Honeywell DPS 8 Series

MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

Large-scale computing within a Honeywell environment begins at the DPS 8 Series level. The processor series features five basic models that are well-suited for communications-intensive applications. Operating within Honeywell's Distributive Systems Environment (DPS), DPS 8 models are designed to be used as the host, co-host and, with the smaller models, the satellite computer in a communications network. As processing needs grow, DPS 8 Series users operating under GCOS 8 can migrate to the DPS 88 Series, Honeywell's largest and most powerful family of processors.

Honeywell divides DPS 8 Series models into two groups. One group consists of the DPS 8/47 and 8/49 models, compact mainframes designed for use as satellite processors at major remote sites where processing workload and growth are substantial. The second group consists of the DPS 8/52, 8/62, and the 8/70, progressively larger models that can serve as host processors at sites where processing workload is heavy.

The DPS 8 Series can run under one of four Honeywell operating systems, GCOS, GCOS 8, Multics, and CP-6. Honeywell announced a number of enhancements for the two latter systems within the last year.

GCOS 8, and its earlier derivative, GCOS III, are the principal operating systems. Roughly 95 percent of all installations now use GCOS operating systems, according to the vendor. Honeywell makes separate processor versions—DPS 8M and DPS 8C—for running either Multics or CP-6, respectively.

The GCOS 8 and GCOS operating systems are designed to simplify the use of an information system to address the needs of technical and nontechnical users alike. Transaction processing, time-sharing, data management and network processing are all supported. ▷

The DPS 8 Series is Honeywell's family of large-scale, general-purpose, software-compatible processors. Accommodating a range of processing requirements, these systems are particularly adept in a distributed-processing environment and in handling communications-intensive applications. A variety of peripheral devices are offered with these systems which are capable of supporting batch processing, remote job entry, interactive remote job entry, time-sharing, and transaction processing functions.

MODELS: DPS 8/47, 8/47C, 8/49, 8/49C, 8/52, 8/52C, 8/52M, 8/62, 8/62C, 8/62M, 8/70, 8/70C, 8/70M.
CONFIGURATION: The DPS 8 systems can have from 4 to 64 megabytes of memory, 1 to 6 CPUs, and up to 54 channel slots per I/O multiplexer.
COMPETITION: Amdahl 580; IBM 4300, 308X; NAS AS/8000, AS/9000; NCR V-8600; Sperry 1100 Series.
PRICE: Purchase prices range from $153,000 for a DPS 8/47 central system to $800,000 for a DPS 8/70C central system.

CHARACTERISTICS

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MODELS: DPS 8/47, 8/47C, 8/49, 8/49C, 8/52, 8/52C, 8/52M, 8/62, 8/62C, 8/62M, 8/70, 8/70C, 8/70M.

DATE ANNOUNCED: DPS 8/52, 8/70, October 1979; DPS 8/70M, April 1980; DPS 8/70C, June 1980; DPS 8/62, October 1980; DPS 8/52C, 8/62C, March 1981; DPS 8/47, 8/47C, 8/52M, 8/62M, 8/49, 8/49C, 1st quarter 1983.

DATE OF FIRST DELIVERY: DPS 8/47 through 8/70, 2nd quarter 1980; DPS 8/70M, 1st quarter 1982; DPS 8/62 and 8/70C, 3rd quarter 1981; DPS 8/47C through 8/62C, 1st quarter 1982; DPS 8/47, 8/47C, 8/52M, 8/62M, 8/49, 8/49C, 1st quarter 1983.

BASIC FORMATS

BASIC UNIT: 9-bit bytes organized functionally to process 36-bit (word) groupings of information. Special features are also included for ease in manipulating 4-bit groups; 6-bit, 9-bit, and 18-bit groups; and 72-bit double-precision groups.

FIXED-POINT OPERANDS: Binary fixed-point numbers are represented with 18-bit half-word, 36-bit single-word, and 72-bit double-precision operands.

Decimal numbers used directly in hardware arithmetic commands are expressed as decimal digits in either the 4-bit or ▷

Honeywell's DPS 8 Series includes 13 versions of five basic models. All models use the same basic architecture and are oriented toward a distributed processing environment.

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▷ CP-6 (Control Program-6), a multiuse software system, is designed to enhance distributed processing. It replaces the CP-V operating system, allowing former Xerox users to migrate to DPS 8/C systems. Recent enhancements to CP-6 are reflected in both host and front-end communication processor software. Improvements to host software include a new indexed relational file structure which provides for variable length records and keys consisting of multiple fields. It also supports fields containing no data and field definitions contained in the file information tables. ARES, the CP-6 relational database system, will use the indexed relational file structure. Other improvements include a new archive compactor, ARCOM, for reducing wasted space on tapes, and an input/output cache designed to improve user response time. In addition to host and communication software improvements, language support for Fortran-77, APL, PL6, and Basic has been extended with new commands and internal functions.

The DPS 8/M, with its Multics operating system software, is designed to provide an information management system to assist users in the decision-making process. Included are end-user capabilities for ad hoc query of complex shared relational data bases, "what if" analyses, report writing, personal filing, text processing, electronic mail, and electronic conferencing. In addition, extensive security features have made Multics a highly regarded system among users at installations where access security is a major consideration. Recent Multics improvements include a new report writer for LINUS (Logical Inquire and Update System) and enhancements to the Fortran language processor and communications software. The Fortran processor can now support individual arrays up to 16 million words. In addition, the U.S. government certified Multics Fortran-77 as meeting FIPS standards required for government-based procurements.

Regardless of operating system, users can upgrade to a larger system without the need to make major changes to existing hardware and software configurations. Upgrading can be accomplished without a processor swap out for all systems except the DPS 8/49. Because of differences in architecture between the smaller and larger processors, when an 8/49 user wants to migrate to one of the larger systems within the DPS 8 Series, a processor swap out is required.

Users can also augment their current systems by adding memory and more processors. Multiprocessor versions are available for all models within the DPS 8 Series. To assure maximum system availability and to minimize downtime, all models are offered in full tandem versions.

All DPS 8/47 and 8/49 models use microprocessors with 16K/64K chips to perform program execution, computation, and other system control functions independently. The newer systems use LSI circuitry to support the microprocessors in such areas as cache memory, directory, and control store functions. The larger systems, the DPS 8/52, 8/62, and 8/70, use MSI Schottky TTL logic extensively in system design. All DPS 8 systems use a high-density ▷

▶ 9-bit character format. They are expressed as unsigned numbers or as signed numbers using a separate sign character.

Alphanumeric data is represented by 9-bit, 6-bit, or 4-bit characters. A machine word contains either four, six, or eight characters, respectively.

FLOATING-POINT OPERANDS: Binary floating-point numbers are represented with 36-bit single-word and 72-bit double-precision. In both operands, 0 represents the sign of the exponent, bits 1 to 7 the exponent, and bit 8 the sign of the fraction. The rest of the operand starting with bit 9 represents the rest of the fraction.

INSTRUCTIONS: All basic instructions use one 36-bit word. The processor performs operations using 6-, 9-, 18-, 36-, and 72-bit operands. All single-word instructions use bits 0 through 17 for the address field, bits 18 through 27 for the op code, bit 28 as the interrupt inhibit bit, bit 29 as the address register bit, and bits 30 through 35 as the instruction address modifier. Multiword instructions use bits 0 through 17 for various functions as required, bits 18 through 27 as the op code, bit 28 as the interrupt inhibit bit, and bits 29 through 36 as the operand descriptor 1 modification field. Words 2, 3, and 4 contain the operand descriptor of indirect pointer for operands, 1, 2, and 3, respectively.

INTERNAL CODE: 9-bit ASCII code is standard.

MAIN STORAGE

STORAGE TYPE: Metallic oxide semiconductor (MOS).

CAPACITY: See Table 1.

CYCLE TIME: See Table 1.

CHECKING: A 5-bit error-correcting Hamming code is appended to each 36-bit word. Single-bit errors are corrected automatically, and multiple-bit errors are detected and flagged for subsequent error-recovery routines. Odd parity is utilized throughout the processor.

STORAGE PROTECTION: The DPS 8 systems use a four-level ring protection scheme that is implemented in system firmware with supporting hardware registers. Each user program segment has an associated segment descriptor that is stored in tables in main memory. Within each segment descriptor are two 2-bit fields that specify the security level required by a user program to execute or write to a particular segment. Hardware also checks that data addresses generated during program execution do not exceed specified boundaries. The segment descriptors also contain two bits that can deny execution or write access to a user program.

CENTRAL PROCESSORS

The DPS 8 central processors employ a memory-oriented structure, with from one to four system control units (SCUs) managing the communications between system components and servicing all demands on main memory by other system components. An I/O multiplexer (IOM) interfaces the peripheral processors and front-end communications processors with the system control units. The IOM also controls data transfers between I/O devices and main memory concurrently with program execution. The DPS 8 uses several different peripheral processors: a mass storage processor, a multifunction processor (which handles tape units, card readers/punches, and printers) available only on the 8/47, 8/49, 8/47C, and 8/49C, and separate magnetic tape and unit record processors. The DPS 8/47 and 8/49 can be configured with either integrated peripheral processors ▶

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TABLE 1. SYSTEM COMPARISON

	DPS 8/47	DPS 8/49	DPS 8/52	DPS 8/62	DPS 8/70
SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS					
Date announced	1st Qtr.1983	1st Qtr. 1983	Oct. 1979	Oct.1980	Oct. 1979
Date first delivered	1st Qtr.1983	1st Qtr. 1983	2nd Qtr. 1980	3rd Qtr. 1981	2nd Qtr. 1980
Field upgradable to	8/49	—*	8/62	8/70	DPS 88 Series
Relative performance	0.65	0.95	0.95	1.3	1.7
Number of Processors	1-2	1-4	1-2	1-2	1-6
Cycle time, nanoseconds	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified	Not specified
Word size, bits	36	36	36	36	36
Operating systems	GCOS, GCOS 8, CP-6	GCOS, GCOS 8, CP-6	GCOS, GCOS 8, CP-6, Multics	GCOS, GCOS 8, CP-6, Multics	GCOS, GCOS 8, CP-6, Multics
MAIN MEMORY					
Type	64K MOS	64K MOS	64K MOS	64K MOS	64K MOS
Minimum capacity, bytes	4-12MB	4-16MB	4-16MB	4-16MB	4-16MB
Maximum capacity, bytes	32MB	32MB	32-64	32-64	64MB
Increment size	2MB	2MB	2MB	2MB	2MB
Cycle time, nanoseconds	750	750	750	750	750
BUFFER STORAGE					
Minimum capacity	—	—	—	—	—
Maximum capacity	32K	32K	32K	32K	32K
Increment size	—	—	—	—	—
INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROL					
Number of channels:					
Byte multiplexer	—	—	—	—	—
Block multiplexer	—	—	—	—	—
Word	—	—	—	—	—
Other	20	20	36	36	36

*Upgrading from a DPS 8/49 to a larger processor involves a processor swap out.
**Listed relative-performance estimates are for single-processor arrangements only, operating unconstrained in batch mode.

▷ universal (HDU) board, which reduces the maximum number of boards required.

Each basic DPS 8 system is equipped with a central processor, one System Control Unit (SCU), one Input/Output Multiplexer (IOM), and four megabytes of memory. DPS 8 system components interact dynamically and execute asynchronously and simultaneously using a common memory subsystem to help increase system performance.

Each basic DPS 8/C, which runs under CP-6, includes a processor, one SCU, one IOM, and one Front-End Network Processor (FNP). The System Control Unit is the principal interface between central system components. It provides complete system interrupt control which regulates communication between components and handles memory demands on a priority basis. Memory units and Input/Output Multiplexers are directly connected to the SCU. All central processors are equipped initially with one or two SCUs. The DPS 8/70 can be expanded to four SCUs.

The Input/Output Multiplexer is connected to the System Control Unit and interfaces with all system peripherals and Front-End Network Processors. The IOM transfers data between I/O devices or communications lines and system memory while the processor continues to run its programs.

Memory systems are based on 64K-bit MOS technology, and each processor running under GCOS 8 has a minimum of four megabytes of memory. The CP-6 systems contain 12 megabytes in the DPS 8/47C and 16 megabytes in the DPS 8/49C, 8/52C, 8/62C, and 8/70C. The DPS 8/47, 8/47C, 8/49, 8/49C, 8/52, 8/62, can go up to 32 megabytes, and all DPS 8/70 models to 64 megabytes. The DPS 8/52C, ▷

▶ (contained within the central system cabinet), freestanding peripheral processors, or a combination of both. The DPS 8/52, 8/62, and 8/70 can be configured only with freestanding peripheral processors. All systems can have a front-end network processor to support a wide variety of remote devices and communications link.

Each processor module in the system has full program execution capability and conducts all actual computational processing (data movement, arithmetic, logic, comparison, and control operations) within the information system. The processor, which communicates only with the system control unit(s) and associated memory, consists of an operations unit, a control unit, a decimal unit, and a virtual unit. The operating unit executes arithmetic and logical operations; the control unit performs instruction fetching, address preparation, memory protection, and data fetching/storing; the decimal unit operates in association with the control unit to execute decimal instructions; and the virtual unit prepares addresses for use in the virtual memory mode. These units operate with relative independence and maximum overlap to provide a high rate of instruction execution.

Virtual memory under GCOS 8 and CP-6 provides an extremely large, directly addressable memory space and a complement of registers and instructions to enable management of virtual address space. The hardware environment for virtual memory is composed of four elements: working spaces, domains, segments, and pages. The working spaces and pages are physical elements, and the segments and domains are logical elements. They are treated as separate components of the virtual memory but must be interpreted in the context of the entire environment, as they are closely related in their interaction with each other.

The virtual memory is divided into approximately equal parts called working spaces. A working space has an associated page table that identifies the real memory location. There are 512 working spaces in memory, each of which contains 1024 words (4096 bytes). They are used for memory management. Segments are logical elements that ▶

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▷ 8/52M, 8/62C, and 8/62M can also be increased to 64 megabytes.

The DPS 8 processors also offer a cache (associative) memory for holding the most recently referenced page table words, descriptor controlled access which permits new levels of security and data integrity, virtual storage addressing of greater than eight trillion bytes, and single/double binary floating-point.

The DPS 8 and DPS 8/C systems support most Level 66/DPS freestanding peripheral subsystems. Honeywell also provides several peripheral subsystems for the DPS 8, including four mass storage processors that are compatible with all DPS 8 models, and a 1.1-billion-byte disk drive. Peripheral processors for the smaller DPS 8 models include a single- and dual-channel mass storage processor, a magnetic tape processor, a unit record processor for card reader/punch units and printers, and a multifunction processor that supports a combination of tape drives and unit record devices.

A wide variety of peripheral equipment is available from Honeywell, including three different system consoles, six tape drives with numerous configurations, four high-density disk drives, four unit record devices, and three printers.

Communications with remote terminals, as well as remote hosts, is an important element in Honeywell's Distributed Systems Environment. Two different Front-End Network Processors (FNPs) are available for communications on DPS 8 models: the Datanet 6661 and Datanet 8. A version of the Datanet 8, the 8/C, is used with DPS 8/C systems. Each network processor controls message management and handling, and taps the resources of the central processor only when a message is submitted for processing. These processors have common characteristics and differ only in memory size and communications capacity. The DPS 8/47, 8/49, 8/52, and 8/62 can accommodate a maximum of four FNPs, and the DPS 8/70 can handle up to eight. The DPS 8/C models can support up to 16 FNPs. The Datanet processors can support synchronous, bisynchronous, and asynchronous transmissions, half- and full-duplex modes, and the HDLC protocol. A maximum speed of 72,000 bps is possible.

COMPETITIVE POSITION

Data communications and distributive data processing applications are two major market niches Honeywell has fashioned for its DPS 8 family of processors. Multiprocessing capabilities and the availability of tandem systems help to enhance processing efficiency in highly interactive environments. In a DPS 8/70 system, as many as six processors can be configured. Maximum processor main memories can range from 32 to 64 megabytes, depending on model.

DPS 8 models compete with IBM's 308X and 4300 Series, NCR V-8600 Series, the NAS 8000 and 9000 Series, and the Amdahl 580 Series. ▷

▶ reside within a working space, and vary in length from one byte to one or more pages. Segments and pages can be compared to a tape file and a tape reel in that a page (tape reel) may contain several segments (files) or a segment (file) may comprise several pages (tape reels). A domain includes more than one noncontiguous segment in one or more working spaces.

All DPS 8 processors use a high-speed cache memory. If an instruction or data to be referenced by the central processor is available in the cache memory, the information can be retrieved from the cache rather than from main memory, which reduces access time and contention. This process increases the effective system throughput.

The DPS 8 hardware architecture is memory-centered, with the processors and I/O multiplexer (IOM) modules utilizing a common memory subsystem and interface through a system control unit (SCU). This architecture is designed to support simultaneous and asynchronous execution for maximum throughput. To support the distributed systems environment (DSE), one or more front-end network processors (FNPs) are used in the DPS 8 family. The FNP controls all remote terminal interaction with DPS 8 systems. It is connected to the central system via an IOM, and provides the various interfaces required by the elements and protocols of a distributed system as well as a facility for dialog with the host system. By performing message management and message handling, the FNP frees the host for other processing functions. The resources of the central system are called upon only when a message is submitted for processing.

CONTROL STORAGE: See Table 1.

REGISTERS: Each DPS 8 processor includes a large number of processor-accessible registers, as shown in the following table:

	Length (bits)	Quantity
Accumulator	36	1
Quotient	36	1
Accumulator-Quotient	72	1
Exponent	8	1
Index	18	8
Indicator	18	1
Time	24	1
Instruction Counter	18	1
Address	24	8
Mode	33	1
Cache Mode	28	1
Fault	72	1
Control Unit History	72	16
Operations Unit History	72	16
Decimal Unit History	72	16
Virtual Unit History	72	16
Working Space	9	8
Safe Store	72	1
Linkage Segment	72	1
Argument Stack	72	1
Parameter Stack	72	1
Instruction Segment	72	1
Operand Descriptor	72	8
Segment Identity	12	8
Instruction Segment Identity	12	1
Pointer	—	8
Data Stack Descriptor	72	1
Data Stack Address	17	1
Page Directory Base	15	1
Option	3	1
Pointer and Length	36	8

▶

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▷ It remains Honeywell's aim to outperform IBM processors running in transaction mode and to at least match IBM performance in batch-mode applications. By Honeywell estimates DPS 8 processors exceed the performance of comparable IBM processors in operations involving on-line processing by two-to-one.

Honeywell competitive analysis testing based on batch-mode oriented relative-performance estimates produced the following results: The DPS 8/47 outperformed the IBM 4361 Group 3 processor and the dual-processor DPS 8/47 placed a shade ahead of the IBM 4361 Group 5. The single-processor DPS 8/49 placed just behind the IBM 4361 Group 5, and the dual-processor DPS 8/49 placed just behind the IBM 4381 Group 1. The triple- and quad-processor version of the DPS 8/49 fell somewhere between the performance of an IBM 4381 Group 1 and a 4381 Group 3. The single-processor DPS 8/52 placed behind the IBM 4361 Group 5 and a dual-processor version of the 8/52 nearly matched the performance of the 4381 Group 1. The DPS 8/62 slightly outperformed the 4361 Group 5 and the dual-processor version of the 8/62 fell somewhere between the performance of the 4381 Group 1 and the 4381 Group 3. The DPS 8/70, in its single-processor version almost matched the performance of the 4381 Group 1. The four-processor version outperformed the 4381 Group 3.

IBM's 4381 Group 3, announced last year, provides new competition for the DPS 8/70. Both processors are the most powerful within each of their respective product groups and have many similar features. The dual processor system of the 4381 assures system availability, making it similar to the DPS 8/70 and other DPS 8 Series models with their multiprocessor capabilities.

The DPS 8/70 with a maximum of 64 megabytes also competes with the dual-processor IBM 3081 GX and the 3081 KX, both of which can come up to 64 megabytes of main memory. The only IBM processor matching the DPS 8/70 four-processor capability is 3084 QX, the top processor within the 308X Series.

The DPS 8/70 is about equal in rank to the NCR V-8695, NCR's top-of-the-line processor which can come with a maximum memory capacity of 64 megabytes and up to eight main processors. The smaller DPS 8 processors compete with NCR V-8675 and V-8685 processors. The V-8675 can come up to 32 megabytes of memory and four main processors and the V-8685 can feature up to 48 megabytes of main memory and up to six processors.

ADVANTAGES AND RESTRICTIONS

The DPS 8 processors with their multiprocessor and full-redundancy capabilities can be a big asset in organization heavily engaged in interactive processing. The ability to add processors enhances transaction efficiency and increases the number of simultaneous executions that can be performed.

Perhaps the biggest DPS 8 drawback is the use of three incompatible operating systems. Honeywell customers ▷

▶ ADDRESSING: The DPS 8 uses virtual memory which provides the processor with a directly addressable virtual space of 2^{43} bytes. It also includes the capability of translating the virtual address to a real memory address. Two different addressing modes are provided: absolute and paging. In the absolute addressing mode a virtual address is generated, but is not mapped to a real address. The paging mode maps the virtual memory address to a real memory address.

INSTRUCTION REPERTOIRE: The DPS 8 processor models have a comprehensive instruction set for performing data movement, binary arithmetic, shifting, logic, and control operations. The instruction set includes arithmetic facilities for performing variable-length fixed- and floating-point decimal arithmetic, and bit and byte string manipulation for processing bytes, BCD characters, packed decimal data, and bit strings.

The basic instruction set has a total of 289 instructions, which include 88 fixed-point binary arithmetic, 20 address register, 29 Boolean, 2 descriptor register, 10 master mode, 17 micro, 29 multiword, 4 pointer register, 18 privileged, 20 transfer of control, and 18 miscellaneous operations.

CACHE MEMORY: After a virtual address has been mapped to a real address, the information is stored in the cache (or associative) memory. The amount of this memory varies with the processors. The DPS 8/47, 8/49, 8/52, 8/62, and 8/70, each have 32K bytes of cache area. The corresponding DPS 8/C and 8/M models contain the same amount of cache memory. When a new address not contained in the cache has been mapped and the cache memory is full, the new entry replaces the oldest using a first-in/first-out algorithm.

PROCESSOR MODES: The central processor operates in three modes: master mode, privileged master mode, and slave mode. Master and privileged master modes are reserved for GCOS 8. They allow unrestricted access to all memory, permit initiation of data transfer operations through the IOMs, and permit the setting of control registers. Slave mode is used by GCOS 8 when appropriate, and for the execution of all user programs. Programs executing in slave mode cannot perform certain control operations. This trimodal operation provides effective operating control and security in a multiprogramming environment.

INTERRUPTS: In DPS 8 systems, every external interrupt or internal fault results in the setting of a specific interrupt cell in the system controller. The interrupt cells are organized in a numbered priority chain. Any active system module connected to a system controller port may request the setting of an interrupt cell. Each system controller contains 32 interrupt cells.

SYSTEM CONTROL CENTER: One system control center is required for the DPS 8. The CSU6601 is a desktop arrangement with a 120-cps printer and a 12-inch 1920-character CRT and keyboard. A 23-inch remote display is optional. Also available are the larger CSU6004, with a 30-cps printer and an optional 23-inch remote display unit, and the CSU6005, which has two 12-inch screens with an option for up to two 23-inch remote displays. The keyboard, common to all consoles, is a solidstate unit with an alphanumeric keyboard consisting of 26 alphabetic, 10 numeric, and 28 special character keys. A 120-cps option is available for the CSU6004 and CSU6005 printers.

Additional CSU6601 options include the CSU6602 Auxiliary Console with 120-cps printer and keyboard, CSF6602 Auxiliary Keyboard Display Attachment Feature, CSF6603 Additional Keyboard Display, CSF6604 Large Screen Monitor (the 23-inch monitor), and CSF6606 Extended System Control Center. ▶

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TABLE 2. MASS STORAGE

Subsystems	MSU0402	MSU0451	MSU0500	MSU0501
Cabinets per subsystem	16	16	8	8
Disk packs/HDAs per cabinet	1	1	2	2
Capacity	78M bytes	156M bytes	626M bytes	1101M bytes
Tracks/segments per drive unit	7809	15,485	30,970	33,720
Average access time, msec.	25	30	25	25
Average rotational delay, msec.	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3
Data transfer rate	614K bytes	614K bytes	614K bytes	983K bytes
Controller model	MSP 0611, 0612, 8000, 8002	MSP 0611, 0612, 8000, 8002	MSP 0611, 0612, 8000, 8002	MSP 0611, 0612, 8000, 8002
Comments	Uses 9-bit bytes	Uses 9-bit bytes	Uses 9-bit bytes	Uses 9-bit bytes

▷ who select an operating system other than GCOS/GCOS 8 cannot migrate beyond the 8/70 model, but Honeywell believes maximum versions of the 8/70, operating under Multics or CP-6, can meet the growth needs of most users. Honeywell is quick to note the other operating systems also offer users distinct capabilities and advantages.

The primary improvements in GCOS 8, Version 2300 over GCOS III are the use of virtual memory, improved security mechanisms, and the increased number of concurrent operations supported. GCOS supports up to 55 operations, to GCOS 8's 477. Processors currently running Version 2300 of GCOS 8 can be upgraded to larger DPS 88 processors as processing and capacity needs grow. DPS 88 Series is Honeywell's top-of-the-line processor series. The largest processors within the DPS 88 Series can be configured with 128 megabytes of main memory, or twice the maximum memory capacity of the DPS 8/70, the largest processor within the DPS 8 Series.

The other operating systems come with distinct advantages of their own. Multics, for instance, provides a high level of security through a hardware-based ring structure with different levels of system access. This capability is a big advantage in government and military applications where a high degree of security is a must.

Multics-based processors—the DPS 8/52M, DPS 8/62M, and 8/70M—use virtual memory and can concurrently support batch processing, remote job entry (RJE), time-sharing, on-line remote data entry and data base inquiry/updating, word processing, electronic mail, program development, and graphics. The virtual memory moves information between main memory and peripheral storage independent of hardware configuration and without programmer intervention.

The CP-6 operating system, an upgrade of the Xerox based CP-V facility, is used on the DPS 8/47C through 8/70C. CP-6 supports interactive time-sharing, on-line transaction processing, local and remote batch processing, and distributed realtime processing. The DPS 8/70C using CP-6 can support up to 500 time-sharing users simultaneously. ▷

▶ PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS: DPS 8 systems must be located in a room with raised floor or equivalent. The room ceiling must be 8.5 feet above the raised floor, with at least 8 to 12 inches between subfloor and raised floor. Power requirements must meet these specifications: a voltage of 208, 240, 440, or 480 VAC ±10 percent for the motor generator set; 60 Hertz nominal with 60.5 maximum and 59.4 minimum frequency; three-phase wire with a maximum phase variation of 5 percent from the nominal; and 120/208 VAC, five-wire cable with ground for peripheral equipment (voltage variation is ±10 percent).

A design temperature between 68 and 78 degrees Fahrenheit with a relative humidity between 40 and 60 percent noncondensing is permissible, although a temperature of 73 degrees with a relative humidity of 50 percent is recommended. Once a temperature and relative humidity are selected, the temperature should not fluctuate more than ±2 degrees Fahrenheit or the relative humidity more than ±5 percent.

INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROL

I/O CHANNELS: The Input/Output Multiplexer (IOM) coordinates all input/output operations between the system control unit, peripheral subsystems, and Datanet 6661, Datanet 8, or Datanet 8/C Series Front-End Network Processors (FNPs) and document processors. Data transfers between peripheral devices and memory are also handled by the IOM. All peripheral device operations are controlled by processor-prepared control word lists stored in reserved IOM positions in memory or in the IOM scratchpad memory, except DPS 6 peripherals that are controlled via the Datanet 8/C in DPS 8/C systems.

The IOM consists of the IOM central and a variable number of channels. The IOM central controls access to storage for each of the channels and can perform one storage access cycle at a time through the appropriate system control unit. The IOM central is time-shared by a number of channels operating concurrently.

The IOM contains scratchpad storage which provides higher speed servicing of data transfers through the data channels and reduces the number of data accesses required for control word retrieval and updating.

The Peripheral Subsystem Interface (PSI) channels provide connection between the IOM and various peripheral controllers. Multiple logic channels (up to eight) can be assigned to a single PSI channel for concurrent multiple unit operation. The PSI channel can transfer data at up to 1,600,000 bytes per second. ▶

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TABLE 3. INPUT/OUTPUT UNITS

Magnetic Tape Units	Number of Tracks	Recording Density, Bits/Inch	Encoding	Tape Speed Inches/Sec.	Transfer Rate, Bytes/Sec.
MTU0410	7 9	556/800 800/1600	NRZI NRZI/ PE	75 75	31,000/45,000 60,000/120,000
MTU0411	7 9	556/800 800/1600	NRZI NRZI/ PE	75 75	31,000/45,000 60,000/120,000
MTU0412	7 9	556/800 800/1600	NRZI NRZI/ PE	75 75	31,000/45,000 60,000/120,000
MTU0500	7 9	556/800 556/800/ 1600	NRZI NRZI/ NRZI/ PE	125 125	52,000/75,000 70,000/100,000/ 200,000
MTU0610	9	800/1600/ 6250	NRZI/ PE/GCR	200	160,000/320,000/ 1,250,000
MTU0630	9	800/1600/ 6250	NRZI/ PE/GCR	75 or 125	60,000-100,000/ 120,000-200,000/ 468,700-781,200

Printers	Printing Speed	Print Positions	Horizontal Spacing, Chars./Inch	Vertical Spacing, Lines/Inch	Form Size, Inches
PRU0901	900 lpm	136	10	6 or 8	4 to 19 by 3 to 11
PRU1201	1200 lpm	136	10	6 or 8	4 to 19 by 3 to 11
PRU1600	1600 lpm	136 or 160	10	6 or 8	4 to 19 by 3 to 11

▷ The preeminence of the GCOS system has apparently not diminished Honeywell's committment to Multics and CP-6, or at least not to date. Throughout the year, Honeywell continued to announce new product enhancements for all of its operating systems.

USER REACTION

Thirty-four Honeywell DPS 8 users responded to Datapro's 1984 survey of general purpose computer users. Of those responding, six installed a DPS 8/70, four installed a DPS 8/52 and two installed a DPS 8/49. The others were using previously offered models within the DPS 8 Series. These included the DPS 8/20, 8/44, 8/44D, 8/44CD, and 8/50. All but one respondent said they use some version of the GCOS operating system. The various models were concentrated mostly among four industries; seven systems were placed in Government-related sites, seven in Manufacturing, five in Education, and four in Insurance. Other industries listed at least once included Banking/Finance, Chemical/Petroleum, Construction, Engineering/Scientific, Health Care/Medical, Media, Retail/Wholesale, and Public Utilities. Three cited industries other than those listed on the survey questionnaire. ▷

▶ Total data rate is either 675,000 words (2,700,000 bytes) per second or 1,000,000 words (4,000,000 bytes) per second, depending on the processor model.

SIMULTANEOUS OPERATIONS: All IOM operations are performed asynchronously with program processing. Interference occurs only when two or more IOMs or processors attempt to access the same main storage module.

CONFIGURATION RULES

The DPS 8/47 and 8/49 central systems are packaged within a single cabinet. The DPS 8/47 (CPS8130) and DPS 8/49 (CPS8132) are equipped with four megabytes of main memory, one CPU (two CPUs are optional), one system control unit (SCU), and one IOM with 20 channel slots. One additional SCU and IOM can be configured on the DPS 8/47 and 8/49 to provide a tandem system with all central system units cross-connected. The CP-6 models, DPS 8/47C (CPS8119) and 8/49C (CPS8121), have 12 megabytes and 16 megabytes of memory, respectively. Memory on all DPS 8/47 and 8/49 models can be increased to 32 megabytes. All systems are field upgradable.

The central cabinet can include one MSP8000 or MSP8002, and only one MFP8001, MTP8001, or URP8001, as these three units are mutually exclusive. With the addition of a second IOM on the DPS 8/47, 8/47C, 8/49, and 8/49C, additional integrated peripheral processors can be added in ▶

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TABLE 4. TERMINALS

	VIP 7814	VIP 7815-7817 and 7824-7827	VIP 7823/7831	VIP 7201	VIP 7301/ 7303/7307	VIP 7305
DISPLAY PARAMETER						
Max. chars./screen	2000	2000	2000	1920	2000	2000
Screen size (lines x chars.)	24 x 80	24 x 80	24 x 80	24 x 80	25 x 80	25 x 80
Symbol formation	7 x 9 dot matrix	7 x 8 upper/ 7 x 9 lower	7 x 8 upper/ 7 x 9 lower	7 x 11 dot matrix	7 x 9 dot matrix	7 x 8 upper/ 7 x 9 lower
Character phosphor	P31 green std.	P31 green	P31 green	P31 green std.	P31 green std.	P31 green std.
Total colors/no. simult. displayed	—	—	—	—	—	—
KEYBOARD PARAMETERS						
Style	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter
Character/code set	128 ASCII	128 ASCII	128 ASCII	128 ASCII	128 ASCII	128 ASCII
Detachable	Std.	Std.	Std.	Std.	Std.	Std.
Program function keys	12 std.	12 std.	12 dual std.	7 std.	12 std.	12 dual std.
OTHER FEATURES						
Buffer capacity	3 pages	3 pages	3 pages	1 page	1 page	1 page
Tilt/swivel	Tilt opt.	Tilt opt.	Tilt opt.	Tilt opt.	No	Tilt opt.
Graphics capability	—	Std.	Std.	—	—	Std.
TERMINAL INTERFACE	RS-232-C	RS-232-C or RS-442A	RS-232-C or RS-422A	RS-232-C or RS-442A	RS-232-C, RS-422A 20 ma, or MIL-188-C	RS-232-C or RS-422

▷ Of these thirty-four Honeywell users who responded, 18 reported they purchased their systems, while nine reported they lease or rent their systems from Honeywell, and seven reported they lease or rent their systems from a third-party vendor.

Many of these systems apparently play a big role in data communication networks, a major Honeywell marketing niche. Thirty out of thirty-four respondents indicated they use one or more remote terminals. Six respondents reported having more than 60 remote terminals, seven reported having six to fifteen remote terminals, six reported sixteen to thirty remote terminals, two reported one to five remote terminals and another two reported thirty-one to sixty remote terminals. In conjunction with communications capabilities, fourteen reported they use a communications monitor and three reported that they plan to install one.

As part of the survey, users were asked to rate their computer system from excellent to poor. A weighted average was then calculated based on the total responses. The users' ratings of the DPS 8 systems are summarized in the table below.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	WA*
Ease of operation	12	18	3	—	3.27
Reliability of system	18	10	5	—	3.39
Reliability of peripherals	13	15	5	—	3.24
Maintenance service:					
Responsiveness	17	14	2	—	3.45
Effectiveness	8	21	2	2	3.06
Technical support:					
Troubleshooting	7	18	6	2	2.91
Education	4	17	11	1	2.73
Documentation	2	14	13	3	2.47
Manufacturers software:					
Operating system	12	16	5	—	3.21
Compiler & assemblers	10	21	1	1	3.21
Application programs	4	9	11	3	2.52
Ease of programming	7	22	4	—	3.09
Ease of conversion	2	21	8	—	2.81
Overall satisfaction	7	20	6	—	3.03

*Weighted Average on a scale of 4.0 for Excellent. ▷

▶ the second cabinet. Additional freestanding peripheral processors can be added as desired.

The DPS 8/52, DPS 8/62, and DPS 8/70 each have a freestanding central system. The DPS 8/52 (CPS8181), DPS 8/62 (CPS8186), and DPS 8/70 (CPS8189) have four megabytes of main memory each, one CPU, one IOM with 36 available slots (an optional unit provides up to 54 slots), and one System Control Unit. Memory on these large systems can be increased in increments of two megabytes (CMM8020) on all processors. Maximum memory capacity for the DPS 8/52, 8/62, and 8/70 operating with GCOS is eight megabytes. When operating with GCOS 8 and Multics the maximum is 32 megabytes in the DPS 8/52, 8/62, and 64 megabytes in the DPS 8/70, 8/70M, 8/52M, and 8/62M. The DPS 8/52, and 8/62 can all be field upgraded, all the way to the DPS 8/70. The DPS 8/52 and 8/62 can support up to four Front-End Network Processors (DCU6661/8010) and four System Consoles (CSU6601, CSU6004, or CSU6005). Up to two CPUs, SCUs, and IOMs are offered for the DPS 8/52 and 8/62. The Multics-based DPS 8/52M and 8/62M are configured the same as their GCOS 8 counterparts.

The DPS 8/70 can support up to eight FNPs and four System Consoles, using the same peripherals as above. The system is expandable to four CPUs, four IOMs, and four SCUs. The DPS 8/70M supports up to six CPUs, two IOMs, and four SCUs. Honeywell recommends multiple System Control Units for optimal performance.

For CP-6 the DPS 8/52C, 8/62C, and 8/70C each have a freestanding central system. The DPS 8/52C (CPS8173), DPS 8/62C (CPS8174), and DPS 8/70C (CPS8178) have 16 megabytes of main memory. Each has one CPU, one IOM with 36 available slots (expandable to 54 slots), and one SCU. Memory on each of these large processors can be increased in increments of two megabytes (CMM8020) up to a maximum of 64 megabytes. The DPS 8/52C and 8/62C can all be field upgraded to the DPS 8/70C. The DPS 8/52C, 8/62C, and 8/70C can have three additional SCUs and three additional IOMs. The DPS 8/70C can have up to five additional CPUs. Up to 16 Datanet 8/C Front-End Network Processors can be supported by the DPS 8/52C, 8/62C, and 8/70C. One FNP is included with each system.

Most peripherals and freestanding peripheral processors available on the Level 66/DPS systems are compatible with the DPS 8/52, 8/52C, 8/52M, 8/62, 8/62C, 8/62M, 8/70, 8/70C, and 8/70M. ▶

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▷ When asked if their computer system performed as expected, thirty-three respondents said "Yes," and one said "No." When asked if they would recommend their system to other users, twenty-six said "Yes," two said "No," and six were undecided. □

▶ MASS STORAGE

MASS STORAGE SUBSYSTEMS: See Table 2.

INPUT/OUTPUT UNITS

MAGNETIC TAPE SUBSYSTEMS: See Table 3.

UNIT RECORD SUBSYSTEM: See Table 3.

PRINTERS: See Table 3.

COMMUNICATIONS CONTROL

DATANET 6661 FRONT-END NETWORK PROCESSOR (FNP): This processor provides large-volume network communications capabilities for DPS 8 systems. The Datanet 6661 incorporates an independently programmable computer with an instruction repertoire of 98 single-address instructions. The CPU in the Datanet 6661 is a solidstate, interrupt-driven 18-bit unit operating asynchronously under firmware control. The DCU6661 comes standard with 64K bytes of memory and is expandable to 512K bytes. The DCP6661 has two performance enhancement packages rated at 47 and 82 percent. Multiple FNPs can be configured.

A high-speed cache memory is optional in the DCU6661, which provides an execution rate of up to 1,000,000 instructions per second given the appropriate configuration and optimum instruction mix.

The FNP input/output multiplexer (IOM) performs all operations required for the transfer of data between I/O devices and the FNP memory. A data transfer rate of up to 2,000,000 bytes per second is possible. The IOM is connected to the I/O bus, to which various devices are attached. These units are the System Support Controller for the console and network processor diskette; the Direct Interface Adapter, which connects to the host; and the Peripheral Interface Adapter (optional) for access to the host's mass storage processor, when required. The remaining I/O connections are for the Channel Interface Bases, through which the network devices enter the system.

The Channel Interface Base (CIB) provides the line interfacing arrangements necessary to accommodate terminals with various data transfer rates, bit orders, bits per character, information codes, character sets, message formats and communications control procedures. Terminals in the low-, medium-, and high-speed ranges can be supported, with a maximum of 72,000 bps possible. In addition, synchronous, bisynchronous, and asynchronous transmissions and any combination of half- and full-duplex modes are supported. Each Channel Interface Base can handle up to eight communications lines, in various configurations. The DCU6661 can accommodate up to 12 CIBs.

DATANET 8 FRONT-END NETWORK PROCESSOR (FNP): This system is designed for use in communication networks conforming to the Distributed Systems Architecture (DSA) and operates under the control of the Distributed Network Supervisor (DNS) and GCOS 8. The Datanet 8 (DCU8010) is not compatible with the Datanet 6661, but can coexist with it on the same system. A maximum of two DPS 8 host connections can be configured enabling the Datanet 8 to be shared by two DPS 8 host systems.

The base Datanet 8 includes 512K bytes of memory (expandable to 2048K), a 512K-byte diskette (a second 512K diskette is optional), and can accommodate from 16 to 128 communication lines. The DPS 8 Host connection (DCE8006) and either the 30-cps Console (DCF8008) or the 120-cps Console (DCF8006) are required additions.

The Datanet 8 has two performance enhancements, available as options, which increase processor power. The most recent option, the Extended Processor Performance Enhancement for DCU8010 Network Processor, consists of an additional processor module and associated cache memory module, both to reside in existing Datanet 8 cabinetry. This option can provide a performance factor increment of up to approximately 7 percent over the base Datanet 8 (DCU8010).

The Datanet 8/C Front-End Network Processor (DCU8011) operates under the control of CP-6. The Datanet 8/C has a maximum of one DPS 8/C host connection. Four remote Datanet 8/Cs can be connected via HDLC lines to one local (host-connected) Datanet 8/C.

The Datanet 8/C includes 512K bytes of memory (expandable to two megabytes), a 256K-byte diskette, and one Multiple Device Controller (MDC). It can accommodate from 16 to 128 communication lines.

The Datanet 8 and Datanet 8/C can be configured with 2, 8, or 16 DCF8007 Channel Interface Bases (CIB) depending on the line configuration. Each CIB supports up to four Channel Interfaces, each of which supports either one or two Communication Lines, depending on the specific type of Channel Interface chosen. The following options are available on both Datanet 8 systems and can be field-installed:

- Dual Asynchronous Channel Package, EIA RS-422-C, to 9600 bps each (DCF8009).

- Dual Bisynchronous Channel Package, EIA RS-232-C, to 9600 bps (DCF8018).

- Dual Asynchronous Channel Package, MIL-188-C, to 9600 bps (DCF8015).

- Single Synchronous Channel Package, MIL-188-C, to 9600 bps (DCF8014).

- Single Synchronous HDLC Channel Package, MIL-188-C, to 9600 bps (DCF8017).

- Single Synchronous HDLC Wideband Channel Package, MIL-188-C, to 56K bps (DCF8016).

- Channel Interface Base (DCF8007); accommodates up to four Channel Interface Options.

- Dual Synchronous EIA RS-232-C Channel to 9600 bps (DCF8011).

- Dual Asynchronous EIA RS-232-C Channel to 9600 bps (DCH8012).

- Single HDLC EIA RS-232-C Channel to 9600 bps (DCF8020).

- Single HDLC Wideband Channel to 56K bps (DCF8022).

- Single HDLC Wideband Channel, CCITT-V.25, to 56K bps (DCF8023).

- Direct Connect Capability (DCF8024) for one asynchronous or one synchronous line to 9600 bps. ▶

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▶ • Universal Modem By-Pass (DCF8026), synchronous to 20.8K bps or asynchronous to 1800 bps.

• Two Asynchronous Current Loop Ports, to 9600 bps; FDX only (DCF8036).

The following options are available on the Datanet 8/C and can be field installed.

• CIB and eight Asynchronous RS-232-C Ports (DCF8030).

• CIB and eight Synchronous RS-232-C Ports (DCF8032).

• CIB and eight Current Loop Ports (DCF8034).

• CIB and one Broadband Synchronous Port, Bell 301/303 Compatible, with Modem Cable (DCF8040).

• CIB and one Broadband Synchronous Port, V.35 CCITT Compatible, with Modem Cable (DCF8042).

• CIB and one Broadband HDLC Port, Bell 301/303 Compatible, with Modem Cable (DCF8044).

SOFTWARE

GCOS 8: The primary operating system for DPS 8 systems is the General Comprehensive Operating Supervisor 8 (GCOS 8). It is based on the GCOS operating system. GCOS 8 has a number of enhancements over GCOS such as virtual memory, improved security, and increased multiprocessing. According to Honeywell, current users with GCOS can be upgraded to GCOS 8, and user programs which have been running under GCOS will run unchanged under GCOS 8.

GCOS 8 is a user-defined, user-oriented, communications-related operating system with multidimensional, multiprogramming, and multiprocessing capabilities. It is a batch system, a time-sharing system, and a transaction processing system. GCOS 8 balances the use of system resources, and gives multiple options for customizing the system for each user's needs. GCOS 8 concurrently supports: (1) batch processing, (2) remote job entry, (3) interactive remote job entry, (4) time-sharing, (5) transaction processing, (6) direct program access, (7) on-line document handling, (8) on-line test and diagnostics, (9) on-line program test and development, and (10) electronic mail.

GCOS 8 is a flexible operating system that features hardware transparency, meaning that the user has no need to know the particular architecture of the system, its hardware, I/O devices, or processor types. All processors can access all of memory and each can execute any program. GCOS 8 can address up to 128 megabytes of real memory and up to eight trillion bytes of virtual memory. Up to 477 user programs of up to one megabyte each can be executed concurrently. It provides high throughput by efficient and rapid scheduling of all activities, which reduces operator intervention.

The system architecture with GCOS 8 provides dynamic memory management, descriptor-controlled access, and shared access (to both data and procedures). Each of these functions is based on a hardware-protected memory segment. The memory segment is defined by a segment descriptor that contains the logical address of the beginning of the segment, the size of the segment, and the permissions that control its use.

Dynamic memory management permits programmers to develop software as if there were an unlimited logical memory. The available physical memory, on the other hand, depends on the system configuration and the workload.

GCOS 8 controls the physical organization of up to four million pages of real storage, with each page consisting of 4096 bytes. GCOS 8 can use as many as 477 separate working spaces (out of 512 total working spaces) at any time for memory allocation and control.

Any available page of main memory can be used for any page-sized block of logical memory. Although pages may be located anywhere in memory, they can be accessed as if they were physically contiguous. With memory access, segment descriptors and page table words translate the virtual address to a main memory address.

GCOS 8 is a virtual operating system, with multiprogramming, multiprocessing, and flexible job entry capabilities. GCOS 8 also has file protection and file sharing, testing and diagnostics, communications, time-sharing, data management facilities, language processors, diagnostic and system protection facilities, and various system utilities. Batch, time-sharing, transaction processing, and other activities can be individually tailored and dynamically varied throughout the day. Peripherals are allocated before memory so that processing is not delayed by operator or mechanical delays.

GCOS 8 provides security of hardware and software in several ways. It will abort an activity if an illegal operation is received. The File Management Supervisor provides a common file system for all DPS 8 operating dimensions as well as protective and restorative functions to ensure file integrity. Access to files is controlled through several levels. Files are grouped in a hierarchical order by user name, access restrictions, and resource control. File names are qualified by comparing them to the user names under which they are cataloged. Passwords may be required as an additional form of user identification. Access to files is under the originator's discretion and control. Each user can have a multilevel hierarchical subcatalog structure, with the ability to assign access controls and passwords at each subcatalog level. Another safeguard is a hardware implementation that controls access to sets of memory segments called domains. This structure protects programs and files from intentional access by unauthorized personnel and unintentional access during debugging procedures.

NETWORK PROCESSING SUPERVISOR: The DPS 8 and NPS support five types of remote processing in any combination: remote job entry (RJE), transaction processing, time-sharing, message switching, and direct program access. RJE is supported by four standard interfaces for remote computers: remote computer interface, remote network processor multi-message interface, BSC interface, and HDLC interface.

The information network is controlled by a combination of the Datanet 6600 Front-End Network Processor and the NPS software, and can range in size from several terminals to a comprehensive, distributed information network with multiple host processing facilities.

NPS supports a wide variety of remote terminals, computers, and communications facilities, such as the Honeywell TWU/PRU 1003 and 1005, Teletype Models 28/33/35/37/38, GE TermiNet 300/1200, Hazeltine 2000, IBM 2741 and 2780, and Honeywell VIP 765/776/786, VIP 7100/7200, VIP 7700/7700R/7760/7800, RNP 702/707, and RNP 6/DPS 6 minicomputers. NPS also provides customization and parameterization facilities to facilitate implementation of additional terminal types and network protocols into the system, journalization of message traffic on mass storage, restart/recovery capability, supervisory control through one or more Network Control Supervisory Stations, statistical recording and reporting, and a high-level of line/terminal control through parameterization. ▶

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►DISTRIBUTED NETWORK SUPERVISOR (DNS): DNS has been designed specifically for use in the Datanet 8 Front-End Processor, and is part of a set of communication software products based on Honeywell's Distributed Systems Architecture (DSA). DNS supports up to four DPS 8 Host connections enabling one Datanet 8 to serve multiple hosts.

DNS operates in the Datanet 8 in conjunction with a DPS 8 host running the GCOS 8 or GCOS operating system to provide support for transaction processing, distributed transaction processing, distributed terminal concentration, time-sharing, remote job entry, direct program access, and satellite to host support for DM-IV Transaction Processing. DNS supports private networks, Public Data Networks (PDNs) and Value Added Networks (VANs), including X.25 packet switched and X.21 circuit switched networks.

The administrative functions distributed throughout the various systems that make up the DSA network include network monitoring, cross-network software loading, dumping, data logging for statistics, billing and maintenance, in-line tests, and software generation.

DNS supports a variety of terminals such as the Honeywell TWU/PRU 1003, 1005, and 1901, VIP 7100/7200/7200S/ 7700/7700R/7800 and VTS7740. Also supported is the Distributed System Satellite (DSS), a hardware/software system that allows a DPS 6 or Level 6 system to function as a satellite processor and to communicate with a DPS 8 host in a DSA network.

REMOTE TERMINAL SUPERVISOR-II (GRTS-II): Provides controls for five types of remote processing: remote job entry, transaction processing, time-sharing, message concentration, and direct program access. RJE supports the same standard interfaces as NPS. Programming subsystems supported under time-sharing are the same as for NPS. GRTS-II does not support the direct program access communications-queued (DAC-queued) mode provided in NPS, nor does it support any host interface which makes use of the DAC-queued method.

GRTS-II includes a Communication On-Line Test System (COLTS) and support for remote terminals and devices with speeds from 75 to 50,000 bps. GRTS-II may coexist with NPS or DNS, each residing and executing in a different network processor. Host-to-host file transmission is supported through the Data Link System.

TRANSACTION PROCESSING SYSTEM (TPS): This facility invokes the loading and execution of the appropriate application programs for processing transactions received from remote terminals. The Transaction Processing System requires a front-end network processor and can accept transactions from various terminals.

TPS is modular in design and consists of the Transaction Processing Executive (TPE), user-written Transaction Processing Applications Programs, the Transaction Input Interface at each remote terminal, and the Interslave Communication (INTERCOM) Facility. Transaction Processing Applications Programs (TPAPs) can be written in any language processor supported by GCOS 8 including Cobol, Fortran, or GMAP, and are stored in the GCOS file system for activation as required.

The Transaction Input Interface provides simplified procedures for entering transactions from either teletypewriter or keyboard-display consoles. The INTERCOM facility permits data to be exchanged between the Transaction Processing Executive and applications programs through direct buffer-to-buffer transfers. The Transaction Processing Executive operates as a privileged slave program under the

GCOS 8 operating system and is activated by an operator command.

TRANSACTION DRIVEN SYSTEM (TDS): Designed for high-volume, on-line transaction processing, TDS differs substantially in internal architecture from the GCOS Transaction Processing System (TPS), but it complements TPS by giving a total DPS 8 transaction processing capability. The TDS internal design is optimized for high-volume transaction processing where extremely fast response and fast, automatic restart/recovery are required.

The TDS Executive program executes under GCOS 8 much like the Time-Sharing System Executive. It is an executive operating under GCOS 8 with the major responsibilities of scheduling and coordination of all TDS activities and tasks. TDS manages the allocation of system resources for transaction processing and handles all communications between TDS and GCOS 8.

TIME-SHARING: The DPS 8 Time-Sharing System (TSS), in connection with a Datanet front-end processor, provides time-sharing computing services to multiple users at remote terminals. The system resources allocated to time-sharing can be dynamically varied under operator control. The time-sharing executive, operating as a slave activity under GCOS 8, suballocates storage and dispatches the processor to the programs of individual time-sharing users. Time-sharing on GCOS 8 utilizes the GCOS 8 memory architecture to permit any desired amount of system memory to be allocated to time-sharing. A single copy of TSS can support up to 600 users, assuming enough memory, I/O, and communications facilities are provided. In multiple-processor systems, the time-sharing users' programs can simultaneously use as many processors as desired by the site. A separately priced Multicopy Support Option allows from two to four copies of the time-sharing executive to run on one DPS 8 system, thereby increasing the number of users that can be supported.

DPS 8 GCOS Time-sharing users have a choice of six major programming languages: Cobol-74, Extended Basic, Time-Sharing Fortran, Fortran-77, and APL. Time-sharing users can communicate directly with batch-mode facilities, permitting the development and testing of programs, data entry, control of batch program execution, and manipulation of results from remote terminals.

The Text Editor permits terminal users to create a body of text, edit it, save it, and print it in a specified format. TEX is an interpretive language that integrates the capabilities of the Text Editor with text processing, providing additional verbs and subroutine calls. Interactive Integrated Data Store/II (I-D-S/II) provides the ability to interactively update and retrieve information from an I-D-S/II data base. Access is a conversational file management system for creating, deleting, and maintaining catalogs and files and for assigning passwords and accessing criteria. The FDUMP facility can be used for inspection and maintenance of permanent files. The LODT routine permits execution of experimental user subsystems, including trace analysis and debugging of user programs from remote terminals. The Time-Sharing Activity Report provides reports on the accumulated utilization of the time-sharing system resources.

LANGUAGES: The language processors available for use on the DPS 8 systems under GCOS 8 are Cobol-74, Fortran, Fortran-77, PL/1, GMAP, GPSS, Basic, dataBasic, Simscript, Pascal, Compiler "B", Lisp, APL, and RPG-II.

The Cobol-74 compiler provides the functional modules specified for ANS Cobol-74, including the Debug, Sort/ Merge, and Report Writer facilities. All modules are implemented on Level 2 except Report Writer and Interprogram Communication, which are implemented on Level 1. ►

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Time-Sharing Fortran is a full implementation of ANSI Fortran IV with extensions. Fortran-77 is a full implementation of the 1978 ANSI standard, and supports the Fortran IV language essentially unmodified. Fortran IV extensions include nonstandard returns from subroutines; optional code optimization; multiple entry points; switch test subroutines; memory-to-memory conversion; seven array dimensions; character type; generalized expressions as subscripts; extended TYPE, PARAMETER, and IMPLICIT statements; list-directed and direct-access I/O; mixed-mode arithmetic; quoted character constants; and Boolean functions. Both Fortran processors compile programs in local, remote job entry, or time-sharing mode and ensure compatibility between source programs developed in one environment and used in another. Data Manipulation Language (DML) verbs for accessing DM-IV and I-D-S/II data bases are available.

PL/1 is a block-structured language that allows both internal and external names. This feature facilitates the development and maintenance of modular PL/1 programs. All procedures are recursive and sharable. PL/1 utilizes the full ASCII character set defined in American National Standards Institute standard X3.4-1968.

Basic is a one-pass conversational compiler that operates under the GCOS 8 Time-Sharing System. It implements the Basic language plus several Honeywell extensions.

DataBasic is a version of Basic employing the I-D-S/I file management system. DataBasic is supported by both time-sharing and batch component subsystems.

APL Level II is a superset version of the APL programming language. APL is an interactive system for use with large-scale Honeywell computers.

The Pascal compiler runs under TSS and provides these extensions to standard Pascal: constant-valued expressions may be used wherever a constant is legal in Standard Pascal, and are evaluated at compile time; files may be opened dynamically; and extended file handling is available.

Lisp is an interpreter/compiler system designed to assist in the symbolic computations common to language translation, theorem proving, symbolic mathematics, and artificial intelligence. It is a compatible superset of Lisp 1.5.

Simscript provides the user with a simulation-oriented language that permits the translation of complex mathematical and logical models into meaningful simulation sequences. It is an event-oriented language with a timing routine that allows the analysis of activities in a controlled sequence in simulated time.

Compiler "B" is a high-level language which operates in the batch or time-sharing mode. It is used for systems programming and for teaching compiler programming and design.

RPG-II is Honeywell's implementation of the IBM-developed report program generator, and is very similar to the IBM System/3 version of the language. RPG-II supports UFAS sequential, relative, and indexed sequential files, all compatible with Cobol-74.

The General-Purpose Simulator System (GPSS) is a simplified, simulation-oriented language that establishes mathematical models in order to provide results for further analysis.

The General Macro Assembler Program (GMAP) enables the programmer to code either in an open-ended macro language or directly in machine-oriented symbolic instructions.

The Debug Support System (DSS) supports batch or on-line debugging of user programs, and can trace programs, display memory contents, and modify memory locations. Object-level debug can be performed with any language. Symbolic debug is supported by Cobol-74, Fortran-77 and PL/1.

DATA MANAGEMENT: Honeywell offers a number of software packages in this category, including Data Management-IV, File Management Supervisor, Indexed Sequential Processor, Unified File Access System, Integrated Data Store/I and II, Management Data Query System, and Common File Facility.

The latest Honeywell data management, transaction processing, query and reporting, batch and interactive data base capabilities are provided by Data Management-IV (DM-IV). DM-IV has evolved from earlier software systems such as Integrated Data Store/I, Transaction Processing System, Transaction Driven System and Management Query System. DM-IV is a fully operational on-line, integrated data base management system. Data extraction and updating from data bases with various file organizations and data structures can be directly performed by non-data processing professionals. DM-IV consists of the following functional modules: the Data Manager, the Transaction Processor, the Query and Reporting Processor, and the Procedural Language Processor. It also supports batch and time sharing programs.

The DM-IV Data Manager administers the creation of the physical and logical structures of the data base and controls the creation of the application-specific views of that data base which are used in processing. It further serves as the interface between the data base and the various DM-IV processors that access the data base and perform operations upon it.

The DM-IV Transaction Processor (TP) provides the facility for rapid, efficient, on-line data base processing. It is most effectively used in applications where the end-user has little or no knowledge of the operating system or storage structure, or data processing in general. Its internal design is optimized for high-volume transaction processing where extremely fast response and fast, automatic restart/recovery are required. The TP system includes both on-line software components for processing the actual transaction and a wide variety of support software products for program testing, library updating, and TP system generation. Within DMIV/TP, there are five major functional components: Transaction Manager, Data Base Manager, Integrity Manager, Message Manager, and Executive Manager.

The Executive Manager schedules and coordinates all Transaction Processor activities. It manages the allocation of system resources for transaction processing.

The Transaction Manager controls and coordinates all activities during the processing of a transaction. It initiates each transaction control task which TP processes and controls the communication between application routines.

The Data Base Manager controls all data base activities for on-line files assigned to TP. The executive software also provides for dynamic allocation and deallocation of data base files to TP for uninterrupted continuous operation.

The Integrity Manager provides for fast, automatic recovery and restart after any type of application or system failure. This includes everything from rollback of the data base after an application program abort to the complete reconstruction of a destroyed data base.

The Message Manager is the executive software component that actually handles the communication interface with the ►

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▶terminal network supported by the Front-End Network Processor (FNP). The Message Manager provides both the physical and logical interface to the on-line network of terminals and handles the acceptance and delivery of input and output messages.

The DM-IV Query and Reporting Processor (QRP) provides the user with several different subsystems which act to access the defined data base and its structure and to generate reports on the results of the requested access. The DM-IV QRP end-user facilities provide access to the data base by non-computer-oriented personnel. Within QRP, simple, straight-line procedures may be written to explicitly retrieve the desired data and process exception conditions such as no data qualifier and end of retrieval conditions. The optional DM-IV Procedural Language Processor (PLP) is an extension of QRP which provides a high-level, procedure-oriented language for use by application and system programmers. When using the QRP end-user facilities, the user need not be concerned with the data base structure or access methods.

The File Management Supervisor (FMS) provides powerful file management capabilities, including multilevel user catalogs, file sharing, and access control. The system employs a hierarchical, "tree-structured" design. A System Master Catalog lists the various user Master Catalogs, and each user may in turn define one or more levels of subcatalogs. Users may permit general-sharing of their files or specify individual users who may access them on either a read/write or read-only basis. Password access control can be imposed at any or all levels of the file structure. Security is also provided by the optional logging of file access attempts and by a time-sharing command allowing a user to encrypt a file using a predefined algorithm.

The Indexed-Sequential Processor (ISP) supports the widely used indexed-sequential file organization and access method, which permits mass storage files to be accessed in either random or sequential fashion. For each logical file, ISP maintains a data file and an independent key file, which serves as an index. The key file can be placed on a faster random-access device to speed up access process.

The Data Dictionary/Directory System (DD/DS) is a comprehensive set of software modules that can implement a centralized data dictionary/directory. Data is entered into the dictionary data base via either batch or interactive operations. The DD/DS supports up to 19 entity-types such as fields, records, files, programs, procedures, jobs, schemas, reports, etc. Multiple versions and status of each entity-type, alias names, narrative, and attributes unique to the entity type are also supported.

Several report generation facilities are available to the DD/DS user. The reporting system extracts information from the data dictionary and presents it to the user in various formats. Included is an extensive cross-reference (where used) reporting capability for all entity-type occurrences and an Impact Analysis Report which analyzes and reports the effect of change to an entity-type occurrence. A complete set of utilities is provided to assist in the maintenance of the data dictionary system and its data base.

The Unified File Access System (UFAS) provides automatic management for file processing, including record location and automatic blocking and deblocking. File organizations supported include sequential, relative, indexed, and integrated files. UFAS also includes facilities for error checking and initiation of error processing as defined by ANS Cobol-74, and file integrity protection for normal and abort processing.

Integrated Data Store I and II (I-D-S/I and I-D-S/II) are enhanced versions of I-D-S, a data base management system

originally developed by GE. I-D-S/II marks the beginning of an evolution of I-D-S toward conformance with the recommendations of the CODASYL Data Base Task Group. I-D-S/II is fully integrated with Honeywell's Cobol-74 compiler, and user interfaces are also implemented for Fortran.

Management Data Query System (MDQS) is a data management system that permits interrogation of sequential, indexed sequential, or I-D-S/I file organizations. MDQS operates as a subsystem to GCOS in both batch and time-sharing environments, and is available in two versions: MDQS/II, a data-based retrieval and report generation system, and MDQS/IV, a system that offers all MDQS/II capabilities plus data base creation and maintenance features.

Common Files Facility of GCOS 8 allows up to four independent DPS 8 systems to share all their permanent (nonremovable) mass storage devices, thereby sharing the data base. The systems in a shared mass storage configuration share a common scheduling queue, allowing load leveling between the systems.

Personal Data Query (PDQ) Facilities are end-user inquiry facilities available under GCOS 8. The PDQ family has two query facilities and an Application Productivity Facility that interfaces to data bases and files through the incorporated Relational Access Manager, and a reporting facility that uses data obtained through the query facilities to produce formatted reports useable for browsing, saving for future use, or printing. The two PDQ query facilities are essentially equivalent; they differ in their human interface and their use of terminals.

The Software Disk Cache Buffer (SDCB), is available under GCOS 8 release SR2300. Its purpose is to improve system performance by reducing the number of physical input and output data transfers to and from disk storage. The SDCB sets aside a site-controllable portion of main memory as a cache memory buffer to store frequently used data, allowing access at main memory speed rather than at disk storage I/O access transfer speed.

ELAN: The Honeywell Error Logging and Analysis System is a software system that works in conjunction with TOLT, GCOS, and the DPS 8 fault recovery hardware. The Instruction Retry feature attempts to recover from transient errors such as incompleted operations, parity errors, and illegal procedures. The proper Error Analysis and Logging module is called in when a processor or memory module error is detected. After analysis and logging, either the faulted instruction is retried or normal GCOS 8 fault processing procedures continue. The Error Reporting Program is initiated when a hardware error occurs, when the error log becomes half full, or at operator request. Error record is printed, analyzed, and summarized, with summary data retained on an error summary file.

TOTAL ON-LINE TESTING: TOLT is a test and diagnostic system that runs under GCOS. Its objective is to improve the system's reliability and availability. TOLT monitors and saves all error status information, makes periodic surveillance checks of various hardware modules, and calls in specific diagnostic tests and on-line troubleshooting programs.

MULTICS SOFTWARE

The DPS 8/52M, 8/62M, and 8/70M computer systems use Honeywell's Multics operating system. Multics is a specially designed virtual memory operating system that offers remote terminal access as the primary means of entering the system, multiprocessing with dynamic reconfiguration capabilities, and a unique hardware-based ring structure that provides security for sharing of programs and ▶

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data. It also has a tree-structured hierarchy for organization of user and system storage, and the availability of multiple programming environments and user interfaces within a single system. It accommodates batch and time-sharing through a common command language, and is written primarily in PL/1.

Information in the Multics system's virtual memory is organized in variable-length segments. Each segment can contain either programs or data or can be a directory; i.e., a catalog of related segments represented in tree structure. Segments are directly addressable by a symbolic name. The Multics hardware uses a segment descriptor to determine the absolute address of the segment and its access attributes. Any word, character, or bit within a segment can be referenced by its location within the segment. Segments can reside anywhere in main memory and can alter their size independently of other segments.

Multics uses demand paging to determine which portions of a segment are to be present in main memory. Segments are automatically divided into fixed-size pages of 1,024 words, and paging is performed automatically by the Multics hardware, so that only the currently accessed pages of a segment are required in main memory.

All input/output operations are performed automatically by Multics. The programmer is required to supply the symbolic name of the segment and the address of the desired item within the segment, or the relative address stated in the terminology of a higher level language. A device-independent input/output system is available that permits interchangeable reading and writing on magnetic tapes, communication terminals, cards, printers, and storage system segments through the use of symbolic names. User output can be automatically queued for printer or punched card output. User-written input/output routines can also be accommodated by the system.

Controlled sharing of programs and data is facilitated by the Multics ring structure, a unique security scheme that is implemented as an integral part of the segmentation and paging scheme. The ring structure, in conjunction with the segment access control list, permits programs to access another owner's data base only through an owner-supplied program that specifies what data can be referenced and what operations can be performed.

Languages available to Multics users include PL/1, APL, Cobol-74, MRPG, Fortran, Basic, and the ALM assembly language. In addition, the system includes a wide variety of utility programs, including text editors, debugging aids, performance measurement tools, interuser communication facilities to permit messages to be transmitted among users, and on-line documentation of system software and user programs.

The Multics Relational Data Store (MRDS) functions as a subsystem of the Multics operating software and makes use of the DPS 8 virtual memory and file management subsystems. MRDS includes such features as a relational interface, programming language independence, data definition and program independence, query capability via LINUS, on-line access and updating, concurrent access and update controls, report generation, and data security maintenance.

LINUS (Logical Inquiry and Update System) is a facility for accessing data bases from a remote terminal. It uses the Multics Relational Data Store (MRDS) for data base access. LINUS uses a high-level nonprecedural language called LILA (Linus Language). It also provides these features: a macro facility, line editor for simplifying data expression development, built-in and user-defined functions, a help facility, a report writing capability, and data security.

Multics provides support for a comprehensive word processing system, WORDPRO, which includes editing, error correction, and formatting tools for the on-line preparation of documents. Multics also provides an interactive graphics system, supporting both static and dynamic terminals, that permits creation and manipulation of complex graphics structures. The Multics Off-Line Page Processing System (PPS) feature creates a system output tape that can be printed later on a Honeywell PPS.

Multics also has an Electronic Mail Facility. This facility offers its users direct, on-line, person-to-person distribution of text. It handles mail ranging from brief memos to multi-volume documents and delivers that mail immediately to data terminals or on-line mailboxes.

Emacs (Editor Macros) is a text editing and screen management facility that features screen blocking for operator monitoring of more than one activity.

CP-6 SOFTWARE

The DPS 8/C computer systems use the CP-6 software and operating system. CP-6 is a Honeywell enhancement of the Xerox-developed CP-5 operating system used on the larger Xerox processors. CP-6 includes facilities for interactive time-sharing, on-line transaction processing, and multiprogrammed local and remote batch processing.

CP-6 provides a memory mapping system for up to 512 program working spaces and addressing up to 16 megawords. User instruction segments can be up to 224,000 words, while data segments can be up to 384,000 words. CP-6 also provides three-level protection for user context segments and hardware management.

System overhead is reduced by an event-driven scheduler designed to help provide a higher percentage of CPU cycles available for user-related activities. Communications processing is distributed to local and remote front-end processors based on Honeywell's current minicomputer technology. CP-6 takes advantage of DPS 8 large-memory technology with addressing to 64 million bytes to facilitate rapid response to on-line interactions.

The complete CP-6 system provides a single program interface to all services, and an extensive array of productivity features including on-line program development and debugging, high-level, advanced programming languages, data base management systems, friendly terminal user interfaces, an on-line HELP facility, and a query and report language.

CP-6 provides a common command language that is used for initiating and controlling tasks in all processing modes. This design helps simplify program development activities and helps facilitate transportability of programs from one mode to another.

The CP-6 transaction processing environment consists of two elements: the forms program that executes in the communication processor and accepts and verifies the transaction, and the application program that executes on the central system and accesses and updates the data base. These two elements are cooperating processes and result in an efficient design because of the distribution of the executing processes to multiple processors.

The CP-6 transaction processing facilities allow users at remote terminals to enter transactions simultaneously utilizing a common data base. These terminals can operate in character or message mode.

CP-6 is designed to support up to 500 concurrent time-sharing users. The command language can help reduce user ➤

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training requirements and enhance program transportability. Each time-sharing user can use the comprehensive language and service facilities to create, debug, and execute programs, as well as to create, modify, and delete files. File and program security are provided for each user.

The comprehensive multiprogramming batch processing facility can process up to 500 batch streams concurrently. Batch jobs may be submitted to the system through a central site card reader, from an on-line terminal, or from a remote site via the remote batch facility. The spooling system can help improve throughput by eliminating bottlenecks associated with slow-speed unit record peripherals. All batch jobs form a priority-ordered queue and are processed when program-specified resources become available. Remote batch processing permits flexible communications between CP-6 and a variety of remote terminals. These terminals can range from a simple card reader/card punch/line printer combination to other computer systems with wide varieties of peripheral devices. CP-6 can communicate as a host system with many terminals and computers at various sites and simultaneously act as a remote terminal to other computers.

Languages available under CP-6 include ANS 1977 Fortran, ANS Cobol-74, APL, Interactive Data Processor (IDP), RPG-II, Basic, PL-6, GMAP (Macro Assembly Program), and TEXT. These languages can generate reentrant code where desired. Regardless of the compiler being used, debugging is performed symbolically using a centralized debugger with simple, user-oriented commands. CP-6 also includes a Sort/Merge utility and support for the I-D-S/II DBMS.

PRICING

EQUIPMENT: The following systems are representative of the different DPS 8 configurations possible.

TYPICAL MODEL DPS 8/47 SYSTEM: Consists of a CPS8129 Central System (includes CPU, four megabytes of main memory, integrated I/O multiplexer with 19 channel slots, and one system control unit), a CSU6601 system console with 120 cps printer, one MSP0611 mass storage processor, two MSU0451 disk drives (400 megabytes), one MTP0611 tape processor, two MTU0500 tape drives, one URP0600 unit record processor, and one PRU1201 line printer (1200 lpm). Purchase price is $384,525, monthly maintenance is $1,916, and the one-year lease price per month is $18,898.

TYPICAL MODEL DPS 8/52 SYSTEM: Consists of a CPS8182 Central System (includes CPU, four megabytes of memory, IOM with 36 slots, and one SCU), a CSU6601 system console, one MSP0611 mass storage processor, four MSU0500 disk drives (2500 megabytes), one MTP0611 magnetic tape processor, two MTU0500 dual-density tape drives, one URP0600 unit record processor, one PRU1201 line printer (1200 lpm), and one CRU0501 card reader (500 cpm). Purchase price is $802,331, monthly maintenance is $3,422, and the one-year lease price per month is $39,942.

TYPICAL MODEL DPS 8/70 SYSTEM: Consists of a single processor CPS8188 with eight megabytes of memory; one IOM with 36 slots; one SCU; one CSU6601 console and one CSU6602 auxiliary console, each with a 120 cps printer; one MSP0611 mass storage processor, eight MSU0500 disk drives (10,016 megabytes), one MTP0611 tape processor, four dual-density MTU0500 tape drives, one URP0600 unit record processor, and two PRU1201 line printers (1200

lpm). Purchase price is $1,337,015, monthly maintenance is $6,643, and the one-year lease price per month is $73,967.

SUPPORT: Honeywell offers six categories of support products for DPS 8 systems. These products include data services, system engineering, software, education, publications, and supplies.

Data services consist of machine time for predelivery production and checkout, and for overload/peakload situations. Processor time costs approximately $110.00 per hour, minimum, depending on the amount of memory. Charges for on-line peripherals vary from $4.00 to $12.80 per hour; for off-line peripherals, $10.90 to $29.10 per hour.

The GCOS 8 operating system executive (OSE) is provided to DPS 8 users at no additional cost. All other facilities, such as job management, file systems, conversion aids, language processors, utilities, applications packages, communications software, system maintenance, and system performance analysis are separately priced.

Education services include standard courses, advanced professional training, multimedia self-instruction courses so that customers can self-train as often as needed, site surveys to determine educational requirements, on-site classes, and clustered on-site classes to accommodate a group of users from an area. Prices vary from $126 per student per day for standard courses to $165 per student daily for the most sophisticated programs. Multimedia self-instruction courses can be purchased for prices ranging from $18 to $995.

CONTRACT TERMS: DPS 8 equipment, except DPS 8/47 and 8/49, is available for purchase or for rental under a one-year, three-year, or five-year lease. The basic monthly rentals entitle the user to unlimited central processor usage per month with on-call remedial maintenance between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Mondays through Fridays. For scheduled usage beyond this period, with on-call maintenance service, the user pays an additional charge which is a fixed percentage of the monthly maintenance charge. Alternatively, the user can obtain on-call maintenance service at standard hourly rates of $138 per man-hour.

The DPS 8/47 and 8/49 are available for purchase or for rental under a one-year, or four-year lease. The basic monthly rentals entitle the user to unlimited central processor usage per month with on-call remedial maintenance between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Mondays through Fridays. For maintenance beyond this period, the user pays an additional charge which is a fixed percentage of the base maintenance charge. For full service coverage (24 hours, 7 days per week) the additional charge is 48 percent of the base maintenance charge.

Honeywell's Distributed Maintenance Services provides users with remote testing and diagnostic facilities. Headquartered in Phoenix, Arizona, DMS Includes a Response Center for toll-free 24-hour a day contact with Honeywell; the Technical Assistance Center, which coordinates all activities; a Logistics Inventory Data System, for rapid location of parts; Service Account and Field Engineering representatives; an Alert system to notify FE management of special problems; Remote Access Program software for troubleshooting; a systems optimization and monitoring program to evaluate and measure system performance; a network analysis program to solve communications network problems; and automatic software updating.

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EQUIPMENT PRICES

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
PROCESSORS						
CPS8130	DPS 8/47 Central System; integrated; four megabytes memory	153,000	500	8,800	—	**7,400
CPU8129	Additional CPU for CPS8130; requires MXK8007	125,000	206	5,700	—	**5,000
CPS8132	DPS 8/49 Central System; integrated; four megabytes memory	235,000	662	12,075	—	**10,000
CPU8131	Additional CPU for CPS8132; requires MXK8007	135,000	308	8,000	—	**7,000
CPS8181	DPS 8/52 Central System; freestanding; four megabytes memory	450,000	1,425	25,496	23,722	21,082
CPU8182	Additional CPU for CPS8181; maximum of one	340,000	830	12,003	10,849	9,934
CPS8186	DPS 8/62 Central System; freestanding; four megabytes memory	550,000	2,000	29,913	27,834	25,504
CPU8185	Additional CPU for CPS8186; maximum of one	475,000	1,100	20,476	18,506	16,946
CPS8189	DPS 8/70 Central System; freestanding; four megabytes memory	700,000	3,000	44,715	41,616	38,094
CPU8188	Additional CPU for CPS8189; maximum of three	575,000	1,900	31,499	28,469	26,068
CPS8119	DPS 8/47C Central System; integrated; 12 megabytes memory; FNP	228,000	967	11,950	—	**10,050
CPU8119	Additional CPU for CPS8119; requires MXK8007	125,000	334	5,700	—	**5,000
CPS8121	DPS 8/49C Central System; integrated; 16 megabytes memory; FNP	350,000	1,365	17,100	—	**14,000
CPU8121	Additional CPU for CPS8121; requires MXK8007	135,000	514	8,000	—	**7,000
CPS8173	DPS 8/52C Central System; freestanding; 16 megabytes memory; FNP	594,888	2,376	31,181	29,047	25,867
CPU8173	Additional CPU for CPS8173; maximum of one	340,000	1,018	12,191	11,037	10,122
CPS8174	DPS 8/62C Central System; freestanding; 16 megabytes memory; FNP	695,000	2,654	35,696	33,258	29,601
CPU8174	Additional CPU for CPS8174; maximum of one	475,000	1,307	20,683	18,713	17,153
CPS8178	DPS 8/70C Central System; freestanding; 16 megabytes memory; FNP	800,000	3,867	50,606	47,146	41,959
CPU8178	Additional CPU for CPS8178; maximum of five	575,000	2,152	31,751	28,721	26,310
CPS8193	DPS 8/52M Central System; freestanding; eight megabytes	450,000	1,942	20,500	19,500	18,000
CPU8193	Additional CPU for CPS8193; maximum of one	340,000	1,018	12,000	10,800	9,950
CPS8194	DPS 8/62M Central System; freestanding; eight megabytes of memory	595,000	2,613	29,250	27,250	25,000
CPU8194	Additional CPU for CPS8194; maximum of one	475,000	1,307	20,500	18,500	16,950
CPS8199	DPS 8/70M Central System; freestanding; eight megabytes memory	750,000	3,720	43,775	41,500	38,000
CPU8199	Additional CPU for CPS8199; maximum of five	575,000	2,152	34,251	31,000	28,310
PROCESSOR OPTIONS						
MXC8001	Additional Freestanding System Control Unit (SCU) for DPS 8/70, DPS 8/70M and DPS 8C (three max.); includes all the necessary addressing	57,788	110	1,914	1,777	1,571
MXC8003	Additional Five-Port SCU for DPS 8/47, 8/49, 47C, and 49C	27,050	54	898	834	738
MXC8002	Additional Five-Port SCU for DPS 8/52, 8/62, 8/70, 8/52C, 8/62C, 8/70C, 8/52M, 8/62M, 8/70M; includes all necessary addressing	57,788	110	1,914	1,777	1,571
MXU6002	Freestanding Input/Output Multiplexer with 35 Channel Function Slots for DPS 8/70, DPS 8/70M, and DPS 8C; includes SCU/IOM port addressing and data rate expansion	175,055	345	4,132	4,011	3,719
MXU8003	Additional IOM for DPS 8/47, 8/49, 8/47C, and 8/49C	84,380	205	2,840	2,639	2,338
MXF6005	Input/Output Multiplexer Expansion from 35 to 54 Channel Function Slots for DPS 8/70, DPS 8/70M, and DPS 8C	53,855	117	1,297	1,272	1,233
MXU8002	Additional IOM for 8/52, 8/62, 8/70, 8/52C, 8/62C, 8/70C, 8/52M, 8/62M, and 8/70M	137,500	131	4,132	4,011	3,719
MXF8005	IOM Channel Expansion from 36 to 54 Channel Function Slots; for MXU8002 type IOM only	53,255	108	1,297	1,272	1,233
MXF8012	Multics IOM Logical Channel Expansion for DPS 8/M Systems only (24-56 channels)	10,000	20	415	385	335
MXK8009	SCU Expansion Kit (5- to 8-port); required for 3-4 processor configurations	10,791	21	356	—	**295
CPK8337	System upgrade from DPS 8/47 to 8/49	90,000	162	3,275	—	**2,600
CPK8340	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/47 to 8/49	22,000	102	2,300	—	**2,000
CPK8163	System upgrade from DPS 8/52 to 8/62	135,000	575	4,644	4,536	4,423
CPK8185	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/52 to 8/62	100,000	270	8,473	7,657	7,012
CPK8171	System upgrade from DPS 8/62 to 8/70	150,000	1,000	14,802	13,782	12,590
CPK8188	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/62 to 8/70	100,000	800	11,023	9,963	9,122
CPK8362	System upgrade from DPS 8/47C to 8/49C	130,000	398	5,150	—	**3,950
CPK8365	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/47C to 8/49C	22,000	180	2,300	—	**2,000
CPK8164	System upgrade from DPS 8/52C to 8/62C	135,000	278	4,740	4,632	4,519
CPK8174	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/52C to 8/62C	100,000	289	8,492	7,676	7,031
CPK8172	System upgrade from DPS 8/62C to 8/70C	105,000	1,213	14,909	13,889	12,696
CPK8178	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/62C to 8/70C	100,000	845	11,068	10,008	9,167
CPK8194	System upgrade from DPS 8/52M to 8/62M	145,000	671	8,750	7,750	7,000
CPK8195	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/52M to 8/62M	135,000	289	8,500	7,700	7,000
CPK8197	System upgrade from DPS 8/62M to 8/70M	155,000	1,107	14,525	13,250	13,000
CPK8198	Additional CPU upgrade; DPS 8/62M to 8/70M	100,000	845	13,751	13,000	11,360
	Consoles & Features					
CSU6601	System Console; includes keyboard and 120 cps printer	10,390	95	429	394	357
CSU6602	Auxiliary Console; includes keyboard and 120 cps printer	7,728	69	310	291	264
CSF6602	Auxiliary Keyboard/Display Attachment Feature	3,596	32	151	137	129
CSF6603	Additional Keyboard Display; 12 inches; prerequisite is CSF6602	3,082	32	169	153	117

*Includes equipment maintenance.
**For 4-year lease.

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		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
CSF6604	Large Screen Monitor, 23 inches, and Monitor Drive Option; includes up to 50 feet of cable	2,358	16	157	141	135
CSF6605	Ceiling Mount for Large Screen Monitor	194	NC	NA	NA	NA
CSF6606	Extended System Control Feature; provides for the addition of a remote console and for switching of master auxiliary and remote consoles for backup; prerequisite is CSF6601 and CSF6602	578	5	23	21	20
	Power Equipment					
MGS6001	Motor Generator and Control Unit; 31.3 KVA, 60 Hz, 208/440 VAC input	17,750	68	449	435	401
MGS6002	Motor Generator and Control Unit; 62.6 KVA, 60 Hz, 440/480 VAC input	21,000	81	540	523	483
MGS6003	Motor Generator and Control Unit; 62.6 KVA, 50 Hz, 380 VAC input	22,150	84	568	533	504
MGS6004	Motor Generator and Control Unit; 62.6 KVA, 60 Hz, 208 VAC input	21,000	81	540	523	483
PSS6700	Control Unit Power, Battery Backup; DPS 8/C Systems	12,000	45	—	—	—
PSS8000	Capacitor Ride-Through Option; one required for each CPU, IOM, and SCU, in lieu of MGS or UPS	3,000	12	106	99	88
PSS8002	Battery Backup; one required for each SCU; for CPS8170/8173/8174/8178	12,000	45	425	400	383

MEMORY

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
CMM8002	Additional two megabytes of memory for DPS 8/47 (CPS 8129) and 8/49 (CPS 8131)	20,000	42	1,134	1,037	939
CMM8020	Additional two megabytes of memory for DPS 8/52, 8/62, and 8/70 GCOS, CP-6, and Multics systems	40,000	120	3,243	3,005	2,684

MASS STORAGE

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
MSP0611	Mass Storage Processor; freestanding; single channel	50,000	123	1,819	1,690	1,498
MSP0612	Mass Storage Processor; freestanding; dual channel	64,375	168	2,120	1,971	1,748
MSK0612	Upgrade Kit from MSP0611 to MSP0612	23,000	60	856	797	706
MSU0400	Removable Disk Mass Storage Unit; 100M bytes, requires MSF0004	16,500	132	863	810	731
MSU0402	Removable-Disk Mass Storage Unit; 100M bytes, requires MSF0007	20,805	122	950	890	818
MSU0451	Removable Disk Mass Storage Unit; 200M bytes, requires MSF007	27,047	113	1,140	1,064	950
MSK4025	Upgrade Kit from MSU0402 to MSU0451	6,242	—	312	285	271
MSF0006	Dual Access Feature for MSU0402/0451	2,070	13	89	83	76
MSF0007	Remote Position Sensing Option for MSU0402/0451; one required for each disk unit	2,025	13	87	82	76
MSF1141	Device Adapter for attachment of up to 16 MSU0400/0402/0451 for MSP0612 only; cannot be used with MSF1142	6000	—	187	173	152
MSU0500	Dual Fixed Disk Mass Storage Unit; 940 million characters, 626M bytes; includes disk and rotational position sensing	38,850	172	1,386	1,293	1,154
MSU0501	Dual Spindle Fixed Disk Drive; 1101M bytes; includes disk and rotational position sensing	49,650	197	1,747	1,629	1,452
MSK0501	Upgrade Kit; MSU0500 to MSU0501	10,800	25	361	336	297
MSF0011	Dual Access Feature for MSU0500	4,140	23	163	152	136
MSA1140	Unit Addressing for MSU04xx Units (4 max.); for MSP0611 only	3,500	16	156	145	130
MSA1141	Unit Addressing for MSU05xx Units (2 max.); for MSP0611 only	3,500	16	219	204	180
MSA1142	Unit Addressing for MSU04xx Units; one per four MSUs	4,500	18	146	136	122
MSA1143	Unit Addressing for MSU05xx Devices; one per two MSUs	4,500	18	215	200	177
MSF0500	Spare Head Disk Assembly	12,340	—	—	—	—
MSF0501	Spare Head Disk Assembly	15,808	—	—	—	—
MSF1140	Device Adapter for MSU04xx Devices on MSP0611 only	3,500	—	109	101	89
MSF1141	Device Adapter for MSU04xx Devices (one maximum); required for configuring MSU0402/0451	6,000	—	187	173	152
MSF1142	Unit expansion for up to 7 additional MSU05xx for MSF0612; cannot be used with MSF1141	4,000	—	125	115	105
MSF1143	First Switched DATANET Channel for MSP0611/0612	8,237	15	283	262	233
MSF1144	Switched IOM Channel for MSP0611/0612	8,237	15	283	262	233
MSF1150	Second Switched DATANET Channel for MSP0611/0612	8,237	15	283	262	233
MSK1141	Upgrade kit for MSF1140 to MSF1141 for MSU04xx Device Adapter; Single to Dual Channel	3,500	2	78	72	63
MSK1142	Upgrade Kit for MSA1140 to MSA1142 for MSU04xx Addressing; Single to Dual Channel	1,700	2	40	35	30
MSK1143	Upgrade Kit for MSA1141 to MSA1143 for MSU05xx Addressing; Single to Dual Channel	1,700	2	40	35	30
MSP8000	Integrated Single Channel Mass Store Processor for DPS 8/49	46,800	108	1,749	1,624	1,439
MSP8002	Integrated Dual Channel Mass Store Processor for DPS 8/49	64,375	168	2,120	1,971	1,748
MSF8000	Device Adapter for MSU04xx Devices on MSP8000 only	3,500	—	159	146	132
MSF8101	Device Adapter for Attachment of up to 16 MSU04xx Devices for MSP8002 only	6,000	—	187	173	152
MSA8102	Addressing for four MSU04xx devices for MSP8002	4,500	18	146	136	122
MSA8103	Addressing Capability for two MSU0500/0501 for MSP8002 only	4,500	18	214	199	177
MSA8001	Addressing Capability for two MSU0500/0501 for MSP8000 only	3,500	16	234	218	193
MSK8002	Upgrade Kit for MSP8000 to MSP8002	23,000	60	793	738	654
MSF8002	Non-Simultaneous (Switched) DATANET Channel for MSP800x Devices	8,158	15	280	260	231

*Includes equipment maintenance.
**For 4-year lease.

Honeywell DPS 8 Series

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
MSF8003	Non-Simultaneous (Switched) IOM Channel for MSP800x Devices	8,158	15	280	260	231
MSK8102	Upgrade Kit for MSF8000 to MSF8101/8001 for MSU4xx Device Adapter; Single to Dual Channel	3,500	2	78	72	63
MSK8104	Upgrade Kit for MSA8000 to MSA8102/8002 for MSU4xx Device Addressing	1,700	2	40	35	30

MAGNETIC TAPE EQUIPMENT

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
MTP0610	Magnetic Tape Processor; 1 x 8; requires MTF1149 and/or MTF1150	29,400	168	1,166	1,091	977
MTP0611	Magnetic Tape Processor; 1 x 8; requires MTF1159 and/or MTF1160	29,400	162	1,080	995	905
MFP8001	Integrated Multi-Function Processor for Magnetic Tape/Unit Record; Device supports eight tape/four unit record devices; requires MTF1159 and MTF1160	36,086	169	1,338	1,250	1,117
MTP8001	Integrated Magnetic Tape Processor, single channel (8 maximum); requires MTF1159 and/or MTF1160	28,060	151	1,061	991	888
MTU0500	Magnetic Tape Unit	12,128	159	725	680	613
MTU0610	Magnetic Tape Unit, includes cartridge load; one speed/density feature is required for each MTU0610	21,000	146	801	751	677
MTU0630	Magnetic Tape Unit	14,815	130	593	557	505

Features for the MTU0500:

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
MTF0018	Cartridge Load Capability (factory-installed only) for MTU0400/MTU0500	735	2	28	27	24
MTF0540	75 ips, 9-track, 556/800/1600 bpi; for MTU0500	1,029	110	138	136	132
MTF0541	75 ips, 7-track, 556/800 bpi; for MTU0500	1,029	110	138	136	132
MTF0542	125 ips, 9-track, 800/1600 bpi; for MTU0500; includes Cartridge Load	4,872	70	218	207	189
MTF0543	125 ips, 7-track, 556/800 bpi; for MTU0500; includes Cartridge Load	5,523	112	324	307	279

Features for the MTU0630:

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
MTF0634	75 ips, PE/NRZI feature	4,725	138	286	274	257
MTF0635	75 ips, PE/GCR feature	7,110	120	342	325	300
MTF0636	125 ips, PE/NRZI feature	9,805	155	460	435	398
MTF0637	125 ips, PE/GCR feature	10,330	137	460	435	398
MTK0630	Performance upgrade; MTF0634 to MTF0635	2,385	—	75	70	60
MTK0631	Performance upgrade; MTF0636 to MTF0637	1,700	—	55	50	45
MTK0632	Performance upgrade; MTF0634 to MTF0636	5,080	17	175	165	145
MTK0633	Performance upgrade; MTF0635 to MTF0637	3,220	17	120	110	100
MTK0634	High Altitude Adapter	240	—	8	8	6
MTA1152	Magnetic Tape Addressing for MTU0400/0410/0411/0412/0500/0600/ 0610/0630; addresses up to four devices	800	—	25	23	20
MTF1125	Series 200/2000 to Level 66 tape compatibility feature (one required for each MTP0611/MTF1151)	2,410	6	81	75	66
MTF1152	Switched Channel; includes IOM channel (one required for each MTP0611/ MTF1151, MFP8001, MTP8001)	6,174	7	199	185	163
MTF1151	Dual Simultaneous Channel; adds 2nd channel to MTP0611; allows up to 16 Magnetic Tape Units; includes IOM channel and requires redundant options	36,028	105	1,230	1,144	1,016
MTF1155	ASCII Code Translator (one required for each MTP0611/MTF1151/ MTP8001/MFP8001)	945	—	30	27	24
MTF1156	EBCDIC Code Translator (one required for each MTP0611/MTF1151/ MTP8001/MFP8001)	945	—	30	27	24
PSS8001	Capacitor Ridethrough Option for MSP0611/0612/8002 and MTP0611	3,120	12	123	116	103
MTF1157	EBCDIC/ASCII Code Translator (one required for each MTP0611/MTF1151/ MTP8001/MFP8001)	945	—	30	27	24
MTF1158	7-Track (556/800 bpi) Capability (one required for each MTP0611/ MTF1151/MTP8001/MFP8001); prerequisite is MTF1159	1,827	3	60	56	49
MTF1159	9-Track NRZI/PE (800/1600 bpi) Capability (one MTF1159 and/or MTF1160); required for each MTP0611/MTF1151/MTP8001/MFP8001	536	15	31	30	28
MTF1160	9-Track PE/GCR (1600/6250 bpi) Capability (one MTF1159 and/or MTF1160); required for each MTP0611/MTF1151/MTP8001/MFP8001	6,166	62	254	239	217

PUNCHED CARD/PRINTER EQUIPMENT

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
URA0050	Addressing capability for PCU0120/0121 and CCU0401; one required for each device	4,253	4	151	139	123
URA0052	Addressing capability for CRU1050; one required for each device	7,569	45	301	282	257
URA0054	Addressing capability for PRU1200; one required for each device	7,167	19	264	242	220
URA0055	Addressing capability for PRU1600; one required for each device	7,167	19	264	242	220
URA0056	Addressing capability for CRU0501; one required for each device	265	—	9	8	6

UNIT RECORD PROCESSORS & FEATURES

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
URP0600	Freestanding Unit Record Processor; accommodates four devices	26,585	42	940	895	791
URP8000	Integrated Unit Record Processor; accommodates eight devices and cannot be used with MTP8000/8001 or MFP8000/8001	26,250	30	916	849	769

Includes equipment maintenance.
**For 4-year lease.*

Honeywell DPS 8 Series

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
URP8001	Embedded Unit Record Processor for up to two PRU0901/1201 Printers and two Card Units	6,500	6	209	194	188
URP8002	Embedded Unit Record Processor for up to two Card Units	4,000	3	128	118	104
URP8004	Embedded Unit Record Processor for up to two PRU0901/1201/1200/1600 Printers	4,000	3	128	118	104
URP8011	Embedded Unit Record Processors for up to two PRU0901/1201 Printers and two Card Units. For CP-6 Systems only.	6,500	6	209	194	188
URP8012	Embedded Unit Record Processor for up to two Card Units. For CP-6 Systems only	4,000	3	128	118	104
URP8013	Embedded Unit Record Processor for up to two PRU0901/1201 Printers. For CP-6 Systems only.	4,000	3	128	118	104
URF0040	Unit Record Addressing Expansion for URP0600/0601/0602/8000; required if more than four devices used or if drum and belt printers are mixed. Feature accommodates three additional devices.	983	2	35	32	28

LINE PRINTERS

PRU0901	Printer (900 lpm)	33,500	403	1,847	1,612	1,535
PRU1201	Printer (1200 lpm)	36,800	450	2,100	1,850	1,750
PRU1600	Printer (1600 lpm)	64,940	538	2,910	2,735	2,472
PRF0022	24 Additional Print Positions for PRU1600/1201 (136 to 160)	2,610	16	112	105	93
PRK0901	Performance Upgrade Kit; from PRU0901 to PRU1201	5,000	47	253	238	215

PUNCHED CARD EQUIPMENT

CRU0501	Card Reader (500 cpm); requires URA0056	19,500	119	684	638	568
CRU1050	Card Reader (1050 cpm); requires URA0052	26,555	224	1,136	1,066	961
CCU0401	Card Reader/Punch (400-100400 cpm); requires URA0050	29,594	219	1,228	1,150	1,032
PCU0121	Card Punch (100-400 cpm); requires URA0050	20,032	153	900	777	698
CRF0003	51-Column Read Feature (80-column) for CRU1050	2,079	6	75	69	62
URA0050	Addressing capability for PCU0121 and PCU0401	4,253	4	151	139	123
URA0052	Addressing capability for CRU1050; one required for each device	7,569	45	301	282	257

TERMINALS

VIP7201	Asynchronous, Multi-purpose Keyboard Display Terminal	795	20	—	—	—
VIP7301	Standard Keyboard Display Terminal with RS-422-A interface and 25-foot cable; includes optional RS-232-C interface	1,900	20	—	—	—
VIP7303	Word Processing Keyboard Display Terminal with RS-422-A interface and 25-foot cable; includes optional RS-232-C interface	1,900	20	—	—	—
VIP7307	Data Entry Keyboard Display Terminal with RS-422-A interface and 25-foot cable; includes optional RS-232-C interface	1,900	20	—	—	—
VIP7305	Multi-function Keyboard Display Terminal with RS-232-C/RS-422-A interface and 25-foot cable	1,900	20	—	—	—
VIP7814	Synchronous/Asynchronous Keyboard Display Terminal with 12-inch diagonal CRT, 1,920-character display positions	2,700	25	—	123	—
VIP7815	Synchronous/Asynchronous Keyboard Display Terminal with 15-inch CRT green phosphor, RS-232-C and RS-422-A interfaces	3,095	30	—	138	—
VIP7823	Asynchronous Keyboard Display Terminal with Multi-function Keyboard; includes a 72-line scroll feature, buffered print adapter and 25-foot RS-422-A cable	2,350	25	—	—	—

DATANET 6661 FRONT-END NETWORK PROCESSORS

DCU6661	Processor; includes 64K bytes of memory, system support controller, direct interface adapter; up to 12 channel interface bases	36,605	261	1,990	1,862	1,669
DCF6607	Channel Interface Base	1,651	9	70	65	58
DCF6611	Dual Synchronous Channel Package, EIA RS-232-C	1,450	7	60	56	50
DCF6612	Dual Asynchronous Channel Package, EIA RS-232-C	590	4	26	25	23
DCF6613	Automatic Call Unit, Dual Channel	1,180	4	46	44	39
DCF6614	MIL-STD-188C Synchronous Channel	1,501	8	63	59	53
DCF6618	Dual Binary Synchronous Channel Package	1,450	7	60	56	50
DCF6619	Broadband Channel	3,056	12	125	117	104
DCF6620	HDLC Voice-Grade Channel	2,573	11	106	99	89
DCF6621	Bisynchronous Broadband Channel	3,056	12	125	117	104
DCF6624	Direct Connect Capability, asynchronous	350	1	13	13	11
DCF6625	Direct Connect Capability, synchronous	480	1	17	16	15
DCF6627	Broadband Channel, CCITT V.35	3,430	12	139	129	114
DCF6927	Universal Modem Bypass, Synchronous to 19.2K bps or asynchronous to 1800 bps	415	11	30	30	24
DCF6610	20 ma Current Loop-Dual Channel Package	1,180	4	46	44	39
DCF6615	MIL-STD-188C Asynchronous Dual Channel	1,501	8	63	59	53

*Includes equipment maintenance.
**For 4-year lease.

Honeywell DPS 8 Series

		Purch. Price ($)	Mo. Maint. ($)	1-Year Lease* ($)	3-Year Lease* ($)	5-Year Lease* ($)
DCF6616	MIL-STD-188C Broadband Channel	1,501	8	63	59	53
DCF6617	MIL-STD-188C HDLC Channel	2,573	11	106	99	89
DCF6622	HDLC Broadband Channel	3,056	12	125	117	104
DCF6623	HDLC Channel, CCITT V.35	3,430	12	139	129	114

DATANET 8 FRONT-END NETWORK PROCESSOR

DCU8010	Processor; includes 512K bytes of memory, system support controller, 512K bytes diskette drive, up to 16 channel interface bases	29,000	135	1,123	1,049	937
DCE8003	Processor Power Module Enhancement; requires DCE8002	7,400	40	293	274	245
DCE8002	Communications Line Expansion from 16 to 64 lines	3,000	5	106	98	86
DCE8004	Communications Line Expansion from 64 to 128 lines; requires DEC8002/8003	5,000	10	179	166	147
DCE8005	Additional 512K diskette unit; maximum of one additional can be configured	1,785	18	79	75	68
DCE8006	DPS 8 Host Connection (four max.); third and fourth host connection requires DCE8002, if not already installed	8,000	65	339	319	288
DCF8007	Channel Interface Base; maximum of 16	2,500	14	99	93	83
DCF8008	30-cps console for DCU8010	2,520	54	143	136	126
DCF8006	120-cps console for DCU8010	2,888	92	197	189	178
DCF8011	Dual Synchronous Channel; EIA RS-232-C; to 9600 bps	1,500	8	58	55	49
DCF8012	Dual Asynchronous Channel; EIA RS-232-C; to 9600 bps	1,000	5	39	36	32
DCF8020	HDLC; EIA RS-232-C Channel	1,500	8	58	55	49
DCF8022	Single Synchronous HDLC Wideband Channel; to 56K bps	3,000	16	118	110	98
DCF8023	Single Synchronous HDLC Wideband Channel; CCITT V.35; to 56K bps	3,000	16	118	110	98
DCF8024	Direct Connect Capability, asynchronous or synchronous; to 9600 bps. For use with RS-232-C channels only.	350	2	14	13	12
DCF8026	Universal Modem Bypass, synchronous to 19.2K bps or asynchronous to 1800 bps	415	2	16	15	13

DATANET 8/C FRONT-END NETWORK PROCESSOR (FOR DPS 8/C SYSTEMS)

DCU8011	Data Communications Subsystem; up to 16 channel interface bases	29,000	135	1,124	1,050	939
DCF8030	Channel Interface Base and eight Asynchronous RS-232-C Ports	6,000	37	242	227	204
DCF8032	Channel Interface Base and eight Synchronous RS-232-C Ports	7,700	49	313	294	264
DCF8034	Channel Interface Base and eight Current Loop Ports	6,000	37	242	227	204
DCF8036	Two Asynchronous Current Loop Ports; Direct Connect to 9,600 bps (no CIB)	1,000	6	41	38	35
DCF8038	Channel Interface Base and one Broadband Synchronous Port, 301/303 compatible, with Modem Cable	4,500	23	177	165	148
DCF8040	Channel Interface Base and one Broadband HDLC Port, V.35 CCITT compatible, with Modem Cable	5,500	28	216	201	180
DCF8042	Channel Interface Base and one Broadband Synchronous Port, V.35 CCITT compatible with Modem Cable	4,500	23	177	165	148
DCF8044	Channel Interface Base and Broadband HDLC Port, 301/303 compatible, with Modem Cable	5,500	28	216	201	180

Includes equipment maintenance.
**For 4-year lease.*

SOFTWARE PRICES

		Monthly License Fee ($)	Optional Support Service ($)
GCOS/GCOS 8 SYSTEMS			
SVD8001	DM-IV Fortran Subschema Translator Option	120	10
SVS8002	DM-IV TP Facility	1,389	167
SVP8003	DM-IV QRP Option	375	59
SVP8004	DM-IV PLP Option	263	45
SVS8003	DM-IV TP Comprehensive Facility	2,755	386
SVL8000	Cobol-74 Compiler and Runtime Facility	262	26
SVL8001	Fortran Compiler and Runtime Facility	354	50
SVL8002	PL/1 Compiler and Runtime Facility	285	50

Licensed for use without separate charge to a user who has acquired his/her central system from Honeywell.
**Required for normal Multics operation and to support any additional separately priced software products.*
***Available only with MR 10.0 or later Multics release.*
****Class III—unsupported.*

Honeywell DPS 8 Series

		Monthly License Fee ($)	Optional Support Service ($)
SVR8002	PL/1 Runtime Facility	77	11
SVL8003	RPG-II Facility	133	5
SVU8002	Sort/Merge Facility	107	17
SVC8006	Host File Transceiver Facility for L6	16	6
SVE8020	Multicopy Time-Sharing Option	557	110
SVS8005	TSS Facility	84	22
SVE8019	TSS Administration Option	118	16
SVR8000	Cobol-74 Runtime Facility	86	9
SVE8008	TSS File Management Option	112	11
SVE8009	TSS Advanced Application Support Option	167	33
SVE8010	TSS Media Input Option	55	11
SVL8007	TSS Basic Language Option	202	38
SVE8011	TSS Cobol-74 Option	55	11
SVE8012	TSS Fortran Option	55	11
SVE8013	TSS Text Processing Option (TEX)	320	66
SVR8003	TSS Text Processing (TEX) Library Option	36	5
SVE8014	TSS Editing Option (EDIT)	101	22
SVE8015	TSS Document Formatting Option	51	11
SVE8016	TSS Electronic Mail Option	167	33
SVE8017	TSS Sort Interface Option	70	11
SVD8004	TSS Data Basic	139	22
SVE8018	TSS DM-IV Option	82	14
SVD8002	I-D-S/I Facility	1,041	110
SVL8008	Cobol-68 Compiler and Runtime	306	39
SVP8006	MDQS/II Facility	612	117
SVP8007	MDQS/IV Facility	1,058	212
SVS8006	TDS Facility	1,601	210
SVS8007	TPE Facility	561	55
SVD8005	I-D-S/I Data Query Option	167	33
SVD8003	Indexed Sequential Processing Facility	28	6
SVS8009	DM-IV TP System Management Facility	996	203
SVU8003	DM-IV TP Forms Option	250	50
SVS8000	GCOS 8 Operating System EXEC	*NC	*NC
SVP8000	System Maintenance Facility	87	44
SVU8000	Systems Utilities Facility	52	5
SVP8001	Software Management Facility	79	13
SVP8002	System Performance Analysis Facility	281	25
SVC8004	Extended FNP Support Facility	139	28
SVC8000	GRTS-II Facility	273	44
SVC8001	GRTS-II HDLC Support Option	129	11
SVC8002	NPS Facility	974	209
SVC8003	NPS HDLC Support Option	129	11
SVE8000	FMS Catalog Cache Facility	69	13
SVE8001	FMS Test Access Mode Facility	70	8
SVE8002	Password Encryption Facility	58	5
SVU8001	File Generation Facility	49	5
SVJ8000	Parametric JCL	36	5
SVD8000	DM-IV Standard Facility	1,041	18
SVH8000	Personal Computing Facility	170	30
SVH8001	PDQ Example Query (EQ)	350	40
SVH8002	PDQ Interactive Query (IQ)	270	30
SVH8003	PDQ Comprehensive Report Examination and Display Option (CREDO)	210	25
SVL8013	COBOL-74 Relational Query (RQ)	90	10
SVC8040	Interactive Bisync Support GRTS-II	75	15
SVC8050	Interactive Bisync Support NPS	75	15
SVE8030	Software Disk Cache Buffer for DPS 8/47 and 8/49	570	30
SVE8031	Software Disk Cache Buffer for DPS 8/52 through 8/70, DPS Extended	1,045	55
SVE8038	Console Manager	200	25
SVE8039	Front-End Processor Operator Console	95	5
SVE8040	Console Journal	140	10

CP-6 SYSTEMS

SFS6120	Control Program-6 (CP-6) Basic System	—	—
SFS6121	Time-Sharing Remote Batch and Multi-Stream Batch Access Modes	1,150	—
SFS6122	Transaction Processing Mode	546	—
SFC6120	Local Front-End Communication Software	104	—
SFC6121	Remote Communications; required with DCS6700	100	—
SFD6120	Interactive Database Processor (IDP)	414	—
SFD6121	I-D-S/II Integrated Data Store/II	978	—
SFL6120	ANS Fortran	345	—
SFL6121	APL	374	—

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****Class III—unsupported.

Honeywell DPS 8 Series

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		Monthly License Fee ($)	Optional Support Service ($)
SFL6122	Basic	345	—
SFL6123	RPG-II	115	—
SFL6124	Cobol	244	—
SFP6120	Assembler	58	—
SFP6121	Text	334	—
SFU6120	Sort Merge	115	—
SFU6121	Forms Processor	173	—
SFX6001	Math Library	—	—
SFU6011	System Aids	—	—
SFL6125	PL/6	224	—

MULTICS SYSTEM

		Monthly License Fee ($)	Optional Support Service ($)
SGS6800	Multics Operating System	*NSC	—
SGS6801	GCOS (III) Time-Sharing Environment	1,089	—
SGS6802	Transaction Processing Tools	545	—
SGS6803	FAST/DFAST (Fast Access System for Time-Sharing)	534	—
SGS6804	GCOS (III) Batch Environment Facility	*NSC	—
SGE6800	Multics System Software Extensions	**1,630	—
SGE6802	Remote Job Entry Facility	103	—
SGD6805	Menu Facility	55	—
SGC6800	Multics Communications System (Multics CS)	275	—
SGC6801	Autocall Support Option to Multics CS	121	—
SGC6802	3270 Support Option to Multics CS	242	—
SGC6803	Basic Bisync. Support Option—Multics CS	121	—
SGC6804	G115 Support Option to Multics CS	121	—
SGC6805	File Transfer Facility	47	—
SGC6807	Multics HASP Facility (requires Basic Bisync. Support Option SGC6803)	77	—
SGC6822	X.25 Network Interface Facility	***165	—
SGC6823	Inter Multics File Transfer Facility	***47	—
SGL6801	Fortran Compiler and Runtime Facility	200	—
SGL6802	Basic Compiler and Runtime Facility	407	—
SGL6803	Cobol-74 Compiler and Runtime Facility	240	—
SGL6805	MRPG (Report Generator) Facility	104	—
SGL6806	APL (Version 2)	440	—
SGU6800	Wordpro Comprehensive Facility	935	—
SGU6803	Lister Facility	182	—
SGU6804	Speedtype Facility	121	—
SGU6805	Dictionary Tools	193	—
SGU6820	Compose Facility	523	—
SGD6807	Format Document Facility	44	—
SGU6821	Mergenthaler VIP Device Support Option to Compose	121	—
SGU6833	TED (Text Editor) Facility	319	—
SGU6834	EMACS Text Processing Facility	515	—
SGU6807	Extended Mail Facility	321	—
SGD6806	Executive Mail System (requires Menu Facility SGD6805)	165	—
SGC6824	Forum (Teleconferencing) Facility	***165	—
SGU6801	Sort/Merge Facility	170	—
SGU6835	Offline Page Printing System Support Facility	72	—
SGD6800	MRDS (Multics Relational Data Storage) Facility	660	—
SGD6801	LINUS (Logical Inquiry and Update System) (requires MRDS SGC6800)	560	—
AGS6801	Time Sharing Library	****150	—
AGS6802	ISTAT	****68	—
AGS6803	Graphics Facility	253	—

*Licensed for use without separate charge to a user who has acquired his/her central system from Honeywell.
**Required for normal Multics operation and to support any additional separately priced software products.
***Available only with MR 10.0 or later Multics release.
****Class III—unsupported. ∎

APRIL 1985