

# MOSTEK

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MICROCOMPUTER SYSTEMS

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**Hardware Manual & Installation Guide**

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**SYS - 80 F  
DUAL FLOPPY DISK  
MICROCOMPUTER SYSTEM**

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## SYS-80F OPERATIONS MANUAL

The SYS-80F is a powerful floppy disk based system which has applications both in the development environment where programs are developed for one of MOSTEK's families of microcomputer chips<sup>(1)</sup> and in OEM type applications where the system is used as a low cost minicomputer replacement. The software requirements of these two environments are quite different but are built on the same base of system control programs. Supplied with the SYS-80F as standard software are:

- FLOPPY DISK HANDLER (FDH)
- INPUT OUTPUT CONTROL SYSTEM (IOCS)
- MONITOR
- ASSEMBLER (ASM)
- EDITOR (EDIT)
- PERIPHERAL INTERCHANGE PROCESSOR (PIP)
- RELOCATABLE MODULE LINKER (LINK)

The first three modules are essential to any type of SYS-80F application. The assembler is the most often used development aid. Some users will require higher level languages such as BASIC, PL/1 or FORTRAN.

The Editor, PIP, and Linker Processors can be used with both assembly level programming or with high level language programming.

For the OEM user, some custom software will usually be required and is typically designed and supplied by the OEM. These programs may be written in either assembly language or some high level language. MOSTEK presently has available a Business Basic which is an extension of the Dartmouth Basic. In development by MOSTEK is a compiler for a PL/1 subset. This compiler has applications in both chip level software development and as a system language for OEM users.

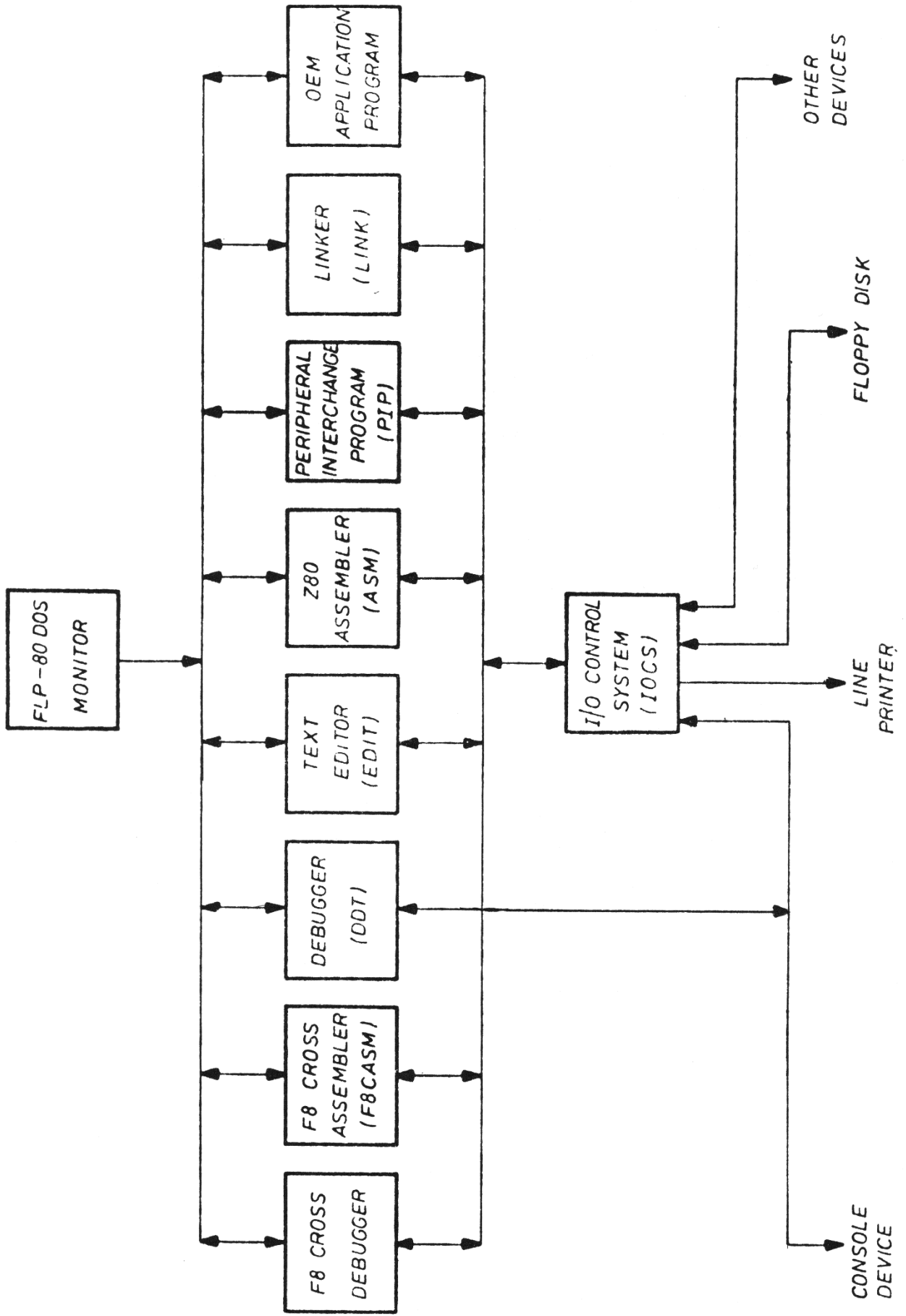
Optional system software therefore includes:

- BASIC
- FORTRAN IV
- PL/1 (SUBSET)

All MOSTEK software is available through a licensing agreement to those users who wish to sell MOSTEK software as part of their own system. Please note that all MOSTEK software is copyrighted and unauthorized copying is strictly illegal.

(1) Series 3870 (MK 3870, MK 3872, MK 3876), F8, Series 3880 (Z80)

SOFTWARE ORGANISATION



## MANUAL ORGANIZATION

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This Manual for the SYS-80F consists of the individual manuals for the logic boards used in the SYS-80F, the software description for the system programs which are supplied with the standard system and the system overview which describes how the various sub-assemblies function together. Appendix A contains a list of the manuals which constitute the complete system description.

It is intended that the individual hardware manuals need not normally be referenced in order to utilize the system. They are provided for those users who wish to learn more about the details of the operation of the system. They should also be useful in cases where the user decides to perform his own maintenance. Any user who wishes to configure his own system will also be referencing these hardware manuals.

This overview contains all of the modifications and interconnections which are required to make a complete system from the individual cards. All logic cards in the SYS-80F are standard MOSTEK Z80 based extended double Eurocard OEM cards. They are used in several of MOSTEK's systems thus assuring compatability between the SYS-80F environment and the environment generated by the OEM user who configures his own system based on these cards.

The software is described primarily by the FLP-80DOS operation manual. Software in addition to the standard software supplied with the standard system is described by the operation manual which is always delivered with the optional software. This overview will not discuss the operating software. It is very important that the user read carefully the FLP-80DOS manual before attempting to operate the system. The sections of the FLP-80DOS manual which should be read before installation is started are:

- a) GENERAL DESCRIPTION
- b) MONITOR
- c) PIP

Once these three are read, the user should read the installation section of this overview.

## I N S T A L L A T I O N

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The system has only five switches. Three are on the rear panel, they are:

POWER ON	( LIGHTED WHEN ON )
RESET	( A PUSH BUTTON )
RESET ADDRESS	( A SLIDE SWITCH )

Two are on the CPU card:

RESET	( A PUSH BUTTON )
RESET ADDRESS	( TOGGLE SWITCH )

The two CPU board switches are simply duplicates of the rear panel switches of the same name. The toggle switch on the CPU board should always be pointed down ( towards the center of the card )

The reset button stops the operation of the CPU. When it is pressed, the CPU immediately begins execution at the selected reset address regardless whether or not the reset button is released. The reset address switch selects whether the CPU begins execution at address 0000 or address E000 (HEX or 0E000H (56K or 57344 decimal)). The MOSTEK operating system in the standard environment begins at address 0E000H. User RAM begins at address 0. Thus after power on, when the user RAM contains undetermined information the CPU must begin operation at the PROM based software located at 0E000H.

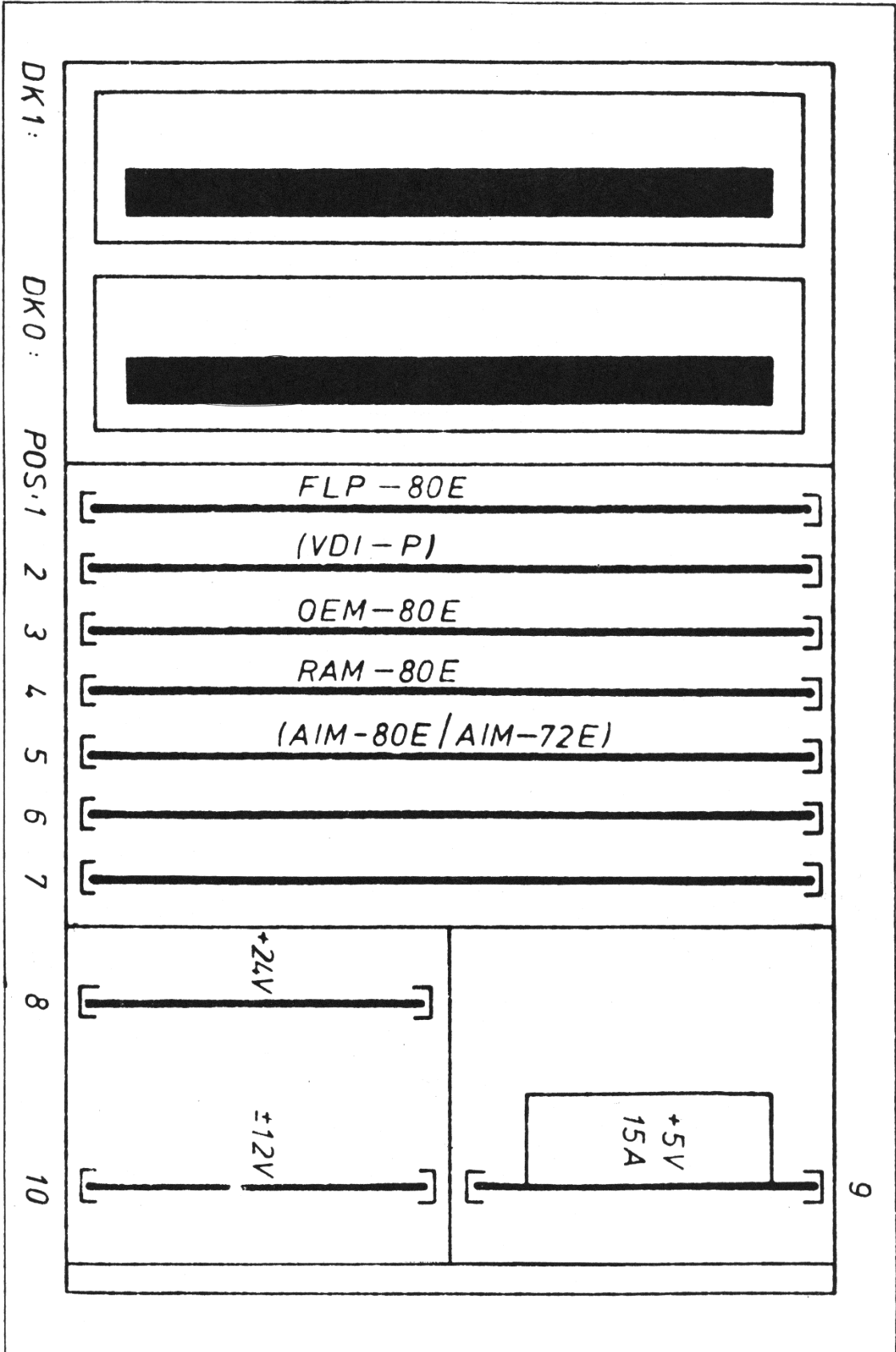
The reset button on the rear panel is in parallel with the reset button on the CPU card. If either one is closed, execution will begin at address 0E000H. On the CPU card, 'up' is 0E000H and 'down' is 0000. The rear panel switch should normally be in the 0E000H position, the CPU switch should normally be 'down' allowing the rear panel switch to define the starting address.

In order to avoid loss of memory contents when reset is active longer than 2MS, the reset switch causes a reset only on the 'positive' edge of depression rather than holding the CPU in reset as long as it is pressed. During reset all CPU action is stopped, including memory refresh.

There is also a lamp on the CPU card; when it is on, the CPU is halted. This is not a normal condition when running in the FLP-80DOS operating system, unless some user executes a halt instruction. It is important to note that the dynamic memory in the system is continuously refreshed during the halt state. The user should note that the CTC is continuously interrupting every 25 MS, as long as interrupts are enabled.

The system should be connected to a 220 Volt, 50hz power source. The power source should be moderately noise free, although the SYS-80F contains a bypass filter to compensate for typical line disturbances.

SYS-80F Board Placement

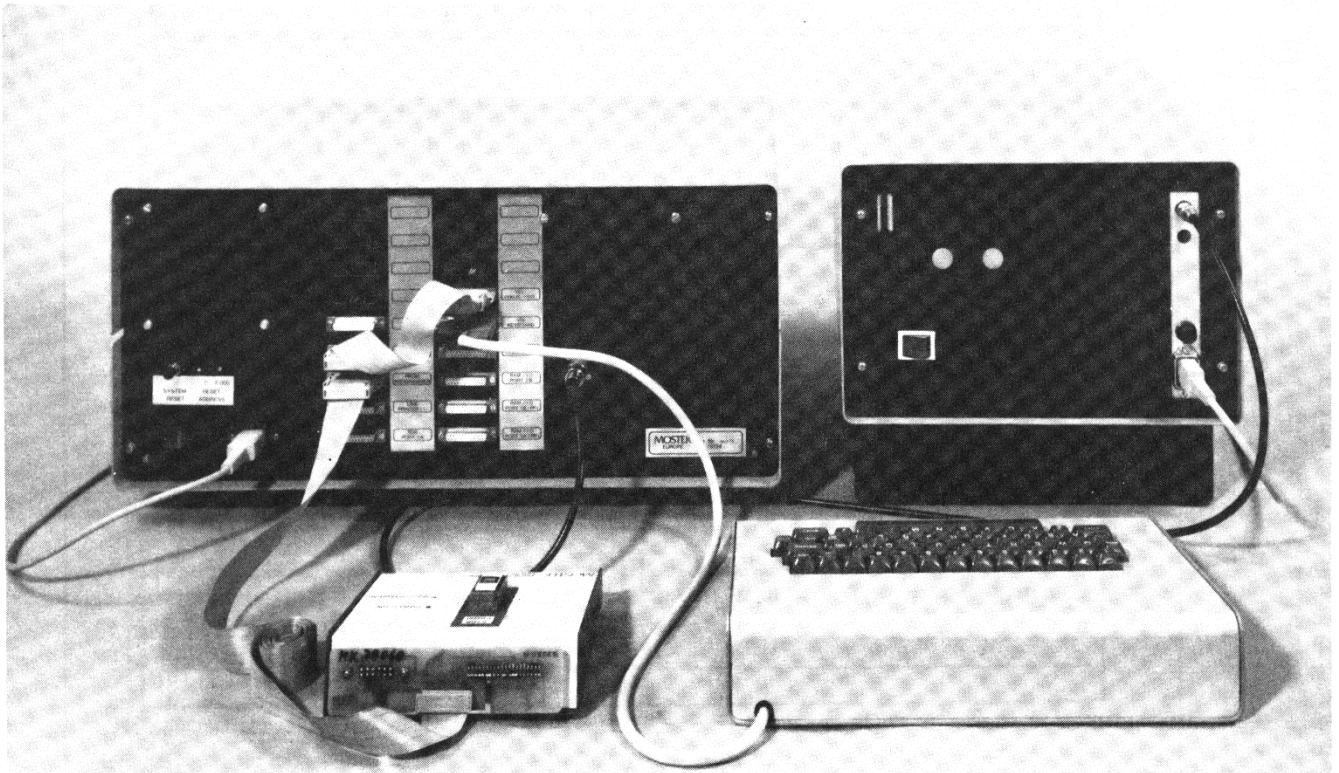


In case the logic cards are removed for inspection Figure 1 should be referenced when replacing the cards to assure proper board placement. Also, all logic cards contain MOS semiconductors which are susceptible to high voltage transients which can be coupled to the MOS circuits during handling. Do not allow any of the cards to be packed in styrofoam or other static causing material. Use only anti-static bags for shipping these cards.

Fig. 1



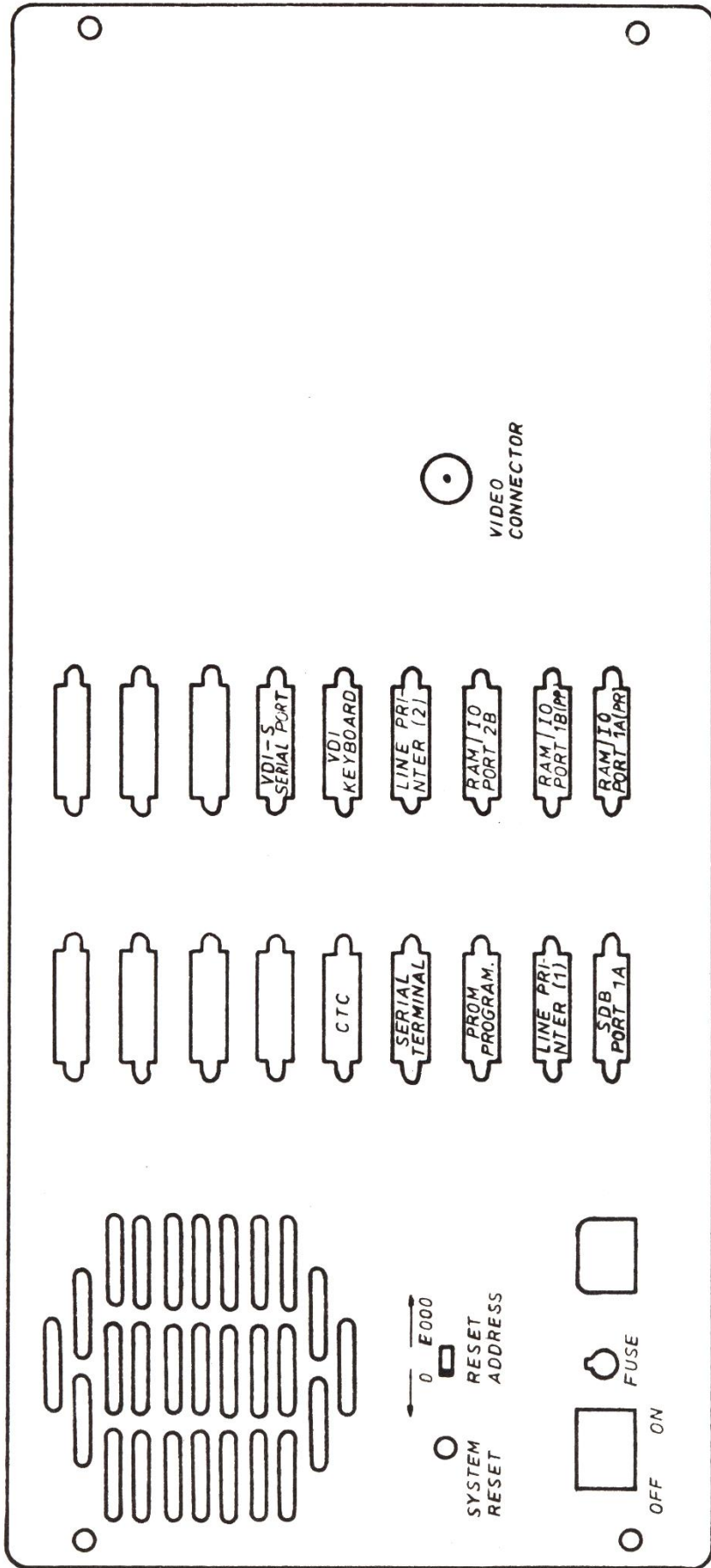
VIEW OF THE SYS-80FT DUAL FLOPPY DISK MICROCOMPUTER SYSTEM  
SHOWING ALSO OPTIONAL BOARDS AND ACCESSORIES



CONNECTION OF SYS-80FT INCLUDING MOSTEK DISPLAY AND KEYBOARD  
ALSO SHOWN IS PPG-08 PROM PROGRAMMER.



SYS-80F/MK 78 134



BACK VIEW

FIG. 2.

## S Y S T E M   T E R M I N A L   C O N N E C T I O N

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The system requires a serial ASCII compatible terminal for operation. Seven standard baud rates between 110 and 9600 are supported. The 25-pin connector is EIA STANDARD compatible and should be capable of direct one to one connection with your V24 (RS232) terminal. The pinout of the 25-pin serial terminal connection is shown in Figure 3; it should be checked before connecting the terminal. Figure 2 shows which 25-pin connector is designated for the terminal interface.

TABLE 1 : SUPPORTED BAUD RATES

110  
300  
600  
1200  
2400  
4800  
9600

The terminal should be programmed for either 7 bit data plus even parity, or 8 bit data no parity. The system does not check the parity bit. At 110 baud, 2 stop bits are required; at other baud rates, 1 stop bit is required. Either current loop or V24 (RS232) may be used at any baud rate. No straps need be modified on any of the system logic cards in order to accommodate the above mentioned options. Terminal baud rate is determined by the system after reset when the user enters 'return'. The 'return' character (among others) has a starting bit pattern which is one bit time wide, the system measures this bit time and programs the on-board CTC for the proper baud rate. Current loop inputs are 'or-ed' with V24 (RS232) inputs and serial output appears on both the current loop and V24 simultaneously. In the standard environment, the modem control lines are not actually used to control data movement between the system and terminal, they are initialized however to the normal active condition immediately after a OE000H reset.

For more information on the serial interface, section 6-I of the 'SDB-80E' operations manual should be referenced.

SYSTEM TERMINAL CONNECTION

OEM-80E		25 PIN CONNECTOR
<i>PIN</i>	<i>SIGNAL</i>	<i>PIN</i>
	CHASSIS GROUND	1
2a 9	DATA IN V 24	2
2c 3	DATA OUT V 24	3
2a 7	RTS (REQUEST TO SEND)	4
2c 7	CTS (CLEAR TO SEND)	5
2c 6	DSR (DATA SET READY)	6
2c 1	0 VOLT (C ROUND)	7
2c 8	C D (CARRIER DETECT)	8
		9
2c 9	CURRENT LOOP INPUT-	10
		11
		12
		13
		14
		15
2c 10	CURRENT LOOP OUTPUT+	16
2a 10	CURRENT LOOP OUTPUT-	17
2a 8	READER STEP-	18
2c 8	READER STEP+	19
2a 6	DTR (DATA TERMINAL READY)	20
		21
1a 12	RESET	22
		23
2a 9	CURRENT LOOP INPUT+	24
		25

Fig. 3

## STARTING THE SYSTEM

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Once power is applied and the terminal is properly connected, reset may be pressed, followed by the return key on the terminal. If no disk is inserted in the system the system will automatically enter debug (DDT). DDT identifies itself with a period '.' . 'DSK ERR' is outputted onto the terminal to indicate that the disks were accessed and found to be not ready.

If a MOSTEK formatted disk is inserted in the right hand side disk drive (DKO:), then after reset/return the disk 'HEAD LOAD' lamp on the drive should light, indicating that the disk is being accessed. After a few seconds the monitor should identify itself and the monitor prompt character '\$' should appear. Please note, the label on the diskette must be on the right side of the diskette, the diskette must be pushed in until a 'click' is heard and the door must then be shut. To remove the diskette press the lever just to the left of the disk slot.

It is very important that power is not applied or removed while a diskette is inserted with the door closed. Spurious write pulses may occur which could destroy data on the disk.

Also, reset should not be pressed during disk accesses.

Any activity on the system beyond reset should only be attempted after reading the FLP-80DOS manual.

## O T H E R P E R I P H E R A L C O N N E C T I O N S

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The standard SYS-80F can support the following peripherals without any modification of software or hardware by the user. Other I/O devices must be interfaced by the user.

### LINE PRINTER (LP1)

The SYS-80F is designed to support a line or character printer with a parallel interface of the Centronics, Mannesmann or Data Products type. In any case the LP1 connection should be used. This port has the system MNEMONIC 'LP:'. The LP2 connection should only be used when custom I/O drivers have been written by the user.

Data is supplied non-inverted, the strobe to the printer is a negative logic pulse or negative edge strobe. The acknowledge should be a negative logic pulse.

The Centronics type of interface requires a pulse as a data strobe whereas the Data Products requires an edge. Beyond the 8 data lines and 2 handshake lines a printer typically has 2 other control lines which should be tested by the I/O driver before data is sent. On the Centronics models, paper empty (PE) and BUSY must be tested; on the Mannesmann, select (SEL) and BUSY must be tested. Table 2 contains a listing of cable connections between the SYS-80F and typical printers. Note that PE, BUSY and SEL should all be normally logic 0 signals.

### PROM PROGRAMMER

The MOSTEK PPG-08 and PPG-16 are both compatible with the 'PROM PROGRAMMER' connection on the SYS-80F. For more details see the PPG-08(16) manual and the system components section.

The PPG-08 programs 2708 type PROMS, the PPG-16 programs either 2708, 2758 or 5 Volt 2716 PROMS.

### PAPER TAPE PUNCH

The 'RAM I/O PORT 1B' connection can be used for interfacing the system to a paper tape punch. Protocol is identical to that specified in section 6-II of the 'SDB-80E SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT BOARD OPERATIONS MANUAL' which is included with this system. The system mnemonic for the paper tape punch is 'PP:'. The I/O port used in OAAH on the RAM-80B card.

### PAPER TAPE READER

A paper tape reader may be connected to 'RAM I/O PORT 1A' and may be referenced by the operating system through the mnemonic 'PR:'. Protocol is described in the same manual and section as the paper tape punch. The I/O port used in OA8H on the RAM-80BE card.

TABLE 2 : LINE PRINTER CABLE CONNECTIONS

SYS-80F 25 PIN -----	MANNESMANN 50 PIN -----	CENTRONICS 36 PIN -----	DATA PRODUCTS 2310 -----
1	1	2	B DATA 0-7
2	2	3	F
3	3	4	L
4	4	5	R
5	5	6	V
6	6	7	Z
7	7	8	(N)
8	8	9	-
9	-	-	(J) STROBE
10	12	10	E DONE
11	11	1	- C STROBE
12	37	12	- PE/SEL
13	13	11	- BUSY
14	9	20	- GND
15	18	21	D GND
16	19	22	J
17	20	23	N
18	21	24	T
19	22	25	X
20	23	26	(B)
21	24	27	(K)
22	25	28	(M)
23	26	28	C
24	27	29	
25	28	30	

The Centronics cable is available from MOSTEK. Part Number is MK78098

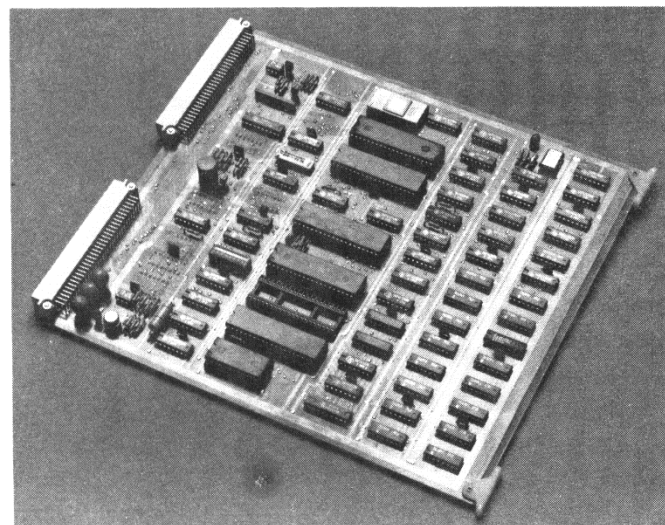
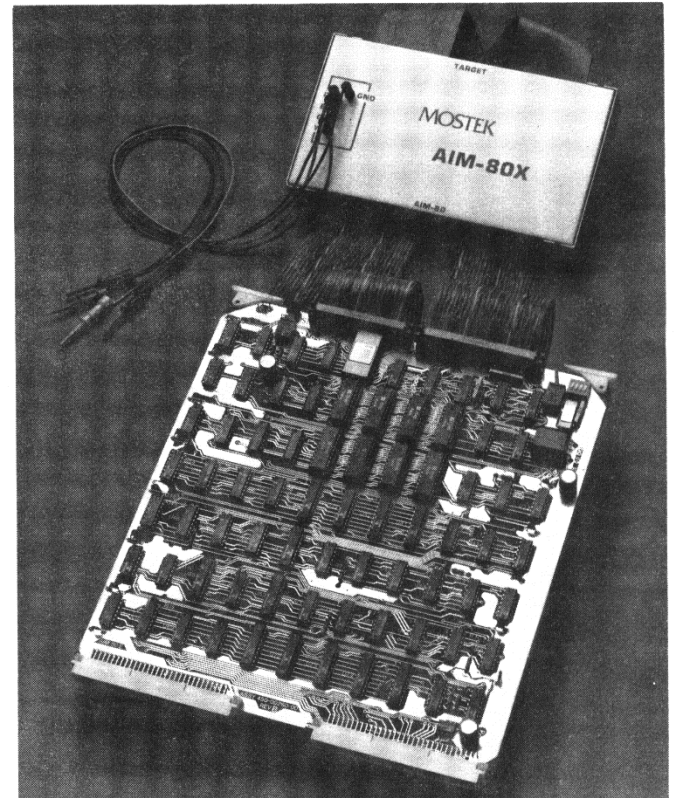
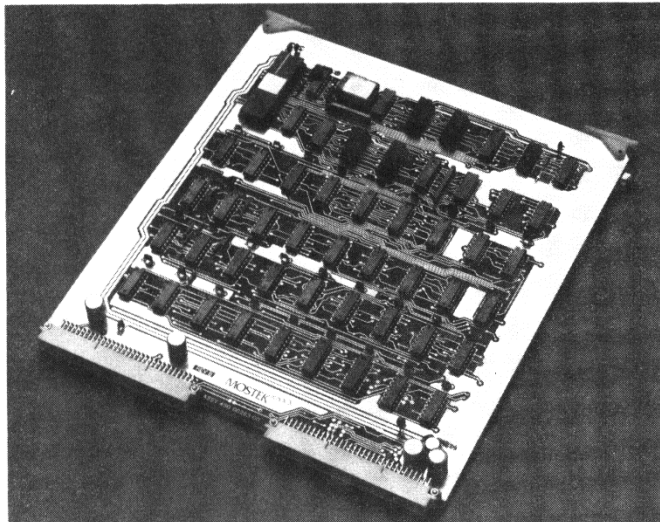
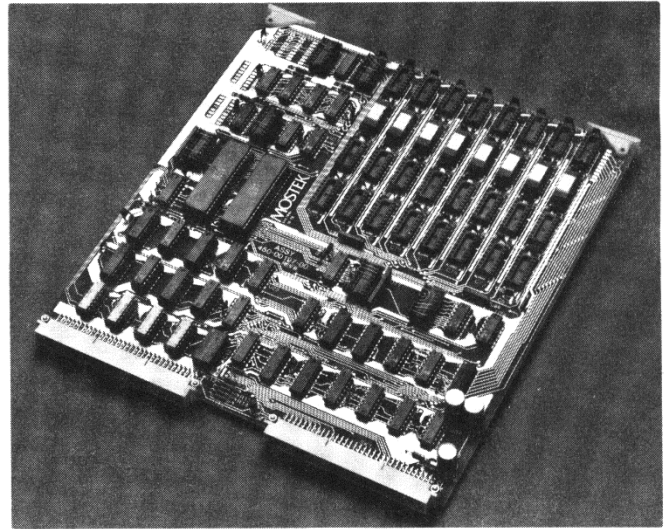
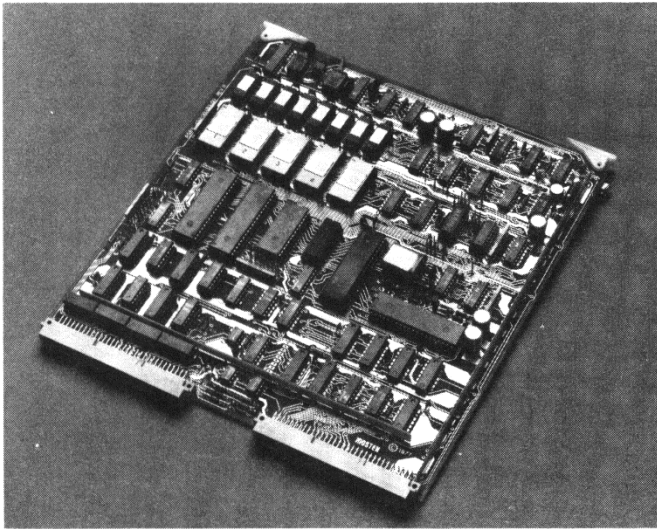
## CARD READER

A card reader may be connected to the RAM I/O PORT 2A and the line printer 2 connection. This is a non-standard interface, more information is included in the RAM-80BE section.

## SILENT 700

When 300 baud is detected as the terminal speed a delay after each return sent from the system is automatically added. This means that a silent 700 type printer which requires up to 195 MS delay after return can be used with the system without difficulty.

When 1200 baud is detected the system automatically inserts a 3-character delay after each character, and 195 MS after return. This allows a silent 700 operating under the 1200 baud option to function correctly.



1  
2  
3

4  
5

1- OEM - 80E  
2- FLP - 80E  
3- VDI - S/P  
4- RAM - 80BE  
5- AIM - 80E

## SYSTEM LOGIC CARDS



# SYSTEM COMPONENTS

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## OEM-80E CPU CARD

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### 1) MEMORY MAPPING

The version of the OEM-80E which is used in the SYS-80F has 16K bytes of RAM memory and 4K bytes of PROM memory. The RAM is located at address 0-3FFFH and the PROM is located at address OE000-OEFFF. The decoding PROMS U31 and U32 are modified from those supplied with the standard OEM-80E. The truth table for these PROMS is shown in figures 4 and 5. The jumpers on the card which are different from the standard OEM-80E are:

REMOVED	ADDED
E30-31	
E32-33	
E34-35	
E36-37	
E5 - 6	E5 -54
E55-56	
E7 - 8	E8 - 9
E10-11	E11-12
E13-14	E14-15
E16-17	E17-18
E41-42	E40-41
E44-45	E43-44
E47-48	E47-46
E50-51	E49-50

With this modification socket 1 (U24) is address E000, socket 2 (U25) is E400, socket 3 (U26) is E800 and socket 4 (U27) has addressed EC00. In the standard SYS-80F only sockets 1, 2, 3, 4 are used.

The strapping shown in the first group sets up the addressing ranges. The second group provides the +12 Volts and GND required by the 2708 type PROMS used in the system. The remaining socket may also be used to provide an additional 1K bytes of PROM memory. Socket 5 (U28) may be stuffed with a 2708 if the proper power jumpers are modified.

An important note is that socket 5 may only be used if AIM-80<sup>\*</sup> is not used.

## 2) PPG-08/16 CONNECTION

This interface is unchanged from the standard OEM-80E PIO number 2 connection. The 1K Ohm register network (U74) has been replaced with a 12K Ohm network. Figures 6 and 7 show this port.

## 3) LP1 LINE PRINTER INTERFACE

Port D0 is the data output port. Whether or not the ready signal from this port is used, the strobe input is used to generate an interrupt each time the printer has acknowledged a character by giving a 'DONES' signal. For checking status of the printer and for generating the strobe for the Centronics type pulse interface, port D2 is used. Port D2 has been modified to have 4 bits input and 4 bits output. To convert bits 4 - 7 into inputs, the 7408 (U50) has been replaced by a 7402. The following jumpers have been changed:

REMOVED	ADDED
E69-70	E66-67
	E82-83

Figures 8, 9 and 10 show this port.

## 4) CTC USAGE

Of the 4 channels on the CTC 2 are used in the standard system and therefore are not available to users. Channel 0 is the baud rate generator for the on-board UART and channel 1 is used to monitor terminal requested escapes (CONTROL X, CONTROL C); it interrupts every 25MS. If the floppy disk controller (FLP-80) is used under interrupt control (OPTIONAL), then CTC channel 3 is also used. Figure 11 shows the pinout of the CTC connector.

## R A M - 8 O B E

### 1) 32K VERSION

The 32K byte system has 16K on the CPU card and 16K on the RAM card. The CPU RAM has addresses 0-3FFFH. The RAM card has addresses 4000H - 7FFFH. To properly do this, header U3 should be empty except for a bridge between 3 and 14. 8-MK4116 RAMS should be inserted in sockets U44-U51.

### 2) 48K VERSION

The 48K byte system has 16K on the CPU card and 32K on the RAM card. The CPU addresses are 0-3FFFH. The RAM card addresses are 4000H-OBFFFH. Header U3 should be empty except for 2 jumpers 2-15 and 3-14. 16 MK4116 RAMs should be inserted in sockets U44-U59.

### 3) 56K CONTINUOUS, 58/60K TOTAL RAM MEMORY VERSION

56K bytes of continuous RAM is the maximum amount available on the SYS-80F. In the SYS-80F, table 3-7 of the RAM-80BE operations manual does not apply. In this configuration 48K bytes will be on the RAM card between addresses 0-OBFFFH. On the CPU will be 8K bytes between OC000H and ODFFFH. An additional 2K is available between OF800H-OFFFFH. If AIM-80 is not used then 2K bytes more may be programmed at addresses OF000H-OF7FFH. The 256x8 RAM (U39) must be removed.

On the CPU card (OEM-80E) the following jumpers should be moved:

REMOVED	ADDED
E25-27	E26-27
	E30-27 ONLY OF THERE IS NO 'USER PROM' AND NO AIM-80E

On the RAM card, header U3 should have jumpers only between 4 - 13, 3-14, 2-15; 24 MK4116 RAMs should be inserted into sockets U36-59.

### 4) EXPANDED, MEMORY MAPPED VERSION

Please consult MOSTEK for information on systems with more than 60K bytes of on-line RAM. In the standard SYS-80F 204K bytes of RAM is possible. With an expanded chassis, 780K bytes is possible.

## 5) I/O PORTS ON THE RAM-80BE

There are three groups of I/O ports on the card. The standard port connections are used:

AO - A3 = MEMORY MAPPING CONTROL  
A8 - AB = PIO NUMBER 1  
AC - AF = PIO NUMBER 2

To use PIO 1 as an interface to a reader or punch the configuration of headers and straps is not changed from that shipped with standard RAM-80BE's. The port addresses are:

PORT	FUNCTION (TYPICALLY)
A8	READER DATA
A9	READER CONTROL
AA	PUNCH DATA
AB	PUNCH CONTROL

Figures 12 + 13 show the cable wiring and the proper header and jumper options for using PIO N° 2 (Port AC - AF)

Figures 14 - 17 show the pinout of the 4 port connectors. Note that Ports 1A, 1B and LP2 have extra data lines from port 2B (OAEH) in order to allow I/O devices which need more than 8 data and 2 control lines to be used. Note that if these extra lines are used, port OAEH must have the 7408 (U24) replaced by a 7402 if the input signals are to be used. If this is done, PIN 11 of U70 must be strapped to PIN 5.

## FLP - 80E

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No modification to this card is required for the standard systems. For systems with interrupt driven disk control the jumper E25-26 must be connected. The backplane connection is already made to connect SK2A3 to the CTC channel 3 on the CPU card.

The disk drives used with the FLP-80E card are Shugart 800-2. These drives are standard except write protect is included. The jumpers closed on the disk units themselves are:

A, B, C, T2, HL, Y, 800

In addition, DS1 is closed for the first drive (DK0:) and DS2, T1, T3, T4, T5 and T6 are closed on the second drive (DK1)

All other jumpers are open.

## POWER CONNECTIONS

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The power supplies used in the SYS-80F are based on the single eurocard. Schematics of the power supply system are included.

O P T I O N A L   S Y S T E M   C O M P O N E N T S

A I M - 8 0 E  
-----

When this card is used the reset address must be set to 0000.  
The card will not function if the reset address is 0E000H.

A I M - 7 2 E  
-----

No modifications are required to this card.

V D I - P / S  
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To use either of the SYS-80F compatible video controller cards, cable MK 78 090 must be installed in the system. All programming of port addresses and operating modes is done by SK2, so no jumpers need be installed on the card. If the VDI-S serial version is used a one-to-one cable must be installed between the 'VDI-S Serial Port' and the 'System Terminal' connection. One of the baud rates must be selected using the slide on board. (Position 2 is 9,600 baud.)

On the VDI-P parallel version the serial port is not used, ports A4-A7 are used as the address for a MK3881 PIO.

Figures 18 - 20 show the cable connections.  
Note that since this connector must carry +5 power, the user must be careful to avoid accidental insertion of an incorrect peripheral connector.

TRUTH TABLE FOR 32x8 PROM U31

	ADDRESS (BINARY)						ADDR. (HEX)	OUTP. (HEX)	OUTPUTS (BINARY)							
	A <sub>15</sub>	A <sub>14</sub>	A <sub>13</sub>	A <sub>12</sub>	A <sub>11</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>			9	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
F800	1	1	1	1	1	1	F						0	0		
F000	1	1	1	1	0	1	E					0				
	1	1	1	0	1	1	D		0							
E000	1	1	1	0	0	1	C		0							
	1	1	0	1	1	1	B							0		
D000	1	1	0	1	0	1	A							0		
	1	1	0	0	1	1	9							0		
C000	1	1	0	0	0	1	8							0		
	1	0	1	1	1	1	7									
	1	0	1	1	0	1	6									
	1	0	1	0	1	1	5									
	1	0	1	0	0	1	4									
	1	0	0	1	1	1	3									
	1	0	0	1	0	1	2									
	1	0	0	0	1	1	1									
	1	0	0	0	0	1	0									
	0	1	1	1	1	0	F									
	0	1	1	1	0	0	E									
	0	1	1	0	1	0	D									
	0	1	1	0	0	0	C									
	0	1	0	1	1	0	B									
	0	1	0	1	0	0	A									
	0	1	0	0	1	0	9									
	0	1	0	0	0	0	8									
	0	0	1	1	1	0	7		0					0		
3000	0	0	1	1	0	0	6		0					0		
	0	0	1	0	1	0	5		0					0		
2000	0	0	1	0	0	0	4		0					0		
	0	0	0	1	1	0	3		0					0		
1000	0	0	0	1	0	0	2		0					0		
	0	0	0	0	1	0	1			0				0		
0000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0				0		

13 12 11 10 14

O.S. PROM

USER PROM  
O.S. RAM  
{ 15K RAM A  
15K RAM B  
USER RAM

USER PROM IS  
ONLY AVAILABLE IF AIM-80  
IS NOT USED.

EACH HORIZONTAL LINE IS 2K BYTES

FIG. 4

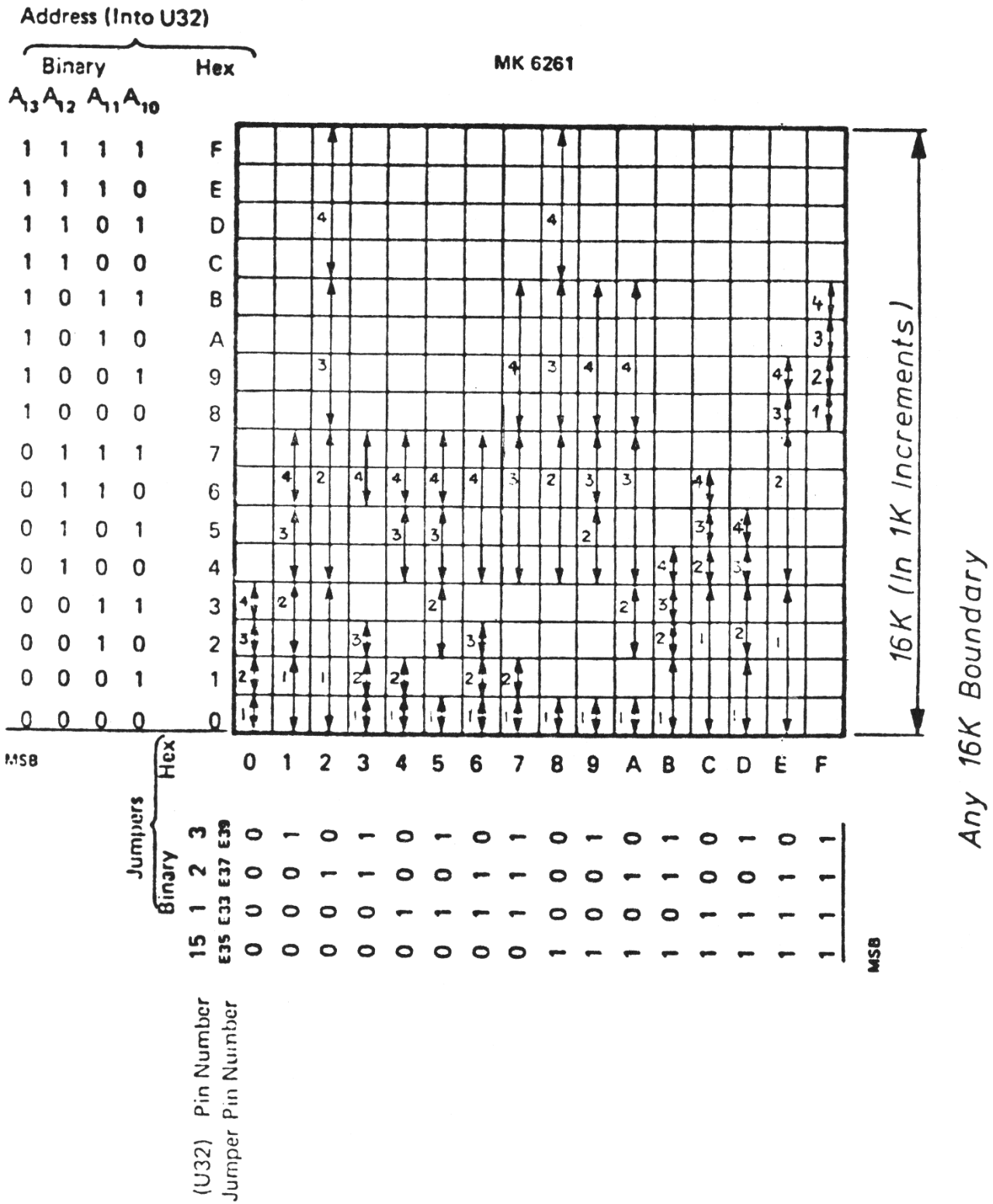
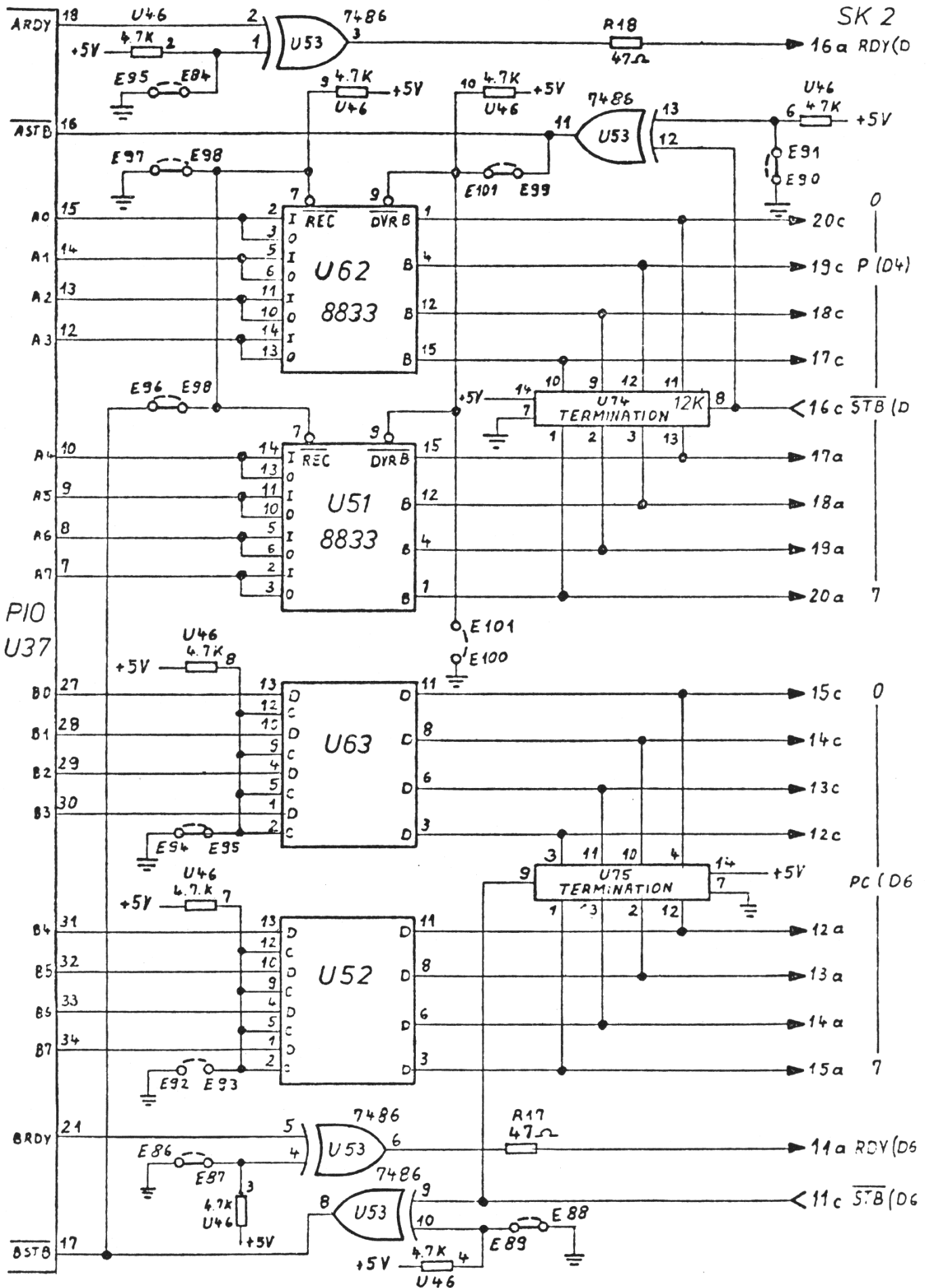


Figure 5



# PROM PROGRAMMER



PROM PROGRAMMER

OEM-80E PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2c 20	DATA BIT 0	1
2c 19	1	2
2c 18	2	3
2c 17	3	4
2a 17	4	5
2a 18	5	6
2a 19	6	7
2a 20	7	8
2a 16	READY	9
2c 16	STROBE	10
2c 13	DATA BIT 2	11
2c 12	3	12
2a 12	4	13
2a 13	5	14
2a 14	6	15
2a 15	7	16
2c 11	STROBE	17
1a 6	+ 12 VOLT	18
1a 4	+ 5 VOLT	19
2c 15	DATA BIT 0 PORT D6	20
2c 14	DATA BIT 1 PORT D6	21
	BLOCKED	22
1a 1,2	0 VOLT	23
2a 11	READY PORT D6	24
1a 3	- 12 VOLT	25

LINE PRINTER 1 (ODOH)

OEM-80E PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2c 32	DATA BIT 0	1
2c 31	1	2
2c 30	2	3
2c 29	3	4
2a 29	4	5
2a 30	5	6
2a 31	6	7
2a 32	7	8
2a 28	D STROBE	9
2c 28	(STB) DONES	10
°2c 27	C STROBE BIT 0	11
°2a 24	PE BIT 4	12
°2a 25	BUSY BIT 5	13
2c 2	0 VOLT	14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
	0 VOLT	25

Port 1A also

Fig. 7

Fig. 8

# LP1 LINE PRINTER

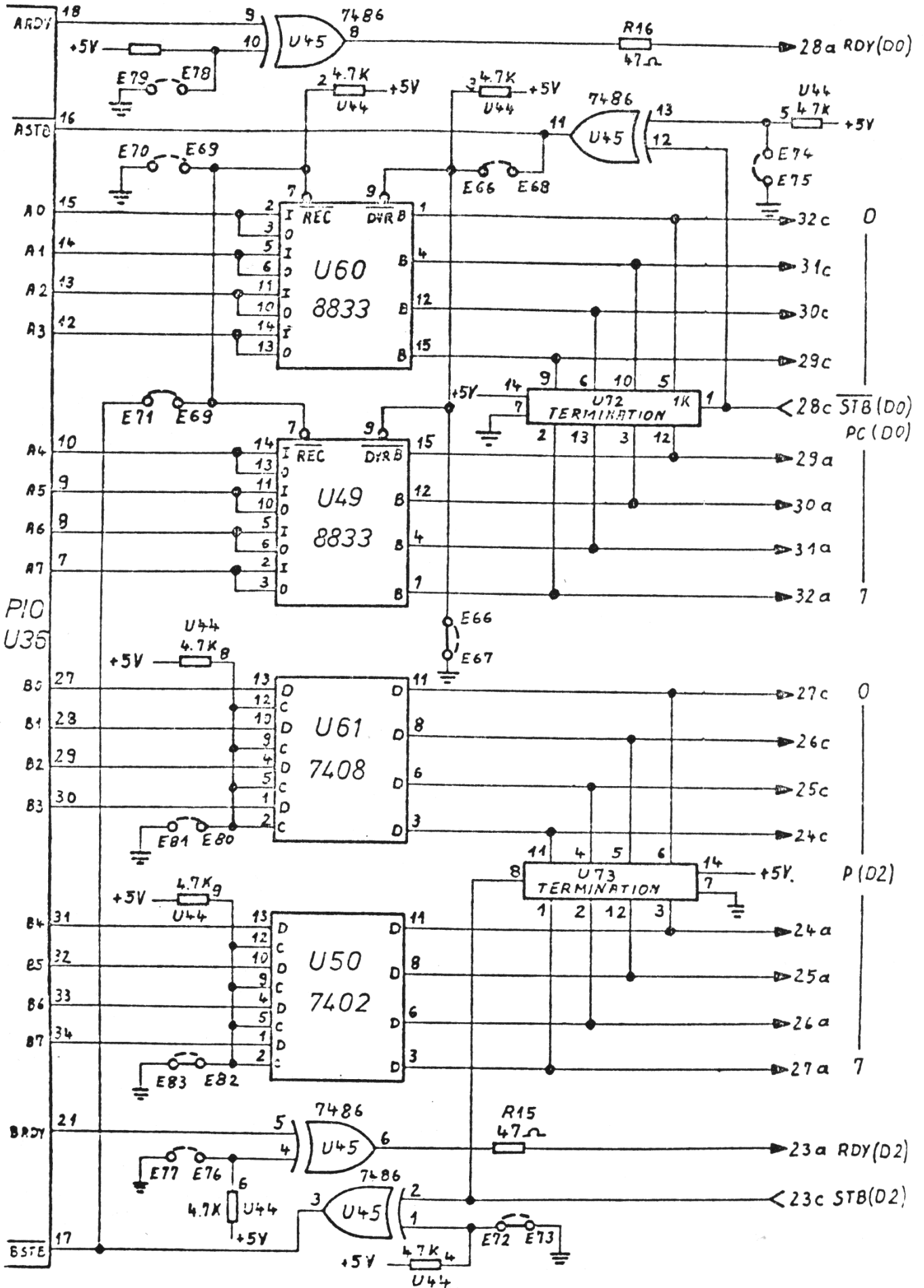


Fig. 9

OEM-80E PIN	SDB PORT 1A SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2c 27	DATA BIT 0	1
2c 26	1	2
2c 25	2	3
2c 24	3	4
2a 24	4	5
2a 25	5	6
2a 26	6	7
2a 27	7	8
2a 23	READY	9
2c 23	STROBE	10
		11
		12
		13
		14
2a 1	0 VOLT	15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
	0 VOLT	25

\*used on LP Port also

Fig. 10

OEM-80E PIN	CTC CONTROL LINES SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2a 3	CK/TG 3B (also to FLP-80)	1
		2
2a 5	CK/TG 2B	3
		4
2a 4	CK/TG 1B	5
		6
2c 5	ZC/TO 2B	7
		8
2c 4	ZC/TO 1B	9
		10
		11
		12
		13
		14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
		25

Fig. 11

CABLE CONNECTION FOR THE  
M200 CARD READER

25-PIN CONNECTOR	SIGNAL NAME	M 200
RAM-I/O PORT 2B-8 B7	DATA 12	A
-7 B6	11	B
-6 B5	0	C
RAM-I/O PORT 2A		
(LP2)-1 A0	1	D
-2 A1	2	K
-3 A2	3	L
-4 A3	4	M
-5 A4	5	N
-6 A5	6	U
-7 A6	7	V
-8 A7	8	Y
PORT 2B-5 B4	9	Z
2A-10 ASTRB	IM	AA
2B-10 BSTRB	IM	AA
-4 B3	READY	BB
-2 BI	ERROR	HH
-1 BO	MOCK	KK
2A-9 ARDY	PC	LL
2B-3 B2	BUSY	MM
2A 14-25	GND	CC
2B 14-25	GND	EE
		NN
		RR
		SS
		TT

2 25-PIN-CONNECTORS ARE REQUIRED

Fig. 12

IC, JUMPER AND HEADER

MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR THE M200  
DOCUMENTATION CARD READER

REMOVE

U70 - 2:15  
U70 - 3:14  
U29 - 7408  
U24 - 7408

ADD

E5 - E6  
U70 - 5:12  
U70 - 6:11  
  
U29 - 7402  
U24 - 7402

Fig. 13

RAM I/O PORT 1A

RAM-80BF PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2c 32	DATA BIT 0	1
2c 31	1	2
2c 30	2	3
2c 29	3	4
2a 29	4	5
2a 30	5	6
2a 31	6	7
2a 32	7	8
2a 28	RDY	9
2c 28	STB	10
°2c 14	OUTPUT (BIT 1)	11
°2a 14	INPUT (BIT 6)	12
°2a 15	INPUT (BIT 7)	13
2a 2	0 VOLT	14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
		25

°used on Port 2B also

Fig. 14

RAM I/O PORT 1B

RAM-80BE PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2c 27	DATA BIT 0	1
2c 26	1	2
2c 25	2	3
2c 24	3	4
2a 24	4	5
2a 25	5	6
2a 26	6	7
2a 27	7	8
2a 23	READY	9
2c 23	STROBE	10
		11
		12
		13
2c 2	0 VOLT	14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
		25

Fig. 15

RAM I/O PORT 2B

RAM-80BE PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
°2c 15	DATA BIT 0	1
°2c 14	1	2
2c 13	2	3
2c 12	3	4
°2a 12	4	5
°2a 13	5	6
°2a 14	6	7
°2a 15	7	8
2a 11	READY	9
2c 11	STROBE	10
		11
		12
		13
2c 1	0 VOLT	14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
	0 VOLT	25

°used on ports 1A, 2A also

RAM I/O PORT 2A  
(Line printer type 2)

RAM-80BE PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2c 20	DATA BIT 0	1
2c 19	1	2
2c 18	2	3
2c 17	3	4
2a 17	4	5
2a 18	5	6
2a 19	6	7
2a 20	7	8
2a 16	READY	9
2c 16	STROBE	10
°2c 15	C STROBE (BIT 0)	11
°2a 12	PE (BIT 4) PORT AF	12
°2a 13	BUSY (BIT 5)	13
2a 1	0 VOLT	14
		15
		16
		17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
		24
	0 VOLT	25

°used on Port 2B also

Fig. 16

Fig. 17



KEYBOARD  
VIDEO DISPLAY INTERFACE (VDI)  
(used on terminal version)

VDI PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
2a 17	DATA BIT 0	1
2a 18	1	2
2a 19	2	3
2a 20	3	4
2a 21	4	5
2a 22	5	6
2a 23	6	7
		8
2c 25	DATA STROBE ACTIVE EDGE	9
2a 25	DATA STROBE	10
2a 3	RESET KEY	11
2a 27	SPEAKER	12
2c 22	UPPER CASE / LOWER CASE	13
2a 1	0 VOLT	14
2c 1	0 VOLT	15
		16
		17
	0 VOLT	18
	+ 5 VOLT	19
2a 8	0 VOLT	20
		21
		22
		23
		24
	0 VOLT	25

Fig. 18

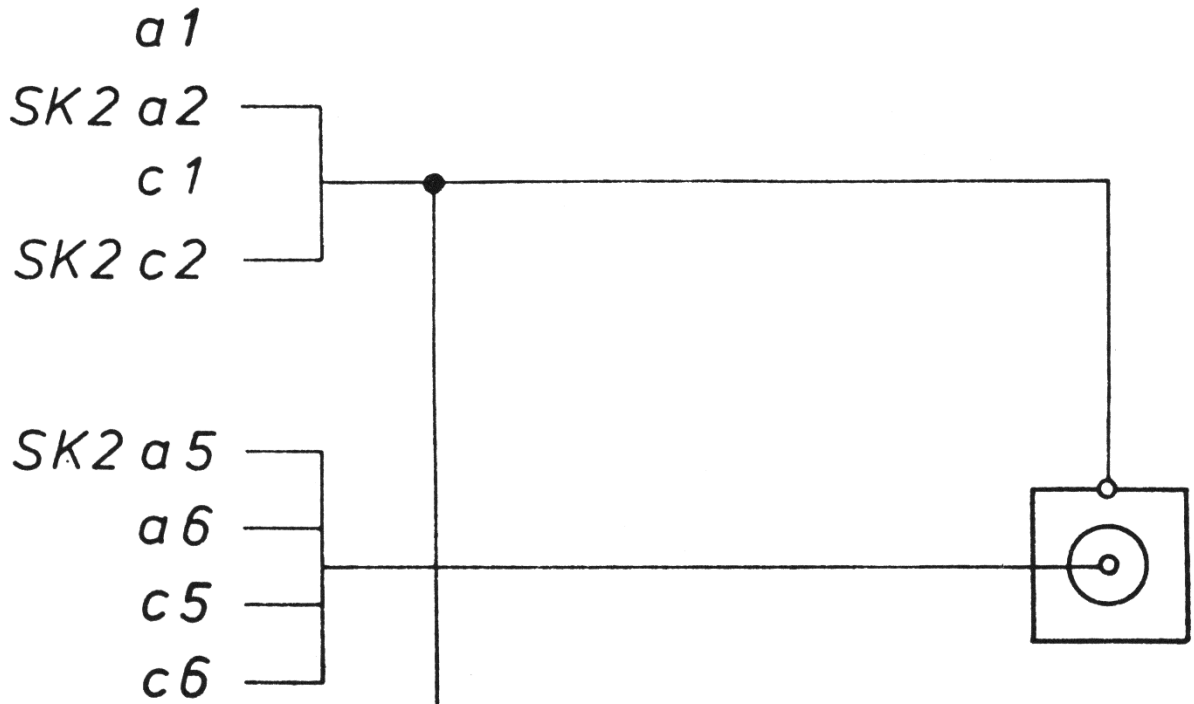
SERIAL PORT  
VIDEO DISPLAY INTERFACE (VDI)  
(use one-to-one cable to system terminal connector)  
Not used if VDI-8 is used.

VDI PIN	SIGNAL	25 PIN CONNECTOR
		1
		2
		3
		4
		5
		6
		7
		8
		9
2c 32	SO- (SERIAL OUT-)	10
		11
		12
		13
		14
		15
2a 31	SI+ (SERIAL IN+)	16
2c 31	SI- (SERIAL IN-)	17
		18
		19
		20
		21
		22
		23
2a 32	SO+ (SERIAL OUT+)	24
		25

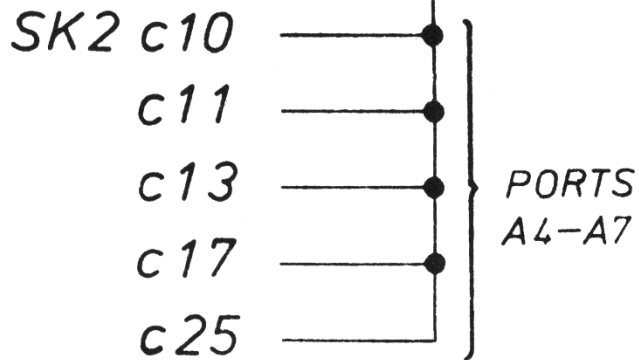
Fig. 19

SK2 c4  
SK2 a4

50Hz REFRESH RATE



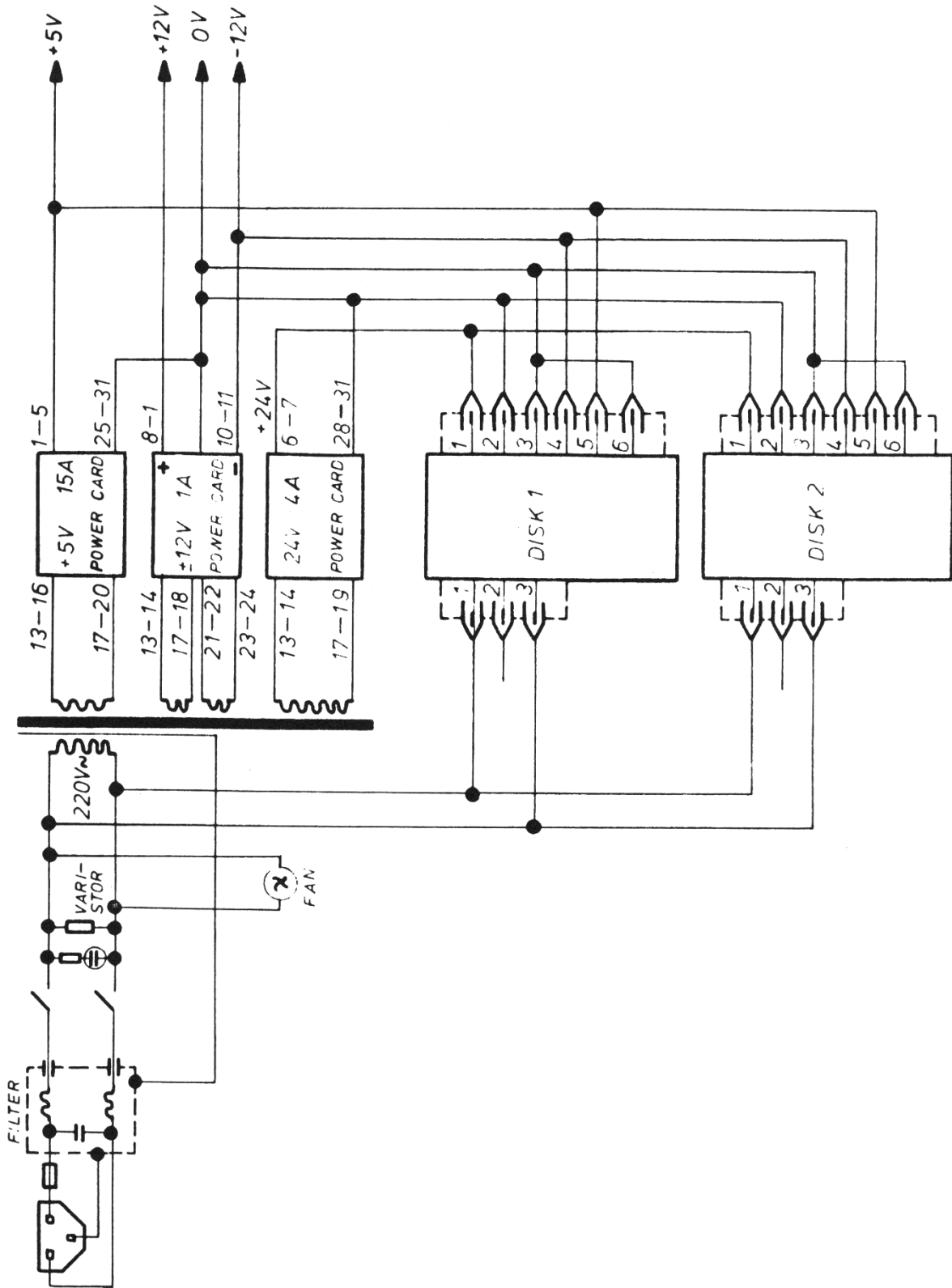
VIDEO  
CONNECTOR



VDI-P  
SK2

FIG. 20

# SYS-80F POWER SYSTEM



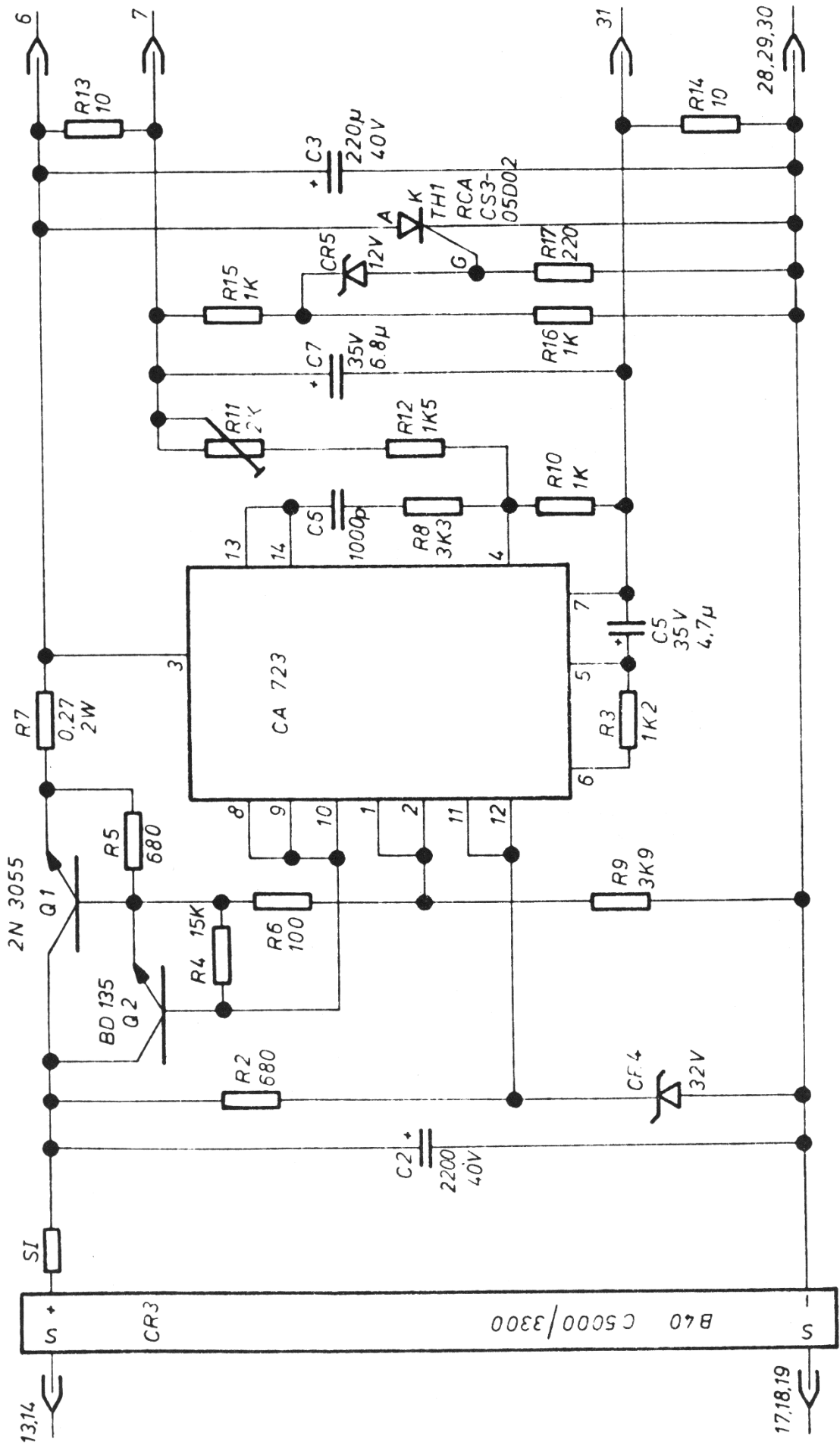
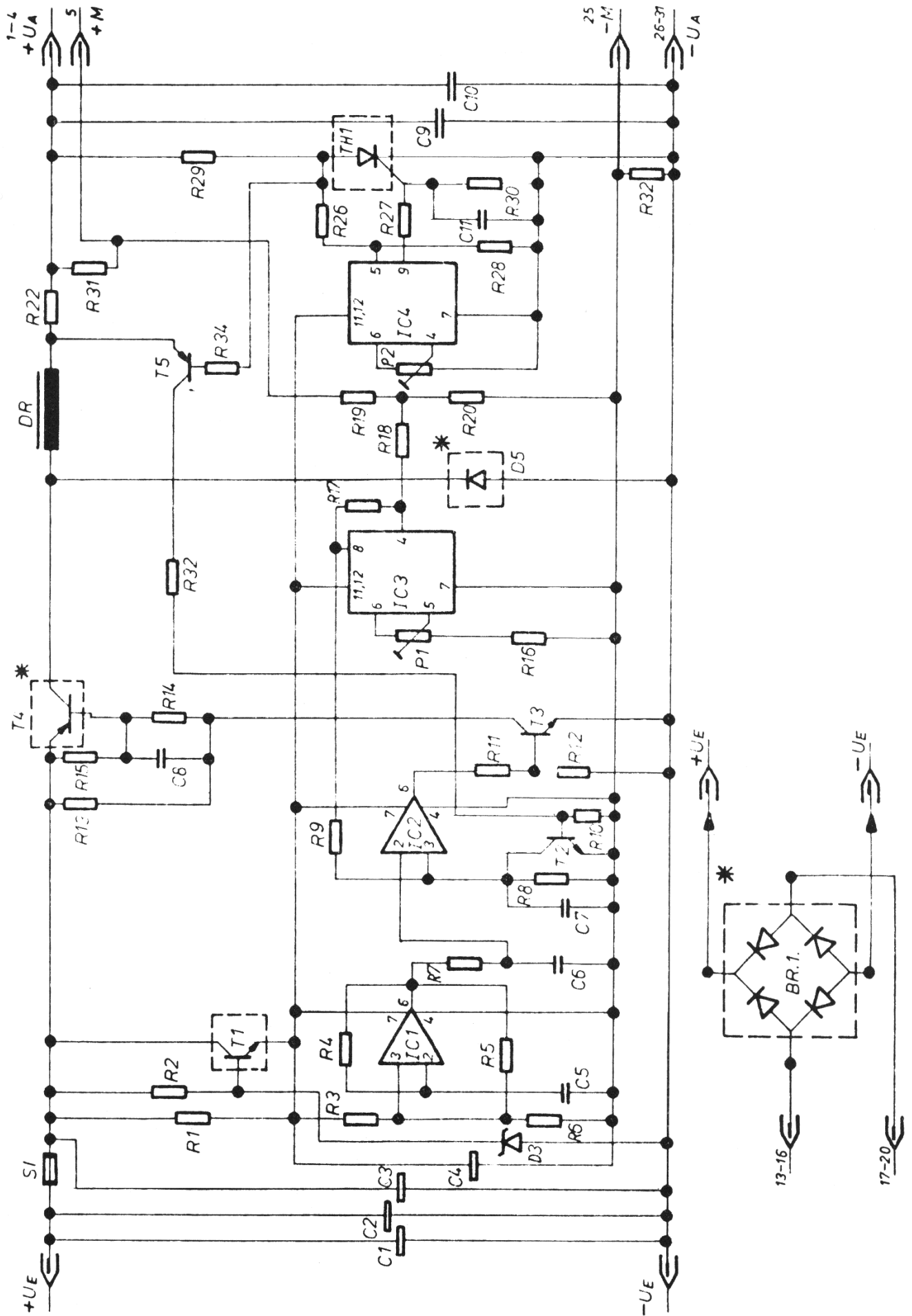


Fig. 22

Power Supply Module

24V

MK78093



MK78091 5V 15A Switched Power Supply Fig. 23

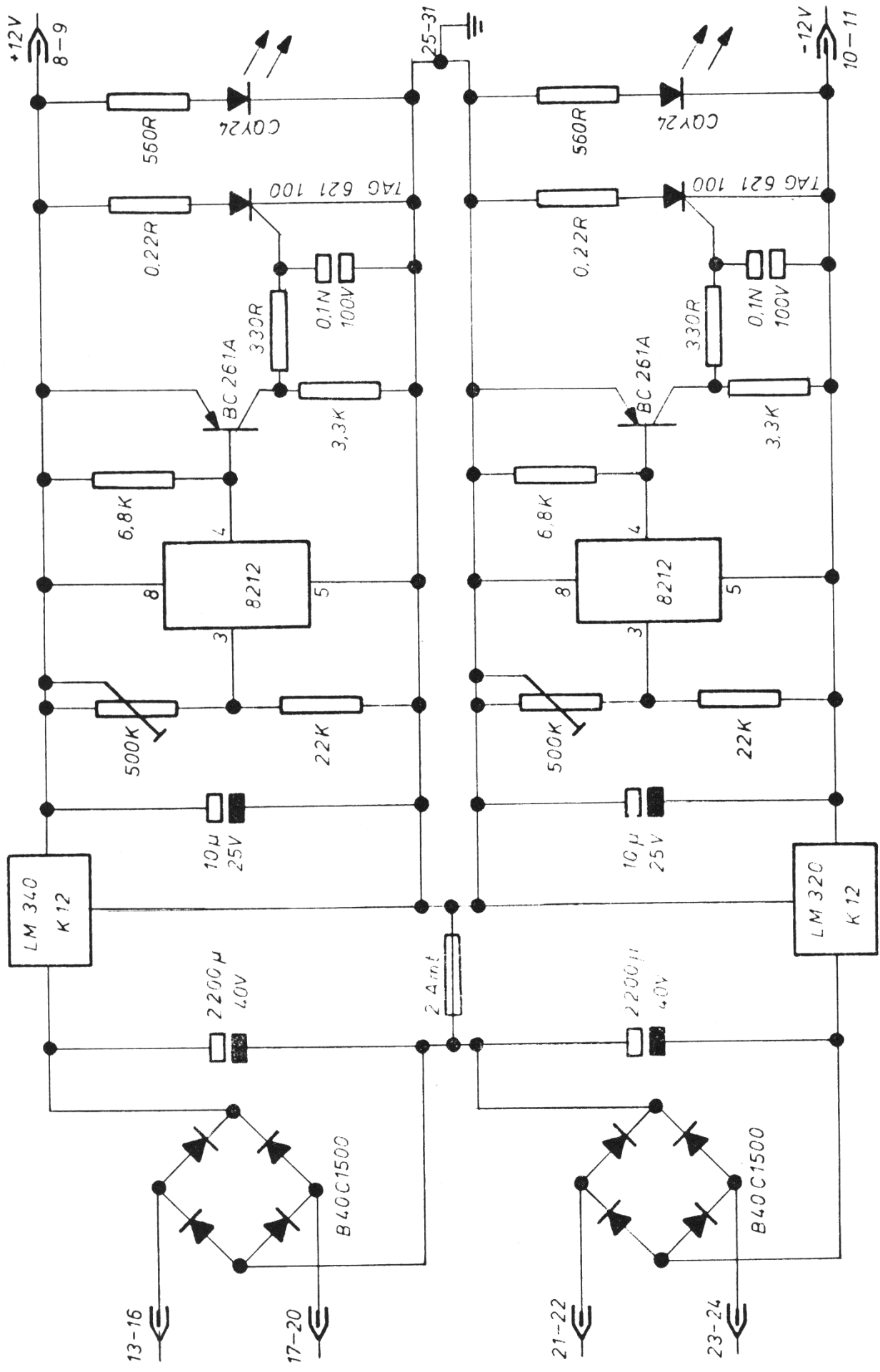


Fig. 24

Power Supply Module

12V

MK78092

APPENDIX A      CONTENTS OF SYS-80F OPERATIONS MANUAL

If additional copies of any of the manuals included in this package are required, please order from your local MOSTEK representative.

OPERATION MANUALS :

OEM-80E	MK 78 548
RAM-80BE	MK 78 555
FLP-80E	MK 78 561
FLP-80DOS	MK 78 557
CPU	MK 78 505
PIO	MK 78 506
CTC	MK 78 564

OTHER MANUALS INCLUDED:

Z80 PROGRAMMING GUIDE	MK 78 515
Z80 POCKET REFERENCE	MK 78 516

Optional modules for the SYS-80F are not discussed in the above literature. The following manuals are not included with the SYS-80F but can be obtained from your local MOSTEK office:

PPG-08	MK 78 532
AIM-80E	MK 78 559
AIM-72E	MK 79 579
VDI-P/S	MK 78 586
FZCASM	MK 78 582    CROSS ASSEMBLER FOR THE F8/3870

## APPENDIX B

## COMPLETE PARTS LIST FOR SYS-80F

## STANDARD MODULES:

OEM-80E	MK 78 124 A	24 VOLT P.S.	MK 78 093
RAM-80BE	MK 78 110	COMPLETE MANUAL	MK 78 576
FLP-80E	MK 78 112	BACKPLANE	MK 78 099
DISK DRIVE	MK 78 094	FLP-80 TO SA800 CABLE	MK 78 097
5 VOLT P.S.	MK 78 091	COMPLETE PROM SET	MK 78 095
+12 VOLT P.S.	MK 78 092		

## OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

BOX OF DISKETTES	MK 78 144	10 SOFT SECTORED IBM COMPATIBLE DISKETTES
AIM-80E	MK 78 106	I.C.E. FOR THE Z80
AIM-80X	MK 78 132	CABLE ASSEMBLY FOR AIM-80E
RTM-80E	MK 78 133	AIM-80E WITHOUT AIM-80X
AIM-72E	MK 79 077	I.C.E FOR F8/3870 FAMILY
VDI-S	MK 78 033A	SERIAL VIDEO INTERFACE
VDI-P	MK 78 035A	PARALLEL VIDEO INTERFACE
VDI CABLE	MK 78 090	CABLE ASSEMBLY FOR VDI-S/P
PPG-08	MK 79 033	2708 PROM PROGRAMMER
PPG-08 CABLE	MK 79 060	CABLE ASSEMBLY FOR PPG-08
PPG-8/16	MK 79 082	2708/2758/2716 PROGRAMMER; INCLUDES CABLE
EXTENDER CARD	MK 79 062A	3 LAYER EXTENSION CARD FOR BOARD TESTING
WIRE WRAP CARD	MK 79 063	WITH SPACE FOR 112 20-PIN IC's
BACK PLANE CARD	MK 78 099	4-LAYER, 7-SLOT BACK PLANE, INCLUDES CONNECTORS
PRINTER CABLE	MK 78 098	CABLE FOR CENTRONICS TYPE PRINTERS

## OPTIONAL SOFTWARE FOR THE SYS-80

FZCASM	MK 79 075	CROSS ASSEMBLER FOR F8/3870
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## BASIC

FORTRAN-80	CONSULT YOUR LOCAL MOSTEK OFFICE	
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## FACTORY REPAIR SERVICE

In the event that difficulty is encountered with this unit, it may be returned to MOSTEK for repair. This service will be provided free of charge if the unit is returned within 90 days of purchase. However, units which have been modified or abused in any way either will not be accepted for service or will be repaired at the owner's expense.

When returning the circuit board, place it inside the conductive plastic bag in which it was delivered in order to protect the MOS devices from electro-static discharge during shipment (The circuit board must NEVER be placed in contact with styrofoam material ). ENCLOSE a letter containing the following information with the returned circuit board:

Name, address, and phone number of purchaser

Date and place of purchase

Brief description of the difficulty

Board type and serial number

Mail a copy of this letter SEPARATELY to your local MOSTEK office.

Securely package and mail the circuit board, prepaid and insured to your local MOSTEK office.

## LIMITED WARRANTY

MOSTEK warrants this product against defective materials and workmanship for a period of 90 days.

This warranty does not apply to any product that has been subjected to misuse, accident, improper installation, improper application, or improper operation, nor does it apply to any product that has been repaired or altered by other than MOSTEK personnel.

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