

SSM Z-80 MONITOR
VERSION 1.10

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The SSM Z-80 MONITOR constitutes a powerful central operating system for a Z-80 based microcomputer system. The Z-80 MONITOR provides many of the features of the original Monitor V1.0 (SSM's 8080 based monitor) with the addition of two new commands for testing I/O and full Z-80 register display/modify capability. The monitor will support a minimum system of 2K bytes of RAM, an I/O board, and a Z-80 CPU, but can be easily expanded to a disk-based system running CP/M with up to 48K of RAM.

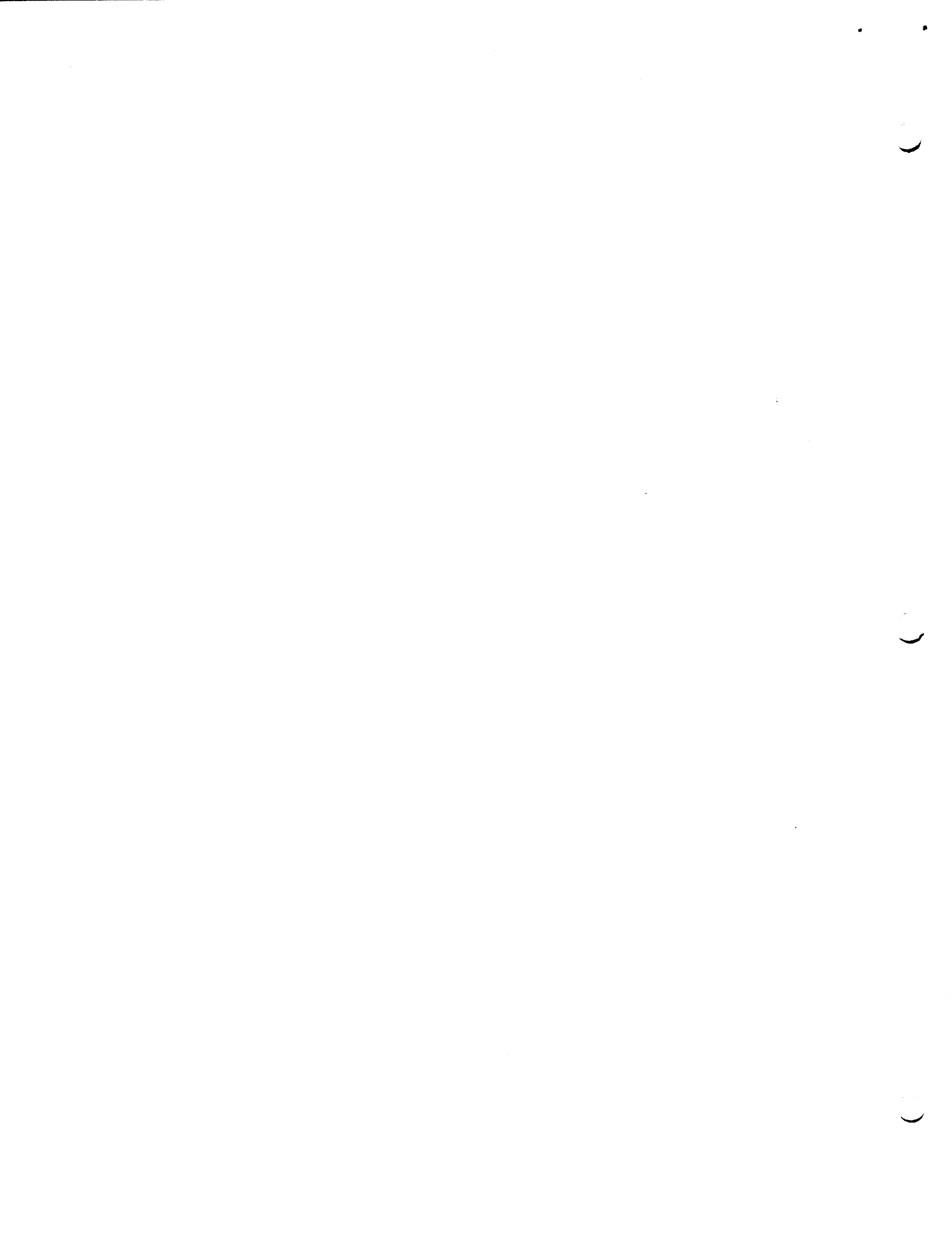
The SSM Z-80 Montior is contained within 2048 bytes of ROM and requires less than 96 bytes of scratchpad RAM during operation. The monitor will automatically allocate the scratchpad RAM at the top of a minimum of 2K bytes of RAM, and will change this allocation as more memory is added to the user's system.

The monitor provides an interface to system peripheral devices through externally referenced subroutines and logical I/O assignments. Operator commands are available for examining and changing memory, executing user programs with or without breakpoints, examining or changing CPU register contents, input or output data from/to any I/O port, assigning physical devices to logical devices, etc.

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2.0 HARDWARE SET-UP

2.1 General Hardware

The SSM Z-80 MONITOR is provided in one 2048 x 8 bit ROM (2716). The starting address for the Z-80 monitor is F000 Hex.

The monitor needs a minimum of 2048 bytes of contiguous RAM memory starting at address 0000. On initialization of the monitor program, up to 96 bytes of scratchpad data are written into the top of RAM. The Z-80 CPU board or ROM board must have a vector jump circuit unless a front control panel is used so that reset or power-on clear operations will force the CPU to F000 for proper start-up. If a front panel is used then examine F000 and press RUN.

The monitor supports any one of four possible console configurations.

I---Console I/O device on ports 0 & 1.

Status port = 0, Data port = 1
Status bits:
D0 = Data-available, low=data received
D7 = Data-acknowledge, low=not busy

Console configuration I uses the most common I/O port addresses established by MICROSOFT for the S-100 bus.

II---Console I/O device on ports 2 & 3.

Status port = 2, Data port = 3
Status bits:
same as configuration I.

Console configuration II is set-up to take advantage of the serial port addressing capability of SSM's IO4 board. The listing device (line printer) is preset to this port address too, unless redefined by the user with the "AL" (Assign List device) command.

III---Console input on ports 6 & 7.

Status port = 6, Data port = 7
Status bits:
D0 = Data-available. low = data received
Console output is the VB1B or VB1C
VB1 address = E000

Console configurations III & IV are set up to support SSM's video boards, either the VB1B/C or VB3.

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IV---Console input on ports E0 & E1.

Status port = E0, Data port = E1
Status bits:
same as configuration III.
Console output is the VB3.
VB3 address = C000
CRT control port = D0 to DF

On power-up, the console is automatically determined by the monitor with no special hardware required.

2.2 IO4 Settings (References from SSM IO4 Manual)

The IO4 board can be used to support three of the four possible console configurations. Consoles I & II become SERIAL terminals and console III uses the IO4's PARALLEL port for a parallel keyboard.

Serial A (Console I)

- a) Set switch S3 so all positions are closed (on).
- b) Set switch S2, either all open(off) or per your terminal's requirements.
- c) Jumper W2, pin 4 to pin 9
- d) Jumper W2, pin 5 to pin 16.
- e) Install a 74LS368 (or 74368) into U18.
- f) Jumper W3 (baud rate), pins 12 & 11 to the rate used by your terminal(pins 1 up to pin 10, only one).
- g) Connect RS232 or Current-loop interface to J2.

Serial B (Console II)

- a) Set switch S3 so all positions are closed (on).
- b) Set switch S1, either all open(off) or per your terminals needs.
- c) Jumper W1, pin 4 to pin 9.
- d) Jumper W1, pin 5 to pin 16.
- e) Install a 74LS368 (or 74368) into U16.
- f) Jumper W3 (baud rate), pins 14 & 13 to the rate used by your terminal(pins 1 up to pin 10, only one).
- g) Connect RS232 or Current-loop interface to J1.

Parallel A & B (Console III)

- a) Connect a 1K ohm resistor from J6, pin 1 to J6, pin 14.
- b) Feed positive keyboard strobe to J4, pin 1 (TTL level only).
- c) Connect J4, pin 2 to J6, pin 9.

d) Connect 7 or 8 data lines from keyboard to J4.

D0(LSB)=J4, pin 9
D1 =J4, pin 6
D2 =J4, pin 10
D3 =J4, pin 5
D4 =J4, pin 11
D5 =J4, pin 4
D6 =J4, pin 12
D7(MSB)=J4, pin 3 (sometimes not used)

e) Set Switch S4:
positions A3 thru A7 closed (on)
positions A1 and A2 open (off).

2.3 VB1B/VB1C Settings (References from VB1B/VB1C Manual)

The VB1 board is used in console configuration III. The console input for this configuration must be supported by a parallel output type of keyboard (ASCII) into an I/O board set for ports 6 & 7.

- a) Set switch S1:
A10 thru A12 set closed (on).
A13 thru A15 set open (off).
Size position should be closed (on) for 64 characters.
Graphics position, user's choice.
- b) VB1C only
Wirewrap E2 to E3.

2.4 VB2 Settings (References from VB2 Manual)

The VB2 is used in console configuration I. The board will be addressed at ports 0 and 1.

- a) Set switch S1 all positions closed (on).
b) Set switches S2b and S2c with the desired vertical position.
c) Set switch S2d (position "k") to the correct strobe polarity for your keyboard:

Closed (on)	Negative-going strobe
Open (off)	Positive-going strobe

d) Jumper the status header (SH) for the proper status bits:

Jumper pin 1 to pin 16
Jumper pin 8 to pin 10

e) Set switch S2a to the desired video output (black-on-white or white-on-black).

2.5 VB3 Settings (References from the VB3 Manual)

The VB3 board is used in console configuration IV. The console input for this configuration uses the keyboard input on the VB3 at address E0 & E1.

- a) Set switch S1 all positions open (off), unless you are using external sync capability.
- b) Set switch S2:
positions 2 thru 4 open (off).
position 1 closed (on).
- c) Set switch S3:
positions 1,2,3 & 8 open (off).
positions 4 thru 7 closed (on).
- d) Set switch S4:
positions 1,2,4,5,7 open (off).
positions 3,6,8 closed (on).
- e) Wirewrap E5 to E6 for the CB2.

2.6 CB2 Settings (References from the CB2 Manual)

The following switches and wirewrap options should be set for power-on/reset jump operation into the SSM Z-80 Monitor on the CB2.

- a) Vector Jump Option (See CB2, section 4.1.4)
 - 1) Wirewrap E18 to E19
 - 2) Wirewrap E24 to E25
- b) Addressing On-board ROM
 - 1) Set switch SC
positions 1,4 thru 7 set open (off)
positions 2 & 3 set closed (on)
 - 2) Set switch SD
All positions closed (on)
- c) Select ROM Type
 - 1) Set switch SE
position 1 & 2 set open (off)
 - 2) NOTE: Some 2716 EPROM's draw more current than the 680 ohm resistors (R7 and R9) can provide. To provide more current drive to U16, solder a short wire across R9 on the back of the CB2. Be sure that switch SE, positions 1 and 2 are open.
- d) Install the ROM monitor into socket U16.

3.0 MONITOR START-UP

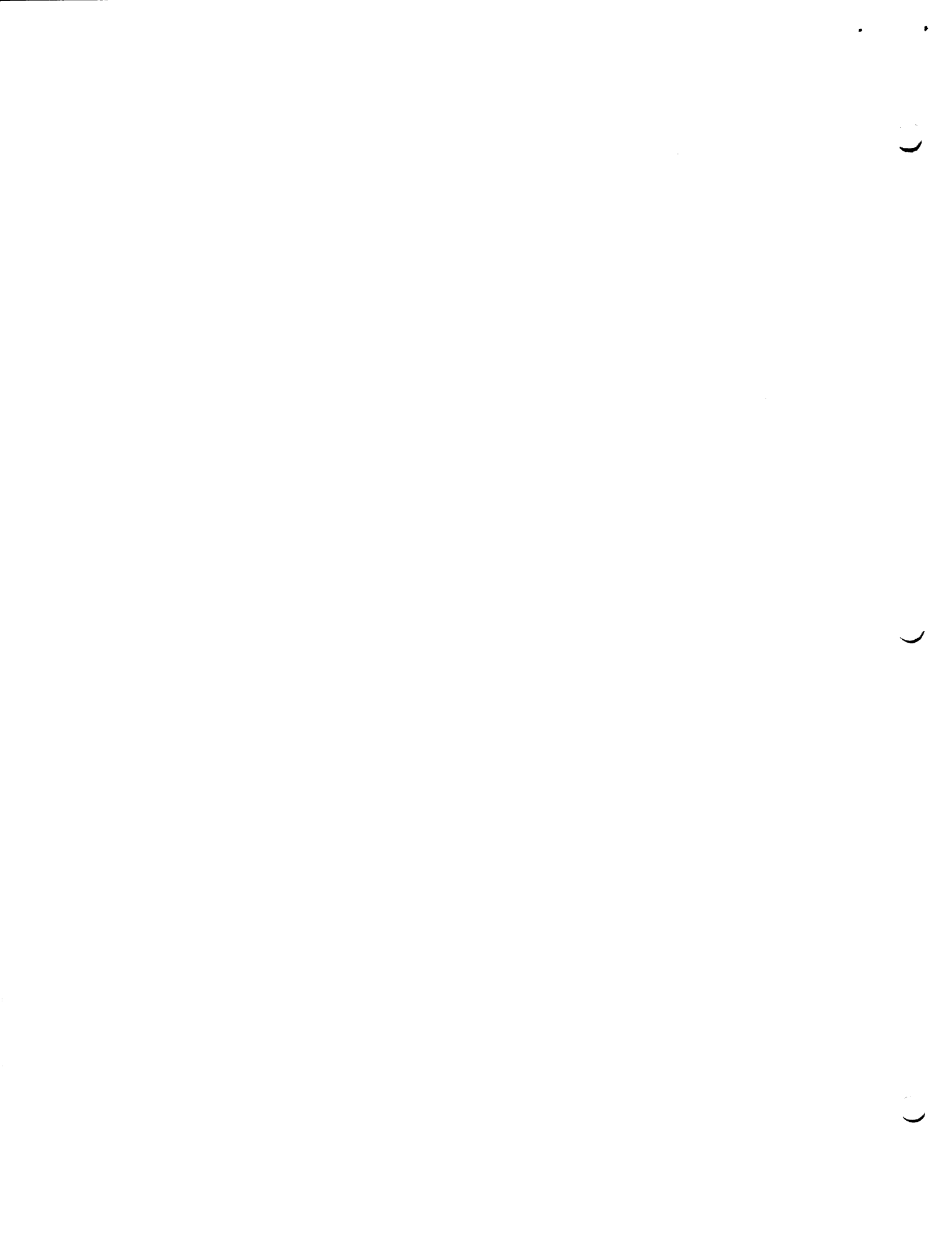
The CPU must jump to F000 to start the SSM Z-80 MONITOR. The monitor then scans all four console status ports to see if one has data. If the data found is a carriage-return, then that console configuration is selected. Even if all four possible consoles exist on your Z-80 system, only the one with a carriage-return will be selected. Be sure to type several carriage-returns on power-up of your microcomputer.

When a console is selected, the monitor will print out:

SSM Z80 MONITOR V1.10

followed by a decimal-point. An asterisk is printed, if an illegal command or character is typed.

The Z-80 system must have a minimum of 2K of RAM memory starting at location 0000 (HEX). If more than 2K of RAM is present in the system for the monitor to use, it must be contiguous starting at location 0000 (HEX). If only 1K of RAM is available, it can be addressed to start at 0400 (HEX) as a special case and the Z-80 monitor will operate.



4.0 MONITOR COMMANDS

Note: Spaces have been inserted into the "format:" examples for clarification of the elements of the command, and should not be typed. <CR> = carriage-return.

4.1 'A'-----Assign I/O devices

Format: A N1 = N2 (no carriage-return)
N1 = Logical device (C,R,P,L)
C = Console
R = Reader
P = Punch
L = Listing device
N2 = Physical device (0,1,2,3)
Picked from I/O table (IOTAB)

A physical device (N2) is assigned to a logical device (N1). N1 may be any of the four system devices like console, reader, punch or listing device. Only the first character of the device name is used. N2 may be 0,1,2 or 3. The actual physical device assigned has been preset by the IOTAB table in the system configuration section of the monitor. IOTAB consists of 6 subtables of two byte addresses pointing to the I/O subroutines. The console configuration uses 3 of these subtables for defining status, input and output routine addresses.

EXAMPLE:

AC=0 Select console I.
AR=1 Select console input II as a reader.
AL=3 Select VBI as a listing device.

4.2 'D'-----Display memory

Format: D N1 , N2 <CR>
N1 = Starting address in hex.
N2 = Ending address in hex.

Memory from the starting address to the ending address is displayed on the logical console output device. Data bytes are displayed in hexadecimal, 16 bytes per line. The beginning address of each line is displayed before the data, on the left, as four characters in hex. Typing just N1 followed by a comma or space and a carriage-return will display one location only. N1 and N2 can be separated by a comma or a space. Input of leading zeros is not necessary.

The display function can be halted and continued by hitting any keyboard character except a capital 'S'. The capital S character is used to exit the display operation before it has completed the area (N1 to N2) requested by the user.

EXAMPLE:

D0,F <CR> Display from 0000 to 000F
D100,3FF <CR> Display from 0100 to 03FF
D8000, <CR> Display byte at 8000

4.3 'F'-----Fill memory

Format: F N1 , N2 , N3 <CR>
N1 = Starting address in hex
N2 = Ending address
N3 = Data used in fill

Memory from the starting address (N1) to the ending address (N2) is filled with data (N3). If the ending address is smaller than the starting address then only the one starting location is filled. Input of leading zeros is not necessary.

EXAMPLE:

F0,FFF,0 <CR> Fill memory from 0000 to 0FFF with 00.
F100,,8 <CR> Fill location 0100 with 08.

4.4 'H'-----Hexadecimal arithmetic

Format: H N1 , N2 <CR>

The sum (N1+N2) and difference (N1-N2) of N1 and N2 are displayed in hexadecimal on the logical console output device. The sum will be the left four digits, the difference will be the right.

EXAMPLE:

H3 4 <CR> Enter numbers.
0007 FFFF Results.

4.5 'I'-----Input port data

Format: I N1 , (no carriage-return)
N1 = Port address (00 to FF)

Input from port N1 the data present. Displays 8 bits of input data in hex from any port address.

EXAMPLE:

I20, Input from port 20 Hex.
FF Data found by the monitor was FF.

4.6 'M'-----Move memory data

Format: M N1 , N2 , N3 <CR>
N1 = Starting address of data to be moved.
N2 = Ending address of data.
N3 = Destination address for data.

Data from the starting address (N1) to the ending address (N2) are moved to memory beginning at the destination address(N3). If N2 is equal to or smaller than N1 only the byte at N1 is moved. If N3 is between N1 and N2, the data from N1 to N3 will of course be repeated until the destination field is filled. Input of leading zeros is not necessary.

EXAMPLE:

M0,FF,100 <CR> Duplicate 0000 to 00FF from 0100 to 01FF

4.7 'O'-----Output data to port

Format: O N1 , N2 <CR>

N1 = Port address (00 to FF)

N2 = Data to be sent

Output data to the port N1. Input of leading zeros is not necessary.

EXAMPLE:

01,41 <CR> Output to port 01 a 41 hex.

4.8 'S'-----Substitute memory

Format: S N1 , XX-N2 , . . (XX indicates monitor's response)

N1 = Memory address to change

N2 = New data in hex

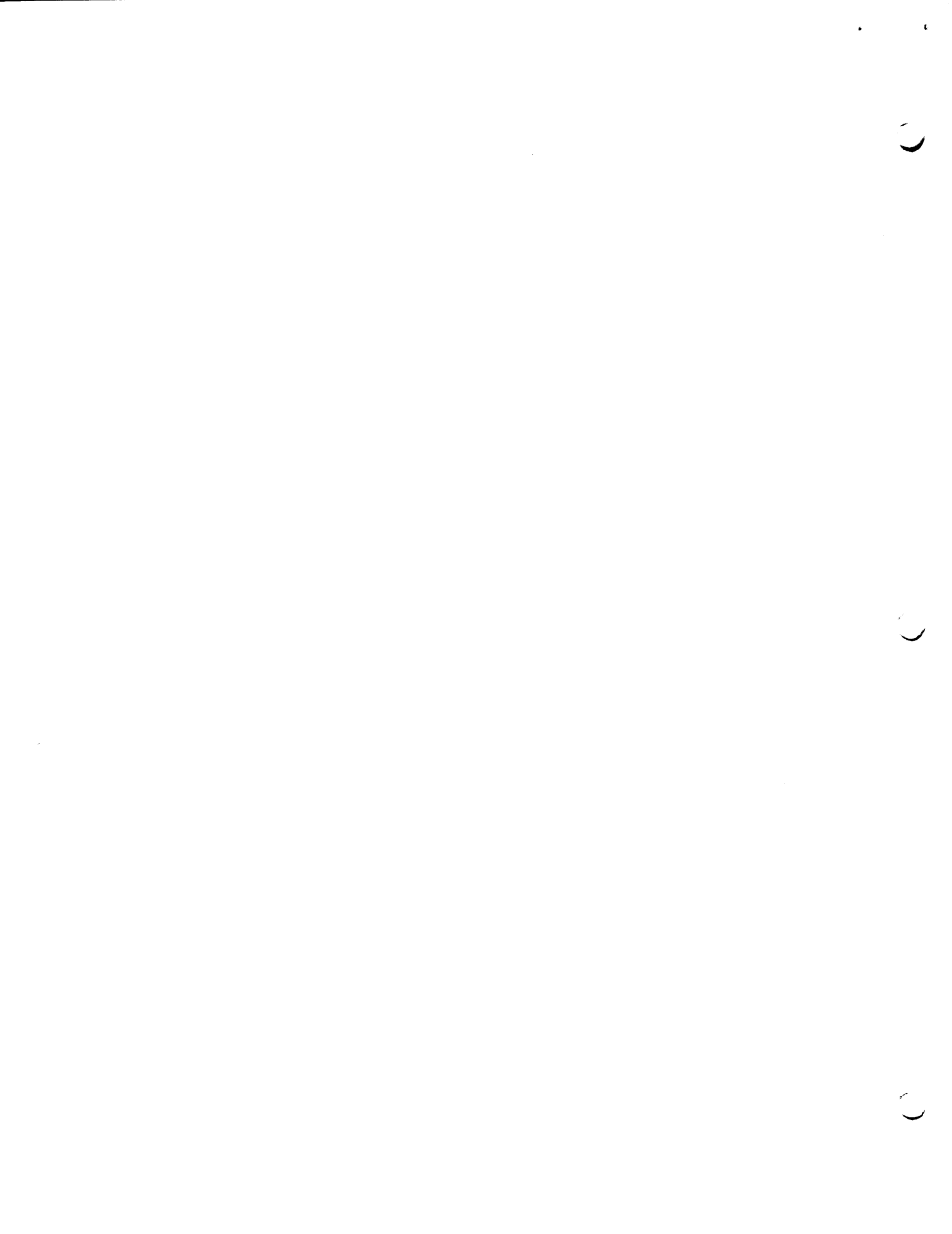
XX = Old data displayed by monitor

The byte at address (N1) is displayed on the logical console device followed by a "-" character. The operator responds with one or more characters from the logical console input device. If the input character is a space or comma, no change is made to the displayed memory value and the contents of the next location is displayed, etc. If one or more hexadecimal digits are input before the space or comma, the last two digits to the left of the comma will replace the displayed value(XX) in memory. A carriage return by the user or an error will terminate the command line. For every 8 locations displayed, an automatic carriage return will be generated to prevent line overflow. Input of leading zeros is not necessary.

EXAMPLE:

S100,11-,CD-C3,21-,F0- <CR>

Replace data at 101 with a C3 (jump instruction). Only one byte was changed, and three were skipped (unchanged).



5.0 SOFTWARE DEBUG COMMANDS

5.1 'G'-----Goto with breakpoints

Format: G N1 , N2 , N3 <CR>

N1 = Start execution address (GOTO address)

N2 = Breakpoint #1

N3 = Breakpoint #2

If N1 (goto address) is specified, control is transferred to N1 immediately upon a carriage-return. If N1 is not specified, control is transferred to the address of the last encountered breakpoint, after program status (CPU registers and flags) is restored.

If N2 (breakpoint address) or N3 (2nd breakpoint address) is specified, a RST 1 instruction will replace one byte at each of the specified addresses. These addresses **must** be the opcode address (first byte) of a one, two, three or four byte instruction. If breakpoints are specified, a jump instruction is stored at location 0008 to return control to the monitor when a breakpoint, or any RST 1 instruction, is executed. When a breakpoint is executed, the monitor will save the program and restore the original bytes replaced by any known breakpoints. An asterisk is printed on the console followed by the breakpoint address that was encountered. Twelve bytes of the users stack are used in this process. The program counter in the saved program status is decremented, so that program execution may be resumed with the instruction formerly replaced by the breakpoint. Monitor commands may then be used to display/modify memory or CPU registers, etc.

When the monitor is entered normally, by other than breakpoint execution, recording of existing breakpoints is destroyed. Therefore, if breakpoints are set, but not executed before the monitor is entered, the contents of the bytes containing those breakpoints must be manually restored.

RST 1 instructions other than known breakpoints may be used as pseudo-breakpoints, subject to certain restrictions. The jump instruction must be stored at location 0008 by previously setting a normal breakpoint. RST 1 instructions other than known breakpoints may be executed through normal program execution (RST 1 stored as part of the executing program) or instruction jam (interrupt). When such a RST 1 instruction is encountered, the monitor saves the program status and clears known breakpoints. However, the program counter in the saved program is not decremented, so program execution may be resumed at the next instruction.

EXAMPLE:

G100 <CR>	Go to address 0100 hex. No breakpoints set.
G200,259 <CR>	Go to Address 0200 hex. One Breakpoint at 0259.

G <CR>	Continue from last breakpoint address. No new breakpoints set.
G,200 <CR>	Continue from last breakpoint address. Set one breakpoint at 0200.

NOTE: Of course, you CAN NOT place breakpoints in a program set in ROM, but only in RAM.

5.2 'X'-----Examine/Modify registers

For clarification the "X" command will be broken into three types.

Format: X <CR>	(Type I)
X' <CR>	(Type II)
X K1	(Type III) No carriage-return

K1 = One letter name for the register preceded by a prime symbol, if the alternate registers are wanted.

This command allows the user to examine/modify the contents of the Z-80 CPU registers from the last encountered breakpoint displayed. There are three types of commands that can be given.

Type I:

"X" followed by a carriage-return will display half of the Z-80's registers and flags. The flag bits of the flag register are individually broken out as a zero or one for the sign bit (S:), Zero bit (Z:), Unused bit (X:), Half-carry bit (H:), Overflow/parity bit (V:), Add/Subtract bit (N:) and Carry bit (C:). The registers displayed will be A, B, C, D, E, H, L, M (memory address), P (program counter address), S (stack address) and I (interrupt register).

Type II:

"X" followed by a single-quote(prime) and a carriage-return will display the alternate half of the Z-80's registers and flags. The alternate flag bits are displayed like the Type I command. The registers displayed will be A, B, C, D, E, H, L, M (memory address), X & Y (index registers) and R (refresh register).

Type III:

"X" followed by a letter (K1) for a specific Z-80 register will display that register. After the register's content is displayed, the operator may change it by supplying the new value followed by a space or comma. If no new value is entered, then the old value is retained and the next register is displayed. The command is terminated by a carriage-return, or display/modification of the I or R register. The flag registers can be changed by typing XF or X'F which the monitor will respond by displaying the HEX value of that register.

6.0 EXTERNALLY REFERENCED SUBROUTINES

Several externally referenced subroutines and entry points are provided for possible use by the user's software. These routines have entry addresses relative to the beginning of the monitor (F000).

6.1 **Initialize Monitor (BEGIN)**

Address = F000

Normal entry point to cold start the monitor. The I/O configuration is scanned for a carriage-return from the user. The VB3 board is also initialized.

6.2 **Console Input (CI)**

Address = F003

Console input. One character (byte) is read from the logical console input device and returned in register A. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

6.3 **Reader Input (RI)**

Address = F006

Reader input. One byte is read from the logical reader device and returned in register A. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

With a certain physical reader selection, this subroutine will "time out" and return with no data and the carry flag set. See section 8 for details.

6.4 **Console Output (CO)**

Address = F009

Console output. The byte in register C is output to the logical console output device. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

6.5 **Punch Output (PR)**

Address = F00C

Punch output. The byte in register C is output to the logical punch device. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

6.6 **List Output (LO)**

Address = F00F

List output. The byte in register C is output to the logical list device. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

6.7 Console Status (CSTS)

Address = F012

Console status. The logical console input device is checked for input availability. Register A is set to zero and the zero flag is set true if no input is available. Register A is set non-zero and the zero flag is set false if a character is available. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

6.8 Check I/O Byte (IOCHK)

Address = F015

The current setting of the IOBYT is returned in register A. IOBYT is the byte of RAM used by the monitor to record the current logical device/physical device assignments. The bits of the IOBYT are as follows:

<u>Field</u>	<u>Function</u>
Bits 0,1	Indicates the physical device currently assigned to the logical console device.
Bits 2,3	Indicates the physical device currently assigned to the logical reader device.
Bits 4,5	Indicates the physical device currently assigned to the logical punch device.
Bits 6,7	Indicates the physical device currently assigned to the logical list device.

Every two bit pair presents the binary number 0 thru 3 which is used by the monitor to pick one of four possible devices. All registers other than A & F are preserved.

6.9 Set I/O Byte (IOSET)

Address = F018

The contents of register C are stored in the IOBYT, thus altering the logical/physical device assignments. All registers are preserved.

6.10 Find Top of Memory (MEMCK)

Address = F01B

The upper limit of RAM available to user programs is returned in registers B (most significant) and A (least significant). The address returned is that of the first byte not available to the user. All registers other than A, B and F are preserved.

6.11 Output String (STRNG)

Address = F01E

The string of characters pointed to by registers H & L is output to the logical console output device. The character string is terminated by a null character (null = 00 Hex), or after a character with bit 7(MSB) set (last character is output with bit 7 set). Registers B, D, E are preserved.

6.12 RE-Enter The Monitor (REENT)

Address = F021

Alternate entry point (warm start) to the monitor. The current I/O configuration is not altered when the monitor is entered at this point. This is the common entry point for external routines after the monitor has been initialized once (see 6.1).

6.13 Special Vector

Address = F024

The special vector input provides an entry point for several subroutines within the System Configuration Package. When JVTR is entered, register A must be set by the user to select the desired subroutine.

6.131 Scratch Address (ADSCR)

Register A = 00

All registers except A, F, H & L preserved.

The address for the top of scratch memory used by the monitor is returned in registers H&L.

6.132 VB3 Constants (RWCL)

Register A = 01

All registers except A, F, H & L preserved.

The address for the two constants (Row & Column) used by the VB3 is returned in registers H & L. The column value is at the address returned in H & L, with the Row value at H & L +1. The two constants only have to be changed if the VB3 is initialized by the user to a format other than 80 X 18. (See 6.133 to set new format).

The monitor initially sets:

Address H&L points to the value 50 hex(80 decimal)

Address H&L+1 points to the value 12 hex(18 decimal)

6.133 Initialize VB3 (VB3IZ)

Register A = 02

All registers except A, F, H & L preserved.

A table of seven parameters is passed to the VB3 board with this subroutine to change its initialization from 80 X 18 to any user defined format. H&L must be set to the address of the beginning of the table of the seven parameters to be passed.

The monitor initializes this table as follows:

70 hex-----Hcount-1, length of raster line.

53 hex-----Interlace bit + Sync parameters

5D hex-----Raster lines/Char. + No. of Char. across

11 hex-----No. of rows down the screen minus one

03 hex-----Raster fill-in constant

14 hex-----Top vertical margin in raster lines.

11 hex-----Sets which line number is bottom of screen

See the VB3 manual for additional information and explanation of VB3 parameters.

6.134 Output to the VB3 (VB3OUT)

Register A = 03

All registers except A, C, F, H & L preserved.

Output to the VB3 board. The data must be in register C and the Column constant address must be pointed to by H & L. The Row constant must be at H & L + 1 (See 6.132 for more information.)

This output subroutine gives the ability of running multiple VB3's which have different formats(80X18, 80X24, 80X32, etc.) and different Bank-Switch port addresses and yet have them all at address C000 in memory.

TYPICAL ROUTINE:

Load Reg-C and CALL VB31.

```
VB3-1:  OUT      KSTAT      ;TURN-ON VB3#1
        LXI      H,VB3XY   ;SET ROW/COL DATA ADDRESS
        MVI      A,3       ;VECTOR TO VB3OUT
        CALL     0F024H    ;CALL VECTOR
        OUT      KDATA     ;TURN-OFF VB3#1
        RET
VB3XY:  DB       80        ;COLUMN VALUE
        DB       18        ;ROW VALUE
```

If the column/row data (80X18,etc.) is the same for all the VB3 boards then use RWCL (see section 6.132) to change the column/row values within the monitor to meet your needs and replace the above line as follows:

```
with:   LXI      H,VB3XY
        MVI      A,1
        CALL     0F024H   ;GET ROW/COL DATA ADDRESS
```

6.135 Output to the VB1 (VDTTY)

Register A = 04

All registers except A & F preserved.

Registers H & L must be preset to the starting location of three bytes of scratch that can be use by the VB1 to save its cursor address and cursor byte. The data to be displayed is placed in register C. There is already a POP H instruction at the end of the monitor's VB1 routine, so you MUST PUSH H prior jumping to the routine.

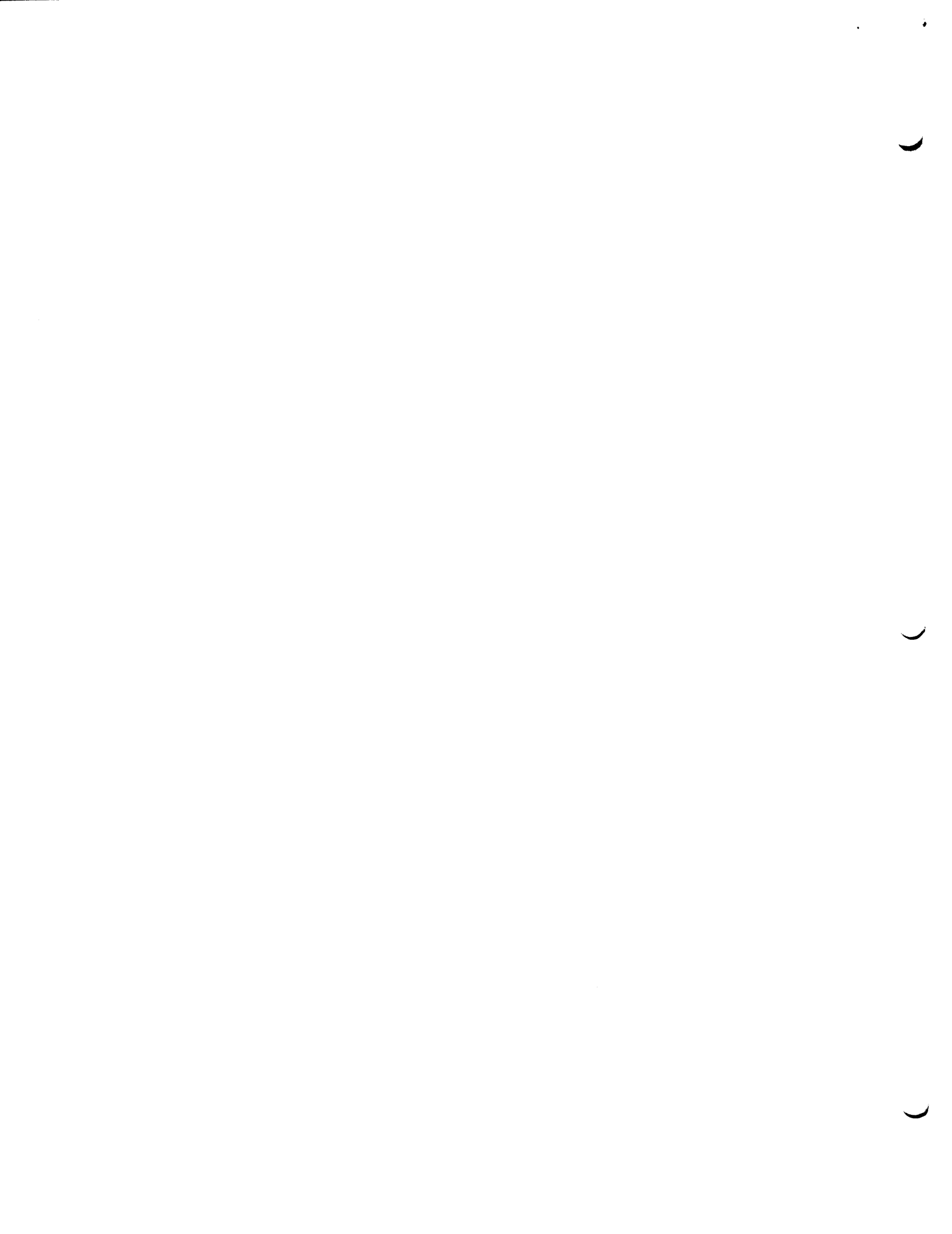
TYPICAL ROUTINE:

Load Reg-C with character and CALL VB1OUT.

```
VB1OUT: PUSH     H          ;NEEDED TO COMPLETE ROUTINE
        LXI     H,VB1SCR;POINT TO SCRATCH RAM
        MVI     A,04
        JMP     0F024H   ;VECTOR TO VB1
VB1SCR: DB       0
        DB       0
```

6.14 Summary of Entry Points

<u>NAME</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>
BEGIN	Initialize Monitor	F000
CI	Console Input	F003
RI	Reader Input	F006
CO	Console Output	F009
PR	Punch Output	F00C
LO	List Output	F00F
CSTS	Console Status	F012
IOCHK	Read I/O Byte	F015
IOSET	Set I/O Byte	F018
MEMCK	Find Top Of RAM	F01B
STRNG	Output String	F01E
REENT	Re-enter Monitor	F021
JVTR	Special Vector	F024



7.0 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION PACKAGE

The system configuration package is used to tailor the monitor to a particular system hardware/software configuration. The package consists of a table establishing the I/O configuration, several entry points for establishing certain memory addresses, and driver routines for system I/O devices. The table and entry points, their addresses relative to the beginning of the package (SCP), and their functions are listed below.

7.1 IOTAB

Address = SCP + 0

This table consists of six sub-tables, each consisting of four entries of two bytes each. Each sub-table entry is the entry point address of a driver routine for a particular physical device. Each sub-table lists the driver routines for the four physical devices that may be assigned to a logical device. Sub-tables are included for console status, console input, console output, reader input, punch output, and list output.

7.2 ADSCS

Address = SCP + 30H

This is a subroutine to set registers D & E to the address of the top of the monitor scratchpad area of RAM. This subroutine is not called in the usual way. Registers D & E must be set to the return address from this routine and then jump to SCP + 30H.

7.3 ADSCR

Address = SCP + 33H

This is a subroutine to set registers H & L to the address of the top of the monitor scratchpad area of RAM. This subroutine is called in the normal way by a CALL instruction. The monitor requires 96 bytes of RAM for scratchpad.

7.4 ADIOB

Address = SCP + 36H

This is a subroutine to set registers H & L to the address of IOBYT, the byte of RAM where the current I/O configuration is recorded.

7.5 ADUST

Address = SCP + 39H

This is a subroutine to set registers H & L to the address of the users stack. This is a default value (0100 Hex) used only until replaced by the operator (XS command) or by execution of a breakpoint. It is expected that the user routines will initialize the stack pointer when they are first entered.

7.6 JVTR

Address = SCP + 3DH

This is an entry point to several subroutines. The routine is selected by the value in the A register (see Section 6.13).

8.0 I/O ASSIGNMENTS

Using the 'A' command, the following I/O selections are available in the SSM Z-80 Monitor.

AC=0	Console I/O using ports 0 & 1
AC=1	Console I/O using ports 2 & 3
AC=2	Keyboard input on ports 6 & 7, VB1 at E000
AC=3	Keyboard input on ports E0 & E1, VB3 at C000

AR=0	Reader input using ports 0 & 1
AR=1	Reader input using ports 2 & 3
*AR=2	Reader Device on ports 0E & 0F
AR=3	Reader input using ports E0 & E1

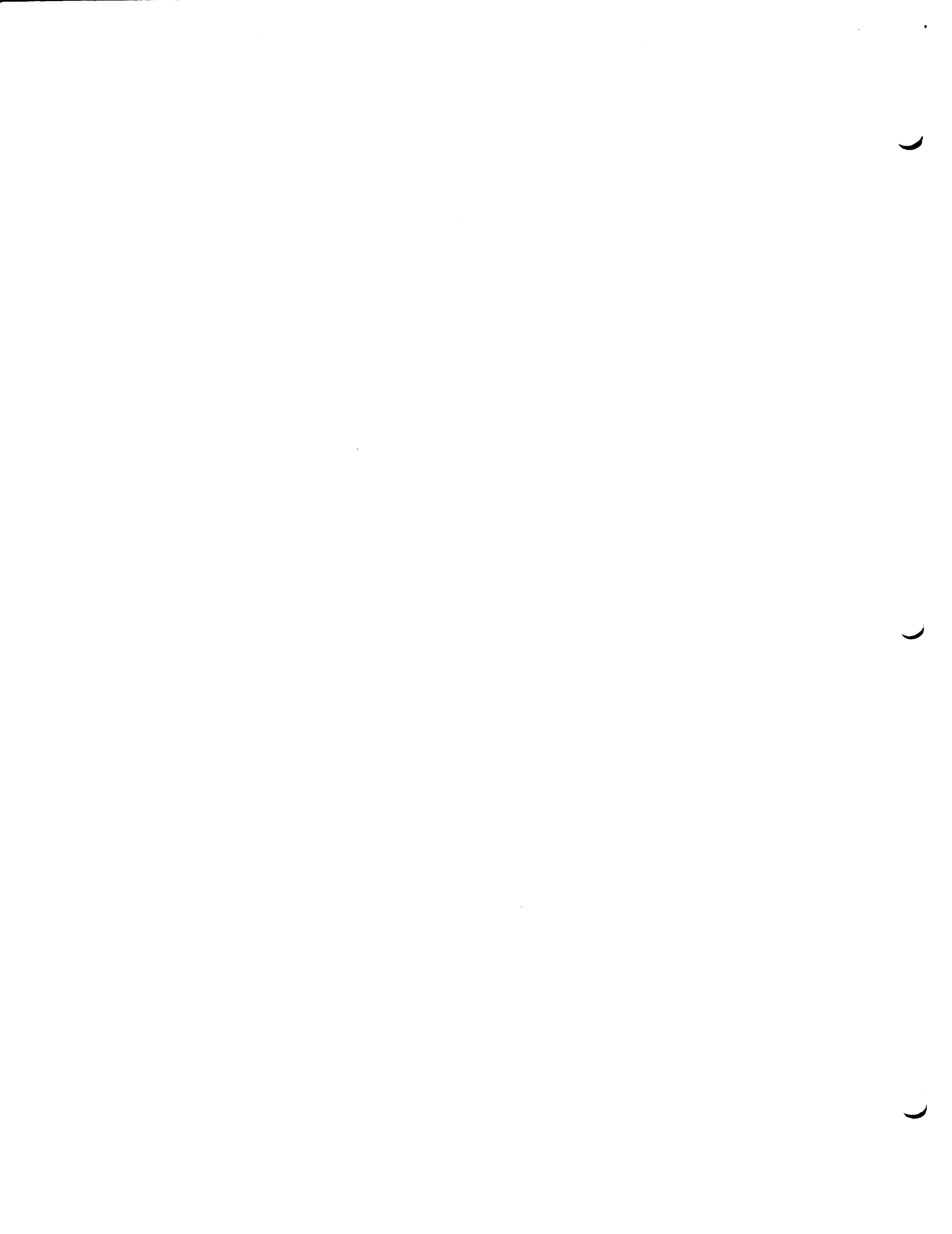
AP=0	Punch output using ports 0 & 1
AP=1	Punch output using ports 2 & 3
AP=2	Punch output using ports 0E & 0F
AP=3	Punch output to VB3 at C000

AL=0	Listing device using ports 2 & 3
AL=1	Listing device using ports 0 & 1
AL=2	Listing output to VB3 at C000
AL=3	Listing output to VB1 at E000

- * With the indicated selection, the RI (Reader) input routine has a built in timer. If no data is read in approximately 1/2 second, the routine will return with the carry flag set true.

All input boards should use the even port address for STATUS, and the odd address for DATA. The STATUS bit D0 (LSB) will be used for a Data-available flag and will be negative true for inputs.

All output boards should use the even port address for STATUS, and the odd address for DATA. The STATUS bit D7 (MSB) will be used for a Data-acknowledge flag and will be negative true for outputs.



9.0 ERROR INDICATOR

The SSM Z-80 Monitor checks the command line as it is being typed in for errors. When using the monitor's commands, the statement line is preceded by a decimal point (a period) which is sent by the monitor when it is ready for another command. The first character after the decimal point must be a letter (command character) or an error symbol (an asterisk) will be printed. The next character must be a letter or hex value as specified in Section 4.0 or an error symbol will be printed and the command is aborted.

Legal Command Characters:

A, D, F, G, H, I, M, O, S, X

Legal Hex Characters:

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F

Command Line Separators:

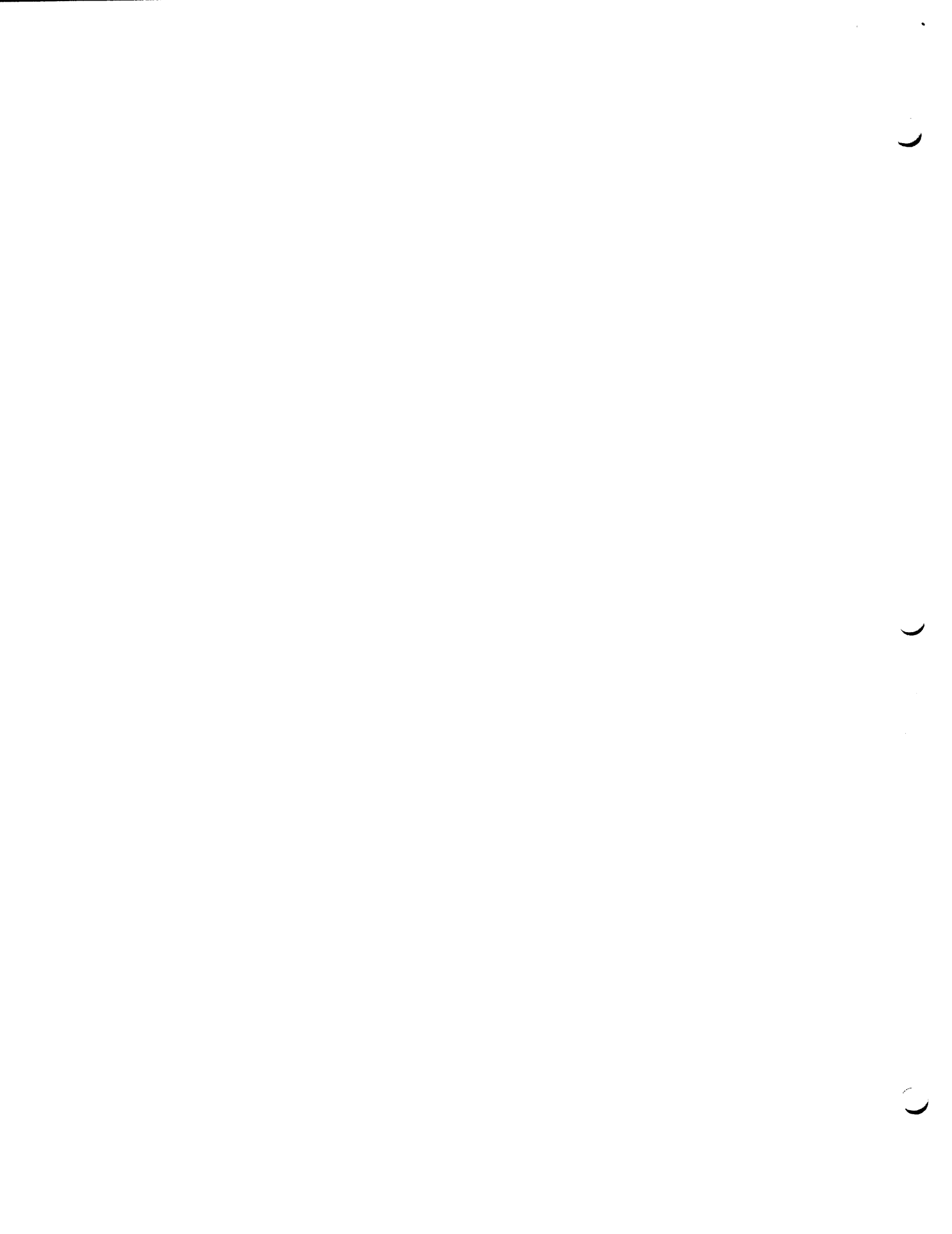
Space and Comma

Command Line Terminators:

Carriage-Return

Error Symbol:

Asterisk (*)

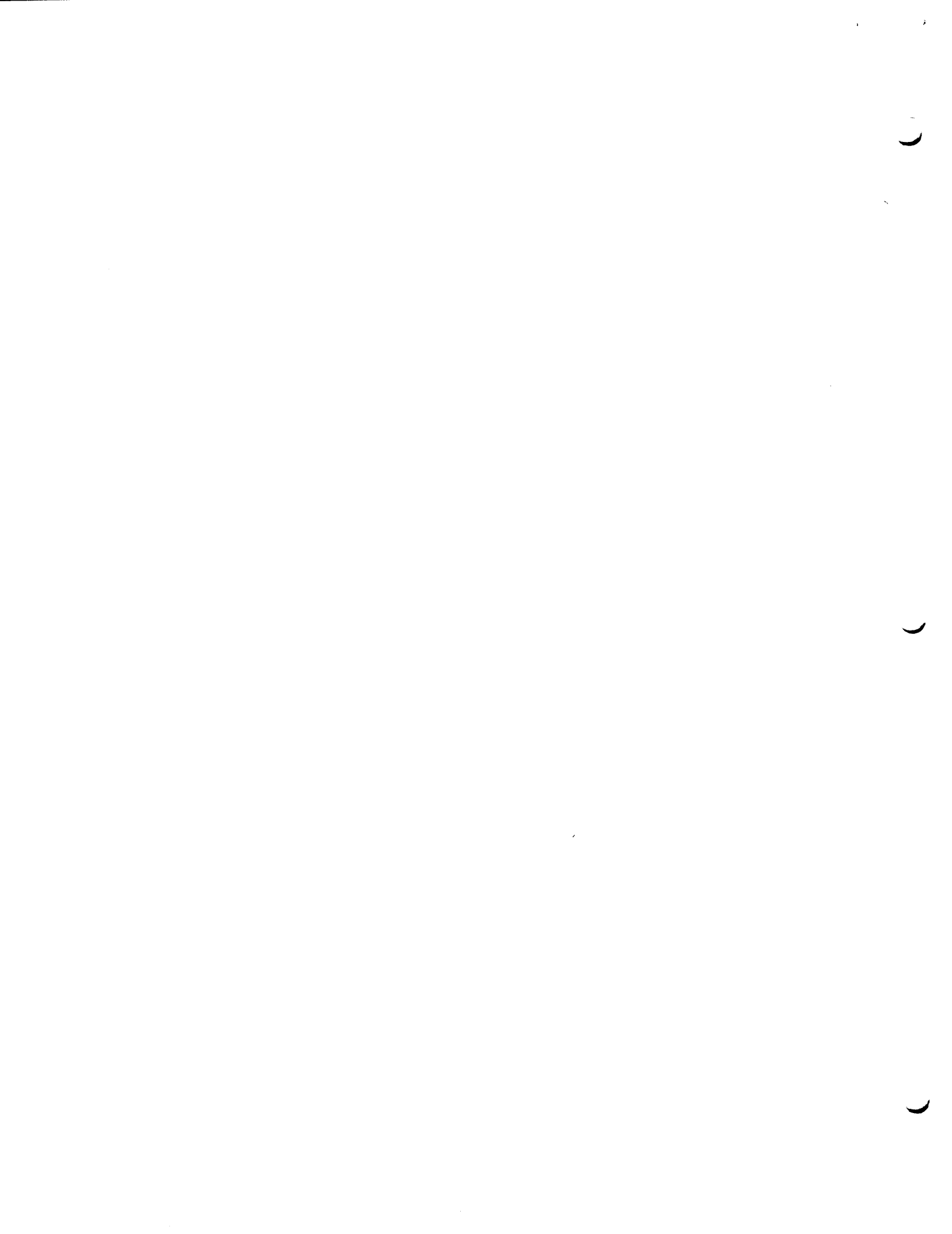


10.0 MONITOR EXPANSION

The SSM Z-80 Monitor has been set-up to allow the user to add commands. By making a duplicate copy of the Monitor, six bytes in the look-up table (TBL) can be preset by the user with two new letter commands and their associated jump addresses to the user defined subroutines. The look-up table (TBL) in the source listing uses three bytes to define a command. The format is:

```
1 byte DB      'L'      ;user selected ASCII symbol for the
                        ;command.
2 byte DW      SUBR     ;address of where the subroutine
                        ;starts.
```

The Z-80 Monitor doesn't occupy the top 2K of memory for the Z-80, so there is room for additional routines in a second 2716 EPROM starting at F800 Hex.



11.0 MULTIPLE VB3 APPLICATION

The VB3 routines within the Z-80 Monitor have been broken down into modules to allow for multiple VB3s within one system with different I/O port addresses and different initialization data. Multiple VB3s would allow the Z-80 computer to have (1) more than one user console using the VB3s for output, (2) VB3s as system status indicators for different functions while one VB3 is used as the main console, or (3) three VB3 boards driving the three inputs of a RGB color TV monitor.

There are two routines which can be used to support the VB3 in a Z-80 based system. One routine is labeled VB3IZ (used to initialize a VB3) and the other labeled is VB3OUT (used to output a character to the VB3). Both of these routines can be entered by setting the A-register and CALLing location F024 (see section 6.13).

On power-up of the Z-80 system you should initialize the VB3s within the system by passing a six byte table with VB3IZ to each VB3 board.

Example of a three VB3 initialization routine:

```
;Set up I/O ports for each VB3.
;VB3-1
KSTAT1      EQU      0E0H      ;TURN-ON VB3
KDATA1      EQU      KSTAT1+1;TURN-OFF VB3
;VB3-2
KSTAT2      EQU      0E2H
KDATA2      EQU      KSTAT2+1
;VB3-3
KSTAT3      EQU      0E4H
KDATA3      EQU      KSTAT3+1

;Main entry is here!
VINTZ:      OUT      KSTAT1  ;TURN-ON
            LXI      H,VTBL1 ;POINT TO DATA TBL
            MVI      A,2
            CALL     0F024H  ;GO TO INITIALIZE
            OUT      KDATA1  ;TURN-OFF
            ;
            OUT      KSTAT2
            LXI      H,VTBL2
            MVI      A,2
            CALL     0F024H
            OUT      KDATA2
            ;
            OUT      KSTAT3
            LXI      H,VTBL3
            MVI      A,2
            CALL     0F024H
            OUT      KDATA3
            ;
            RET
```


;Data to initialize each VB3.

;VB3-1 (80X16)

```
VTBL1:      DB      70H
             DB      65H
             DB      5DH
             DB      0FH
             DB      03H
             DB      26H
             DB      0FH
```

;VB3-2 (80X24)

```
VTBL2:      DB      70H
             DB      0BCH
             DB      6DH
             DB      17H
             DB      06H
             DB      29H
             DB      17H
```

;VB3-3 (80X32)

```
VTBL3:      DB      70H
             DB      0D3H
             DB      5DH
             DB      1FH
             DB      06H
             DB      1EH
             DB      1FH
```

END

To output to one of many VB3s, use the routine listed in section 6.134.

12.0 VB3 FORMAT CHANGE APPLICATION

If a VB3 and parallel keyboard are being utilized with the Z-80 Monitor, after power-up of the monitor the number of characters across and lines down the VB3 display can be altered. This simple 32 byte routine can be entered and executed at 0100 Hex to set the VB3 into a new mode of operation. As long as all further user routines re-enter the monitor at F021 Hex, instead of F000 Hex, the new VB3 format will be maintained.

```
F024 =      VB3IZ  EQU      0F024H
F024 =      RWCL   EQU      0F024H
F021 =      MONT   EQU      0F021H

;START VB3 FORMAT ROUTINE

0100                ORG      0100H

;CHANGE VB3 FORMAT

0100 D3E0                OUT      0E0H                ;TURN-ON VB3
0102 3E02                MVI      A,2                ;SET VECTOR NUMBER
0104 211701              LXI      H,NEW              ;NEW TABLE OF VALUES
0107 CD24F0              CALL     VB3IZ                ;SEND TO VB3

;CHANGE MONITOR COLUMN/ROW NUMBERS

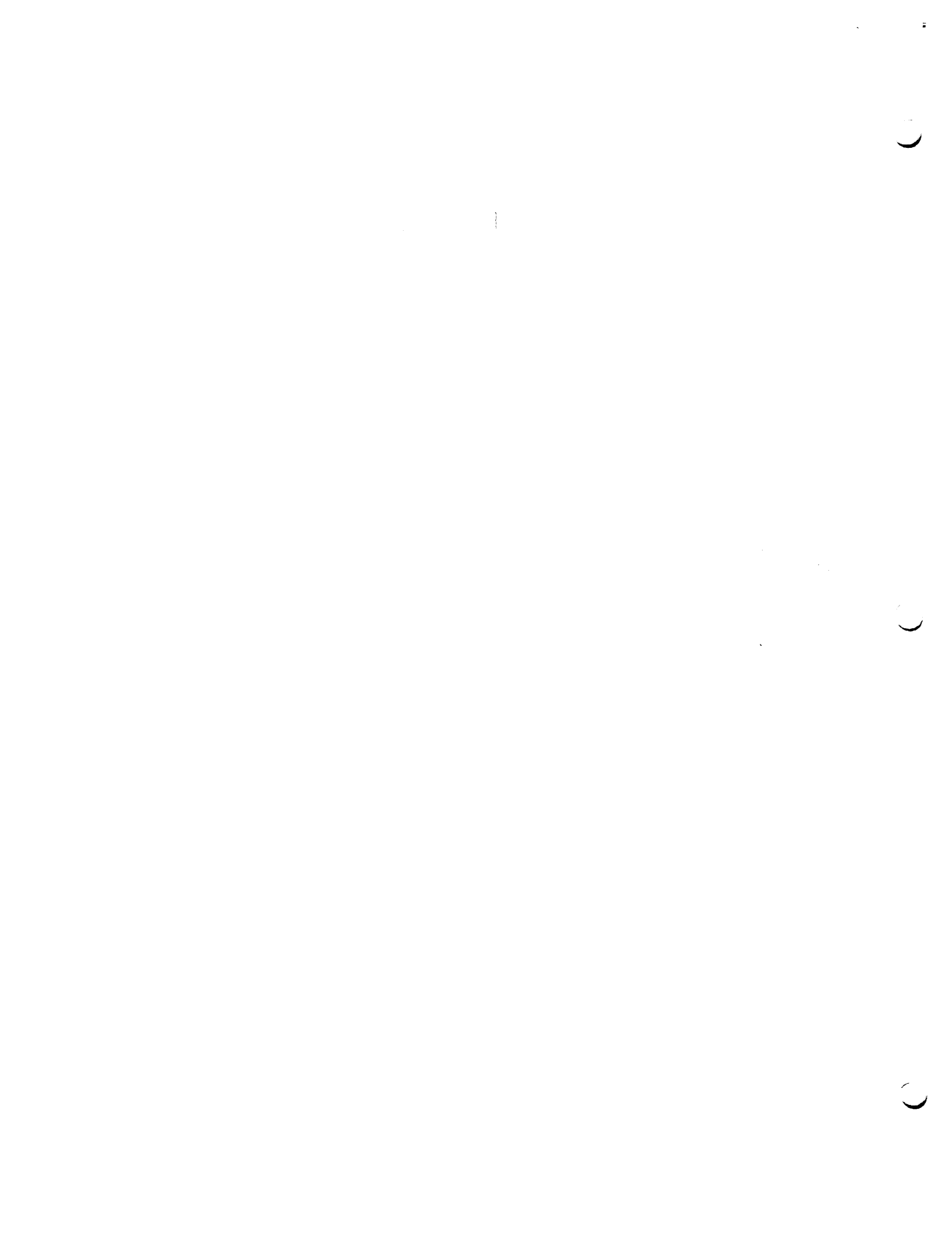
010A 3E01                MVI      A,1                ;SET VECTOR NUMBER
010C CD24F0              CALL     RWCL                ;FIND VB3 DATA ADDRESS
010F 23                  INX      H
0110 3620                MVI      M,32              ;SET ROW NUMBER
0112 D3E1                OUT      0E1H                ;TURN-OFF VB3

;RETURN TO MONITOR

0114 C321F0              JMP      MONT

;TABLE OF DATA

0117 70                  NEW:   DB      70H                ;HORIZONTAL WIDTH
0118 D3                  DB      0D3H              ;INTERLACE MODE
0119 5D                  DB      5DH                ;LINES/CHARACTER & 80 CHARS
011A 1F                  DB      1FH                ;NUMBER OF ROWS-1
011B 06                  DB      06H              ;RASTER FILL-IN
011C 1E                  DB      1EH              ;TOP MARGIN
011D 1F                  DB      1FH                ;SET BOTTOM LINE
```



13.0 SOURCE LISTING

```

0001 ;*****SSM Z80 MONITOR V1.10*****
0002 ; PROGRAMMER:
0003 ; C. E. OHME,1977

0004 ; TECHNICAL SUPPORT:
0005 ; P. DENNIS,4-21-80

0006 ; MODIFIED BY:
0007 ; M. T. WRIGHT,4-27-80
0008 ; D. M. FISCHLER, 9-15-80

0009 ; COPYRIGHT 1980 BY SSM MICROCOMPUTER PRODUCTS
0010 ; ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

(FFFF) 0011 TRUE EQU 0FFFFH
(0000) 0012 FALSE EQU NOT TRUE

(F000) 0013 ; STARTING ADDRESS OF MONITOR
0014 LOC EQU 0F000H

0015 ; SIZE OF BREAKPOINT STACK
0016 ; WARNING:
0017 ; DON'T CHANGE THESE VALUES UNLESS YOU
0018 ; REALLY UNDERSTAND THE MONITOR.
(0016) 0019 BSTK EQU 22 ;22 BYTES DEEP

(000D) 0020 ; ASCII CHARACTERS
(000A) 0021 CR EQU 0DH
(0008) 0022 LF EQU 0AH
(000C) 0023 BS EQU 08H
0024 FF EQU 0CH

0000' 0025 ORG LOC

0026 ; EXTERNALLY REFERENCED SUBROUTINE
0027 ; JUMP TABLE
F000 C32AF0 0028 JP BEGIN
F003 C304F1 0029 JP CI
F006 C30EF1 0030 JP RI
F009 C3FFF0 0031 JP CO
F00C C313F1 0032 JP PR
F00F C318F1 0033 JP LO
F012 C309F1 0034 JP CSTS
F015 C33BF1 0035 JP IOCHK
F018 C342F1 0036 JP IOSET
F01B C3DAF1 0037 JP MEMCK
F01E C34BF1 0038 JP STRNG
F021 C327F0 0039 JP REENT
F024 C35EF5 0040 JP JVTR

F027 0E00 0041 REENT: LD C,0
F029 21 0042 DEFB 21H ;"LXI H" TRICK

```

```

F02A 0E01          0043 BEGIN: LD      C,1
F02C 1132F0       0044          LD      DE,BG0
F02F C351F5       0045          JP      ADSCS
F032 79           0046 BG0:   LD      A,C          ;SAVE COLD BOOT FLAG
F033 21FDFE       0047          LD      HL,VX3-ENDX
F036 19           0048          ADD     HL,DE        ;POINT TO (VX3-1)
F037 012600       0049          LD      BC,VX3-EXIT ;NUMBER OF BYTES
F03A 11BBF2       0050          LD      DE,VX3-1    ;TOP 3 OF TEMPLATE
F03D EB           0051 BG1:   EX      DE,HL
F03E EDB8         0052          LDDR
F040 EB           0053          EX      DE,HL
F041 23           0054          INC     HL
F042 4F           0055          LD      C,A          ;RESTORE COLD BOOT FLAG
F043 F9           0056          LD      SP,HL
F044 CD5AF5       0057          CALL   ADUST
F047 E5           0058          PUSH   HL
F048 210000       0059          LD      HL,0
F04B 060A         0060 ; *****
F04D E5           0061          LD      B,(BTK-2)/2
F04E 05           0062 ; *****
F04F 20FC         0063 BG1A:  PUSH   HL          ;CLEAR BREAK PT. STACK
F051 79           0064          DEC     B
F052 B7           0065          JR      NZ,BG1A
F053 2826         0066          LD      A,C
F055 79           0067          OR      A
F056 3D           0068          JR      Z,BG4
F057 E603         0069 ;SET-UP I/O BYTE FOR MONITOR
F059 4F           0070 BG2:   LD      A,C          ;GET CONSOLE VALUE
F05A CD42F1       0071          DEC     A          ;TRY NEXT CONSOLE
F05D CD09F1       0072          AND     3          ;ONLY FOUR!
F060 28F3         0073          LD      C,A
F062 CD04F1       0074          CALL   IOSET       ;SET FOR 0 THRU 3
F065 FE0D         0075          CALL   CSTS        ;TEST FOR INPUT
F067 20EC         0076          JR      Z,BG2      ;NO STATUS?KEEP LOOKING
F069 CD36F6       0077          CALL   CI          ;GET 1ST CHAR.
F06C CD54F5       0078          CP      CR         ;MUST BE A 'CR'.
F06F 2B           0079          JR      NZ,BG2     ;IF ERR, KEEP TRYING.
F070 115012       0080          CALL   VB3MZ       ;INITIALIZE VB3
F073 72           0081          CALL   ADSCR       ;FIND TOP OF RAM
F074 2B           0082          DEC     HL         ;SKIP I/O BYTE
F075 73           0083          LD      DE,NROWS*256+NCOLS
F076 0E0C         0084          LD      (HL),D     ;SET NO. OF ROWS
F078 CDFFF0       0085          DEC     HL
F07B 21BFF0       0086          LD      (HL),E     ;SET NO. OF COLUMNS
F07E CD4BF1       0087          LD      C,FF       ;CLEAR SCREEN
F081 B7           0088          CALL   CO          ;
F082 D293F0       0089 BG4:   LD      HL,VERS
F083 CMNDR:  JP      STRNG
F084          0090          CALL   STRNG
F085          0091          OR      A
F086          0092 ; COMMAND RETURN POINT
F087          0093          CMNDR: JP      NC,START

```

```

0094 ;          ERROR RETURN
F085 CD54F5 0095 LER:      CALL    ADSCR
0096 ; *****
F088 11C2FF 0097          LD      DE,EXIT-ENDX+1-BSTK
0098 ; *****
F08B 19      0099          ADD     HL,DE
F08C F9      0100          LD      SP,HL
F08D 21D6F0 0101          LD      HL,ERM
F090 CD4BF1 0102          CALL   STRNG

0103 ;          INPUT AND EXECUTE NEXT COMMAND
F093 FB      0104 START:    EI
F094 CD7CF1 0105          CALL   CRLF
F097 0E2E    0106          LD      C, '.'
F099 CDFFF0 0107          CALL   CO
F09C CD5CF1 0108          CALL   TI
F09F B7      0109          OR      A                ;IS IT A BREAK?
FOA0 CA85F0 0110          JP      Z,LER
FOA3 47      0111          LD      B,A                ;SAVE CMD LETTER
FOA4 2182F0 0112          LD      HL,CMNDR
FOA7 E5      0113          PUSH   HL
FOA8 21D8F0 0114          LD      HL,TBL
FOAB 7E      0115 S1:      LD      A,(HL)            ;GET POSSIBLE CMD.
FOAC 23      0116          INC     HL
FOAD B8      0117          CP      B                ;IS THERE A MATCH?
FOAE 2808    0118          JR      Z,S2            ;JUMP IF YES.
FOB0 B7      0119          OR      A                ;END OF CMD TABLE?
FOB1 CA85F0 0120          JP      Z,LER
FOB4 23      0121          INC     HL
FOB5 23      0122          INC     HL
FOB6 18F3    0123          JR      S1
FOB8 7E      0124 S2:      LD      A,(HL)
FOB9 23      0125          INC     HL
FOBA 66      0126          LD      H,(HL)
FOBB 6F      0127          LD      L,A
FOBC 0E02    0128          LD      C,2
FOBE E9      0129          JP      (HL)
FOBF 0D0A5353 0130 VERS:  DEFB   CR,LF,'SSM Z80 MONITOR V1.1'
      4D205A38
      30204D4F
      4E49544F
      52205631
      2E31

F0D5 B0      0131          DEFB   '0' OR 80H
F0D6 0AAA    0132 ERM:    DEFB   LF,'*' OR 80H

0133 ;          COMMAND JUMP TABLE
F0D8 41      0134 TBL:    DEFB   'A'
F0D9 BFF2    0135          DEFW   ASSIGN
F0DB 44      0136          DEFB   'D'
F0DC 02F3    0137          DEFW   DISP
F0DE 46      0138          DEFB   'F'
F0DF 31F3    0139          DEFW   FILL
FOE1 47      0140          DEFB   'G'
FOE2 40F3    0141          DEFW   GOTO

```

FOE4	48	0142	DEFB	'H'	
FOE5	8EF3	0143	DEFW	HEXN	
FOE7	49	0144	DEFB	'I'	
FOE8	AAF3	0145	DEFW	ZINP	;Z80 INPUT CMD
FOEA	4D	0146	DEFB	'M'	
FOEB	B9F3	0147	DEFW	MOVE	
FOED	4F	0148	DEFB	'O'	
FOEE	CBF3	0149	DEFW	ZOUT	;Z80 OUTPUT CMD
F0F0	53	0150	DEFB	'S'	
F0F1	D4F3	0151	DEFW	SUBS	
F0F3	58	0152	DEFB	'X'	
F0F4	14F4	0153	DEFW	X	
F0F6	00	0154	DEFB	0	;FUTURE CMD.
F0F7	0000	0155	DEFW	0	;FUTURE ROUTINE ADDR.
F0F9	00	0156	DEFB	0	;DITTO
F0FA	0000	0157	DEFW	0	
F0FC	00	0158	DEFB	0	;END OF TABLE

		0159 ;	UTILITY	SUBROUTINES	
F0FD	0E20	0160	BLK:	LD	C, ' '
F0FF	CD1DF1	0161	CO:	CALL	IOBR
F102	0110	0162		DEFB	1,10H
F104	CD1DF1	0163	CI:	CALL	IOBR
F107	0108	0164		DEFB	1,8
F109	CD1DF1	0165	CSTS:	CALL	IOBR
F10C	0100	0166		DEFB	1,0
F10E	CD1DF1	0167	RI:	CALL	IOBR
F111	0418	0168		DEFB	4,18H
F113	CD1DF1	0169	PR:	CALL	IOBR
F116	0320	0170		DEFB	3,20H
F118	CD1DF1	0171	LO:	CALL	IOBR
F11B	0228	0172		DEFB	2,28H
F11D	E3	0173	IOBR:	EX	(SP),HL
F11E	C5	0174		PUSH	BC
F11F	46	0175		LD	B,(HL)
F120	23	0176		INC	HL
F121	4E	0177		LD	C,(HL)
F122	CD57F5	0178		CALL	ADIOB
F125	7E	0179		LD	A,(HL)
F126	0F	0180		RRCA	
F127	07	0181	IOB1:	RLCA	
F128	07	0182		RLCA	
F129	05	0183		DEC	B
F12A	20FB	0184		JR	NZ,IOB1
F12C	E606	0185		AND	6
F12E	81	0186		ADD	C
F12F	4F	0187		LD	C,A
F130	2121F5	0188		LD	HL,IOTAB
F133	09	0189		ADD	HL,BC
F134	7E	0190		LD	A,(HL)
F135	23	0191		INC	HL
F136	66	0192		LD	H,(HL)
F137	6F	0193		LD	L,A
F138	C1	0194		POP	BC
F139	E3	0195		EX	(SP),HL

F13A	C9	0196		RET	
		0197			
F13B	E5	0198	IOCHK:	PUSH	HL
F13C	CD57F5	0199		CALL	ADI OB
F13F	7E	0200		LD	A, (HL)
F140	E1	0201		POP	HL
F141	C9	0202		RET	
		0203			
F142	E5	0204	IOSET:	PUSH	HL
F143	F5	0205		PUSH	AF
F144	CD57F5	0206		CALL	ADI OB
F147	71	0207		LD	(HL), C
F148	F1	0208		POP	AF
F149	E1	0209		POP	HL
F14A	C9	0210		RET	
		0211			
F14B	7E	0212	STRNG:	LD	A, (HL)
F14C	E67F	0213		AND	7FH
F14E	C8	0214		RET	Z
F14F	4F	0215		LD	C, A
F150	7E	0216		LD	A, (HL)
F151	B7	0217		OR	A
F152	FAFFF0	0218		JP	M, CO
F155	CDFFF0	0219		CALL	CO
F158	23	0220		INC	HL
F159	C34BF1	0221		JP	STRNG
		0222			
F15C	CD04F1	0223	TI:	CALL	CI
F15F	E67F	0224		AND	7FH
F161	C5	0225		PUSH	BC
F162	4F	0226		LD	C, A
F163	CDFFF0	0227		CALL	CO
F166	79	0228		LD	A, C
F167	C1	0229		POP	BC
F168	FE61	0230		CP	61H
F16A	3F	0231		CCF	
F16B	D0	0232		RET	NC
F16C	FE7B	0233		CP	7AH+1
F16E	D0	0234		RET	NC
F16F	E65F	0235		AND	5FH
F171	C9	0236		RET	
		0237			
F172	E60F	0238	CONV:	AND	0FH
F174	C690	0239		ADD	90H
F176	27	0240		DAA	
F177	CE40	0241		ADC	40H
F179	27	0242		DAA	
F17A	4F	0243		LD	C, A
F17B	C9	0244		RET	
		0245			
F17C	0E0D	0246	CRLF:	LD	C, CR
F17E	CDFFF0	0247		CALL	CO
F181	0E0A	0248		LD	C, LF
F183	C3FFF0	0249		JP	CO
		0250			

;LOWER CASE -A-
;RET IF LESS THAN
;LOWER CASE -Z-
;RET IF GREATER THAN
;CONVERT TO UPPER CASE

F186	0E01	0251	EXPR1:	LD	C,1	
F188	210000	0252	EXPR:	LD	HL,0000H	
F18B	CD5CF1	0253	EX0:	CALL	TI	
F18E	47	0254	EX1:	LD	B,A	;SAVE CHARACTER
F18F	CDF8F1	0255		CALL	NIBBL	;CREATE NYBBLE
F192	DA9EF1	0256		JP	C,EX2	;JUMP IF ERROR
F195	29	0257		ADD	HL,HL	;SHIFT HL LEFT 4
F196	29	0258		ADD	HL,HL	
F197	29	0259		ADD	HL,HL	
F198	29	0260		ADD	HL,HL	
F199	B5	0261		OR	L	;COMBINE WITH NYBBLE
F19A	6F	0262		LD	L,A	
F19B	C38BF1	0263		JP	EX0	;GO BACK FOR MORE.
F19E	E3	0264	EX2:	EX	(SP),HL	
F19F	E5	0265		PUSH	HL	
F1A0	78	0266		LD	A,B	
F1A1	CD0DF2	0267		CALL	P2C	
F1A4	D2ACF1	0268		JP	NC,EX3	
F1A7	0D	0269		DEC	C	
F1A8	C285F0	0270		JP	NZ,LER	
F1AB	C9	0271		RET		
F1AC	C285F0	0272	EX3:	JP	NZ,LER	
F1AF	0D	0273		DEC	C	
F1B0	C288F1	0274		JP	NZ,EXPR	
F1B3	C9	0275		RET		
F1B4	0E01	0276	EXF:	LD	C,1	
F1B6	210000	0277		LD	HL,0000H	
F1B9	C38EF1	0278		JP	EX1	
		0279				
F1BC	23	0280	HILO:	INC	HL	
F1BD	7C	0281		LD	A,H	
F1BE	B5	0282		OR	L	
F1BF	37	0283		SCF		
F1C0	C8	0284		RET	Z	
F1C1	7B	0285		LD	A,E	
F1C2	95	0286		SUB	L	
F1C3	7A	0287		LD	A,D	
F1C4	9C	0288		SBC	H	
F1C5	C9	0289		RET		
		0290				
F1C6	7C	0291	LADR:	LD	A,H	
F1C7	CDCBF1	0292		CALL	LBYTE	
F1CA	7D	0293		LD	A,L	
F1CB	F5	0294	LBYTE:	PUSH	AF	
F1CC	0F	0295		RRCA		
F1CD	0F	0296		RRCA		
F1CE	0F	0297		RRCA		
F1CF	0F	0298		RRCA		
F1D0	CDD4F1	0299		CALL	HXD	
F1D3	F1	0300		POP	AF	
F1D4	CD72F1	0301	HXD:	CALL	CONV	
F1D7	C3FFF0	0302		JP	CO	
F1DA	E5	0303	MEMCK:	PUSH	HL	
F1DB	D5	0304		PUSH	DE	
F1DC	CD54F5	0305		CALL	ADSCR	

F1DF	EB	0306	EX	DE,HL	
F1E0	210000	0307	LD	HL,0	
F1E3	24	0308	MEMO: INC	H	
F1E4	7E	0309	LD	A,(HL)	
F1E5	2F	0310	CPL		
F1E6	77	0311	LD	(HL),A	
F1E7	BE	0312	CP	(HL)	
F1E8	2F	0313	CPL		
F1E9	77	0314	LD	(HL),A	
F1EA	28F7	0315	JR	Z,MEMO	
F1EC	2B	0316	DEC	HL	
F1ED	44	0317	LD	B,H	
F1EE	7C	0318	LD	A,H	
F1EF	BA	0319	CP	D	
F1F0	3EAD	0320	LD	A,100H-BSTK-20-(ENDX-EXIT)	
		0321		;BSTK=BREAKPT. STACK	
		0322		;ENDX-EXIT=TEMPL. SIZE	
		0323		;20=SOME MONIT. RAM	
F1F2	D1	0324	POP	DE	
F1F3	E1	0325	POP	HL	
F1F4	C8	0326	RET	Z	
F1F5	3EFF	0327	LD	A,0FFH	
F1F7	C9	0328	RET		
F1F8	D630	0329	NIBBL: SUB	'0'	
F1FA	D8	0330	RET	C	
F1FB	C6E9	0331	ADD	'0'-'G' AND 0FFH	
F1FD	D8	0332	RET	C	
F1FE	C606	0333	ADD	6	
F200	F206F2	0334	JP	P,N10	
F203	C607	0335	ADD	7	
F205	D8	0336	RET	C	
F206	C60A	0337	N10: ADD	10	
F208	B7	0338	OR	A	
F209	C9	0339	RET		
F20A	CD5CF1	0340	PCHK: CALL	TI	
F20D	FE20	0341	P2C: CP	' '	
F20F	C8	0342	RET	Z	
F210	FE2C	0343	CP	' , '	
F212	C8	0344	RET	Z	
F213	FE0D	0345	CP	CR	
F215	37	0346	SCF		
F216	C8	0347	RET	Z	
F217	3F	0348	CCF		
F218	C9	0349	RET		
		0350		; BREAKPOINT ENTRY POINT	
F219	E5	0351	RESTRT: PUSH	HL	; PUT REGISTERS ON TO
F21A	D5	0352	PUSH	DE	; USER'S STACK
F21B	C5	0353	PUSH	BC	
F21C	F5	0354	PUSH	AF	
F21D	CD54F5	0355	CALL	ADSCR	
F220	11D8FF	0356	LD	DE,EXIT-ENDX+1	
F223	19	0357	ADD	HL,DE	; DELTA EQUIV. TO 'EXIT'
F224	EB	0358	EX	DE,HL	

F225	210A00	0359	LD	HL,10	
F228	39	0360	ADD	HL,SP	;SET TO TOP OF USER STX
F229	0604	0361	LD	B,4	;
F22B	EB	0362	EX	DE,HL	;DE=USER STX,HL='EXIT'
F22C	2B	0363	DEC	HL	
F22D	72	0364	LD	(HL),D	;SAVE DATA IN MONT.RAM
F22E	2B	0365	DEC	HL	
F22F	73	0366	LD	(HL),E	;SAVE USER STX ADDR.
F230	D1	0367	POP	DE	; THEN 'PSW',NEXT'BC'
F231	05	0368	DEC	B	; LAST 'DE'
F232	20F8	0369	JR	NZ,RST0	
F234	C1	0370	POP	BC	;DE='HL',BC=RET.ADDR.
F235	0B	0371	DEC	BC	;MOVE RET.ADDR. BACK
F236	F9	0372	LD	SP,HL	;START NEW STACK
F237	08	0373	EX	AF,AF'	
F238	D9	0374	EXX		
F239	E5	0375	PUSH	HL	;PUSH HL
F23A	D5	0376	PUSH	DE	;PUSH DE
F23B	C5	0377	PUSH	BC	;PUSH BC
F23C	F5	0378	PUSH	AF	;PUSH AF
F23D	DDE5	0379	PUSH	IX	
F23F	FDE5	0380	PUSH	IY	
F241	ED57	0381	LD	A,I	
F243	47	0382	LD	B,A	;LD B,A
F244	ED5F	0383	LD	A,R	
F246	4F	0384	LD	C,A	;LD C,A
F247	C5	0385	PUSH	BC	;PUSH BC
F248	D9	0386	EXX		
F249	213300	0387	LD	HL,TLOC	
F24C	39	0388	ADD	HL,SP	
F24D	7E	0389	LD	A,(HL)	;DOES TRAP #1 ADDRESS
F24E	91	0390	SUB	C	; EQUAL RET. ADDRESS
F24F	23	0391	INC	HL	
F250	2004	0392	JR	NZ,RST1	;NO?
F252	7E	0393	LD	A,(HL)	
F253	90	0394	SUB	B	
F254	280C	0395	JR	Z,RST3	;YES?
F256	23	0396	INC	HL	
F257	23	0397	INC	HL	;SKIP TRAP#1 INSTRUC.
F258	7E	0398	LD	A,(HL)	;DOES TRAP#2 ADDRESS
F259	91	0399	SUB	C	; EQUAL RET. ADDRESS
F25A	2005	0400	JR	NZ,RST2	;NO?
F25C	23	0401	INC	HL	
F25D	7E	0402	LD	A,(HL)	
F25E	90	0403	SUB	B	
F25F	2801	0404	JR	Z,RST3	;YES?
F261	03	0405	INC	BC	;MUST BE FALSE BREAK PT
F262	212D00	0406	LD	HL,LLOC	
F265	39	0407	ADD	HL,SP	
F266	73	0408	LD	(HL),E	;SAVE HL IN TEMPLATE
F267	23	0409	INC	HL	; IN 'LXI'INSTRUCTION
F268	72	0410	LD	(HL),D	
F269	213100	0411	LD	HL,PLOC-1	

F26C	39	0412	ADD	HL, SP	
F26D	71	0413	LD	(HL), C	;SAVE RET.ADDRESS IN
F26E	23	0414	INC	HL	; TEMPLATE 'JMP' INSTR.
F26F	70	0415	LD	(HL), B	
F270	C5	0416	PUSH	BC	;SAVE BREAK ADDR.
F271	21D6F0	0417	LD	HL, ERM	;
F274	CD4BF1	0418	CALL	STRNG	;PRINT '*'
F277	E1	0419	POP	HL	;GET BREAK ADDR.
F278	CDC6F1	0420	CALL	LADR	;PRINT ADDRESS
		0421	;RESTORE BREAK PT. BYTES IN PROGRAM		
F27B	213300	0422	LD	HL, TLOC	
F27E	39	0423	ADD	HL, SP	;PT. TO TRAP ADDR. 1
F27F	1602	0424	LD	D, 2	
F281	4E	0425	RST4: LD	C, (HL)	;GET LOW HALF
F282	3600	0426	LD	(HL), 0	
F284	23	0427	INC	HL	
F285	46	0428	LD	B, (HL)	;GET HIGH HALF
F286	3600	0429	LD	(HL), 0	
F288	23	0430	INC	HL	
F289	79	0431	LD	A, C	
F28A	B0	0432	OR	B	;TRAP ADDR.=0?
F28B	2802	0433	JR	Z, RST5	;SKIP TRAP IF YES.
F28D	7E	0434	LD	A, (HL)	;GET OLD INSTR. BYTE
F28E	02	0435	LD	(BC), A	;RESTORE PROGRAM BYTE
F28F	23	0436	RST5: INC	HL	;NEXT TRAP
F290	15	0437	DEC	D	
F291	20EE	0438	JR	NZ, RST4	
F293	C393F0	0439	JP	START	
		0440	; SCRATCHPAD TEMPLATE		
F296	C1	0441	EXIT: POP	BC	
F297	79	0442	LD	A, C	
F298	ED4F	0443	LD	R, A	
F29A	78	0444	LD	A, B	
F29B	ED47	0445	LD	I, A	
F29D	FDE1	0446	POP	IY	
F29F	DDE1	0447	POP	IX	
F2A1	F1	0448	POP	AF	
F2A2	C1	0449	POP	BC	
F2A3	D1	0450	POP	DE	
F2A4	E1	0451	POP	HL	
F2A5	D9	0452	EXX		
F2A6	08	0453	EX	AF, AF'	
F2A7	D1	0454	POP	DE	
F2A8	C1	0455	POP	BC	
F2A9	F1	0456	POP	AF	
F2AA	E1	0457	POP	HL	
F2AB	F9	0458	LD	SP, HL	
F2AC	210000	0459	LD	HL, 0	
	(F2AD)	0460	HLX EQU	\$-2	
F2AF	FB	0461	EI		
F2B0	C30000	0462	JP	0	
	(F2B1)	0463	PCX EQU	\$-2	
F2B3	0000	0464	T1A: DEFW	0	;TRAP 1 ADDR

F2B5	00	0465	DEFB	0	;TRAP 1 INST
F2B6	0000	0466	DEFW	0	;TRAP 2 ADDR
F2B8	00	0467	DEFB	0	;TRAP 2 INST
F2B9	0000	0468	VX1: DEFW	0	;VIDEO POINTER
F2BB	00	0469	DEFB	0	;VIDEO HOLD
F2BC	50	0470	VX3: DEFB	NCOLS	;VB3 COLUMN CONSTANT
F2BD	12	0471	DEFB	NROWS	;VB3 ROW CONSTANT
F2BE	00	0472	DEFB	0	;IOBYT
		0473	ENDX:		
	(0013)	0474	ALOC	EQU	13H
	(0011)	0475	BLOC	EQU	11H
	(0010)	0476	CLOC	EQU	10H
	(000F)	0477	DLOC	EQU	0FH
	(000E)	0478	ELOC	EQU	0EH
	(0012)	0479	FLOC	EQU	12H
	(002E)	0480	HLOC	EQU	HLX-EXIT+BSTK+1
	(002D)	0481	LLOC	EQU	HLX-EXIT+BSTK
	(0032)	0482	PLOC	EQU	PCX-EXIT+BSTK+1
	(0015)	0483	SLOC	EQU	15H
	(0033)	0484	TLOC	EQU	T1A-EXIT+BSTK
		0485	;		
	(0007)	0486	APLOC	EQU	07H
	(0009)	0487	BPLOC	EQU	09H
	(0008)	0488	CPLOC	EQU	08H
	(000B)	0489	DPLOC	EQU	0BH
	(000A)	0490	EPLOC	EQU	0AH
	(0006)	0491	FPLOC	EQU	06H
	(000D)	0492	HPLOC	EQU	0DH
	(000C)	0493	LPLOC	EQU	0CH
	(0005)	0494	XLOC	EQU	05H
	(0003)	0495	YLOC	EQU	03H
	(0001)	0496	ILOC	EQU	01H
	(0000)	0497	RLOC	EQU	00H
		0498	;	COMMAND IMPLEMENTATION	
		0499	;	ASSIGN COMMAND	
F2BF	CD5CF1	0500	ASSIGN: CALL	TI	
F2C2	0600	0501	LD	B,0	
F2C4	FE43	0502	CP	'C'	
F2C6	280F	0503	JR	Z,AS1	
F2C8	04	0504	INC	B	
F2C9	FE52	0505	CP	'R'	
F2CB	280A	0506	JR	Z,AS1	
F2CD	04	0507	INC	B	
F2CE	FE50	0508	CP	'P'	
F2D0	2805	0509	JR	Z,AS1	
F2D2	04	0510	INC	B	
F2D3	FE4C	0511	CP	'L'	
F2D5	2029	0512	JR	NZ,EREXT	
F2D7	CD5CF1	0513	AS1: CALL	TI	
F2DA	FE3D	0514	CP	'='	
F2DC	20F9	0515	JR	NZ,AS1	
F2DE	CD5CF1	0516	CALL	TI	
F2E1	D630	0517	SUB	'0'	

F2E3	6F	0518		LD	L,A	
F2E4	FA00F3	0519		JP	M,EREXT	
F2E7	FE04	0520		CP	4	
F2E9	F200F3	0521		JP	P,EREXT	
F2EC	2603	0522		LD	H,3	
F2EE	05	0523	AS2:	DEC	B	
F2EF	FAF6F2	0524		JP	M,AS3	
F2F2	29	0525		ADD	HL,HL	
F2F3	29	0526		ADD	HL,HL	
F2F4	18F8	0527		JR	AS2	
F2F6	EB	0528	AS3:	EX	DE,HL	
F2F7	CD57F5	0529		CALL	ADIOB	
F2FA	7E	0530		LD	A,(HL)	
F2FB	B2	0531		OR	D	
F2FC	AA	0532		XOR	D	
F2FD	B3	0533		OR	E	
F2FE	77	0534		LD	(HL),A	
F2FF	C9	0535		RET		
F300	37	0536	EREXT:	SCF		
F301	C9	0537		RET		
		0538	;	DISPLAY	COMMAND	
F302	CD88F1	0539	DISP:	CALL	EXPR	
F305	D1	0540		POP	DE	
F306	E1	0541		POP	HL	
F307	CD7CF1	0542	DIO:	CALL	CRLF	
F30A	CDC6F1	0543		CALL	LADR	
F30D	CDFDF0	0544	DII:	CALL	BLK	
F310	7E	0545		LD	A,(HL)	
F311	CDCBF1	0546		CALL	LBYTE	
F314	CDBCf1	0547		CALL	HILO	
F317	3F	0548		CCF		
F318	D0	0549		RET	NC	
F319	7D	0550		LD	A,L	
F31A	E60F	0551		AND	0FH	
F31C	20EF	0552		JR	NZ,DII	
F31E	CD09F1	0553		CALL	CSTS	;TEST KEYBOARD STATUS
F321	28E4	0554		JR	Z,DIO	;JUMP IF NO DATA
F323	CD04F1	0555		CALL	CI	;GET CHARACTER
F326	FE53	0556		CP	'S'	;
F328	C8	0557		RET	Z	;RET, IF COMMANDED
F329	CD04F1	0558		CALL	CI	;WAIT. GET CHARACTER
F32C	FE53	0559		CP	'S'	
F32E	20D7	0560		JR	NZ,DIO	;CONTINUE IF NO 'S'
F330	C9	0561		RET		
		0562	;	FILL	COMMAND	
F331	0C	0563	FILL:	INC	C	
F332	CD88F1	0564		CALL	EXPR	
F335	C1	0565		POP	BC	
F336	D1	0566		POP	DE	
F337	E1	0567		POP	HL	
F338	71	0568	FIO:	LD	(HL),C	
F339	CDBCf1	0569		CALL	HILO	
F33C	30FA	0570		JR	NC,FIO	

F33E	B7	0571	OR	A	
F33F	C9	0572	RET		
		0573	;	GOTO	COMMAND
F340	E1	0574	GOTO:	POP	HL
F341	CD0AF2	0575		CALL	PCHK
F344	3840	0576		JR	C,GO3
F346	281B	0577		JR	Z,GO0
F348	CDB4F1	0578		CALL	EXF
F34B	D1	0579		POP	DE
F34C	213200	0580		LD	HL,PLOC
F34F	39	0581		ADD	HL,SP
F350	72	0582		LD	(HL),D
F351	2B	0583		DEC	HL
F352	73	0584		LD	(HL),E
F353	78	0585		LD	A,B
F354	FE0D	0586		CP	CR
F356	282E	0587		JR	Z,GO3
F358	3EC3	0588		LD	A,0C3H
F35A	320800	0589		LD	(8),A
F35D	2119F2	0590		LD	HL,RESTRT
F360	220900	0591		LD	(9),HL
F363	1602	0592	GO0:	LD	D,2
F365	213300	0593		LD	HL,TLOC
F368	39	0594		ADD	HL,SP
F369	E5	0595	GO1:	PUSH	HL
F36A	CD86F1	0596		CALL	EXPR1
F36D	58	0597		LD	E,B
F36E	C1	0598		POP	BC
F36F	E1	0599		POP	HL
F370	78	0600		LD	A,B
F371	B1	0601		OR	C
F372	280A	0602		JR	Z,GO2
F374	71	0603		LD	(HL),C
F375	23	0604		INC	HL
F376	70	0605		LD	(HL),B
F377	23	0606		INC	HL
F378	0A	0607		LD	A,(BC)
F379	77	0608		LD	(HL),A
F37A	23	0609		INC	HL
F37B	3ECF	0610		LD	A,0CFH
F37D	02	0611		LD	(BC),A
F37E	7B	0612	GO2:	LD	A,E
F37F	FE0D	0613		CP	CR
F381	2803	0614		JR	Z,GO3
F383	15	0615		DEC	D
F384	20E3	0616		JR	NZ,GO1
F386	CD7CF1	0617	GO3:	CALL	CRLF
		0618	;	*****	
F389	211600	0619		LD	HL,BSTK
		0620	;	*****	
F38C	39	0621		ADD	HL,SP
F38D	E9	0622		JP	(HL)

;C3 = JMP CODE

;CF = RST1 CODE

		0623 ;	HEXADECIMAL COMMAND		
F38E	CD88F1	0624 HEXN:	CALL	EXPR	
F391	D1	0625	POP	DE	
F392	E1	0626	POP	HL	
F393	CD7CF1	0627	CALL	CRLF	
F396	E5	0628	PUSH	HL	
F397	19	0629	ADD	HL,DE	
F398	CDC6F1	0630	CALL	LADR	
F39B	CDFDF0	0631	CALL	BLK	
F39E	E1	0632	POP	HL	
F39F	7D	0633	LD	A,L	
F3A0	93	0634	SUB	E	
F3A1	6F	0635	LD	L,A	
F3A2	7C	0636	LD	A,H	
F3A3	9A	0637	SBC	D	
F3A4	67	0638	LD	H,A	
F3A5	CDC6F1	0639	CALL	LADR	
F3A8	B7	0640	OR	A	
F3A9	C9	0641	RET		
		0642 ;	INPUT COMMAND		
		0643 ;	SUGGESTED BY DAN FISCHLER,1980		
F3AA	CD86F1	0644 ZINP:	CALL	EXPR1	;GET PORT NUMBER
F3AD	C1	0645	POP	BC	;PLACE NO. IN REG.C
F3AE	ED40	0646	IN	B,(C)	
F3B0	CDFDF0	0647	CALL	BLK	;PRINT BLANK
F3B3	78	0648	LD	A,B	;GET DATA
F3B4	CDCBF1	0649	CALL	LBYTE	;PRINT DATA
F3B7	B7	0650	OR	A	;CLEAR ERR FLAG
F3B8	C9	0651	RET		
		0652 ;	MOVE COMMAND		
F3B9	0C	0653 MOVE:	INC	C	
F3BA	CD88F1	0654	CALL	EXPR	
F3BD	C1	0655	POP	BC	
F3BE	D1	0656	POP	DE	
F3BF	E1	0657	POP	HL	
F3C0	7E	0658 MVO:	LD	A,(HL)	
F3C1	02	0659	LD	(BC),A	
F3C2	03	0660	INC	BC	
F3C3	CDBC F1	0661	CALL	HILO	
F3C6	D2C0F3	0662	JP	NC,MVO	
F3C9	B7	0663	OR	A	
F3CA	C9	0664	RET		
		0665 ;	OUTPUT COMMAND		
F3CB	CD88F1	0666 ZOUT:	CALL	EXPR	;GET PORT & DATA
F3CE	D1	0667	POP	DE	;PUT DATA IN REG.E
F3CF	C1	0668	POP	BC	;PUT PORT NO. IN REG.C
F3D0	ED59	0669	OUT	(C),E	
F3D2	B7	0670	OR	A	;CLEAR ERR FLAG
F3D3	C9	0671	RET		
		0672 ;	SUBSTITUTE COMMAND		
F3D4	CD86F1	0673 SUBS:	CALL	EXPR1	
F3D7	CD0DF2	0674	CALL	P2C	

F3DA	E1	0675	POP	HL	
F3DB	D8	0676	RET	C	
F3DC	0608	0677	LD	B,8	;SUBST. EIGHT PER LINE
F3DE	C5	0678	PUSH	BC	;SAVE COUNT
F3DF	7E	0679	LD	A,(HL)	
F3E0	CDCBF1	0680	CALL	LBYTE	
F3E3	0E2D	0681	LD	C,'-'	
F3E5	CDFFF0	0682	CALL	CO	
F3E8	CD0AF2	0683	CALL	PCHK	
F3EB	3F	0684	CCF		
F3EC	C1	0685	POP	BC	
F3ED	D0	0686	RET	NC	
F3EE	280D	0687	JR	Z,SU1	
F3F0	C5	0688	PUSH	BC	;SAVE COUNT
F3F1	E5	0689	PUSH	HL	
F3F2	CDB4F1	0690	CALL	EXF	
F3F5	D1	0691	POP	DE	
F3F6	E1	0692	POP	HL	
F3F7	73	0693	LD	(HL),E	
F3F8	78	0694	LD	A,B	
F3F9	FE0D	0695	CP	CR	
F3FB	C1	0696	POP	BC	
F3FC	C8	0697	RET	Z	
F3FD	23	0698	INC	HL	
F3FE	CD03F4	0699	CALL	SU2	;CHK FOR 8 SUBST.
F401	18DB	0700	JR	SU0	
F403	05	0701	DEC	B	;COUNT SUBSTITUTES
F404	C0	0702	RET	NZ	
F405	CD7CF1	0703	CALL	CRLF	
F408	CDFDF0	0704	CALL	BLK	
F40B	CDFDF0	0705	CALL	BLK	
F40E	CDFDF0	0706	CALL	BLK	
F411	0608	0707	LD	B,8	
F413	C9	0708	RET		
		0709		REGISTER COMMAND	
F414	CD5CF1	0710	CALL	TI	
F417	21E6F4	0711	LD	HL,ACTBL	
F41A	FE0D	0712	CP	CR	
F41C	CA86F4	0713	JP	Z,X6	
F41F	FE27	0714	CP	''''	
F421	200B	0715	JR	NZ,XA	
F423	21FFF4	0716	LD	HL,PRMTB	
F426	CD5CF1	0717	CALL	TI	
F429	FE0D	0718	CP	CR	
F42B	CA86F4	0719	JP	Z,X6	
		0720		XA:	
F42E	47	0721	LD	B,A	
F42F	7E	0722	LD	A,(HL)	
F430	E67F	0723	AND	7FH	
F432	B8	0724	CP	B	
F433	2808	0725	JR	Z,X1	
F435	7E	0726	LD	A,(HL)	
F436	B7	0727	OR	A	
F437	C8	0728	RET	Z	

F438	23	0729	INC	HL
F439	23	0730	INC	HL
F43A	78	0731	LD	A,B
F43B	18F2	0732	JR	X0
F43D	CDDFD0	0733	CALL	BLK
F440	7E	0734	LD	A, (HL)
F441	E680	0735	AND	80H
F443	07	0736	RLCA	
F444	47	0737	LD	B,A
F445	04	0738	INC	B
F446	23	0739	INC	HL
F447	7E	0740	LD	A, (HL)
F448	EB	0741	EX	DE,HL
F449	6F	0742	LD	L,A
F44A	2600	0743	LD	H,0
F44C	39	0744	ADD	HL,SP
F44D	EB	0745	EX	DE,HL
F44E	23	0746	INC	HL
F44F	1A	0747	LD	A, (DE)
F450	CDCBF1	0748	CALL	LBYTE
F453	05	0749	DEC	B
F454	2805	0750	JR	Z,X3
F456	1B	0751	DEC	DE
F457	1A	0752	LD	A, (DE)
F458	CDCBF1	0753	CALL	LBYTE
F45B	04	0754	INC	B
F45C	0E2D	0755	LD	C, '-'
F45E	CDFFF0	0756	CALL	CO
F461	CD0AF2	0757	CALL	PCHK
F464	3F	0758	CCF	
F465	D0	0759	RET	NC
F466	2814	0760	JR	Z,X5
F468	E5	0761	PUSH	HL
F469	C5	0762	PUSH	BC
F46A	CDB4F1	0763	CALL	EXF
F46D	E1	0764	POP	HL
F46E	F1	0765	POP	AF
F46F	C5	0766	PUSH	BC
F470	F5	0767	PUSH	AF
F471	7D	0768	LD	A,L
F472	12	0769	LD	(DE),A
F473	C1	0770	POP	BC
F474	05	0771	DEC	B
F475	2803	0772	JR	Z,X4
F477	13	0773	INC	DE
F478	7C	0774	LD	A,H
F479	12	0775	LD	(DE),A
F47A	C1	0776	POP	BC
F47B	E1	0777	POP	HL
F47C	7E	0778	LD	A, (HL)
F47D	B7	0779	OR	A
F47E	C8	0780	RET	Z
F47F	78	0781	LD	A,B
F480	FE0D	0782	CP	CR
F482	C8	0783	RET	Z

F483	C340F4	0784	JP	X2
F486	CD7CF1	0785 X6:	CALL	CRLF
F489	EB	0786	EX	DE, HL
F48A	13	0787	INC	DE
F48B	1A	0788	LD	A, (DE)
F48C	6F	0789	LD	L, A
F48D	2600	0790	LD	H, 0
F48F	39	0791	ADD	HL, SP
F490	46	0792	LD	B, (HL)
F491	2118F5	0793	LD	HL, FLGTBL
F494	CDFDF0	0794 X7:	CALL	BLK
F497	7E	0795 X7.5:	LD	A, (HL)
F498	23	0796	INC	HL
F499	B7	0797	OR	A
F49A	4F	0798	LD	C, A
F49B	78	0799	LD	A, B
F49C	07	0800	RLCA	
F49D	47	0801	LD	B, A
F49E	2816	0802	JR	Z, X8
F4A0	FA97F4	0803	JP	M, X7.5
F4A3	CDFFF0	0804	CALL	CO
F4A6	0E3A	0805	LD	C, '='
F4A8	CDFFF0	0806	CALL	CO
F4AB	78	0807	LD	A, B
F4AC	E601	0808	AND	1
F4AE	C630	0809	ADD	'0'
F4B0	4F	0810	LD	C, A
F4B1	CDFFF0	0811	CALL	CO
F4B4	18DE	0812	JR	X7
F4B6	EB	0813 X8:	EX	DE, HL
F4B7	23	0814	INC	HL
F4B8	CD7CF1	0815	CALL	CRLF
F4BB	CDFDF0	0816 X9:	CALL	BLK
F4BE	7E	0817	LD	A, (HL)
F4BF	23	0818	INC	HL
F4C0	B7	0819	OR	A
F4C1	C8	0820	RET	Z
F4C2	47	0821	LD	B, A
F4C3	E67F	0822	AND	7FH
		0823		
		0824		
F4C5	4F	0825	LD	C, A
F4C6	CDFFF0	0826	CALL	CO
F4C9	0E3D	0827	LD	C, '='
F4CB	CDFFF0	0828	CALL	CO
F4CE	7E	0829	LD	A, (HL)
F4CF	23	0830	INC	HL
F4D0	EB	0831	EX	DE, HL
F4D1	6F	0832	LD	L, A
F4D2	2600	0833	LD	H, 0
F4D4	39	0834	ADD	HL, SP
F4D5	EB	0835	EX	DE, HL
F4D6	1A	0836	LD	A, (DE)
F4D7	CDCBF1	0837	CALL	LBYTE
F4DA	78	0838	LD	A, B

;REMOVE MSB FOR A
;CLEAN DISPLAY ON
;THE VB1B/C & VB3

F4DB	E680	0839	AND	80H	
F4DD	28DC	0840	JR	Z, X9	
F4DF	1B	0841	DEC	DE	
F4E0	1A	0842	LD	A, (DE)	
F4E1	CDCBF1	0843	CALL	LBYTE	
F4E4	18D5	0844	JR	X9	
		0845			
F4E6	4614	0846	ACTBL: DEFB	'F',	FLOC+2
F4E8	4115	0847	DEFB	'A',	ALOC+2
F4EA	4213	0848	DEFB	'B',	BLOC+2
F4EC	4312	0849	DEFB	'C',	CLOC+2
F4EE	4411	0850	DEFB	'D',	DLOC+2
F4F0	4510	0851	DEFB	'E',	ELOC+2
F4F2	4830	0852	DEFB	'H',	HLOC+2
F4F4	4C2F	0853	DEFB	'L',	LLOC+2
F4F6	CD30	0854	DEFB	'M' OR 80H,	HLOC+2
F4F8	D034	0855	DEFB	'P' OR 80H,	PLOC+2
F4FA	D317	0856	DEFB	'S' OR 80H,	SLOC+2
F4FC	4903	0857	DEFB	'I',	ILOC+2
F4FE	00	0858	DEFB	0	
F4FF	4608	0859	PRMTB: DEFB	'F',	FPLOC+2
F501	4109	0860	DEFB	'A',	APLOC+2
F503	420B	0861	DEFB	'B',	BPLOC+2
F505	430A	0862	DEFB	'C',	CPLOC+2
F507	440D	0863	DEFB	'D',	DPLOC+2
F509	450C	0864	DEFB	'E',	EPLOC+2
F50B	480F	0865	DEFB	'H',	HPLOC+2
F50D	4C0E	0866	DEFB	'L',	LPLOC+2
F50F	CD0F	0867	DEFB	'M' OR 80H,	HPLOC+2
F511	D807	0868	DEFB	'X' OR 80H,	XLOC+2
F513	D905	0869	DEFB	'Y' OR 80H,	YLOC+2
F515	5202	0870	DEFB	'R',	RLOC+2
F517	00	0871	DEFB	0	
F518	53	0872	FLGTBL: DEFB	'S'	
F519	5A	0873	DEFB	'Z'	
F51A	58	0874	DEFB	'X'	
F51B	48	0875	DEFB	'H'	
F51C	58	0876	DEFB	'X'	
F51D	56	0877	DEFB	'V'	
F51E	4E	0878	DEFB	'N'	
F51F	43	0879	DEFB	'C'	
F520	00	0880	DEFB	0	

```

0881 ;***** SYSTEM CONFIGURATION PACKAGE *****
0882 ; LOGICAL DEVICE/DEVICE DRIVER TABLES
0883 ;
0884 ; EACH 4 ENTRY TABLE LISTS THE ADDRESSES
0885 ; OF THE DRIVER ROUTINES TO BE USED FOR
0886 ; THE PHYSICAL DEVICES WHICH MAY ASSIGNED
0887 ; TO THAT LOGICAL DEVICE.

0888 IOTAB:
0889 ; CONSOLE STATUS
0890 ;
0891 ; RETURN WITH REGISTER A = 0 IF NO
0892 ; CONSOLE CHARACTER AVAILABLE.
F521 B7F5 0893 CSTAB: DW TTSA ;0 STATUS,SERIAL-A
F523 BCF5 0894 DW TTSB ;1 STATUS,SERIAL-B
F525 C1F5 0895 DW KYS1 ;2 STATUS,PAR. KYBD
F527 C6F5 0896 DW KYS2 ;3 STATUS,VB3 KYBD

0897 ; CONSOLE INPUT
0898 ; RETURN CONSOLE INPUT CHARACTER
0899 ; IN REGISTER A.
F529 CBF5 0900 CITAB: DW TTIA ;0 DATA-IN,SERIAL-A
F52B D0F5 0901 DW TTIB ;1 DATA-IN,SERIAL-B
F52D D5F5 0902 DW KYI1 ;2 DATA-IN,PAR. KYBD
F52F DAF5 0903 DW KYI2 ;3 DATA-IN,VB3 KYBD

0904 ; CONSOLE OUTPUT
0905 ; OUTPUT BYTE IN REGISTER C
0906 ; TO CONSOLE OUTPUT DEVICE.
F531 F6F5 0907 COTAB: DW TTOA ;0 DATA-OUT,SERIAL-A
F533 FBF5 0908 DW TTOB ;1 DATA-OUT,SERIAL-B
F535 05F6 0909 DW CRT ;2 DATA-OUT,VB1B
F537 6AF6 0910 DW VB30 ;3 DATA-OUT,VB3

0911 ; READER INPUT
0912 ; RETURN READER INPUT BYTE IN
0913 ; REGISTER A, CARRY OFF. SET
0914 ; CARRY IF NO BYTE AVAILABLE.
F539 CBF5 0915 RITAB: DW TTIA ;0 READER-IN,SERIAL-A
F53B D0F5 0916 DW TTIB ;1 READER-IN,SERIAL-B
F53D DFF5 0917 DW RDR ;2 READER-IN,EXT RDR
F53F DAF5 0918 DW KYI2 ;3 READER-IN

0919 ; PUNCH OUTPUT
0920 ; OUTPUT BYTE IN REGISTER C
0921 ; TO PUNCH DEVICE.
F541 F6F5 0922 POTAB: DW TTOA ;0 PUNCH-OUT,SERIAL-A
F543 FBF5 0923 DW TTOB ;1 PUNCH-OUT,SERIAL-B
F545 00F6 0924 DW PUNCH ;2 PUNCH-OUT,EXT PUNCH
F547 6AF6 0925 DW VB30 ;3 PUNCH-OUT

0926 ; LISTING OUTPUT
0927 ; OUTPUT BYTE IN REGISTER C
0928 ; TO LISTING DEVICE.
F549 FBF5 0929 LOTAB: DW TTOB ;0 LIST DEV.,SERIAL-B

```

F54B	F6F5	0930	DW	TTOA	;1 LIST DEV.,SERIAL-A
F54D	6AF6	0931	DW	VB30	;2 LIST DEV.,VB3
F54F	05F6	0932	DW	CRT	;3 LIST DEV.,VB1
		0933	;		SET ASIDE SCRATCH RAM FOR MONITOR DATA.
		0934	;		
		0935	;		SET THE TOP OF MONITOR SCRATCH TO BE USED ON
		0936	;		POWER-UP. THE ADDRESS IS RETURNED IN REGISTERS
		0937	;		D&E. **NOTE** THIS ROUTINE IS NOT CALLED
		0938	;		INSTEAD THE RETURN ADDRESS IS PLACED IN REG.
		0939	;		D&E AND THE SUBROUTINE IS ENTERED BY A JUMP
		0940	;		INSTRUCTION. THE ROUTINE RETURNS BY PLACING
		0941	;		THE ADDRESS IN H&L REG. AND EXECUTING A PCHL
		0942	;		INSTRUCTION. REGISTER C MUST EQUAL A ZERO OR
		0943	;		A ONE.
F551	C36EF5	0944	ADSCS:	JP	ADS2
		0945	;		
		0946	;		LOCATE THE 84 BYTES OF RAM USED BY THE
		0947	;		MONITOR. ADDRESS IS RETURNED IN H&L.
F554	C361F5	0948	ADSCR:	JP	ADS1
		0949	;		
		0950	;		LOCATE THE IOBYT ADDRESS. ADDRESS IS RETURNED
		0951	;		IN H&L.
F557	C361F5	0952	ADIOB:	JP	ADS1
		0953	;		
		0954	;		SET UP USER DEFAULT STACK. ADDRESS IS
		0955	;		RETURNED IN H&L.
F55A	210001	0956	ADUST:	LD	HL,100H
F55D	C9	0957		RET	
		0958	;		SPECIAL JUMP VECTOR. REGISTER A=INDEX.
F55E	C317F6	0959	JVTR:	JP	JENTRY
F561	C5	0960	ADS1:	PUSH	BC
F562	D5	0961		PUSH	DE
F563	0E00	0962		LD	C,0
F565	116AF5	0963		LD	DE,ADS1A
F568	1804	0964		JR	ADS2
F56A	EB	0965	ADS1A:	EX	DE,HL
F56B	D1	0966		POP	DE
F56C	C1	0967		POP	BC
F56D	C9	0968		RET	
	(0800)	0969	M2K	EQU	2*1024
	(C000)	0970	M48K	EQU	48*1024
	(C000)	0971	LIMIT	EQU	M48K ;UPPER 16K FOR USER.
F56E	210000	0972	ADS2:	LD	HL,0
F571	0608	0973		LD	B,M2K SHR 8
F573	09	0974	ADS3:	ADD	HL,BC
F574	7C	0975		LD	A,H ;GET HIGH ADDR.
F575	FEC8	0976		CP	(LIMIT+M2K) SHR 8
F577	DA7EF5	0977		JP	C,ADS4
F57A	26C0	0978		LD	H,(LIMIT) SHR 8
F57C	180B	0979		JR	ADS5

```

0980 ;
F57E 7E 0981 ADS4: LD A,(HL) ;GET MEMORY BYTE
F57F F3 0982 DI
F580 2F 0983 CPL
F581 77 0984 LD (HL),A ;TRY TO CHG. IT
F582 BE 0985 CP (HL) ;DID WE CHG. IT?
F583 2F 0986 CPL
F584 77 0987 LD (HL),A ;RESTORE MEMORY
F585 FB 0988 EI
F586 CA73F5 0989 JP Z,ADS3 ;IF RAM, TRY AGAIN
F589 2E00 0990 ADS5: LD L,0
F58B 2B 0991 DEC HL
F58C EB 0992 EX DE,HL
F58D E9 0993 JP (HL)

```

```

0994 ;***** GENERAL PURPOSE I/O ROUTINES *****
0995 ;THREE ROUTINES FOR CHECKING STATUS, INPUTTING
0996 ;DATA AND OUTPUTTING DATA. REGISTERS A & C
0997 ;ARE USED.
0998 ;ENTER WITH:
0999 ; REG.-A = STATUS PORT ADDRESS.
1000 ; REG.-C = OUTPUT DATA (GPRT ONLY)
1001 ;EXITS WITH:
1002 ; REG.-A = DATA READ (GDAT ONLY)
1003 ; REG.-A = STATUS CONDITION (GSTS ONLY)

```

```

1004 ;GET STATUS CONDITION OF INPUT DEVICE
1005 ;EXITS WITH REG.-A SET TO ZERO IF NO DATA YET.
F58E C5 1006 GSTS: PUSH BC
F58F 4F 1007 LD C,A ;SET STATUS ADDRESS
F590 ED78 1008 IN A,(C) ;INPUT STATUS
F592 E601 1009 AND 1 ;TEST LSB
F594 D601 1010 SUB 1
F596 9F 1011 SBC A,A
F597 C1 1012 POP BC
F598 C9 1013 RET

```

```

1014 ;GET INPUT DATA.
1015 ;EXITS WITH REG.-A SET WITH THE DATA
F599 C5 1016 GDAT: PUSH BC
F59A 4F 1017 LD C,A ;SET STATUS ADDRESS
F59B ED78 1018 GD: IN A,(C) ;INPUT STATUS
F59D E601 1019 AND 1 ;TEST LSB
F59F 20FA 1020 JR NZ,GD ;IF NO DATA,GO BACK
F5A1 0C 1021 INC C ;SET DATA ADDRESS
F5A2 ED78 1022 IN A,(C) ;GET DATA
F5A4 E67F 1023 AND 7FH ;REMOVE PARITY
F5A6 C1 1024 POP BC
F5A7 C9 1025 RET

```

```

1026 ;PRINT OUT DATA.
1027 ;ENTER WITH DATA IN REG.-C
F5A8 C5 1028 GPRT: PUSH BC
F5A9 41 1029 LD B,C
F5AA 4F 1030 LD C,A ;SET PORT ADDRESS

```



```

F5AB ED78      1031 GP:      IN      A, (C)    ;INPUT STATUS
F5AD E680      1032          AND      80H        ;PRINTER BUSY?
F5AF 20FA      1033          JR      NZ,GP    ;BUSY?IF TRUE,JUMP BACK
F5B1 0C        1034          INC      C          ;SET OUTPUT PORT
F5B2 78        1035          LD      A,B
F5B3 ED79      1036          OUT     (C),A    ;PRINT!
F5B5 C1        1037          POP     BC
F5B6 C9        1038          RET

```

```

1039 ;***** STATUS ROUTINES *****
1040 ;ALL THE MONITOR'S STATUS ROUTINES ARE HERE.

```

```

F5B7 3E00      1041 ;          SERIAL-A
F5B9 C38EF5    1042 TTSA:    LD      A,0      ;PORT 0
1043          JP      GSTS

```

```

F5BC 3E02      1044 ;          SERIAL-B
F5BE C38EF5    1045 TTSB:    LD      A,2      ;PORT 2
1046          JP      GSTS

```

```

F5C1 3E06      1047 ;          PARALLEL KEYBOARD
F5C3 C38EF5    1048 KYS1:    LD      A,6      ;PORT 6
1049          JP      GSTS

```

```

F5C6 3EE0      1050 ;          VB3 KEYBOARD
F5C8 C38EF5    1051 KYS2:    LD      A,0E0H   ;PORT E0
1052          JP      GSTS

```

```

1053 ;***** INPUT ROUTINES *****
1054 ;ALL THE MONITOR'S INPUT ROUTINES ARE HERE.

```

```

F5CB 3E00      1055 ;          SERIAL-A
F5CD C399F5    1056 TTIA:    LD      A,0      ;PORTS 0&1
1057          JP      GDAT

```

```

F5D0 3E02      1058 ;          SERIAL-B
F5D2 C399F5    1059 TTIB:    LD      A,2      ;PORTS 2&3
1060          JP      GDAT

```

```

F5D5 3E06      1061 ;          PARALLEL KEYBOARD
F5D7 C399F5    1062 KYI1:    LD      A,6      ;PORTS 6&7
1063          JP      GDAT

```

```

F5DA 3EE0      1064 ;          VB3 KEYBOARD
F5DC C399F5    1065 KYI2:    LD      A,0E0H   ;PORTS E0 & E1
1066          JP      GDAT

```

```

1067 ;          READER ROUTINE
1068 ;THIS ROUTINE HAS A BUILT-IN TIMER AND WILL
1069 ;RETURN WITH THE CARRY SET IF NO DATA IS
1070 ;FOUND IN A SET PERIOD OF TIME.

```

```

F5DF E5         1071 RDR:     PUSH    HL      ;SAVE H&L
F5E0 210000     1072          LD      HL,0    ;SET TIMER
F5E3 DB0E       1073 RD1:    IN      A,(0EH) ;GET STATUS
F5E5 E601       1074          AND     1      ;TEST STATUS
F5E7 2808       1075          JR      Z,RD2  ;JUMP OUT,IF DATA

```

```

F5E9 2B          1076      DEC      HL
F5EA 7C          1077      LD       A,H
F5EB B5          1078      OR       L      ;TEST TIMER
F5EC 20F5       1079      JR       NZ,RD1 ;IF STILL TIME,GO BACK
F5EE 37          1080      SCF
F5EF E1          1081      POP      HL      ;TIME OUT,SET ERROR
F5F0 C9          1082      RET
F5F1 DB0F       1083 RD2:    IN       A,(0FH) ;GET DATA
F5F3 B7          1084      OR       A      ;CLEAR ANY CARRYS
F5F4 E1          1085      POP      HL
F5F5 C9          1086      RET

1087 ;***** OUTPUT ROUTINES *****
1088 ;ALL THE MONITOR'S OUTPUT ROUTINES ARE HERE.

1089 ;          SERIAL-A
F5F6 3E00       1090 TTOA:   LD       A,0      ;PORTS 0&1
F5F8 C3A8F5     1091      JP       GPRT

1092 ;          SERIAL-B
F5FB 3E02       1093 TTOB:   LD       A,2      ;PORTS 2&3
F5FD C3A8F5     1094      JP       GPRT

1095 ;          PUNCH DEVICE
F600 3E0E       1096 PUNCH:  LD       A,0EH    ;PORTS E&F
F602 C3A8F5     1097      JP       GPRT

1098 ;          VBIB OUTPUT
F605 79          1099 CRT:    LD       A,C      ;GET DATA
F606 B7          1100      OR       A      ;CHECK FOR NULL
F607 C8          1101      RET      Z      ;RET IF TRUE
F608 FE7F       1102      CP       7FH     ;CHECK FOR RUB-OUT
F60A C8          1103      RET      Z      ;RET IF TRUE
F60B E5          1104      PUSH    HL
F60C CD54F5     1105      CALL   ADSCR    ;GET ADDR. OF SCRATCH
F60F 2B          1106      DEC     HL
F610 2B          1107      DEC     HL      ;VIDEO POINTER
F611 2B          1108      DEC     HL
F612 2B          1109      DEC     HL
F613 2B          1110      DEC     HL      ;PNT TO VB1B SCRATCH
F614 C34DF7     1111      JP     VDTTY

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```

1112 ;*****VB3 OUTPUT*****
1113 ;"VBIOS"; REV 0
1114 ; WRITTEN BY BEN L GEE; DEC 9, 1979
1115 ; MODIFIED BY MALCOLM T. WRIGHT,4-27-80
1116 ;
1117 ;VBIOS IS A DRIVER FOR THE SSM VB3 VIDEO BOARD.
1118 ;VBIOS CONTAINS ONLY ENOUGH CODE TO RUN CP/M
1119 ;AND SOME CP/M PROGRAMS.

```

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1120 ;
1121 ;**      HARDWARE CONFIGURATION
1122 ;      16 MHZ DOT CLOCK
1123 ;      9 DOTS PER CHARACTER
1124 ;      80 CHARACTER PROMS

```

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1125 ;**      DEFINE SYSTEM EQUATES.
(C000) 1126 VIDEO EQU 0C000H ;ADDRESS OF THE VB3
(1000) 1127 OFFSET EQU 01000H ;OFFSET TO ATTRIBUTE
(0003) 1128 NORMAL EQU 3 ;NORMAL ALPHA ATTRIB.
(0005) 1129 CODE EQU 5 ;SET 80 CHAR. MODE
(00D0) 1130 VTAC EQU 0D0H ;I/O ADDR. OF CRT CTRL
(00E0) 1131 KSTAT EQU 0E0H ;KEYBOARD STATUS
(00E1) 1132 KDATA EQU KSTAT+1 ;KEYBOARD DATA
(0050) 1133 NCOLS EQU 80 ;SCREEN SIZE
(0012) 1134 NROWS EQU 18 ;NO. OF TEXT LINES
(0000) 1135 SKEW EQU 0
(0106) 1136 SCANF EQU 262 ;SCANS PER FRAME
(000C) 1137 SCANR EQU 12 ;SCANS PER DATA ROW
(0071) 1138 HCOUNT EQU 113 ;SET HORIZ SCAN LINE
(0000) 1139 INTERL EQU FALSE ;INTERLACED?

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1140 ;**      VIDEO DRIVER SUBROUTINES

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1141 ;
1142 ;ENTRY POINTS ARE:
1143 ;
1144 ;      VB3MZ - TO INITIALIZE THE VB3
1145 ;      VB30 - TO OUTPUT A CHARACTER
1146 ;CALLING SEQUENCES:
1147 ;
1148 ;      CALL      VB3MZ ;INITIALIZE VB3
1149 ;
1150 ;
1151 ;      LD      A,DATA ;GET CHARACTER
1152 ;      MOV     C,A ;SAVE IN REG.C
1153 ;      CALL    VB30 ;OUTPUT IT
1154 ;

```

```

1155 ;VECTOR TO SPECIAL SUBROUTINES.

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F617 B7      1156 JENTRY: OR      A
F618 CA54F5 1157      JP      Z,ADSCR ;TOP OF SCRATCH RAM
F61B 3D      1158      DEC     A
F61C CA2CF6 1159      JP      Z,RWCL ;GET NCOL/NROW ADDR.
F61F 3D      1160      DEC     A
F620 CA41F6 1161      JP      Z,VB3IZ ;INITIALIZE VB3
F623 3D      1162      DEC     A

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F624	CA77F6	1163	JP	Z,VB3OUT;OUTPUT TO VB3
F627	3D	1164	DEC	A
F628	CA4DF7	1165	JP	Z,VDTTY ;OUTPUT TO VB1
F62B	C9	1166	RET	
		1167	;FIND SCRATCH CONSTANTS FOR NCOLS & NROWS.	
		1168	;HL = ADDRESS OF NCOLS CONSTANT.	
F62C	CD54F5	1169	RWCL: CALL	ADSCR
F62F	D5	1170	PUSH	DE
F630	11FEF6	1171	LD	DE,VX3-ENDX+1
F633	19	1172	ADD	HL,DE ;HL PNTS TO NCOLS
F634	D1	1173	POP	DE
F635	C9	1174	RET	
		1175	VB3MZ:	
F636	D3E0	1176	OUT	(KSTAT),A ;ENABLE THE VB3 BOARD
F638	CD3EF6	1177	CALL	VB3I ;INITIALIZE CHIP
F63B	D3E1	1178	OUT	(KDATA),A ;DISABLE VB3
F63D	C9	1179	RET	
		1180	;INITALIZE ALL OF THE CONTROL REGISTERS	
F63E	2163F6	1181	VB3I: LD	HL,X80X18
F641	D3DE	1182	VB3IZ: OUT	(VTAC+14),A
F643	D3DA	1183	OUT	(VTAC+10),A ;RESET THE VTAC
		1184	;SEND HCOUNT	
F645	7E	1185	LD	A,(HL)
F646	D3D0	1186	OUT	(VTAC+0),A
F648	23	1187	INC	HL
		1188	;SEND SYNC POSITION	
F649	7E	1189	LD	A,(HL)
F64A	D3D1	1190	OUT	(VTAC+1),A
F64C	23	1191	INC	HL
		1192	;SEND NO. OF CHAR.	
F64D	7E	1193	LD	A,(HL)
F64E	D3D2	1194	OUT	(VTAC+2),A
F650	23	1195	INC	HL
		1196	;SEND NO. OF ROWS	
F651	7E	1197	LD	A,(HL)
F652	D3D3	1198	OUT	(VTAC+3),A
F654	23	1199	INC	HL
		1200	;SEND RASTER FILL-IN	
F655	7E	1201	LD	A,(HL)
F656	D3D4	1202	OUT	(VTAC+4),A
F658	23	1203	INC	HL
		1204	;SEND TOP MARGIN	
F659	7E	1205	LD	A,(HL)
F65A	D3D5	1206	OUT	(VTAC+5),A
F65C	23	1207	INC	HL
		1208	;SEND BOTTOM LINE NO.	
F65D	7E	1209	LD	A,(HL)
F65E	D3D6	1210	OUT	(VTAC+6),A
F660	D3DE	1211	OUT	(VTAC+14),A ;START CRT CHIP
F662	C9	1212	RET	
		1213	;VB3 PARAMETER TABLE	
F663	70	1214	X80X18: DB	HCOUNT-1 ;HCOUNT-1

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F664 53 1215 ;INTERLACE + SYNC POSITION
1216 DB (INTERL*128)+53H
1217 ;RASTER LINES PER CHAR. + NO. OF CHAR.
1218 IF NOT INTERL
F665 5D 1219 DB (SCANR-1)*8+CODE
1220 ENDIF
1221 IF INTERL
1222 DB (SCANR-2)*8+CODE
1223 ENDIF
1224 ;NO. OF ROWS DOWN THE SCREEN
F666 11 1225 DB SKEW*64+NROWS-1
1226 ;FILL-IN THE RASTER FOR A FRAME
1227 IF NOT INTERL
F667 03 1228 DB (SCANF-256)/2
1229 ENDIF
1230 IF INTERL
1231 DB (SCANF-513)/2
1232 ENDIF
1233 ;SET THE TOP MARGIN
F668 14 1234 DB (SCANF-NROWS*SCANR)/4+9
1235 ;SET WHICH LINE IS BOTTOM
F669 11 1236 DB NROWS-1

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F66A D3E0 1237 ; VB30 IS THE MAIN DISPLAY DRIVER FOR THE VB3.
F66C E5 1238 VB30: OUT (KSTAT),A ;TURN-ON VB3
F66D CD2CF6 1239 PUSH HL
F670 CD77F6 1240 CALL RWCL ;PNT TO CONSTANTS
F673 E1 1241 CALL VB3OUT ;OUTPUT TO VB3
F674 D3E1 1242 POP HL
F676 C9 1243 OUT (KDATA),A ;TURN-OFF VB3
F677 DDE5 1244 RET
F679 E5 1245 VB3OUT: PUSH IX ;SAVE IX REGISTER
F67A DDE1 1246 PUSH HL ;SWITCH HL WITH IX
F67C D5 1247 POP IX ;
F67D C5 1248 PUSH DE ;SAVE D,E,B,C REG.'S
F67E CD27F7 1249 PUSH BC ;
F681 CD8CF6 1250 CALL CUROFF ;TURN OFF THE CURSOR
F684 CD1EF7 1251 CALL PROCESS ;PROCESS THE CHARACTER
F687 C1 1252 CALL CURON ;TURN CURSOR BACK ON
F688 D1 1253 POP BC ;RESTORE THE REGISTERS
F689 DDE1 1254 POP DE
F68B C9 1255 POP IX
1256 RET

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1257 ; ON ENTRY, REG HL = LOGICAL CURSOR ADDRESS
1258 ; AND REG C = DATA.
1259 PROCESS:

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F68C 79 1260 LD A,C ;MOVE DATA TO REG A.
F68D E67F 1261 AND 7FH ;STRIP PARITY/SET FLAGS
F68F C8 1262 RET Z ;SKIP NULLS.
F690 FEFF 1263 CP 0FFH ;RUB-OUT
F692 C8 1264 RET Z
F693 FE0D 1265 CP CR ;CHECK FOR CTRL-CHAR.
F695 CAB5F6 1266 JP Z,DOCR ;
F698 FE0A 1267 CP LF

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F69A	CAB8F6	1268	JP	Z,DOLF	
F69D	FE08	1269	CP	BS	
F69F	CA0CF7	1270	JP	Z,LEFT	;DO A BACKSPACE
F6A2	FE0C	1271	CP	FF	
F6A4	CAC3F6	1272	JP	Z,DOFF	
		1273			; MUST BE A DATA CHARACTER.
F6A7	E5	1274	PUSH	HL	;SAVE LOGIC CUR. ADDR.
F6A8	CD32F7	1275	CALL	GETBA	;GET PHYSICAL CUR/ADDR.
F6AB	71	1276	LD	(HL),C	;PUT THE DATA THERE.
F6AC	110010	1277	LD	DE,OFFSET	
F6AF	19	1278	ADD	HL,DE	;ADDRESS OF ATTRIBUTE
F6B0	E1	1279	POP	HL	;RESTORE LOGICAL CURSOR
F6B1	CD15F7	1280	CALL	RIGHT	;MOVE CURSOR RIGHT.
F6B4	C0	1281	RET	NZ	;
		1282			; PUT THE CURSOR ON COL.1 OF THE CURRENT LINE.
F6B5	2E00	1283	DOCR: LD	L,0	;PUT CURSOR ON COL 1
F6B7	C9	1284	RET		
		1285			; PUT CURSOR ON THE NEXT LINE, BLANK THE LINE.
F6B8	CD03F7	1286	DOLF: CALL	DOWN	;MOVE CURSOR DOWN
F6BB	E5	1287	PUSH	HL	;SAVE CURSOR ADDRESS.
F6BC	2E00	1288	LD	L,0	;PUT CURSOR ON COL 1.
F6BE	CDD2F6	1289	CALL	EEOL	;ERASE TO END OF LINE.
F6C1	E1	1290	POP	HL	;RESTORE CURSOR ADDR.
F6C2	C9	1291	RET		;RETURN TO CALLER.
		1292			; DO A FORM-FEED.
F6C3	210000	1293	DOFF: LD	HL,0	;START AT UPPER-LEFT
		1294			;AND CLEAR SCREEN.
		1295			; ERASE FROM THE CURSOR POSITION TO THE END
		1296			; OF THE SCREEN.
F6C6	DD7E00	1297	EEOS: LD	A,(IX)	;NCOLS
F6C9	95	1298	SUB	L	
F6CA	47	1299	LD	B,A	
F6CB	DD7E01	1300	LD	A,(IX+1)	
F6CE	94	1301	SUB	H	
F6CF	4F	1302	LD	C,A	
F6D0	1806	1303	JR	ERASE	
		1304			; ERASE FROM THE CURSOR TO THE END OF THE
		1305			; CURRENT LINE.
F6D2	3E50	1306	EEOL: LD	A,NCOLS	
F6D4	95	1307	SUB	L	
F6D5	47	1308	LD	B,A	
F6D6	0E01	1309	LD	C,1	
		1310			; ERASE THE SCREEN BEGINNING AT THE CURSOR
		1311			; POSITION. THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS TO
		1312			; ERASE IS IN REG BC.
		1313	ERASE:		
F6D8	E5	1314	PUSH	HL	
F6D9	E5	1315	ERASE1: PUSH	HL	

F6DA	CD32F7	1316	CALL	GETBA
F6DD	110010	1317	LD	DE,OFFSET
F6E0	EB	1318	EX	DE,HL
F6E1	19	1319	ADD	HL,DE
F6E2	EB	1320	EX	DE,HL
F6E3	3E03	1321	LD	A,NORMAL ;USE NORMAL ATTRIBUTE
F6E5	3620	1322	ERASE2: LD	(HL), ' '
F6E7	12	1323	LD	(DE),A ;
F6E8	23	1324	INC	HL
F6E9	13	1325	INC	DE
F6EA	05	1326	DEC	B
F6EB	20F8	1327	JR	NZ,ERASE2
F6ED	E1	1328	POP	HL
F6EE	2E00	1329	LD	L,0
F6F0	CD03F7	1330	CALL	DOWN
F6F3	0650	1331	LD	B,NCOLS
F6F5	0D	1332	DEC	C
F6F6	20E1	1333	JR	NZ,ERASE1
F6F8	E1	1334	POP	HL
F6F9	C9	1335	RET	
		1336	; MOVE THE CURSOR UP.	
F6FA	7C	1337	UP: LD	A,H
F6FB	25	1338	DEC	H
F6FC	B7	1339	OR	A
F6FD	C0	1340	RET	NZ
F6FE	DD6601	1341	LD	H,(IX+1) ;GET NROWS VALUE
F701	25	1342	DEC	H ;NROWS-1
F702	C9	1343	RET	
		1344	; MOVE THE CURSOR DOWN.	
F703	24	1345	DOWN: INC	H
F704	DD7E01	1346	LD	A,(IX+1) ;NROWS
F707	BC	1347	CP	H
F708	C0	1348	RET	NZ
F709	2600	1349	LD	H,0
F70B	C9	1350	RET	
		1351	; MOVE THE CURSOR LEFT.	
F70C	7D	1352	LEFT: LD	A,L
F70D	2D	1353	DEC	L
F70E	B7	1354	OR	A
F70F	C0	1355	RET	NZ
F710	DD6E00	1356	LD	L,(IX) ;NCOLS
F713	2D	1357	DEC	L ;NCOLS-1
F714	C9	1358	RET	
		1359	; MOVE THE CURSOR RIGHT.	
F715	2C	1360	RIGHT: INC	L
F716	DD7E00	1361	LD	A,(IX) ;NCOLS
F719	BD	1362	CP	L
F71A	C0	1363	RET	NZ
F71B	2E00	1364	LD	L,0
F71D	C9	1365	RET	

F71E	7D	1366	; TURN THE CURSOR ON.
F71F	D3DC	1367	; THE LOGICAL ADDRESS OF THE CURSOR MUST BE
F721	7C	1368	; IN REG HL.
F722	D3DD	1369	CURON: LD A,L
F724	D3D6	1370	OUT (VTAC+12),A
F726	C9	1371	LD A,H
		1372	OUT (VTAC+13),A
		1373	OUT (VTAC+6),A ;SET CURSOR AT BOTTOM.
		1374	RET

		1375	; TURN THE CURSOR OFF.
		1376	; THE LOGICAL ADDRESS OF THE CURSOR IS RETURN-
		1377	; ED IN REG HL.
F727	DBD9	1378	CUROFF: IN A,(VTAC+9) ;READ COL. REGISTER
F729	6F	1379	LD L,A ;TO REG L
F72A	DBD8	1380	IN A,(VTAC+8) ;READ ROW REGISTER
F72C	67	1381	LD H,A ;TO REG H
F72D	3EFF	1382	LD A,0FFH ;TURN CURSOR OFF
F72F	D3DC	1383	OUT (VTAC+12),A
F731	C9	1384	RET

		1385	; CONVERT A LOGICAL ADDRESS TO A PHYSICAL
		1386	; ADDRESS.
		1387	; ON ENTRY, HL CONTAINS THE LOGICAL ADDRESS.
		1388	; ON EXIT, HL CONTAINS THE PHYSICAL ADDRESS.
		1389	; A LOGICAL ADDRESS IS IN THE FORM (ROW,
		1390	; COLUMN) WITH ROW IN REG H AND COLUMN
		1391	; IN REG L. ROW MUST BE IN THE RANGE OF 0
		1392	; TO NROWS-1 AND COLUMN MUST BE IN
		1393	; THE RANGE OF 0 TO NCOLS-1.
		1394	; A PHYSICAL ADDRESS IS THE ACTUAL MEMORY
		1395	; ADDRESS IN THE VIDEO MEMORY.

F732	D5	1396	GETBA: PUSH DE
F733	C5	1397	PUSH BC
F734	EB	1398	EX DE,HL
F735	14	1399	INC D
F736	0600	1400	LD B,0
F738	DD4E00	1401	LD C,(IX) ;NCOLS
F73B	210000	1402	LD HL,0
F73E	B7	1403	OR A ;CLEAR CARRY
F73F	ED42	1404	SBC HL,BC ;BC=NCOLS,HL=-NCOLS
F741	09	1405	GETBA2: ADD HL,BC
F742	15	1406	DEC D
F743	20FC	1407	JR NZ,GETBA2
F745	19	1408	ADD HL,DE
F746	1100C0	1409	LD DE,VIDEO
F749	19	1410	ADD HL,DE
F74A	C1	1411	POP BC
F74B	D1	1412	POP DE
F74C	C9	1413	RET


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1414 ; VIDEO BOARD DRIVER
1415 ; THIS SUBROUTINE FACILITATES THE
1416 ; USE OF THE SSM VB1B/C VIDEO BOARD
1417 ; AND A VIDEO DISPLAY DEVICE AS A
1418 ; CONSOLE OUTPUT DEVICE.
1419 ; ASCII CHARACTERS PRESENTED TO THE
1420 ; SUBROUTINE IN THE C REGISTER ARE
1421 ; DISPLAYED ON THE SCREEN. CERTAIN
1422 ; CHARACTERS, LISTED BELOW, RECEIVE
1423 ; SPECIAL TREATMENT. ALL REGISTERS
1424 ; ARE PRESERVED BY THIS SUBROUTINE.
1425 ; VID IS THE BEGINNING ADDRESS ASSIGNED
1426 ; TO THE DISPLAY RAM LOCATED ON THE VB1
1427 ; BOARD.

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(E000) 1428 VID EQU 0E000H ;START OF VIDEO

1429 ; THREE BYTES OF RAM ARE REQUIRED FOR
1430 ; HOUSEKEEPING. THESE BYTES MUST BE
1431 ; IN AN AREA UNUSED BY OTHER PROGRAMS.
1432 ; MAIN ENTRY POINT
1433 ; THIS ENTRY POINT MAY BE USED IF
1434 ; THE CURSOR POINTER AND CHARACTER
1435 ; HOLD ARE AT LOCATIONS SPECIFIED
1436 ; IN REGISTERS H & L.
1437 ; THE USER MUST SUPPLY SUBROUTINE
1438 ; ENTRY CODE AS FOLLOWS:

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1439 ;ENTR: PUSH HL ;SAVE HL
1440 ; LD HL,PNTR ;ADDR OF CURSOR PNTR
1441 ; JP VDTTY ;JOIN THIS CODE

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F74D D5 1442 VDTTY: PUSH DE ;SAVE DE
F74E C5 1443 PUSH BC ;SAVE BC
F74F 5E 1444 LD E,(HL) ;LPTR
F750 23 1445 INC HL ;
F751 7E 1446 LD A,(HL) ;HPTR
F752 E603 1447 AND 3 ;CONVERT TO VIDEO
F754 C6E0 1448 ADD A,(VID) SHR 8 ;RAM ADDRESS
F756 57 1449 LD D,A ;
F757 23 1450 INC HL ;
F758 46 1451 LD B,(HL) ;CHAR UNDER CURSOR
F759 EB 1452 EX DE,HL ;PNTR TO HL
F75A 70 1453 LD (HL),B ;RESTORE PREV CHAR

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1454 ; IDENTIFY INPUT CHAR
F75B 79 1455 LD A,C ;NEW CHAR
F75C FE0C 1456 CP FF ;
F75E CA9EF7 1457 JP Z,VIDFF ;FORM FEED
F761 FE0D 1458 CP CR ;
F763 CAABF7 1459 JP Z,VIDCR ;CARRIAGE RETURN
F766 FE0A 1460 CP LF ;
F768 CAB2F7 1461 JP Z,VIDLF ;LINE FEED
F76B FE08 1462 CP BS ;
F76D CA98F7 1463 JP Z,CRLT ;BACKSPACE

```

F770	71	1464	LD	(HL),C ;
F771	010100	1465	LD	CRRT: BC,1
		1466 ;		ADJUST CURSOR POINTER
F774	09	1467	CRADJ:	ADD HL,BC ;
		1468 ;		CHECK FOR OVERFLOW
F775	7C	1469	LD	A,H ;
F776	FEE4	1470	CP	(VID+1024) SHR 8
F778	C283F7	1471	JP	NZ,VIDRT
F77B	21C0E3	1472	LD	HL,VID+960
F77E	CDCAF7	1473	CALL	ROLL0
F781	1806	1474	JR	VIDR1 ;
		1475 ;		COMMON EXIT CODE
		1476 ;		NORMALIZE CURSOR POINTER
F783	26E3	1477	VIDRT:	LD H,(VID+960) SHR 8
F785	7D	1478	LD	A,L ;
F786	F6C0	1479	OR	0COH ;
F788	6F	1480	LD	L,A ;
F789	7E	1481	VIDR1:	LD A,(HL) ;CHAR UNDER CURSOR
F78A	367F	1482	LD	(HL),7FH ;CURSOR
F78C	EB	1483	EX	DE,HL ;PNTR TO DE
F78D	77	1484	LD	(HL),A ;CHAR UNDER CURSOR
F78E	2B	1485	DEC	HL ;
F78F	72	1486	LD	(HL),D ;HPTR
F790	2B	1487	DEC	HL ;
F791	73	1488	LD	(HL),E ;LPTR
		1489 ;		RESTORE REGISTERS, EXIT
F792	C1	1490	POP	BC ;
F793	D1	1491	POP	DE ;
F794	E1	1492	POP	HL ;
F795	79	1493	LD	A,C ;
F796	B7	1494	OR	A ;
F797	C9	1495	RET	
		1496 ;		PROCESS BACKSPACE
		1497 ;		MOVE CURSOR LEFT ONE CHARACTER.
F798	01FFFF	1498	CRLT:	LD BC,-1
F79B	C374F7	1499	JP	CRADJ
		1500 ;		PROCESS FORM FEED
		1501 ;		FILL SCREEN WITH SPACES,
		1502 ;		LDE CURSOR TO TOP LEFT
F79E	2100E0	1503	VIDFF:	LD HL,VID ;
F7A1	E5	1504	PUSH	HL ;
F7A2	3620	1505	VIDFC:	LD (HL),' ' ;
F7A4	23	1506	INC	HL ;
F7A5	7C	1507	LD	A,H ;
F7A6	FEE4	1508	CP	(VID+1024) SHR 8 ;
F7A8	38F8	1509	JR	C,VIDFC ;
F7AA	E1	1510	POP	HL ;

		1511 ;	PROCESS CARRIAGE RETURN
		1512 ;	MOVE CURSOR TO BEGINNING
		1513 ;	OF LINE
F7AB	7D	1514 VIDCR:	LD A,L ;
F7AC	E6C0	1515	AND 0C0H ;
F7AE	6F	1516	LD L,A ;
F7AF	C383F7	1517	JP VIDRT ;
		1518 ;	PROCESS LINE FEED
		1519 ;	MOVE CURSOR DOWN ONE LINE,
		1520 ;	FILL NEW LINE WITH SPACES
F7B2	D5	1521 VIDLF:	PUSH DE ;
F7B3	114000	1522	LD DE,64 ;
F7B6	19	1523	ADD HL,DE ;
F7B7	7C	1524	LD A,H ;
F7B8	FEE4	1525	CP (VID+1024) SHR 8
F7BA	D1	1526	POP DE ;
F7BB	C283F7	1527	JP NZ,VIDRT ;
		1528 ;	ROLL THE WHOLE DISPLAY UP ONE
		1529 ;	LINE.
F7BE	CDCAF7	1530	CALL ROLL0
F7C1	7D	1531	LD A,L ;
F7C2	F6C0	1532	OR 0C0H ;
F7C4	6F	1533	LD L,A ;
F7C5	26E3	1534	LD H,(VID+960) SHR 8
F7C7	C383F7	1535	JP VIDRT ;
		1536 ;	ROLL SUBROUTINE
F7CA	D5	1537 ROLL0:	PUSH DE
F7CB	E5	1538	PUSH HL
F7CC	1100E0	1539	LD DE,VID;
F7CF	2140E0	1540	LD HL,VID+64;
F7D2	7E	1541 ROLL1:	LD A,(HL)
F7D3	12	1542	LD (DE),A ;
F7D4	3620	1543	LD (HL),' ' ;
F7D6	13	1544	INC DE
F7D7	23	1545	INC HL ;
F7D8	7C	1546	LD A,H ;
F7D9	FEE4	1547	CP (VID+1024) SHR 8
F7DB	20F5	1548	JR NZ,ROLL1;
F7DD	E1	1549	POP HL ;
F7DE	D1	1550 ROLL2:	POP DE ;
F7DF	C9	1551	RET ;
F7E0	(0000)	1552	END

Errors

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