	0, X	TEST LOCATION
1161	27	23			BEQ	CHNG5	
1163	BD	00	D0		JSR	INTRP	BUMP POS.
1166	26	F7			BNE	CHNG2	
1168	39			CHNG25	RTS		RETURN
1169	BD	0F	C3	CHNG3	JSR	GTNAM	GO GET NAME
116C	96	9D			LDA A	MACNAM	
116E	27	F8			BEQ	CHNG25	
1170	D6	9E			LDA B	MACNAM+1	
1172	CE	19	6E		LDX	#TRAPS	POINT TO TRAPS
1175	A1	01		CHNG4	CMP A	1, X	CHECK CHAR.
1177	26	04			BNE	CHNG45	
1179	E1	02			CMP B	2, X	
117B	27	09			BEQ	CHNG5	
117D	08			CHNG45	INX		BUMP TO NEXT
117E	08				INX		
117F	08				INX		
1180	8C	19	9E		CPX	#TRPEND	END OF TABLE?
1183	26	F0			BNE	CHNG4	
1185	39				RTS		RETURN
1186	DF	ED		CHNG5	STX	TEMP5	SAVE POINTER
1188	BD	12	53		JSR	CHKNUM	CHECK FOR NUMBER
118B	24	DB			BCC	CHNG25	
118D	8D	B0			BSR	TSTNEG	IS IT NEG. ?
118F	96	3F			LDA A	PGL	GET PAGE LENGTH
1191	4C				INC A		
1192	BD	12	42		JSR	FIXVAL	FIX VALUE
1195	4D				TST A		
1196	26	01			BNE	CHNG6	
1198	4C				INC A		BUMP IT
1199	DE	ED		CHNG6	LDX	TEMP5	RESTORE POINTER
119B	A7	00			STA A	0, X	PUT CHAR
119D	39				RTS		RETURN
* SET NUMBER REGISTER . NR X N							
119E	BD	12	11	NREG	JSR	LDNSKP	GET TO NEXT
11A1	BD	12	1F		JSR	CLSFY	CLASSIFY IT

```

11A4 C1 02          CMP B   #2
11A6 26 14          BNE   NREG4
11A8 36             PSH A           SAVE
11A9 BD 10 D8       JSR   BMPCP      BUMP POINTER
11AC BD 12 53       JSR   CHKNUM     CHECK FOR NUMBER
11AF 32             PUL A           RESTORE
11B0 24 0A          BCC   NREG4
11B2 BD 11 E1       JSR   FNDNUM     GO FIND NUMBER
11B5 A6 00          LDA A   0,X      GET CHARACTER
11B7 BD 12 42       JSR   FIXVAL     FIX VALUE
11BA A7 00          STA A   0,X      SAVE IT
11BC 39             NREG4 RTS      RETURN

```

* SET ARABIC MODE . AR

```

11BD 7F 00 C1      ARB   CLR   ROM      CLEAR ROMAN
11C0 39             RTS      RETURN

```

* SET FOR SMALL ROMAN . SR

```

11C1 86 80          SROM  LDA A  ##80
11C3 97 C1          ROM2  STA A  ROM      SET FLAG
11C5 39             RTS

```

* SET FOR CAPITAL ROMAN . CR

```

11C6 86 0F          CROM  LDA A  ##F
11C8 20 F9          BRA   ROM2      SET FLAG

```

* SET AUTO INCREMENT . AU N

```

11CA BD 12 53      SAUTO JSR   CHKNUM     CHECK FOR NUMBER
11CD 24 07          BCC   SAUTO4
11CF 96 BF          LDA A  AUTO      GET OLD
11D1 BD 12 42       JSR   FIXVAL     FIX VALUE
11D4 97 BF          STA A  AUTO      SAVE NEW
11D6 39             SAUTO4 RTS      RETURN

```

* CLEAR NUMBER SPACE

```

11D7 5F             CLRNUM CLR B
11D8 D7 65          STA B  INNUM     CLEAR OUT NUM
11DA D7 54          STA B  INC
11DC D7 4F          STA B  GDNUM     SET FLAGS
11DE D7 52          STA B  BNUM
11E0 39             RTS      RETURN

```

* FIND NUMBER REGISTER

```

11E1 CE 00 30      FNDNUM LDX   #NMREGS  SET POINTER
11E4 80 41          SUB A  ##41
11E6 DF 55          STX   NUMPNT
11E8 9B 56          ADD A  NUMPNT+1  ADD OFFSET
11EA 97 56          STA A  NUMPNT+1

```

11EC	DE	55		LDX	NUMPNT	GET POINTER
11EE	39			RTS		RETURN
* FETCH NUMBER FROM BUFFER						
11EF	DE	55	FTCHNM	LDX	NUMPNT	SET POINTER
11F1	9C	58		CPX	LSTNUM	FINISHED?
11F3	27	16		BEQ	FTCHN2	
11F5	A6	00		LDA A	0,X	GET A CHAR.
11F7	84	7F		AND A	#\$7F	MASK IT
11F9	08			INX		BUMP THE POINTER
11FA	DF	55		STX	NUMPNT	SAVE IT
11FC	81	0D		CMP A	#\$D	C. R. ?
11FE	26	08		BNE	FTCHN1	
1200	7D	00	5E	TST	NOCR	TEST FLAG
1203	26	03		BNE	FTCHN1	
1205	7E	07	8D	JMP	FETCH5	RETURN
1208	7E	07	4F	FTCHN1	JMP	FETCH3
120B	7F	00	57	FTCHN2	CLR	EXCHR
120E	7E	06	CE	JMP	GETCHR	GO GET CHAR

* LOAD POINTER AND SKIP SPACES

1211	DE	E3	LDNSKP	LDX	CMNPNT	SET POINTER
1213	A6	00	LDNSK2	LDA A	0,X	GET CHARACTER
1215	81	20		CMP A	#\$20	IS IT SPACE?
1217	26	03		BNE	LDNSK4	
1219	08			INX		BUMP TO NEXT
121A	20	F7		BRA	LDNSK2	
121C	DF	E3	LDNSK4	STX	CMNPNT	SAVE POSITION
121E	39			RTS		RETURN

* CLASSIFY CHARACTER

121F	5F		CLSFY	CLR B		CLEAR SPECIFIER
1220	4D			TST A		TEST CHAR
1221	2B	1E		BMI	CLSFY4	
1223	81	5F		CMP A	#\$5F	LOWER CASE?
1225	23	06		BLS	CLSFY1	
1227	81	7F		CMP A	#\$7F	TEST FOR PARITY
1229	22	16		BHI	CLSFY4	
122B	80	20		SUB A	#\$20	MAKE UPPER CASE
122D	81	30	CLSFY1	CMP A	#'0	CHAR A NUMBER?
122F	25	10		BLO	CLSFY4	
1231	81	39		CMP A	#'9	
1233	22	02		BHI	CLSFY2	
1235	5C			INC B		IF SO, SET
1236	39			RTS		RETURN
1237	81	41	CLSFY2	CMP A	#'A	IS CHAR A LETTER?
1239	25	06		BLO	CLSFY4	
123B	81	5A		CMP A	#'Z	
123D	22	02		BHI	CLSFY4	
123F	C6	02		LDA B	#2	IF SO, SET
1241	39		CLSFY4	RTS		RETURN

* FIX NUMBER VALUE

1242	D6	65	FIXVAL	LDA B	INNUM	GET NUMBER
1244	7D	00 67		TST	SIGN	TEST SIGN
1247	27	08		BEQ	FIXVA4	
1249	7D	00 66		TST	NEG	TEST FOR NEG.
124C	27	01		BEQ	FIXVA3	
124E	50			NEG B		NEGATE NUM
124F	1B		FIXVA3	ABA		FIX VALUE
1250	39			RTS		RETURN
1251	17		FIXVA4	TBA		
1252	39			RTS		

* CHECK FOR NUMBER

1253	4F		CHKNUM	CLR A		CLEAR FLAGS
1254	97	67		STA A	SIGN	
1256	97	66		STA A	NEG	
1258	BD	11 D7		JSR	CLRNUM	CLEAR NUMBER
125B	5C			INC B		
125C	D7	5E		STA B	NOCR	SET FLAGS
125E	BD	12 11		JSR	LDNSKP	GO TO NEXT
1261	81	2B		CMP A	#'+	IS IT A '+'?
1263	27	06		BEQ	CHKNU2	
1265	81	2D		CMP A	#'-	IS IT A '-'?
1267	26	08		BNE	CHKNU4	
1269	97	66		STA A	NEG	SET NEG.
126B	08		CHKNU2	INX		BUMP THE POINTER
126C	DF	E3		STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
126E	8D	1F		BSR	PRNUM	PROCESS NUMBER
1270	24	0D		BCC	CHKNU6	
1272	20	07		BRA	CHKNU5	
1274	08		CHKNU4	INX		FIX POINTER
1275	DF	E3		STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
1277	8D	32		BSR	PRNU28	PROCESS NUM.
1279	24	04		BCC	CHKNU6	
127B	8D	0B	CHKNU5	BSR	CLRTHM	CLEAR FLAGS
127D	0D			SEC		
127E	39			RTS		RETURN
127F	8D	07	CHKNU6	BSR	CLRTHM	CLEAR FLAGS
1281	DE	E3		LDX	CMNPNT	SET POINTER
1283	09			DEX		
1284	DF	E3		STX	CMNPNT	
1286	0C			CLC		
1287	39			RTS		RETURN

* CLEAR FLAGS

1288	7F	00 57	CLRTHM	CLR	EXCHR	CLEAR THEM
128B	7F	00 5E		CLR	NOCR	
128E	39			RTS		RETURN

* PROCESS NUMBER

128F	97	67		PRNUM	STA A	SIGN	CLEAR SIGN
1291	BD	11	D7	PRNUM2	JSR	CLRNUM	CLEAR NUMBER
1294	5C				INC B		
1295	D7	5E			STA B	NOCR	SET FLAGS
1297	7F	00	54	PRNU27	CLR	INC	
129A	7C	00	6A		INC	PASCHR	
129D	BD	06	CE		JSR	GETCHR	GET NEXT CHAR.
12A0	7D	00	74		TST	NOEXP	DO EXPRESSIONS?
12A3	27	06			BEQ	PRNU28	
12A5	7F	00	74		CLR	NOEXP	
12A8	7E	13	52		JMP	PRNU82	JUMP AHEAD
12AB	BD	12	1F	PRNU28	JSR	CLSFY	GO CLASSIFY
12AE	C1	01			CMP B	#1	
12B0	25	05		PRNUM3	BLO	PRNU31	
12B2	27	51			BEQ	PRNUM5	
12B4	7E	13	40		JMP	PRNU73	
12B7	7D	00	65	PRNU31	TST	INNUM	TEST NUMBER
12BA	27	05			BEQ	PRNU32	
12BC	36				PSH A		
12BD	96	65			LDA A	INNUM	GET NUMBER
12BF	20	58			BRA	PRNUM6	
12C1	7F	00	65	PRNU32	CLR	INNUM	CLEAR NUMBER
12C4	81	23			CMP A	#'#	CHECK FOR '#'
12C6	27	18			BEQ	PRNUM4	
12C8	81	2B			CMP A	#'+	IS IT '+'?
12CA	26	04			BNE	PRNU35	
12CC	97	50			STA A	ADD	SET FOR ADD
12CE	20	C7			BRA	PRNU27	
12D0	81	2D		PRNU35	CMP A	#'-	IS IT '-'?
12D2	26	04			BNE	PRNU37	
12D4	97	51			STA A	SUB	SET FOR SUBTRACT
12D6	20	BF			BRA	PRNU27	
12D8	81	25		PRNU37	CMP A	#'%	IS IT '%'?
12DA	26	6C			BNE	PRNUM8	
12DC	96	69			LDA A	PGN	GET PAGE NUMBER
12DE	20	39			BRA	PRNUM6	
12E0	7C	00	6A	PRNUM4	INC	PASCHR	SET FLAG
12E3	BD	06	CE		JSR	GETCHR	GET CHARACTER
12E6	BD	12	1F		JSR	CLSFY	CLASSIFY IT
12E9	C1	02			CMP B	#2	
12EB	26	10			BNE	PRNU45	
12ED	BD	11	E1		JSR	FNDNUM	GO FIND NUMBER
12F0	A6	00			LDA A	0, X	GET VALUE
12F2	7D	00	54		TST	INC	INCREMENT?
12F5	27	22			BEQ	PRNUM6	
12F7	9B	BF			ADD A	AUTO	ADD IN AUTO
12F9	A7	00			STA A	0, X	SAVE NEW
12FB	20	1C			BRA	PRNUM6	
12FD	81	2B		PRNU45	CMP A	#'+	IS IT '+'?
12FF	26	47			BNE	PRNUM8	
1301	97	54			STA A	INC	SET INC.
1303	20	DB			BRA	PRNUM4	
1305	80	30		PRNUM5	SUB A	##30	BIAS NUMBER

1307	36			PSH	A		
1308	D6	65		LDA	B	INNUM	GET NUM
130A	58			ASL	B		ADJUST
130B	58			ASL	B		
130C	DB	65		ADD	B	INNUM	ADD IT IN
130E	58			ASL	B		
130F	32			PUL	A		RESTORE
1310	1B			ABA			
1311	97	65		STA	A	INNUM	SAVE NEW VALUE
1313	7C	00	4F	INC		GNUM	SET GOOD
1316	7E	12	97	JMP		PRNU27	REPEAT
1319	D6	51		LDA	B	SUB	SUBTRACT?
131B	27	06		BEQ		PRNU65	
131D	16			TAB			DO SUBTRACT
131E	96	52		LDA	A	BNUM	
1320	10			SBA			
1321	20	06		BRA		PRNUM7	
1323	D6	50		LDA	B	ADD	ADDITION?
1325	27	02		BEQ		PRNUM7	
1327	9B	52		ADD	A	BNUM	DO ADD
1329	97	52		STA	A	BNUM	SAVE NUMBER
132B	7F	00	50	CLR		ADD	CLEAR FLAGS
132E	7F	00	51	CLR		SUB	
1331	7C	00	4F	INC		GNUM	SET GOOD
1334	7D	00	65	TST		INNUM	TEST NUMBER
1337	26	03		BNE		PRNU72	
1339	7E	12	97	JMP		PRNU27	
133C	32			PUL	A		RESTORE CHAR
133D	7E	12	C1	JMP		PRNU32	
1340	7D	00	65	TST		INNUM	TEST NUMBER
1343	27	03		BEQ		PRNUM8	
1345	36			PSH	A		
1346	20	D1		BRA		PRNUM6	
1348	7F	00	74	CLR		NOEXP	CLEAR FLAG
134B	7D	00	4F	TST		GNUM	TEST GOOD
134E	26	02		BNE		PRNU82	
1350	0C			CLC			SET CONDITION
1351	39			RTS			RETURN
1352	97	57		STA	A	EXCHR	SAVE EXTRA CHAR.
1354	CE	01	25	LDX		#NUM	POINT TO NUMBER
1357	96	52		LDA	A	BNUM	GET NUMBER
1359	97	65		STA	A	INNUM	
135B	27	04		BEQ		BTOD	
135D	D6	C1		LDA	B	ROM	ROMAN OR ARABIC?
135F	26	37		BNE		BTOROM	

* BINARY TO ASCII ARABIC

1361	5F			BTOD	CLR	B	
1362	81	64		BTOD1	CMP	A	#100
1364	25	05		BLO		BTOD2	NUM > 100?
1366	80	64		SUB	A	#100	SUB OFF 100
1368	5C			INC	B		BUMP NUMBER
1369	20	F7		BRA		BTOD1	

136B 5D	BTOD2	TST B		ANY YET?
136C 27 06		BEQ	BTOD3	
136E CB 30		ADD B	##30	SET HUNDREDS
1370 E7 00		STA B	0, X	SAVE
1372 08		INX		GO TO NEXT
1373 5F		CLR B		CLEAR REGISTER
1374 81 0A	BTOD3	CMP A	#10	NUMBER > 10
1376 25 05		BLO	BTOD4	
1378 80 0A		SUB A	#10	SUB VALUE
137A 5C		INC B		BUMP NUMBER
137B 20 F7		BRA	BTOD3	
137D 5D	BTOD4	TST B		ANY?
137E 27 05		BEQ	BTOD45	
1380 CB 30		ADD B	##30	ADD BIAS
1382 E7 00		STA B	0, X	SAVE TENS
1384 08		INX		BUMP TO NEXT
1385 8B 30	BTOD45	ADD A	##30	ADD IN BIAS
1387 A7 00		STA A	0, X	SAVE ONES
1389 08		INX		BUMP POINTER
138A 96 57	BTOD5	LDA A	EXCHR	GET EXTRA
138C A7 00		STA A	0, X	SAVE IT
138E 08		INX		BUMP TO NEXT
138F DF 58		STX	LSTNUM	SAVE POSITION
1391 CE 01 25		LDX	#NUM	POINT TO NUMBER
1394 DF 55		STX	NUMPNT	
1396 0D		SEC		
1397 39		RTS		RETURN

* BINARY TO ASCII ROMAN

1398 C6 43	BTOROM	LDA B	#'C	SET HUNDREDS
139A 81 64	BTOR01	CMP A	#100	NUMBER > 100?
139C 25 07		BLO	BTOR02	
139E 80 64		SUB A	#100	SUBTRACT OFF
13A0 E7 00		STA B	0, X	SET 100
13A2 08		INX		BUMP TO NEXT
13A3 20 F5		BRA	BTOR01	
13A5 81 5A	BTOR02	CMP A	#90	CHECK FOR 90
13A7 25 0A		BLO	BTOR03	
13A9 80 5A		SUB A	#90	SUBTRACT OFF
13AB E7 01		STA B	1, X	PUT CHARACTER
13AD C6 58		LDA B	#'X	SET TENS
13AF E7 00		STA B	0, X	SAVE IT
13B1 08		INX		BUMP TO NEXT
13B2 08		INX		
13B3 81 32	BTOR03	CMP A	#50	CHECK FOR FIFTY
13B5 25 07		BLO	BTOR04	
13B7 80 32		SUB A	#50	SUBTRACT OFF
13B9 C6 4C		LDA B	#'L	SET 'L'
13BB E7 00		STA B	0, X	SAVE IT
13BD 08		INX		BUMP THE POINTER
13BE 81 28	BTOR04	CMP A	#40	CHECK FOR 40
13C0 25 0C		BLO	BTOR05	
13C2 80 28		SUB A	#40	SUBTRACT OFF

13C4	C6	58		LDA B	#'X	SET TEN
13C6	E7	00		STA B	0,X	SAVE IT
13C8	C6	4C		LDA B	#'L	SET 50
13CA	E7	01		STA B	1,X	SAVE IT
13CC	08			INX		BUMP TO NEXT
13CD	08			INX		
13CE	C6	58	BTOR05	LDA B	#'X	SET UP 'X'
13D0	81	0A		CMP A	#10	CHECK TENS
13D2	25	07		BLO	BTOR06	
13D4	80	0A		SUB A	#10	SUBTRACT OFF
13D6	E7	00		STA B	0,X	SAVE
13D8	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
13D9	20	F3		BRA	BTOR05	
13DB	81	09	BTOR06	CMP A	#9	CHECK IF 9
13DD	25	0A		BLO	BTOR65	
13DF	80	09		SUB A	#9	SUBTRACT 9
13E1	E7	01		STA B	1,X	SAVE CHARACTER
13E3	C6	49		LDA B	#'I	
13E5	E7	00		STA B	0,X	
13E7	08			INX		GET TO NEXT
13E8	08			INX		
13E9	81	05	BTOR65	CMP A	#5	CHECK FOR 5
13EB	25	07		BLO	BTOR07	
13ED	C6	56		LDA B	#'V	SET UP 'V'
13EF	E7	00		STA B	0,X	SAVE IT
13F1	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
13F2	80	05		SUB A	#5	FIX VALUE
13F4	81	04	BTOR07	CMP A	#4	CHECK FOR 4
13F6	25	0C		BLO	BTOR08	
13F8	80	04		SUB A	#4	SUBTRACT OFF
13FA	C6	49		LDA B	#'I	SET UP 'I'
13FC	E7	00		STA B	0,X	SAVE CHARACTER
13FE	C6	56		LDA B	#'V	
1400	E7	01		STA B	1,X	SAVE 'V'
1402	08			INX		BUMP POINTER
1403	08			INX		
1404	C6	49	BTOR08	LDA B	#'I	
1406	4D			TST A		TEST ONES
1407	27	06		BEQ	BTOR09	
1409	E7	00		STA B	0,X	SAVE I'S
140B	08			INX		
140C	4A			DEC A		DONE?
140D	20	F5		BRA	BTOR08	
140F	DF	58	BTOR09	STX	LSTNUM	SAVE POINTER
1411	96	C1		LDA A	ROM	CHECK IF SMALL
1413	2A	0E		BPL	BTODON	
1415	CE	01	25	LDX	#NUM	RESET POINTER
1418	A6	00	BTOR92	LDA A	0,X	GET CHARACTER
141A	8B	20		ADD A	##20	MAKE SMALL
141C	A7	00		STA A	0,X	PUT BACK
141E	08			INX		BUMP TO NEXT
141F	9C	58		CPX	LSTNUM	FINISHED?
1421	26	F5		BNE	BTOR92	
1423	7E	13	8A	BTODON	JMP	BTOD5

* PUSH X ONTO STACK

1426	32	PUSHX	PUL A	GET RETURN ADR.
1427	33		PUL B	
1428	97 F1		STA A RETREG	SAVE IT
142A	D7 F2		STA B RETREG+1	
142C	DF F3		STX INDEX	SAVE X
142E	96 F3		LDA A INDEX	GET PART X
1430	D6 F4		LDA B INDEX+1	
1432	36		PSH A	PUSH ON STACK
1433	37		PSH B	
1434	DE F1	PUSH4	LDX RETREG	GET RETURN
1436	6E 00		JMP 0, X	RETURN

* PULL X FROM STACK

1438	32	PULLX	PUL A	GET RETURN ADR.
1439	33		PUL B	
143A	97 F1		STA A RETREG	SAVE IT
143C	D7 F2		STA B RETREG+1	
143E	33		PUL B	PULL X
143F	32		PUL A	
1440	97 F3		STA A INDEX	SAVE X
1442	D7 F4		STA B INDEX+1	
1444	96 F1		LDA A RETREG	GET RETURN ADR.
1446	D6 F2		LDA B RETREG+1	
1448	37		PSH B	PUSH BACK ON
1449	36		PSH A	
144A	DE F3		LDX INDEX	LOAD UP X
144C	39		RTS	RETURN

* UNDERLINE COMMAND . UL

144D	86 01	UNDL	LDA A #1	SET UL FLAG
144F	97 4E		STA A ULFLG	
1451	39		RTS	RETURN

*
* DISK COMMANDS FOLLOW

* READ ITEM . RI [S]

1452	96 4D	RDIT	LDA A FILOPN	CHECK IF OPEN
1454	27 18		BEG RDIT4	
1456	7F 00 89		CLR CRSUP	CLEAR SUP FLAG
1459	7F 00 36		CLR GCNT	CLEAR CHAR COUNT
145C	97 88		STA A RIFLG	SET FLAG
145E	BD 12 11		JSR LDNSKP	SKIP JUNK
1461	BD 12 1F		JSR CLSFY	CHECK CHARACTER
1464	C1 02		CMP B #2	IS IT A LETTER?
1466	26 06		BNE RDIT4	
1468	81 53		CMP A #'S	IS IT AN 'S'?
146A	26 02		BNE RDIT4	

```

146C 97 89          STA A  CRSUP  SET SUP FLAG
146E 39            RDIT4  RTS      RETURN

```

* SET ITEM CHARACTER . IC C

```

146F BD 12 11     ITMCH  JSR    LDNSKP  GET NEXT
1472 81 0D        CMP A  ##D    END OF LINE?
1474 26 02        BNE    ITMCH2
1476 86 3E        LDA A  #'>
1478 97 4C        ITMCH2 STA A  ITEM   SET CHARACTER
147A 39            RTS      RETURN

```

* NEXT ITEM . NI N

```

147B 96 4D        NXTI   LDA A  FILOPN  FILE OPEN?
147D 27 21        BEQ    NXTI6
147F BD 12 53        JSR    CHKNUM  LOOK FOR NUMBER
1482 96 65        LDA A  INNUM
1484 26 01        BNE    NXTI2
1486 4C            INC A
1487 97 8A        NXTI2  STA A  NCOUNT SET UP ONE
1489 96 4B        NXTI3  LDA A  EORF   SET ITEM COUNT
148B 26 13        BNE    NXTI6   CHECK IF EOR
148D 4C            INC A
148E 97 88        STA A  RIFLG  SET NON ZERO
1490 BD 15 FC        NXTI4  JSR    INCHR  SET FLAG
1493 96 34        LDA A  EOFF   GET CHARACTER
1495 26 09        BNE    NXTI6   EOF?
1497 96 4A        LDA A  EOIF   EOI?
1499 27 F5        BEQ    NXTI4   REPEAT TIL FOUND
149B 7A 00 8A        DEC    NCOUNT DEC THE COUNT
149E 26 E9        BNE    NXTI3
14A0 39            NXTI6  RTS      RETURN

```

* NEXT BLOCK . NB N

```

14A1 96 4D        NXTB   LDA A  FILOPN  FILE OPEN?
14A3 27 26        BEQ    NXTB6
14A5 BD 12 53        JSR    CHKNUM  LOOK FOR NUMBER
14A8 96 65        LDA A  INNUM
14AA 26 01        BNE    NXTB2
14AC 4C            INC A
14AD 97 8A        NXTB2  STA A  NCOUNT SET DEFAULT
14AF 7D 00 4B        TST    EORF   SET COUNTER
14B2 26 0F        BNE    NXTB5   CHECK FOR EOR
14B4 86 01        NXTB4  LDA A  #1     SET FLAG
14B6 97 88        STA A  RIFLG
14B8 BD 15 FC        JSR    INCHR  GET CHARACTER
14BB 96 34        LDA A  EOFF   CHECK EOF
14BD 26 0C        BNE    NXTB6
14BF 96 4B        LDA A  EORF   CHECK EOR
14C1 27 F1        BEQ    NXTB4
14C3 7F 00 4B        NXTB5  CLR    EORF   CLEAR FLAG

```

14C6	7A	00	8A		DEC	NCOUNT	DEC THE COUNT
14C9	26	E9			BNE	NXTB4	REPEAT TIL DONE
14CB	39			NXTB6	RTS		RETURN

* CLOSE FILE .CF

14CC	96	4D		CLSFL	LDA A	FILOPN	CHECK IF OPEN
14CE	27	0D			BEQ	CLSFL4	
14D0	CE	1B	C8	CLSFL2	LDX	#DFCB	
14D3	86	04			LDA A	#4	SET FOR READ CLOSE
14D5	A7	00			STA A	0,X	
14D7	BD	16	6B		JSR	DOFMS	CALL FMS
14DA	7F	00	4D		CLR	FILOPN	CLEAR STATUS
14DD	39			CLSFL4	RTS		

* OPEN FILE .OF [NAME]

*

14DE	96	4D		OPNF	LDA A	FILOPN	CHECK IF OPEN
14E0	26	43			BNE	OPNF8	
14E2	FE	70	94		LDX	DBUFF	GET BUFFER POINTER
14E5	DF	8E			STX	XTEMP2	SAVE POINTER
14E7	BD	12	11		JSR	LDNSKP	GET NEXY
14EA	81	0D			CMP A	##D	IS IT CR?
14EC	27	05			BEQ	OPNF4	
14EE	FF	70	94		STX	DBUFF	SET POINTER
14F1	20	0F			BRA	OPNF5	
14F3	CE	17	5E	OPNF4	LDX	#NMST	POINT TO STRING
14F6	BD	15	BA		JSR	PSTRNG	OUTPUT IT
14F9	BD	15	59		JSR	GIBUF	GET RESPONSE
14FC	CE	19	0A		LDX	#SBUF	GET POINTER
14FF	FF	70	94		STX	DBUFF	SET POINTER
1502	CE	1B	C8	OPNF5	LDX	#DFCB	POINT TO FCB
1505	BD	71	27		JSR	GETFIL	GET FILE NAME
1508	25	1C			BCS	OPNF6	ERROR?
150A	DE	8E			LDX	XTEMP2	RESTORE POINTER
150C	FF	70	94		STX	DBUFF	RESTORE BUFFER PNTR
150F	CE	1B	C8		LDX	#DFCB	POINT TO FCB
1512	86	01			LDA A	#1	TXT CODE
1514	BD	71	2D		JSR	SETEXT	SET EXTENSION
1517	CE	1B	C8		LDX	#DFCB	POINT TO FCB
151A	86	01			LDA A	#1	OPEN FOR READ
151C	A7	00			STA A	0,X	
151E	BD	16	6B		JSR	DOFMS	CALL FMS
1521	86	01			LDA A	#1	
1523	97	4D			STA A	FILOPN	SET FLAG
1525	39			OPNF8	RTS		RETURN
1526	7E	03	49	OPNF6	JMP	DPROC3	

* FIX WIDTH

1529	96	B1		FIXWD	LDA A	TLLN	GET TEMP LENGTH
152B	9B	3B			ADD A	LLN	ADD TO LENGTH

152D	97	3B		STA A	LLN	SAVE NEW
152F	96	80		LDA A	TIND	GET TEMP IND.
1531	9B	38		ADD A	IND	ADD TO INDENT
1533	97	38		STA A	IND	SAVE NEW
1535	96	AF		LDA A	TSIN	GET TEMP SIND.
1537	9B	71		ADD A	SIN	ADD TO SIND.
1539	97	71		STA A	SIN	SAVE NEW
153B	4F			CLR A		CLEAR OLD VALUES
153C	97	81		STA A	TLLN	
153E	97	80		STA A	TIND	
1540	97	AF		STA A	TSIN	
1542	96	3B		LDA A	LLN	GET LINE LENGTH
1544	90	38		SUB A	IND	SUB INDENT
1546	90	71		SUB A	SIN	SUB S IND.
1548	81	0E		CMP A	#14	LESS THAN 15?
154A	22	02		BHI	FIXWD2	
154C	86	0F	FIXWD1	LDA A	#15	FORCE TO 15
154E	81	96	FIXWD2	CMP A	#150	>150?
1550	23	02		BLS	FIXWD3	
1552	86	96		LDA A	#150	
1554	97	C3	FIXWD3	STA A	WIDTH	SAVE NEW WIDTH
1556	7E	06	97	JMP	FIXBFE	GO FIX

* GET INPUT CHARACTERS

1559	CE	19	0A	GIBUF	LDX	#SBUF	POINT TO BUFFER
155C	5F				CLR B		CLEAR COUNT
155D	37			GIBUF2	PSH B		
155E	BD	15	CF		JSR	EINCH	GET CHARACTER
1561	33				PUL B		
1562	B1	70	81		CMP A	DDEL	IS IT DEL CHR?
1565	27	26			BEQ	GIBUF6	
1567	81	0D			CMP A	##D	C. R. ?
1569	27	0F			BEQ	GIBUF4	
156B	B1	70	80		CMP A	DBSP	IS IT BACKSPACE?
156E	27	14			BEQ	GIBUF5	
1570	81	1F			CMP A	##1F	CONTROL CHAR. ?
1572	23	E9			BLS	GIBUF2	
1574	5C				INC B		BUMP THE COUNT
1575	A7	00			STA A	0,X	PUT CHARACTER
1577	08				INX		BUMP THE POINTER
1578	20	E3			BRA	GIBUF2	REPEAT
157A	A7	00		GIBUF4	STA A	0,X	PUT CHARACTER
157C	CE	19	0A		LDX	#SBUF	FIX POINTER
157F	DF	E3			STX	CMNPNT	SAVE IT
1581	D7	36			STA B	GCNT	SAVE COUNT
1583	39				RTS		RETURN
1584	8C	19	0A	GIBUF5	CPX	#SBUF	BUFFER BEGIN?
1587	27	04			BEQ	GIBUF6	
1589	09				DEX		DEC THE POINTER
158A	5A				DEC B		DEC THE COUNT
158B	20	D0			BRA	GIBUF2	REPEAT
158D	CE	16	E4	GIBUF6	LDX	#QISTR	POINT TO STRING
1590	BD	15	BA		JSR	PSTRNG	OUTPUT IT

```

1593 20 C4          BRA      GIBUF

          * TEST FOR BREAK

1595 B6 70 A1  TSTBRK LDA A  ACIAFL  CHECK IF ACIA
1598 27 06          BEQ      TSTBR2
159A B6 80 04          LDA A  $8004  GET STATUS
159D 44          LSR A          CHECK
159E 25 01          BCS      TSTBR4
15A0 39          TSTBR2 RTS      RETURN
15A1 B6 80 05  TSTBR4 LDA A  $8005  GET CHARACTER
15A4 84 7F          AND A  #$7F   MASK CHAR
15A6 81 03          CMP A  #3    IS IT ↑C?
15A8 26 F6          BNE      TSTBR2
15AA CE 17 14          LDX    #BRKSTR POINT TO STRING
15AD 7E 0D 0E          JMP     STOP1  OUTPUT IT

          * OUTPUT A C. R. AND L. F.

15B0 7C 70 A3  CRLF    INC     OUTCHN  SET OUT CHAN
15B3 BD 71 1E          JSR    DPCRLF  DO CR & LF
15B6 7F 70 A3          CLR    OUTCHN  CLEAR OUT CHN
15B9 39          CRLF5   RTS      RETURN

          * PRINT STRING

15BA 8D F4          PSTRNG  BSR     CRLF    OUTPUT CR & LF

          * PRINT DATA

15BC 7C 70 A3  PDATA   INC     OUTCHN  SET OUT
15BF A6 00          PDATA1  LDA A  0,X    GET A CHARACTER
15C1 81 04          CMP A  #4    IS IT TERM?
15C3 27 06          BEQ      PDATA2
15C5 BD 02 03          JSR    OUTCH  OUTPUT IT
15C8 08          INX          MOVE TO NEXT
15C9 20 F1          BRA     PDATA  REPEAT
15CB 7F 70 A3  PDATA2  CLR    OUTCHN
15CE 39          RTS      RETURN

          * ECHO INPUT CHARACTER

15CF 7C 70 A3  EINCH   INC     OUTCHN  SET CHAN
15D2 BD 02 06          JSR    INCH  GET CHARACTER
15D5 7F 70 A3          CLR    OUTCHN  CLEAR CHAN
15D8 39          RTS      RETURN

          * OUTPUT CHARACTER

15D9 D6 86          OUTCHR  LDA B  DIVFLG  DIVERTING?
15DB 27 06          BEQ      OUTCH2
15DD 7C 00 87          INC    DIVFL2  SET FLAG
15E0 7E 0E E7          JMP    OUTMAC  OUT TO MACRO
15E3 D6 6E          OUTCH2  LDA B  NOOUT   DO OUTPUT?

```


15E5	27	01		BEQ	OUTCH3	
15E7	39			RTS		RETURN
15E8	4D		OUTCH3	TST A		CHECK PARITY
15E9	2A	0C		BPL	DOOUT	
15EB	81	A0		CMP A	##A0	IS IT SPACE
15ED	27	08		BEQ	DOOUT	
15EF	8D	06		BSR	DOOUT	OUTPUT CHAR
15F1	86	08		LDA A	##8	SET UP BACKSPACE
15F3	8D	02		BSR	DOOUT	OUTPUT IT
15F5	86	5F		LDA A	#'_	SETUP UNDER LINE
15F7	84	7F	DOOUT	AND A	##7F	MASK CHAR.
15F9	7E	02 03		JMP	OUTCH	OUTPUT CHAR

* INPUT A CHARACTER

15FC	37		INCHR	PSH B		
15FD	DF	F5		STX	XTEMP	
15FF	7D	00 88		TST	RIFLG	
1602	26	0C		BNE	DATIN	
1604	CE	1B 08		LDX	#TFCB	POINT TO TEXT FCB
1607	DF	8C		STX	INFCB	SET INPUT FCB
1609	BD	16 60		JSR	DREAD	DO DISK READ
160C	DE	F5	INCHR2	LDX	XTEMP	RESTORE X
160E	33			PUL B		RESTORE B
160F	39			RTS		RETURN

* DATA IN FROM DISK

1610	CE	1B 08	DATIN	LDX	#DFCB	
1613	DF	8C		STX	INFCB	SET DATA FCB
1615	96	4B		LDA A	EORF	CHECK FOR EOR
1617	27	08		BEQ	DATIN3	
1619	7F	00 88	DATIN2	CLR	RIFLG	CLEAR MODE
161C	33		DATI25	PUL B		RESTORE REGS
161D	DE	F5		LDX	XTEMP	
161F	20	DB		BRA	INCHR	DO IN CHAR
1621	BD	16 60	DATIN3	JSR	DREAD	DO DISK READ
1624	26	0D		BNE	DATI35	EOF?
1626	91	4C		CMP A	ITEM	IS IT ITEM CHAR?
1628	26	24		BNE	DATIN6	
162A	7D	00 4A		TST	EOIF	TST EOI FLAG
162D	27	09		BEQ	DATIN4	
162F	86	01		LDA A	#1	SET EOR FLAG
1631	97	4B		STA A	EORF	
1633	4F		DATI35	CLR A		
1634	97	88		STA A	RIFLG	CLEAR MODE
1636	20	D4		BRA	INCHR2	RETURN
1638	86	01	DATIN4	LDA A	#1	
163A	97	4A		STA A	EOIF	SET EOI FLAG
163C	96	89		LDA A	CRSUP	SUP ON?
163E	27	07		BEQ	DATIN5	
1640	97	BC		STA A	ENDLIN	SET END LINE
1642	7F	00 89		CLR	CRSUP	CLEAR FLAG
1645	20	D2		BRA	DATIN2	

```

1647 86 0D      DATIN5  LDA  A  #$D      SETUP CR
1649 7F 00 88      CLR      RIFLG     CLEAR MODE
164C 20 0E      BRA      DATIN8
164E D6 4A      DATIN6  LDA  B  EOIF     CHECK EOI
1650 27 07      BEQ      DATIN7
1652 81 0D      CMP  A  #$D      IS IT CR?
1654 27 C6      BEQ      DATI25
1656 7F 00 4A      CLR      EOIF
1659 7C 00 36      DATIN7  INC      GCNT     BUMP CHAR COUNTER
165C 33      DATIN8  PUL  B
165D DE F5      LDX      XTEMP
165F 39      RTS

```

* DISK READ CHARACTER

```

1660 DE 8C      DREAD   LDX      INFCB     SET FCB
1662 8D 07      BSR      DOFMS     CALL FMS
1664 27 04      BEQ      DREAD2    ERRORS?
1666 C6 01      LDA  B  #1      SET FLAG
1668 D7 34      STA  B  EOFF     SET EOF
166A 39      DREAD2  RTS      RETURN

```

* DO FMS CALL

```

166B BD 78 06      DOFMS   JSR      FMS      CALL FMS
166E 26 01      BNE     DOFMS2    ERROR?
1670 39      RTS      RETURN
1671 A6 01      DOFMS2  LDA  A  1, X
1673 81 08      CMP  A  #8      IS IT EOF?
1675 26 03      BNE     DOFMS4
1677 86 1A      LDA  A  #$1A    SET EOF CHAR
1679 39      RTS      RETURN
167A A6 01      DOFMS4  LDA  A  1, X
167C 81 04      CMP  A  #4      GET ERROR CODE
167E 26 08      BNE     DOFMS6    NO FILE?
1680 CE 17 38      LDX      #NFST    POINT TO STRING
1683 BD 15 BA      JSR      PSTRNG   OUTPUT IT
1686 20 03      BRA      DOFMS7
1688 BD 71 3C      DOFMS6  JSR      RPTERR   REPORT ERROR
168B BD 78 03      DOFMS7  JSR      FMSCLS   CLOSE FMS
168E 7E 02 09      JMP      MON

```

* REWIND FILE

```

1691 CE 1B 08      RWND   LDX      #TFCB    POINT TO FCB
1694 86 05      LDA  A  #5      REWIND FILE
1696 A7 00      STA  A  0, X
1698 BD 16 6B      JSR      DOFMS     CALL FMS
169B 39      RTS      RETURN

```

* STRINGS

```

169C 44      DATSTR  FCC      'DATE (MM:DD:YY)? '
16AD 04      FCB      4

```

16AE 54	PRQU	FCC	'TYPE P FOR PRINTER... '
16C4 04		FCB	4
16C5 0D	CRLFST	FCB	\$D, \$A, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4
16CC 50	PGSTR	FCC	'PAGE LIMITS? '
16D9 04		FCB	4
16DA 07	STPSTR	FCB	7
16DB 53		FCC	'STOP... '
16E2 07		FCB	7, 4
16E4 3F	QUSTR	FCC	'? '
16E6 07		FCB	7, 4
16E8 4C	LPPSTR	FCC	'LINES PER SCREEN? '
16FA 04		FCB	4
16FB 2A	OVFSTR	FCC	'**** MACRO OVERFLOW ****'
1713 04		FCB	4
1714 2A	BRKSTR	FCC	'* PROGRAM BREAK *'
1725 04		FCB	4
1726 49	ILFN	FCC	'ILLEGAL FILE NAME'
1737 04		FCB	4
1738 4E	NFST	FCC	'NO SUCH FILE'
1744 04		FCB	4
1745 43	CHST	FCC	'CHANGE DISKS AND HIT KEY'
175D 04		FCB	4
175E 44	NMST	FCC	'DATA FILE NAME? '
176E 04		FCB	4
176F 4D	MACST	FCC	'MACRO'
1774 00		FCB	0, 0, 0
1777 54		FCC	'TXT'

* BUFFER STORAGE AREA

177A	LINBUF	RMB	155
1815	EXTBUF	RMB	45
1842	LINBU2	RMB	200
190A	SBUF	RMB	100
196E	TRAPS	RMB	48
199E	TRPEND	RMB	2
19A0	CMNDBF	RMB	180
1A54	TTLBUF	RMB	180
1B08	TFCB	RMB	192
1BC8	DFCB	RMB	192
1C88	MACTBL	RMB	256
1D88	MTEND	RMB	2
1D8A	MACROS	EQU	*
2EFD	LMACRO	EQU	\$2EFD
2EFF	LAST	EQU	\$2EFF
2F00	USER	EQU	\$2F00

END START

NO ERROR(S) DETECTED

SYMBOL TABLE:

ACIAFL	70A1	ADD	0050	ADJS35	048A	ADJS55	04A9	ADJSP2	047B
ADJSP3	0487	ADJSP4	0494	ADJSP5	049F	ADJSP6	04AD	ADJSP7	04B4
ADJSP8	04BF	ADJSP9	04C6	ADJSPC	0475	APMAC	0E15	ARB	11B0
ATFLG	0061	ATL	0D8B	ATL1	0DA0	ATL2	0DA3	ATL3	0DB0
ATL35	0DB8	ATL4	0DB9	ATL45	0DC1	ATL5	0DC8	AUTO	00BF
BMPCP	10D8	BMPCP2	10DA	BNUM	0052	BRAK	0948	BRKSTR	1714
BTOD	1361	BTOD1	1362	BTOD2	136B	BTOD3	1374	BTOD4	137D
BTOD45	1385	BTOD5	138A	BTODON	1423	BTOR65	13E9	BTOR92	1418
BTOR01	139A	BTOR02	13A5	BTOR03	13B3	BTOR04	13BE	BTOR05	13CE
BTOR06	13DB	BTOR07	13F4	BTOR08	1404	BTOR09	140F	BTOROM	1398
BUFEND	00DB	BUFPNT	00D7	CALMA2	08BB	CALMAC	08B6	CAP	00B4
CAPIT	080A	CAPIT2	0810	CENTE2	0C7A	CENTE4	0C7E	CENTER	0C67
CENTJ	0603	CHKLS2	0FA9	CHKLST	0F9D	CHKNU2	126B	CHKNU4	1274
CHKNU5	127B	CHKNU6	127F	CHKNUM	1253	CHNG	114B	CHNG2	115F
CHNG25	1168	CHNG3	1169	CHNG4	1175	CHNG45	117D	CHNG5	1186
CHNG6	1199	CHST	1745	CLRGET	06CB	CLRNUM	11D7	CLRSP2	0255
CLRSP4	0260	CLRSPC	0251	CLRTHM	1288	CLSFL	14CC	CLSFL2	14D0
CLSFL4	14DD	CLSFY	121F	CLSFY1	122D	CLSFY2	1237	CLSFY4	1241
CLSM2	0F3F	CLSM3	0F41	CLSM4	0F59	CLSM5	0F60	CLSM6	0F67
CLSMAC	0F31	CMFLG	005A	CMNDBF	19A0	CMNDT	098D	CMNPNT	00E3
CNJ	00CB	CNTFLG	00D1	CNTRI4	067E	CNTRI5	0684	CNTRI6	0694
CNTRIT	066A	CNTSP2	0661	CNTSP3	0669	CNTSPC	065C	CNTTT2	10AE
CNTTT3	10BC	CNTTTL	10AB	COLCN2	0078	COLCNT	0032	COMAN2	082A
COMAN3	084A	COMAN4	085A	COMAN5	085D	COMAN6	0869	COMAN7	086D
COMAN8	0881	COMAN9	088D	COMAND	0824	CRF	00F9	CRLF	15B0
CRLF5	15B9	CRLFST	16C5	CROM	11C6	CRSUP	0089	DATE	708E
DATI25	161C	DATI35	1633	DATIN	1610	DATIN2	1619	DATIN3	1621
DATIN4	1638	DATIN5	1647	DATIN6	164E	DATIN7	1659	DATIN8	165C
DATSTR	169C	DAY	0033	DBSP	7080	DBUFF	7094	DDEL	7081
DEFM35	0DFB	DEFM45	0E0A	DEFMA2	0DDE	DEFMA3	0DE6	DEFMA4	0E07
DEFMA5	0E14	DEFMAC	0DD7	DELC35	0624	DELCH3	0620	DELCH4	062D
DELCHR	0608	DELIM	00B7	DEOL	7082	DFCB	1BC8	DFMFLG	0084
DIVAPP	0E7D	DIVER0	0E62	DIVER1	0E68	DIVER2	0E6F	DIVER4	0E74
DIVERT	0E5E	DIVFL2	0087	DIVFLG	0086	DOCAP	006C	DOCM	006D
DOFMS	166B	DOFMS2	1671	DOFMS4	167A	DOFMS6	1688	DOFMS7	168B
DONE	005F	DOOUT	15F7	DOTAB	085D	DOTAB2	086A	DPCRLF	711E
DPROC24	033E	DPROC25	0343	DPROC	02E3	DPROC1	02F3	DPROC2	031E
DPROC3	0349	DPROC4	0355	DPROC5	0365	DPSTRN	7118	DREAD	1660
DREAD2	166A	DUBB	0C5B	DUBH	0C47	DUBH1	0C4A	DUBH2	0C4F
DUBW	0C52	DWFLG	0083	EBFEND	00DF	EINCH	15CF	ENDLIN	00BC
EOFF	0034	EOIF	004A	EORF	004B	EV	0073	EXCHR	0057
EXTBUF	1815	FETC22	0735	FETC25	074B	FETC35	075F	FETC36	0764
FETC37	0767	FETC45	076F	FETC47	077D	FETC48	0780	FETC49	0789
FETC55	0798	FETC57	07AC	FETC58	07B7	FETC59	07BD	FETC65	07CC
FETC75	07EA	FETCH2	071F	FETCH3	074F	FETCH4	0768	FETCH5	078D
FETCH6	07C0	FETCH7	07E1	FETCH8	0808	FETCHR	0716	FILFLG	00C5
FILL	0CF5	FILOPN	004D	FINCM	089C	FINCM1	08AA	FINCM2	08AD
FINCM4	08B0	FINIS4	0984	FINISH	0975	FINMAC	007D	FIXBFE	0697
FIXVA3	124F	FIXVA4	1251	FIXVAL	1242	FIXWD	1529	FIXWD1	154C
FIXWD2	154E	FIXWD3	1554	FLBF	0060	FLUSH	0952	FLUSH2	095D
FLUSH3	0966	FLUSH5	0971	FLUSHB	094E	FMS	7806	FMSCLS	7803
FNDLS2	0F93	FNDLST	0F8C	FNDMA1	0F77	FNDMA2	0F83	FNDMA4	0F89
FNDMA6	0F8B	FNDMAC	0F6E	FNDNUM	11E1	FNTR	0D2E	FNTR2	0D35

FNTR4	0D4A	FNTR5	0D52	FNTR6	0D5F	FSTAVL	00A3	FSTRAM	0094
FTCHN1	1208	FTCHN2	120B	FTCHNM	11EF	GCNT	0036	GDNUM	004F
GETC22	06E0	GETC25	06E9	GETCH1	06D5	GETCH2	06DC	GETCH3	06ED
GETCH4	06FD	GETCH5	0706	GETCH6	0713	GETCHR	06CE	GETFIL	7127
GETIN	08C2	GIBUF	1559	GIBUF2	155D	GIBUF4	157A	GIBUF5	1584
GIBUF6	158D	GTNA4	0FE4	GTNA6	0FE9	GTNAM	0FC3	HIPG	0093
IF	10DE	IF1	10E1	IF3	10EF	IF35	10F5	IF4	1100
IF5	110D	IF55	111F	IF6	112B	IF8	113E	IFFLG	007F
IFN	1126	IFN2	112A	IFY	1109	ILFN	1726	INC	0054
INCH	0206	INCHR	15FC	INCHR2	160C	IND	0038	IND2	0079
INDEX	00F3	INDNT	0B28	INDNT2	0B38	INFCB	008C	INIT	0269
INIT25	026D	INIT3	02A4	INIT4	02C3	INMAC	0F1C	INMAC2	0F1E
INMAC4	0F2C	INMAC5	0F30	INNUM	0065	INSS44	0655	INSSP2	0638
INSSP3	063E	INSSP4	0652	INSSP5	065B	INSSPC	062E	INTRO	020C
INTRO0	020F	INTRO5	0228	INTRO6	0246	INTRP	0DD0	ITEM	004C
ITMCH	146F	ITMCH2	1478	JNKCNT	009A	JST	0AEE	JST1	0AFE
JST15	0B03	JST2	0B04	JST3	0B0E	JST4	0B17	JSTF25	03EC
JSTF55	0413	JSTF63	0420	JSTF65	042B	JSTF95	045D	JSTFY	03D4
JSTFY1	03E5	JSTFY2	03EA	JSTFY3	03F5	JSTFY4	0408	JSTFY5	0411
JSTFY6	0416	JSTFY7	0430	JSTFY8	043A	JSTFY9	0452	JUST	00D3
LAST	2EFF	LDIV	0045	LDNSK2	1213	LDNSK4	121C	LDNSKP	1211
LEFT	0062	LEFTM	0B18	LEFTM1	0B25	LEFTM2	0B27	LENT25	0B52
LENTH	0B3E	LENTH2	0B4E	LENTH5	0B5C	LFM	003E	LINBU2	1842
LINBUF	177A	LINCNT	003D	LINS	04D2	LINS2	04D7	LINS3	04E2
LINS4	04EF	LINS5	04F9	LINS6	04FB	LINS7	0508	LLN	003B
LLN2	009C	LMACR0	2EFD	LOWPG	0092	LPPSTR	16E8	LSTAVL	00A1
LSTNUM	0058	LSTRAM	0096	LSTTRM	7091	MACCNT	0080	MACEND	00F7
MACNAM	009D	MACOVF	0893	MACROS	1D8A	MACST	176F	MACTBL	1C88
MACTMP	009F	MBFLG	005B	MBFPNT	005C	MCEND	0FB6	MCEND2	0FC0
MCNT	00B9	MINDIS	0072	MNTH	003C	MON	0209	MSC	00CF
MTEND	1D88	MULTS	0AD8	MULTS2	0AE1	MULTS3	0AE3	NCOUNT	008A
NEDL	0D1F	NEDL1	0D27	NEDL2	0D29	NEDL4	0D2D	NEG	0066
NEGT	007E	NFST	1738	NMREGS	0030	NMST	175E	NOCAP	0CB5
NOCR	005E	NOEXP	0074	NOFILL	0CEE	NOFL	0064	NOJST	0AEA
NONUMS	0082	NOOUT	006E	NOSPC	0B70	NPGN	0053	NREG	119E
NREG4	11BC	NSP	0068	NUM	0125	NUMPNT	0055	NXTB	14A1
NXTB2	14AD	NXTB4	14B4	NXTB5	14C3	NXTB6	14CB	NXTCH	7121
NXTI	147B	NXTI2	1487	NXTI3	1489	NXTI4	1490	NXTI6	14A0
NXTMAC	00A9	NXTOUT	00AB	NXTRAM	0098	NXTTAB	0075	NXTTRP	007A
OPAPP	0EBB	OPAPP2	0EC3	OPAPP4	0EC8	OPMAC	0E88	OPMAC2	0E90
OPMAC4	0E99	OPMAC5	0EA5	OPNF	14DE	OPNF4	14F3	OPNF5	1502
OPNF6	1526	OPNF8	1525	OUTCH	0203	OUTCH2	15E3	OUTCH3	15E8
OUTCHN	70A3	OUTCHR	15D9	OUTL55	0589	OUTL75	05B1	OUTL82	05D8
OUTL85	05E2	OUTLI1	055A	OUTLI2	0563	OUTLI3	056D	OUTLI4	0575
OUTLI5	0582	OUTLI6	0593	OUTLI7	05AE	OUTLI8	05CC	OUTLI9	05E7
OUTLIN	054E	OUTM18	0F08	OUTMA0	0EF2	OUTMA1	0EF4	OUTMA2	0F0A
OUTMA3	0F0B	OUTMA4	0F10	OUTMAC	0EE7	OUTSV	0D82	OYFSTR	16FB
PAGE	0AB4	PAGE2	0AC0	PAGE4	0ACB	PAGE5	0AD0	PAGE6	0AD7
PAGEL	0C87	PAGEL1	0C90	PAGEL2	0C99	PAGEL4	0C9B	PASCHR	006A
PASFLG	0081	PASS	0A8A	PCHAR	00C9	PCRLF	08DE	PCRLF2	08E1
PCRLF4	08E6	PDATA	15BC	PDATA1	15BF	PDATA2	15CB	PFLG	00C7
PGL	003F	PGN	0069	PGNUM	0C3A	PGNUM4	0C46	PGSTR	16CC
PRNTR	0090	PRNU27	1297	PRNU28	12AB	PRNU31	12B7	PRNU32	12C1
PRNU35	12D0	PRNU37	12D8	PRNU45	12FD	PRNU65	1323	PRNU72	133C

PRNU73	1340	PRNU82	1352	PRNUM	128F	PRNUM2	1291	PRNUM3	12B0
PRNUM4	12E0	PRNUM5	1305	PRNUM6	1319	PRNUM7	1329	PRNUM8	1348
PROC	037A	PROC2	0380	PROC3	0386	PROC4	038D	PRQU	16AE
PSCNT	008B	PSTRNG	15BA	PTFL	0070	PTIND	0CB9	PTIND2	0CC6
PTIND3	0CDB	PTIND4	0CE7	PTIND5	0CED	PULLX	1438	PUNT35	03A7
PUNTS2	0398	PUNTS3	039D	PUNTS4	03BF	PUNTS5	03C2	PUNTS6	03C4
PUNTS7	03CA	PUNTST	0390	PUSH4	1434	PUSHX	1426	QISTR	16E4
RDIT	1452	RDIT4	146E	REMA4	0E27	REMA6	0E44	REMMAC	0E1E
REMNAM	0E4E	RESPC	0B73	RETMA2	06BA	RETMAC	06AF	RETREG	00F1
RETRNR	7096	RIFLG	0088	RIGHT2	05FB	RIGHTJ	05F8	RINS	050C
RINS2	0510	RINS3	0517	RINS4	0522	RINS5	0530	RINS6	053A
RINS7	053C	RINS8	054A	ROM	00C1	ROM2	11C3	RPT	0CFC
RPTERR	713C	RTJ	00CD	RWND	1691	SAUTO	11CA	SAUTO4	11D6
SAVS	0D66	SAVS1	0D71	SAVS2	0D73	SAVS25	0D77	SAVS4	0D7D
SAVS5	0D81	SAVSX	0ED9	SAVSX2	0EE4	SBFLG	009B	SBUF	190A
SCAP	00B5	SCRL55	090C	SCRL75	092A	SCRL85	093E	SCRLF	08EA
SCRLF1	08F1	SCRLF2	08FD	SCRLF4	0904	SCRLF5	0907	SCRLF6	0918
SCRLF7	0927	SCRLF8	0934	SCRLF9	0947	SENV	0BD0	SENV1	0BDD
SENV2	0BDE	SENV3	0BE3	SENV4	0C00	SENV6	0C0F	SENV8	0C2B
SETCA2	0820	SETCAP	0813	SETEXT	712D	SIGN	0067	SIN	0071
SIND	0C9C	SNGLS	0AE6	SPACE	0A91	SPACE2	0AA2	SPACE4	0AAB
SPACE6	0AB3	SPCPT1	00E5	SPCPT2	00E7	SPIFLG	0085	SPSPF	006B
SROM	11C1	STAB	0B8E	STAB2	0B91	STAB4	0BA7	STACK	01FF
START	0200	STCAP	0CB0	STOP	0D08	STOP1	0D0E	STOP2	0D1E
STPOUT	00A5	STPSTR	16DA	SUB	0051	SUPL	00B2	SVDSPC	007C
SWRDF	00B3	SYSERR	0F19	TAB	00BD	TABCH	0B77	TABCH2	0B7F
TABEND	0124	TABFI2	0B8B	TABFIL	0B82	TABFLG	0077	TABS	0110
TBLEND	0A89	TCNT	00B8	TCPNT	00A7	TEMP	00E9	TEMP2	00EB
TEMP5	00ED	TEMP6	00EF	TERM	0BAD	TERM2	0BB0	TERM4	0BB9
TFCB	1B08	TFILF	0063	TFILL	00BE	TIND	00B0	TITL12	101A
TITL15	1020	TITL65	107A	TITL75	108F	TITL78	1099	TITLE	0FFA
TITLE1	100A	TITLE2	103A	TITLE4	105D	TITLE5	1068	TITLE6	106B
TITLE7	1082	TITLE8	109C	TITLE9	10A7	TLEN	0FED	TLEN2	0FF9
TLLN	00B1	TLN	00D5	TLPP	0091	TOUTL	006F	TPOS	00B6
TRAPS	196E	TRPEND	199E	TSIN	00AF	TSTBR2	15A0	TSTBR4	15A1
TSTBRK	1595	TSTNE2	114A	TSTNEG	113F	TSULN	05EA	TSULN2	05F7
TTLBUF	1A54	TTLPNT	00BA	ULFLG	004E	UNDL	144D	USER	2F00
WASN	708C	WIDTH	00C3	XFRTT2	10D6	XFRTTL	10BF	XMAC	00AD
XTEMP	00F5	XTEMP2	008E	YEAR	0048				