

IMSAI

SCS

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**IMSAI 8080
Self-Contained System
Acknowledgement
Revision 2**

The IMSAI 8080 Monitor, Assembler, and Text Editor, supplied by IMSAI Manufacturing Corporation free of charge, is a modified version of software written by Microtec of Sunnyvale, California for Processor Technology of Berkeley, California who distributed the package free of charge.

IMSAI 8080
Self-Contained System
Operating System
Revision 2

IMSAI 8080 SELF-CONTAINED SYSTEM

OPERATING SYSTEM

The IMSAI 8080 Self-Contained System is a software system designed to run on the IMSAI 8080 computer. Included in the package is an Executive to handle memory files, an Assembler, and a line oriented Editor.

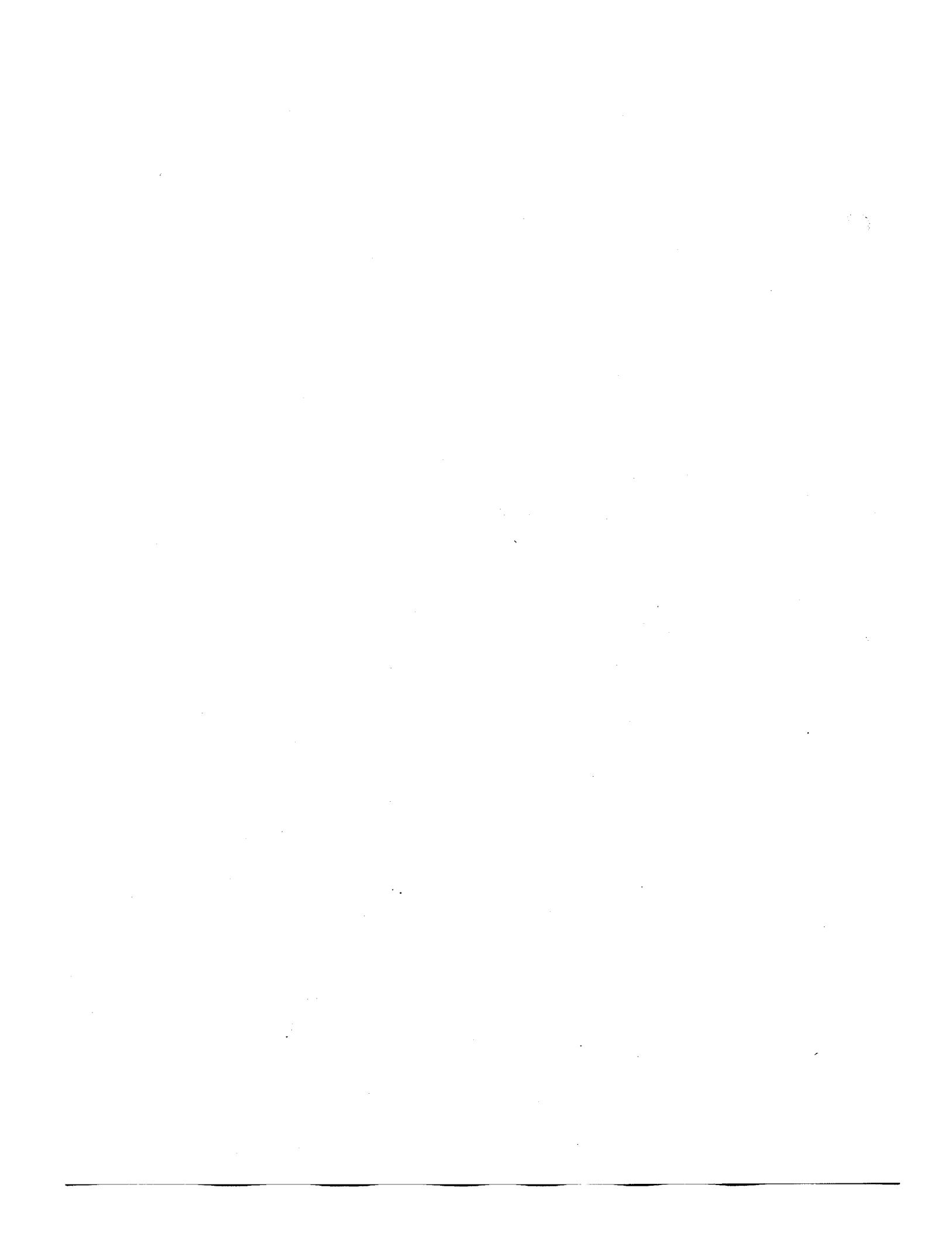
To use the system 6K of memory must be available for use by the system. This memory is allocated as follows:

0040 - 0DAB	Operating Program
1000 - 1119	Special System RAM
111A - 17FF	Symbol Table (Assembler Only)

In addition, other memory must be available for source and object files necessary for the user's program.

I/O within the program interacts with I/O ports addressed as follows:

<u>PQRT</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>
2	TTY Data
3	TTY Status
	Bit 0 indicates TBE
	Bit 1 indicates DAV
FF	Sense Switch Input
	ADDRESS - PROGRAMMED INPUT
	switch seven is used to control file listing.



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Executive Commands

CONTROL-X	Kill current line
ENTR	Enter data to memory
DUMP	Display memory data
FILE	Create, assign or display file information
EXEC	Execute a program
ASSM	Assemble a source file to object code
LIST	List file
DELT	Delete lines of file
1111	Any four numeric digits enters editor
PAGE	Move a page of data
BREK	Set or clear break points
PROC	Proceed from break point
CUST	Optional user command at location 2000

To initialize the system, start it at 0000. To re-start the system without initializing it, start at 0003.

The executive has one error messageWHAT?.... indicating an improper command or an error on parameters following the command.

Command Format

ENTR AAAA --- Enter data to memory

This command is used to enter data to memory starting at address AAAA and continuing until a slash (/) followed by a carriage return is entered. Data is entered in hexadecimal format.

Example:

ENTR 500
0 0A 30 44 FF FE/ (cr)

DUMP AAAA BBBB --- Dump contents of memory

This command is used to examine the contents of memory. The values contained in memory from locations AAAA to BBBB are displayed in hexadecimal. Each line of display consists of the contents of up to 16 memory locations. If BBBB is not specified, only locations AAAA will be displayed.

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FILE /NAME/ AAAA

This command is used to enter, examine or modify parameters of files created in the system. Up to six files can exist simultaneously with any one of the files "current". Depending on the form of the command, the following parameters the following functions are performed.

FILE /NAME/ AAAA Create a file with the name, NAME starting at address AAAA and make it current.
If a file with the same name already exists, output error message NO NO.

FILE /NAME/ 0 Delete file with name NAME and make no file current. Note: No file can start at location 0.

FILE /NAME/ Get file NAME and make it current. Save all parameters of existing current file.

FILE Display parameters of the "current" file in the following format with AAAA and BBBB being the beginning of file and end of file addresses:

NAME AAAA BBBB

FILES Display the parameters of all files currently saved by the system.

EXEC AAAA-----Execute a program.

This command is used to execute a program at address AAAA.

LIST N-----List file

This command is used to display the lines entered by the user into the file. The output consists of the lines in the file starting at line number N. If N is not specified, the display starts at the beginning of the file. The user can terminate the display by raising ADDRESS-PROGRAMMED INPUT switch 7.

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DELT L1 L2 ----Delete line(s) from file

This command is used to delete lines entered by the user from the file. All lines starting at line L1 and continuing up to and including L2 are deleted from the file. If L2 is not specified, only L1 is deleted.

PAGE AAAA BBBB----Move page of data

This command is used to move one page (256 bytes) of data from address AAAA to BBBB.

CUST----Optional user command at location 2000

This command allows any routine to be placed at location 2000 by the user. If the command is terminated by a RET and proper stack operations are used, the system will return in an orderly manner.

BREK or BREK AAAA

This command is used to set or clear break points. If called without the argument AAAA, all break points are cleared.

If called with the argument AAAA, a break point is set at location AAAA. When the break point is encountered in the course of execution, the break point is cleared, all registers are saved, the A register is displayed in the PROGRAMMED OUTPUT on the front panel, the message "AAAA BREAK" is typed and control returns to the executive. The registers are saved in the following locations, and may be examined or modified using the DUMP or ENTR commands.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Register</u>
1000	PSW
1001	A
1002	C
1003	B
1004	E
1005	D
1006	SP (low)
1007	SP (high)
1008	L
1009	H
100A	PC (low)
100B	PC (high)

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- Restrictions:
- (1) A maximum of 8 break points may be set.
 - (2) Break points may not be set below location 000B.
 - (3) Setting a break point causes information to be stored into locations 0008-000A, destroying any information already there.

PROC or PROC AAAA

This command is used to proceed from a break point. All registers are restored from the locations specified above, and execution continues from the location specified by the PC, unless the argument AAAA is given, in which case execution begins at location AAAA.

ASSM AAAA BBBB --- Assemble a source file to object code.

This command is used to assemble a source program written by the user and located in the file area. The assembler performs the assembly, assigning addresses to the object code starting at AAAA. On the second pass the object code is placed in memory starting at location BBBB. If BBBB is not specified, it assumes the same value as AAAA. During pass one certain errors are displayed, and during pass two a complete listing is produced.

ASSME AAAA BBBB --- Assemble and list errors only.

This command is the same as ASSM, except that only lines with errors are displayed. Object code is produced just as in ASSM.

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Text Editor
Revision 2

TEXT EDITOR

Editor

The editor is a line oriented editor which enables the user to easily create program files in the system. Each line is prefaced by a fixed line number which provides for stable line referencing. Since line numbers can range from 0000 to 9999 (decimal), up to 10,000 lines can exist in each file. As the user types lines on the input device, they are entered into the file area. The editor places all line numbers in sequence and automatically over-writes an existing line in the file, if a new line with the same line number is entered by the user. A feature of the editor is that the file area never contains any wasted space.

Note: The Editor ALWAYS operates on the current file.

The editor does not automatically assign line numbers. The user must first, when entering a line of data, enter a decimal number which will be interpreted as being the line number. Valid line numbers must contain four digits; preceding zeros must be included. An entry to the editor is terminated by the carriage return key. No more than 80 characters may be input for one line.

All lines are ordered by the ascending numeric sequence of their line numbers. If the user wishes to insert lines after the initial entry is made, it is suggested that s/he input the original lines with line numbers at least five units apart.

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Self-Contained System
Assembler
Revision 2

ASSEMBLER

When the Assembler is given control by the executive, it proceeds to translate the Symbolic 8080 Assembly Language (Source) program into 8080 machine (object) code. The Assembler is a two pass assembler which operates on the "current" file. Features of the Assembler include:

- free format source input.
- symbolic addressing, including forward references and relative symbolic references.
- complex expressions may be used as arguments.
- self defining constants.
- multiple constant forms.
- up to 256 five character symbols.
- reserved names for 8080 registers
- ASCII character code generation
- 6 Pseudo Operations (assembler directives)

The assembler translates those lines contained in the current file into object code. The second character following the line number is considered to be the first source code character position. Hence, the character immediately following the line number should normally be a space. Line numbers are not processed by the assembler; they are merely reproduced on the listing.

The assembler will assemble a source program file composed of STATEMENTS, COMMENTS, and PSEUDO OPERATIONS.

During Pass 1, the assembler allocates all storage necessary for the translated program and defines the values of all symbols used, by creating a symbol table. The storage allocated for the object code will begin at the byte indicated by the 1st parameter in the original Executive ASSM command.

During Pass 2, all expressions, symbols and ASCII constants are evaluated to absolute values and are placed in allocated memory in the appropriate locations. The listing, also produced during Pass 2, indicates exactly what data is in each location of memory.

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Statements

Statements may contain either symbolic 8080 machine instructions or pseudo-ops. The structure of such a statement is:

NAME	OPERATION	OPERAND	COMMENT
------	-----------	---------	---------

The name-field, if present, must begin in assembler character position one. The symbol in the name field can contain as many characters as the user wants; however, only the first 5 characters are used in the symbol table to uniquely define a symbol. All symbols in this field must begin with an alphabetic character and may contain no special characters.

The operation field contains either a 8080 operation mnemonic or a system pseudo-operation code.

The operand field contains parameters pertaining to the operation in the operation field. If two arguments are present, they must be separated by a comma. Example:

```
0015 FLOP MOV M,B COMMENT
0020 * COMMENT
0025     JMP BEG
0030     CALL FLOP
0035 BEG   ADI 8+6-4
0040     MOV A,B
```

All fields are separated and distinguished from one another by the presence of one or more spaces or tabs.

The comment field is for explanatory remarks. It is reproduced on the listing without processing. See example 0015. Comment lines must start with an asterisk (*) in character position 1. See example 0020.

Symbolic Names

To assign a symbolic name to a statement, one merely places the symbol in the name field. To leave off the name field, the user skips two or more spaces after the line number and begins the operation field. If a name is attached to a statement, the assembler assigns it the value of the current Location Counter. The Location Counter always holds the address of the next byte to be assembled. The only exception to this is the EQU pseudo-op. In this case

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a symbol in the name field is assigned a value which is contained in the operand field of the EQU pseudo-op statement.

Example:

0057 POTTS EQU 128

assigns the value 128 to the name POTTS. This data can then be used elsewhere in the program, as in ADI POTTS.

Names are defined when they appear in the name field. All defined names may be used as symbolic arguments in the argument field. See examples 0015, 0025, 0030 and 0035.

In addition to user defined names, the assembler has reserved several symbols, the value of which is predetermined. These names may not be used by the user except in the operand field. They are (with their value in parenthesis):

A -	the accumulator	(7)
B -	Register B	(0)
C -	Register C	(1)
D -	Register D	(2)
E -	Register E	(3)
H -	Register H	(4)
L -	Register L	(5)
M -	Memory (through H,L)	(6)
P -	Program Status Word	(6)
S -	Stack Pointer	(6)

In addition to the above reserved symbols, there is the single special character symbol (\$). This symbol changes in value as the assembly progresses. It is always equated with the value of the program counter after the current instruction is assembled. It may only be used in the operand field.

Examples:

JMP \$ means jump to the location
MOV A,B after this instruction;
that is, the MOV instruction

LDA \$+5 means load the data at the
DB 0 fifth location after this
DB 1 location. In this case,
DB 2 the data has the value 5.
DB 3
DB 4
DB 5

Relative Symbolic Addressing

If the name of a particular location is known, a nearby location may be specified using the known name and a numeric offset. Example:

```
JMP    BEG
JPE    BEG+4
CC     SUB
CALL   $+48
BEG    MOV    A,B
       HLT
MVI    C, 'B'
INR    B
```

In this example the instruction JMP BEG refers to the MOV A,B instruction. The instruction JPE BEG+4 refers to the INR B instruction. BEG+4 means the address BEG plus four bytes. This form of addressing can be used to locate several bytes before or after a named location.

Constants

The Assembler allows the user to write positive or negative numbers directly in a statement. They will be regarded as decimal constants and their binary equivalents will be used appropriately. All unsigned numbers are considered positive. Decimal constants can be defined using the descriptor "D" after the numeric value. (This is not required, as the default is decimal.)

Hexadecimal constants may be defined using the descriptor "H" after a numeric value. IE. +10H, 10H, 3AH, 0F4H.

Note that a hexadecimal constant cannot start with the digits A-F. In this case, a leading 0 must be included. This enables the assembler to differentiate between a numeric value and a symbol.

ASCII constants may be defined by enclosing the ASCII character within single quote marks, i.e., 'C'. For double word constants, two characters may be defined within one quote string.

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Expressions

An expression is a sequence of one or more symbols, constants or other expressions separated by the arithmetic operators plus or minus.

```
PAM +3  
ISAB-'A'+52  
LOOP+32H-5
```

Expressions are calculated using 16 bit arithmetic. All arithmetic is done modulo 65536. Single byte data cannot contain a value greater than 255 or less than -256. Any value outside this range will result in an assembler error.

Pseudo-Operations

The pseudo-operations are written as ordinary statements, but they direct the assembler to perform certain functions which do not always develop 8080 machine code. The following section describes the pseudo-ops.

ORG----Set Program Origin

Format is

label ORG expression
where the label is optional but if present will be equaled to the given expression.

END----End of Assembly

The pseudo-op informs the assembler that the last source statement has been read. The assembler will then start on pass 2 and terminate the assembly and pass control back to the executive. This pseudo-op is not needed when assembling from a memory file since the assembler will stop when an end of file indicator has been reached.

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EQU----Equal Symbolic Value

Format is

 label EQU expression
where label is a symbol the value of which will be determined from the expression, and expression is an expression which when evaluated will be assigned to the symbol given in the name field.

DS----Define Storage

Format is

 label DS expression.

The DS causes the assembler to advance the Assembly Program Counter, effectively skipping past a given number of memory bytes.

DB----Define Byte

Format is

 label DB expression.

This pseudo-op is used to reserve one byte of storage. The content of the byte is specified in the argument field.

DW----Define Word

This pseudo-op is used to define two bytes of storage. The evaluated argument will be placed in the two bytes; high order 8 bits in the low order byte, and the low order 8 bits in the high order byte. This conforms to the Intel format for two byte addresses.

Assembler Errors

The following error flags are output on the assembler listing when the error occurs. Some of the errors are only output during pass 1.

O	Opcode Error
L	Label Error
D	Duplicate Label Error
M	Missing Label Error
V	Value Error
U	Undefined Symbol
S	Syntax Error
R	Register Error
A	Argument Error.

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Self-Contained System
Object Tape Format
Revision 2

OBJECT TAPE FORMAT

The IMSAI Self-Contained System is supplied on paper tape in a blocked hexadecimal format. The data on the tape is blocked into discrete records, each record containing record length, record type, memory address and checksum information in addition to data. A frame-by-frame description is as follows:

Frame 0	Record Mark. Signals the start of a record. The ASCII character colon (" :" HEX 3A) is used as the record mark.
Frames 1,2 (0-9,A-F)	Record Length. Two ASCII characters representing a hexadecimal number in the range 0 to 'FF' (0 to 255). This is the count of actual data bytes in the record type or checksum. A record length of 0 indicates end of file.
Frames 3 to 6	Load Address. Four ASCII characters that represent the initial memory location where the data following will be loaded. The first data byte is stored in the location pointed to by the load address; succeeding data bytes are loaded into ascending addresses.
Frames 7, 8	Record Type. Two ASCII characters. Currently all records are type 0. This field is reserved for future expansion.
Frames 9 to 9+2* (Record Length) -1	Data. Each 8 bit memory word is represented by two frames containing the ASCII characters (0 to 9, A to F) to represent a hexadecimal value 0 to 'FF'H (0 to 255).

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Frames 9+2* (Record Length) to 9+2*(Record Length) +1

Checksum. The checksum is the negative of the sum of all 8 bit bytes in the record since the record mark (":") evaluated modulus 256. That is, if you add together all the 8 bit bytes, ignoring all carries out of an 8-bit sum, then add the checksum, the result is zero.

Example: If memory locations 1 through 3 contain 53F8EC, the format of the hex file produced when these locations are punched is:

:0300010053F8ECC5

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Self-Contained System
Saving and Restoring
Programs
Revision 2

SAVING AND RESTORING PROGRAMS

While the system has no explicit provision for saving and restoring programs, it is possible to do so with an ASR style teletype. The procedure is as follows:

1. Make the file you want to save the current file.
2. Type 'LIST', but don't type the carriage return.
3. Turn on the paper tape punch.
4. Type carriage return. The program will be listed on the teletype and simultaneously punched on the paper tape punch.
5. When the 'LIST' is completed, turn off the punch.

The procedure for restoring the file is as follows:

1. Make the file you want to restore into the current file.
2. Mount the tape in the paper tape reader.
3. Start the paper tape reader. The program will be automatically read in.

An analogous procedure, using the DUMP and ENTR commands, may be used to save and restore object code.

```

; REVISION 2          06 OCT 76
; ##### SELF CONTAINED SYSTEM #####
;
0000      ORG    00H
0000 C34000  JMP    INITA ;DEAD START
0003 C36700  JMP    EOR   ;RESTART MONITOR
;
0006      ; ORG    08H
0008 C32E00  JMP    SRKP  ;BREAKPOINT RESTART
;
0008      ; ORG    40H
;
; THIS ROUTINE SETS UP THE SIO BOARD
;
0040 3EAAC  INITA: MVI    A,0AAH ;GET DUMMY MODE WORD
0042 D303   OUT   TTS   ;OUTPUT IT
0044 3E40   MVI    A,40H  ;GET RESET BIT
0046 D303   OUT   TTS   ;RESET SIO BOARD
0048 3ECE   MVI    A,0CEH ;GET REAL MODE WORD
004A D303   OUT   TTS   ;SET THE MODE FOR REAL
004C 3E37   MVI    A,37H  ;GET THE COMMAND
004E D303   OUT   TTS   ;OUTPUT IT
;
; THIS ROUTINE INITIALIZES THE FILE AREA FOR SUBSEQUENT
; PROCESSING
;
0050 212410  LXI    H,FILE0
0053 0E4E   MVI    C,MAXFIL#FELEN
0055 AF     XRA    A
0056 77     INIT2: MOV    M,A
0057 23     INX    H
0058 0D     DCR    C
0059 C25600  JNZ    INIT2
;
; CLEAR THE BREAKPOINT TABLE
;
005C 0618   MVI    B,NBR#3
005E 210C10  LXI    H,BRT
0061 77     INIT3: MOV    M,A
0062 23     INX    H
0063 05     DCR    B
0064 C26100  JNZ    INIT3
;
; THIS IS THE STARTING POINT OF THE SELF CONTAINED
; SYSTEM ONCE THE SYSTEM HAS BEEN INITIALIZED.  COMMANDS
; ARE READ FROM THE USER, EXECUTED, AND CONTROL RETURNS
; BACK TO THIS POINT TO READ ANOTHER COMMAND.
;
0067 31B210  EOR:   LXI    SP,AREA+18
006A CD0E01  CALL   CRLF  ;PRINT C/R, LINE FEED
006D CD8000  CALL   READ   ;READ INPUT LINE
0070 23     INX    H
0071 7E     MOV    A,M   ;FETCH FIRST CHARACTER
0072 FE3A   CPI    '9'+1 ;COMMAND OR LINE NUMBER?
0074 DAB504  JC    LINE   ;JUMP IF LINE FOR FILE
0077 CD7301  CALL   VALC   ;GET COMMAND VALUES
007A CD2B01  CALL   COMM   ;CHECK LEGAL COMMANDS
007D C36700  JMP    EOR
;
; THIS ROUTINE READS IN A LINE FROM THE TTY AND PLACES
; IT IN AN INPUT BUFFER.
; THE FOLLOWING ARE SPECIAL CHARACTERS
; : CR           TERMINATES READ ROUTINE

```

```

; LF      NOT RECOGNIZED BY ROUTINE
; CTRL X   DELETE CURRENT LINE
; DEL      DELETE CHARACTER
; ALL DISPLAYABLE CHARACTERS BETWEEN BLANK & Z AND THE
; ABOVE ARE RECOGNIZED BY THE READ ROUTINE, ALL OTHERS
; ARE SKIPPED OVER. THE ROUTINE WILL NOT ACCEPT MORE
; CHARACTERS THAN THE INPUT BUFFER WILL HOLD.

0080 21C710  READ: LXI H,IBUF ;GET INPUT BUFFER ADDRESS
0083 227410  SHLD ADDS ;SAVE ADDRESS
0086 1E02      MVI E,2 ;INITIALIZE CHARACTER COUNT
0088 CDF600  NEXT: CALL IN8 ;READ A LINE
008B 78        MOV A,B
008C FE18      CPI 24 ;CHECK FOR CTRL X
008E C29700  JNZ CR
0091 CD0E01      CALL CRLF ;OUTPUT A CRLF
0094 C38000  JMP READ
0097 FE00  CR: CPI ASCR ;GET AN ASCII CR
0099 C2B200  UNZ DEL
009C 7D        MOV A,L
009D FEC7      CPI IBUF AND OFFH ;CHECK FOR FIRST CHAR
009F CA8000  JZ READ
00A2 360D      MVI M,ASCR ;PLACE CR AT END OF LINE
00A4 23        INX H
00A5 3601      MVI M,1 ;PLACE EOF INDICATOR IN LINE
00A7 23        INX H
00AA 3E1A      MVI A,IBUF+83 AND OFFH
00AA CDE100    CALL CLER ;CLEAR REMAINING BUFFER
00AD 21C610    LXI H,IBUF-1
00B0 73        MOV M,E ;SAVE CHARACTER COUNT
00B1 C9        RET
00B2 FE7F  DEL: CPI 127 ;CHECK FOR DELETE CHARACTER
00B4 C2C700  JNZ CHAR
00B7 3EC7      MVI A,IBUF AND OFFH
00B9 BD        CMP L ;IS THIS 1ST CHARACTER
00B8A CA8800   JZ NEXT
00BD 2B        DCX H ;DECREMENT POINTER
00BE 1D        DCR E ;DECREMENT COUNT
00BF 065F  BSPA: MVI 8,5FH
00C1 CD0301    CALL OUT8
00C4 C38800    JMP NEXT
00C7 FE20  CHAR: CPI ' ' ;CHECK FOR LEGAL CHARACTER
00C9 DA8800    JC NEXT
00CC FE5B      CPI 'Z'+1
00CE D28800    JNC NEXT
00D1 47        MOV B,A
00D2 CD0301    CALL OUT8 ;ECHO CHARACTER
00D5 70        MOV M,B
00D6 3E18      MVI A,IBUF+81 AND OFFH
00D8 BD        CMP L ;CHECK FOR END OF LINE
00D9 CABF00    JZ BSPA
00DC 23        INX H
00DD 1C        INR E ;INCREMENT CHARACTER COUNT
00DE C38800    JMP NEXT

; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO BLANK OUT A PORTION OF MEMORY
; CLER: CMP L
;       RZ
;       MVI M,1 ;PLACE BLANK IN MEMORY
;       INX H
;       JMP CLER

; SEE IF TTY INPUT READY AND CHECK FOR CTRL X.

```

```

; RETURN WITH ZERO SET IFF CTRL X SEEN.
;
00E9 DB03 INK: IN TTS ;GET TTY STATUS
00EB 2F CMA ;INVERT STATUS
00EC E602 ANI TTYDA ;IS DATA AVAILABLE?
00EE C0 RNZ ;RETURN IF NOT
00EF DB02 IN TTI ;GET THE CHAR
00F1 E67F ANI 07FH ;STRIP OFF PARITY
00F3 FE18 CPI 'X'40H ;IS IT A CTRL X?
00F5 C9 RET

; THIS ROUTINE READS A BYTE OF DATA FROM THE USART
;
00F6 DB03 IN8: IN TTS ;READ USART STATUS
00F8 E602 ANI TTYDA
00FA CAF600 JZ IN8
00FD DB02 IN TTI ;READ DATA
00FF E67F ANI 127 ;STRIP OFF PARITY
0101 47 MOV B,A
0102 C9 RET

; THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A BYTE OF DATA TO THE USART
;
0103 DB03 OUT8: IN TTS ;READ STATUS
0105 E601 ANI TTYTR
0107 CA0301 JZ OUT8
010A 78 OK: MOV A,B
010B D302 OUT TTO ;TRANSMIT DATA
010D C9 RET

; THIS ROUTINE WILL OUTPUT A CARRIAGE RETURN AND
; LINE FEED FOLLOWED BY TWO DELETE CHARACTERS WHICH
; PROVIDE TIME FOR PRINT HEAD TO RETURN.
;
010E 060D CRLF: MVI B,13 ;CR
0110 CD0301 CALL OUT8
0113 060A LF: MVI B,10 ;LF
0115 CD0301 CALL OUT8
0118 067F MVI B,127
011A CD0301 CALL OUT8
011D CD0301 CALL OUT8
0120 C9 RET

; THIS ROUTINE JUMPS TO A LOCATION IN MEMORY GIVEN BY
; THE INPUT COMMAND AND BEGINS EXECUTION OF PROGRAM
; THERE.
;
0121 CD0003 EXEC: CALL VCHK ;CHECK FOR PARAMETER
0124 CD0E01 CALL CRLF
0127 2A8A10 LHLD 8BUF ;FETCH ADDRESS
012A E9 PCHL ;JUMP TO PROGRAM
;
;
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE CHECKS THE INPUT COMMAND AGAINST ALL
; LEGAL COMMANDS STORED IN A TABLE. IF A LEGAL COMMAND
; IS FOUND, A JUMP IS MADE TO THAT ROUTINE. OTHERWISE
; AN ERROR MESSAGE IS OUTPUT TO THE USER.
;
012B 118E02 COMM: LXI D,CTAB ;COMMAND TABLE ADDRESS
012C 060B MVI B,NCOM ;NUMBER OF COMMANDS
0130 3E04 MVI A,4 ;LENGTH OF COMMAND
0132 329510 STA NCHR ;SAVE
0135 CD3C01 CALL COMS ;SEARCH TABLE
0138 C25A04 JNZ WHAT ;JUMP IF ILLEGAL COMMAND

```

013B E9

PCHL

;BE HERE NOW

; THIS ROUTINE CHECKS TO SEE IF A BASE CHARACTER STRING
; IS EQUAL TO ANY OF THE STRINGS CONTAINED IN A TABLE
; POINTED TO BY D,E. THE TABLE CONSISTS OF ANY NUMBER
; OF CHARS, WITH 2 BYTES CONTAINING VALUES ASSOCIATED
; WITH IT. REG B CONTAINS THE # OF STRINGS TO COMPARE.
; THIS ROUTINE CAN BE USED TO SEARCH THROUGH A COMMAND
; OR SYMBOL TABLE. ON RETURN, IF THE ZERO FLAG IS SET,
; A MATCH WAS FOUND; IF NOT, NO MATCH WAS FOUND. IF
; A MATCH WAS FOUND, D,E POINT TO THE LAST BYTE
; ASSOCIATED WITH THE CHARACTER STRING. IF NOT, D,E
; POINT TO THE NEXT LOCATION AFTER THE END OF THE TABLE.

013C 2A7410	COMS:	LHLD	ADDS	;FETCH COMPARE ADDRESS
013F 3A9510		LDA	NCHR	;GET LENGTH OF STRING
0142 4F		MOV	C,A	
0143 CD5301		CALL	SEAR	;COMPARE STRINGS
0146 1A		LDAX	D	;FETCH VALUE
0147 6F		MOV	L,A	
0148 13		INX	D	
0149 1A		LDAX	D	;FETCH VALUE
014A 67		MOV	H,A	
014B C8		RZ		
014C 13		INX	D	;SET TO NEXT STRING
014D 05		DCR	B	;DECREMENT COUNT
014E C23C01		JNZ	COMS	
0151 04		INR	B	;CLEAR ZERO FLAG
0152 C9		RET		

; THIS ROUTINE CHECKS TO SEE IF TWO CHARACTER STRINGS IN
; MEMORY ARE EQUAL. THE STRINGS ARE POINTED TO BY D,E
; AND H,L. ON RETURN, THE ZERO FLAG SET INDICATES A
; MATCH. REG C INDICATES THE LENGTH OF THE STRINGS. ON
; RETURN, THE POINTERS POINT TO THE NEXT ADDRESS AFTER
; THE CHARACTER STRINGS.

0153 1A	SEAR:	LDAX	D	;FETCH CHARACTER
0154 BE		CMP	M	;COMPARE CHARACTERS
0155 C25F01		JNZ	INCA	
0158 23		INX	H	
0159 13		INX	D	
015A 0D		DCR	C	;DECREMENT CHARACTER COUNT
015B C25301		JNZ	SEAR	
015E C9		RET		
015F 13	INCA:	INX	D	
0160 0D		DCR	C	
0161 C25F01		JNZ	INCA	
0164 0C		INR	C	;CLEAR ZERO FLAG
0165 C9		RET		

; THIS ROUTINE ZEROES OUT A BUFFER IN MEMORY WHICH IS
; THEN USED BY OTHER SCANNING ROUTINES.

0166 AF	ZBUF:	XRA	A	;GET A ZERO
0167 118A10		LXI	D,ABUF+12	;BUFFER ADDRESS
016A 060C		MVI	8,12	;BUFFER LENGTH
016C 1B	ZBU1:	DCX	D	;DECREMENT ADDRESS
016D 12		STAX	D	;ZERO BUFFER
016E 05		DCR	B	

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016F C26C01      JNZ      ZBU1
0172 C9          RET

; THIS ROUTINE CALLS ETRA TO OBTAIN THE INPUT PARAMETER
; VALUES AND CALLS AN ERROR ROUTINE IF AN ERROR OCCURRED
; IN THAT ROUTINE.

0173 CD7A01      VALC:   CALL    ETRA    ;GET INPUT PARAMETERS
0176 DA5A04      JC      WHAT    ;JUMP IF ERROR
0179 C9          RET

; THIS ROUTINE EXTRACTS THE VALUES ASSOCIATED WITH A
; COMMAND FROM THE INPUT STREAM AND PLACES THEM IN THE
; ASCII BUFFER (ABUF). IT ALSO CALLS A ROUTINE TO
; CONVERT THE ASCII HEXADEIMALS TO BINARY AND STORES
; THEM IN THE BINARY BUFFER (BBUF). ON RETURN, CARRY
; SET INDICATES AN ERROR IN INPUT PARAMETERS.

017A 210000      ETRA:   LXI    H,0      ;GET A ZERO
017D 228C10      SHLD   BBUF+2   ;ZERO VALUE
0180 227610      SHLD   FBUF     ;SET NO FILE NAME
0183 CD6601      CALL    ZBUF     ;ZERO BUFFER
0186 21C610      LXI    H,IBUF-1
0189 23          VAL1:   INX    H
018A 7E          MOV    A,M      ;FETCH INPUT CHARACTER
018B FE20          CPI    ' '      ;LOOK FOR FIRST CHARACTER
018D 3F          CMC
018E D0          RNC
018F C28901      JNZ    VAL1    ;RETURN IF NO CARRY
0192 229610      SHLD   PNTR    ;JUMP IF NO BLACK
0195 CD0009      CALL    SALK    ;SAVE POINTER
0198 3F          CMC
0199 D0          RNC
019A FE2F          CPI    ' '
019C C2C401      JNZ    VAL5    ;NO FILE NAME
019F 117610      LXI    D,FBUF    ;NAME FOLLOWS PUT IN FBUF
01A2 0E05          MVI    C,NMLEN
01A4 23          VAL2:   INX    H
01A5 7E          MOV    A,M
01A6 FE2F          CPI    ' '
01A8 CA8401      JZ     VAL3
01AB 0D          DCR    C
01AC FA5A04      JM     WHAT
01AF 12          STAX   D      ;STORE FILE NAME
01B0 13          INX    D
01B1 C3A401      JMP    VAL2
01B4 3E20          VAL3:  MVI    A,' '
01B6 0D          VAL4:  DCR    C
01B7 FABF01      JM     DONE
01B8 12          STAX   D      ;FILL IN WITH SPACES
01BB 13          INX    D
01BC C38601      JMP    VAL4
01BF CD1409      DONE:  CALL   SBL2
01C2 3F          CMC
01C3 D0          RNC
01C4 117E10      VAL5:  LXI    D,ABUF
01C7 CD7508      CALL   ALPS    ;PLACE PARAMETER IN BUFFER
01CA 78          MOV    A,8      ;GET DIGIT COUNT
01CB FE05          CPI    5      ;CHECK NUMBER OF DIGITS
01CD 3F          CMC
01CE D8          RC
01CF 017E10      LXI    B,ABUF
01D2 CD1B02      CALL   AHEX    ;CONVERT VALUE
01D5 D8          RC
01D6 228A10      SHLD   BBUF    ;SAVE IN BINARY BUFFER
01D9 217E10      LXI    H,ABUF

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01DC CD8D05      CALL    NORM   ;NORMALIZE ASCII VALUE
01DF CD0D09      CALL    SBLK   ;SCAN TO NEXT PARAMETER
01E2 3F          CMC
01E3 D0          RNC   ;RETURN IF CR
01E4 118210      LXI    D,ABUF+4
01E7 CD7508      CALL    ALPS   ;PLACE PARAMETER IN BUFFER
01EA 78          MOV    A,B   ;GET DIGIT COUNT
01EB FE05      CPI    5     ;CHECK NUMBER OF DIGITS
01ED 3F          CMC
01EE D8          RC    ;RETURN IF TOO MANY DIGITS
01EF 018210      LXI    B,ABUF+4
01F2 CD1802      CALL    AHEX   ;CONVERT VALUE
01F5 D8          RC    ;ILLEGAL VALUE
01F6 228C10      SHLD   BBUF+2 ;SAVE IN BINARY BUFFER
01F9 218210      LXI    H,ABUF+4
01FC CD8D05      CALL    NORM   ;NORMALIZE ASCII VALUE
01FF B7          ORA    A     ;CLEAR CARRY
0200 C9          RET

; THIS ROUTINE FETCHES DIGITS FROM THE BUFFER ADDRESSED
; BY B,C AND CONVERTS THE ASCII DECIMAL DIGITS INTO
; BINARY. UP TO A 16-BIT VALUE CAN BE CONVERTED. THE
; SCAN STOPS WHEN A BINARY ZERO IS FOUND IN THE BUFFER.
;

0201 210000      ADEC:  LXI    H,0   ;GET A 16 BIT ZERO
0204 0A          ADE1: LDAX   B     ;FETCH ASCII DIGIT
0205 B7          ORA    A     ;SET ZERO FLAG
0206 C8          RZ    ;RETURN IFF FINISHED
0207 S4          MOV    D,H   ;SAVE CURRENT VALUE
0208 5D          MOV    E,L   ;SAVE CURRENT VALUE
0209 29          DAD    H     ;TIMES TWO
020A 29          DAD    H     ;TIMES TWO
020B 19          DAD    D     ;ADD IN ORIGINAL VALUE
020C 29          DAD    H     ;TIMES TWO
020D D630      SUI    48   ;ASCII BIAS
020F FEOA      CPI    10   ;CHECK FOR LEGAL VALUE
0211 3F          CMC
0212 D8          RC    ;RETURN IF ERROR
0213 5F          MOV    E,A
0214 1600      MVI    D,0
0216 19          DAD    D     ;ADD IN NEXT DIGIT
0217 03          INX    B     ;INCREMENT POINTER
0218 C30402      JMP    ADE1

;

; THIS ROUTINE FETCHES DIGITS FROM THE BUFFER ADDRESSED
; BY B,C AND CONVERTS THE ASCII HEXADECIMAL DIGITS INTO
; BINARY. UP TO A 16-BIT VALUE CAN BE CONVERTED. THE
; SCAN STOPS WHEN A BINARY ZERO IS FOUND IN THE BUFFER.
;

0218 210000      AHEX:  LXI    H,0   ;GET A 16 BIT ZERO
021E 0A          AHE1: LDAX   B     ;FETCH ASCII DIGIT
021F B7          ORA    A     ;SET ZERO FLAG
0220 C8          RZ    ;RETURN IF DONE
0221 29          DAD    H     ;LEFT SHIFT
0222 29          DAD    H     ;LEFT SHIFT
0223 29          DAD    H     ;LEFT SHIFT
0224 29          DAD    H     ;LEFT SHIFT
0225 CD3202      CALL    AHS1   ;CONVERT TO BINARY
0228 FE10      CPI    10H   ;CHECK FOR LEGAL VALUE
022A 3F          CMC
022B D8          RC    ;RETURN IF ERROR
022C 85          ADD    L
022D 6F          MOV    L,A
022E 03          INX    B     ;INCREMENT POINTER
022F C31E02      JMP    AHE1

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; THIS SUBROUTINE CONVERTS ASCII HEX DIGITS INTO BINARY
; AHS1: SUI    48      ;ASCII BIAS
;          CPI    10      ;DIGIT 0-10
;          RC
;          SUI    7       ;ALPHA BIAS
;          RET

; THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS A BINARY VALUE TO ASCII
; HEXADECIMAL AND OUTPUTS THE CHARACTERS TO THE TTY.
; HOUT: CALL    BINH    ;CONVERT VALUE
;          LXI    H,HCON  ;CONVERSION AREA
;          CHOT: MOV    B,M    ;FETCH OUTPUT CHARACTER
;          CALL   OUT8    ;OUTPUT CHARACTER
;          INX    H
;          MOV    B,M    ;FETCH CHARACTER
;          CALL   OUT8    ;OUTPUT CHARACTER
;          RET

; THIS ROUTINE DOES THE SAME AS ABOVE BUT OUTPUTS A
; BLANK AFTER THE LAST CHARACTER
; HOTB: CALL    HOUT    ;CONVERT AND OUTPUT
;          CALL   BLKI    ;OUTPUT A BLANK
;          RET

; THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS A BINARY VALUE TO ASCII
; DECIMAL DIGITS AND OUTPUTS THE CHARACTERS TO THE TTY
; DOUT: CALL    BIND    ;CONVERT VALUE
;          CALL   HOUT+3  ;OUTPUT VALUE (2 DIGITS)
;          INX    H
;          MOV    B,M    ;GET LAST DIGIT
;          CALL   OUT8    ;OUTPUT
;          RET

; THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A BLANK
; BLK1: MVI    B,11    ;GET A BLANK
;          CALL   OUT8    ;OUTPUT
;          RET

; THIS ROUTINE IS USED BY OTHER ROUTINES TO INCREMENT
; THE STARTING ADDRESS IN A COMMAND AND COMPARE IT WITH
; THE FINAL ADDRESS IN THE COMMAND. ON RETURN, THE
; CARRY FLAG SET INDICATES THAT THE FINAL ADDRESS HAS
; BEEN REACHED.
; ACHK: LHLD   BBUF    ;FETCH START ADDRESS
;          LDA    BBUF+3  ;STOP ADDRESS (HIGH)
;          CMP    H        ;COMPARE ADDRESSES
;          JNZ    ACH1
;          LDA    BBUF+2  ;STOP ADDRESS (LOW)
;          CMP    L        ;COMPARE ADDRESSES
;          JNZ    ACH1
;          STC
;          ACH1: INX    H        ;INCREMENT START ADDRESS
;          SHLD   BBUF    ;STORE START ADDRESS
;          RET
;
;
```

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; THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS CHARACTERS OF A STRING
; UNTIL A CARRIAGE RETURN IS FOUND.

027A 46      SCRNL: MOV     B,M      ;FETCH CHARACTER
027B 3E00      MVI     A,13    ;CARRIAGE RETURN
027D B8      CMP     B       ;CHARACTER = CR?
027E C8      RZ
027F CD0301      CALL    OUT8    ;OUTPUT CHARACTER
0282 23      INX     H       ;INCREMENT ADDRESS
0283 C37A02      JMP     SCRNL

;
; THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS THE BINARY VALUE IN REG A INTO
; ASCII HEXADECIMAL DIGITS AND STORES THEM IN MEMORY.

0286 217410      BINH: LXI     H,HCON  ;CONVERSION
0289 47      MOV     B,A      ;SAVE VALUE
028A 1F      RAR
028B 1F      RAR
028C 1F      RAR
028D 1F      RAR
028E CD9902      CALL    BINI
0291 77      MOV     M,A
0292 23      INX     H
0293 78      MOV     A,B
0294 CD9902      CALL    BINI    ;CONVERT TO ASCII
0297 77      MOV     M,A
0298 C9      RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS A VALUE TO HEXADECIMAL

0299 E60F      BINI: ANI     0FH    ;LOW 4 BITS
029B C630      ADI     48     ;CONVERT TO ASCII
029D FE3A      CPI     58     ;DIGIT 0-9
029F D8      RC
02A0 C607      ADI     7      ;MODIFY FOR A-F
02A2 C9      RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS THE BINARY VALUE IN REG A INTO
; ASCII DECIMAL DIGITS AND STORES THEM IN MEMORY

02A3 217410      BIND: LXI     H,HCON  ;CONVERSION ADDRESS
02A6 0654      MVI     B,100   ;INITIALIZE COUNT
02A8 CDB402      CALL    BID1    ;CONVERT HUNDREDS DIGIT
02AB 060A      MVI     B,10
02AD CDB402      CALL    BID1    ;CONVERT TENS DIGIT
02B0 C630      ADI     '0'    ;GET UNITS DIGIT
02B2 77      MOV     M,A    ;STORE IN MEMORY
02B3 C9      RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE CONVERTS A VALUE TO DECIMAL

02B4 362F      BID1: MVI     M,'0'-1 ;INITIALIZE DIGIT COUNT
02B6 34      INR     M
02B7 90      SUB     B       ;CHECK DIGIT
02B8 D2B602      JNC    BID1+2
02B8 80      ADD     B       ;RESTORE VALUE
02BC 23      INX     H
02BD C9      RET

;
; LEGAL COMMAND TABLE

02BE 44554D50      CTAB: DB      'DUMP'  ;DUMP COMMAND
02C2 0803      DW      DUMP    :COMMAND ADDRESS

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02C4 45584543    DB    'EXEC'   ;EXECUTE COMMAND
02C8 2101        DW    EXEC     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02CA 454E5452    DB    'ENTR'   ;ENTER COMMAND
02CE 7604        DW    ENTR     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02D0 46494C45    DB    'FILE'   ;FILE COMMAND
02D4 3E03        DW    FILE     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02D6 4C495354    DB    'LIST'   ;LIST COMMAND
02DA D005        DW    LIST     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02DC 44454C54    DB    'DELT'   ;DELETE COMMAND
02E0 E705        DW    DELL     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02E2 4153534D    DB    'ASSM'   ;ASSEMBLE COMMAND
02E6 5E06        DW    ASSM     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02E8 50414745    DB    'PAGE'   ;PAGE TRANSFER COMMAND
02EC 2203        DW    PAGE     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02EE 43555354    DB    'CUST'   ;CUSTOMER COMMAND
02F2 0020        DW    2000H    ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02F4 42524548    DB    'BREK'   ;BREAKPOINT COMMAND
02F8 D20C        DW    BREAK    ;COMMAND ADDRESS
02FA 50524F43    DB    'PROC'   ;;PROCEED COMMAND
02FE 8F0D        DW    PROC     ;COMMAND ADDRESS
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE CHECKS IF ANY PARAMETERS WERE ENTERED
; WITH THE COMMAND, IF NOT AN ERROR MESSAGE IS ISSUED
;
0300 3A7E10    VCHK: LDA ABUF   ;FETCH PARAMETER BYTE
0303 B7        ORA A       ;SET FLAGS
0304 CA5A04    JZ  WHAT    ;NO PARAMETER
0307 C9        RET
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE DUMPS OUT THE CONTENTS OF MEMORY FROM
; THE START TO FINAL ADDRESSES GIVEN IN THE COMMAND.
;
0308 CD0003    DUMP: CALL VCHK   ;CHECK FOR PARAMETERS
0308 CD0E01    DUMS: CALL CRLF   ;START NEW LINE
030E 2A8A10    DUMI: LHLD BBUF   ;FETCH MEMORY ADDRESS
0311 7E        MOV A,M    ;MOV TO M
0312 CD4A02    CALL HQT8   ;OUTPUT VALUE
0315 CD6302    CALL ACHK   ;CHECK ADDRESS
0318 D8        RC      ;RETURN IF FINISHED
0319 7D        MOV A,L    ;IS NEXT ADDRESS
031A E60F    ANI 0FH    ; DIVISIBLE BY 16?
031C C20E03    JNZ DUMI   ;JUMP TO DUMI
031F C30B03    JMP DUMS   ;JUMP TO DUMS
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE WILL MOVE 256 BYTES FROM 1ST ADDRESS
; GIVEN IN COMMAND TO 2ND ADDRESS IN COMMAND.
;
0322 CD0003    PAGE: CALL VCHK   ;CHECK FOR PARAMETER
0325 3A8210    LDA ABUF+4 ;FETCH 2ND PARAMETER
0328 B7        ORA A       ;DOES 2ND PARAMETER EXIST?
0329 CA5A04    JZ  WHAT    ;NO PARAMETER
032C 2A8A10    LHLD BBUF   ;FETCH MOVE TO ADDRESS
032F E8        XCHG     ;MOVE TO ADDRESS
0330 2A8C10    LHLD BBUF+2 ;FETCH MOVE TO ADDRESS
0333 0600    MVI B,0    ;SET COUNTER
0335 1A        PAGI: LDAX D
0336 77        MOV M,A    ;MOVE TO M
0337 23        INX H
0338 13        INX D
0339 05        DCR B     ;DECREMENT COUNT
033A C23503    JNZ PAGI   ;JUMP TO PAGI
033D C9        RET
;

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;
;
; THIS ROUTINE INITIALIZES THE BEGINNING OF FILE ADDRESS
; AND END OF FILE ADDRESS AS WELL AS THE FILE AREA
; WHEN THE FILE COMMAND IS USED
;
033E C00E01    FILE: CALL    CRLF
                ; CHECK FOR FILE PARAMETERS
0341 3A7610    LDA     FBUF
0344 B7         ORA     A
0345 CA8903    JZ      FOUT   ;NO - GO LIST
0348 CD1804    CALL    FSEA   ;LOOK UP FILE
034B EB         XCHG   ;PNTR IN DE
034C C26303    JNZ    TEST
;
; NO ENTRY
034F 3A7E10    LDA     ABUF   ;CHECK FOR PARAM
0352 B7         ORA     A
0353 CA5D04    JZ      WHA1   ;NO?? - ERROR
;
; CHECK FOR ROOM IN DIRECTORY
0356 3A7D10    LDA     FEF
0359 B7         ORA     A
035A C27803    JNZ    ROOM
035D 216804    LXI     H,EMES1
0360 C36004    JMP     MESS
;
; ENTRY FOUND ARE THESE PARAMETERS
0363 3A7E10    TEST:  LDA     ABUF
0366 B7         ORA     A
0367 CA8B03    JZ      SWAPS
036A 2A8A10    LHLD   BBUF
036D 7C         MOV     A,H
036E B5         ORA     L
036F CA8B03    JZ      SWAPS
0372 217004    LXI     H,EMES2 ;NO-NO CAN'T DO
0375 C36004    JMP     MESS   ;IT - DELETE FIRST
;
; MOVE FILE NAME TO BLOCK POINTED TO BY FREAD
0378 2A7B10    ROOM: LHLD   FREAD
0378 EB         XCHG
037C 217610    LXI     H,FBUF ;FILE NAME POINTER IN H,L
037F D5         PUSH   D
0380 0E05         MVI    C,NMLEN ;NAME LENGTH COUNT
0382 7E         MOV23: MOV    A,M
0383 12         STAX   D
0384 13         INX    D
0385 0D         DCR    C      ;TEST COUNT
0386 23         INX    H
0387 C28203    JNZ    MOV23
038A D1         POP    D      ;RESTORE ENTRY POINTER
;
; MAKE FILE POINTED TO BY D,E CURRENT
038B 212410    SWAPS: LXI    H,FILE0
038E 0E0D         MVI    C,FELEN ;ENTRY LENGTH
0390 1A         SWAP:  LDAX   D
0391 46         MOV    B,M
0392 77         MOV    M,A   ;EXCHANGE
0393 78         MOV    A,B
0394 12         STAX   D
0395 13         INX    D
0396 23         INX    H      ;BUMP POINTERS
0397 0D         DCR    C      ;TEST COUNT
0398 C29003    JNZ    SWAP
;
; CHECK FOR 2ND PARAMETER
039B 3A7E10    LDA     ABUF
039E B7         ORA     A
039F CAC303    JZ      FOOT   ;NO SECOND PARAMETER
;
; PROCESS 2ND PARAMETER
03A2 2A8A10    LHLD   BBUF   ;GET ADDRESS
03A5 222910    SHLD   BOFF   ;SET BEGIN

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03A8 222B10      SHLD   EOFP   ;SET END
03AB 7D           MOV     A,L    ;IS ADDRESS ZERO?
03AC B4           ORA     H
03AD CA8203       JZ      FIL35  ;YES
03B0 3601         FIL30: MVI    M,1   ;NON-ZERO - SET EOF
03B2 AF           FIL35: XRA    A     ;AND MAX LINE #
03B3 322010       STA    MAXL
03B6 C3C303       JMP    FOOT
03B9 3AC810       FOUT: LDA    IBUF+4 ;OUTPUT PARAMETERS
03B8 FE53          CPI    'S'   ;IS COMMAND FILES?
03BE 0E06          MVI    C,MAXFIL
03C0 CAC503       JZ      FOUL
03C3 0E01          FOOT: MVI    C,1
                      ; OUTPUT THE # OF ENTRIES IN C
03C5 212410       FOUL: LXI    H,FILE0
03C8 79           MOV     A,C
03C9 327D10       FINE: STA    FOCNT ;SAVE COUNT
03CC E5           PUSH   H
03CD 110500       LXI    D,NMLEN
03D0 19           DAD    D
03D1 7E           MOV     A,M
03D2 87           ORA    A
03D3 C2E303       JNZ    FOOD   ;NON ZERO, OK TO OUTPUT
03D6 23           INX
03D7 86           ADD
03D8 23           INX
03D9 C2E303       JNZ    FOOD
03DC 33           INX   SP
03DD 33           INX   SP
03DE 23           INX   H
03DF 23           INX   H
03E0 C3F803       JMP    FEET
                      ; HAVE AN ENTRY TO OUTPUT
03E3 E1           FOOD: POP    H   ;PTR
03E4 0E05          MVI    C,NMLEN
03E6 46           FAST: MOV    B,M   ;LOAD CHARACTER TO B
03E7 CD0301       CALL   OUT8
03EA 0D           DCR    C
03EB 23           INX   H
03EC C2E603       JNZ    FAST   ;DO THE REST
                      ; NOW OUTPUT BEGIN-END PTRS
03EF CD0404       CALL   FOOL  ;OUTPUT BEGIN
03F2 CD0404       CALL   FOOL  ;OUTPUT END
03F5 CD0E01       CALL   CRLF  ;AND C/R
                      ; TEST COUNT, H,L POINTS PAST EOFP
03F8 110400       FEET: LXI    D,FELEN-NMLEN-4
03FB 19           DAD    D   ;MOVE TO NEXT ENTRY
03FC 3A7D10       LDA    FOCNT
03FD 3D           DCR    A   ;TEST COUNT
0400 C2C903       JNZ    FINE  ;MORE TO DO
0403 C9           RET    ;DONE!
                      ; OUTPUT NUMBER POINTED TO BY H,L
                      ; ON RET, H,L POINT 2 WORDS LATER
0404 CD5D02       FOOL: CALL   BLK1  ;SPACE
0407 23           INX   H
0408 7E           MOV     A,M
0409 28           DCX
040A E5           PUSH   H
040B CD3A02       CALL   HOUT   ;OUTPUT
040E E1           POP    H
040F 7E           MOV     A,M
0410 23           INX
0411 23           INX
0412 E5           PUSH   H
0413 CD4A02       CALL   HOTB   ;OUTPUT
0416 E1           POP    H   ;RESTORE H,L

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0417 C9           RET
; SEARCH THE FILE DIRECTORY FOR THE FILE
; WHOSE NAME IS IN FBUF.
; RETURN IF FOUND, ZERO IS OFF, H,L POINT TO
; ENTRY WHILE SEARCHING, ON ENTRY FOUND WITH ADDR
; ZERO, SET FEF TO >0 AND FREAD TO THE ADDR OF ENTRY
;
0418 AF           FSEA:   XRA     A
0419 327D10        STA     FEF    ;CLAIM NO FREE ENTRIES
041C 0606        MVI     B,MAXFIL ;COUNT OF ENTRIES
041E 112410        LXI     D,FILE0 ;TABLE ADDRESS
0421 217610        FSE10:  LXI     H,FBUF
0424 0E05        MVI     C,NMLEN
0426 CD5301        CALL    SEAR   ;TEST STRINGS
0429 F5           PUSH   PSW    ;SAVE FLAG
042A D5           PUSH   D
042B 1A           LDAX   D      ;GET BOFP
042C B7           ORA    A      ;EMPTY ENTRY?
042D C24E04       JNZ    FSE20
0430 13           INX    D      ;STORE OTHER WORD
0431 1A           LDAX   D
0432 B7           ORA    A
0433 C24E04       JNZ    FSE20 ;NOPE-GO TEST FOR MATCH
0436 EB           XCHG   C
0437 11FAFF       LXI    D,-NMLEN-1
043A 19           DAD   D      ;MOV TO BEGINNING
043B 227B10       SHLD   FREAD ;SAVE ADDR
043E 7A           MOV    A,D
043F 327D10       STA    FEF    ;SET FREE ENTRY FOUND
0442 E1           POP    H      ;RESTOR INTERIM PTR
0443 F1           POP    PSW    ;UNJUNK STACK
;
; MOVE TO NEXT ENTRY
0444 110800       FSE15: LXI    D,FELEN-NMLEN
0447 19           DAD   D
0448 EB           XCHG   B      ;NEXT ENTRY ADDR IN DE
0449 05           DCR    B      ;TEST COUNT
044A C8           RZ    D      ;DONE--NOPE
044B C32104       JMP    FSE10 ;TRY NEXT
;
; ENTRY WASN'T FREE, TEST FOR MATCH .
044E E1           FSE20: POP   H
044F F1           POP   PSW
0450 C24404       JNZ    FSE15 ;IF ZERO CLEAR, NO MATCH
;
; ENTRY FOUND
0453 11FBFF       LXI    D,-NMLEN ;BACKUP
0456 19           DAD   D      ;H,L POINTS TO ENTRY
0457 7A           MOV    A,D
0458 B7           ORA    A      ;CLEAR ZERO
0459 C9           RET
;
; OUTPUT ERROR MESSAGE FOR ILLEGAL COMMAND
;
045A CD0E01       WHAT:  CALL   CRLF ;OUT CRLF
045D 216604       WHAI:  LXI   H,EMES ;MESSAGE ADDRESS
0460 CD7A02       MESS:  CALL   SCRN
0463 C36700       JMP   EOR
;
0466 57484154     EMES:  DB    'WHAT'
046A 0D           DB    13    ;CARRIAGE RETURN
046B 46554C4C     EMES1: DB    'FULL',13
046F 0D           DB    'NO NO',13
0470 4E4F204E     EMES2: DB
0474 4F0D           ; CALL ROUTINE TO ENTER DATA INTO MEMORY
;
```

```

; AND CHECK FOR ERROR ON RETURN
;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO ENTER DATA VALUES INTO MEMORY.
; EACH VALUE IS ONE BYTE AND IS WRITTEN IN HEXADECIMAL
; VALUES GREATER THAN 255 WILL CAUSE CARRY TO BE SET
; AND RETURN TO BE MADE TO CALLING PROGRAM
;
0476 CD0003 ENTR: CALL VCHK ;CHECK FOR PARAMETERS
0479 CD8304 CALL ENTS
047C DA5A04 JC WHAT
047F CD0E01 CALL CRLF
0482 C9 RET
;
;
002F EEND EQU '//' ;TERMINATION CHAR
0483 CD0E01 ENTS: CALL CRLF
0486 CD8000 CALL READ ;READ INPUT DATA
0489 21C710 LXI H,IBUF ;SET LINE POINTER
048C 229610 SHLD PTRN ;SAVE POINTER
048F CD6601 ENT1: CALL ZBUF ;CLEAR BUFFER
0492 CD0D09 CALL SBLK ;CAN TO FIRST VALUE
0495 DA8304 JC ENTS ;JUMP IF CR FOUND
0498 FE2F CPI EEND
049A C8 RZ ;RETURN CARRY IS ZERO
049B CD7508 CALL ALPS ;PLACE VALUE IN BUFFER
049E 78 MOV A,B ;GET DIGIT COUNT
049F FE03 CPI 3 ;CHECK NUR OF DIGITS
04A1 3F CMC
04A2 D8 RC ;RETURN IF MORE THAN 2 DIGITS
04A3 017E10 LXI B,ABUF ;CONVERSION ADDRESS
04A6 CD1B02 CALL AHEX ;CONVERT VALUE
04A9 D8 RC ;ERROR IN HEX CHARACTER
04AA 7D MOV A,L
04AB 2A8A10 LHLD BBUF ;FETCH MEMORY ADDRESS
04AE 77 MOV M,A ;PUT IN MEMORY
04AF CD7502 CALL ACH1 ;INCREMENT MEMORY LOCATION
04B2 C38F04 JMP ENT1
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO ENTER LINES INTO THE FILE
; AREA. THE LINE NUMBER IS FIRST CHECKED TO SEE IF IT IS
; A VALID NUMBER (0000-9999). NEXT IT IS CHECKED TO SEE
; IF IT IS GREATER THAN THE MAXIMUM CURRENT LINE NUMBER.
; IF IT IS, THE NEXT LINE IS INSERTED AT THE END OF THE
; CURRENT FILE AND THE MAXIMUM LINE NUMBER IS UPDATED AS
; WELL AS THE END OF FILE POSITION. LINE NUMBERS THAT
; ALREADY EXIST ARE INSERTED INTO THE FILE AREA AT THE
; APPROPRIATE PLACE AND ANY EXTRA CHARACTERS IN THE OLD
; LINE ARE DELETED.
;
04B5 3A2410 LINE: LDA FILE0 ;IS A FILE DEFINED?...
04B8 B7 ORA A
04B9 CA5A04 JZ WHAT ;ABORT IF NOT
04BC 0E04 MVI C,4 ;NO OF DIGITS TO CHECK
04BE 21C610 LXI H,IBUF-1 ;INITIALIZE ADDRESS
04C1 23 LICK: INX H
04C2 7E MOV A,M ;FETCH LINE DIGIT
04C3 FE30 CPI '0' ;CHECK FOR VALID NUMBER
04C5 DA5A04 JC WHAT
04C8 FE3A CPI '9'+1
04CA D25A04 JNC WHAT
04CD 0D DCR C
04CE C2C104 JNZ LICK
04D1 227410 SHLD ADDS ;FIND ADDRESS
04D4 113010 LXI D,MAXL+3 ;GET ADDRESS

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04D7 CDA205      CALL    C0M0
04DA D2FA04      JNC     INSR
; GET HERE IF NEW LINE IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM LINE #
04DD 23          INX    H
04DE CD9205      CALL    LODM   ;GET NEW LINE NUMBER
04E1 213010      LXI    H,MAXL+3
04E4 CD9A05      CALL    STOM   ;MAKE IT MAXIMUM LINE NUMBER
04E7 11C610      LXI    D,IBUF-1
04EA 2A2B10      LHLD   EOFP   ;END OF FILE POSITION
04ED 0E01          MVI    C,1
04EF CD8005      CALL    LMOV   ;PLACE LINE IN FILE
04F2 3601          SEOF: MVI    M,1   ;END OF FILE INDICATOR
04F4 222B10      SHLD   EOFP   ;END OF FILE ADDRESS
04F7 C36700      JMP    EOR
; GET HERE IF NEW LINE MUST BE INSERTED INTO ALREADY
; EXISTING FILE AREA
04FA CD5205      INSR:  CALL    FINI   ;FIND LINE IN FILE
04FD 0E02          MVI    C,2
04FF CA0305      JZ     EQUAL
0502 00          DCR    C       ;NEW LN NOT EQUAL TO SOME OLD LN
0503 46          EQUL:  MOV    B,M
0504 28          DCX    H
0505 3602          MVI    M,2   ;MOVE LINE INDICATOR
0507 227210      SHLD   INSP   ;INSERT LINE POSITION
050A 3AC610      LDA    IBUF-1 ;NEW LN COUNT
050D 0D          DCR    C
050E CA1805      JZ     LT    ;NEW LN NOT = OLD LN
0511 90          SUB    B     ;COUNT DIFFERENCE
0512 CA3805      JZ     ZERO  ;LINE LENGTHS EQUAL
0515 DA2B05      JC     GT
; GET HERE IF # OF CHARS IN OLD LINE > # OF CHARS IN
; NEW LINE OR NEW LINE # WAS NOT EQUAL TO SOME OLD
; LINE #
0518 2A2B10      LT:    LHLD   EOFP   ;END OF FILE ADDRESS
0518 54          MOV    D,H
051C 5D          MOV    E,L
051D CD7805      CALL   ADR    ;MOVE TO ADDRESS
0520 222B10      SHLD   EOFP   ;NEW END OF FILE ADDRESS
0523 0E02          MVI    C,2
0525 CD8905      CALL   RMOV   ;OPEN UP FILE AREA
0528 C33B05      JMP    ZERO
; GET HERE IF # OF CHARS IN OLD LINE < # OF CHARS IN
; NEW LINE.
052B 2F          GT:    CMA    A       ;COUNT DIFFERENCE
052C 3C          INR    D,H
052D 54          MOV    E,L
052E 5D          MOV    ADR
052F CD7805      CALL   XCHG
0532 EB          CALL   LMOV   ;DELETE EXCESS CHAR IN FILE
0533 CD8005      MVI    M,1   ;E-O-F INDICATOR
0536 3601          SHLD   EOFP   ;E-O-F ADDRESS
0538 222B10      ; GET HERE TO INSERT CURRENT LINE INTO FILE AREA
053B 2A7210      ZERO: LHLD   INSP   ;INSERT ADDRESS
053E 360D          MVI    M,ASCR
0540 23          INX    H
0541 11C610      LXI    D,IBUF-1 ;NEW LINE ADDRESS
0544 0E01          MVI    C,1   ;CHECK VALUE
0546 CD8005      CALL   LMOV   ;PLACE LINE IN FILE
0549 C36700      JMP    EOR
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO FIND A LN IN THE FILE AREA
; WHICH IS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE CURRENT LINE #
054C 218110      FIND: LXI    H,ABUF+3 ;BUFFER ADDRESS
054F 227410      SHLD   ADDS   ;SAVE ADDRESS

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0552 2A2910  FIN1: LHLD    BOFP    ;BEGIN FILE ADDRESS
0555 7C        MOV     A,H    ;RETURN TO MONITOR IF
0556 B5        ORA     L      ; FILE IS EMPTY...
0557 CA6700
055A CD7405  FI1:  CALL    EO1     ;CHECK FOR END OF FILE
055D EB        XCHG
055E 2A7410  LHLD    ADDS    ;FETCH FIND ADDRESS
0561 EB        XCHG
0562 3E04  MVI     A,4
0564 CD7B05  CALL    ADR     ;BUMP LINE ADDRESS
0567 CDA205  CALL    COM0    ;COMPARE LINE NUMBERS
056A D8        RC
056B C8        RZ
056C 7E        FI2:   MOV     A,M    ;NEXT LINE ADDRESS
056D CD7B05  CALL    ADR
0570 C35A05  JMP     FI1

;
; WHEN SEARCHING THROUGH THE FILE AREA, THIS ROUTINE
; CHECKS TO SEE IF THE CURRENT ADDRESS IS THE END OF
; FILE
;

0573 23        EOF:   INX     H
0574 3E01  EO1:   MVI     A,1    ;E-O-F INDICATOR
0576 BE        CMP     M
0577 C0        RNZ
0578 C36700  JMP     EOR

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO ADD A VALUE TO AN ADDRESS
; CONTAINED IN REGISTER H,L
;

057B 85        ADR:   ADD     L
057C 6F        MOV     L,A
057D D0        RNC
057E 24        INR     H
057F C9        RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE WILL MOVE CHARACTER STRINGS FROM ONE
; LOCATION OF MEMORY TO ANOTHER
; CHARACTERS ARE MOVED FROM LOCATION ADDRESSED BY D,E
; TO LOCATION ADDRESSED BY H,L. ADDITIONAL CHARACTERS
; ARE MOVED BY BUMPING POINTERS UNTIL THE CHARACTER IN
; REG C IS FETCHED.
;

0580 1A        LMOV:  LDAX    D      ;FETCH CHARACTER
0581 13        INX     D      ;INCREMENT FETCH ADDRESS
0582 89        CMP     C      ;TERMINATION CHARACTER
0583 C8        RZ
0584 77        MOV     M,A    ;STORE CHARACTER
0585 23        INX     H      ;INCREMENT STORE ADDRESS
0586 C38005  JMP     LMOV

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS SIMILAR TO ABOVE EXCEPT THAT THE
; CHARACTER ADDRESS IS DECREMENTED AFTER EACH FETCH
; AND STORE
;

0589 1A        RMOV:  LDAX    D      ;FETCH CHARACTER
058A 18        DCX     D      ;DECREMENT FETCH ADDRESS
058B 89        CMP     C      ;TERMINATION CHARACTER
058C C8        RZ
058D 77        MOV     M,A    ;STORE CHARACTER
058E 28        DCX     H      ;DECREMENT STORE ADDRESS
058F C38905  JMP     RMOV

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;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO LOAD FOUR CHARACTERS FROM
; MEMORY INTO REGISTERS
;
0592 46 LDM: MOV B,M ;FETCH CHARACTER
0593 23 INX H
0594 4E MOV C,M ;FETCH CHARACTER
0595 23 INX H
0596 56 MOV D,M ;FETCH CHARACTER
0597 23 INX H
0598 5E MOV E,M ;FETCH CHARACTER
0599 C9 RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE STORES FOUR CHARACTERS FROM THE REGISTERS
; INTO MEMORY
;
059A 73 STOM: MOV M,E ;STORE CHARACTER
059B 28 DCX H
059C 72 MOV M,D ;STORE CHARACTER
059D 28 DCX H
059E 71 MOV M,C ;STORE CHARACTER
059F 28 DCX H
05A0 70 MOV M,B ;STORE CHARACTER
05A1 C9 RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO COMPARE TWO CHARACTER STRINGS
; OF LENGTH 4, ON RETURN ZERO FLAG SET MEANS BOTH
; STRINGS ARE EQUAL. CARRY FLAG =0 MEANS STRING ADDRESS
; BY D,E WAS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO CHARACTER STRING
; ADDRESSED BY H,L
;
05A2 0601 COM0: MVI B,1 ;EQUAL COUNTER
05A4 0E04 MVI C,4 ;STRING LENGTH
05A6 B7 ORA A ;CLEAR CARRY
05A7 1A C01: LDAX D ;FETCH CHARACTER
05A8 9E SBB M ;COMPARE CHARACTERS
05A9 CAAD05 JZ C02
05AC 04 INR B ;INCREMENT EQUAL COUNTER
05AD 1B C02: DCX D
05AE 2B DCX H
05AF 0D DCR C
05B0 C2A705 JNZ C01
05B3 05 DCR B
05B4 C9 RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS SIMILAR TO THE ABOVE ROUTINE EXCEPT ON
; RETURN CARRY FLAG = 0 MEANS THAT CHARACTER STRING
; ADDRESSED BY D,E IS ONLY > STRING ADDRESSED BY H,L.
;
05B5 0E04 COM1: MVI C,4 ;STRING LENGTH
05B7 1A LDAX D ;TCH CHARACTER
05B8 D601 SUI 1
05BA C3A805 JMP C01+1

;
; THIS ROUTINE WILL TAKE ASCII CHARACTERS AND ADD ANY
; NECESSARY ASCII ZEROES SO THE RESULT IS A 4 CHARACTER
; ASCII VALUE
;
05BD CD9205 NORM: CALL LODM ;LOAD CHARACTERS
05C0 AF XRA A ;FETCH A ZERO
05C1 B8 CMP B
05C2 C8 RZ

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05C3 88      NOR1:  CMP     E
05C4 C49A05   CNZ     STOM   ;STORE VALUES
05C7 C0       RNZ
05C8 5A       MOV     E,D    ;NORMALIZE VALUE
05C9 51       MOV     D,C
05CA 48       MOV     C,B
05CB 0630     MVI     B,'0'
05CD C3C305   JMP     NOR1

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO LIST THE CONTENTS OF THE FILE
; AREA STARTING AT THE LINE NUMBER GIVEN IN THE COMMAND
;

05D0 CD0E01   LIST:   CALL    CRLF
05D3 CD4C05   CALL    FIND   ;FIND STARTING LN
05D6 23       LIST0:  INX    H      ;OUTPUT LINE...
05D7 CD7A02   CALL    SCRNF
05DA CD0E01   CALL    CRLF
05DD CD7305   CALL    EOF    ;CHECK FOR END OF FILE
05E0 CDE900   CALL    INK    ;CHECK FOR BX
05E3 C2D605   JNZ    LIST0  ;LOOP IF NO BX
05E6 C9       RET

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO DELETE LINES FROM THE
; FILE AREA. THE REMAINING FILE AREA IS THEN MOVED IN
; MEMORY SO THAT THERE IS NO EXCESS SPACE.
;

05E7 CD0003   DELL:   CALL    VCHK  ;CHECK FOR PARAMETER
05EA CD4C05   CALL    FIND   ;FIND LINE IN FILE AREA
05ED 227210   SHLD   DELP   ;SAVE DELETE POSITION
05F0 218510   LXI    H,ABUF+7
05F3 7E       MOV    A,M    ;CHECK FOR 2ND PARAMETER
05F4 87       ORA    A      ;SET FLAGS
05F5 C2FB05   JNZ    DEL1
05F8 218110   LXI    H,ABUF+3 ;USE FIRST PARAMETER
05F9 227410   DEL1:  SHLD   ADDS   ;SAVE FIND ADDRESS
05FE EB       XCHG
05FF 213010   LXI    H,MAXL+3
0602 CDA205   CALL    COM0   ;COMPARE LINE NUMBERS
0605 2A7210   LHLD   DELP   ;LOAD DELETE POSITION
0608 DA4906   JC    NOVR
0608 222B10   ; GET HERE IF DELETION INVOLVES END OF FILE
060E 3601   SHLD   EOFP   ;CHANGE E-O-F POSITION
0610 E8       MVI    M,1    ;SET E-O-F INDICATOR
0611 2A2910   XCHG
0614 EB       LHLD   BOFP   ;GET BEGIN FILE ADDRESS
0615 0600   XCHG
0617 2B       MVI    B,13   ;SET SCAN SWITCH
0618 7D       DCX    H      ;CHECK FOR BOF
0619 93       MOV    A,L.
061A 7C       SUB    E
061B 9A       MOV    A,H
061C 3E0D   SBB    D
061E DA4006   MVI    A,ASCR ;LOOK FOR CR
0621 05       JC    DEL4   ;DECREMENTED PAST BOF
0622 2B       DCR    B
0623 8E       DCX    H
0624 C21806   CMP    M      ;FIND NEW MAX LN
0627 2B       UNZ    DEL2
0628 7D       DCX    H
0629 93       MOV    A,L
062A 7C       SUB    E
062B 9A       MCV    A,H
062C DA4106   SBB    D
062D JC    DEL5

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062F 8E      CMP    M      ;END OF PREVIOUS LINE
0630 23      INX    H
0631 23      INX    H
0632 CA3606   JZ     DEL3
0635 23      INX    H
0636 CD9205   DEL3: CALL   LODM   ;LOAD NEW MAX LN
0639 213010   LXI   H,MAXL+3 ;SET ADDRESS
063C CD9A05   CALL   STOM   ;STORE NEW MAX LN
063F C9      RET
0640 88      DEL4:  CMP    B      ;CHECK SWITCH
0641 EB      DEL5:  XCHG
0642 C23506   JNZ    DEL3-1
0645 322D10   STA    MAXL   ;MAKE MAX LN A SMALL NUMBER
0648 C9      RET
; GET HERE IF DELETION IS IN MIDDLE OF FILE AREA
0649 CD5A05   NOVR: CALL   F1I    ;FIND END OF DELETE AREA
064C CC6C05   CZ     F12    ;NEXT LINE IF THIS LN EQUAL
064F EB      NOVI: XCHG
0650 2A7210   LHLD   DELP   ;CHAR MOVE TO POSITION
0653 0E01      MVI   C,1    ;MOVE TERMINATOR
0655 CD8005   CALL   LMOV   ;COMPACT FILE AREA
0658 222B10   SHLD   EOFP   ;SET EOF POSITION
0658 3601      MVI   H,1    ;SET EOF INDICATOR
065D C9      RET
; STARTING HERE IS THE SELF ASSEMBLER PROGRAM
; THIS PROGRAM ASSEMBLES PROGRAMS WHICH ARE
; IN THE FILE AREA
; ASSEMBLER PROGRAM
065E CD0003   ASSM: CALL   VCHK   ;CHECK FOR PARAMETER
0661 3A8210   LDA    ABUF+4 ;GET 2ND PARAMETER
0664 B7      ORA    A      ;CHECK FOR PARAMETERS
0665 C26E06   JNZ    ASM4
0668 2A8A10   LHLD   BBUF   ;FETCH 1ST PARAMETER
066B 228C10   SHLD   BBUF+2 ;STORE INTO 2ND PARAMETER
066E 3AC810   ASM4: LDA    IBUF+4 ;FETCH INPUT CHARACTER
0671 0645      SUI   'E'   ;RESET A IF ERRORS ONLY
0673 328E10   STA    AERR   ;SAVE ERROR FLAG
0676 AF      XRA    A      ;GET A ZERO
0677 329810   STA    NOLA   ;INITIALIZE LABEL COUNT
067A 329410   ASM3: STA    PASI   ;SET PASS INDICATOR
067D CD0E01   CALL   CRLF   ;INDICATE START OF PASS
0680 2A8A10   LHLD   BBUF   ;FETCH ORIGIN
0683 229210   SHLD   ASPC   ;INITIALIZE PC
0686 2A2910   LHLD   BOFP   ;GET START OF FILE
0689 227210   SHLD   APNT   ;FETCH LINE POINTER
068C 2A7210   ASM1: LHLD   APNT
068F 31B210   LXI   SP,AREA+18
0692 7E      MOV    A,M    ;FETCH CHARACTER
0693 FE01      CPI   I      ;END OF FILE?
0695 CA0109   JZ     EASS   ;JUMP IF END OF FILE
0698 EB      XCHG
0699 13      INX    D      ;INCREMENT ADDRESS
069A 21B210   LXI   H,C8UF ;BLANK START ADDRESS
069D 3EC2      MVI   A,IBUF-5 AND 0FFH ;BLANK END ADDRESS
069F CDE100   CALL   CLER   ;BLANK OUT BUFFER
06A2 0E0D      MVI   C,ASCR   ;STOP CHARACTER
06A4 CD8005   CALL   LMOV   ;MOVE LINE INTO BUFFER
06A7 71      MOV    M,C    ;PLACE CR IN BUFFER
06A8 EB      XCHG
06A9 227210   SHLD   APNT   ;SAVE ADDRESS
06AC 3A9410   LDA    PASI   ;FETCH PASS INDICATOR
06AF B7      ORA    A      ;SET FLAGW
06B0 C28906   JNZ    ASM2   ;JUMP IF PASS 2
06B3 CDCC06   CALL   PASI
06B6 C38C06   JMP    ASM1

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06B9 CD9307    ASM2: . CALL    PAS2
06BC 21B210      LXI    H,0BUF ;OUTPUT BUFFER ADDRESS
06BF CDC506      CALL    AOUT   ;OUTPUT LINE
06C2 C38C06      JMP    ASM1

; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO OUTPUT THE LISTING FOR
; AN ASSEMBLY. IT CHECKS THE ERROR SWITCH TO SEE IF
; ALL LINES ARE TO BE PRINTED OR JUST THOSE WITH
; ERRORS.

06C5 3A8E10    AOUT:  LDA    AERR   ;FETCH ERROR SWITCH
06C8 B7          ORA    A       ;SET FLAGS
06C9 C2D206      JNZ    A0UI   ;OUTPUT ALL LINES
06CC 3A8210    A0U2:  LDA    0BUF   ;FETCH ERROR INDICATOR
06CF FE20          CPI    ' '    ;CHECK FOR AN ERROR
06D1 C8          RZ     ''     ;RETURN IF NO ERROR
06D2 21B210    A0U1:  LXI    H,0BUF ;OUTPUT BUFFER ADDRESS
06D5 CD7A02      CALL    SCRN   ;OUTPUT LINE...
06D8 C00E01      CALL    CRLF
06D9 C9          RET

; PASS1 OF ASSEMBLER. USED TO FORM SYMBOL TABLE

06DC CD6601    PAS1:  CALL    ZBUF   ;CLEAR BUFFER
06DF 329410      STA    PAS1   ;SET FOR PASS1
06E2 21C710      LXI    H,IBUF ;INITIALIZE LINE POINTER
06E5 229610      SHLD   PNTR
06E8 7E          MOV    A,M    ;FETCH CHARACTER
06E9 FE20          CPI    ' '    ;CHECK FOR A BLANK
06EB CA1E07      JZ     OPC    ;JUMP IF NO LABEL
06EE FE2A          CPI    '#'    ;CHECK FOR COMMENT
06F0 C8          RZ     ''     ;RETURN IF COMMENT

; PROCESS LABEL

06F1 CD2008    CALL    SLAB   ;GET AND CHECK LABEL
06F4 DADF0A      JC     OP5    ;ERROR IN LABEL
06F7 CAC70C      JZ     ERRD   ;DUPLICATE LABEL
06FA CD3507      CALL    LCHK   ;CHECK CHARACTER AFTER LABEL
06FD C2DF0A      JNZ    OP5    ;ERROR IF NO BLANK
0700 0E05          MVI    C,LLAB ;LENGTH OF LABELS
0702 217E10      LXI    H,ABUF ;SET BUFFER ADDRESS
0705 7E          MLAB:  MOV    A,M    ;FETCH NEXT CHARACTER
0706 12          STAX   D       ;STORE IN SYMBOL TABLE
0707 13          INX    D
0708 23          INX    H
0709 0D          DCR    C
070A C20507      JNZ    MLAB
070D EB          XCHG
070E 229010      SHLD   TABA   ;SAVE TABLE ADDRESS FOR EQU
0711 3A9310      LDA    ASPC+1 ;FETCH PC (HIGH)
0714 77          MOV    M,A
0715 23          INX    H
0716 3A9210      LDA    ASPC   ;FETCH PC (LOW)
0719 77          MOV    M,A
071A 219810      LXI    H,NOLA ;STORE IN TABLE
071D 34          INR    M       ;INCREMENT NUMBER OF LABELS

; PROCESS OPCODE

071E CD6601    OPC:   CALL    ZBUF   ;ZERO WORKING BUFFER
0721 CD0D09      CALL    SBLK   ;SCAN TO OPCODE
0724 DA0608      JC     OERR   ;FOUND CARRIAGE RETURN
0727 CD7508      CALL    ALPS   ;PLACE OPCODE IN BUFFER
072A FE20          CPI    ' '    ;CHECK FOR BLANK AFTER OPCODE
072C DA650A      JC     OPCD   ;CR AFTER OPCODE

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072F C2060B      JNZ      OERR    ;ERROR IF NO BLANK
0732 C3650A      JMP      OPCODE ;CHECK OPCODE

; THIS ROUTINE CHECKS THE CHARACTER AFTER A LABEL
; FOR A BLANK OR A COLON.

0735 2A9610      LCHK:   LHLD    PTRN    ;PROCESS ANY PSEUDO OPS THAT NEED TO BE IN PASS 1
0738 7E           MOV      A,M     ;GET CHARACTER AFTER LABEL
0739 FE20          CPI      ' '    ;CHECK FOR A BLANK
073B C8           RZ      ;RETURN IF A BLANK
073C FE3A          CPI      ':'    ;CHECK FOR A COLON
073E C0           RNZ      ;SAVE POINTER
073F 23           INX      H      ;SET FLAGS
0740 229610      SHLD    PTRN    ;ADD VALUE TO PROGRAM COUNTER
0743 C9           RET      ;ORG OPCODE
0744 CD0009      PSUI:   CALL    SBLK    ;SCAN TO OPERAND
0747 1A           LDAX    D      ;FETCH VALUE
0748 87           ORA      A      ;SET FLAGS
0749 CA6007      JZ      ORG1    ;ORG OPCODE
074C FA9007      JM      DAT1    ;DATA STATEMENT
074F E27507      JPO     EQUI    ;EQU OPCODE
0752 FE05          CPI      5      ;RES OPCODE
0754 DA8807      JC      RES1    ;JUMP IF END
0757 C20109      JNZ      EASS    ;DO DW PSEUDO/OP
075A 0E02          AC01:   MVI     C,2    ;2 BYTE INSTRUCTION
075C AF           XRA      A      ;GET A ZERO
075D C3F50A      JMP      OCN1    ;ADD VALUE TO PROGRAM CNTR
0760 CD9708      ORG1:   CALL    ASCN    ;DO ORG PSEUDO-OP
0763 3A8210      LDA      QBUF   ;GET OPERAND
0766 FE20          CPI      ' '    ;FETCH ERROR INDICATOR
0768 C0           RNZ      ;CHECK FOR AN ERROR
0769 229210      SHLD    ASPC    ;STORE NEW ORIGIN
076C 3AC710      LDA      IBUF    ;GET FIRST CHARACTER
076F FE20          CPI      ' '    ;CHECK FOR LABEL
0771 C8           RZ      ;NO LABEL
0772 C38007      JMP      EQU    ;CHANGE LABEL VALUE
0775 CD9708      EQU1:   CALL    ASCN    ;DO EQU PSEUDO-OP
0778 3AC710      LDA      IBUF    ;GET OPERAND
077B FE20          CPI      ' '    ;FETCH 1ST CHARACTER
077D CA9F0C      JZ      ERRM   ;CHECK FOR LABEL
0780 EB           EQU:   XCHG    ;MISSING LABEL
0781 2A9010      LHLD    TABA    ;SYMBOL TABLE ADDRESS
0784 72           MOV      M,D    ;STORE LABEL VALUE
0785 23           INX      H      ;DO DS PSEUDO-OP
0786 73           MOV      M,E    ;GET OPERAND
0787 C9           RET      ;ADD VALUE TO PROGRAM COUNTER
0788 CD9708      RESI:   CALL    ASCN    ;DO DB PSEUDO-OP
0788 44           MOV      B,H    ;GET OPERAND
078C 4D           MOV      C,L    ;FETCH 1ST CHARACTER
078D C3ED07      JMP      RES21   ;CHECK FOR LABEL
0790 C3F407      DAT1:   JMP      DAT2A   ;PERFORM PASS 2 OF THE ASSEMBLER
0793 218410      PAS2:   LXI     H,CBUF+2 ;SET OUTPUT BUFFER ADDRESS
0796 3A9310      LDA     ASPC+1 ;FETCH PC(HIGH)

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0799 CD8902      CALL    BINH+3 ;CONVERT FOR OUTPUT
079C 23          INX    H
079D 3A9210      LDA    ASPC ;FETCH PC(LOW)
07A0 CD8902      CALL    BINH+3 ;CONVERT FOR OUTPUT
07A3 23          INX    H
07A4 229E10      SHLD   OIND  ;SAVE OUTPUT ADDRESS
07A7 CD6601      CALL    ZBUF  ;CLEAR BUFFER
07AA 21C710      LXI    H,IBUF ;INITIALIZE LINE POINTER
07AD 229610      PABL:  SHLD   PTRN  ;SAVE POINTER
07B0 7E          MOV    A,M  ;FETCH FIRST CHARACTER
07B1 FE20          CPI    ' '
07B3 CA1E07      JZ     CPC   ;GET OPCODE
07B6 FE2A          CPI    '#'  ;CHECK FOR COMMENT
07B8 C8          RZ    ;RETURN IF COMMENT
07B9 CD2008      CALL    SLAB  ;SCAN OFF LABEL
07BC DAC20C       JC     ERRL  ;ERROR IN LABEL
07BF CD3507      CALL    LCHK  ;CHECK FOR A BLANK OR COLON
07C2 C2C20C       JNZ    ERRL  ;ERROR IF NOT A BLANK
07C5 C31E07      JMP    OPC   ;OPC
;
;
;
; PROCESS PSEUDO OPS FOR PASS2
07C8 1A          PSU2: LDAX   D
07C9 B7          ORA    A      ;SET FLAGS
07CA CA0C08      JZ     ORG2  ;ORG OPCODE
07CD FAF107      JM     DAT2  ;DATA OPCODE
07D0 E2FA07      JPO    EQU2  ;EQUATE PSEUDE-OP
07D3 FE05          CPI    5
07D5 DAE107      JC     RES2  ;RES OPCODE
07D8 C20109      JNZ    EASS  ;END OPCODE
;
; DO DW PSEUDO-OP
07DB CDE108      ACO2: CALL    TYS6  ;GET VALUE
07DE C35A07      JMP    ACO1.
;
; DO DS PSEUDO-OP
07E1 CD940B      RES2: CALL    ASBL  ;GET OPERAND
07E4 44          MOV    B,H
07E5 4D          MOV    C,L
07E6 2A8C10      LHLD   BBUF+2 ;FETCH STORAGE COUNTER
07E9 09          DAD    B      ;ADD VALUE
07EA 228C10      SHLD   BBUF+2
07ED AF          RES21: XRA    A      ;GET A ZERO
07EE C3F80A      JMP    OCN2
;
; DO DB PSEUDO-OP
07F1 CDA008      DAT2: CALL    TYS5  ;GET OPERAND
07F4 AF          DAT2A: XRA    A      ;MAKE A ZERO
07F5 0E01          MVI    C,1  ;BYTE COUNT
07F7 C3F50A      JMP    OCNI
;
; HANDLE EQUATES ON 2ND PASS.
;
07FA CD940B      EQU2: CALL    ASBL  ;GET OPERAND INTO HL AND
;                         ; FALL INTO NEXT ROUTINE
;
; STORE CONTENTS OF HL AS HEX ASCII AT OBUF+2.
; ON RETURN, DE HOLDS VALUE WHICH WAS IN HL.
;
07FD E8          BINAD: XCHG   ;PUT VALUE INTO DE
07FE 218410      LXI    H,OBUF+2 ;POINTER TO ADDR IN OBUF
0801 7A          MOV    A,D  ;STORE HI BYTE...
0802 CD8902      CALL    BINH+3
0805 23          INX    H
0806 7B          MOV    A,E  ;STORE LO BYTE...
0807 CD8902      CALL    BINH+3
080A 23          INX    H
080B C9          RET

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; DO ORG PSEUDO-OP
080C CD940B    ORG2: CALL    ASBL      ;GET NEW ORIGIN
080F 3A8210     LDA      OBUF      ;GET ERROR INDICATOR
0812 FE20       CPI      ? ?      ;CHECK FOR AN ERROR
0814 C0          RNZ      ? ?      ;DON'T MODIFY PC IF ERROR
0815 CDFD07     CALL    BINAD     ;STORE NEW ADDR IN OBUF
0818 2A9210     LHLD    ASPC      ;FETCH PC
081B EB          XCHG     ? ?      ;
081C 229210     SHLD    ASPC      ;STORE NEW PC
081F 7D          MOV      A,L      ;
0820 93          SUB      E ?      ;FORM DIFFERENCE OF ORIGINS
0821 5F          MOV      E,A      ;
0822 7C          MOV      A,H      ;
0823 9A          SBB     D ?      ;
0824 57          MOV      D,A      ;
0825 2A8C10     LHLD    BBUF+2   ;FETCH STORAGE POINTER
0828 19          DAD      D ?      ;MODIFY
0829 228C10     SHLD    BBUF+2   ;SAVE
082C C9          RET      ? ?      ;
; PROCESS 1 BYTE INSTRUCTIONS WITHOUT OPERANDS
; TYP1: CALL    ASTO      ;STORE VALUE IN MEMORY
082D CDEE08     0830 C9          RET      ;
; PROCESS STAX AND LDAX INSTRUCTIONS
; TYP2: CALL    ASBL      ;FETCH OPERAND
0831 CD940B     CNZ      ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
0834 C4810C     MOV      A,L      ;GET LOW ORDER OPERAND
0837 7D          ORA      A ?      ;SET FLAGS
0838 B7          JZ       TY31      ;OPERAND = 0
0839 CA5508     CPI      2 ?      ;OPERAND = 2
083C FE02       CNZ      ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
083E C4810C     JMP      TY31      ;
; PROCESS PUSH,POP,INX,DCX,DAD INSTRUCTIONS
; TYP3: CALL    ASBL      ;FETCH OPERAND
0844 CD940B     CNZ      ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
0847 C4810C     MOV      A,L      ;GET LOW ORDER OPERAND
084A 7D          RRC      ? ?      ;CHECK LOW ORDER BIT
084B 0F          CC       ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
084C DC810C     RAL      ? ?      ;RESTORE
084F 17          CPI      8 ?      ;
0850 FE08       CNC      ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
0852 D4810C     0855 07      TY31: RLC      ;MULTIPLY BY 8
0856 17          RAL      ? ?      ;
0857 17          RAL      ? ?      ;
0858 47          TY32: MOV      B,A      ;
0859 1A          LDAX     D ?      ;FETCH OPCODE BASE
085A 80          ADD      B ?      ;FORM OPCODE
085B FE76       CPI      118     ;CHECK FOR MOV M,M
085D CC810C     CZ       ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
0860 C32D08     JMP      TYPI      ;
; PROCESS ACCUMULATOR, INR,DCR,MOV,RST INSTRUCTIONS
; TYP4: CALL    ASBL      ;FETCH OPERAND
0863 CD940B     CNZ      ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
0866 C4810C     MOV      A,L      ;GET LOW ORDER OPERAND
0869 7D          CPI      8 ?      ;
086A FE08       CNC      ERRR      ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
086C D4810C     LDAX     D ?      ;FETCH OPCODE BASE
086F 1A          CPI      64 ?     ;CHECK FOR MOV INSTRUCTION
0870 FE40       JZ       TY41      ;
0872 CA8108

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0875 FEC7          CPI    199
0877 7D            MOV    A,L
0878 CA5508         JZ     TY31   ;RST INSRUCTION
087B FA5808         JM     TY32   ;ACCUMULATOR INSTRUCTION
087E C35508         JMP    TY31   ;INR,DCR

; PROCESS MOV INSTRUCTION
0881 29            TY41: DAD    H      ;MULTIPLY OPERAND BY 8
0882 29            DAD    H
0883 29            DAD    H
0884 85            ADD    L      ;FORM OPCODE
0885 12            STAX   O      ;SAVE OPCODE
0886 CDBF08         CALL   MPNT
0889 CD9708         CALL   ASCN
088C C4810C         CNZ    ERRR  ;INCREMENT POINTER
088F 7D            MOV    A,L   ;FETCH LOW ORDER OPERAND
0890 FE08            CPI   8
0892 D4810C         CNC    ERRR  ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
0895 C35808         JMP    TY32

; PROCESS IMMEDIATE INSTRUCTIONS
; IMMEDIATE BYTE CAN BETWEEN -256 AND +255
; MVI INSTRUCTION IS A SPECIAL CASE AND CONTAINS
; 2 ARGUMENTS IN OPERAND
0898 FE06            TYP5: CPI   6      ;CHECK FOR MVI INSTRUCTION
089A CCAD08          CZ    TY56
089D CDEE08          CALL  ASTO
08A0 CD9408          TYS5: CALL  ASBL  ;GET IMMEDIATE ARGUMENT
08A3 3C              INR    A
08A4 FE02            CPI   2      ;CHECK OPERAND FOR RANGE
08A6 D49A0C          CNC    ERRV  ;OPERAND OUT OF RANGE
08A9 7D              MOV    A,L
08AA C32D08          JMP    TYP1

; FETCH 1ST ARG FOR MVI AND LXI INSTRUCTIONS
; 
08AD CD9408          TY56: CALL  ASBL  ;FETCH ARG
08B0 C4810C          CNZ    ERRR  ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
08B3 7D              MOV    A,L   ;GET LOW ORDER ARGUMENT
08B4 FE08            CPI   8
08B6 D4810C          CNC    ERRR  ;ILLEGAL REGISTER
08B9 29              DAD    H
08BA 29              DAD    H
08BB 29              DAD    H
08BC 1A              LDAX   D      ;FETCH OPCODE BASE
08BD 85              ADD    L      ;FOR OPCODE
08BE 5F              MOV    E,A   ;SAVE OBJECT BYTE
08BF 2A9610          MPNT: LHLD  PTRN  ;FETCH POINTER
08C2 7E              MOV    A,M   ;FETCH CHARACTER
08C3 FE2C            CPI   ','   ;CHECK FOR COMMA
08C5 23              INX    H      ;INCREMENT POINTER
08C6 229610          SHLD  PTRN
08C9 C28A0C          JNZ    ERRS  ;SYNTAX ERROR IF NO COMMA
08CC 7B              MOV    A,E
08CD C9              RET

; PROCESS 3 BYTE INSTRUCTIONS
; LXI INSTRUCTION IS A SPECIAL CASE
;
08CE FE01            TYP6: CPI   1      ;CHECK FOR LXI INSTRUCTION
08D0 C2DE08          JNZ    TY56  ;JUMP IF NOT LXI
08D3 CDAD08          CALL  TY56  ;GET REGISTER
08D6 E608            ANI    08H   ;CHECK FOR ILLEGAL REGISTER
08D8 C4810C          CNZ    ERRR  ;REGISTER ERROR
08DB 7B              MOV    A,E   ;GET OPCODE
08DC E6F7            ANI    0F7H  ;CLEAR BIT IN ERROR
08DE CDEE08          TY6:  CALL  ASTO  ;STORE OBJECT BYTE

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08E1 CD940B TYS6: CALL ASBL ;FETCH OPERAND
08E4 7D MOV A,L
08E5 54 MOV D,H
08E6 CDEE08 CALL ASTO ;STORE 2ND BYTE
08E9 7A MOV A,D
08EA C32008 JMP TYP1
08ED C9 RET

; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO STORE OBJECT CODE PRODUCED
; BY THE ASSEMBLER DURING PASS 2 INTO MEMORY
;

08EE 2A8C10 ASTO: LHLD BBUF+2 ;FETCH STORAGE ADDRESS
08F1 77 MOV M,A ;STORE OBJECT BYTE
08F2 23 INX H ;INCREMENT LOCATION
08F3 228C10 SHLD BBUF+2
08F6 2A9E10 LHLD OIND ;FETCH OUTPUT ADDRESS
08F9 23 INX H
08FA CD8902 CALL BINH+3 ;CONVERT OBJECT BYTE
08FD 229E10 SHLD OIND
0900 C9 RET

; GET HERE WHEN END PSEUDO-OP IS FOUND OR WHEN
; END-OF-FILE OCCURS IN SOURCE FILE. CONTROL IS SET
; FOR EITHER PASS 2 OR ASSEMBLY TERMINATOR IF FINISHED.

0901 3A9410 EASS: LDA PASI ;FETCH PASS INDICATOR
0904 B7 ORA A ;SET FLAGS
0905 C26700 JNZ EOR ;JUMP IF FINISHED
0908 3E01 MVI A,I ;PASS INDICATOR FOR 2ND PASS
090A C37A06 JMP ASM3 ;DO 2ND PASS

; THIS ROUTINE SCANS THROUGH A CHARACTER STRING UNTIL
; THE FIRST NON-BLANK CHARACTER IS FOUND
;

; ON RETURN, CARRY SET INDICATES A CARRIAGE RETURN
; AS FIRST NON-BLANK CHARACTER.

; SBLK: LHLD PNTR ;FETCH ADDRESS
0910 7E SBL1: MOV A,M ;FETCH CHARACTER
0911 FE20 CPI ' ' ;CHECK FOR A BLANK
0913 C0 RNZ ;RETURN IF NON-BLANK
0914 23 SBL2: INX H ;INCREMENT
0915 229610 SHLD PNTR ;SAVE POINTER
0918 C31009 JMP SBL1

; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO CHECK THE CONDITION
; CODE MNEMONICS FOR CONDITIONAL JUMPS, CALLS,
; AND RETURNS.

0918 217F10 COND: LXI H,ABUF+1
091E 227410 SHLD ADDS
0921 0602 MVI B,2 ;2 CHARACTERS
0923 CD500A CALL COPC
0926 C9 RET

; THE FOLLOWING IS THE OPCODE TABLE
;

0927 4F5247 OTAB: DB 'ORG'
092A 00 DB 0
092B 00 DB 0
092C 455155 DB 'EQU'
092F 00 DB 0
0930 01 DB 1

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0931 4442	DB	'DB'
0933 00	DB	0
0934 00	DB	0
0935 FF	DB	-1
0936 4453	DB	'DS'
0938 00	DB	0
0939 00	DB	0
093A 03	DB	3
093B 4457	DB	'DW'
093D 00	DB	0
093E 00	DB	0
093F 05	DB	5
0940 454E44	DB	'END'
0943 00	DB	0
0944 06	DB	6
0945 00	DB	0
0946 484C54	DB	'HLT'
0949 76	DB	118
094A 524C43	DB	'RLC'
094D 07	DB	7
094E 525243	DB	'RRC'
0951 0F	DB	15
0952 52414C	DB	'RAL'
0955 17	DB	23
0956 524152	DB	'RAR'
0959 1F	DB	31
095A 524554	DB	'RET'
095D C9	DB	201
095E 434D41	DB	'CMA'
0961 2F	DB	47
0962 535443	DB	'STC'
0965 37	DB	55
0966 444141	DB	'DAA'
0969 27	DB	39
096A 434D43	DB	'CMC'
096D 3F	DB	63
096E 4549	DB	'EI'
0970 00	DB	0
0971 FB	DB	251
0972 4449	DB	'DI'
0974 00	DB	0
0975 F3	DB	243
0976 4E4F50	DB	'NOP'
0979 00	DB	0
097A 00	DB	0
097B 58434847	DB	'XCHG'
097F EB	DB	235
0980 5854484C	DB	'XTHL'
0984 E3	DB	227
0985 5350484C	DB	'SPHL'
0989 F9	DB	249
098A 5043484C	DB	'PCHL'
098E E9	DB	233
098F 00	DB	0
0990 53544158	DB	'STAX'
0994 02	DB	2
0995 4C444158	DB	'LDAX'
0999 0A	DB	10
099A 00	DB	0
0998 50555348	DB	'PUSH'
099F C5	DB	197
09A0 504F50	DB	'POP'
09A3 00	DB	0
09A4 C1	DB	193
09A5 494E58	DB	'INX'
09A8 00	DB	0

09A9 03	DB	3
09AA 444358	DB	'DCX'
09AD 00	DB	0
09AE 08	DB	11
09AF 444144	DB	'DAD'
09B2 00	DB	0
09B3 09	DB	9
09B4 00	DB	0
09B5 494E52	DB	'INR'
09B8 04	DB	4
09B9 444352	DB	'DCR'
09BC 05	DB	5
09BD 4D4F56	DB	'MOV'
09C0 40	DB	64
09C1 414444	DB	'ADD'
09C4 80	DB	128
09C5 414443	DB	'ADC'
09C8 88	DB	136
09C9 535542	DB	'SUB'
09CC 90	DB	144
09CD 534242	DB	'SB8'
09D0 98	DB	152
09D1 414E41	DB	'ANA'
09D4 A0	DB	160
09D5 585241	DB	'XRA'
09D8 A8	DB	168
09D9 4F5241	DB	'ORA'
09DC B0	DB	176
09DD 434D50	DB	'CMP'
09E0 B8	DB	184
09E1 525354	DB	'RST'
09E4 C7	DB	199
09E5 00	DB	0
09E6 414449	DB	'ADI'
09E9 C6	DB	198
09EA 414349	DB	'ACI'
09ED CE	DB	206
09EE 535549	DB	'SUI'
09F1 D6	DB	214
09F2 534249	DB	'SB1'
09F5 DE	DB	222
09F6 414E49	DB	'ANI'
09F9 E6	DB	230
09FA 585249	DB	'XRI'
09FD EE	DB	238
09FE 4F5249	DB	'OR1'
0A01 F6	DB	246
0A02 435049	DB	'CPI'
0A05 FE	DB	254
0A06 494E	DB	'IN'
0A08 00	DB	0
0A09 DB	DB	219
0A0A 4F5554	DB	'OUT'
0A0D D3	DB	211
0A0E 4D5649	DB	'MVI'
0A11 06	DB	6
0A12 00	DB	0
0A13 4A4D50	DB	'JMP'
0A16 00	DB	0
0A17 C3	DB	195
0A18 43414C4C	DB	'CALL'
0A1C CD	DB	205
0A1D 4C5849	DB	'LXI'
0A20 00	DB	0
0A21 01	DB	1
0A22 4C4441	DB	'LDA'

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0A25 00      DB      0
0A26 3A      DB      58
0A27 535441  DB      'STA'
0A2A 00      DB      0
0A2B 32      DB      50
0A2C 53484C44 DB      'SHLD'
0A30 22      DB      34
0A31 4C484C44 DB      'LHLD'
0A35 2A      DB      42
0A36 00      DB      0
; CONDITION CODE TABLE
0A37 4E5A      DB      'NZ'
0A39 00      DB      0
0A3A 5A      DB      'Z'
0A3B 00      DB      0
0A3C 08      DB      8
0A3D 4E43      DB      'NC'
0A3F 10      DB      16
0A40 43      DB      'C'
0A41 00      DB      0
0A42 18      DB      24
0A43 504F      DB      'PO'
0A45 20      DB      32
0A46 5045      DB      'PE'
0A48 28      DB      40
0A49 50      DB      'P'
0A4A 00      DB      0
0A4B 30      DB      48
0A4C 4D      DB      'M'
0A4D 00      DB      0
0A4E 38      DB      56
0A4F 00      DB      0
;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO CHECK A GIVEN OPCODE
; AGAINST THE LEGAL OPCODES IN THE OPCODE TABLE.
;
0A50 2A7410  COPC: LHLD    ADDS
0A53 1A      LDAX    D      ;FETCH CHARACTER
0A54 87      ORA     A      ;SET FLAGS
0A55 CA620A  JZ      COP1    ;JUMP IF TERMINATION CHARACTER
0A58 48      MOV     C,B
0A59 CD5301  CALL    SEAR
0A5C 1A      LDAX    D
0A5D C8      RZ      ;RETURN IF MATCH
0A5E 13      INX    D      ;NEXT STRING
0A5F C3500A  JMP    COPC   ;CONTINUE SEARCH
0A62 3C      COP1: INR    A      ;CLEAR ZERO FLAG
0A63 13      INX    D      ;INCREMENT ADDRESS
0A64 C9      RET
;
; THIS ROUTINE CHECKS THE LEGAL OPCODES IN BOTH PASS 1
; AND PASS 2. IN PASS 1 THE PROGRAM COUNTER IS INCRE-
; MENTED BY THE CORRECT NUMBER OF BYTES. AN ADDRESS IS
; ALSO SET SO THAT AN INDEXED JUMP CAN BE MADE TO
; PROCESS THE OPCODE FOR PASS 2.
;
0A65 217E10  OPCD: LXI    H,ABUF ;GET ADDRESS
0A68 227410  SHLD    ADDS
0A6B 112709  LXI    D,OTAB ;OPCODE TABLE ADDRESS
0A6E 0604      MVI    B,4      ;CHARACTER COUNT
0A70 CD500A  CALL    COPC   ;CHECK OPCODES
0A73 CA0E0B  JZ      PSEU   ;JUMP IF A PSEUDO-OP
0A76 05      DCR    B      ;3 CHARACTER OPCODES
0A77 CD500A  CALL    COPC
0A7A CA810A  JZ      OP1

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0A7D 04		INR	8	; 4 CHARACTER OPCODES
0A7E CD500A		CALL	COPC	
0A81 212D08	OP1:	LXI	H,TYP1	; TYPE 1 INSTRUCTIONS
0A84 0E01	OP2:	MVI	C,I	; 1 BYTE INSTRUCTIONS
0A86 CAE10A		JZ	OCNT	
				;
0A89 CD500A	OPC2:	CALL	COPC	; CHECK FOR STAX,LDAX
0A8C 213108		LXI	H,TYP2	
0A8F CA840A		JZ	OP2	
0A92 CD500A		CALL	COPC	; CHECK FOR PUSH,POP,INX
				; DCX AND DAD
0A95 214408		LXI	H,TYP3	
0A98 CA840A		JZ	OP2	
0A9B 05		DCR	B	; 3 CHAR OPCODES
0A9C CD500A		CALL	COPC	; ACCUMULATOR INSTRUCTIONS,
				; INR,DCR,MOV,RST
0A9F 216308		LXI	H,TYP4	
0AA2 CA840A		JZ	OP2	
				;
0AA5 CD500A	OPC3:	CALL	COPC	; IMMEDIATE INSTRUCTIONS
0AA8 219808		LXI	H,TYP5	
0AAB 0E02		MVI	C,2	; 2 BYTE INSTRUCTIONS
0AAD CAE10A		JZ	OCNT	
0AB0 04		INR	B	; 4 CHAR OPCODES
0ABI CD500A		CALL	COPC	; JMP, CALL, LXI, LDA, STA,
				; LHLD, SHLD OPCODES
0AB4 CADCOA		JZ	OP4	
0AB7 CD1809		CALL	COND	; CONDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS
0ABA C20608		JNZ	OERR	; ILLEGAL OPCODE
0ABD C6C0		ADI	192	; ADD BASE VALUE TO RETURN
0ABF 57		MOV	D,A	
0AC0 0603		MVI	B,3	; 3 CHARACTER OPCODES
0AC2 3A7E10		LDA	ABUF	; FETCH FIRST CHARACTER
0AC5 4F		MOV	C,A	; SAVE CHARACTER
0AC6 FE52		CPI	'R'	; CONDITIONAL RETURN
0AC8 7A		MOV	A,D	
0AC9 CA810A		JZ	OP1	
0ACC 79		MOV	A,C	
0ACD 14		INR	D	; FORM CONDITIONAL JUMP
0ACE 14		INR	D	
0ACF FE4A		CPI	'J'	; CONDITIONAL JUMP
0AD1 CADBOA		JZ	OPAD	
0AD4 FE43		CPI	'C'	; CONDITIONAL CALL
0AD6 C2060B		JNZ	OERR	; ILLEGAL OPCODE
0AD9 14		INR	D	; FORM CONDITIONAL CALL
0ADA 14		INR	D	
0ADB 7A	OPAD:	MOV	A,D	; GET OPCODE
0ADC 21CE08	OP4:	LXI	H,TYP6	
0ADF 0E03	OP5:	MVI	C,3	; 3 BYTE INSTRUCTION
0AE1 329D10	OCNT:	STA	TEMP	; SAVE OPCODE
				;
				; CHECK FOR OPCODE ONLY CONTAINING THE CORRECT NUMBER OF
				; CHARACTERS. THUS ADDQ, SAY, WOULD GIVE AN ERROR
				;
0AE4 3E7E		MVI	A,ABUF AND 0FFH	; LOAD BUFFER ADDRESS
0AE6 80		ADD	B	; ADD LENGTH OF OPCODE
0AE7 5F		MOV	E,A	
0AE8 3E10		MVI	A,ABUF/256	
0AEA CE00		ACI	0	; GET HIGH ORDER ADDRESS
0AEC 57		MOV	D,A	
0AED 1A		LDAX	D	; FETCH CHARACTER AFTER OPCODE
0AEE 87		ORA	A	; IT SHOULD BE ZERO
0AEF C2060B		JNZ	OERR	; OPCODE ERROR
0AF2 3A9410		LDA	PASI	; FETCH PASS INDICATOR
0AF5 0600	OCN1:	MVI	B,0	
0AF7 E8		XCHG		

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0AF8 2A9210 OCN2: LHLD ASPC ;FETCH PROGRAM COUNTER
0AFB 09 DAD B ;ADD IN BYTE COUNT
0AFC 229210 SHLD ASPC ;STORE PC
0AFF 87 ORA A ;WHICH PASS?
0800 C8 RZ ;RETURN IF PASS 1
0801 3A9D10 LDA TEMP ;FETCH OPCODE
0804 EB XCHG
0805 E9 PCHL

; 0806 21A00C OERR: LXI H,ERRO ;SET ERROR ADDRESS
0809 0E03 MVI C,3 ;LEAVE 3 BYTES FOR PATCH
080B C3F20A JMP OCN1-3

; 080E 218210 PSEU: LXI H,A8UF+4 ;SET BUFFER ADDRESS
0811 7E MOV A,M ;FETCH CHARACTER AFTER OPCODE
0812 B7 ORA A ;SHOULD BE A ZERO
0813 C20608 JNZ OERR
0816 3A9410 LDA PASI ;FETCH PASS INDICATOR
0819 B7 ORA A
081A CA4407 JZ PSU1
081D C3C807 JMP PSU2

;
; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO PROCESS LABELS.
; IT CHECKS TO SEE IF A LABEL IS IN THE SYMBOL TABLE
; OR NOT. ON RETURN, Z=1 INDICATES A MATCH WAS FOUND
; AND H,L CONTAIN THE VALUE ASSOCIATED WITH THE LABEL.
; THE REGISTER NAMES A, B, C, D, E, H, L, P, AND S ARE
; PRE-DEFINED AND NEED NOT BE ENTERED BY THE USER.
; ON RETURN, C=1 INDICATES A LABEL ERROR.
;

0820 FE41 SLA8: CPI 'A' ;CHECK FOR LEGAL CHAR
0822 D8 RC
0823 FE5B CPI 'Z'+1 ;CHECK FOR ILLEGAL CHAR
0825 3F CMC
0826 D8 RC ;RETURN IF ILLEGAL CHAR
0827 CD7508 CALL ALPS ;PLACE SYMBOL IN BUFFER
082A 217E10 LXI H,A8UF ;SET BUFFER ADDRESS
082D 227410 SHLD ADDS ;SAVE ADDRESS
0830 05 DCR B ;CHECK IF ONE CHARACTER
0831 C24408 JNZ SLA1

; CHECK IF PREDEFINED REGISTER NAME
0834 04 INR B ;SET B=1
0835 116008 LXI D,RTAB ;REGISTER TABLE ADDRESS
0838 CD500A CALL COPC ;CHECK NAME OF REGISTER
083B C24408 JNZ SLA1 ;NOT A PREDEFINED REGISTER
083E 6F MOV L,A ;SET VALUE(HIGH)
083F 2600 MVI H,0
0841 C35A08 JMP SLA2
0844 3A9810 SLA1: LDA NOLA ;FETCH SYMBOL COUNT
0847 47 MOV B,A
0848 111A11 LXI D,SYMT ;SET SYMBOL TABLE ADDRESS
084B 87 ORA A ;ARE THERE ANY LABELS?
084C CA5D0B JZ SLA3 ;JUMP IF NO LABELS
084F 3E05 MVI A,LLAB ;FETCH LENGTH OF LABEL
0851 329510 STA NCHR
0854 CD3C01 CALL COMS ;CHECK TABEL
0857 4C MOV C,H ;SWAP H AND L
0858 65 MOV H,L
0859 69 MOV L,C
085A 37 SLA2: STC ;SET CARRY
085B 3F CMC ;CLEAR CARRY
085C C9 RET ;RETURN
085D 3C SLA3: INR A ;CLEAR ZERO FLAG
085E B7 ORA A ;CLEAR CARRY
085F C9 RET

```

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; PREDEFINE REGISTER VALUES IN THIS TABLE
;
0860 41 RTAB: D8 'A'
0861 07 D8 7
0862 42 D8 'B'
0863 00 D8 0
0864 43 D8 'C'
0865 01 D8 1
0866 44 D8 'D'
0867 02 D8 2
0868 45 D8 'E'
0869 03 D8 3
086A 48 D8 'H'
086B 04 D8 4
086C 4C D8 'L'
086D 05 D8 5
086E 40 D8 'M'
086F 06 D8 6
0870 50 D8 'P'
0871 06 D8 6
0872 53 D8 'S'
0873 06 D8 6
0874 00 D8 0 ;END OF TABLE INDICATOR

; THIS ROUTINE SCANS THE INPUT LINE AND PLACES THE
; OPCODES AND LABELS IN THE BUFFER. THE SCAN TERMINATES
; WHEN A CHARACTER OTHER THAN 0-9 OR A-Z IS FOUND.
;
0875 0600 ALPS: MVI B,0 ;SET COUNT
0877 12 ALPI: STAX C ;STORE CHARACTER IN BUFFER
0878 04 INR B ;INCREMENT COUNT
0879 78 MOV A,B ;FETCH COUNT
087A FE08 CPI 11 ;MAXIMUM BUFFER SIZE
087C D0 RNC ;RETURN IF BUFFER FILLED
087D 13 INX D ;INCREMENT BUFFER
087E 23 INX H ;INCREMENT INPUT POINTER
087F 229610 SHLD PNTR ;SAVE LINE POINTER
0882 7E MOV A,M ;FETCH CHARACTER
0883 FE30 CPI '0' ;CHECK FOR LEGAL CHARACTERS
0885 D8 RC
0886 FE3A CPI '9'+1
0888 DA7708 JC ALPI
088B FE41 CPI 'A'
088D D8 RC
088E FE5B CPI 'Z'+1
0890 DA7708 JC ALPI
0893 C9 RET

; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO SCAN THROUGH THE INPUT LINE
; TO FETCH THE VALUE OF THE OPERAND FIELD. ON RETURN,
; THE VALUE OF THE OPERAND IS CONTAINED IN REG'S H,L.
;
0894 CD0D09 ASBL: CALL SBLK ;GET FIRST ARGUMENT
0897 210000 ASCN: LXI H,0 ;GET A ZERO
089A 229A10 SHLD OPRD ;INITIALIZE OPERAND
089D 24 INR H
089E 229810 SHLD OPRI-1 ;INITIALIZE OPERAND INDICATOR
08A1 2A9610 NXT1: LHLD PNTR ;FETCH SCAN POINTER
08A4 2B DCX H
08A5 CD6601 CALL ZBUF ;CLEAR BUFFER
08A8 329910 STA SIGN ;ZERO SIGN INDICATOR
08AB 23 NXT2: INX H ;INCREMENT POINTER
08AC 7E MOV A,M ;FETCH NEXT CHARACTER
08AD FE21 CPI '+'1
08AF DA530C JC SEND ;JUMP IF CR OR BLANK
08B2 FE2C CPI '.' ;FIELD SEPARATOR

```

0B84 CA530C	JZ	SEND			
	; CHECK FOR OPERATORS				
0B87 FE2B	CPI	'+'	;CHECK FOR PLUS		
0B89 CAC40B	JZ	ASC1			
0B8C FE2D	CPI	'-'	;CHECK FOR MINUS		
0B8E C2D40B	JNZ	ASC2			
0B81 329910	STA	SIGN			
0B84 3A9C10	ASC1:	LDA	OPRI	;FETCH OPERAND INDICATOR	
0B87 FE02	CPI	2		;CHECK FOR TWO OPERATORS	
0B89 CA8A0C	JZ	ERRS		;SYNTAX ERROR	
0BCC 3E02	MVI	A,2			
0BCE 329C10	STA	OPRI			
0BD1 C3A808	JMP	NXT2		;SET INDICATOR	
	;CHECK FOR OPERANDS				
0BD4 4F	MOV	C,A		;SAVE CHARACTER	
0BD5 3A9C10	LDA	OPRI		;GET INDICATOR	
0BD8 87	ORA	A		;CHECK FOR TWO OPERANDS	
0BD9 CA8A0C	JZ	ERRS		;SYNTAX ERROR	
0BDC 79	MOV	A,C			
0BDD FE24	CPI	'\$'		;LC EXPRESSION	
0BDF C2EC08	JNZ	ASC3			
0BE2 23	INX	H		;INCREMENT POINTER	
0BE3 229610	SHLD	PNTR		;SAVE POINTER	
0BE6 2A9210	LHLD	ASPC		;FETCH LOCATION COUNTER	
0BE9 C3280C	JMP	AVAL			
	;CHECK FOR ASCII CHARACTERS				
0BEC FE27	CPI	27H		;CHECK FOR SINGLE QUOTE	
0BEE C2180C	JNZ	ASC5		;JUMP IF NOT QUOTE	
0BF1 110000	LXI	D,0		;GET A ZERO	
0BF4 0E03	MVI	C,3		;CHARACTER COUNT	
0BF6 23	ASC4:	INX	H		;BUMP POINTER
0BF7 229610	SHLD	PNTR		;SAVE	
0BFA 7E	MOV	A,M		;FETCH NEXT CHARACTER	
0FBF FE0D	CPI	ASCR		;IS IT A CR?	
0FD CAA80C	JZ	ERRA		;ARGUMENT ERROR	
0C00 FE27	CPI	27H		;IS IT QUOTE	
0C02 C20F0C	JNZ	SSTR			
0C05 23	INX	H		;INCREMENT POINTER	
0C06 229610	SHLD	PNTR		;SAVE	
0C09 7E	MOV	A,M		;FETCH NEXT CHAR	
0C0A FE27	CPI	27H		;CHECK FOR 2 QUOTES IN A ROW	
0C0C C2290C	JNZ	AVAL+1		;TERMINAL QUOTE	
0C0F 0D	SSTR:	DCR	C		;CHECK COUNT
0C10 CAA80C	JZ	ERRA		;TOO MANY CHARACTERS	
0C13 53	MOV	D,E			
0C14 5F	MOV	E,A		;SET CHARACTER IN BUFFER	
0C15 C3F60B	JMP	ASC4			
0C18 FE30	ASC5:	CPI	'0'	;CHECK FOR NUMERIC	
0C1A DAA80C	JC	ERRA		;ILLEGAL CHARACTER	
0CID FE3A	CPI	'9'+1			
0C1F D2470C	JNC	ALAB			
0C22 CD630C	CALL	NUMS		;GET NUMERIC VALUE	
0C25 DAA80C	JC	ERRA		;ARGUMENT ERROR	
0C28 EB	AVAL:	XCHG			
0C29 2A9A10	LHLD	OPRD		;FETCH OPERAND	
0C2C AF	XRA	A		;GET A ZERO	
0C2D 329C10	STA	OPRI		;STOR IN OPERAND INDICATOR	
0C30 3A9910	LDA	SIGN		;GET SIGN INDICATOR	
0C33 87	ORA	A		;SET FLAGS	
0C34 C23E0C	JNZ	ASUB			
0C37 19	DAD	D		;FORM RESULT	
0C38 229A10	ASC7:	SHLD	OPRD		;SAVE RESULT
0C3B C3A10B	JMP	NXT1			
0C3E 7D	ASUB:	MOV	A,L		
0C3F 93	SUB	E			
0C40 6F	MOV	L,A			

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0C41 7C      MOV    A,H
0C42 9A      SBB    D
0C43 67      MOV    H,A
0C44 C3380C   JMP    ASC7
0C47 CD200B   ALAB: CALL   SLAB
0C4A CA280C   JZ     AVAL
0C4D DAA80C   JC     ERRA  ;ILLEGAL SYMBOL
0C50 C3950C   JMP    ERRU  ;UNDEFINED SYMBOL
;
; GET HERE WHEN TERMINATING CHARACTER IS FOUND.
; CHECK FOR LEADING FIELD SEPARATOR.
;
0C53 3A9C10  SEND: LDA    OPRI  ;FETCH OPERAND INDICATOR
0C56 B7      ORA    A       ;SET FLAGS
0C57 C28A0C   JNZ    ERSS  ;SYNTAX ERROR
0C5A 2A9A10  LHLD   OPRD
0C5D 7C      SEN1: MOV    A,H  ;GET HIGH ORDER BYTE
0C5E 119D10  LXI    D,TEMP ;GET ADDRESS
0C61 87      ORA    A       ;SET FLAGS
0C62 C9      RET
;
; GET A NUMERIC VALUE WHICH IS EITHER HEXADECIMAL OR
; DECIMAL. ON RETURN, CARRY SET INDICATES AN ERROR.
;
0C63 CD750B  NUMS: CALL   ALPS  ;GET NUMERIC
0C66 1B      DCX    D
0C67 1A      LDAX   D       ;GET LAST CHARACTER
0C68 017E10  LXI    B,ABUF ;SET BUFFER ADDRESS
0C6B FE48      CPI    'H'   ;IS IT HEXADECIMAL?
0C6D CA780C   JZ     NUM2
0C70 FE44      CPI    'D'   ;IS IT DECIMAL
0C72 C2770C   JNZ    NUM1
0C75 AF      XRA    A       ;GET A ZERO
0C76 I2      STAX   D       ;CLEAR D FROM BUFFER
0C77 CD0102  NUM1: CALL   ADEC  ;CONVERT DECIMAL VALUE
0C7A C9      RET
0C7B AF      XRA    A       ;GET A ZERO
0C7C 12      STAX   D       ;CLEAR H FROM BUFFER
0C7D CD1B02  CALL   AHEX
0C80 C9      RET
;
; PROCESS REGISTER ERROR
ERRR: MVI   A,'R'  ;GET INDICATOR
0C83 210000  LXI   H,0   ;GET A 0
0C86 32B210  STA   OBUF  ;SET IN OUTPUT BUFFER
0C89 C9      RET
;
;PROCESS SYNTAX ERROR
ERRS: MVI   A,'S'  ;GET INDICATOR
0C8C 32B210  STA   OBUF  ;STORE IN OUTPUT BUFFER
0C8F 210000  LXI   H,0
0C92 C35D0C  JMP    SEN1
;
;PROCESS UNDEFINED SYMBOL ERROR
ERRU: MVI   A,'U'  ;GET INDICATOR
0C95 3E55      JMP    ERRS+2
0C97 C38C0C
;
;PROCESS VALUE ERROR
ERRV: MVI   A,'V'  ;GET INDICATOR
0C9C C38C0C  JMP    ERRS+2
;
;PROCESS MISSING LABEL ERROR
ERRM: MVI   A,'M'  ;GET INDICATOR
0C9F 3E4D      STA   OBUF  ;STORE IN OUTPUT BUFFER
0CA1 32B210  CALL   AOU1  ;DISPLAY ERROR
0CA4 CD0206  RET
;
;PROCESS ARGUMENT ERROR
ERRA: MVI   A,'A'  ;GET INDICATOR
0CAA C38C0C  JMP    ERRS+2
;
; PROCESS OPCODE ERROR

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; STORE 3 BYTES OF ZERO IN OBJECT CODE TO PROVIDE
; FOR A PATCH.
0CAD 3E4F    ERRO: MVI   A,'0' ;GET INDICATOR
0CAF 32B210  STA    OBUF  ;STORE IN OUTPUT BUFFER
0CB2 3A9410  LDA    PASI  ;FETCH PASS INDICATOR
0CB5 B7      ORA    A     ;WHICH PASS
0CB6 C8      RZ    ;RETURN IF PASS1
0CB7 0E03    MVI   C,3   ;NEED 3 BYTES
0CB9 AF      XRA   A     ;GET A ZERO
0CBA CDEE08  CALL   ASTO  ;PUT IN LISTING AND MEMORY
0CBD 0D      DCR   C
0CBE C2B90C  JNZ   ERO1
0CC1 C9      RET
; PROCESS LABEL ERROR
0CC2 3E4C    ERRL: MVI   A,'L' ;GET INDICATOR
0CC4 C3AF0C  JMP   ERRO+2
;PROCESS DUPLICATE LABEL ERROR
0CC7 3E44    ERRD: MVI   A,'D' ;GET ERROR INDICATOR
0CC9 32B210  STA    OBUF  ;STORE IN OUTPUT BUFFER
0CCC CDC506  CALL   AOUT  ;DISPLAY ERROR
0CCF C31E07  JMP   OPC   ;PROCESS OPCODE
;
;
; THIS ROUTINE SETS OR CLEARS BREAKPOINTS
;
0CD2 3A7E10  BREAK: LDA   ABUF  ;CHECK FOR AN ARG
0CD5 B7      ORA   A
0CD6 CA140D  JZ    CLRBL ;IF NO ARG, GO CLEAR BREAKPOINTS
0CD9 1608    MVI   D,NBR ;ELSE, GET NUMBER OF BREAKPOINTS
0CD8 210C10  LXI   H,BRT  ;AND ADDR OF TABLE
0CDE 7E      B1:  MOV   A,M   ;GET HI BYTE OF ENTRY
0CDF 23      INX   H
0CE0 46      MOV   B,M   ;GET LO BYTE OF ENTRY
0CE1 80      ORA   B     ;CHECK FOR EMPTY ENTRY
0CE2 CAEE0C  JZ    B2    ;BRANCH IF EMPTY
0CE5 23      INX   H     ;ELSE GO ON TO NEXT ENTRY
0CE6 23      INX   H
0CE7 15      DCR   D     ;BUMP COUNT
0CE8 C2DE0C  JNZ   B1    ;AND TRY AGAIN
0CEB C35A04  JMP   WHAT  ;OOPS! NO ROOM
0CEE 28      B2:  DCX   H
0CEF EB      XCHG
0CF0 2A8A10  LHLD  BBUF  ;GET ADDRESS
0CF3 EB      XCHG
0CF4 7A      MOV   A,D   ;IN D,E
0CF5 B7      ORA   A     ;CHECK FOR ADDR > 11D
0CF6 C2FF0C  JNZ   B3
0CF9 78      MOV   A,E
0CFA FE0B    CPI   11
0FCF DA5A04  JC    WHAT  ;OOPS. TOO LOW
0CFF 72      B3:  MOV   M,D  ;SAVE ADDRESS
0D00 23      INX   H
0D01 73      MOV   M,E
0D02 23      INX   H
0D03 1A      LDAX  D     ;PICK UP INSTRUCTION
0D04 77      MOV   M,A  ;SAVE IT
0D05 3ECF    MVI   A,(RST 1) ;REPLACE IT WITH A
0D07 12      STAX  D     ;RESTART INSTRUCTION
0D08 3EC3    MVI   A,0C3H ;SET UP LO MEMORY
0D0A 320800  STA   8     ;WITH A JUMP TO BRKP
0D0D 212E0D  LXI   H,BRKP
0D10 220900  SHLD  9
0D13 C9      RET
; THEN RETURN
;
; THIS ROUTINE CLEARS ALL BREAKPOINTS
;

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0D14 210C10 CLR8: LXI H,BRT ;GET TABLE ADDRESS
0017 0608 MVI B,NBR ;GET NUMBER OF BREAKPOINTS
0D19 AF CLBL: XRA A ;GET A ZERO
0D1A 56 MOV D,M ;GET HI-BYTE OF ENTRY
0D1B 77 MOV M,A
0D1C 23 INX H
0D1D 5E MOV E,M ;GET LO-BYTE OF ENTRY
0D1E 77 MOV M,A
0D1F 23 INX H
0D20 46 MOV B,M ;GET INST BYTE
0D21 23 INX H
0D22 7A MOV A,D ;WAS THIS A NULL ENTRY
0D23 83 ORA E
0D24 CA290D JZ CL2 ;BRANCH IF IT WAS
0D27 78 MOV A,B
0D28 12 STAX D ;ELSE, PLUG INST BACK IN
0D29 05 DCR B ;BUMP COUNT
0D2A C2190D JNZ CLBL ;GO DO NEXT ONE
0D2D C9 RET ;RETURN WHEN DONE
;
; COME HERE WHEN WE HIT A BREAKPOINT
;
0D2E 220810 BRKP: SHLD HOLD+8 ;SAVE H,L
0D31 E1 POP H ;GET PC
0D32 28 DCX H ;ADJUST IT
0D33 220A10 SHLD HOLD+10 ;SAVE IT
0D36 F5 PUSH PSW ;SAVE FLAGS
0D37 E1 POP H ;GET THEM INTO HL
0D38 220010 SHLD HOLD ;NOW STORE THEM FOR USER
0D3B 210000 LXI H,0
0D3E 39 DAD SP ;GET STACK POINTER
0D3F 310810 LXI SP,HOLD+8 ;SET NEW SP
0D42 E5 PUSH H ;SAVE OLD SP
0D43 D5 PUSH D ;SAVE D,E
0D44 C5 PUSH B ;SAVE B,C
0D45 2F CMA ;COMPLEMENT ACC
0D46 D3FF OUT OFFH ;DISPLAY IT IN THE LIGHTS
0D48 31B210 LXI SP,AREA+18 ;SET SP AGAIN
0D48 2A0A10 LHLD HOLD+10 ;GET PC
0D4E E8 XCHG ;INTO D,E
0D4F 210C10 LXI H,BRT ;GET ADDR OF TABLE
0D52 0608 MVI B,NBR ;AND NUMBER OF ENTRIES
0D54 7E BL1: MOV A,M ;GET AN ENTRY FROM THE TABLE
0D55 23 INX H
0D56 BA CMP D ;DOES IT MATCH
0D57 C25F0D JNZ BL2 ;BRANCH IF NOT
0D5A 7E MOV A,M ;ELSE GET NEXT BYTE
0D5B 8B CMP E ;CHECK IT
0D5C CA680D JZ BL3 ;IT MATCHES!
0D5F 23 BL2: INX H ;BUMP AROUND THIS ENTRY
0D60 23 INX H
0D61 05 DCR B ;BUMP COUNT
0D62 C45A04 JZ WHAT ;NOT IN OUR TABLE!
0D65 C3540D JMP BL1
;
0D68 23 BL3: INX H
0D69 7E MOV A,M ;GET INSTR BYTE
0D6A 12 STAX D ;PUT IT BACK
0D6B AF XRA A ;CLEAR ENTRY IN TABLE
0D6C 28 DCX H
0D6D 77 MOV M,A
0D6E 28 DCX H
0D6F 77 MOV M,A
0D70 CD0E01 CALL CRLF ;RESTORE THE CARRIAGE
0D73 3A0810 LDA HOLD+11 ;GET HI-BYTE OF PC
0D76 CD3A02 CALL HOUT ;TYPE IT

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0D79 5A0A10      LDA    HOLD+10 ;GET LO-BYTE OF PC
0D7C CD3A02      CALL   HOUT   ;TYPE IT
0D7F 21880D      LXI    H,BMES ;TELL USER WHAT IT IS
0D82 CD7A02      CALL   SCRN
0D85 C36700      JMP    EOR    ;GO BACK TO COMMAND LEVEL
;
0D88 20425245 BMES: D8      ' BREAK',13
0D8C 414B0D
;
; THIS ROUTINE PROCEEDS FROM A BREAKPOINT
;
0D8F 3A7E10      PROC:  LDA    ABUF   ;CHECK FOR ARG
0D92 87          ORA    A
0D93 CA9C00      JZ    P1     ;JMP IF NO ARG
0D96 2A8A10      LHLD   BBUF   ;ELSE, GET ARG
0D99 220A10      SHLD   HOLD+10 ;PLUG IT INTO PC SLOT
0D9C 310010      P1:   LXI    SP,HOLD ;SET SP TO POINT AT REG'S
0D9F F1          POP    PSW    ;RESTORE PSW
0DA0 C1          POP    B      ;RESTORE B,C
0DA1 D1          POP    D      ;RESTORE D,E
0DA2 E1          POP    H      ;GET OLD SP
0DA3 F9          SPHL
0DA4 2A0A10      LHLD   HOLD+10 ;GET PC
0DA7 E5          PUSH   H      ;PUT IT ON STACK
0DA8 2A0810      LHLD   HOLD+8 ;RESTORE H,L
0DAB C9          RET
; AND PROCEED
;
; SYSTEM RAM
;
0DAC             ORG    1000H
;
; DEFINE BREAKPOINT REGION
;
0008 NBR    EQU    8      ;NUMBER OF BREAKPOINTS
1000 HOLD: DS     12     ;REGISTER HOLD AREA
100C BRT:  DS     3:NBR  ;BREAKPOINT TABLE
;
; FILE AREA PARAMETERS
0006 MAXFIL EQU    6      ;MAX # OF FILES
0005 NMLEN EQU    5      ;NAME LENGTH
000D FELEN EQU    NMLEN+8 ;DIRECTORY ENTRY LENGTH
1024 FILE0: DS    NMLEN
1029 BOFP: DS     2
1028 EOFP: DS    2
102D MAXL: DS    4
1031 FILTB: DS    (MAXFIL-1)*FELEN
1072 INSP:  DS    2      ;INSERT LINE POSITION
1072 DELP:  EQU    INSP   ;DELETE LINE POSITION
0000 ASCR: EQU    15     ;ASCII CARRIAGE RETURN VALUE
1074 HCON: DS    2
1074 ADDS: EQU    HCON   ;FIND ADDRESS
1076 FBUF: DS    NMLEN ;FILE NAME BUFFER
1078 FREAD: DS    2      ;FREE ADDRESS IN DIRECTORY
107D FEF:   DS    1      ;FREE ENTRY FOUND FLAG
107D FOCNT: EQU    FEF   ;OUTPUT COUNTER
107E ABUF:  DS    12     ;ASCII BUFFER
108A BBUF:  DS    4      ;BINARY BUFFER
108E SCNT: DS    1
108F DCNT: DS    1      ;DUMP ROUTINE COUNTER
0008 NCOM: EQU    11     ;NUMBER OF COMMANDS
1090 TABA: DS    2      ;SYMBOL TABLE END ADDRESS
1092 ASPC: DS    2      ;ASSEMBLER PROGRAM COUNTER
1094 PASI:  DS    1      ;PASS INDICATOR
1095 NCHR: DS    1      ;LENGTH OF STRING FOR COMPARE
1096 PNTR: DS    2      ;LINE POINTER STORAGE

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1098	NOLA:	DS	1	;NUMBER OF LABELS
1099	SIGN:	DS	1	;SIGN STORAGE FOR SCAN
109A	OPRD:	DS	2	;OPERAND STORAGE
109C	OPRI:	DS	1	;OPERAND FOUND INDICATOR
109D	TEMP:	DS	1	
1072	APNT	EQU	INSP	;ASSEMBLE LINE POINTER
108E	AERR	EQU	SCNT	;ASSEMBLER ERROR PRINT SWITCH
109E	OIND:	DS	2	;OUTPUT ADDRESS
0005	LLAB	EQU	5	;LENGTH OF LABELS
10A0	AREA:	DS	18	
1082	OBUF:	DS	16	;OUTPUT BUFFER AREA
10C2		DS	5	
10C7	IBUF:	DS	83	
111A	SYMT	EQU	\$;START OF SYMBOL TABLE
	;			
	; TELETYPE PARAMETERS			
	;			
0003	TTS	EQU	3	;TTY STATUS PORT
0002	TTI	EQU	2	;TTY DATA IN PORT
0002	TTO	EQU	2	;TTY DATA OUT PORT
0002	TTYDA	EQU	2	;TTY DATA AVAILABLE BIT
0001	TTYTR	EQU	1	;TTY XMTR READY BIT
00FF	SWCH	EQU	0FFH	;SWITCH REGISTER
	;			
0000		END		

IMSAI 8080

Bootstrap Loader

BOOTSTRAP LOADER

The IMSAI Bootstrap Loader is a system that allows the user to get a general paper tape loader into any region of RAM using only a 32-byte key-in. It requires an ASR33 teletype. To use this loader, proceed as follows:

1. Key in the basic bootstrap given below starting at location 0000.

3E CE D3 03 3E 17 D3 03 21 20 00 06 F8 DB 03 E6
02 CA 0D 00 DB 02 77 3C CA 08 00 23 05 C2 0D 00
2. Mount the bootstrap tape in the paper tape reader on the teletype so that the block of rubouts (frames with all the holes punched out) is in the reader.
3. Set the PROGRAMMED INPUT switches to the high order 8 bits of the address where the paper tape loader is to be located, e.g., to put the loader at 5C00 hex, set the PROGRAMMED INPUT switches to 5C hex. (See the warning below.)
4. Press STOP, RESET and RUN, then manually start the paper tape reader on the teletype.

If all goes well, the tape should go through the reader, stop at the end, then the loader will print an "*" on the teletype. If this is the case, refer to the IMSAI Paper Tape Loader section to use the loader.

If the loader does not type an asterisk after the tape has gone through the reader, this means the loader was not read in correctly. Proceed as follows:

1. Check the basic bootstrap key into it as correct.
2. If the key-in is correct, check the bootstrap tape for tears or distorted holes. (These may usually be fixed with cellophane tape.)

If the key-in and bootstrap tape are correct, the problem may be dirty contacts in the teletype reader. Try repeating the bootstrap procedure from the beginning.

WARNING:

1. Since the bootstrap loader resides in location 20 hex - 120, do not try to load the paper tape loader below 200 hex or it will overlay the bootstrap.

IMSAI 8080

Bootstrap Loader

2. Be sure to locate the loader in a region where it will not be overlayed by the program it is loading. For instance, 8K BASIC occupies locations 0000-1FFF hex, so that to load 8K BASIC, the loader should be located at or above 2000 hex.

IMSAI 8080

Bootstrap Loader
Program Logic

BOOTSTRAP LOADER PROGRAM LOGIC

The Bootstrap Loader is a system that allows the user to read the Paper Tape Loader into the region of RAM that begins on a 256-word boundary using a specially formatted tape.

1. Bootstrap Tape Format:

The Bootstrap Tape consists of two sections. The first section consists of a direct core image of the second level bootstrap (described below), preceded by a block of rub-outs. In this section of the tape, each frame corresponds directly to one data byte. The second section consists of the Paper Tape Loader in standard object format.

2. Overall Logic:

The Bootstrap Sequence Procedure is as follows:

- a. The user keys in a simple 32-byte bootstrap, starts it up, then starts the tape reader on the teletype.
- b. The basic bootstrap reads in the second level bootstrap from the first part of the bootstrap tape and starts it up.
- c. The second level bootstrap stops the tape reader then checksums itself to make sure it was loaded correctly. If not, it hangs up.
- d. If the second level bootstrap checksums correctly, it starts the tape reader and reads in the paper tape loader from the second part of the bootstrap tape and locates it in the 256-byte page specified by the PROGRAMMED INPUT switches. If it detects an error in the tape, it stops the reader and hangs up.
- e. When the Paper Tape Loader is completely loaded, it stops the paper tape reader, then starts up the Paper Tape Loader.

3. Basic Bootstrap:

The Basic Key-In Bootstrap was designed to be as short as possible. It merely reads in characters from the tape and stores them directly into memory. Whenever it reads in a byte of FF hex, it resets its pointer and counter. This allows it to use the block of rubouts at the beginning of the tape to synchronize on.

INSTRUCTION

Bootstrap Loader Program Logic

4. Second Level Bootstrap:

The second level bootstrap is a modified version of the Paper Tape Loader. The main differences between the two are:

- a. The second level bootstrap checksums itself to make sure it was loaded properly. This is done because the Basic key-in bootstrap, for reasons of brevity, does not error checking.
- b. If it encounters an error, the second level bootstrap turns off the tape and hangs up.
- c. If it encounters a byte of FD hex, it substitutes the contents of the PROGRAMMED INPUT switches. This is done so that the Paper Tape Loader may be located at any 256-byte page in memory. See below.

5. Relocating the Paper Tape Loader

The Paper Tape Loader that is on the second part of the bootstrap tape was assembled to begin at FD00 hex. Since there is no instruction with op-code FD hex, the only times a byte of FD hex will appear on the tape are:

- a. The high byte of the address field in the paper tape record. (Note that the high byte of the address fields of all records will be FD hex.)
- b. The high byte of the address in a jump instruction.

Therefore, by substituting another value (in this case, the contents of the PROGRAMMED INPUT switches) for every occurrence of FD hex, we can load the Paper Tape Loader into any 256-byte page in memory.

IMSAI 8080

Paper Tape Loader

PAPER TAPE LOADER

The IMSAI Paper Tape Loader is a program that will load tapes in the standard object format (see appendix) from the paper tape reader on an ASR33 teletype.

If the paper tape loader is read in with the bootstrap loader (see Bootstrap Loader section), it will start itself up and print an "*" on the teletype. Otherwise, it should be manually started at its beginning address.

When the loader prints an "*" on the teletype, mount the tape to be loaded in the paper tape reader on the teletype. Then, strike any key on the teletype. The paper tape reader should start automatically. While the tape is being read in, the data being loaded will be displayed in the PROGRAMMED OUTPUT lights.

The loader will stop the reader and print an "*" under two conditions:

1. If the PROGRAMMED OUTPUT displays 00 (all lights off), the loader has encountered an End-of-File record, and the program has been successfully loaded. At this point, another tape may be loaded by placing it in the paper tape reader and striking a key on the teletype.
2. If something other than 00 is displayed in the PROGRAMMED OUTPUT lights, a bad record has been encountered in the tape. The record may be re-read as follows:
 - o Move the switch on the reader to the "FREE" position
 - o Back the tape up about two feet
 - o Put the switch back in the "STOP" position
 - o Strike a key on the teletype

If the loader stops again on the same record, inspect the tape for tears or distorted holes (these may usually be fixed with cellophane tape).

Paper Tape Loader
Program Logic

PAPER TAPE LOADER PROGRAM LOGIC

The IMSAI Paper Tape Loader is a program designed to load paper tapes in the standard object format from the paper tape reader on an ASR33 teletype. The loader is designed to use no stack or local RAM, thereby allowing it to be executed out of ROM.

1. Object Tape Format:

The standard object format is a blocked hexadecimal format. The data on the tape is blocked into discrete records, each record containing record length, record type, memory address and checksum information in addition to data. A frame-by-frame description is as follows:

Frame 0

Record Mark. Signals the start of a record. The ASCII character colon (":" 3A hex) is used as the record mark.

Frames 1,2
(0-9, A-F)

Record Length. Two ASCII characters representing a hexadecimal number in the range 0 to FF (0 to 255). This is the count of actual data bytes in the record type or checksum. A record length of 0 indicates end-of-file.

Frames 3 to 6

Load Address. Four ASCII characters that represent the initial memory location where the data following will be loaded. The first data byte is stored in the location pointed to by the load address; succeeding data bytes are loaded into ascending addresses.

Frames 7,8

Record Type. Two ASCII characters. Currently all records are type 0. This field is reserved for future expansion.

Frames 9 to 9+2*

Data. Each 8-bit memory word is represented by two frames containing the ASCII characters 0-9, A-F) to represent a hexadecimal value 0 to FF hex (0 to 255).

Frames 9+2* (Record Length) to 9+2* (Record Length + 1

Checksum. The checksum is the negative of the sum of all 8-bit bytes in the record since the record mark ":" evaluated modulus 256. That is, if you add together all the 8-bit bytes, ignoring all carries out of an 8-bit sum then add the checksum, the result is zero.

IMSAI 8080

Paper Tape Loader
Program Logic

Example: If memory locations 1 through 3 contain 53F8EC, the format of the hex file produced when these locations are punched is:

:0300010053F8ECC5

2. Register Allocation:

Since this loader uses no RAM, all variables and data are kept in the registers. The registers are assigned as follows:

A - scratch
B - byte count for data field
C - checksum
D - holes the data byte
E - flag register, describes what to do next

If this register contains zero, this program is looking for a ":" to signal the beginning of a block. Otherwise, if bit 7=1, then the next character is the first digit of a byte. If bit 2=0, the next character is the second digit of a byte. Bits 0-6 have the following significance:

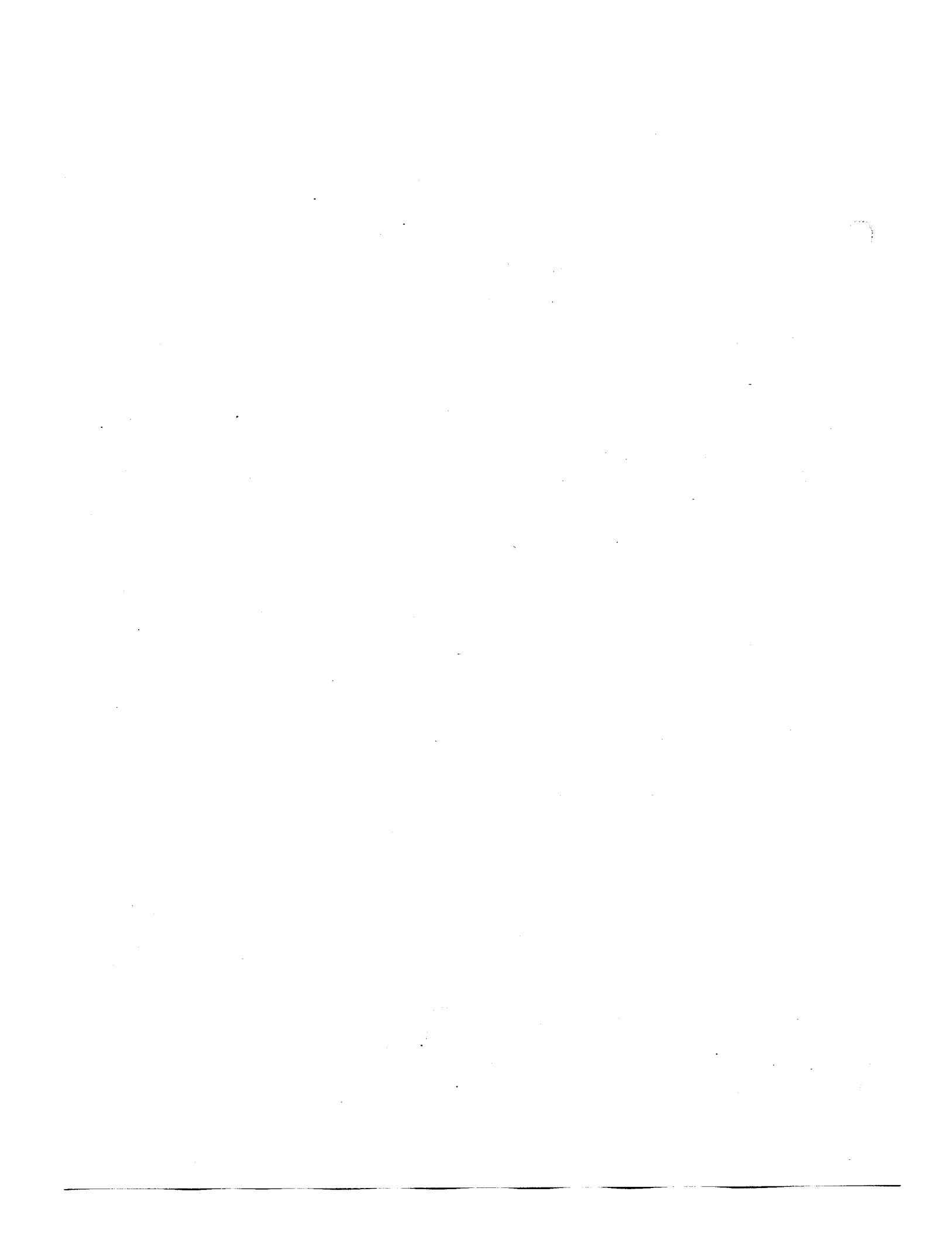
1 - next byte is a count
2 - next byte is a high byte of the load address
3 - next byte is a low byte of the load address
4 - next byte is a type byte
5 - next byte is a data byte
6 - next byte is a checksum byte.

H, L - Load Address.

3. Logic:

The program flow is controlled by the flags in the E-register as given above.

22.
XMAS



```

; ; *** BASIC KEY-IN BOOTSTRAP LOADER ***
; ; THIS SIMPLE LOADER BOOTSTRAPS IN THE SECOND
; ; LEVEL BOOTSTRAP, WHICH IN TURN LOADS THE
; ; REAL PAPER TAPE LOADER.
; ; TO USE THIS LOADER, PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:
; ; (1) KEY IN THIS LOADER, STARTING AT LOC 1000
; ; (2) MOUNT THE BOOTSTRAP TAPE, SO THAT
; ;     THE BLOCK OF RUBOUTS AT THE BEGINNING
; ;     OF THE TAPE IS IN THE READER
; ; (3) SET THE PROGRAMMED INPUT SWITCHES TO THE
; ;     HIGH ORDER 8 BITS OF THE ADDRESS WHERE
; ;     YOU WANT THE PAPER TAPE LOADER TO
; ;     BE LOADED. (E.G. TO CAUSE THE LOADER
; ;     TO BE LOADED AT 5C00, SET THE PROGRAMMED
; ;     INPUT SWITCHES TO 5C.)
; ; (4) PRESS THE 'RESET' KEY, FOLLOWED BY THE
; ;     'RUN' KEY, THEN MANUALLY START THE PAPER
; ;     TAPE READER ON THE TELETYPE.
; ;
; ; IF EVERYTHING GOES CORRECTLY, THE LOADER WILL STOP
; ; THE PAPER TAPE READER, AND PRINT A * ON THE
; ; TELETYPE. AT THIS POINT, MOUNT THE TAPE TO BE
; ; LOADED IN THE TELETYPE READER, THEN STRIKE ANY KEY
; ; ON THE TELETYPE. THE LOADER WILL START THE
; ; PAPER TAPE READER, AND START LOADING THE TAPE. IF
; ; IT FINDS ANYTHING WRONG WITH THE TAPE, IT WILL
; ; STOP THE READER. LOADING MAY BE CONTINUED BY
; ; STRIKING A KEY ON THE TELETYPE.
;
; ; 00F8      CNT      EQU      0F8H      ;SIZE OF 2ND LEVEL BOOTSTRAP
;
0000 3ECE      BOOT1:  MVI      A,0CEH    ;GET MODE BYTE FOR S10 BOARD.
0002 D303      OUT      03        ;ISSUE IT
0004 3E17      MVI      A,17H     ;GET COMMAND BYTE
0006 D303      OUT      03        ; ISSUE IT
0008 212000    BIRST:  LXI      H,81END   ;GET LOAD ADDRESS
000B 06F8      MVI      B,CNT    ;GET # OF BYTES
;
000D DB03      LOOP:   IN       03        ;GET STATUS
000F E602      ANI      2         ;IS THERE A BYTE READY
0011 CA0D00    JZ       LOOP     ;KEEP WAITING
0014 DB02      IN       2         ;GET THE BYTE
0016 77        MOV      M,A      ;STORE IT
0017 3C        INR      A        ;WAS IT A RUBOUT?
0018 CA0800    JZ       BIRST   ;IF YES, RESET POINTERS
001B 23        INX      H        ;ELSE, BUMP POINTER
001C 05        DCR      B        ;AND DECR COUNT
001D C20D00    JNZ      LOOP    ;IF NOT DONE, GO GET ANOTHER
; CHAR. ELSE, FALL THROUGH AND
; START UP SECOND LEVEL
; BOOTSTRAP.
;
0020          BIEND   EQU      $
0000          END

```

```

; SECOND LEVEL BOOTSTRAP
;
; THIS LOADER IS PULLED IN BY THE BASIC KEY-IN
; LOADER. WHEN STARTED UP BY THE KEY-IN LOADER,
; IT CHECKSUMS ITSELF, TO MAKE SURE THAT IT
; HAS BEEN LOADED CORRECTLY, THEN PULLS IN AND
; RELOCATES THE MAIN PAPER TAPE LOADER.
;
; NOTE THAT THIS LOADER IS A SLIGHTLY MODIFIED
; VERSION OF THE MAIN PAPER TAPE LOADER.
;
;
0000          ORG    20H
;
0020 3E13      BOOT2: MVI    A,13H   ;GET STOP CHAR
0022 D302      OUT    2        ;STOP THE READER
0024 06F7      MVI    B,CHKSM-BOOT2 ;GET SIZE OF LDR
0026 212000    LXI    H,BOOT2  ;GET ADDRESS OF LDR
0029 AF        XRA    A        ;CLEAR A AND CARRY
;
; PERFORM AN END-AROUND CHECKSUM, TO MAKE SURE
; WE WERE LOADED CORRECTLY
;
002A 8E        CHECK: ADC    M        ;ADD IN A BYTE WITH CARRY
002B 23        INX    H        ;BUMP POINTER
002C 05        DCR    B        ;DECREMENT COUNT
002D C22A00    JNZ    CHECK   ;KEEP GOING
0030 CE00      AC1    0        ;ADD IN LAST CARRY
0032 8E        CMP    M        ;COMPARE WITH CHECKSUM
0033 C23300    XXX: JNZ    XXX    ;HANG UP IF NO GOOD.
;
; WE DO THE FOLLOWING NONSENSE BECAUSE THE
; BASIC KEY-IN BOOTSTRAP WILL NOT LOAD
; AN OFFH CHARACTER.
;
0036 21BC00    LXI    H,FF1+1 ;GET ADDRESS OF 'IN 0FEH' INST
0039 34        INR    M        ;MAKE IT 'IN OFFH'.
003A 21B100    LXI    H,FF2+1 ;DO IT AGAIN
003D 34        INR    M
003E 210801    LXI    H,FF3+1 ;AND AGAIN
0041 34        INR    M
;
; NOW WE'RE READY TO LOAD AND RELOCATE THE LOADER
;
0042 C35E00    JMP    STR     ;1ST TIME, SKIP RE-INIT STUFF.
;
0045 3EAA      START: MVI    A,0AAH  ;GET DUMMY MODE BYTE
0047 D303      OUT    3        ;GET STATUS
0049 3E40      MVI    A,40H   ;GET RESET COMMAND
004B D303      OUT    3        ;ISSUE IT
004D 3EFA      MVI    A,0FAH  ;ISSUE MODE BYTE TO SIO
004F D303      OUT    3        ;ISSUE COMMAND BYTE
0051 3E17      MVI    A,17H   ;READ CHAR AND IGNOR
0053 D303      OUT    3        ;GET STATUS
0055 DB03      SL:   IN     03    ;CHECK FOR CHAR READY
0057 E602      ANI    02    ;KEEP WAITING
0059 CA5500    JZ     SL
005C DB02      IN     02    ;READ CHAR AND IGNOR
005E DB03      STR:  IN     03    ;GET STATUS
0060 E601      ANI    1     ;MAKE SURE WE HAVE XMTR RDY
0062 CA5E00    JZ     STR
0065 3E11      MVI    A,11H   ;GET 'XON' CHAR
0067 D302      OUT    02    ;START READER

```

```

0069 1E00    LOOP1: MVI    E,0      ;CLEAR FLAG
006B 0E00    MVI    C,0      ;CLEAR CHECKSUM
;
006D DB03    LOOP2: IN     3       ;GET SIO STATUS
006F E602    ANI    2       ;CHECK FOR CHARACTER
0071 CA6D00   JZ     LOOP2   ;KEEP WAITING
0074 7B      MOV     A,E     ;GET FLAG
0075 B7      ORA     A       ;IS IT ZERO?
0076 C28700   JNZ    X1      ;NO, GO PROCESS A HEX CHAR
0079 DB02    IN     2       ;YES, WE'RE LOOKING FOR A COLON
007B E67F    ANI    127     ;STRIP OFF PARITY BIT
007D FE3A    CPI    ':'     ;IS IT A COLON?
007F C26D00   JNZ    LOOP2   ;NO, KEEP WAITING
0082 1E81    MVI    E,81H    ;YES, SET FLAG FOR COUNT BYTE
0084 C36D00   JMP    LOOP2   ;AND GET ANOTHER CHAR.

; WE'RE PUTTING TOGETHER A BYTE. FLAG BIT 7 = 1 => HIGH
; DIGIT OF BYTE, BIT 7=0 => LOW DIGIT
;
0087 F2A200   XI:   JP     Y1      ;JUMP IF LOW DIGIT
008A E67F    ANI    127     ;ELSE STRIP OFF HIGH BIT
008C 5F      MOV     E,A     ;PUT FLAG BACK IN E-REG
008D DB02    IN     2       ;GET THE CHAR
008F E67F    ANI    127     ;STRIP OFF THE PARITY BIT
0091 FE3A    CPI    '9'+1   ;IS IT .LE. '9'
0093 FA9800   JM     X2      ;SKIP IT YES
0096 C609    ADI    9       ;IF NOT, ADJUST IT
0098 E60F    X2:   ANI    0FH     ;GET HEX DIGIT
009A 87      ADD     A       ;SHIFT LEFT ONE BIT
009B 87      ADD     A       ;    TWO BITS
009C 87      ADD     A       ;    THREE BITS
009D 87      ADD     A       ;AND FOUR BITS.
009E 57      MOV     D,A     ;SAVE NIBBLE IN D REG
009F C36D00   JMP    LOOP2

; PROCESS LOW DIGIT OF BYTE, THEN DECIDE WHAT TO DO WITH
;
00A2 DB02    Y1:   IN     2       ;GET THE CHAR
00A4 E67F    ANI    127     ;GET RID OF PARITY BIT
00A6 FE3A    CPI    '9'+1   ;HEX IS SUCH A PAIN.
00A8 FAAD00   JM     Y2      ;Y2
00AB C609    ADI    9       ;Y2
00AD E60F    Y2:   ANI    0FH     ;MAKE THE BYTE
00AF B2      ORA     D       ;PUT IT IN LIGHTS
00B0 D3FE    FF2:  OUT    0FEH    ;SAVE IT IN D REG
00B2 57      MOV     D,A     ;ADD IT INTO CHECKSUM
00B3 81      ADD     C       ;SAVE RUNNING CHECKSUM
00B4 4F      MOV     C,A     ;GET BYTE BACK
00B5 7A      MOV     A,D     ;IS IT FELOCATABLE BYTE?
00B6 FEFD    CPI    0FDH    ;BRANCH IF NOT
00B8 C2BD00   JNZ    Y3      ;ELSE SUBSTITUE SWITCHS
00B9 DBFE    FF1:  IN     0FEH    ;Y3
00BD 57      Y3:   MOV     D,A     ;PUT BYTE BACK IN D
00BE 7B      MOV     A,E     ;GET FLAG IN A
00BF 3D      DCR     A       ;THEN DISPATCH ON IT
00C0 CA0401   JZ     COUNT   ;COUNT
00C3 3D      DCR     A       ;HADD
00C4 CAFE00   JZ     HADD   ;LADD
00C7 3D      DCR     A       ;TYPE
00C8 CAF800   JZ     LADD   ;PUT
00CB 3D      DCR     A       ;A,C
00CC CAF300   JZ     TYPE   ;MUST BE TIME TO CHECK THE
00CF 3D      DCR     A
00D0 CAE700   JZ     PUT
00D3 79      MOV     A,C

```

```

00D4 B7          ORA     A      ; CHECKSUM. IS IT ZERO?
00D5 CA6900      JZ      LOOP1  ;YES, GO GET NEXT RECORD
00D8 214500      LXI    H,START ;ELSE, GET RESTART ADDR
00D8 3E13        STOP:   MVI    A,13H  ;GET 'XOFF' CHAR
00CD D302        OUT    2      ;TURN OFF READER
00DF D803        STPL:   IN     3      ;WAIT TILL XMTR BUFFER EMPTY
00E1 E604        ANI    4
00E3 CADF00      JZ      STPL
00E6 E9          PCHL   ;GO AWAY.

;
; PUT A DATA BYTE INTO CORE
;

00E7 72          PUT:    MOV    M,D  ;STORE THE DATA
00E8 23          INX    H      ;INCREMENT THE H REG
00E9 1E85        MVI    E,85H ;RESET FLAG FOR NEXT DATA BYTE
00EB 05          DCR    B      ;DECR COUNT
00EC C26D00      JNZ    LOOP2 ;GO BACK FOR MORE DATA.
00EF 1C          INR    E      ;OUT OF DATA, SET FLAG FOR
00F0 C36D00      JMP    LOOP2 ; CHECKSUM.

;
; IGNORE A TYPE BYTE
;

00F3 1E85        TYPE:   MVI    E,85H ;SET FLAG FOR DATA
00F5 C36D00      JMP    LOOP2 ;GO GET DATA

;
; GET LOW BYTE OF ADDRESS
;

00F8 6A          LADD:   MOV    L,D  ;GET BYTE INTO L-REG
00F9 1E84        MVI    E,84H ;SET FLAG FOR TYPE BYTE
00FB C36D00      JMP    LOOP2

;
; GET HIGH BYTE OF ADDRESS
;

00FE 62          HADD:   MOV    H,D  ;GET BYTE INTO H
00FF 1E83        MVI    E,83H ;SET FLAG FOR LOW ADDRESS BYTE
0101 C36D00      JMP    LOOP2

;
; GET COUNT BYTE
;

0104 42          COUNT:  MOV    B,D  ;PUT COUNT INTO B
0105 7A          MOV    A,D  ;CHECK FOR EOF
0106 B7          ORA    A
0107 C21201      UNZ    C1   ;IF NOT EOF, CONTINUE
010A DBFE        FF3:   IN     0FEH ;GET HIGH BYTE OF LOADER
010C 67          MOV    H,A  ; ADDRESS INTO H
010D 2E00        MVI    L,0  ;AND LOW BYTE
010F C3DB00      JMP    STOP ;STOP TAPE, THEN GOTO LOADER.

;
; C1:             MVI    E,82H ;SET FLAG FOR ADDRESS BYTE
0114 C36D00      JMP    LOOP2

;
; 0117 C8          CHKSM: DB     0C8H ;SELF-CHECKSUM FOR THIS LOADER
;
0000              END

```

```

; ; *** IMSAI PAPER TAPE LOADER ***
; ; REV 0 3/3/76
; ; THIS LOADER IS DESIGNED TO LOAD PAPER TAPES IN
; ; THE STANDARD OBJECT FORMAT (SEE THE SOFTWARE
; ; SECTION OF THE 8080 USER MANUAL) FROM AN ASR 33
; ; TELETYPE. IT USES NO STACK AND NO LOCAL RAM, SO
; ; THAT IT MAY BE RUN FROM PROM WITHOUT REQUIRING
; ; A RAM CARD OF ITS OWN.
; ; USING THE LOADER:
; ; IF THIS LOADER IS BROUGHT IN WITH THE
; ; BOOTSTRAP SEQUENCE (DOCUMENTED ELSEWHERE),
; ; IT WILL START ITSELF UP. OTHERWISE, MANUALLY
; ; START IT AT ITS BEGINNING. IT WILL RESPOND
; ; BY TYPING A * ON THE TELETYPE. MOUNT THE TAPE
; ; TO BE LOADED IN THE READER, AND STRIKE ANY KEY.
; ; THE LOADER WILL START THE READER AUTOMATICALLY.
; ; THE LOADER WILL STOP THE TAPE AND TYPE A * IN
; ; EITHER OF TWO CASES:
; ; (1) IT HAS SEEN AN END OF FILE RECORD. IN
; ; THIS CASE, ZERO WILL BE DISPLAYED IN
; ; THE PROGRAMMED OUTPUT LIGHTS.
; ; (2) IT ENCOUNTERED A BAD RECORD. IN THIS CASE
; ; AN NON-ZERO QUANTITY WILL BE DISPLAYED
; ; IN THE PROGRAMMED OUTPUT LIGHTS.
; ; IN EITHER CASE, LOADING MAY BE CONTINUED BY STRIKING
; ; A KEY.
;
; ; 0000          ORG      0FD00H
; ; FD00 110100    START: LXI    D,1      ;WAIT ABOUT A SECOND SO A
; ; FD03 210000    LXI    H,0      ; PREVIOUS 'XOFF' CHARACTER
; ; FD06 19        SL0:   DAD    D      ; HAS TIME TO STOP THE READER
; ; FD07 D206FD    JNC    SL0
; ; ; INITIALIZE SIO BOARD.
; ; FD0A 3EAA      MVI    A,0AAH  ;GET DUMMY MODE BYTE
; ; FD0C D303      OUT    3       ;
; ; FD0E 3E40      MVI    A,40H   ;GET RESET COMMAND
; ; FD10 D303      OUT    3       ;ISSUE IT
; ; FD12 3EFA      MVI    A,0FAH  ;ISSUE MODE BYTE TO SIO
; ; FD14 D303      OUT    3       ;
; ; FD16 3E17      MVI    A,17H   ;ISSUE COMMAND BYTE
; ; FD18 D303      OUT    3       ;
; ; FD1A 3E2A      MVI    A,*     ;GET AN ASTERISK
; ; FD1C D302      OUT    02      ;PRINT IT
; ; FD1E DB02      IN     02      ;THROW AWAY ANY CHAR IN BUFFER
; ; FD20 DB03      SL2:   IN     03      ;GET STATUS
; ; FD22 E602      ANI    02      ;CHECK FOR CHAR READY
; ; FD24 CA20FD    JZ     SL2     ;KEEP WAITING
; ; FD27 DB02      IN     02      ;READ CHAR AND IGNOR
; ; FD29 3E11      MVI    A,11H   ;GET 'XON' CHAR
; ; FD2B D302      OUT    02      ;START READER
; ; ; LOOP1: MVI    E,0      ;CLEAR FLAG
; ; FD2D 1E00      MVI    C,0      ;CLEAR CHECKSUM

```

```

FD31 DB03    LOOP2: IN   3      ;GET SIO STATUS
FD33 E602    ANI   2      ;CHECK FOR CHARACTER
FD35 CA31FD  JZ    LOOP2  ;KEEP WAITING
FD38 78      MOV   A,E   ;GET FLAG
FD39 B7      ORA   A     ;IS IT ZERO?
FD3A C248FD  JNZ   X1    ;NO, GO PROCESS A HEX CHAR
FD3D DB02    IN   2      ;YES, WE'RE LOOKING FOR A COLON
FD3F E67F    ANI   127   ;STRIP OFF PARITY BIT
FD41 FE3A    CPI   ':'   ;IS IT A COLON?
FD43 C231FD  JNZ   LOOP2 ;NO, KEEP WAITING
FD46 1E81    MVI   E,81H  ;YES, SET FLAG FOR COUNT BYTE
FD48 C331FD  JMP   LOOP2 ;AND GET ANOTHER CHAR.

; WE'RE PUTTING TOGETHER A BYTE. FLAG BIT 7 = 1 => HIGH
; DIGIT OF BYTE, BIT 7=0 => LOW DIGIT
;

FD4B F266FD  X1:   JP    Y1    ;JUMP IF LOW DIGIT
FD4E E67F    ANI   127   ;ELSE STRIP OFF HIGH BIT
FD50 5F      MOV   E,A   ;PUT FLAG BACK IN E-REG
FD51 DB02    IN   2      ;GET THE CHAR
FD53 E67F    ANI   127   ;STRIP OFF THE PARITY BIT
FD55 FE3A    CPI   '9'+1 ;IS IT .LE. '9'
FD57 FA5CFD  JM    X2    ;SKIP IT YES
FD5A C609    ADI   9     ;IF NOT, ADJUST IT
FD5C E60F    X2:   ANI   0FH   ;GET HEX DIGIT
FD5E 87      ADD   A     ;SHIFT LEFT ONE BIT
FD5F 87      ADD   A     ;TWO BITS
FD60 87      ADD   A     ;THREE BITS
FD61 87      ADD   A     ;AND FOUR BITS.
FD62 57      MOV   D,A   ;SAVE NIBBLE IN D REG
FD63 C331FD  JMP   LOOP2

; PROCESS LOW DIGIT OF BYTE, THEN DECIDE WHAT TO DO WITH
;

FD66 DB02    Y1:   IN   2      ;GET THE CHAR
FD68 E67F    ANI   127   ;GET RID OF PARITY BIT
FD6A FE3A    CPI   '9'+1 ;HEX IS SUCH A PAIN.
FD6C FA71FD  JM    Y2    ;MAKE THE BYTE
FD6F C609    ADI   9     ;PUT IT IN LIGHTS
FD71 E60F    Y2:   ANI   0FH   ;SAVE IT IN D REG
FD73 B2      ORA   D     ;ADD IT INTO CHECKSUM
FD74 D3FF    OUT   0FFF  ;SAVE RUNNING CHECKSUM
FD76 57      MOV   D,A   ;GET FLAG IN A
FD77 81      ADD   C     ;THEN DISPATCH ON IT
FD78 4F      MOV   C,A   ;MAKE THE BYTE
FD79 7B      MOV   A,E   ;PUT IT IN LIGHTS
FD7A 3D      DCR   A     ;SAVE IT IN D REG
FD7B CAC1FD  JZ    COUNT ;ADD IT INTO CHECKSUM
FD7E 3D      DCR   A     ;SAVE RUNNING CHECKSUM
FD7F CAB8FD  JZ    HADD ;GET FLAG IN A
FD82 3D      DCR   A     ;THEN DISPATCH ON IT
FD83 CAB5FD  JZ    LADD ;MAKE THE BYTE
FD86 3D      DCR   A     ;PUT IT IN LIGHTS
FD87 CAB0FD  JZ    TYPE ;SAVE IT IN D REG
FD8A 3D      DCR   A     ;ADD IT INTO CHECKSUM
FD8B CAA4FD  JZ    PUT  ;SAVE RUNNING CHECKSUM
FD8E 79      MOV   A,C   ;MUST BE TIME TO CHECK THE
FD8F B7      ORA   A     ;CHECKSUM. IS IT ZERO?
FD90 CA2DFD  JZ    LOOP1 ;YES, GO GET NEXT RECORD
FD93 2F      STOP: CMA   ;DISPLAY REASON FOR STOPPING
FD94 D3FF    OUT   0FFF  ;ELSE, GET 'XOFF' CHAR
FD96 3E13    MVI   A,13H  ;TURN OFF READER
FD98 D302    OUT   2     ;WAIT TILL XMTR BUFFER EMPTY
FD9A DB03    STPL: IN   3
FD9C E604    ANI   4

```

```

FD9E CA9AFD      JZ      STPL
FDA1 C300FD      JMP     START
;
; PUT A DATA BYTE INTO CORE
; PUT:   MOV    M,D   ;STORE THE DATA
        INX    H     ;INCREMENT THE H REG
        MVI    E,85H  ;RESET FLAG FOR NEXT DATA BYTE
        DCR    B     ;DECR COUNT
        JNZ    LOOP2  ;GO BACK FOR MORE DATA.
        INR    E     ;OUT OF DATA, SET FLAG FOR
        JMP    LOOP2  ;CHECKSUM.

; IGNORE A TYPE BYTE
; TYPE:  MVI    E,85H  ;SET FLAG FOR DATA
        JMP    LOOP2  ;GO GET DATA

; GET LOW BYTE OF ADDRESS
; LADD:  MOV    L,D   ;GET BYTE INTO L-REG
        MVI    E,84H  ;SET FLAG FOR TYPE BYTE
        JMP    LOOP2

; GET HIGH BYTE OF ADDRESS
; HADD:  MOV    H,D   ;GET BYTE INTO H
        MVI    E,83H  ;SET FLAG FOR LOW ADDRESS BYTE
        JMP    LOOP2

; GET COUNT BYTE
; COUNT: MOV    B,D   ;PUT COUNT INTO B
        MOV    A,D   ;CHECK FOR EOF
        ORA    A
        JZ    STOP  ;IF EOF, GO STOP READER
        MVI    E,82H  ;ELSE SET FLAG FOR ADDRESS BYTE
        JMP    LOOP2

;
; END

```

