

### CMOS UV ERASABLE 262144-BIT READ ONLY MEMORY

MBM27C256A-15 MBM27C256A-17 MBM27C256A-20 MBM27C256A-25

> September 1987 Edition 2.0

#### CMOS 262144 BIT UV ERASABLE AND ELECTRICALLY PROGRAMMABLE READ ONLY MEMORY

The Fujitsu MBM 27C256A is a high speed 262,144 bits complementary MOS erasable and electrically reprogrammable read only memory (EPROM). It is especially well suited for application where rapid turn-around and/or bit pattern experimentation, and low-power consumption are important.

A 28-pin dual-in line package with a transparent lid and 32-pad Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC) are used to package the MBM 27C256A. The transparent lid allows the user to expose the device to ultra-violet light in order to erase the memory bit pattern previously programmed. At the completion of erasure, a new pattern can then be written into the memory.

The MBM 27C256A is fabricated using CMOS double polysilicon gate technology with single transistor stacked gate cells. It is organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits for use in microprocessor applications. Single +5V operation greatly facilitates its use in systems.

- CMOS power consumption Standby: 550 μW max. Active: 41 mW/MHz
- 32,768 words x 8 bits organization, fully decoded
- Single location programming
- Programmable utilizing the Quick Pro<sup>TM</sup> algorithm
- Programming voltage: 12.5V
- No clocks required (fully static operation)
- Three-state output with OR-tie capability

• Fast access time:

150 ns max. (MBM27C256A-15) 170 ns max. (MBM27C256A-17) 200 ns max. (MBM27C256A-20) 250 ns max. (MBM27C256A-25)

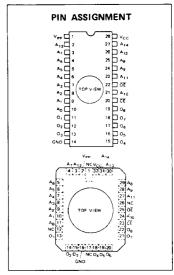
- TTL compatible inputs/outputs
- Single +5V supply, ±10% tolerance
- Standard 28-pin ceramic DIP: Suffix-Z
- Standard 32-pad ceramic LCC: Suffix-TV

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (see NOTE)

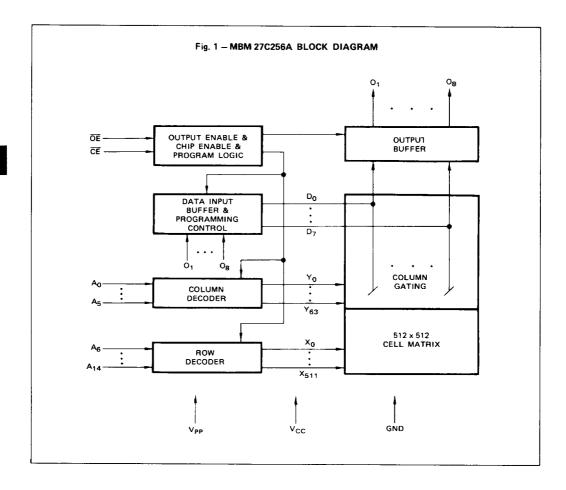
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Temperature under Bias	TBIAS	-25 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +125	°C
All Inputs/Outputs Voltage with respect to GND	V <sub>IN</sub> ,V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.6to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	٧
Voltage on A <sub>9</sub> with respect to GND	V <sub>A9</sub>	-0.6 to +13.5	V
V <sub>PP</sub> Voltage with respect to GND	V <sub>PP</sub>	-0.6 to +14	٧
Supply Voltage with respect to GND	Vcc	-0.6 to +7	٧

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.





This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance



### CAPACITANCE (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance (V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V)	CiN		4	6	pF
Output Capacitance (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V)	C <sub>OUT</sub>		8	12	pF

### **FUNCTIONS AND PIN CONNECTIONS**

Function (Pin No.)	Address Input (2 ~ 10, 21, 23, 25 ~ 27)	A <sub>9</sub> (24)	Data I/O (11 ~ 13, 15 ~ 19)	ĈĒ (20)	<u>ŌĒ</u> (22)	V <sub>CC</sub> (28)	V <sub>PP</sub> (1)	GND (14)
Read	A <sub>IN</sub>	A <sub>IN</sub>	Dout	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	+5 V	+5 V	GND
Output Disable	A <sub>IN</sub>	AiN	High-Z	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	+5 V	+5 V	GND
Standby	Don't Care	Don't Care	High-Z	V <sub>IH</sub>	Don't Care	+5 V	+5 V	GND
Program	A <sub>IN</sub>	A <sub>IN</sub>	D <sub>IN</sub>	VIL	V <sub>IH</sub>	+6 V	+12.5 V	GND
Program Verify	A <sub>IN</sub>	A <sub>IN</sub>	Dout	Don't Care	V <sub>IL</sub>	+6 V	+12.5 V	GND
Program Inhibit	Don't Care	Don't Care	High-Z	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	+6 ∨	+12.5 V	GND
Electronic Signature	A <sub>IN</sub>	+12 V	Code	VIL	V <sub>1L</sub>	+5 V	+5 V	GND

# RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Referenced to GND)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage*	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	٧
V <sub>PP</sub> Supply Voltage	V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.6	V
Input High Voltage	V <sub>iH</sub>	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.1		0.8	٧
Operating Temperature	TA	0		70	°c

Note: \*V<sub>CC</sub> must be applied either before or coincident with V<sub>PP</sub> and removed either after or coincident with V<sub>PP</sub>.

### DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Load Current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V)	I <sub>L1</sub>			10	μΑ
Output Leakage Current (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5 V)	ILO			10	μΑ
V <sub>PP</sub> Supply Current (V <sub>PP</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> ± 0.6 V)	I <sub>PP1</sub>		1	100	μΑ
V <sub>CC</sub> Standby Current ( $\overline{CE}$ = V <sub>1H</sub> )	I <sub>SB1</sub>			1	mA
$V_{CC}$ Standby Current (CE = $V_{CC} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ )	I <sub>SB2</sub>		1	100	μΑ
V <sub>CC</sub> Active Current (CE=V <sub>IL</sub> )	l <sub>cc1</sub>		2	30	mA
V <sub>CC</sub> Operation Current (f = 4 MHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA)	l <sub>CC2</sub>		5	30	mA
Output Low Voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA)	VoL			0.45	V
Output High Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA)	V <sub>OH1</sub>	2.4			v
Output High Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA)	V <sub>OH2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.7			V



#### Fig. 2 - AC TEST CONDITIONS (INCLUDING PROGRAMMING)

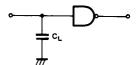
Input Pulse Levels: 0.45 V to 2.4 V

Input Rise and Fall Times: ≤ 20 ns

Timing Measurement Reference Levels: 1.0 V and 2.0 V for inputs

0.8 V and 2.0 V for outputs

Output Load: 1 TTL gate and C<sub>L</sub> = 100 pF



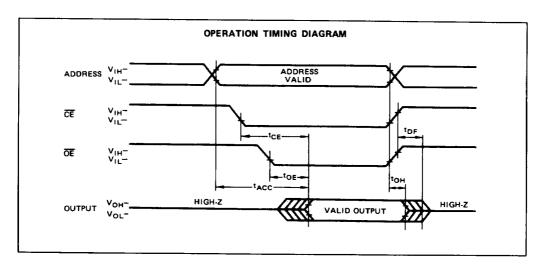
### **AC CHARACTERISTICS**

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter Symbol	Sumbal	MBM 27C256A-15		MBM 27C256A-17		MBM 27C256A-20		MBM 27C256A-25		
	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
Address Access Time*1 (CE = OE = V <sub>IL</sub> )	tACC		150		170		200		250	ns
CE to Output Delay (OE = VIL)	†CE		150	-	170		200		250	ns
OE to Output Delay*1	<sup>†</sup> OE		60		70		75		100	ns
Address to Output Hold	tон	0		0		0		0		ns
Output Enable High to Output Float 2	tDF	0	60	0	60	0	60	0	60	ns

Notes: \*1  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  may be delayed up to  $t_{ACC} - t_{OE}$  after the folling edge of  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  without impact on  $t_{ACC}$  \*2  $t_{DF}$  is specified from  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , whichever occurs first.

Output Floating is defined as the point where data is no longer driven.



### PROGRAMMING / ERASING INFORMATION

#### **PROGRAMMING**

Upon delivery from Fujitsu, or after each erasure (see Erasure section), the MBM 27C256A has all 262,144 bits in the "1", or high state, "0's" are loaded into the MBM 27C256A through the procedure of programming.

The MBM 27C256A is programmed with a fast programming algorithm designed by Fujitsu called Quick Pro<sup>TM</sup>. The programming mode is entered when +12.5V and +6V are applied to Vpp and V<sub>CC</sub> respectively, and  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  are  $V_{1H}$ . A  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor between  $V_{PP}$ and GND is needed to prevent excessive voltage transients which could damage the device. The address to be programmed is applied to the proper address pins. The 8 bit data pattern to be written is placed on the respective data output pins. The voltage levels should be standard TTL levels. When both the address and data are stable, a 1ms programming pulse is applied to

CE and after that one additional pulse which is 3 times as wide as previous pulse is applied to CE to accomplish the programming.

Procedure of Quick ProTM (Refer to the attached flowchart.)

- 1) Set the start address (=G) at the address pins.
- 2) Set  $V_{CC} = 6V$ ,  $V_{PP} = 12.5V$  and  $\overline{CE}$ = V<sub>IH</sub>.
- 3) Clear the programming pulse counter  $(X \leftarrow 0)$ .
- 4) Input data to respective pins.
- 5) Apply ONE programming pulse  $(t_{PW} = 1 \text{ms Typ.}) \text{ to } \overline{CE}.$
- Increment the counter (X ← X+1).
- 7) Compare the number (=X) of applied programming pulse with 25 and then verify the programmed data. If programmed data is verified, go to the next step regardless of X value. If X = 25 and programmed data is not verified, the

device fails. If X = 25 and programmed data is not verified, go back to the step 5).

- 8) Apply one additional wide programming pulse to CE (3X ms).
- 9) Compare the address with an end address (=N). If the programmed address is the end address, proceed to the next step. If not, increment the address (G 
  G+1) and then go to the step 3) for the next address.
- 10) Set  $V_{CC} = V_{PP} = 5V$ .
- 11) Verify the all programmed data. If the verification succeeds, the programming completes. If any programmed data is not the same as original data, the device fails.

A continuous TTL low level should not apply to CE input pin during the program mode (Vpp = 12.5V, Vcc = 6V and  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ ) because it is required that one programming pulse width does not exceed 78.75 ms at each address.

#### **ERASURE**

In order to clear all locations of their programmed contents, it is necessary to expose the MBM 27C256A to an ultraviolet light source. A dosage of 15 Wseconds/cm<sup>2</sup> is required to completely erase an MBM 27C256A. This dosage can be obtained by exposure to an ultraviolet lamp (wavelength of 2537 Angstroms (A)) with intensity of 12000µW/cm<sup>2</sup> for 15 to 21 minutes. The MBM 27C256A should be about one inch from the source and all filters should be removed from the UV light source prior to erasure.

It is important to note that the MBM 27C256A and similar devices, will erase with light sources having wavelengths shorter than 4000Å. Although erasure time will be much longer than with UV source at 2537Å, nevertheless the exposure to fluorescent light and sunlight will eventually erase the MBM 27C256A, and exposure to them should be prevented to realize maximum system reliability. If used in such an environment, the package windows should be covered by an opaque label or substance

#### **ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE**

The MBM 27C256A has electronic signature mode which is intended for use by programming equipment for the purpose of automatically matching the device to be programmed with its corresponding programming algorithm.

The electronic signature is activated when +12V is applied to address line Ag (pin 24) of the MBM 27C256A. Two identifier bytes are readed out from the

outputs by toggling address line Aq (pin 10) from VIL to VIH. The address lines from A<sub>1</sub> to A<sub>13</sub> must be hold at V<sub>II</sub> to keep the electronic signature mode. See the table below.

A <sub>0</sub>	0,	02	03	04	05	06	07	O <sub>8</sub>	Definition
V <sub>IL</sub>	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Manufacture
V <sub>IH</sub>	0	1	0	0	×	1	1	0	Device

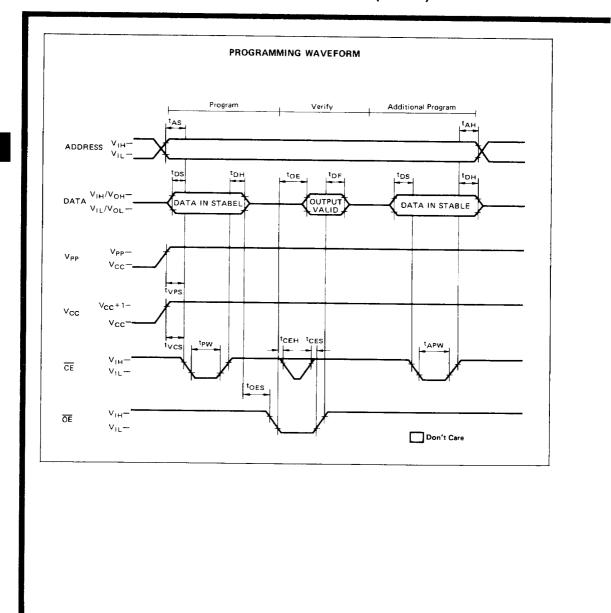
**Note:**  $A_9 = 12V \pm 0.5V$ 

 $A_1$  thru  $A_8 = A_{10}$  thru  $A_{13} = \overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{1L}$ .

A14 = Either VIL or VIH



## PROGRAMMING/ERASING INFORMATION (Cont'd)



#### DC CHARACTERISTICS

 $(T_A = 25\pm5^{\circ}C, V_{CC}^{*1} = 6V\pm0.25V, V_{PP}^{*2} = 12.5V\pm0.3V)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current (V <sub>IN</sub> = 6.25V/0.45V)	IIL			10	μΑ
$V_{PP}$ Supply Current ( $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ , $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ )	I <sub>PP2</sub>			50	mΑ
V <sub>PP</sub> Supply Current ( $\overline{OE} = V_{ L }$ )	I <sub>PP3</sub>			5	mA
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	Icc			30	mA
Input Low Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.1		0.8	V
Input High Level	V <sub>iH</sub>	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V
Output Low Voltage During Verify (I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1mA)	VoL			0.45	V
Output High Voltage During Verify ( $I_{OH} = -400\mu A$ )	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4			V

Note:  $^{\bullet}$ 1  $V_{CC}$  must be applied either coincidently or before  $V_{PP}$  and removed either concidently or after  $V_{PP}$ .

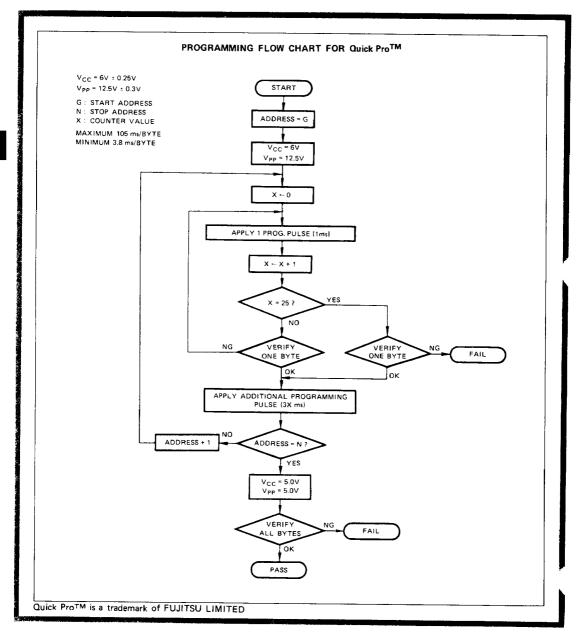
\*2  $V_{PP}^{-}$  must not be greater than 14 volts including overshoot. Permanent device damage may occur if the device is taken out or put into socket remaining  $V_{PP}$  = 12.5 volts. Also, during  $\overline{CE} = V_{1L}$ ,  $\overline{OE} = V_{1H}$ ,  $V_{PP}$  must not be switched from  $V_{CC}$  to  $V_{PP}$  volts or vice versa.

#### AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $(T_A = 25\pm5^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 6V\pm0.25V, V_{PP} = 12.5V\pm0.3V$ 

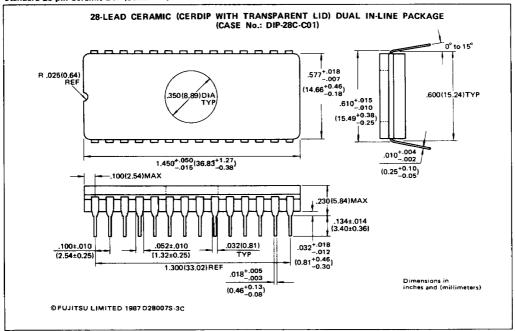
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Address Setup Time	tAS	2			μs
Output Enable Setup Time	toes	2			μs
Chip Enable Setup Time	tces	2			μs
Data Setup Time	t <sub>DS</sub>	2			μs
V <sub>PP</sub> Setup Time	t <sub>VPS</sub>	2			μs
V <sub>CC</sub> Setup Time	tvcs	2			μs
Address Hold Time	t <sub>AH</sub>	2			μs
Data Hold Time	t <sub>DH</sub>	2			μs
Chip Enable Hold Time	t <sub>сен</sub>	2			μs
Output Enblea to Output Valid	toE			120	ns
Output Disable to Output Float Delay	t <sub>DF</sub>			105	ns
Programming Pulse Width	t <sub>PW</sub>	0.95	1	1.05	ms
Programming Pulse Number	×	1		25	times
Additional Programming Pulse Width	t <sub>APW</sub>	2.85		78.75	ms

### PROGRAMMING / ERASING INFORMATION (Cont'd)



### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Standard 32-pad Ceramic LCC (Suffix: -TV)

