PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 system user's manual

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INTRODUCTION

The basic PDP-11/45 and 11/50 systems, prior to 1976, were available with a KB11-A central processor, an FP11-B floating point unit, and MOS or bipolar memory. With the introduction of a highperformance floating point unit (the FP11-C), the KB11-A underwent extensive revision, generating a new CPU version – the KB11-D. An entirely new system, including the KB11-D, FP11-C, and bipolar memory, is now available as a PDP-11/55. The PDP-11/45 and 11/50 systems are still available as they were prior to 1976, but the PDP-11/45 is now also available with the KB11-D and its compatible options.

This manual explains the installation procedures that apply to all components and options of the PDP-11/45, PDP-11/50, and PDP-11/55 systems. The basic PDP-11/50 system uses a KB11-A central processor and a solid-state (MOS) memory. The basic PDP-11/55 system uses the KB11-D central processor and bipolar memory. The basic PDP-11/45 system uses a KB11-A or KB11-D central processor and can have either (or both) MOS and bipolar memory. The basic PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 systems each generally contain a minimum of 16K words of memory.

All references to PDP-11/45 system in this manual also apply to PDP-11/50 and 11/55 systems, except where otherwise indicated. The manual is organized as follows:

Chapter 1 describes the basic system configurations and specifications and lists related reference documents and engineering drawings.

Chapter 2 details site preparation, unpacking and installation procedures, and installation checkout procedures for the basic system.

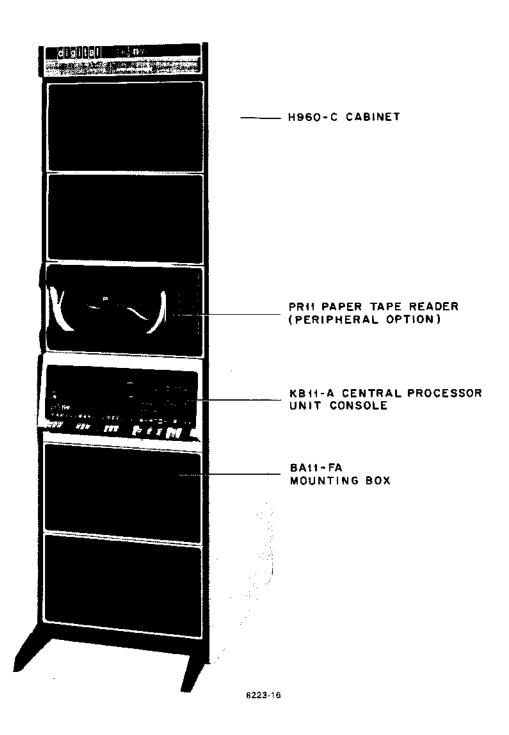
Chapter 3 presents a general description of the power distribution within the CPU cabinet.

Chapter 4 refers to the plug-in card options.

Chapter 5 refers to the system unit options.

Appendix A lists PDP-11 options and their specifications.

The major components and options for the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 systems are individually described in a series of manuals listed in Table 1-8, Related Documentation.



Typical PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 System

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 BASIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The basic PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 system components are located in a single H960 Cabinet Assembly (Figures 1-1 and 1-2). Table 1-1 lists the major components and assemblies included in the basic PDP-11/45 system. Table 1-2 lists components and major assemblies included in the basic PDP-11/50 system. Table 1-3 lists the major components and assemblies included in the basic PDP-11/55 system.

Note that four different power distribution systems exist for the PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 systems due to accumulated revisions. Paragraph 3.3 explains the revisions and Table 3-2 lists the power system versions. Note also that the PDP-11/55 uses only the latest version; the PDP-11/50 and the PDP-11/45 can have any of the four power system versions depending upon the date of manufacture.

1.1.1 Physical Characteristics

The overall dimensions of the cabinet supplied with the basic PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 systems are:

Height: 71-7/16 in. (181.3 cm) Width: 21-11/16 in. (54 cm)

Depth: 30 in. (76 cm)

With Cabinet Feet: 39 in. (99 cm)

A fully configured cabinet with all options implemented and three additional system units weighs approximately 300 lb (135 kg). Maximum weight, with peripherals, is approximately 500 lb (225 kg).

Additional details are provided on engineering drawings D-UA-H960-D-0, Cabinet Assembly, and E-UA-H950-A-0, H950A 19-Inch Frame Assembly.

1.1.2 General Power Requirements and Electrical Specifications

The 11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 come in many configuration variations depending upon the various combinations of options that are used together. However, from an input power standpoint only two variations need be considered: a 115 V two-phase (or two of three phases) variation of which the 11/45-CA will be taken as an example, and a 230 V variation of which the 11/45-CB will be taken as an example.

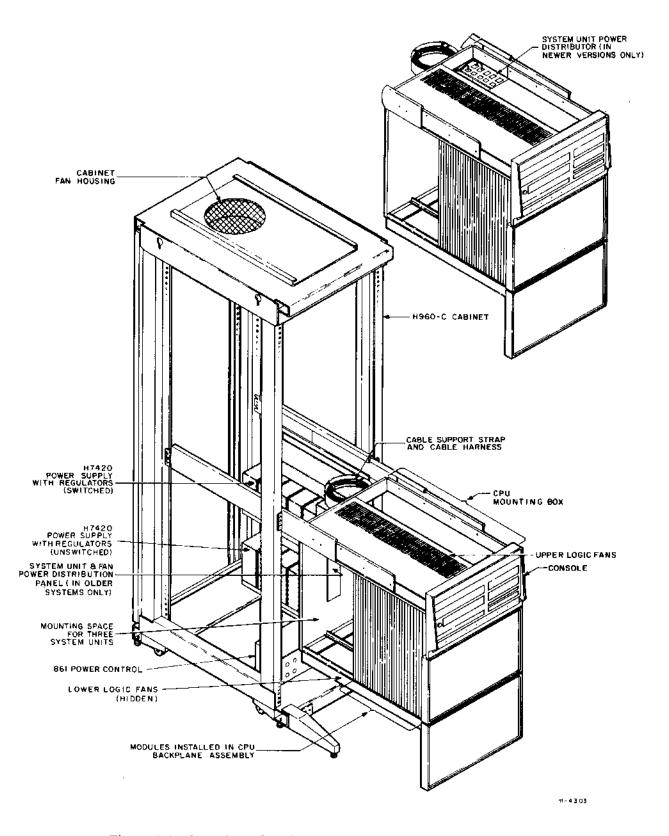


Figure 1-1 Location of Major Components and Assemblies Showing New Models Using 861 Power Control

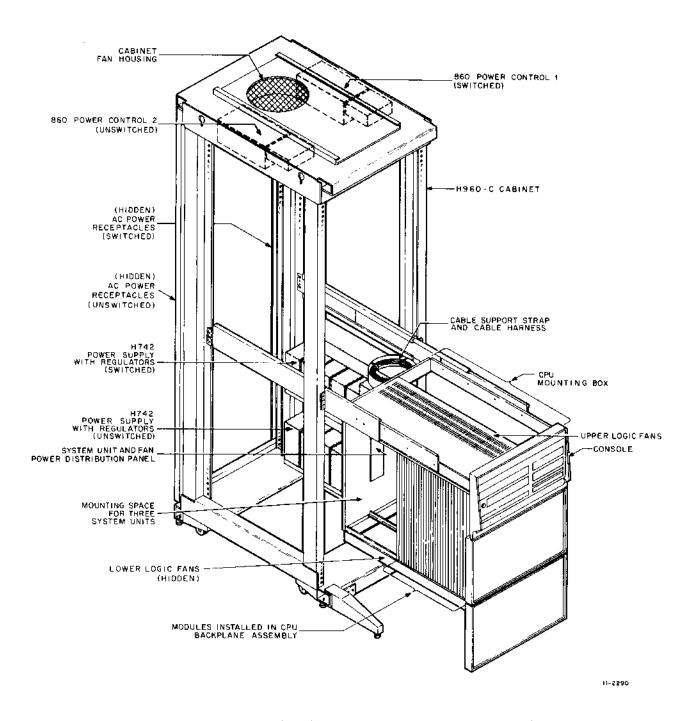


Figure 1-2 Location of Major Components and Assemblies Showing 860 Power Controls Used on Early Models

Table 1-1 Basic PDP-11/45 Configuration

Item*	Description			
Cabinet Assembly	Refer to Figure 1-1. Houses all other major assemblies and components, except terminal.			
CPU Mounting Box	Refer to Figure 1-1. Houses KB11-A, D CPU plus other 11/45 options.			
KB11-A, D Central Processor Unit	Basic 16-bit processor logic module installed in wired CPU backplane (part number 7008871). See Table 1-2 for KB11-A modules and Table 1-3 for KB11-D modules.			
H7420 Power Supplies†	Refer to Figure 1-1. Upper H7420 provides switched power; lower H7420 provides unswitched power.			
H744 +5 Regulators	Three H744 +5 V regulators installed in upper H7420 power supply (slots B, C, and D).			
H745 -15 Regulator	One H745 -15 V regulator installed in upper H7420 power supply (slot E).			
861 Power Control	Refer to Figure 1-1. Controls both switched and unswitched H7420 power supplies. Replaces two 860 power controls used on early systems as shown in Figure 1-2.			
MF11-UP 16K Core Memory and Control	Provides 16K core memory, with parity. Mounts in two system unit locations on BA11-FA.			
MM11-UP 16K Core Memory	Additional 16K core memory to provide total 32K core memory for basic system.			
LA36 DECwriter	Scrial I/O terminal; described in related manual.			
DL11-A Terminal Control	LA36 DECwriter II interface to Unibus; described in related manual.			

^{*}Items listed are major components of basic PDP-11/45-CC, -CD systems. Refer to engineering drawing A-PL-11/45-0-0 for complete parts list for all PDP-11/45 systems.
†Early versions of the PDP-11/45 used H742 power supplies.

Table 1-2 Basic PDP-11/50 Configuration

Item*	Description		
Cabinet Assembly	Refer to Figure 1-1. Houses all other major assemblies and components, except terminal supplied.		
CPU Mounting Box	Refer to Figure 1-1. Houses KB11-A CPU, plus other 11/50 options.		
KB11-A Central Processor Unit	Basic 16-bit processor logic modules installed in wired CPU backplanes (part number 7008871).		
Consists of the following:			
M8100 DAP Module M8101 GRA Module M8102 IRC Module M8103 RAC Module M8104 PDR Module M8105 TMC Module M8106 UBC Module M8116 SJB Module M8109 TIG Module	Data and address paths (slot 6) General registers and control (slot 7) Instruction register and decode (slot 8) ROM and ROM control (slot 9) Processor data and Unibus registers (slot 10) Trap and miscellaneous control (slot 11) Unibus and console control (slot 12) System jumper board (slot 14) Timing generator (slot 15)		
H7420 Power Supplies†	Refer to Figure 1-1. Upper H7420 provides switched power, lower H7420 provides unswitched power for MOS memory.		
H744 +5 Regulators	Three H744 +5 V regulators installed in upper H7420 power supply (slots B, C, and D).		
H745 -15 Regulator	One H745 -15 V regulator installed in upper H7420 power supply (slot l		
861 Power Control	Refer to Figure 1-1. Controls both switched and unswitched H7420 power supplies. Replaces two 860 power controls used on early systems as shown in Figure 1-2.		
MS11-BC MOS Memory Control	Controls up to two 16K of MOS memory; described in related manual.		
Consists of the following:			
M8110 SMC Module H744 +5 Regulator H746 MOS Regulator	Semiconductor memory control (slots 16 and 21) One H744 +5 V regulator installed in lower H7420 power supply (slot J) One H746 MOS regulator installed in low H7420 power supply		
MS11-BP 4K MOS Memory	Up to eight can be used to provide up to 32K MOS memory.		
Consists of the following:			
G401 YA MOS Memory Matrix	Each provides 4K words of MOS memory with two additional bits for byte parity storage (slots 17, 18, 19, and 20).		
LA36 DECwriter	Serial I/O terminal; described in related manual.		
DL11-A Terminal Control	LA36 DECwriter II interface to Unibus; described in related manual.		

^{*} Items listed are major components of basic PDP-11/50-CC,-CD systems. Refer to engineering drawing A-PL-11/50-0-0 for complete parts list for all PDP-11/50 systems.
† Early versions of the PDP-11/50 used H742 power supplies.

Table 1-3 Basic PDP-11/55 Configuration

Item*	Description		
Cabinet Assembly Refer to Figure 1-1. Houses all other major assemblies and except terminal supplied.			
CPU Mounting Box	Refer to Figure 1-1. Houses KB11-D CPU, plus other 11/55 options.		
KB11-D Central Processor Unit	Basic 16-bit processor logic modules installed in wired CPU backplane (part number 7008871).		
Consists of the following:			
M8100 DAP Module M8101 GRA Module M8132 IRC Module M8123 RAC Module M8104 PDR Module M8105 TMC Module M8105 TMC Module M8119 UBC Module M8109 TIG Module	Data and address paths (slot 6) General registers and control (slot 7) Instruction register and decode (slot 8) ROM and ROM control (slot 9) Processor data and Unibus registers (slot 10) Trap and miscellaneous control (slot 11) Unibus and console control (slot 12) Timing generator (slot 15)		
KT11-CD Memory Management Unit	Basic 18-bit extension of the processor address space.		
Consists of the following:			
M8107 SAP Module M8108-YA SSR Module	System address path (slot 14) System status register		
H7420 Power Supples	Refer to Figure 1-1. Upper H7420 provides switched power, lower H7420 provides unswitched power for bipolar memory.		
H744 +5 Regulators	Three H744 +5 V regulators installed in upper H7420 power supply (slots B, C, and D).		
H745 -15 Regulator	One H745 -15 V regulator installed in upper H7420 power supply (slot E)		
861 Power Control	Refer to Figure 1-1. Controls both switched and unswitched H7420 power supplies. Replaces two 860 power controls.		
MS11-CC Bipolar Memory Control	Controls up to two 16K bipolar memory; described in related manual.		
Consists of the following:			
M8120 SMC Module	Semiconductor memory control (slots 16 and 21)		
H744 +5 Regulator	Two H744 +5 V regulator installed in lower H7420 power supply (slots H and J)		
MS11-AP 4K Bipolar Memory Up to eight can be used to provide up to 32K bipolar memory.			
Consists of the following:			
M8121-YA Bipolar Memory	Each provides 4K words of bipolar memory with two additional bits for byte parity storage (slots 17, 18, 19, and 20).		
M9301-YB Bootstap Loader	Provides memory space for bootstrap programs (slots A and B).		

Table 1-3 Basic PDP-11/55 Configuration (Cont)

Item*	Description
LA36 DECwriter	Serial I/O terminal; described in related manual.
DL11-W Terminal Control	LA36 DECwriter II interface to Unibus; described in related manual. Replaces DL11-A and KW11-L of early 11/55 version (slot DEV.1).
DL11-A Terminal Control†	LA36 DECwriter II interface to Unibus; described in related manual.
KW11-L Line Time Clock†	Provides timing pulses for DECwriter; described in related manual (slot 1).

^{*}Items listed are major components of basic PDP-11/55-CC,-CD systems. Refer to engineering drawing A-PL-11/55-0-0 for complete parts list for all PDP-11/55 systems.

The 11/45-CA and 11/45-CB variations consist of the following:

	11/45-CA	11/45-CB	
Central Processor (no options installed)	KB11-A,D	KB11-A,D	
Cabinet	H960-C	H960-C	
Mounting Box	BA11-FA	BA11-FA	
Power Control	861-A (115 V two-phase)	861-B (230 V single-phase)	
Power Supply (2)	H7420-A (or H742-A)	H7420-B (or H742-B)	

Table 1-4 provides the input specifications for the 11/45-CA and 11/45-CB variations. These specifications will apply equally to the corresponding 11/50 and 11/55 configurations.

1.1.2.1 Internal Option Power Requirements - For a given 11/45, 11/50, 11/55 CPU configuration the total power required will be dependent on the options installed. Table 1-5 lists option dc power, ac power, and ac current. To determine the total ac power and ac current for a given system configuration, the ac powers and ac currents for the options (from Table 1-5) must be added to the basic power and current specified in Table 1-4.

[†]Items used only in early production versions instead of the DL11-W Terminal Control

Table 1-4 Input Specifications

Characteristic	11/45-CA	11/45-CB
Voltage		
Range	95-130 Vrms-ac	190-260 Vrms-ac
Nominal	115 Vrms-ac	230 Vrms-ac
Frequency	47-63 Hz	47–63 Hz
Power	870 W*	870 W*
	(2971 Btu/hour)	(2971 Btu/hour)
Current	9 Arms*	4.5 Arms*
Over-Voltage (period < 50 ms)	Up to 180 Vrms-ac	Up to 360 Vrms-ac
Inrush Current (< 20 ms)	240 A peak/phase	150 A peak/phase
Line Dips and Outages		
Extended Operation:	>95 Vrms-ac	> 190 Vrms-ac
Temporary Line Loss:		applies will remain within tolerance
		reduction of power below operating
		signals to the KB11-A, D will be gen- autdown before loss of dc regulation.
Circuit Breaker Rating	20 A/phase for each of two phases, simultaneous trip	
Voltage Dynamic Variation	< ±10%/second	
Harmonic Distortion	< 5% of fundamental	
Single Harmonic	< 3% of fundamental	
High Voltage Transients	< 300 V peak (< 0.2 watt-secon	ıd)
(either polarity, differential or common mode)	< 0.5 W average power	
Single Transients	< 600 V peak (< 2.5 watt-secon	d)

^{*}Basic configuration only, for calculating total input power and current with options installed, see Paragraph 1.1.2.1.

Table 1-5 Option Power Requirements (Maximum)

Option	Name	DC Power	AC Power		AC Current (AMPS)	
		(watts)	(watts)	(Btu/hour)	@ 115 V	@ 230 V
KB11-A	Central Processor	145	290	990	3,8	1.9
KB11-D	Central Processor	145	290	990	3,8	1.9
FP11-B	Floating Point Processor	75	150	512	1.5	0.75
FP11-C	Floating Point Processor	125	250	854	2.6	1.3
KT11-C	Memory Management	40	80	273	0.8	0.4
KT11-CD	Memory Management	40	80	273	0.8	0.4
MS11-AP	4K Bipolar Parity Memory Matrix	60	120	410	1.3	0.7
MS11-BC, BD	MOS Memory Control	15	30	130	0.3	_
MS11-BM, BP, BR, BT	4K MOS Memory Matrix	40	80	273	0.8	0.4
MS11-CC	Bipolar Memory Control	15	30	102	0.3	0.15
MS11-CM, CP	1K Bipolar Memory	55	110	376	1.2	0.6

NOTES

^{1.} KB11-A and KB11-D are included for reference only. They are already included in the basic 11/45-CA and 11/45-CB specifications.

^{2.} Each type of memory matrix requires a memory control.

There is mounting space for three system unit options (SU) at the rear of the CPU box. In addition, the CPU backplane is prewired for three quad-height small-peripheral controller modules (SPC). The processor power supply provides power to these option mounting areas via the harness and backplane. The amount of power available is shown below.

```
+5.0 V :24.0 A
+15.0 V :1.5 A
+20.0 V :8.0 A
-5.0 V :8.0 A
-15.0 V :9.5 A
```

NOTE

The slot E H754 may be removed and an H745 installed in its place. (Machines with serial numbers less than 2000 always have the H745 in slot E.) With the H745 regulator in slot E:

- 1. There is an additional 9.5 A of -15 V available to the three SPC slots (in the CPU backplane).
- 2. There is an additional 10 A of -15 V available to the three system unit locations at the back of the CPU box.
- 3. Ther is NO +20 V or -5 V available to the three system unit locations at the back of the CPU box.
- 1.1.2.2 Determining Option Power and Line Current Requirements To determine the power and line current required by non-CPU options not listed in Table 1-5, perform the calculations below. An example is also provided.
 - I. Find the maximum total dc current for each supply voltage used by an option and then multiply the total current by its respective voltage and add the products to determine the total dc power requirement.

Example:

2. Double the dc power requirement to obtain the ac power requirement. (Combined efficiency of regulator and transformer is 50% minimum.)

Example:

3. Divide ac power by 0.85 to compensate for worst case power factor to give maximum input volt-amperes (reactive) and then divide again by 115 V (or 230 V) to obtain nominal ac current for the option.

Example:

Total ac current requirement = 2.07 amperes rms

115 237.6 volt-amperes (reactive)

4. To obtain Btu/hour, multiply total watts ac (step 2) by 3.415 (Btu/watt-hour).

Example:

```
202 watts

×3.415 Btu/watt-hour

689.8 Btu/hour
```

1.1.3 H7420 Power Supply Characteristics

Each H7420 contains space for up to five plug-in voltage regulators (See Paragraphs 1.1.4 and 1.1.5). These regulators furnish dc to the processor backplane and the processor console. In addition to the regulators, each H7420 contains a 5411086 regulator. The 5411086 in the upper H7420 provides +8 and 15 V to the processor backplane and functions as a power line monitor for the upper supply. The upper 5411086 also produces the line clock output that is used to drive the KW11-L or DL11-W (Line Frequency Clock option). The 5411086 in the lower H7420 provides -15 V to the processor and monitors the lower power supply's input line voltage.

Each H7420 also contains an input terminal block and transformer assembly. The input terminal block in the upper H7420 provides 115 Vac to the elapsed time meter, power supply fans, and transformer primary. The input terminal block in the lower H7420 provides 115 Vac to the power supply fans, transformer primary, and the processor mounting box fans. By altering a jumper configuration on the terminal block, 230 Vac operation is available. The transformer produces 20–30 Vac for its associated voltage regulators.

1.1.4 H742 Power Supply Characteristics

Each H742 power supply has space for five plug-in voltage regulator modules. One function of each H742 power supply is to provide 20-30 Vac to its associated voltage regulators. They also provide the power fail control signals AC LO and DC LO, to the processor. The upper H742 provides +15 Vdc at 3A to enable the H745-15 V regulators and the M8109 TIG module, +8 Vdc for maintenance card indicators, and the line clock signal. The lower H742 provides -15 Vdc to the M8110 SMC module when the MS11 Semiconductor Memory System is installed in the system.

1.1.5 Voltage Regulator Characteristics

In a basic system, the upper H742 is equipped with three H744 + 5 V regulators (in slots B, C, and D) and an H745 -15 V regulator (in slot E). As options are added to the basic system, additional H744 + 5 V, H745 -15 V, and/or an H746 MOS regulator are added to slots A, F, H, J, K, and L; an H754 regulator replaces the slot E -15 V regulator if options requiring +20 V and -5 V (such as MF11-U/UP) are installed in system units 1, 2, or 3 (refer to Table 1-6).

1.1.6 Interface Specifications

The PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 system is completely compatible with the standard PDP-11 Unibus interface, which is fully described in a related manual. Provision is made on the CPU backplane for two separate PDP-11 Unibus interface connections, designated Unibus A and Unibus B. Block diagrams of the system Unibus interfaces are shown in Figure 1-3. Briefly, Unibus A connects directly to the KB11-A, D, and Unibus B connects to the MS11 Semiconductor Memory System when that option is implemented in the system. Unibus interconnection details are provided in Chapter 2 of this manual (Paragraph 2.3.5.1).

1.1.7 Environmental Specifications

The basic PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 electronics operate in the following environment (at sea level):

Temperature range 50° to 110° F (10° to 40° C)

Relative humidity 10% to 90%

(without condensation)

For operation above sea level, the maximum operating temperature must be reduced by 1.0° F/1000 ft (1.6° C/1000 m).

Peripheral equipment associated with the system may require closer environmental tolerances. Refer to Appendix A for specifications.

1.2 SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS AND OPTIONS

Table 1-6 lists some of the PDP-11/45 options that can be implemented within the CPU mounting box. A block diagram that shows the relationship of these options is provided in Chapter 1 of the KB11-A, D Central Processor Unit Maintenance Manual. Peripherals or options that may be installed in the upper half of the H960-CD cabinet are not included in Table 1-6.

1.3 EXPANSION CABINET OPTION

An H960-D expansion cabinet option is available with the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 systems. It is not included as part of the basic system, but may be ordered as required to house additional peripheral devices or memory. The basic components that may be included in each expansion cabinet option are summarized in Appendix A.

The H960-D cabinet includes a BA11-FB mounting box in the lower half of the cabinet which provides space for nine system units. The upper half of the H960-D cabinet is available for mounting other equipment. The H960-D includes an H7420 power supply that can adequately service the nine system units that can be installed in the BA11-FB mounting box. Additional power supplies must be provided for or included as part of the additional equipment that is installed in the upper half of the cabinet.

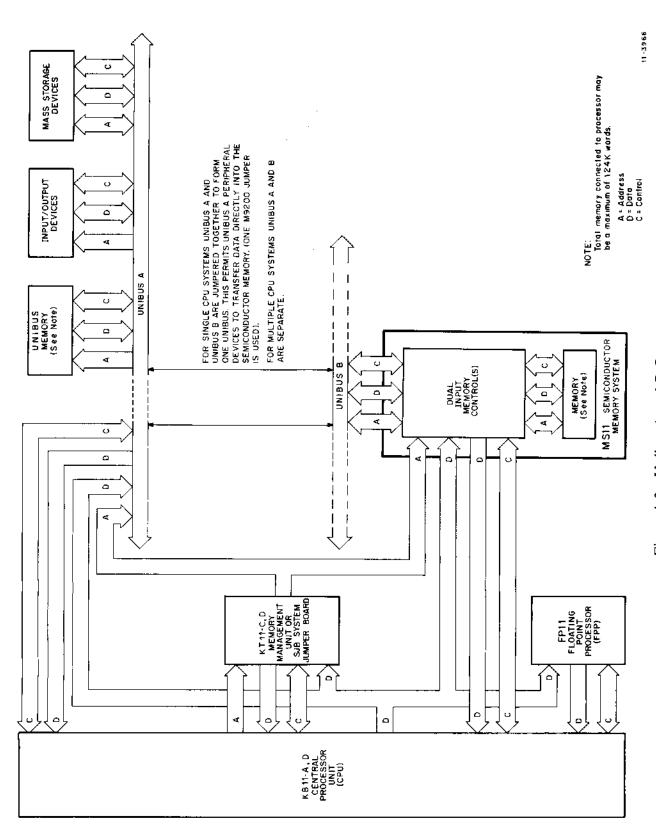


Figure 1-3 Unibus A and B Connectors

Table 1-6 PDP-11/45 System Options

Option* Description				
FP11-B, C Floating Point Processor				
Consists of the following:	Described in related manual.			
FP11-C FP11-B	Logic modules mount in CPU backplane, in slots indicated.			
M8128 M8112 FRM Module	FP ROM and ROM control (slot 4).			
M8129 M8113 FXP Module	FP exponent and data path (slot 5).			
M8126 M8114 FRH Module	Fraction data path - high order (slot 2).			
M8127 M8115 FRL Module	Fraction data path — low order (slot 3).			
H744 +5 V Module	Mounts in space provided on upper H7420 power supply (slot A).			
KT	11-C, CD Memory Management Unit			
Consists of the following:				
	Described in related manual. Required for all systems with more than 28K of memory. Permits addressing of up to 124K of memory.			
KT11-CD KT11-C	Logic modules mount in CPU backplane in slots indicated.			
M8108-YA M8108 SSR Module	System status registers (slot 13).			
M8107 SAP Module	System address path (slot 14, replaces the M8116 SJB module).			
	KW11-L Line Frequency Clock			
Consists of the following:				
M787 Line Time Clock Module	Described in related manual. Mounts in CPU backplane slot 1, row C.			
	MS11-B MOS Memory			
MS11-BC MOS Memory Control	Described in MS11 manual. Controls up to four G401 or G401YA MOS memory matrix modules (16K words of MOS memory).			
Consists of the following:				
M8120 SMC Module	Semiconductor memory control for first 16K of MOS memory. Mounts in CPU backplane (slot 16).			
H744 +5 V Regulator	One required, Mounts in slot J of lower H7420 power supply.			
H746 MOS Regulator	One required. Mounts in slot H of lower H7420 power supply.			

^{*}See engineering drawings for complete parts lists.

Table 1-6 PDP-11/45 System Options (Cont)

Option* Description				
MS11-B MOS Memory (Cont)				
MS11-BD MOS Memory Control	Second MOS memory control for up to additional 16K words of MOS memory.			
Consists of the following:	·			
M8110 SMC Module	Semiconductor memory control for second 16K of MOS memory. Mounts in CPU backplane (slot 21).			
H746 MOS Regulator	One additional H746 voltage regulator is required for second 16K of MOS memory. Mounts in slot L of lower H7420 power supply.			
MS11-BM 4K MOS Memory	Provides 4K words of MOS memory.			
Consists of the following:				
G401 MOS Memory Matrix	Mounts in CPU backplane. Slots 17 through 20 accommodate first four 4K modules. Slots 22 through 25 accommodate second four 4K modules.			
MS11-BP 4K MOS Memory	Provides 4K words of MOS memory with two additional bits for byte parity storage.			
Consists of the following:	painty storage.			
G401YA MOS Memory Matrix	Mounted in CPU backplane in same configuration indicated for G401 modules.			

NOTE

A complete 32K MOS memory system consists of two M8110 SMC Modules, eight G401 MOS Memory Matrix Modules, one H744 +5 V Regulator, and two H746 MOS Regulators.

MS11-A, C Bipolar Memory	
MS11-CC Bipolar Memory Control	Described in MS11 manual. Controls up to four M8111 or M8121-YA
Consists of the following:	Bipolar Memory Matrix Modules.
M8120 SMC Module†	Semiconductor memory control, Mounts in CPU backplane Control for first 4K of bipolar memory mounts in slot 16 Control for second 4K of bipolar memory mounts in slot 21.
H744 +5 V Regulators	Two required for each 4 bipolar memory matrix modules. If no MOS memory is implemented, H744s mount in lower H7420 power supply slots H and J. If MOS is implemented, H744s for bipolar memory mount in lower H7420 power supply slots K and L.

^{*}See engineering drawings for complete parts lists. †Early versions of the MS11-CC used an M8110 SMC Module.

Table 1-6 PDP-11/45 System Options (Cont)

Option*	Description	
MS11-A, C Bipolar Memory (Cont)		
MS11-AP 4K Bipolar Memory	Provides 4K words (18 bits: 16 bits plus 2 bits for byte parity storage) of bipolar memory.	
Consists of the following:		
M8121-YA Bipolar Memory Matrix Module	Mounts in CPU backplane. Slots 17 through 20 accommodate first four 4K modules. Slots 22 through 25 accommodate second four 4K modules.	
MS11-CM 1K Bipolar Memory	Provides 1K word of bipolar memory.	
Consists of the following:		
M8111 Bipolar Memory Matrix Module	Mounts in CPU backplane. Slots 17 through 20 accommodate first four 1K modules. Slots 22 through 25 accommodate second four 1K modules. If bipolar is mixed with MOS, M8111 modules mount in slots 22 through 25.	
MS11-CP 1K Bipolar Memory	Provides 1K words of bipolar memory with two additional bits for byte parity storage.	
Consists of the following:	o, to painty storage.	
M8111-YA Bipolar Memory Matrix Modules	Mounted in CPU backplane in same configuration as M8111 modules.	

NOTE

A complete 8K bipolar memory system consists of two M8120† SMC modules, eight M8111 bipolar memory matrix modules and four 744 +5 V regulators. A complete 32K bipolar memory system consists of two M8120† SMC modules, eight M8121 bipolar memory matrix modules and four H744 +5 V regulators.

MF11-U/UP 16K Core Memory and Control

Includes the following:

MF11-U M8293 16K Unibus Timing Module G114 Sense Inhibit Module G235 X—Y Driver Module H217D Stack Module (16 bits) 7009295 Backplane Assembly Described in related manual. Mount space and power for one of these units is provided in the CPU mounting box. Additional MF11-U/UP units can be installed in separate H960-D Cabinets.

^{*}See engineering drawins for complete parts lists. †Early versions of the MS11-CC used an M8110 SMC Module.

Table 1-6 PDP-11/45 System Options (Cont)

Option* Description MF11-U/UP 16K Core Memory and Control (Cont) MF11-UP M8293 16K Unibus Timing Module G114 Sense Inhibit Module G235 X-Y Driver Module H217C Stack Module (18 bits including parity) 7009295 Backplane Assembly M7259 Parity Control Module MM11-U Module Set Includes all modules listed in MF11-U but does not include backplane assembly MM11-UP Module Set Includes all modules listed in MF11-UP but does not include

NOTE

The MF11-U/UP option cannot be installed in CPU Cabinets containing the older power distribution system. It can, however, be used in the older version of the Expansion Cabinets. Refer to Paragraph 5.3.2.

MF11-L, MF11-LP 8K Core Memory and Control

Includes the following:

MF11-L

G110 Control Module

G231 Driver Module

backplane assembly

H214 8K Core Stack (16 bits)

11/45 System Unit

MF11-LP

G109 Control Module

G231 Driver Module

H215 8K Core Stack

with Parity (18 bits)

M7259 Parity Module

W 7259 Fairty Would

11/45 System Unit

Described in related manual. Mount space and power for three of these units is provided in the CPU Mounting Box. Additional MF-11 units can be installed in the spearate H960-D Expansion Cabinets.

^{*}See engineering drawings for complete parts lists.

Table 1-6 PDP-11/45 System Options (Cont)

Options*	Description
	Bootstrap Loaders
MRI 1-DB Bootstrap Loader	64-word bulk storage bootstrap loader (slots 27 and 28).
Consists of the following:	
M792-YD ROM Diode Matrix M792-YE ROM Diode Matrix	
M9301-YB Bootstrap/Terminator	512-word bulk storage bootstrap loader and Unibus termination (slot 1).
BM873-YB Restart/Loader	256-word bulk storage bootstrap loader (slot 27).
	DL11-A,W DECwriter Interface
DL11-A Asynchronous Interface	Interface between a single teletypewriter and the PDP-11 (slot 26).
DL11-W Asynchronous Interface	
Consists of the following:	
M7856	Interface between a single teletypewriter and the PDP-11 with a line frequency clock (DL11-A and KW11-L)

^{*}See engineering drawings for complete parts lists.

1.4 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Table 1-7 describes the following reference material:

- 1. A six-manual series of PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 maintenance manuals.
- 2. The maintenance manuals for the various components supplied as part of the basic system.
- 3. Several reference manuals that describe the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 system and provide essential information pertaining to all PDP-11 systems.

Documentation for specific peripherals and options that are external to the CPU cabinet are not listed in the table. When peripherals and options are included in the system, the appropriate manuals are supplied with the system.

1.5 ENGINEERING DRAWINGS

PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 systems are shipped with a set of engineering drawings for the basic components and applicable options. Table 1-8 lists the contents of the drawing sets that are provided. Information pertaining to additional engineering drawings is contained within each set.

Table 1-7 Related Documentation

Title	
PDP-11/45 Manuals*	
KB11-A	, D Central Processor Unit Maintenance Manual
MS11-A	, B, C Memory Systems Maintenance Manual
FP11-B	Floating Point Processor Maintenance Manual
FP11-C	Floating Point Processor Maintenance Manual
KT11-0	, CD Memory Management Unit Maintenance Manual
MF11-0	J/UP Core Memory System Maintenance Manual
MM11-	S, MF11-L, and MF11-LP Core Memory Systems
	Reference Manuals
PDP-11	/04, 05, 10, 35, 40, 45 Processor Handbook, 1975, 76
PDP-11	Peripherals Handbook, 1975

^{*}A set of engineering drawings is provided with each of the components and options in the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 systems.

DEC drawing numbers are interpreted as indicated in the following example:

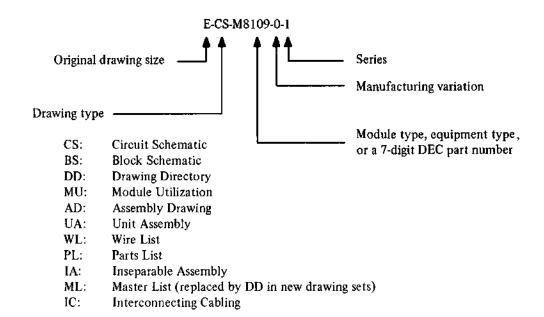


Table 1-8 Reference Drawing Summary

Drawing Number	Drawing Number Title	
P1	DP-11/45 System Engineering Drawings	
B-DD-11/45-0-0	Drawing Directory	
D-CS-5409684-0-1	Circuit Schematic – Console Board	
D-IC-11/45-0-2	11/45 Back Panel PC Board	
	KBI1-A Central Processor Unit	
B-DD-KB11-A-0	Drawing Directory	
E-MU-KB11-A-1	Module Utilization	
D-BD-KB11-A-2	Block Diagram	
D-FD-KB11-A-3	Flow Diagram	
E-CS-M8100-0-1	M8100 DAP Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8101-0-1	M8101 GRA Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8102-0-1	M8102 IRC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8103-0-1	M8103 RAC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8104-0-1	M8104 PDR Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8105-0-1	M8105 TMC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8106-0-1	M8106 UBC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8116-0-1	M8116 SJB Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8109-0-1	M8109 TIG Module Schematic	
D-IC-KB11-A-BG	Bus Cables and Grant Chain	
C-CS-M930-0-1	Circuit Schematic — Bus Terminator	
C-CS-M930-0-1	Circuit Schematic - Internal Bus Connector	
E-CS-5409910-0-1	Circuit Schematic	
E-CS-5409910-0-1 E-CS-5409912-0-1	Circuit Schematic	
	Circuit Schematic	
	KB11-D Central Processor Unit	
B-DD-KB11-D	Drawing Directory	
E-MU-KBI1-D-1	Module Utilization	
D-IC-KB1 I-A-BG	Bus Cables and Grant Chain	
D-BD-KB11-D-2	Block Diagram	
D-F D-KB11- C-1	KB11-C Flow Diagrams	
E-CS-M8100-0-1	M8100 DAP Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8101-0-1	M8101 GRA Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8132-0-1	M8132 IRC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8123-0-1	M8123 RAC Module Schematic	
D-CS-M8104-0-1	M8104 PDR Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8105-0-1	M8105 TMC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8119-0-1	M8119 UBC Module Schematic	
E-CS-M8109-0-1	Timing Generator	
D-CS-M8116-0-1	System Jumper Board	
C-CS-M930-0-1	Circuit Schematic	
	Circuit Schematic	
C-CS-M920-0-1	Circuit Schematic	
C-CS-M920-0-1 E-CS-5409910-0-1	Circuit Schematic	

Table 1-8 Reference Drawing Summary (Cont)

Drawing Number	Title
FP11-B Floating-Point Processor	
B-DD-FP11-B-0	Drawing Directory
E-CS-M8112-0-1	M8112 FRM Module Schematic
E-CS-M8113-0-1	M8113 FXP Module Schematic
E-CS-M8114-0-1	M8114 FRII Module Schematic
E-CS-M8115-0-1	M8115 FRL Module Schematic
D-FD-FP11-B	FP Data Paths and Flow Diagrams
	FP11-C Floating-Point Processor
B-DD-FP11-C-0	Drawing Directory
D-FD-FP11-C-	Flow Diagrams
D-CS-M8126-0-1	M8126 FRH Module Schematic
D-CS-M8127-0-1	M8127 FRL Module Schematic
D-CS-M8128-0-1	M8128 FRM Module Schematic
D-CS-M8129-0-1	M8129 FXP Module Schematic
K	T11-C, CD Memory Management Unit
B-DD-KT11-C-0	Drawing Directory
D-BD-KT11-C-1	Block Diagrams
E-CS-M8107-0-1	M8107 SAP Module Schematic
E-CS-M8108-0-1	M8108 and M8108-YA SSR Module Schematic
	MS11-AP Bipolar Memory
B-DD-MS11-A	Drawing Directory
D-CS-M8121-YA-1	Bipolar Memory Matrix
A-SP-MS11-A-1	MS11-A, C Bipolar Installation Procedure
	MS11-B MOS Memory
B-DD-MS11-B-0	Drawing Directory
D-BD-MS11-0-1	Block Diagram
E-CS-M8110-0-1	M8110 SMC Module Schematic
E-CS-G401-0-1	G401 MOS Memory Matrix Schematic
E-CS-G401-YA-1	G401YA MOS Memory Matrix Schematic with parity
	MS11-C Bipolar Memory
B-DD-MS11-C-0	Drawing Directory
D-BD-MS11-0-1	Block Diagram
E-CS-M8110-0-1	M8110 SMC Module Schematic
E-CS-M8111-0-1	M8111 Bipolar Memory Matrix Schematic
E-CS-M8111-YA-1	M8111YA Bipolar Memory Matrix Schematic with parity

Table 1-8 Reference Drawing Summary (Cont)

Drawing Number	Title	
MF11-U 16K Core Memory		
B-DD-MF11-U	Drawing Directory	
D-CS-G114-0-1	16K Sense Memory	
D-CS-G235-0-1	16K X-Y Drive	
D-CS-M8293-0-1	16K Unibus Timing	
D-CS-H217-0-1	Memory Stack (16K X 16)	
D-MU-MF11-U-MU	Module Utilization	
D-TD-MF11-U-1	Tinting Diagram	
D-CS-5410345-0-1	Backplane	
	MF11-LP 8K Core Memory	
B-DD-MM11-F-0	Drawing Directory	
D-MU-MM11-F-0	Module Utilization	
D-CS-G109-0-1	G109 Module Schematic	
D-CS-G231-0-1	G231 Module Schematic	
D-CS-H215-0-1	H215 8K Memory Matrix Schematic	
D-CS-M7259-0-1	M7259 Parity Module Schematic	
	KW11-L Line Frequency Clock	
A-ML-KW11-L-0	KW11-L Master List	
	Power Systems	
D-IC-11/45-0-1	Interconnection Diagram	
B-DD-H7420-0	H7420 Drawing Directory	
D-CS-H7420-0-0	Wiring Diagram	
D-CS-5411086-0-1	Power Line Monitor (Regulator)	
E-UA-H7420-0-0	H7420 Power Supply	
A-PL-H7420-0-0	H7420 Power Supply	
B-DD-H742-0	H742 Drawing Directory	
D-CS-H742-0-1	H742 Circuit Schematic	
C-CS-5409730-0-1	H742 Power Control Board Circuit Schematic	
B-DD-H744-0	H744 Drawing Directory	
D-CS-H744-0-1	H744 Circuit Schematic	
B-DD-H745-0	H745 Drawing Directory	
D-CS-H745-0-1	H745 Circuit Schematic	
B-DD-H746-0	H746 Drawing Directory	
D-CS-H746-0-1	H746 Circuit Schematic	
D-CS-H754-0-1	H754 Circuit Schematic	
B-DD-860-0	860 Drawing Directory	
C-CS-860-0-1	860 Circuit Schematic	
C-CS-5409770-0-1	860 Power Control Board	
D-CS-861-A-1	861-A Power Control	
D-CS-861-B-1	861-B Power Control	

Table 1-8 Reference Drawing Summary (Cont)

Drawing Number	Title
DL11-A Asynchronous Line Interface	
B-DD-DL11-0	Drawing Directory
C-UA-DL11-0-1	Asynchronous Line Interface
A-PL-DL11-0-0	Asynchronous Line Interface
E-CS-M7800-YA-11	Asynchronous Line Interface
D-IA-7008360-0-0	Cable, Modem BC05C
A-SL-DL11-0-4	Cable Assembly (KL8/E)
A-AL-DL11-0-5	Modem Test Connector
A-SP-DL11-0-2	Installation Procedure

1.6 DRAWING CONVENTIONS

Figure 1-4 illustrates some of the drawing conventions used on the circuit schematics. Example A defines the meaning of each part of a typical signal mnemonic. Example B provides the following information:

- 1. CLR SL YEL L, originating on sheet D of the TMC drawing (on which this gate is shown), is asserted when low (0 V).
- 2. UBCE INIT H is input to TMC module on pin CJ1, as indicated by the arrow. (This pin mates with backplane connector pin C11J1.)
- 3. The NOR gate is provided by pins 1, 2, and 3 of a type 8885 integrated circuit located at position E24 on the TMC module.
- 4. TMCC SERF (1) H is the high (+3 V) output of the SERF flip-flop, when the flip-flop is set.

Example C shows the arrows indicating signals that leave the module. TMCE BUST OUT L is output on pin DLI of the TMC module.

Examples D and E show the flip-flop conventions. Note in D that IRCA IR05 (1) H is the same pin as IRCA IR05 (0) L, and that IRCA IR05 (1) L is the same pin as IRCA IR05 (0) H.

The same type of flip-flop has been re-defined in example E - the D input is inverted; the 1 and 0 outputs are interchanged as are the Set and Reset inputs.

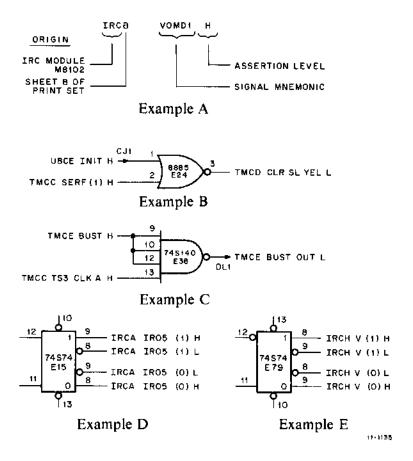


Figure 1-4 PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 Drawing Convention Examples

CHAPTER 2 SYSTEM INSTALLATION

2.1 GENERAL

This chapter contains installation information and recommendations to ensure a successful PDP-11/45 installation. Installation of new options in an existing PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 system is described in Chapters 4 and 5 for PC board and system units options.

Customer assistance is provided during site planning, preparation, and installation; the final layout plan should be approved by both the customer and DEC prior to delivery of the equipment.

Planning considerations should include:

- Shipping and access routes; e.g., door, hall, passageway, elevator restrictions, etc.
- Floor plan layout for equipment
- Electrical and environmental considerations
- Fire and safety precautions
- Storage facilities for accessories and supplies

Site preparation is dictated by the customer's requirements and can range from providing the required source power to complete construction or remodeling of the selected installation site. Therefore it is recommended that any and all requirements and restrictions be considered and effected prior to shipment and installation of the equipment.

2.2 SITE PREPARATION

Adequate site planning and preparation simplifies the installation process. DEC Sales and Field Service Engineers are available for consultation and planning with customer representatives regarding objectives, course of action, and progress of the installation. The information in this paragraph is provided primarily to permit review of the site planning; use the PDP-11/45 Site Configuration Worksheet to perform the initial site planning.

2.2.1 Physical Dimensions

The overall dimensions and total weight of a particular system – the dimensions, weight of any optional cabinets, cable lengths, and the number of free-standing peripherals – should be known prior to shipment.

The route the equippment is to travel from the customer receiving area to the installation site should be studied; measurements of doors, passageways, etc., should be taken to facilitate delivery of the equipment. All measurements and floor plans should be submitted to the DEC Sales Engineer and Field Service to ensure that the equipment is packed to suit the installation site facilities. Any restrictions (such as bends or obstructions in hallways, etc.) should be reported to DEC.

If an elevator is to be used for transferring the PDP-11/45, 11/50, or 11/55 and its related equipments to the installation site, DEC should be notified of the size and gross weight limitations of the elevator so that the equipment can be shipped accordingly.

The site space requirements are determined by the specific system configuration to be installed and, when applicable, provision for future expansion. To determine the exact area required for a specific configuration, a machine-room floor plan layout is helpful. When applicable, space should be provided in the machine room for storing tape reels, printer forms, card files, etc. The integration of the work area with the storage area should be considered in relation to the work flow requirements between areas.

In large installations where test equipment is maintained, DEC recommends that the test equipment storage area be within or adjacent to the machine room.

Operational requirements determine the specific location of the various options and free-standing peripherals of the system. Dimensions, weights, and cable lengths of freestanding peripheral equipment must be known prior to installation – preferably during site preparation and planning. The computer peripherals must not be located at distances where connecting cables exceed maximum limits. The following points should be considered when planning the system layout:

- 1. Ease of visual observation of input/output devices by operating personnel.
- 2. Adequate work area for installing tapes, access to console, etc.
- 3. Space availability for contemplated future expansion.
- 4. Proximity of the cabinets and peripherals to any humidity-controlling or air-conditioning equipment.
- 5. Adequate access to equipment (e.g., rear door, etc.) for service personnel.

The final layout will be reviewed by the DEC Sales Engineer, Field Service, and in-house engineering personnel to ensure that cable limitations have not been exceeded and that proper clearances have been maintained.

2.2.2 Fire and Safety Precautions

The following fire and safety precautions are presented to aid the customer in maintaining an installation that affords adequate operational safeguards for personnel and system components.

- 1. If an overhead sprinkler system is used, a *dry pipe* system is recommended. Upon detection of a fire, this system removes source power to the room and then opens a master valve to fill the room's overhead sprinklers.
- 2. If the fire detection system is the type that shuts off the power to the installation, a battery-operated emergency light source should be provided.
- 3. If an automatic carbon dioxide fire protection system is used, an alarm should sound prior to release of the CO_2 to warn personnel within the installation.
- 4. If power connections are made beneath the floor of a raised-floor installation, waterproof electrical receptacles and connections should be used.
- 5. An adequate earth ground connection should be provided to protect operating personnel.

2.2.3 Environmental Requirements

An ideal computer room environment has an air distribution system that provides cool, well-filtered, humidified air. The room air pressure should be kept higher than that of adjacent areas to prevent dust infiltration.

- 2.2.3.1 Humidity and Temperature The PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 electronics are designed to operate in a temperature range of from 50° F (10° C) to 110° F (40° C) at a relative humidity of 10 to 90 percent with no condensation. However, system configurations that use input/output devices such as magnetic tape units, card readers, etc., may require closer control of the environment. See Appendix C for detailed specifications. Nominal operating conditions for a typical system configuration are a temperature of 70° F (20° C) and a relative humidity of 45 percent with no condensation. (For operation above sea level, see Paragraph 1.1.7)
- 2.2.3.2 Air Conditioning When used, computer room air-conditioning equipment should conform to the requirements of the "Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems (non-residential)," N.F.P.A. No. 90A, as well as the requirements of the Standard for Electronic Computer Systems, N.F.P.A. No. 75. Remember, air flow in a PDP-11 is from top to bottom of cabinets.
- 2.2.3.3 Acoustical Damping Some peripheral devices (such as line printers and magnetic tape transports) are quite noisy. In installations that use a group of high noise-level devices, an acoustically damped ceiling will reduce the noise.
- 2.2.3.4 Lighting If CRT peripheral devices are part of the system, the illumination surrounding these peripherals should be reduced to enable the operator to conveniently observe the display.
- 2.2.3.5 Special Mounting Conditions If the system will be subjected to rolling, pitching, or vibration of the mounting surface (e.g., aboard ship), the cabinetry should be securely anchored to the installation floor by mounting bolts. Since such installations require modifications to the cabinets, DEC must be notified when the order is placed so that the necessary modifications can be made.
- 2.2.3.6 Static Electricity Static electricity can be an annoyance to operating personnel and can (in extreme cases) affect the operational characteristics of the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 and related peripheral equipments. If carpeting is installed on the computer floor, it should be of a type designed to minimize the effects of static electricity. Flooring consisting of metal panels, or flooring with metal edges, should be adequately grounded.

2.2.4 Electrical Requirements

The PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 operates from a nominal 115 V, 50/60 Hz or 230 V, 50/60 Hz, ac power source. The primary ac operational voltages should be maintained within the tolerances defined in Paragraph 1.1.2.

For certain options that use synchronous motors, line voltage tolerance should be maintained within ± 15 percent of the nominal values, and the 50/60 Hz line frequency should not vary more than ± 2 Hz.

Primary power to the system should be provided on a line separate from lighting, air-conditioning, etc., so that computer operation will not be affected by voltage transients. The wiring should conform to the following general guidelines:

- 1. All electrical wiring must conform with the National Electric Code (NEC).
- 2. The ground terminal on the receptacle will normally have a green colored screw; the neutral terminal will be white or silver colored; and the "hot" terminals will be brass colored.
- Under the NEC (in the U.S. only), the color coding for the neutral wire is either white or gray, and the ground wire is solid green, green with one or more yellow stripes, or bare. There are no specified colors for the "hot" wires.

The PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 cabinet grounding point should be connected to the building power transformer ground or the building ground point. Direct any questions regarding power requirements and installation wiring to the local DEC Field Service Engineer.

2.3 INSTALLATION AND INSPECTION

CAUTION

Do not attempt to install the system until DEC has been notified and a DEC Field Service Representative is present.

The procedures in Paragraphs 2.3.1 through 2.3.5 are provided to assist in receipt, unpacking, inspection, and installation of the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55, and associated peripherals and equipments. Paragraphs 2.4 and 2.5 describe the procedures recommended for bringing the system up.

2.3.1 Unpacking

Before unpacking the equipment, check the shipment against the packing list provided. Check that the correct number of packages has been delivered and that each package contains all the items listed on the accompanying packing slip. Also, check that all items on the accessories list in the Customer Acceptance Procedures have been included in the shipment. Unpack the cabinets as follows:

- 1. Remove outer shipping container.
- 2. Remove the polyethylene cover from the cabinets.
- 3. Remove the tape or plastic shipping pins from the cabinet(s) rear access door(s).
- 4. Unbolt cabinet(s) from the shipping skid as follows: to remove shipping bolt from right side of cabinet.
 - a. Remove the shipping bracket. Pull CPU mounting box out to locked position and remove side panels from cabinet.
 - b. Remove nut and washer from the underside of the shipping skid.
 - c. There are three 10-32 screws attaching the lower power supply to the front upright of the cabinet; loosen these three screws (no more than three turns).
 - d. At the rear of the lower power supply are three additional screws. Remove these completely and swing the power supply toward the middle of the cabinet 1 to 1-1/2 in. Holding the power supply, remove the shipping bolt by pulling straight up.
 - e. Swing the power supply back to the original position, replace the rear screws and tighten the front screws.
- 5. Raise the leveling feet so that they are above the level of the roll-around casters.

- 6. Use wood blocks and planks to form a ramp from the skid to the floor and carefully roll the cabinet onto the floor.
- 7. Roll the system to the proper location for installation.
- 8. If necessary, repeat steps 1 through 7 for the expansion cabinets. When the cabinets are properly oriented, follow the procedure of Paragraph 2.3.3 to install the cabinets(s).

2.3.2 Inspection

After removing the equipment packing material, inspect the equipment and report any damage to the local DEC sales office. Inspect as follows:

- 1. Inspect external surface of the cabinets and related equipments for surface, bezel, switch, light damage, etc.
- 2. Open the rear door of the cabinet, and internally inspect the cabinet for console, processor, and interconnecting cable damage; loose mounting rails; loose or broken modules; blower or fan damage; any loose nuts, bolts, screws, etc.
- 3. Inspect the wiring side of the logic panels for bent pins, broken wires, loose external components, and foreign material.
- 4. Inspect the power supply for proper seating of fuses and power connections.
- 5. Inspect all peripheral equipment including magnetic tape and DECtape transport heads, motors, paper-tape sprockets, etc. for internal and external damage.

CAUTION

Do not operate any peripheral device that employs motors, tape heads, sprockets, etc., if these items appear to be damaged.

2.3.3 Cabinet Installation

The cabinets are provided with roll-around casters and adjustable leveling feet so it is not necessary to bolt the cabinet to the mounting floor unless conditions indicate otherwise (e.g., shipboard installation). In multiple cabinet installations, receiving restrictions may require that cabinets be shipped individually or in pairs. In such cases, the cabinets are connected at the installation site. Cabinet installation procedures are as follows:

- 1. With the cabinets positioned in the room, install H952-GA filler strips between cabinet groups (filler strips are shipped attached to the end of a cabinet group). Remove four bolts each from the front and rear filler strips. Butt the cabinet groups together while holding the filler strips in place and rebolt through both cabinets and the filler strips (drawing C-UA-H952-G-0). Do not tighten the bolts securely at this time.
- 2. Lower the leveling feet so that the cabinets are not resting on the roll-around casters but are supported on the leveling feet.
- 3. Tighten the bolts that secure the cabinet groups together. Ensure that all leveling feet are planted firmly on the floor.
- 4. Electrical connections, including intercabinet ground strapping, are described in Paragraphs 2.3.4 and 2.3.5.

2.3.4 AC Power Connections

Paragraph 2.2.4 defines the electrical requirements and the ac power outlets required at the site. Early systems include two 860 power controls as shown in Figure 1-2. Current versions are equipped with a single 861 power control as shown in Figure 1-1. Most of the additional cabinets in a system include a power control and ac connector that are similar to that supplied in the basic CPU cabinet. All ac power is distributed from the power control to the appropriate power supplies within the cabinet.

The power controls in all cabinets are connected to provide central control of power turn-on and turn-off from the CPU console POWER switch. Before connecting any power cables to the site source power, check all building wiring. Ensure that power receptacles of the appropriate types have been provided for each cabinet and that the receptacles are positioned close enough to the cabinet positions to allow the cables to be connected without stretching or crossing the cables. In particular, check that the phase and neutral wires have been connected to the same pins in each receptacle.

2.3.5 Intercabinet Connections

When a multi-cabinet system is assembled, three types of electrical connections must be made between cabinets (refer to Paragraph 2.3.3 for mechanical connections). These connections are:

- 1. Unibus connections A BC11-A cable must connect the last system unit in a cabinet to the first system unit in the next cabinet.
- 2. Remote power connections All cabinet power controls are connected to a control bus that provides for system turn-on and turn-off.
- 3. Ground strapping The frame ground of the system is distributed through the cabinets by direct electrical connections between the cabinet frames.
- 2.3.5.1 Unibus Connections The BC11-A Unibus cable is the I/O bus that connects all system components. To connect the Unibus between the CPU cabinet and an expansion cabinet, insert the BC11-A cable in the rear system unit slot of the mounting box of the CPU cabinet. The cable runs through a cable clamp in the upper left corner at the rear of the CPU mounting box and passes under the power supply mounting rails into the next cabinet. In the expansion cabinet, the cable passes through a similar cable clamp and is inserted in the appropriate slot of the first system unit of the mounting box.
- 2.3.5.2 Remote Power Connections The power controls in all cabinets must be interconnected to ensure common power turn-on and turn-off.
- 2.3.5.3 Ground Strapping Electrical safety is provided by connecting all the cabinet frames to the ground level of the site power system. This is accomplished by connecting a wire in each power cable between the frame and the power system ground; this is not a load-carrying wire it is intended only as an emergency ground path. The green wire in each power cable is the frame ground, while the white wire is the neutral, or return wire, that carries the load current.

To improve the level of safety provided by the frame ground connections, all cabinet frames are connected by braided copper straps or No. 4 AWG solid wire with crimp-on lugs which are fastened to copper studs that are welded to the frames (this also prevents the generation of ground loops between cabinets that are connected by signal-carrying cables). The studs are welded to the bottom side rails of the cabinet frame, facing inward; the stud on the left side of the cabinet is slightly forward of center while the stud on the right side is slightly to the rear.

The ground strap supplied with each cabinet is fastened to one stud, passed over the side rail of that cabinet and the side rail of the adjacent cabinet, and fastened to the stud in that cabinet. The copper studs are threaded and nuts are supplied on the studs.

Similar strap/stud grounding is used to ground the H7420 power supplies to the cabinet frame.

2.3.5.4 Wire Trough Cabling – An optional wire trough system can be installed which provides cable organization that improves the appearance of the system's cabling and helps reduce cable damage. Device location in the CPU cabinet and expansion cabinet determines required cable lengths and trough configuration. For planning and installation procedures, refer to the Wire Trough Installation Manual.

2.4 INITIAL POWER TURN-ON

This portion of the system installation is discussed in the PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 System Maintenance Manual.

CHAPTER 3 POWER SYSTEM

This chapter describes the several versions of power distribution, both ac and dc, in the CPU cabinet. Expansion cabinet power is described in Chapter 5.

3.1 OVERALL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Figure 3-1 is a block diagram of the CPU cabinet power system. The basic components are two H7420 power supplies and their associated power control(s). AC power from the building mains is fed to the power control unit(s), which provides two sets of ac outlets: one switched, the other unswitched. Two H7420 power supplies are provided in the CPU cabinet; one is plugged into the switched power control outlet, the other is plugged into the unswitched power control outlet. These H7420 power supplies are designated *upper* and *lower* according to their mounting location in the cabinet (refer to Figures 1-1 and 1-2). Each H7420 contains a complement of voltage regulators, which depend upon the system configuration.

The power system block diagram shows a typical complement of voltage regulators installed in the appropriate slots of the upper and lower H7420 power supplies (Figure 3-1). Some voltage regulators are supplied with the basic system and others are supplied as part of system options. The voltage regulator complement for the basic system and options is summarized in Tables 3-1 and 3-2.

The primary purpose of the switched supply is to provide dc power to the KB11-A, D and to the options, other than semiconductor memory, that are installed in the CPU mounting box. The lower H7420 subsystem (except for the H745 -15 Vdc regulator in slot F) is unswitched because it must remain on at all times during normal operation to provide dc power to the optional MS11 Semiconductor Memory System, plus ac power to the logic fans and cabinet fans. The power supplied to these components must not be inadvertently switched off because

- 1. If the power is switched off, the semiconductor memory contents are lost.
- 2. Other Unibus devices, or another processor, may be accessing the MOS or bipolar memories. Core memory is shut off (-15 V) via +15 V from the upper supply.
- 3. Fan voltage is required for cooling semiconductor memories.

3.2 115 Vac AND 230 Vac MODELS

The PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 power system operates with 115 Vac or 230 Vac primary source power inputs. The 861-A (CPU cabinet) or -C (expansion cabinet) or the 860-A power controls are used with 115 Vac source power and the 861-B or 860-B power controls are used with 230 Vac source power. The differences between the power controls are described in Chapter 4. The H742-A or H7420-A power supply is used with the 115 Vac source and the H742-B or H7420-B power supply is used with the 230 Vac source. Appropriate jumper connections are made at its primary input for operation on 115 or 230 Vac input power, as shown on drawing No. D-CS-H742-0-1, sheet 1, or D-CS-H7420-0-1, sheet 1.

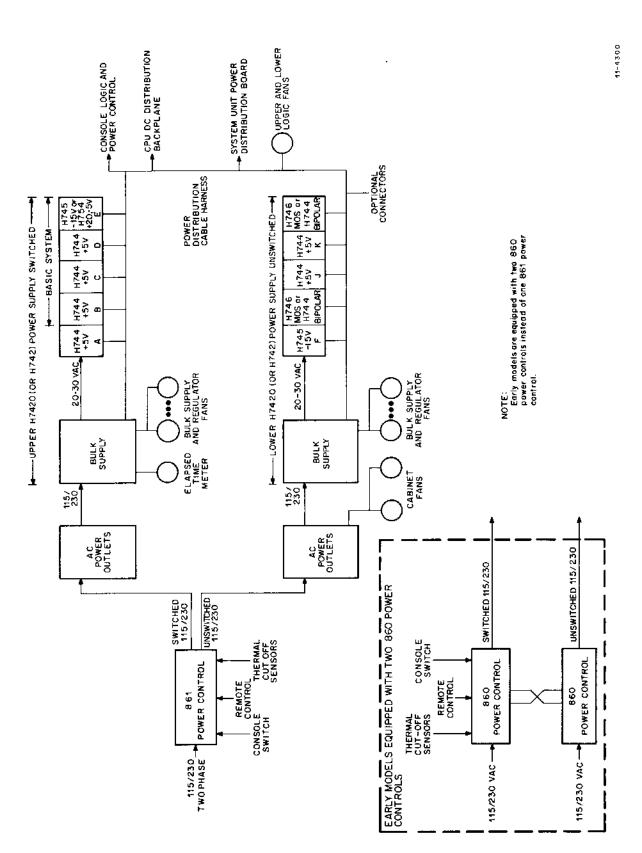


Figure 3-1 Typical PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 Power System

Table 3-1 Voltage Regulator Configuration Data CPU Cabinet Serial Numbers 2000 and Higher

Туре	Name	Quantity	Location	Comments
			Basic System	
H744	+5 V Regulator	3	В	+5 V to CPU modules slots 6-9.
	:		С	+5 V to CPU and KTI1-C, CD modules, slots 10-15.
			D	+5 V to internal options, slots 26-28, systems units 1, 2, and 3, and Console.
H745	-15 V Regulator	1	F	-15 V to CPU and internal option modules and to system until 1, 2, and 3, if slot E regulator is a H754. This supply is switched, even though in the lower H742, because it is fed by +15 Vdc from the upper H742.
		FP	11-B, C Floating-F	oint Processor
H744	+5 V Regulator	1	A	+5 V to FP11 modules, slots 2-5.
			MS11-A, C Bipola	r Memory
H744	+5 V Regulator	2	Н	+5 V to control and first two matrix modules (slots 16–18).
			1	+5 V to third and fourth matrix modules (slots 19-20).
		2	K	+5 V to control and first two matrix modules (slots 21-23).
			L	+5 V to third and fourth matrix modules (slots 24-25).
	 		MS11-B MOS N	Memory
H744	+5 V Regulator	ı	J	+5 V to control and matrix modules, slots 16-25.
H746	MOS Regulator	2	H, L	+19.7 V, +23.2 V, and -5 V to MOS matrix modules; H slots 17-20; L slots 22-25.
	'	ММ	11 Core Memories	and Controls
H745	–15 V Regulator	ı	Е	-15 V to Systems Units 1-3 (if MF11-UP is not installed).
Н754	+20, -5 V Regulator	1	Е	+20 and -5 Vdc to MF11-U/UP.

Table 3-2 Voltage Regulator Configuration Data CPU Cabinet Serial Numbers Less Than 2000

Туре	Name	Quantity	Location	Comments
		Basic	System	
H744	+5 V Regulator	3	В	+5 V to CPU modules, slots 6-9.
			С	+5 V to CPU and KT11-C, CD modules, slots 10-15.
			D	+5 V to internal options, slots 26-28, system units 1, 2, and 3, and Console.
H745	-15 V Regulator	1	Е	-15 V to CPU and internal option modules and system units I and 2.
		FP11-B, C Float	ing-Point Proc	essor
H744	+5 V Regulator	1	A	+5 V to FP11 modules, slots 2-5.
		MS11-A, C B	ipolar Memory	
H744	+5 V Regulator	2	Н, Ј	+5 V to control and matrix modules if no MOS memory is installed, or only 4K is used. H: slots 16-18; J: slots 19-20.
		2	K, L	If MOS memory is also installed, or if more than 4K of bipolar is used. K: slots 21-23, L: slots 24-25.
,		MS11-B M	OS Memory	
H744	+5 V Regulator	1	J	+5 V to control and matrix modules, slots 16-25.
H746	MOS Regulator	2	H, L	+19.7 V, +23.2 V, and -5 V to MOS matrix modules; H slots 17-20; L slots 22-25.
		MM11 Core Mem	ories and Con	trols
H745	-15 V Regulator	1	F	-15 V to System Unit 3. H745 provided in basic system supplies System Units 1 and 2. This supply is switched even though in the lower H7420, because it is fed by +15 Vdc from the upper H7420.

3.3 DIFFERENT POWER SYSTEM VERSIONS

The CPU Cabinet Power Distribution System exists in four versions. The types of power control, harness, and supply used in the CPU cabinet determine the version of power system. Table 3-3 lists each version. The first version includes two 860 power controls, a 7008784 power harness and a H742 power supply. The two 860 power controls were then replaced by one 861 power control to generate the second version. A different power harness was then utilized, when CPU cabinet serial number 2000 was produced, to generate the third version. The latest version contains the previous revisions and a different power supply – the H7420 instead of the H742. Figure 3-2 shows a pictorial representation of the second and third versions. Figure 3-3 shows a pictorial representation of the first and second versions.

Each 11/45 or 11/50 uses one of the four versions of the power systems. The 11/55 uses only the most current power system version (4th).

Table 3-3 Power System Versions

		Power System Vo	ersion	
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th (Current)
Power Control Power Harness* Power Supply	(2) 860 7008784 H742	861 7008784 H742	861 7009540 H742	861 7009540 H7420
	Below CPU conservation of the serial numer of		Above CPU cal	

^{*}Power harness of the CPU cabinet. Note the entire power system uses a number of power harnesses.

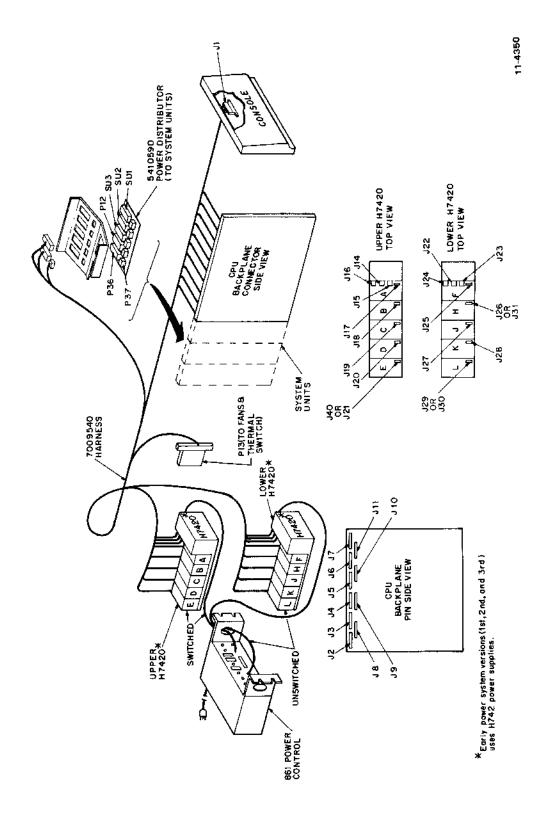


Figure 3-2 Newer Versions (3rd and 4th) of Power System; CPU Cabinet Serial Numbers 2000 and Higher

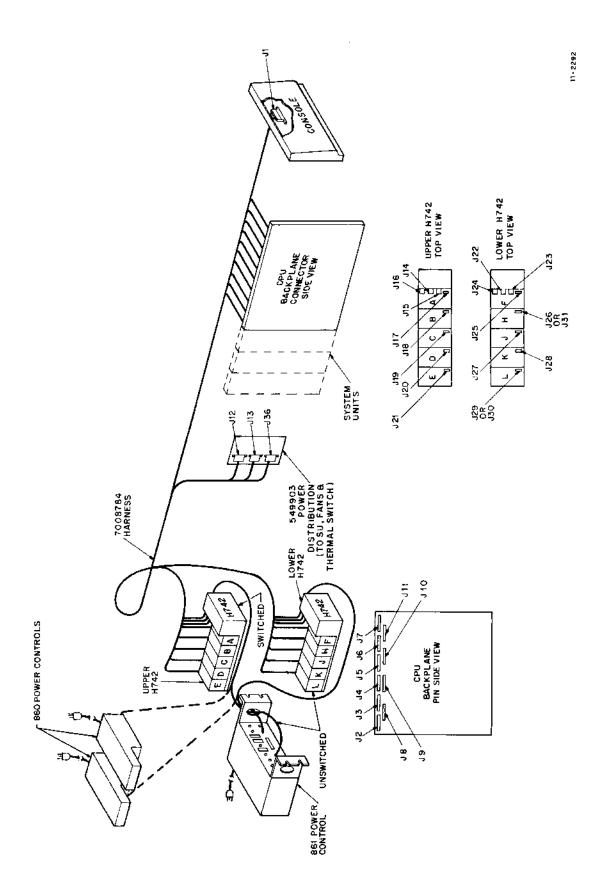


Figure 3-3 Early Versions (1st and 2nd) of Power System; CPU Cabinet Serial Numbers Less Than 2000

CHAPTER 4 PLUG-IN CARD OPTIONS

This chapter provides the information needed to install PC board options in an existing PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 system. Options included are:

FP11-B Floating Point Processor (for the KB11-A)
FP11-C FLoating Point Processor (for the KB11-D)
KT11-C Memory Management Unit (for the KB11-A)
KT11-CD Memory Management Unit (for the KB11-D)
MS11 Semiconductor Memory Systems
KW11 Line Clock

Additional SPC Space

The DD11 system interfacing unit provides additional SPC slot positions for plug-in card options other than those provided by the standard backplanes and system units. It is usually mounted in the processor cabinet or expansion cabinet. The DD11-A and DD11-B each provide four SPC slots and are described in the PDP-11 Peripherals Handbook. The DD11-D provides nine SPC slots and a modified Unibus connection. (A description of the DD11-D is provided in the PDP-11/34 System User Guide).

4.1 FP11-B, C FLOATING POINT PROCESSOR

4.1.1 Installation

The following steps outline the procedure necessary to install the FP11-B, C Floating-Point Processor.

- 1. Turn power off at the console by shutting off both circuit breakers on the power supplies.
- 2. Install the H744 +5 V regulator in slot A of the upper H742 power supply as indicated on the power supply decal located at the rear of the CPU mounting box.
- 3. Install FRH module (M8114 for the FP11-B or M8126 for the FP11-C) in slot 2 of the CPU backplane assembly.
- 4. Install FRL module (M8115 for the FP11-B or M8127 for the FP11-C) in slot 3 of the CPU backplane assembly.
- 5. Install FRM module (M8112 for the FP11-B or M8128 for the FP11-C) in slot 4 of the CPU backplane assembly.
- 6. Install FXP module (M8113 for the FP11-B or M8129 for the FP11-C) in slot 5 of the CPU backplane assembly.

- 7. Turn circuit breakers on and recheck the +5 Vdc and -15 Vdc regulator outputs for proper voltages. Readjust as required in accordance with Paragraph 6.2.2 in the PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 System Maintenance Manual. Refer to Table 6-2 for test points.
- 8. Set the Data Display switch on the console to $\mu ADRS$ FPP/CPU and press the HALT switch. The FP11-B, C microaddress should display 076. Connect an oscilloscope probe to A2A1 to determine that the oscillator is running. Press the START switch and check that the FP11-B, C cycles back to address 076.
- 9. Run the diagnostic programs listed in Paragraph 7.2 of the system maintenance manual.

CHAPTER 5 SYSTEM UNIT OPTIONS

5.1 SYSTEM UNITS

Many of the options available for the PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 systems consist either in whole or in part of system units. Appendix A lists these as SU in the Mounting Code column. A system unit consists of:

- 1. The backplane, which can be be either single (four card slots) or double (nine card slots), and either wire-wrapped or printed circuit etch connected.
- 2. PC module(s) that plug into the backplane.
- 3. A power harness (option harness) that brings power from the cabinet power distribution system to the option backplane. Harness numbers are listed in Appendix A.

If the system unit is a peripheral device controller, the cable to the peripheral device plugs into a connector on one of the modules. System units may be installed, within the limits set by the applicable configuration rules, in either the CPU or in an expansion cabinet. Three single system units can be installed in the PDP-11/45, 11/50, 11/55 CPU cabinet and nine in an H960-D expansion cabinet; a double SU takes up the space of two single units.

5.2 EXPANSION CABINETS

The H960-D cabinet contains one BA11-FB mounting box containing up to nine system units and an associated H7420 (or H742) power supply. The H960-C Version of the expansion cabinet is merely the empty cabinet frame and panels. The ac power distribution for the cabinet is shown in engineering drawing D-IC-H960-0.

The ac power control system is the same as that for the CPU cabinet, with the exception that only one (switched) H7420 (or H742) is provided per BA11-FB mounting box.

The voltage regulator complement varies with the system unit configuration. DC power distribution is explained in Paragraph 5.3.

5.3 DC POWER DISTRIBUTION

Refer to the block diagram of Figure 5-1. Chapter 3 of this manuals refers to the power harness in the lower half of the figure connecting the power supplies with the CPU backplane, console, and distribution board. A second power harness is needed to connect a third power supply and the distribution boards of the expansion cabinet. The power distribution boards provide a link between the power harnesses and option harnesses (SUpower harnesses). Each power distribution board can handle three system units; therefore, the CPU cabinet contains one distribution board and the expansion cabinet contains three distribution boards.

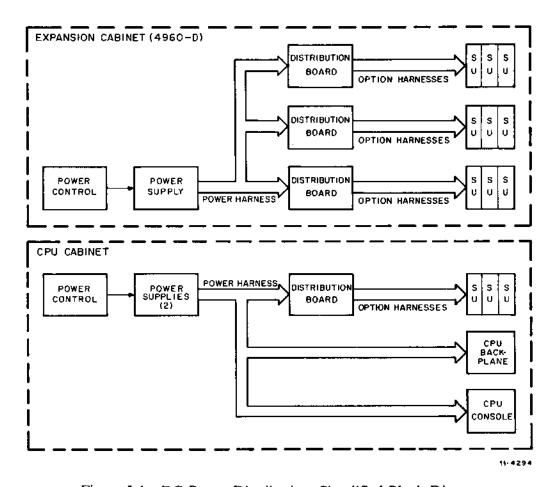


Figure 5-1 DC Power Distribution; Simplified Block Diagram

Paragraph 3.3 of this manual defines four versions of the dc power distribution system in terms of control, harness, and supply. When CPU cabinet serial number 2000 was produced, its power distribution board was also changed with the power harness. When expansion cabinet serial number 7000 was produced, its power distribution boards and power harness were also changed. These changes are tabulated in Table 5-1.

Distribution board location is described in the following paragraphs.

Table 5-1 Power Distribution Components

Part	Version	Cab	inet
	, 2181011	CPU	H960-D
Harness	Older	7008784	7008754
	Newer	7009540	7009566
Distribution	Older	5409903	5409944
Board	Newer	5410590	5410590

5.3.1 CPU Cabinet

The connectors of the distribution board for the SU power harnesses (option harnesses) are at the rear of the CPU mounting box in the older versions (Figures 5-3 and 1-1) and at the top of the CPU box in the newer versions (Figures 5-2 and 1-1). See engineering drawings D-UA-11/45-0-1 for more detail on both versions. (Equivalent 11/50 or 11/55 drawings present detail on newer versions only.)

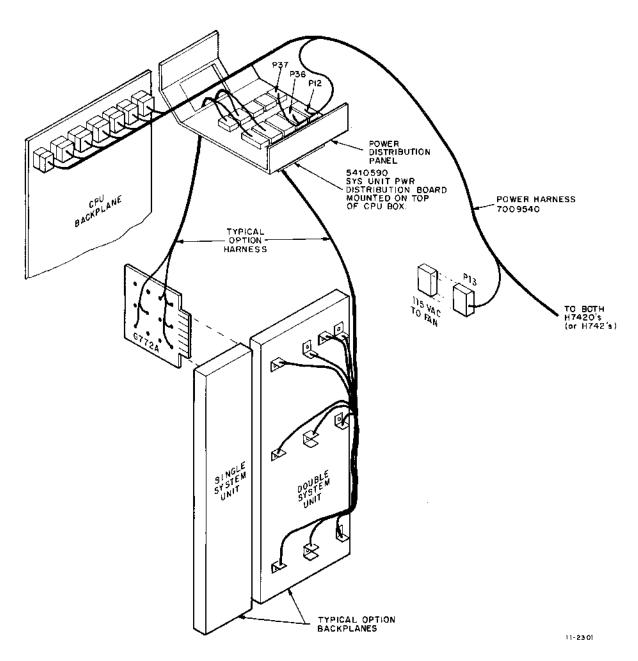


Figure 5-2 Installation of System Units, Later Systems, CPU Cabinet Serial Numbers 2000 and Higher

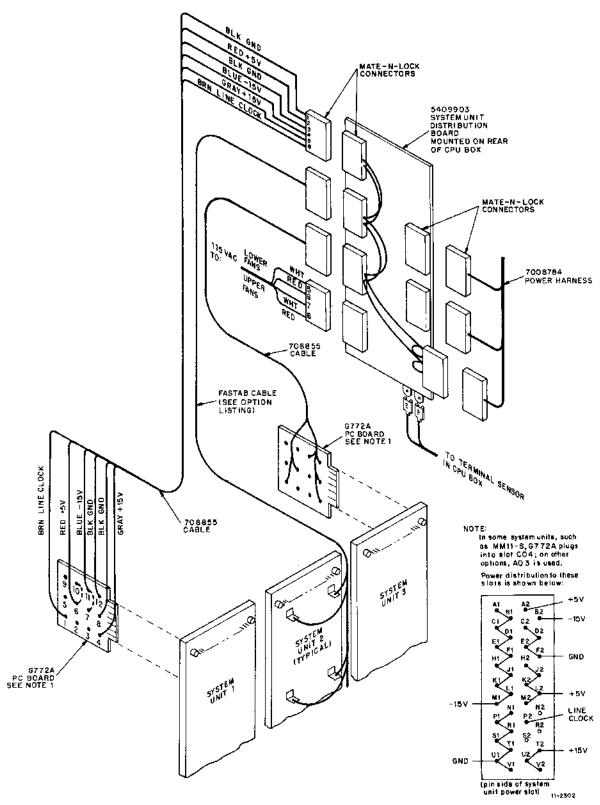


Figure 5-3 Installation of System Units, Early Systems, CPU Cabinet Serial Numbers Less than 2000

5.3.2 Expansion Cabinets

In the older versions, the power distribution boards are mounted vertically and are shown in Figure 5-5; the newer ones are mounted horizontally and are shown in Figure 5-4. Drawings D-UA-H960-D-0 show the complete assembly of both old and new expansion cabinets. The newer harness is installed in cabinets bearing serial numbers 7000 and higher.

5.4 MF11 CORE MEMORY

A system unit option for the PDP-11/45, 11/50, and 11/55 is the MF11 Core Memory System. Refer to the MF11-U/UP Core Memory System Maintenance Manual for installation and maintenance procedures. The diagnostic programs used with the MF11 Memory Systems are described briefly below. Table 5-2 lists the diagnostic programs used with the MF11.

Number	Tests
MAINDEC-11-DZMMJ	Mem 0-24K
MAINDEC-11-DZQMA (1)	Mem I/O Exerciser
MAINDEC-11-DZQMB	0-124K Memory Exerciser
MAINDEC-11-DCMFA (2)	Mem Parity Control Logic Check

Table 5-2 MF11 Core Memory System Diagnostic Programs

DZMMJ - This program is a combination of eight test patterns that can be used to test 0-24K of memory. This program may find problems not found by DZOMB.

DZQMA - This test checks memory up to 124K, using NPR devices.

DZQMB - This test checks 0-124K of memory for unique addressing and worst-case noise patterns.

DCMFA – This program locates the Parity Memory Registers for the memory and performs a check of the bits in each. It then creates a map showing the Memory controlled by each parity register. The Parity Registers and the memory are then tested using the information in the map.

5.5 INSTALLATION OF SYSTEM UNIT

The installation of a system unit requires the items listed in Table 5-3.

Qty item Remarks Backplane 1 İ Power Harness See Appendix A M920 Unibus t Except when the Jumper Module SU is the first installed in a BA11-FB expansion box.

Table 5-3 SU Installation Requirements

⁽¹⁾ Requires NPR device input

⁽²⁾ Parity memories only

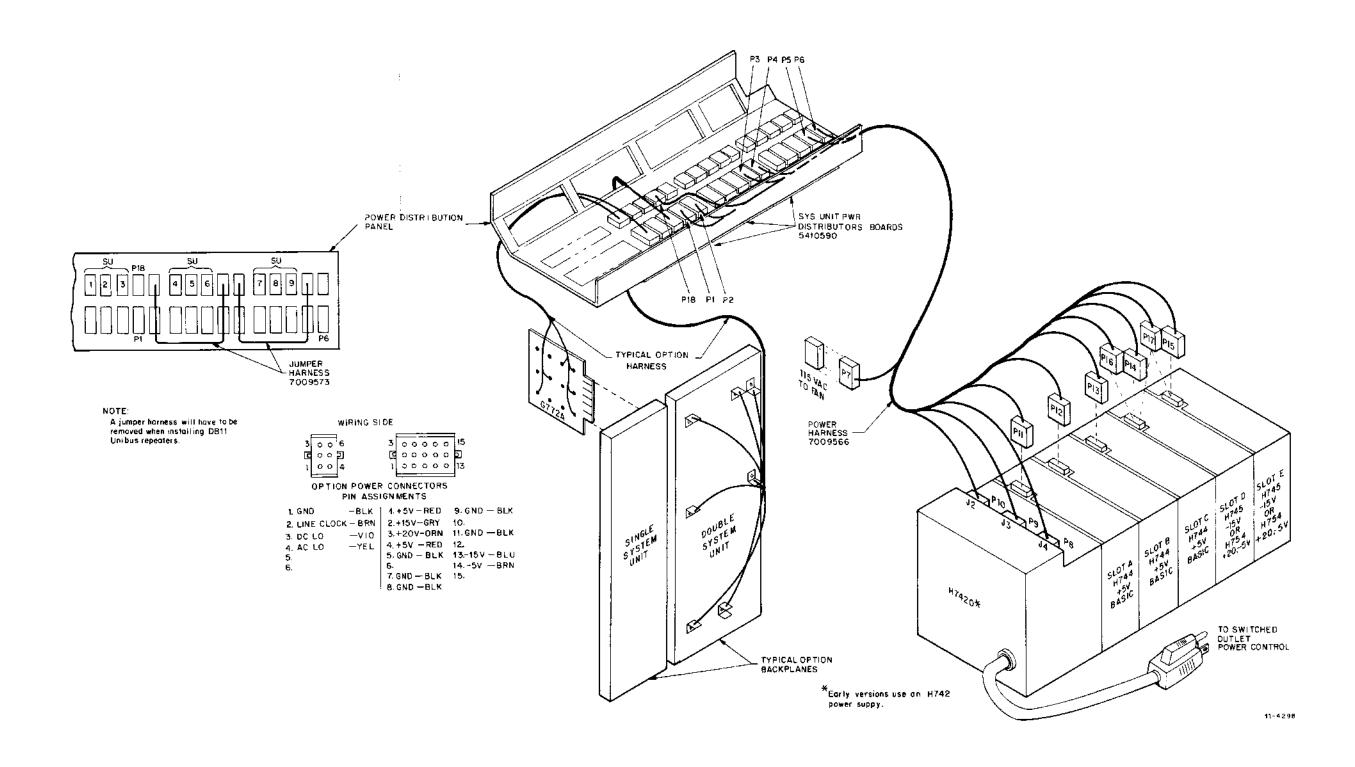
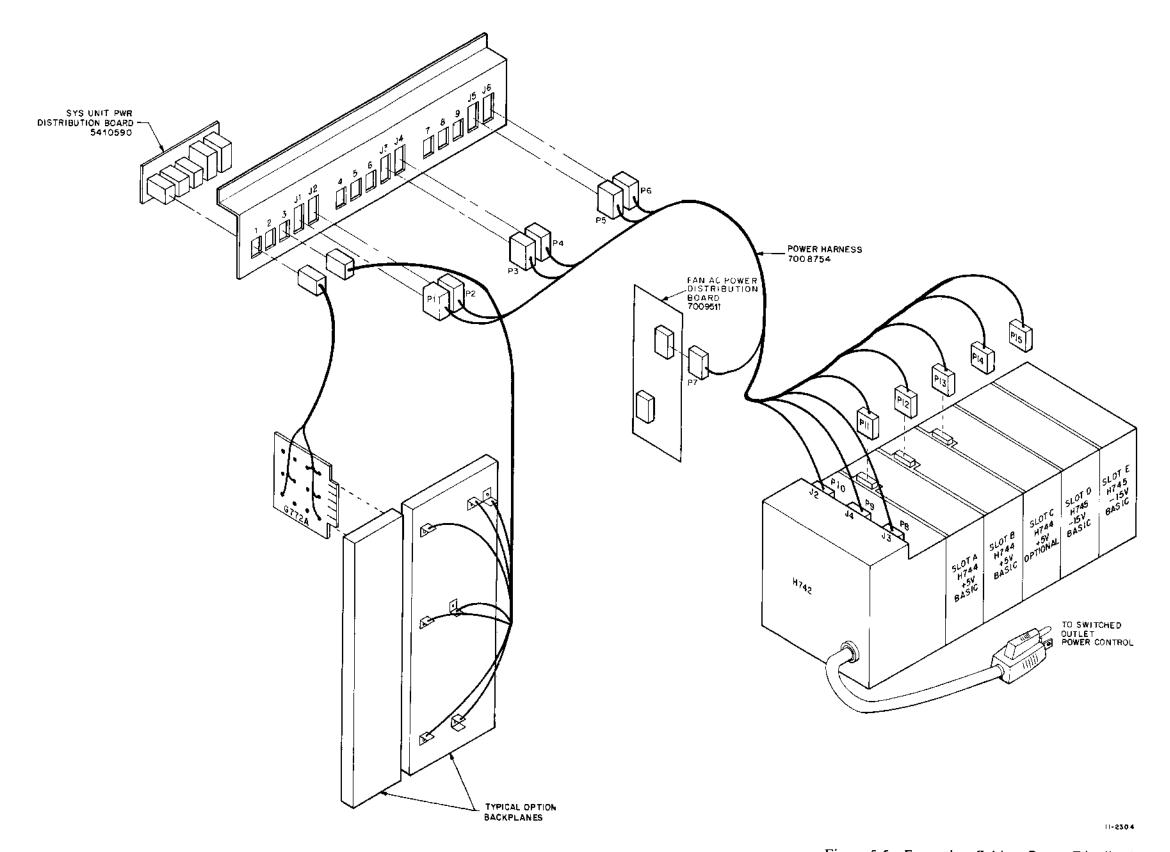


Figure 5-4 Expansion Cabinet Power Distribution Cabinet Serial Numbers 7000 and Higher



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Figure 5-5 Expansion Cabinet Power Distribution Cabinet Serial Numbers Less than 6999

The following steps outline the procedure to be used when installing a system unit option. The rear of the CPU mounting box, which is housed in the H960-CA or H960-DB (Table 1-1) processor cabinet, can accommodate three system units. An additional nine system units can be installed in an expansion cabinet mounting box, which is housed in the H960-D cabinet.

- 1. Install the required number of system units in the H960 cabinets and secure them to the mounting boxes, using the thumbscrews provided.
- 2. Plug in the system unit power cables. Two types are used; one connects to the SU backplane by means of a G772A power connector card (see Figure 5-3 for wiring details); the other uses Fastab connectors. The G772As are standard, while the Fastab harnesses vary with the option. The other end of this cable has one (older systems) or two (newer versions) Mate-N-Lok connectors which plug into the power distributor panels. Installation is shown in detail as indicated in Table 5-4.

Table 5-4 SU Power Cable Installation

Version	Cabin	et
	CPU	H960-D
older newer	Figure 5-3 Figure 5-2	Figure 5-5 Figure 5-4

3. Plug in an M920 Unibus jumper module for each system unit that is installed. This module jumpers the Unibus from one system unit to slots A01, B01 of the next system unit.

When system units are to be installed in an H960-D expansion cabinet, a Unibus cable is connected from the last system unit in the processor cabinet to the first system unit in the expansion cabinet.

4. A special case is that of an MF11-U/UP 16K memory installed in an old style H960-D cabinet (it cannot be used in an old version CPU cabinet). In this case (Figure 5-6) a 7009569 conversion harness must be used between the H754 +20, -5 Vdc regulator and the backplane, in addition to the 7009568 harness to the power distributor. One 7009569 can power two MF11-U/UP backplanes. If only one is used, the jumpers between backplanes should be cut. One 7009568 is required per backplane.

A field modification kit (FM11-U) is available for these installations. The FM11-U permits installation of one or two MF11-U/UP backplanes. Refer to the field modification kit print set for installation procedures (DD-FM11-U).

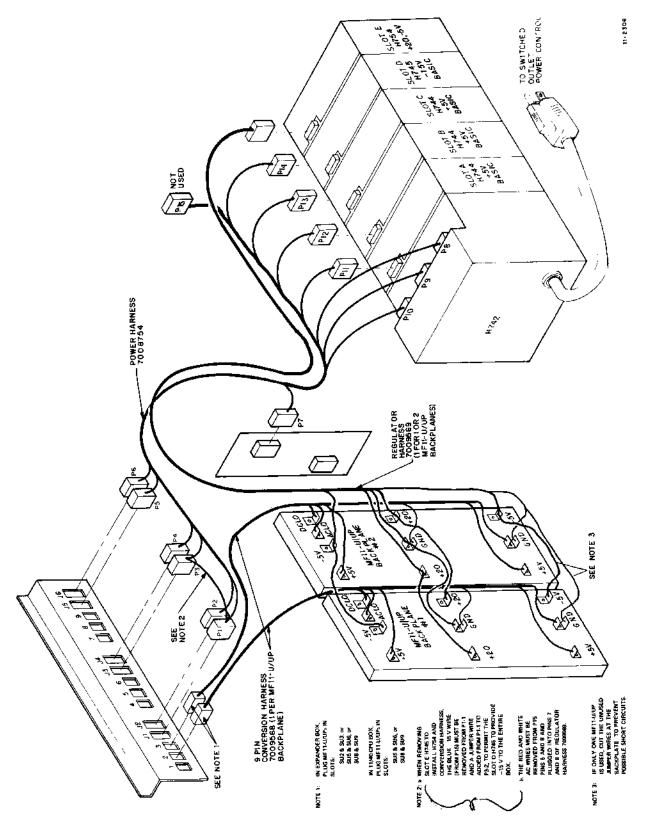


Figure 5-6 Installation of MFII-U/UP and FM-11 Kit in Early Systems, Expansion Cabinet Serial Numbers Less than 6999

APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS

This table provides mechanical, environmental, and programming information for PDP-11 optional equipment. The equipment is arranged in alphanumeric order by model number.

NOTES

1. Mounting Codes

CAB = Cabinet mounted. If a cabinet is included with the option, it is indicated by an X in the "Cab Incl" column.

 $FS = Free standing unit. Height \times Width \times Depth dimensions are shown in inches.$

TT = Table top unit.

PAN = Panel mounted, Front panel height is shown in inches. An included cabinet is indicated when applicable.

SU = System Unit, SU mounting assembly is included with the option.

SPC = Small Peripheral Controller. Option is a module that mounts in a quad module, SPC slot.

MOD = Module. Height is single, double, or quad.

() = Option mounts in the same space as the equipment shown within the parentheses.

Some options include 2 separate physical parts and are indicated by use of a plus (+) sign.

- 2. Cabinet and peripheral equipment (such as magnetic tape) are included in the specifications.
- 3. Relative humidity specifications mean without condensation.
- 4. Equipment that can supply current is indicated by parentheses () around the number of amps in the POWER section. MEMORY POWER: MF11- and MM11- require the same amount of power. In this table, MF11- power figures show the power required when the memory is active, while MM11- figures reflect that required by an inactive unit.
- 5. Non-Processor Request devices are indicated by an X in the "NPR" column.
- 6. 7008855 in 11/45, 11/50, 11/55 CPU; 7008909 in H960-D and 11/40.

- 7. 7009174. If first MF11-L in 1140, use 7009103.
- 8. 7009560. If first MF11-L in 11/40, use 7009565.
- 9. H960-C, D only (not CPU Cabinet): one 7009568 per backplane (9 pin conversion) and one 7009569 for two backplanes (regulator harness).
- 10. 7009162 in 11/45, 11/50, 11/55 CPU; 7009099 in H960-D and 11/40.

CONVERSION FACTORS

(inches)	×	2.54	=	(cm)
(lbs)	×	0.454	=	(kg)
(Watts)	×	3.41	=	(Btu/hr)
$[(^{\circ}C)\times 9/5] + 32$			=	(°F)

				MECHANIC				ENVIRO	NMENTAL		POWER		PROGR.	AMMING	ļt	JNIBUS		
Model	Description	Mounting	Size	Cab	Weight		Harness	Oper	Rei		needed/(supplied)	Power	lst Reg	Înt	BR	NPR	Bus	Model
Number	i :	Code	H × W × D (inches)	Incl	(lbs)	Early	New	Temp (°C)	Humid (%)	+5 V	115 Vac / Other (amps)	Dis (W)	Address	Vector	Level		Loads	Number
AA I 1-D	D/A Subsystem	su				Note 6	7009562	10-50	20-95	3	0.5	60	776 756	140,144	4,5		1	AA11-D
AD01-D	A/D Subsystem	PAN	51/4					0-55	10-95	_	0.5	60	776 770	130	4-7		i	AD01-D
AFC11	A/D Subsystem	CAB						10-55	10-95		15	1700	772 570	134	4		l i	AFCII
BA11-ES	Mounting Box	PAN	10½		100			'	1,0		•••	1	2370	'5-	"		1	BA11-ES
BA614	D/A Converter	(AAII-D)	10.2	· 	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 						 		_	 	BA614
BB1 I	Blank Mntg Panel	SU																BB11
BB11-A	Blank Mounting	SU											ļ				1	BB11-A
	Panel (non-slotted				1												1	ו מסו
	blocks)													ļ	-			
BC11A	UNIBUS Cable		 	 	 				 			 -						BC11A
BM792-Y	Bootstrap Loader	SPC					f			0.3							1	BM792-Y
CB11	Telephone Switching	Cab		X	300			10-50	10-90	0.5	5.6	650	764 000	float	4-7		1,2	CB11
	Interface			1				10 30	10 /0		3.0	050	704 000	11000	"-/		1,2	CBII
CD11-A	Card Reader	SU + TT	14 × 24 × 18		85	Note 6	7009562	10-50	10-90	2.5	4	450	772 460	230	4	X	 	CD11-A
CD11-E	Card Reader	SU + TT	38 X 24 X 38		200	Note 6	7009562	10-50	10-90	2.5	6	700	772 460	230	4	x	1	CD11-A
CM11-F	Card Reader	SPC + TT	11 X 19 X 14		60	.4016 0	70077502	10-50	10-90	1.5	4	400	777 160	230		А	'	
CRII	Card Reader	SPC + TT	11 X 19 X 14		60			10-50	10-90	1.5	4 4	400			6		1	CM11-F
DA11-B	UNIBUS Link	SU		+	- 00	Note 6	7009562	10-30	10-90	4		400	777 160	230	6	<u>v</u>	<u> </u>	CRII
DA11-F	UNIBUS Window	SU				7009099	7009563			5			772 410	124	5 7	X		DA11-B
DB11	Bus Repeater	SU				Note 6	7009562		10.05					float	l ' 1	X		DA11-F
	Asynch Line Inter	SU					7009562	5-50	10-95	3.2	B 1 5 6		75 . 655	~	lai		1+1	DBII
DC11-A DD11-A	Periph Mntg Panel	SU		 		Note 6		10-50	20-90		see Product Bull	 -	77 <u>4 00</u> 0	float	5		1.	DCH-A
		SU		+	+ +	Note 6	7009562		ļ.,		1]				DD11-A
DD11-B	Periph Mntg Panel					Note 10	7009563								1	_	Ť	DD11-B
DD11-D	Periph Mntg Panel	2 SU		}				1]])	1 1			DD11-D
DECkit 01-A	Remote Analog Data	PAN	5¼ X 19 X 13		15	į		0-50	10-95		1.5 @ 115 Vac	175			í i		i	DECkit 01-/
İ	Concentrator: 8					i					0.75'@ 230 Vac]				
	Channels, Serial																	
DECkit 11-F	I/O Interface: 3	SU				Note 6		0-70	10–95	1.84			User	User	7		4	DECkit 11-F
i	Words In/4 Words]				
	Out							1						Ì				
DECkit 11-H	I/O Interface: 4	\$U				Note 6		0-70	10-95	3.91			User	User	5-6		4	DECkit 11-H
1	Words In/4 Words														[
	Out				:										<u> </u>		L	!
DECkit 11-K	I/O Interface:	SU]	Note 6		0-70	10-95	1.97			User				2	DECkit 11-K
	8 Words In]													
DECkit 11-M	I/O Interface:	SU			j	Note 6		0-70	10-95	1.75			User	User	4		2	DECkit 11-M
	Instrumentation]										1			
	Interface				i				!			L		L	1 1			
DF01-A	Acoustic Coupler	TT	6 X 7 X 12		6			0-60			0.3							DF01-A
DF11	Line Sig Cond	DF slot]						see Product Bull.					i		DF11
DHII	Asynch Line MX	2 SU			!	7009466	7009561	5-45	10-95	8.4	0.24 A @ -15 V		float	float	5 [X	2	DH11
D#14	Asynch Line MX	SU		-		7009099	7009563			5	see Product Bull.]	float	float	5		ı	DJH
DL11-A	Terminal Control	SPC								1.8	0.15 A @ -15 V		777 560	060,064	4		ī	DL11-A
DL11 (others)	Asynch Line Inter	SPC		1	1					1.8	0.15 A @ -15 V		776 500	float	4		ı	DL11 (other
DL11-W	Asynchronous	SPC	Quad Ht	į	i			İ	1	2	0.05 A @ +15 V	10	Switch	A. IntSS	A. Int4		1	DL11-W
	Interface and]	1			1	ĺ			0.15 A @ -15 V	1	Selectable	Line	Line		-	-=
	Line Clock		1	[(SS)	CLK-104	CLK-6			
DM11-BB	Modem Ctr. MUX	(DH11)	T		† · <u>-</u> †				<u> </u>	2.8			775 000	float			1	-
DMC-11	Microprocessor and	2 SPC	2 Hex Ht	1	¦				[4.5					5	х	1	
. = ==	Line Unit	_			! []			3					Į l	**	•	
DNI1	Auto Calling Unit	SU	<u>'</u>	1	1 1	Note 6	7009562	0-40	20-90	1.4	0,10 A @ ± 15 V	į !	775 200	l float	4		1	DN!I
DP11	Synch Line Inter	SU	 			Note 6	7009562	0-40	20-90	2.5	0.10 A @ ± 15 V	1	774 400	float	5		1	DP11
DQ11	DMA Sync Line	SU				7009099	7009563		20-90 10 - 90	5.7	0.10 A @ ± 15 V 0.04 A @ ±15 V		float	float	5	x	1	DQ11
DQII	Interface	30				7007077	1004363	10-50	10.90	3./		}	noat	Hoat	,	^		υQII
DD11 D		611		1	!		. 30000.	[0.07 A @ - 15 V				_	•		DD14.5
DR11-B	DMA Interface	SU	ļ <u> </u>			Note 6	7009562	10-50	2090	3.3		├	772 410	124	5	<u> </u>		DR11-B
DR11-C	General Interface	SPC	!	1	,]		1	10-50	20 90	1.5		ļ	767 770	float	j <u>5</u> i			DRII-C
DT03-F	UNIBUS Switch	PAN	5¼	1	1		•	i	<u> </u>		2			user	7 !		1 + 1	DT03-F
	IBM Chan. Interface	CAB	1	, X	: 180		į.	: 10-55	10-90		2.5	300	776 200	float	4-7	X	I	DXII-B
DX11 GT40	Graphics Terminal	TT	18 X 20 X 24		150			15-35	20-80		15	1500	float	float				GT40

				MECHANIC	CAL			<u> </u> ENVIRO	NMENTAL			POWER		PROGR.	AMMING		UNIBUS		
Model	Description	Mounting	Size	Cab	Weight	Power	Harness	Oper	Rel	Cu	r neec	ded/(supplied)	Power	1st Reg	Int	BR	NPR	Bus	Model
Number		Code	$(H \times W \times D)$	Incl	(lbs)	Early	New	Temp	Humid	+5 V		5 Vac / Other	Dis	Address	Vector	Level		Loads	Number
			(inches)		, , ,	ĺ		(°C)	(%)		(aı	mps)	(W)						
H312-A	Null Modem	<u> </u>						 				·						- 1	H312-A
H720-E	Power Supply	(BA11)			30			0-50	20-95	(22)	6	(10A) @ - 15 V	700						H720
H720-E	Transformer	(PC11-A)			30			0-30	20-93	(22)	"	1.5 A @ 230 Vac	/00						H722
											١	(1.A) @ +15 V							H742
H742	Power Supply	(H960-D)	·	 -	ļ	<u></u>	ļ 	+	 	(25)	+ -	(I.A) (% TI3 Y			-	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	\vdash	H7420
H7420	Power Supply	(H960-D)			!		ļ	!			1		}		ł	} 	! 		H744
11744	+5 V Regulator	(H7420 or H742)								(25)		(10.4) & 15.17							H744 H745
H745	-15 V Regulator	(H7420 or H742) (H7420 or H7420						}				(10 A) @ -15 V							H746
H746	MOS Regulator	(H/420 01 H/420							1			(1.6 A) @ 23.2 V							H/40
		ĺ						ŀ				(3.3 A) @ 19.7 V							
		(17.42)						 			+	(1.6 A) @ -5 V (8 A) @ +20 V			 				H754
H754	+20, -5 V Regulator	(H742)						į				(8 A) @ +20 V (1 A) @ -5 V							11754
11011 C	Manualina Basal	511						1				(1 A) @ -3 V							H933-€
H933-C	Mounting Panel	SU					1												11933-0
11073 6	(H803 blocks)							<u> </u>	 	_	+				 · · · · ·				H933-D
H933-D	Mounting Panel	SU																	пэээ-ы
	(H808 blocks)		70 V 01 V 20		120						1								13070 C
H960-C	Cabinet	FS	72 × 21 × 30	X	120	7000754	7000544				1	400 (1) (1) 4.5.11	000						H960-C
H960-D	Cab (1 drawer)	FS	72 × 21 × 30	Х	300	7008754	7009566		ļ	(75)	8	(20 A) @ -15 V	900						H960-D
H960-E	Cab (2 drawers)	FS	72 × 21 × 30	X	470	7008754	7009566			(150)	16	(40 A) @ -15 V	1800						H960-E
H961-A	Cab w/o side pan	FS	$72 \times 21 \times 30$	X	120				i										H961-A
KE11-A	Ext. Arith. Elem.	SU				Note 6	7009562			4			!	777 300				1	KE11-A
KG11-A	Comm Arith Unit	SPC						<u> </u>	ļ	1.5				770 700			ļ	1	KG11-A
KW11-L	Line Clock	MOD	single ht							0.8	ĺ		1	777 546	100	6		i	KW11-L
KW11-P	Programmable Clock	SPC		j			,			I	1			772 540	104	6		1	KW11-P
LA30	DECwriter	FS	31 X 21 X 24		110			15-35	20-80		3		300		i .				LA30
LC11-A	LA30 Control	SPC					ļ			1.5	\downarrow			777 560	060,064	4		l	LC11-A
LP11-F	Printer (80 col)	SPC + FS	46 X 24 X 22		200			10-43	15-80	1.5	2		250	777 514	200	4]	LP11-F
LPI 1-J	Printer (132 col)	SPC + FS	46 X 48 X 25		575			10-43	15-80	1.5	4		500	777 514	200	4		1	LP11-J
LP11-R	Ptr (heavy duty)	SPC + FS	48 X 49 X 36		800			1043	15-80	1.5	17		2000	777 514	200	4]]	LP11-R
LPS11	Lab Periph System	PAN	51/4		80			5-43	20-80		3		300	float	float	4–6	opt	2	LPS11-S
LSU	Line Printer	SPC + TT	12 X 28 X 20		155	·	<u> </u>	5-38	5-90	1.5	3		300	777 514	200	4		1 1	LS11
LT33	Teletype	FS	34 X 22 X 19		60			15-35	20-80		2		200						LT33
LVII	Electrostatic Ptr	SPC + FS	38 X 19 X 18		160			10-43	20-80	1.5	5		600	777 514	200	4		1	LV11
M105	Adrs Select Module	MOD	single ht		[0.34									M 105
M783	Bus Transmitter	MOD	single ht		<u> </u>					0.2					·				M783
M784	Bus Receiver	MOD	single ht							0.2							ĺ		M784
M785	Bus Transceiver	MOD	single ht				1			0.3.					ļ				M785
M792	Diode ROM	SPC	_		j		1			0.23				773 000	<u> </u>			1	M792
M795	Word Count	MOD																	M795
M796	Bus Control	MOD															ĺ		M796
M920	Bus Jumper	MOD													ĺ	İ			M920
M930	Bus Terminator	MOD	double ht					<u> </u>		1.25	<u> </u>							i	M930
M1501	Bus Input Interface	MOD	single ht		l			0-70	10-95	0.3					[M1501
M1502	Bus Output Interface		double ht					0-70	10-95	0.75]			M1502
M1621	DVM Data Input	MOD	guad ht					0-70	10-95	0.78									M1621
	Interface		•					l	<u> </u>									<u> </u>	
M1623	Instrument Remote	MOD	quad ht					0 70	10-95	1.6									M1623
	Control Interface	1	•	1															
M1710	Unibus Interface	MOD &	quad ht					0-70	10-95	0.79					!		opt		M1710
	Foundation	SPC	4		Ì												′		
M1801	16-Bit Relay Output	MOD	quad ht	•				0-70	10-95	1.46]						M1801
	Interface		1			[1				1						

			M	(ECHANIC	CAL		_	ENVIRO	NMENTAL		POWER		PROGR	AMMING		UNIBUS		
Model	Description	Mounting	Size	Cab	Weight	Power	Harness	Oper	Rel	Cı	r needed/(supplied)	Power	1st Reg	Int	BR	NPR	Bus	Model
Number		Code	$(H \times W \times D)$	Incl	(lbs)	Early	New	Temp	Humid	+5 V		Dis	Address	Vector	Level		Loads	Number
			(inches)		()			(°C)	(%)	1	(amps)	(w)						
			` ′	 	ļ		 	· -/-	\/	-	· · · ·	<u> </u>	ļ	 				
M7820	Interrupt Control	MOD	single ht										!	•	1			M7820
M7821	Interrupt Control	MOD	single ht										i					M7821
M9301(-YA),	Bootstrap Terminator	Unibus Slot	Double Ht	Í	i		i	i	İ	2	i	1	İ	i	į		İı i	M9301(-Y
(-YB), (-YD)										-	1						1	(-YB), (-YD
ME11-L	Core Memory (8K)	PAN	51/4					0.50	10.00	1	5	125	1	<u> </u>			·	
MF11-L	Core Memory (8K)	2 SU	374			Note 7	Note 8	0-50	10-90	,,	1 *	125	İ				!!!	ME11.L
MF11-LP	Parity Memory (8K)	2 SU				Note 7	Note 8	0-50	10-90	3,4	6 A @ -15 V	125	-					MF11-L
			1					0-50	10-90	4.9	6 A @ - 15 V	125					2	MF11-LP
MF11-U	Core Memory (16K)	2 SU				Note 9	7009535	0-50	0-90	4.5	3.5 A @ 20 V	120		1]]	MF11-U
								ļ		<u> </u>	0.5 A @ -5 V		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				- <u>-</u>
MF11-UP	Parity Memory (16K)	2 ŠU				Note 9	7009535	0-50	0 90	6	3.4 A @ 20 V	120		1			2	MF11-UP
											0.5 A @ -5 V		[
MM11-L	Core Memory (8K)	(MF11-L)					!	0-50	10-90	1.7	0.5 A @ -15 V	125					1 1	MM11-L
MM11-LP	Parity Memory (8K)	(MF11-LP)						0-50	10-90	1.7	0.5 A @ -15 V	125		1			1 1	MM11-LP
MM11-U				 	 					4.5	0.5 A @ 20 V	1		1			<u> </u>	MM11-U
			†			•	}			1 7	0.5 A @ -5 V		1	Ì	l .	•	l i	
MM11-UP	Parity Memory (16K)	(MF11-UP)	t .		1		ł	0-50	0-90	4.5	0.5 A @ 20V		t	†	!			MM11-UP
	Tarrey moniory (Tork)	(221.11.00)						0-30	0-90	4.3	0.5 A @ -5 V							MIMITI-OF
MR11-DB	Bootstrap	2 SPC		 	<u> </u>			 		0.6	U.5 A (a) = 5 V	 		 	 			1/011.00
MS11	Semiconductor Mem	(11/45)						0.50	10.00	0.0			772.100				2	MR11-DB
			101/		50			0-50	10 -80	l	l _	l	772 100	114	,		1 1	MS11
PC11	Paper Tape	SPC + PAN	10½	1 .,	50			13–38	20-95	1.5	3	350	777 550	070,074	' 4		1	PC11
PDM70	Programmable Data	TT	5¼ X 19 X 23	X	55			0 · 40	10-95	1	115 Vac	250						PDM70
	Mover									ļ	230 Vac	250						
PR11	Paper Tape (rdr)	SPC + PAN	10½		50			13-38	20-95	1.5	3	350	777 550	070	4		Į į	PR 11
RC11-A	Disk & Control	PAN	101/2		115			17-50	20-80		2.2	250	777 440	210	5	X	1	RC11-A
RF11-A	Disk & Control	PAN + PAN	16 + 16	X	500			17 33	20-55		6.5	750	777 460	204	5	Х	1	RF11-A
RK05	Disk Drive	PAN	10½		110		j	15-43	20-80	ĺ	2	160	<u> </u>					RK05
RK11-D	Disk & Control	SU + PAN	101/2	X	250	7008992	7009562	15 43	20-80	7.5	2	200	777 400	220	5	X	1	RK11-D
RP03	Disk Drive	FS	40 X 30 X 24		415			15-33	10-80		6 A @ 230 Vac	1300	ŀ					RP03
RP11-C	Disk & Control	CAB + FS		X	740			15-33	10 80		7 6 A @ 230 Vac	2100	776 710	254	5	X	1 1	RP11-C
RSI1	Disk Drive	PAN	16	''	100			17-33	20-55		2	200		1 23 /		^•	1 '	R\$11
RS64	Disk	PAN	10½		65			17-50	2080	 -	2.2	250	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 	RS64
RT01	Numeric Data Entry	IT	6.5 × 12.5 × 15	x	12			0-40	10-90		0.25 @ 115 Vac	30		•			i l	
KIUI	=	11	0.5 \ 12.5 \ 15	_ ^	12			0-40	10-90			30						RT01
	Terminal			.,				0.40	10.00		0.12@220 Vac					•		
RT02	Alphanumeric Data	TT	6.3 X 14.4 X 16	X	14		1	0-40	10-90	1	110 Vac	50						RTO2
	Entry Terminal	ļ. <u></u>									220 Vac	50		<u> </u>				
TAII	Cassette	SPC + PAN	5¼					10-40	20-80	1.5	1	120	777 500	260	6		1	TAll
TC11-G	DECtape & Control	PAN + PAN	10½ + 10½	X	250			15- 27	40 60		9	870	777 340	214	6	X	1	TC11-G
TM11	Magtape & Control	PAN + PAN	26 + 101/2	X	500			15-27	40-60		9	1000	772 520	224	5	X	1	TM11.
TUIO	Magtape Transport	PAN	26	X	450]	15-27	40-60		9	1000]					TUIO
TU56	DECtape Transport	PAN	10%		80		1	1527	40-60		3	350]				TU56
UDC11	I/O Subsystem	CAB	-	 	1-			5-50	10-90		15	1700	771 774	234	4,6		2	UDC11
VR01	Display	PAN	10½		30		}	10-50	10-90	i	17	120			,,0		-	VR01
VR14	Display	PAN	10½		75			10-50	10-90	!	4	400	}	1				VR01 VR14
		TT	1072 12 X 12 X 23		50		1			i	'							
VT01	Display					 		0-50	10- 80	1	2.2	250	}					VT01
VT05	Alphanum Terminal	TT	12 X 19 X 30	I	55		1	10-43	8-90	İ	2	130)					VT05

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What features are most usefu	11?		
		.	
	<u> </u>		
What faults do you find with	the manual?		
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Does this manual satisfy the	need you think it was in	itended to satisfy? _	
Does it satisfy your needs?		Why?	· •
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