

**Switching,
General Purpose,
and RF Transistors
Metal Can**

High Speed Switches
General Purpose Amplifiers
RF-IF Amplifiers and Oscillators

SWITCHING, GENERAL PURPOSE, AND RF TRANSISTORS (METAL CAN) NUMERICAL INDEX

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JAN2N929/JAN2N930	MIL-S-19500/253A	JAN-TX-2N2905A/JAN-TX-2N2907A	MIL-S-19500/314A
JAN2N1131/JAN2N1132	MIL-S-19500/177B	JAN2N2906/JAN2N2906A/JAN2N2907/JAN2N2907A	MIL-S-19500/291A
JAN2N1711/JAN2N1890	MIL-S-19500/225C	JAN2N3013	MIL-S-19500/287
JAN-TX-2N1711/JAN-TX-2N1890	MIL-S-19500/342		

HIGH SPEED SWITCH SELECTION GUIDE

Rated V _{CEO} Volts	Optimum Collector Current mA									
	0.1 NPN	50 PNP	10 NPN	100 PNP	100 NPN	300 PNP	300 NPN	500 PNP	500 NPN	1000 PNP
6	FT709 2N4251*	2N4207	FT709 2N3010	2N4207						
12	2N3011	2N4208 2N3012 2N4872* 2N5292* 2N2894A	2N3011	2N4208 2N3012 2N2894A 2N4872* 2N5292*	2N3426 2N3012 2N3303 2N5065*	2N2894A 2N5065*	2N3426 2N3303 2N5065*		2N3426 2N3303 2N5065*	
15	2N2369A 2N4873*	2N4209 2N5056 2N5057	2N2369A 2N3009 2N3013 2N914 2N4873*	2N4209 2N5056 2N5057	2N3009 2N3013 2N3646 2N914	2N5056 2N5057	2N3013 2N914			
20-25	2N4137	2N3209 2N2927 2N2695, 6	2N4137 2N3014 2N2847 2N2848	2N3209 2N2927 2N2695, 6	2N3014 2N2847 2N2848	2N3209 2N2927 2N2695, 6	2N3014 2N2847 2N2848			
30-45	2N3299 2N3300 2N3301 2N3302 2N5106* 2N5107*	2N4034 2N2904-7 2N3120, 1 2N3502, 4	2N3299 2N3300 2N3301 2N3302 2N2845 2N2846 2N3015 2N4013 2N3724 2N4046 2N5144*, 5* 2N5106*, 7*	2N5023 2N4034 2N2904-7 2N3120, 1 2N3467 2N3502, 4	2N3299 2N3300 2N3301 2N3302 2N2845 2N2846 2N3015 2N4013 2N3724 2N4046 2N5106*, 7* 2N5144*, 5*	2N5023 2N2904-7 2N3120, 1 2N3467 2N3502, 4	2N3299 2N3300 2N3301 2N3302 2N2845 2N2846 2N3015 2N4013 2N3724 2N4046 2N5106*, 7* 2N5144*, 5*	2N5023 2N3467	2N4013 2N3724 2N4046 2N5144*	2N5023 2N3467 2N4046 2N5145*
45-60		2N3072, 3 2N3503, 5 S18000	2N3722 2N4014 2N3725 2N4047	2N5022 2N3072, 3 2N3503, 5	2N3722 2N4014 2N3725 2N4047	2N5022 2N3072, 3 2N3503, 5	2N3722 2N4014 2N3725 2N4047	2N5022	2N3722 2N4014 2N3725 2N4047	2N5022
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*Radiation Resistant devices

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GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIER AND SWITCH SELECTION GUIDE

Rated V_{CE0} Volts	Optimum Collector Current mA									
	0.10 NPN	50 PNP	10 NPN	100 PNP	100 NPN	300 PNP	300 NPN	500 PNP	500 NPN	1000 PNP
10-20	2N4251* 2N5200* 2N5201*		2N4251*							
25-30	FT107A 2N3299-3302 2N5106*, 07*	2N2695, 96 2N2927	2N3299-3302 2N5106*, 07* SE8041, 42	2N7695, 96 2N2927	2N3299-3302 2N5106*, 07* SE8041, 42	2N2695, 96* 2N2927	2N3299-3302 2N5106*, 07* SE8041, 42		SE8041, 42	
40-45	FT107B 2N3109, 10 2N3642	2N4034, 35 2N3964 2N4359 2N5244*	2N3109, 10	2N3120, 21 2N3504, 02 2N5042 2N2904-07 2N5244*	2N3109, 10	2N3120, 21 2N3504, 02 2N5042 2N2904-07	2N3109, 10	2N3504, 02 2N5042	2N3109, 10	2N5042
60	FT107C 2N2483, 84 2N4960, 62	2N3962 2N3965 2N4359 2N4026, 28 2N4030, 32	2N3107, 08 2N4960, 62	2N3505, 03 2N4026, 28 2N4030, 32 2N3072, 73	2N3107, 08 2N4960, 62	2N3505, 03 2N4026, 28 2N4030, 32 2N3072, 73	2N3107, 08 2N4960, 62 2N4030, 32	2N3505, 03 2N4026, 28 2N4030, 32	2N3107, 08	2N4026, 28 2N4030, 32
80	2N4961, 63	2N3963 2N4027, 29 2N4031, 33	2N4961, 63	2N4027, 29 2N4031, 33	2N4961, 63	2N4027, 29 2N4031, 33	2N4961, 63	2N4027, 29 2N4031, 33		2N4027, 29 2N4031, 33
120	SE7002		SE7002							
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*Radiation Resistant devices

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2N703	9-25	2N2195	9-129	2N3302	9-264
2N717	9-11	2N2195A	9-129	2N3485	9-286
2N718	9-11	2N2195B	9-129	2N3485A	9-286
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2N719	9-17	2N2218	9-132	2N3586A	9-286
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RF/IF AMPLIFIER SELECTION GUIDE

f MHz	Polarity	Device	Power Gain dB (min)	@	f MHz	NF dB (max)	@	f MHz	C _{cb} pF (max)
27	NPN	SE8010	10.8		27				9.0
45	NPN	SE5055	27		45	5.0		45	0.22
60	NPN	2N4134	17		60	2.5		60	0.50
100	PNP	2N4034	25 typ		100	6.0		100	3.5
	PNP	2N5244*	25 typ		100	6.0		100	3.5
	NPN	SE5050	20		100	4.0		100	0.5
200	NPN	2N918	15		200	6.0		60	1.7
	NPN	2N2616	15		200	6.0		60	2.8
	NPN	SE5020	20		200	3.3		200	0.5
250	NPN	2N3137	6		250				3.5
	NPN	2N5236*	6		250				3.5
450	NPN	2N4135	8		450	5.0		450	0.5

RF/IF OSCILLATOR SELECTION GUIDE

f MHz	Polarity	Device	OSC P _o mW (min)	@	I _c mA
100	PNP	2N4034	200 typ		10
	PNP	2N5244*	200 typ		10
500	NPN	2N918	30		8
	NPN	2N2616	30		8
	PNP	2N4208	10 typ		10
	PNP	2N4872*	10 typ		10
1000	NPN	FT17	35		15

*Radiation Resistant devices

RF/IF AMPLIFIERS & OSCILLATORS (METAL CAN) NUMERICAL INDEX

Type	Page No.	Type	Page No.	Type	Page No.
2N918	9-88	2N4034	9-330	SE5023	9-364
FR1718 (2N5244)	9-405	2N4035	9-330	SE5024	9-364
2N2616	9-178	2N4134	9-338	SE5050	9-372
2N2729	9-178	2N4135	9-338	SE5051	9-372
2N3012	9-211	2N4207	9-346	SE5052	9-376
2N3137	9-250	2N4208	9-346	SE5055	9-380
2N3209	9-254	2N4209	9-346	2N5144	9-394
2N3337	9-276	2N4872	9-352	2N5145	9-394
2N3338	9-276	SE5020	9-364	2N5236	9-401
2N3339	9-276	SE5021	9-364		
		SE5022	9-364		

Additional General Purpose Amplifiers and Switches

Type	Page No.
FT107a	9-7
FT107b	9-7d
FT107c	9-8
FT123	9-8d
2N4359	9-351a
SE8010	9-417a
SE8041	9-418
SE8042	9-418
SE8541	9-418
SE8542	9-418

FT107A • SE4022

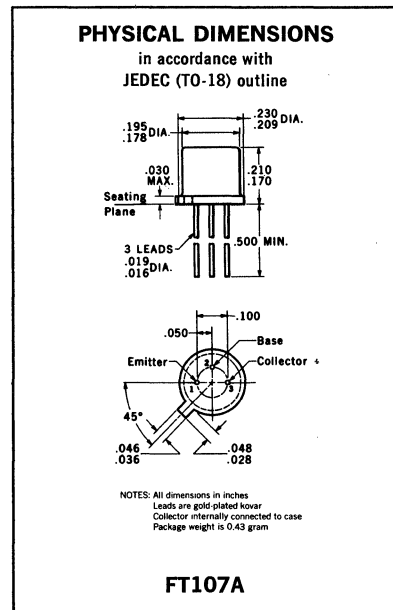
NPN LOW LEVEL, LOW NOISE AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- **LOW 1/f NOISE** $NF = 8.0 \text{ dB (MAX) AT } 10 \text{ Hz, } 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$
- **HIGH GAIN** $h_{FE} = 900 \text{ (MIN) AT } 10 \mu\text{A}$
 $h_{FE} = 1200 \text{ (MIN) AT } 10 \text{ mA}$
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** . . . $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.2 \text{ V (MAX) AT } 10 \text{ mA/0.5 mA}$
- **LOW LEAKAGE** $I_{CBO} = 2.0 \text{ nA (MAX) AT } V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
 $I_{CBO} = 50 \text{ nA (MAX) AT } V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V, } T_A = 65^\circ\text{C (SE4022)}$
 $I_{CBO} = 1.0 \mu\text{A (MAX) AT } V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V, } T_A = 125^\circ\text{C (FT107A)}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

	FT107A	SE4022
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperatures	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +125°C
Operating Junction Temperatures	+150°C	+125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds time limit)	+300°C	+260°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	0.86 Watt	0.5 Watt
25°C Ambient Temperature	0.26 Watt	0.2 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	30 Volts	30 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts	30 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts	8.0 Volts
I_C Continuous Collector Current	50 mA	50 mA

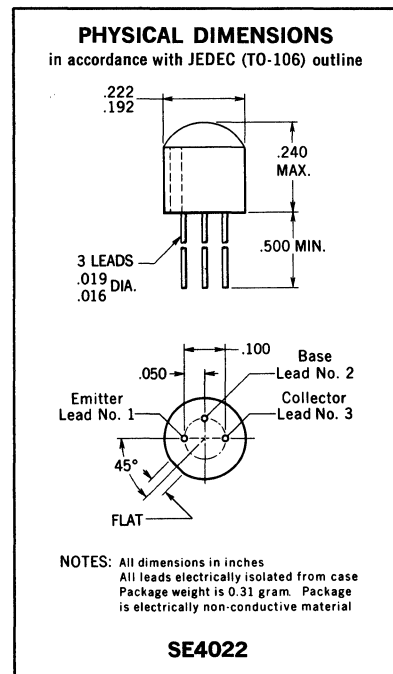


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	4.0	6.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $R_S = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 400 \text{ Hz}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	1.0	3.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 400 \text{ Hz}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	2.0	6.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $R_S = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 400 \text{ Hz}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz)	5.0	8.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $R_S = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 10 \text{ Hz}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	900	1100			$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	1000	1580			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	1200	1735			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	1200	1540	2200		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	300				$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(100^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5) (FT107A)		2140	3300		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	2.0	2.8			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on Page 2

Notes on Page 4



*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

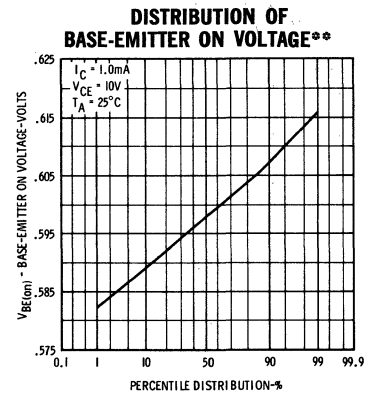
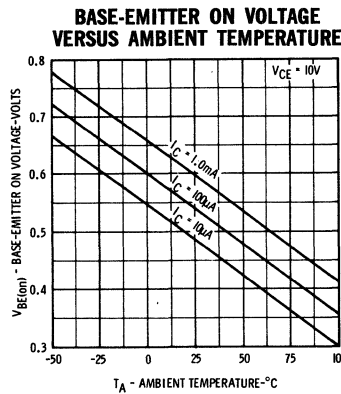
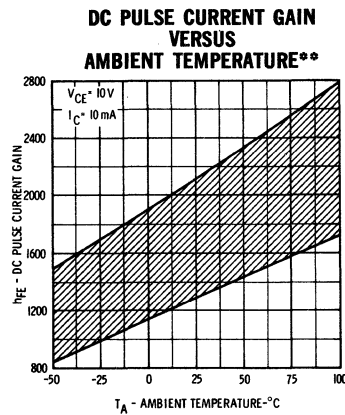
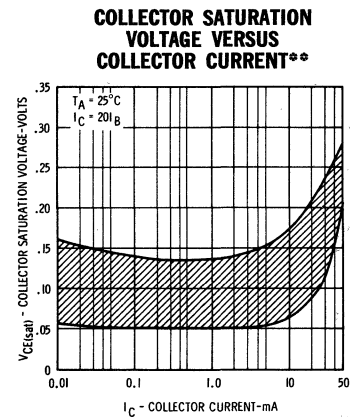
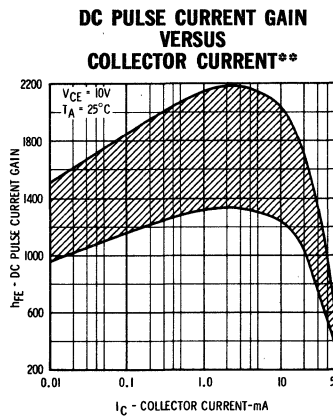
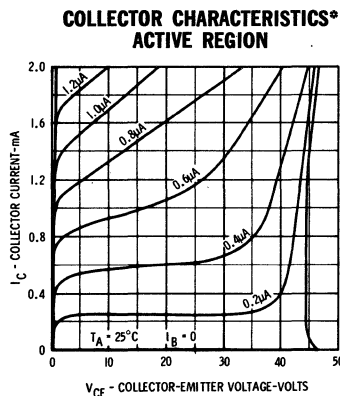
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS • FT107A • SE4022

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.02	2.0	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(65^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current (SE4022)		0.3	50	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current (FT107A)		0.02	1.0	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.03	1.0	nA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 5.0\text{ V}$
C_{cb}	Collector Base Capacitance		2.5	4.0	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0\text{ V}$
C_{eb}	Emitter Base Capacitance		2.9	6.0	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30			Volts	$I_C = 5.0\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	30			Volts	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.085	0.2	Volt	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.14	0.3	Volt	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 5.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(on)}$	Base to Emitter On Voltage		0.6	0.7	Volt	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

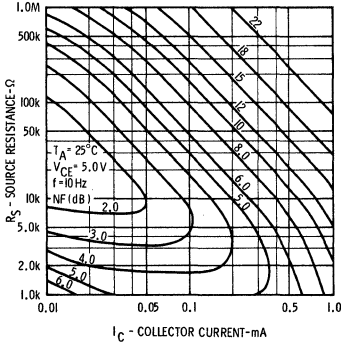


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

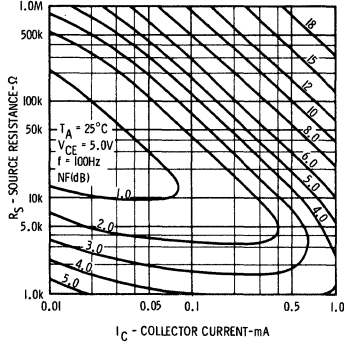
** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

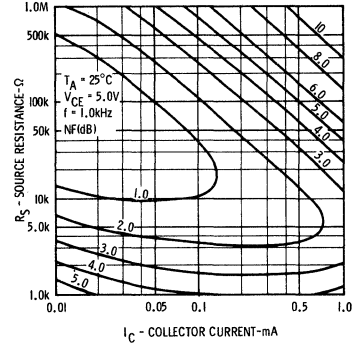
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



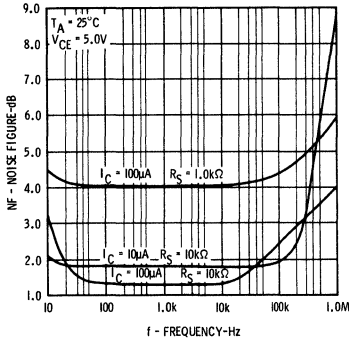
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



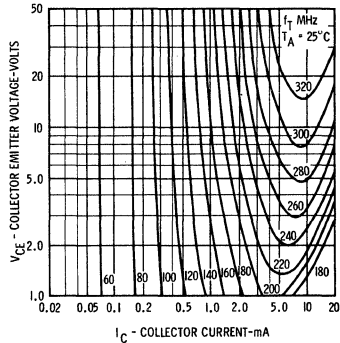
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



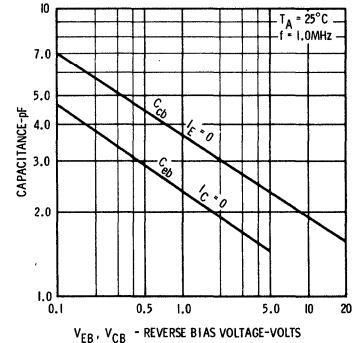
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



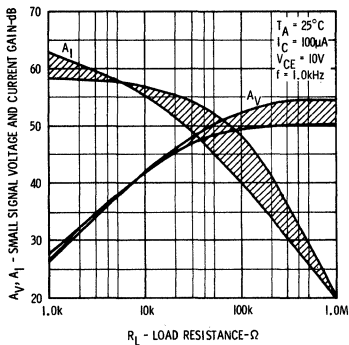
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



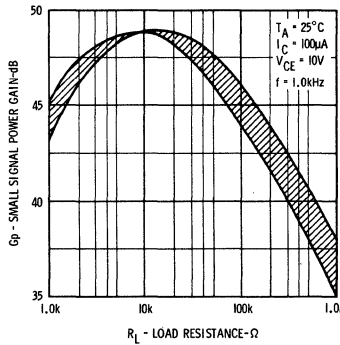
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



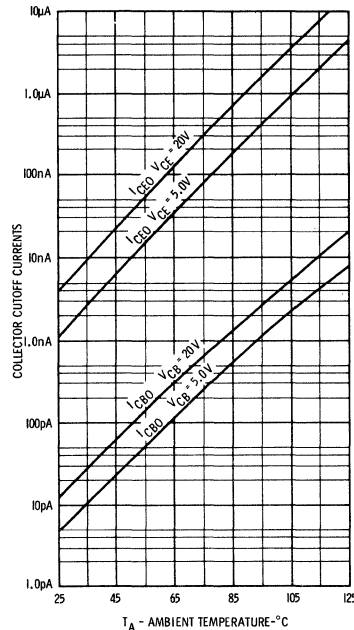
SMALL SIGNAL VOLTAGE AND CURRENT GAIN VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE**



SMALL SIGNAL POWER GAIN VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE**



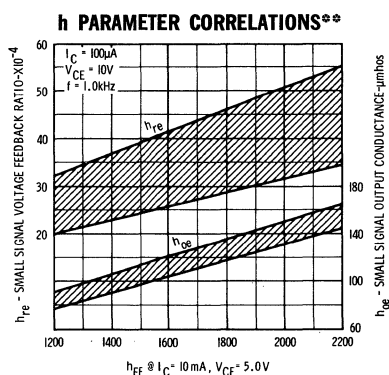
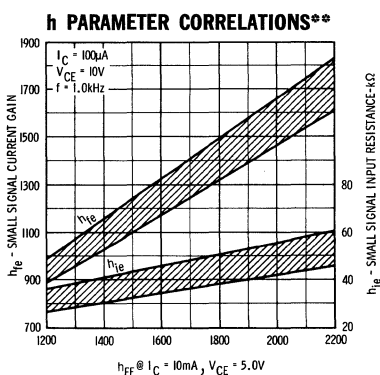
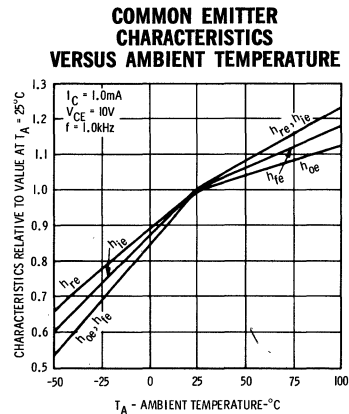
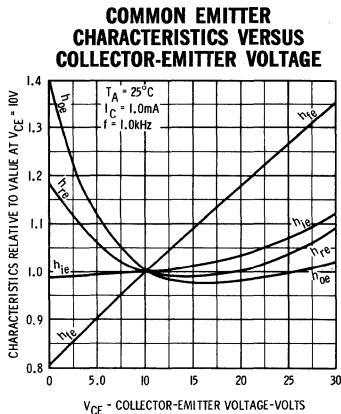
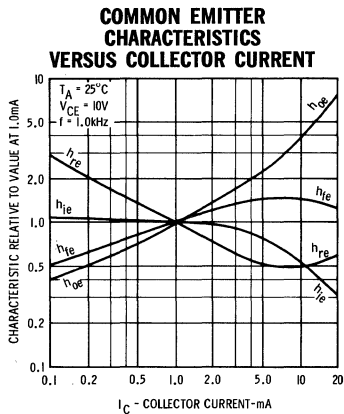
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENTS VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS • FT107A • SE4022

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	TYP.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	39	kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	120	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	33	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	1630		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 480°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for FT107A. A maximum junction temperature of 125°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 200°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C) for SE4022.
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.

FT107B • SE4021

NPN LOW LEVEL, LOW NOISE AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- **LOW 1/f NOISE** **NF = 6.0 dB (TYP) AT 10 Hz, 1.0 kΩ**
- **HIGH GAIN** **$h_{FE} = 450$ (MIN) AT 10 μ A**
 $h_{FE} = 600$ (MIN) AT 10 mA
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** . . . **$V_{CE(sat)} = 0.2$ V (MAX) AT 10 mA/0.5 mA**
- **LOW LEAKAGE** **$I_{CBO} = 2.0$ nA (MAX) AT $V_{CB} = 30$ V**
 $I_{CBO} = 50$ nA (MAX) AT $V_{CB} = 30$ V, $T_A = 65^\circ$ C (SE4021)
 $I_{CBO} = 1.0$ μ A (MAX) AT $V_{CB} = 30$ V, $T_A = 125^\circ$ C (FT107B)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

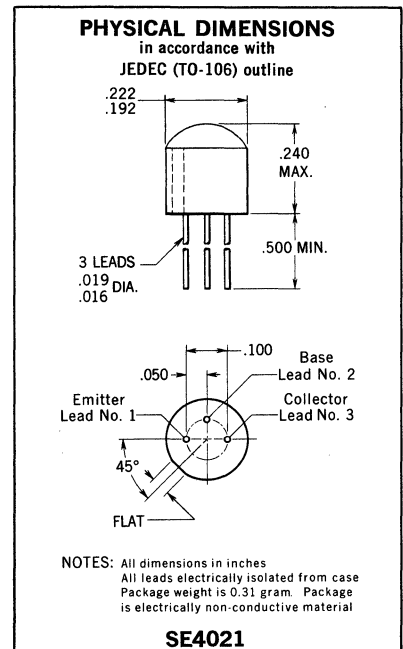
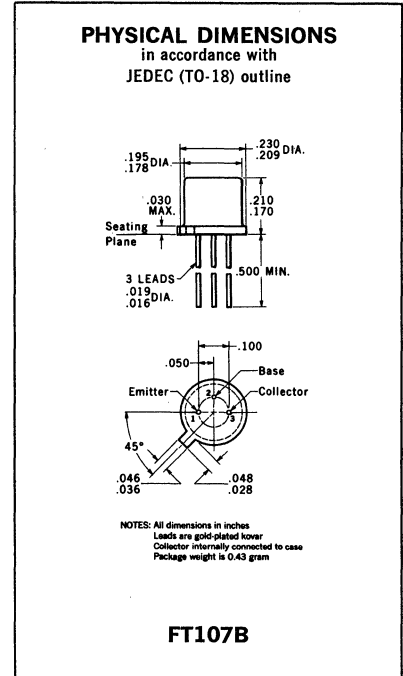
	FT107B	SE4021
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperatures	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +125°C
Operating Junction Temperatures	+150°C	+125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds time limit)	+300°C	+260°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	0.86 Watt	0.5 Watt
25°C Ambient Temperature	0.26 Watt	0.2 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	45 Volts	45 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	45 Volts	45 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts	8.0 Volts
I_C Continuous Collector Current	50 mA	50 mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	3.5	6.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 1.0$ kΩ $BW = 400$ Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	1.5	4.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 10$ kΩ $BW = 400$ Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	2.5	8.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 100$ kΩ $BW = 400$ Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 100 Hz)	3.5			dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 1.0$ kΩ $BW = 8.0$ Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz)	6.0	(Note 6)		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 1.0$ kΩ $BW = 10$ Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	1.5	3.0		dB	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 10$ kΩ $BW = 400$ Hz
NF	Wide-Band Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz)	1.5	3.0		dB	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 10$ kΩ $BW = 15.7$ kHz
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	450	735			$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	500	840			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	550	960			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	600	950	1550		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Current Gain	130				$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$h_{FE}(100^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (FT107B) (Note 5)		1200	2300		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	1.5	2.6			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V

Additional Characteristics on Page 2

Notes on Page 4



*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

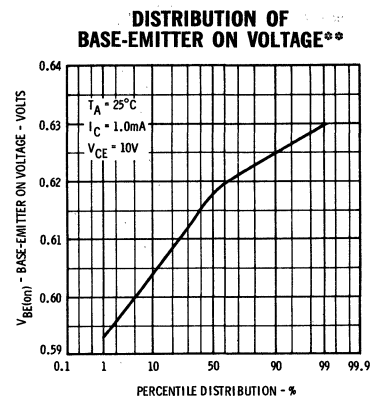
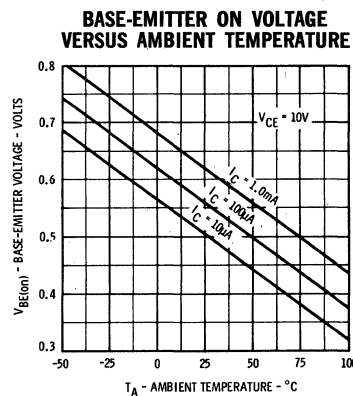
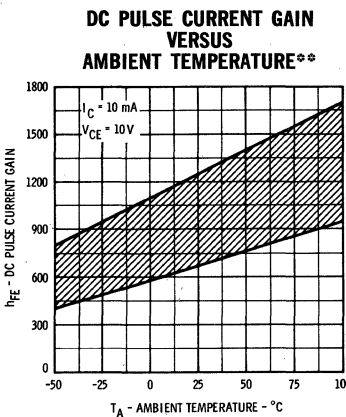
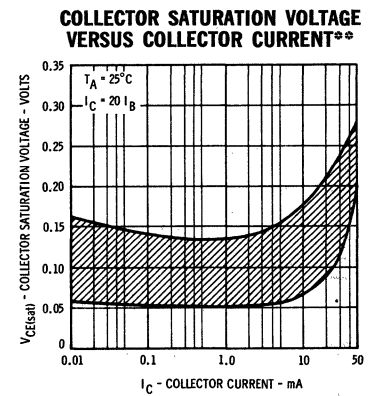
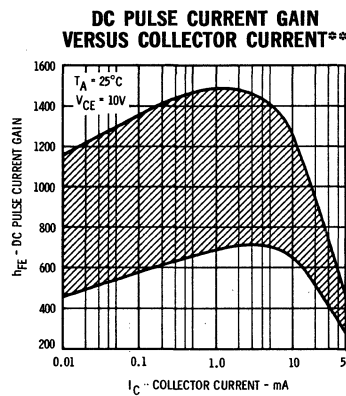
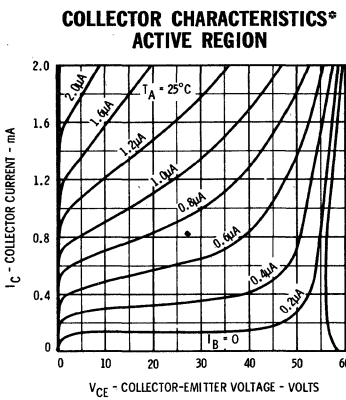


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS • FT107B • SE4021

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.1	2.0	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(65^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current (SE4021)		1.0	50	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(125^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current (FT107B)		0.07	1.0	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.005	1.0	nA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 5.0\text{ V}$
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance		2.5	4.0	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0\text{ V}$
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance		3.5	6.0	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	45			Volts	$I_C = 5.0\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	45			Volts	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.12	0.2	Volt	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.18	0.3	Volt	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 5.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(on)}$	Base to Emitter On Voltage		0.62	0.7	Volt	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

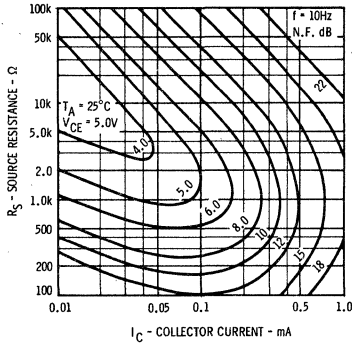


* Single family characteristics on Curve Tracer.

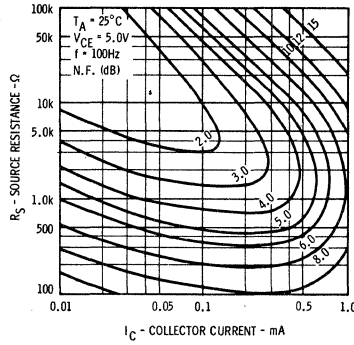
** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

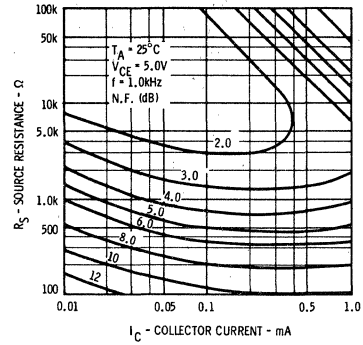
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



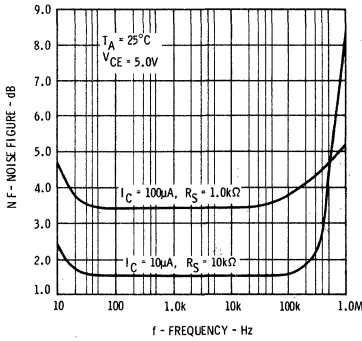
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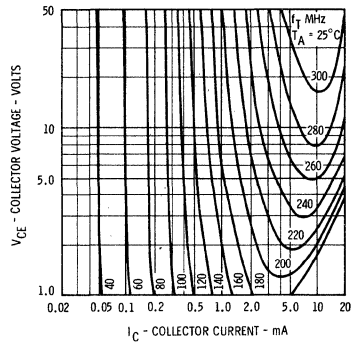
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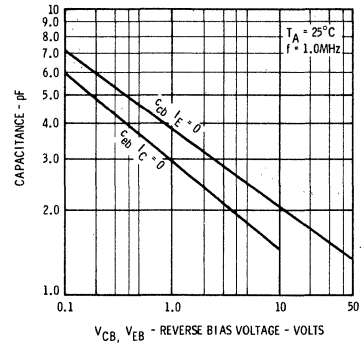
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



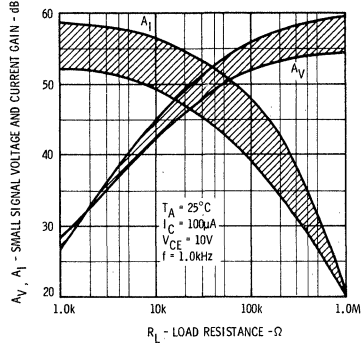
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



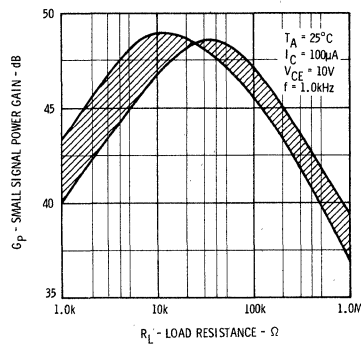
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



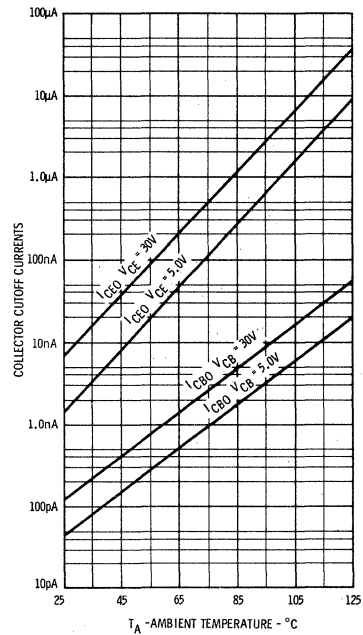
SMALL SIGNAL VOLTAGE AND CURRENT GAIN VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE**



SMALL SIGNAL POWER GAIN VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE**



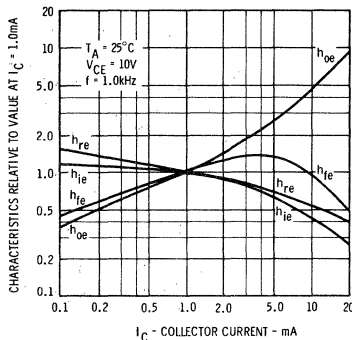
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENTS VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



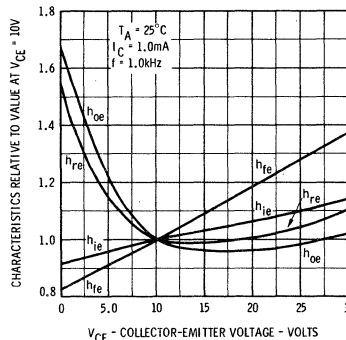
** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

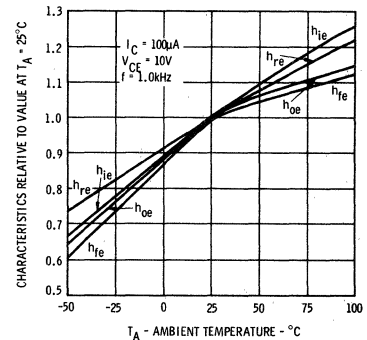
COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



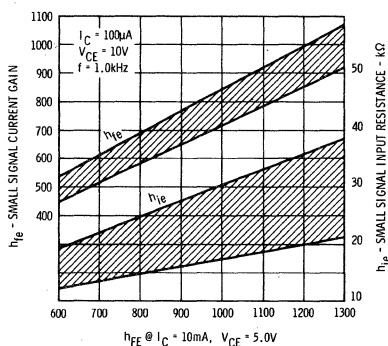
COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS VERSUS COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE



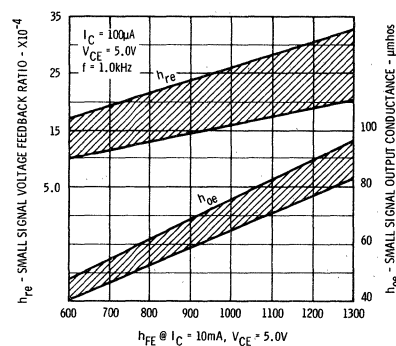
COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



h PARAMETER CORRELATIONS**



h PARAMETER CORRELATIONS**



** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	TYP.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	28	kΩ	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	74	µmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	23	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	1050		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 480°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for FT107B. A maximum junction temperature of 125°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 200°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C) for SE4021.
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 µs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) Normally >90% of the units will have NF less than 11 dB.

FT107C • SE4020

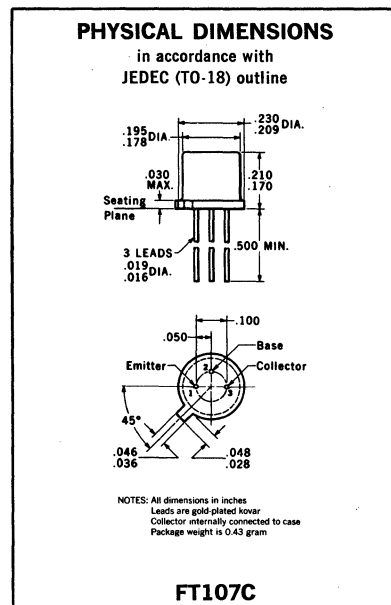
NPN LOW LEVEL, LOW NOISE AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- **LOW 1/f NOISE** NF = 2.5 dB (TYP) AT 100 Hz; 1.0 kΩ
- **HIGH GAIN** $h_{FE} = 100$ (MIN) AT 10 μ A
 $h_{FE} = 150$ (MIN) AT 10 mA
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.2$ V (MAX) AT 10 mA/0.5 mA
- **LOW LEAKAGE** $I_{CBO} = 2.0$ nA (MAX) AT $V_{CB} = 45$ V
 $I_{CBO} = 50$ nA (MAX) AT $V_{CB} = 45$ V, $T_A = 65^\circ\text{C}$ (SE4020)
 $I_{CBO} = 1.0$ μ A (MAX) AT $V_{CB} = 45$ V, $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (FT107C)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

	FT107C	SE4020
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperatures	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +125°C
Operating Junction Temperatures	+150°C	+125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds time limit)	+300°C	+260°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.86 Watt 0.26 Watt	0.5 Watt 0.2 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts	8.0 Volts
I_C Continuous Collector Current	50 mA	50 mA

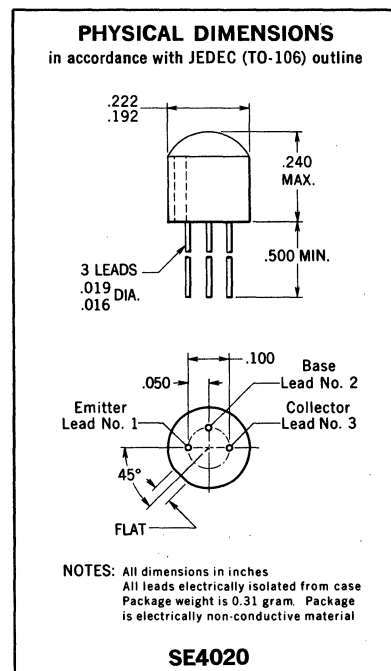


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	2.5	6.0		dB	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 1.0$ kΩ BW = 400 Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	1.5	3.0		dB	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 10$ kΩ BW = 400 Hz
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (f = 100 Hz)	2.5			dB	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 1.0$ kΩ BW = 8.0 Hz
NF	Wide-Band Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz)	1.5	3.0		dB	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V $R_S = 10$ kΩ BW = 15.7 kHz
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	100	205			$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	120	245			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	135	290			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	150	310	950		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	25				$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$h_{FE}(100^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (FT107C) (Note 5)	400	1450			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	1.0	2.0			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on Page 2

Notes on Page 4



*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

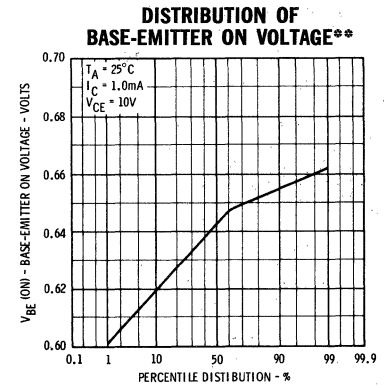
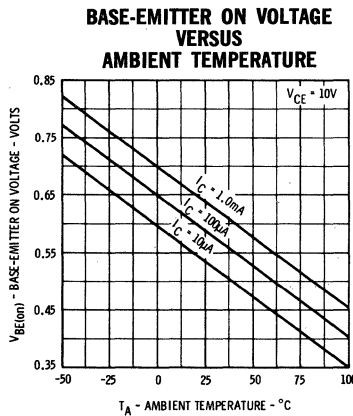
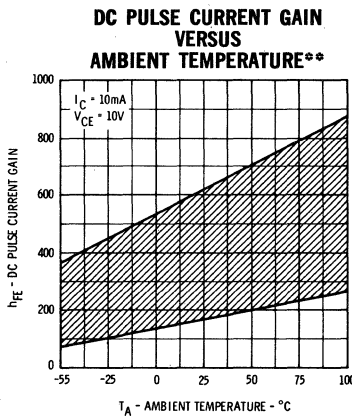
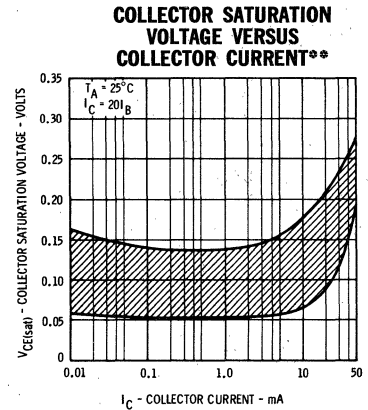
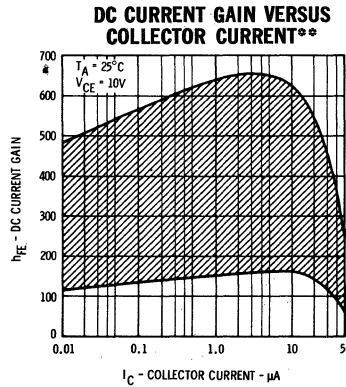
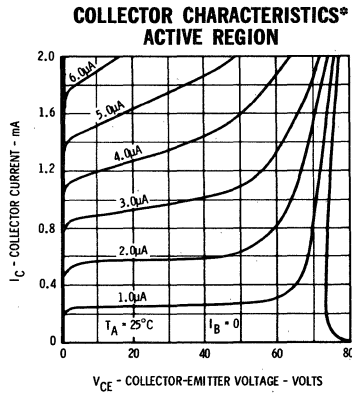
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS • FT107C • SE4020

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	2.0	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45 V$
$I_{CBO(65^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current (SE4020)		3.0	50	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45 V$
$I_{CBO(125^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current (FT107C)		0.1	1.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45 V$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.007	1.0	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 V$
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance		2.5	4.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 V$
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance		4.0	6.0	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 V$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	60			Volts	$I_C = 5.0 mA$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	60			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu A$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.12	0.2	Volt	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 0.5 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.17	0.3	Volt	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 5.0 mA$
$V_{BE(on)}$	Base to Emitter On Voltage		0.64	0.7	Volt	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 V$

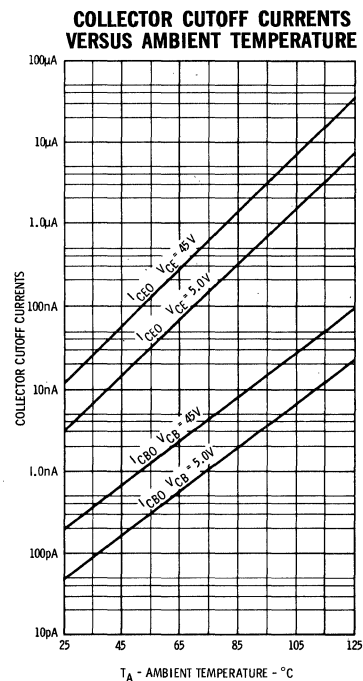
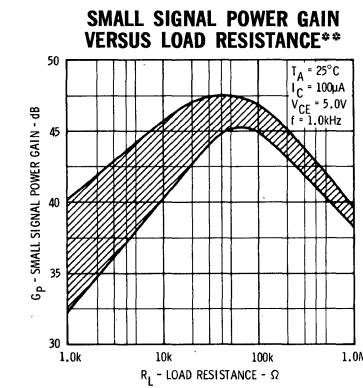
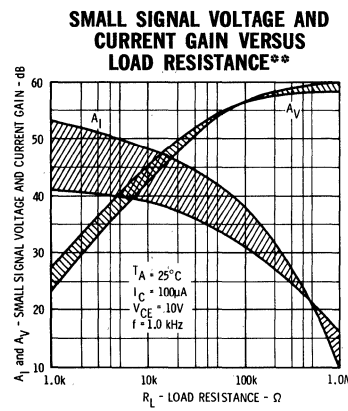
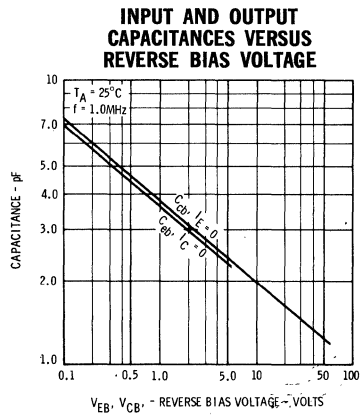
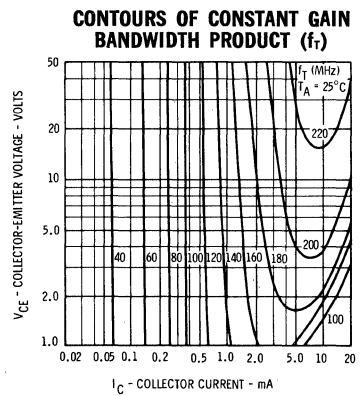
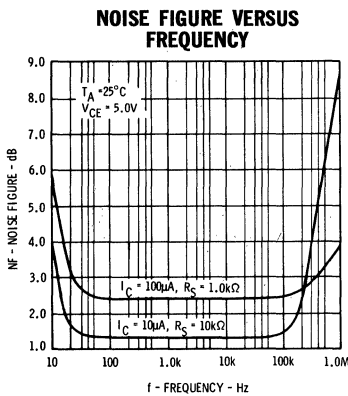
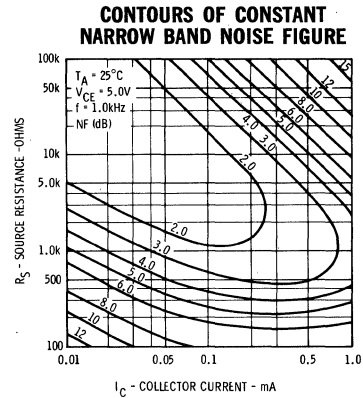
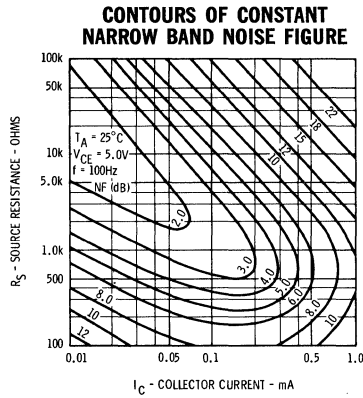
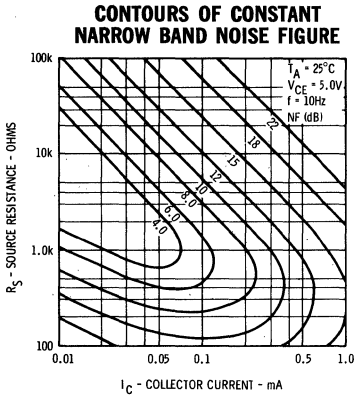
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

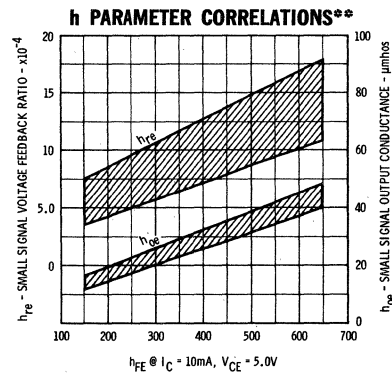
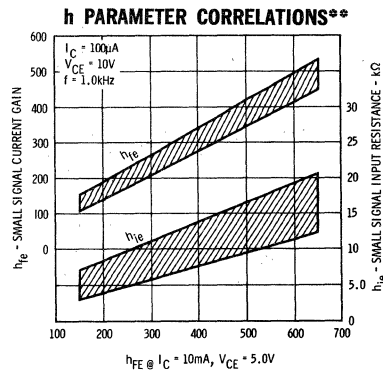
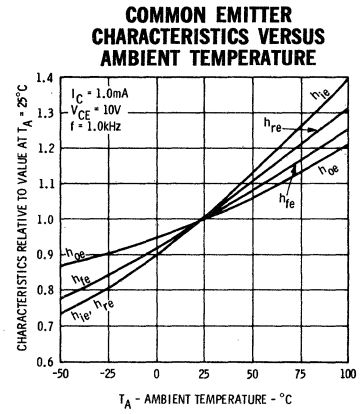
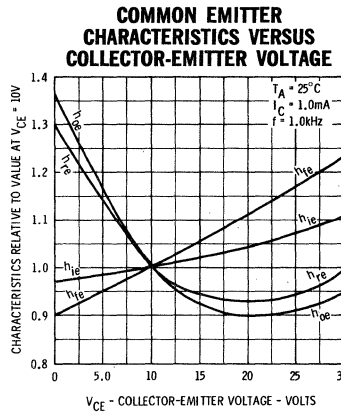
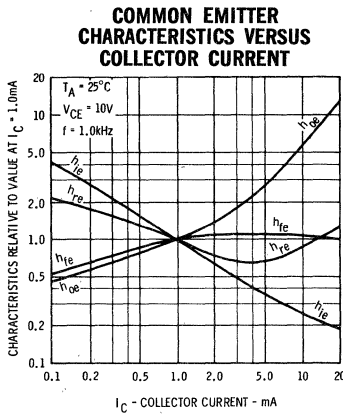
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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



** In recognition of the needs of computer aided design, correlation and distribution information is shown for key parameters. These curves are not guaranteed but represent with a high degree of confidence the distributions and correlations to be expected.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	TYP.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	8.5	kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	24	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	7.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	335		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 480°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for FT107C. A maximum junction temperature of 125°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 200°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C) for SE4020.
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.



FT123

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE VIDEO OUTPUT TRANSISTOR DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

- **HIGH VOLTAGE** $V_{CEO} = 300 \text{ V (MIN)}$
- **LOW C_{cb}** $3.0 \text{ pF (MAX) AT } V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** $f_T = 60 \text{ MHz (MIN)}$
- **HIGH POWER DISSIPATION** $P_D = 1.0 \text{ W AT } T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $P_D = 5.0 \text{ W AT } T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

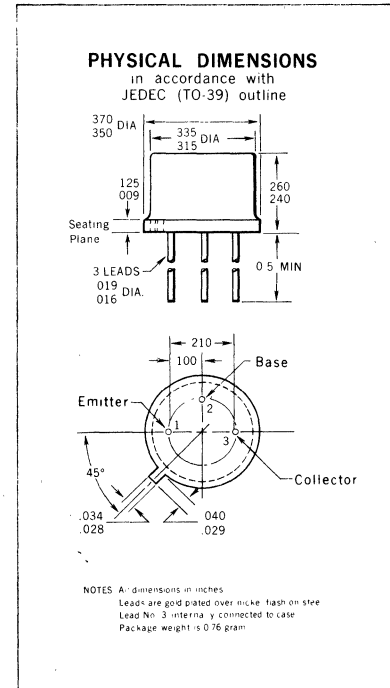
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	+300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature at 25°C Ambient Temperature	5.0 Watts 1.0 Watt
---	-----------------------

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	300 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	300 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance		2.0	3.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	3.0	3.5			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	50			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	70			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25	50			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	300	340		Volts	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA (pulsed)}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	300	340		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0	10		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0	200	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		0.25	5.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		1.0	100	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 6.0 \text{ V}$
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance		40	45	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.74	0.8	Volts	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.50	1.5	Volts	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$

Notes on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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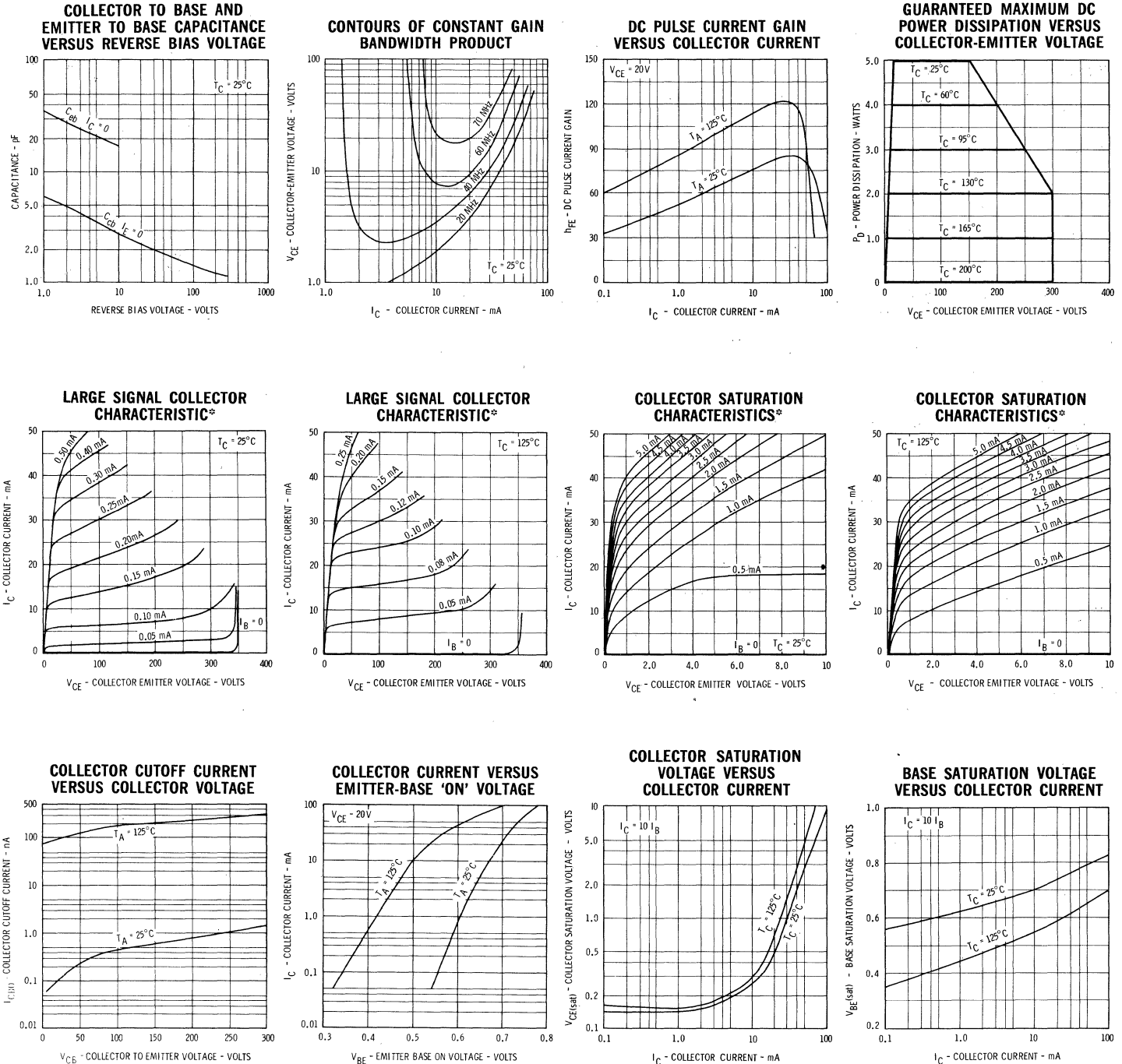
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR FT123

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations. Note Power Dissipation Curve shown below.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 35°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.7 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.72 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

2N497 · 2N498 · 2N656 · 2N657

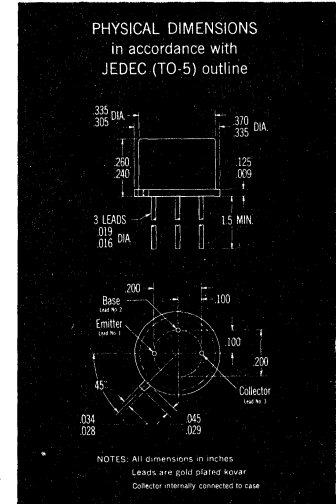
NPN GENERAL PURPOSE HIGH VOLTAGE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3108
OR 2N3114**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These high voltage NPN double diffused silicon transistors are designed for use in high performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25° C) [Note 1]	2N497/2N656	2N498/2N657
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65° C to +300° C	-65° C to +300° C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200° C Maximum	+200° C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at Case Temperature 25° C [Note 2 & 3]	4.0 Watts	4.0 Watts
at Ambient Temperature 25° C	0.8 Watt	0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V _{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts	100 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage	60 Volts	100 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts	8.0 Volts



GUARANTEED ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N497		2N498		2N656		2N657		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
BV _{CBO}	Breakdown Voltage	60	100	60	100	60	100	60	100	Volts	I _C = 100 μA I _E = 0
BV _{CEO}	Breakdown Voltage	60	100	60	100	60	100	60	100	Volts	I _C = 250 μA I _B = 0
BV _{EBO}	Breakdown Voltage	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	Volts	I _E = 250 μA I _C = 0
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V
h _{FE}	Current Transfer Ratio	12	36	12	36	30	90	30	90		I _C = 200 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{IE}	Input Impedance	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	ohms	I _B = 8.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
R _{CS}	Saturation Resistance	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	ohms	I _C = 200 mA I _B = 40 mA

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N497-98		2N656-57	Units	Test Conditions
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	27	27	60		I _C = 200 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	20	45		I _C = 100 μA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	1.1	1.1	1.1	Volts	I _C = 200 mA I _B = 40 mA
C _{ob}	Collector Capacitance	13	13	13	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance	60	60	60	pF	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.4	0.4	0.4	mμA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 90 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current (150° C)	1.5	1.5	1.5	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 90 V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain f = 20 MHz	2.5	2.5	3.5		I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Current	0.1	0.1	0.1	mμA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

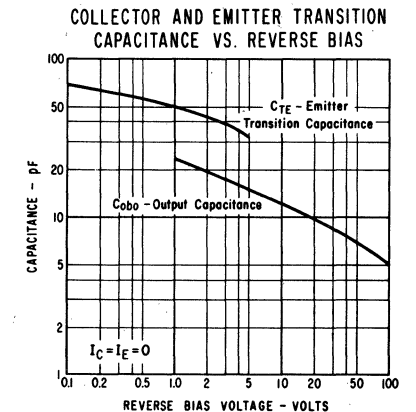
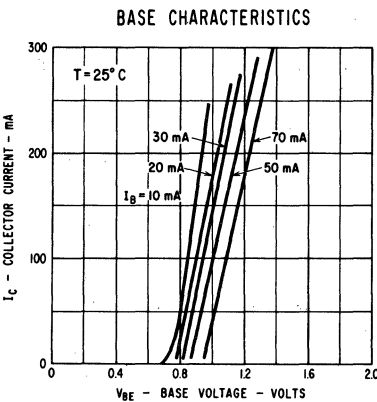
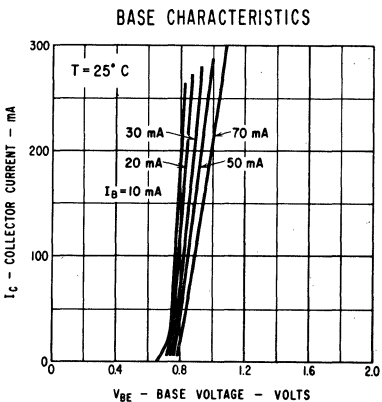
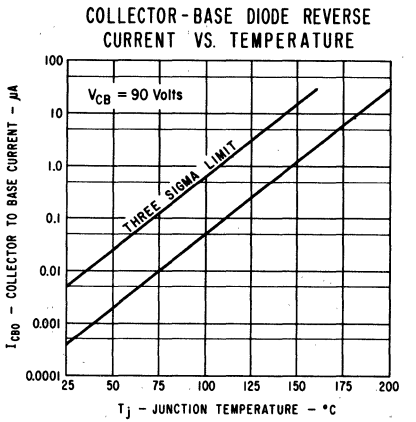
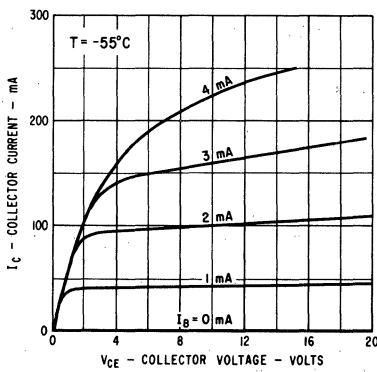
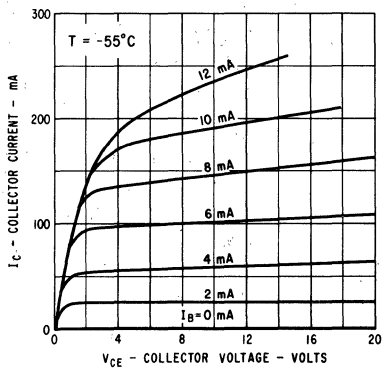
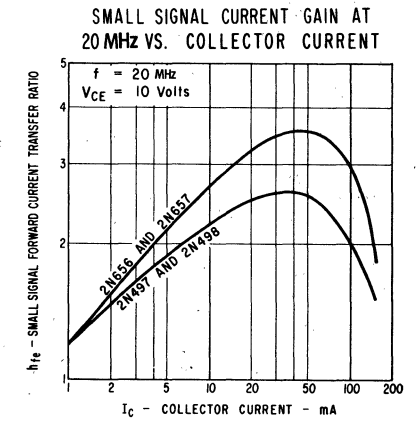
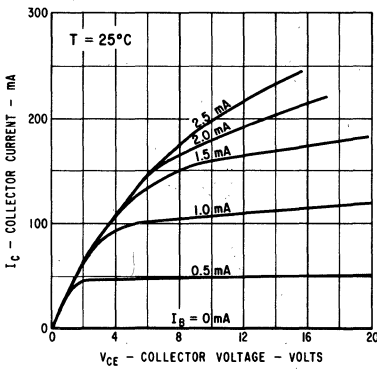
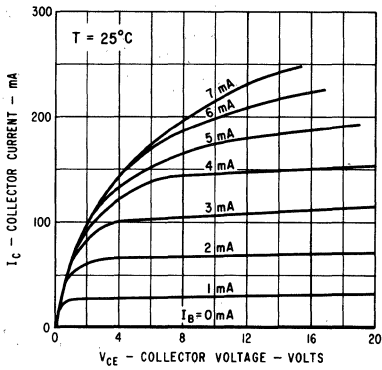
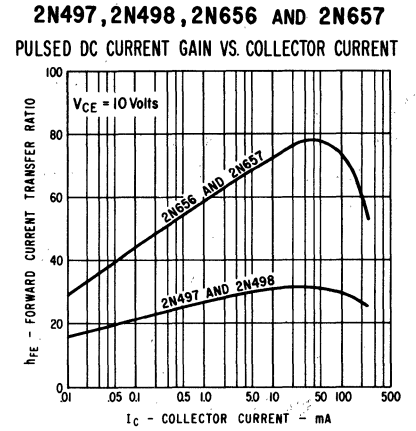
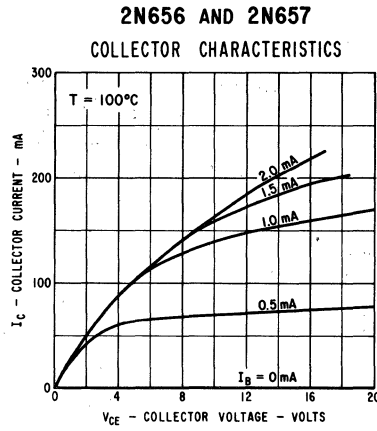
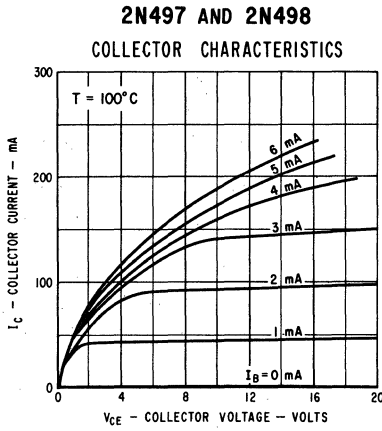
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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/Watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C).

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



2N696 • 2N697 • 2N717 • 2N718 • 2N1420

NPN GENERAL PURPOSE TYPE DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTORS

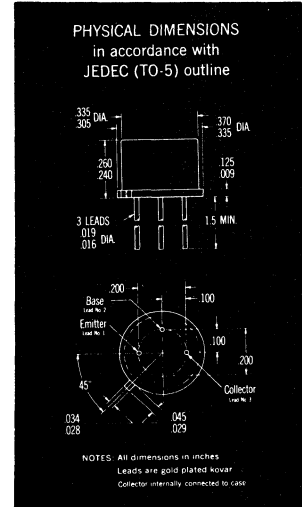
These transistors are designed for high-performance amplifier, oscillator and some switching applications. They perform at frequencies from dc to VHF and over more than 3 decades of current. They have been in wide usage for several years and are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

Superior replacements offering PLANAR reliability and performance are available as the 2N1613, 2N1711 and 2N718A.

Type	Military Designation
2N696	MIL-S-19500/99A (Sig C)
2N697	MIL-S-19500/99A (Sig C)
2N1613	MIL-S-19500/181 (Navy)
2N1711	MIL-S-19500/225 (Navy)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

	2N696 2N697 2N1420	2N717 2N718
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum	175°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	2.0 Watts	1.5 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	1.0 Watt	0.75 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.6 Watt	0.4 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts	60 Volts
V _{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage (R _{BE} ≤ 10Ω) [Note 4]	40 Volts	40 Volts
	(30V for 2N1420)	
V _{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts



2N696 • 2N697 • 2N1420

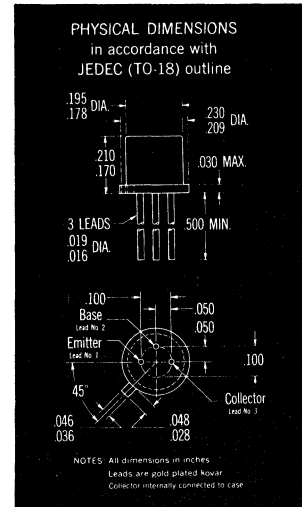
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N717 2N696			2N718 2N697			2N1420		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.		
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	40	60	40	75	120	100	300		I _c = 150 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	1.0	1.3		1.0	1.3		1.0	1.3	Volts	I _c = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.7	1.5		0.7	1.5		0.7	1.5	Volts	I _c = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
h _{FE}	High Frequency Current Gain f = 20 mc	2.0	3.0		2.5	4.0		2.5	5.0		I _c = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance	17	35		17	35		17	35	pf	I _e = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
I _{CB0}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.01	1.0		0.01	1.0		0.01	1.0	μA	I _e = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V
I _{CB0} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current	0.7	100		0.7	100		0.7	100	μA	I _e = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V

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NOTES:

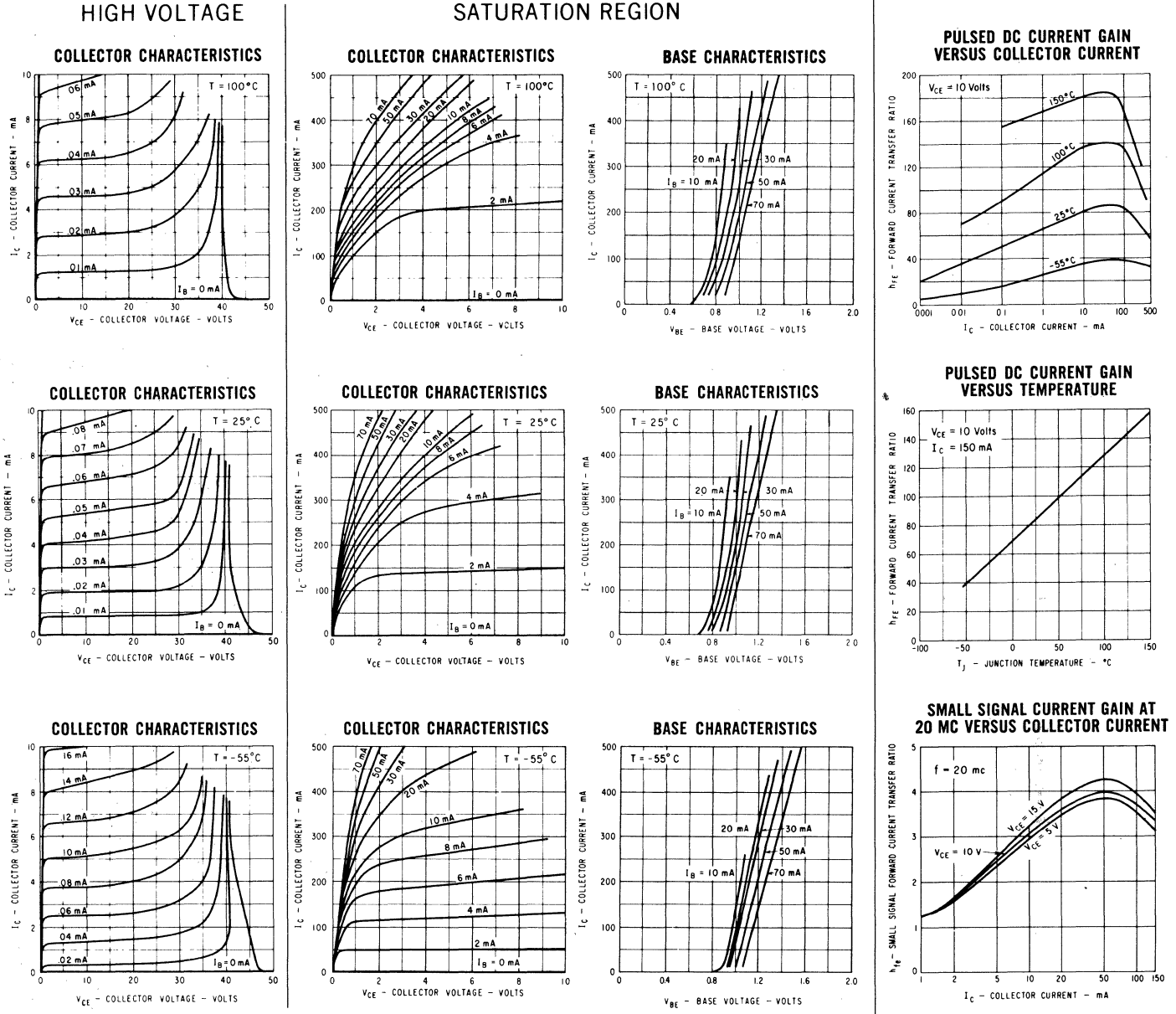
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 75°C/watt (derating factor of 13.3 mW/°C) for the 2N696, 2N697 and 2N1420; junction-to-case thermal resistance of 100°C/watt (derating factor of 10mW/°C) for the 2N717 and 2N718.
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.



2N717 • 2N718

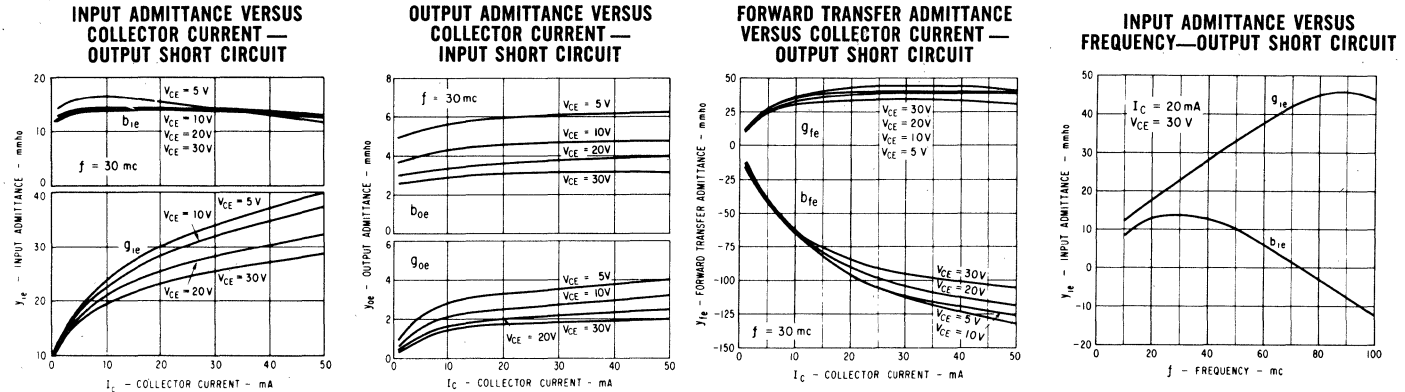
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS—TYPES 2N697 AND 2N718

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER 'Y' PARAMETERS

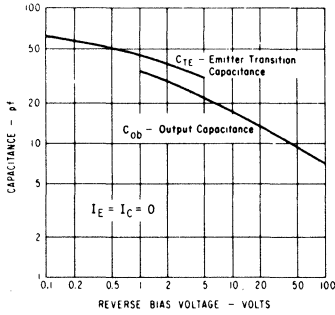


NOTE: The 2N696, 2N717 and 2N1420 are similar to the 2N697 and 2N718 except for values of h_{FE} and h_{fo} .

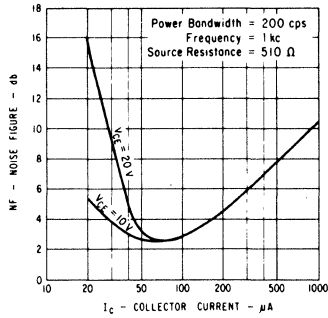
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS—TYPES 2N697 AND 2N718

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

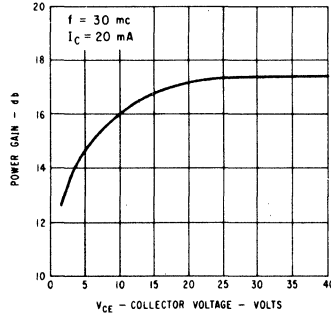
COLLECTOR AND EMITTER TRANSITION CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



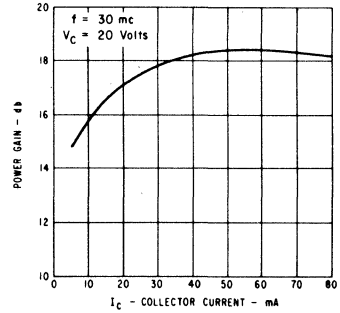
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



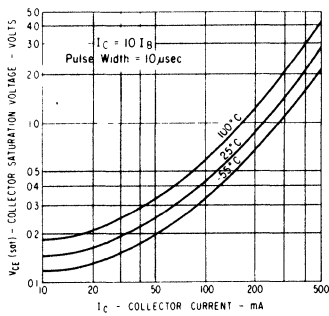
30 MC POWER GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



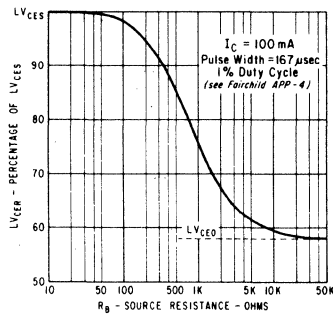
30 MC POWER GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



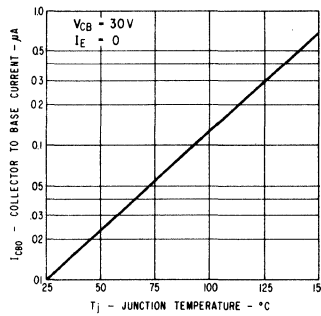
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



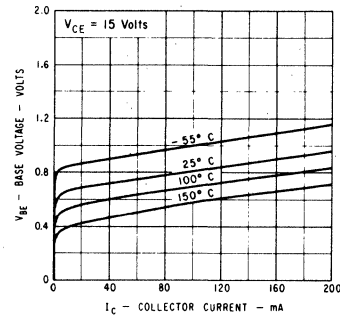
LOWER LIMITING VOLTAGE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE



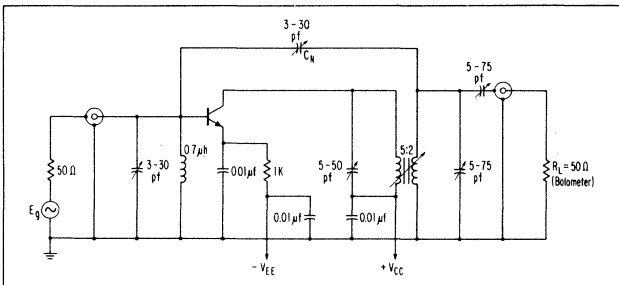
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



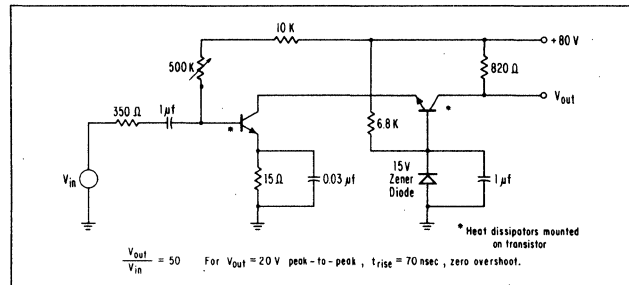
BASE VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT (NON-SATURATED HIGH SPEED PULSE)



TEST AMPLIFIER FOR MEASURING 30MC NEUTRALIZED POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE

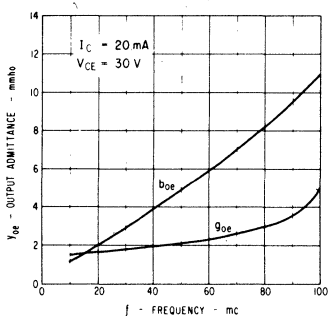


HIGH LEVEL VIDEO AMPLIFIER

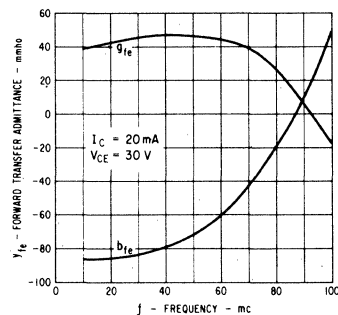


TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER 'Y' PARAMETERS

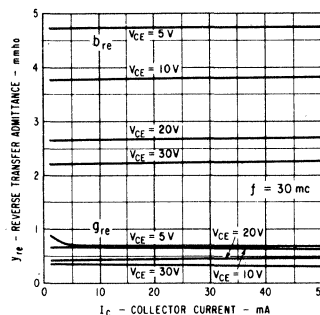
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY—INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



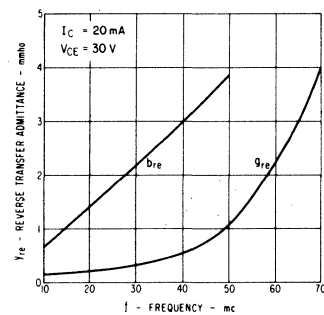
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY—OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT—INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY—INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

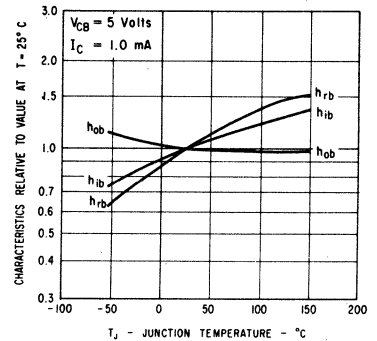
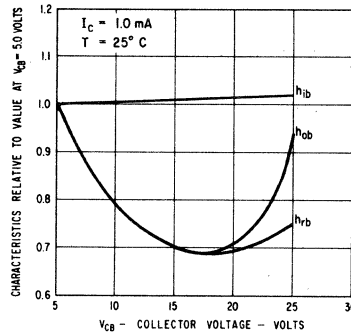
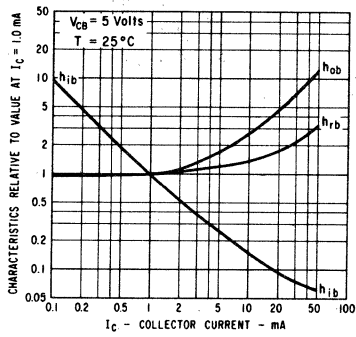


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS—TYPES 2N697 AND 2N718

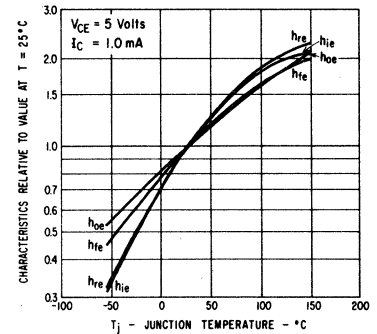
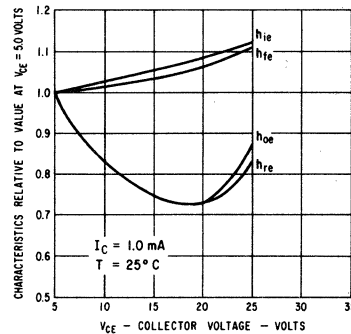
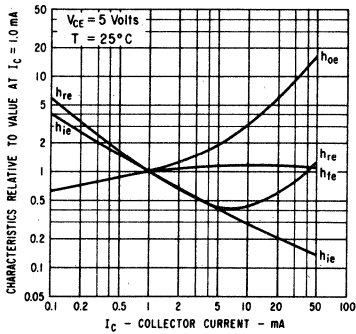
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1KC)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	24	27	34	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		4.0	6.3	8.0	Ohms		$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.7	3.0		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		0.8	3.0		$\times 10^{-4}$		$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Small Signal Current Gain	30	55	100		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		35	70	150			$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.1	0.16	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		0.1	0.19	1.0	μmho		$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		2.2		K ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		3.6		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		12.5		μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



NOTE: All graphs show typical variation with operating point and temperature.

2N698

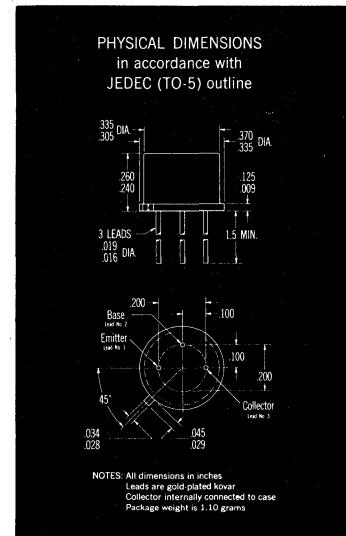
NPN GENERAL PURPOSE HIGH VOLTAGE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - NPN double diffused silicon Planar* transistor designed for a wide variety of amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures			
Storage Temperature		-65° C to +300° C	
Operating Junction Temperature		+200° C Maximum	
Maximum Power Dissipation			
Total Dissipation at Case Temperature	25° C [Note 2 & 3]	3.0 Watts	
	at Case Temperature	100° C [Note 2 & 3]	1.7 Watts
	at Free-Air Temperature	25° C	0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages			
V _{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	120 Volts	
V _{CER}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω) [Note 4]	80 Volts	
V _{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	60 Volts	
V _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	60		I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	Volts	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage		1.2	Volts	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage		5.0	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	2.0			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance		15	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		85	pF	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	mμA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 75 V
I _{CBO} (150° C)	Collector Cutoff Current		15	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 75 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	120		Volts	I _C = 100 μA I _E = 0
V _{CER} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	80		Volts	I _C = 100 mA R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω (pulsed)
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	60		Volts	I _C = 30 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0		Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 100 μA
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	mμA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kHz)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h _{ib}	Input Resistance	20	35	ohms	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		10	ohms	I _C = 5.0 mA V _{CB} = 10 V
			2.5	x 10 ⁻⁴	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	15	5.0	x 10 ⁻⁴	I _C = 5.0 mA V _{CB} = 10 V
		25			I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{ob}	Output Conductance		0.5	μmho	I _C = 5.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
			1.0	μmho	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
					I _C = 5.0 mA V _{CB} = 10 V

(See notes on back page)

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200° C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3° C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle \leq 1%.

2N699 • 2N719 • 2N720

NPN HIGH VOLTAGE TYPES

DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTORS

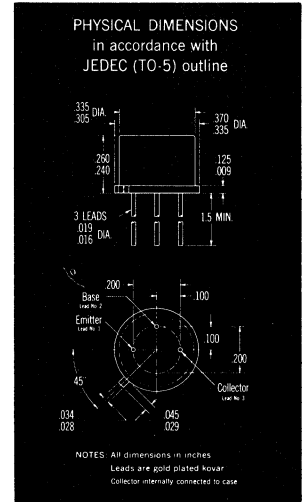
These NPN double-diffused silicon transistors are designed for use in high performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits. They provide greater voltage swings in oscillator and amplifier circuits due to their 120 volt collector-to-base voltage rating.

Each transistor is designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

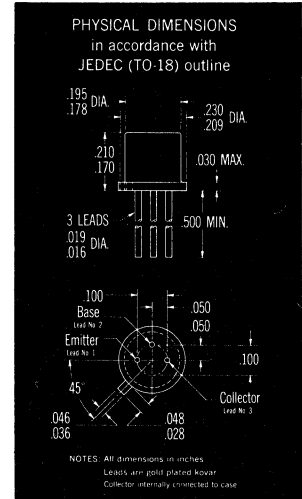
The PLANAR versions of these units are 2N699B, 2N1893 and 2N720A.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

	2N699	2N719 2N720
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum	175°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	2.0 Watts	1.5 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	1.0 Watt	0.75 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.6 Watt	0.4 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	120 Volts	120 Volts
V _{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage (R ≤ 10Ω) [Note 4]	80 Volts	80 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts



2N699



2N719 2N720

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N699 2N720			2N719			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	80	120	20	40	60		I _C = 150mA V _{CE} = 10V
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	0.92	1.3		0.92	1.3		Volts	I _C = 150mA I _B = 15mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage	2.5	5.0		2.5	5.0		Volts	I _C = 150mA I _B = 15mA
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance	12	20		12	20		pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain f = 20 mc	2.5	4.0		2.0				I _C = 50mA V _{CE} = 10V
I _{CB0}	Collector Cutoff Current		2.0			2.0		μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 60V
I _{CB0} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current	1.5	200		1.5	200		μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 60V
I _{EB0}	Emitter Cutoff Current		100†					μA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 2.0V

† 2N699 only.

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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 100°C/watt (derating factor of 10mW/°C) for the 2N719 and 2N720; junction-to-case thermal resistance of 75°C/watt (derating factor of 13.3 mW/°C) for the 2N699.
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.

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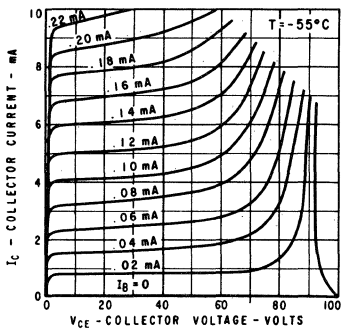
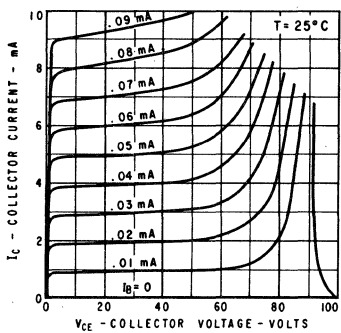
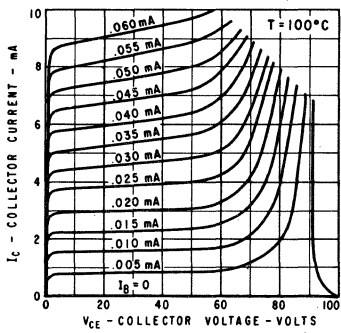
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS—TYPES 2N699 AND 2N720

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

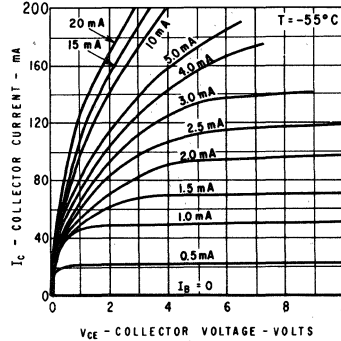
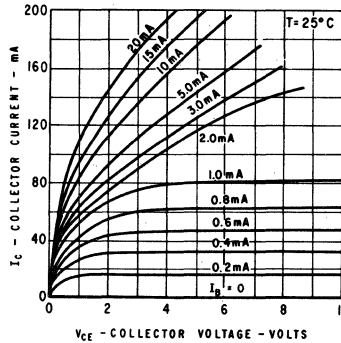
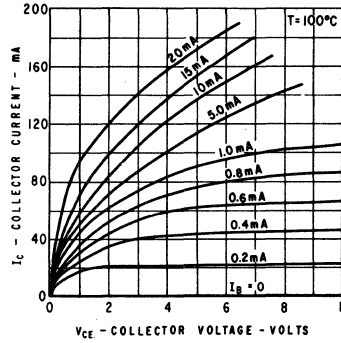
HIGH VOLTAGE

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

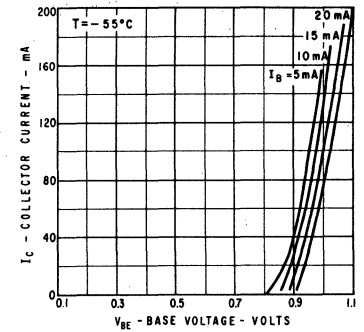
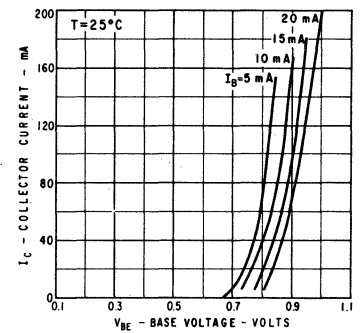
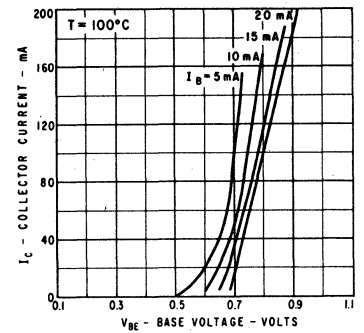


SATURATION REGION

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

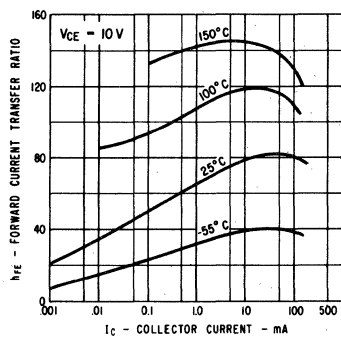


BASE CHARACTERISTICS

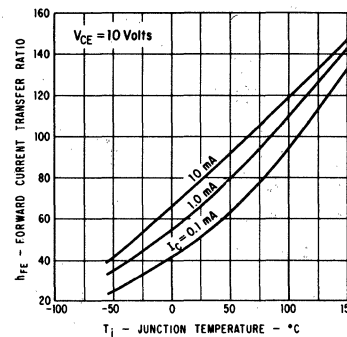


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

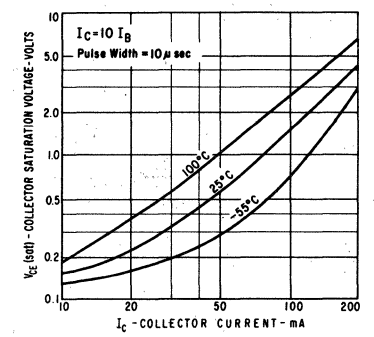
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS TEMPERATURE



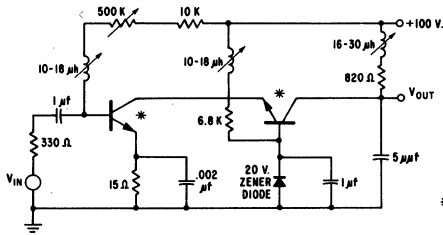
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS—TYPES 2N699 AND 2N720

TYPICAL HF AND VHF CHARACTERISTICS

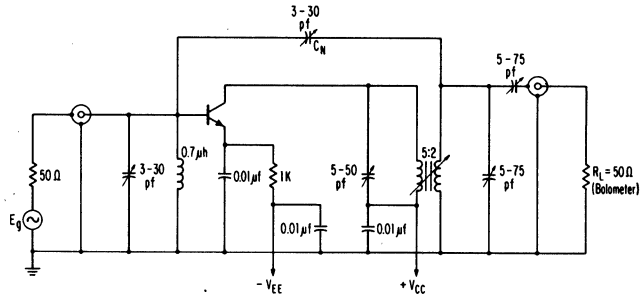
HIGH VOLTAGE OUTPUT VIDEO AMPLIFIER



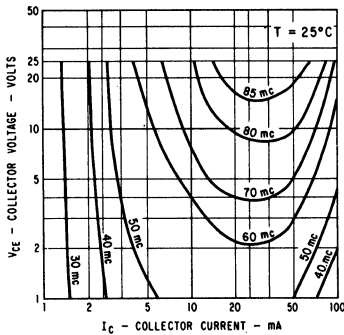
$V_{OUT} \text{ Max.} = 100 \text{ V.}$
 $V_{OUT} = 50 \text{ V. for } V_{IN} = 1 \text{ V.}$
 $t_{rise} = 60 \text{ nsec.}$
 Overshoot $\leq 5\%$

* Use of heat dissipators required.

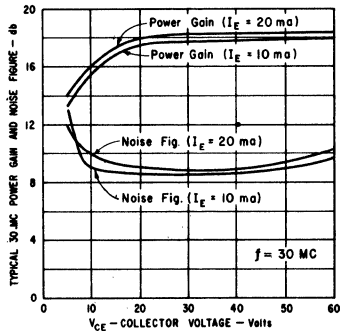
TEST AMPLIFIER FOR MEASURING 30 MC NEUTRALIZED POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE



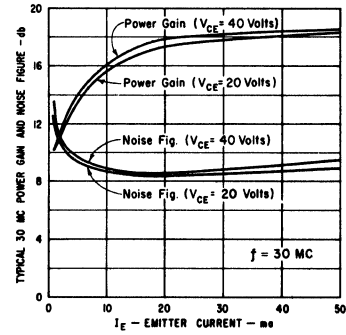
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_b)



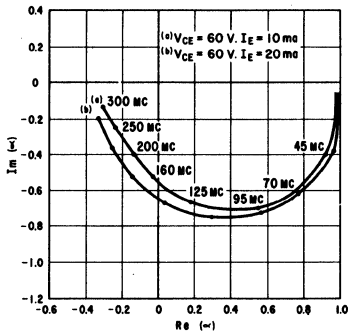
30 MC POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



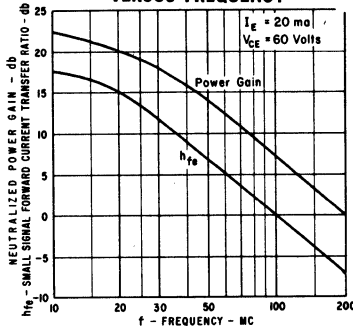
30 MC POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS EMITTER CURRENT



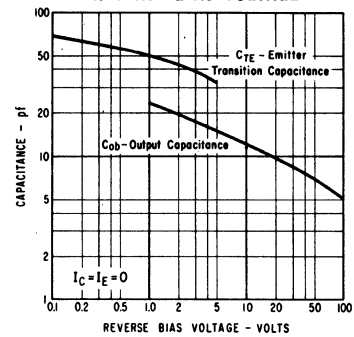
CARTESIAN PLOT OF COMPLEX ALPHA AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



NEUTRALIZED POWER GAIN AND SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY

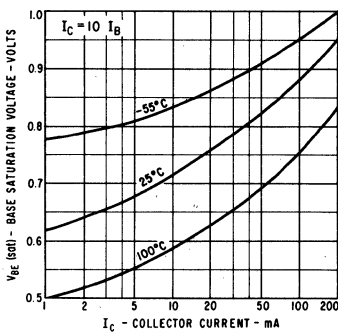


INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE

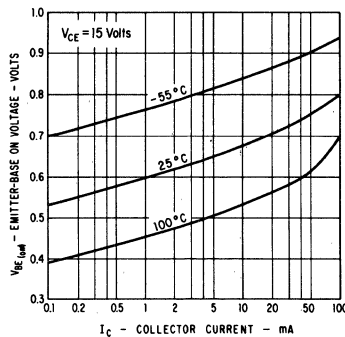


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

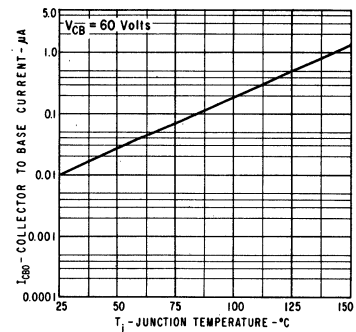
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



EMITTER-BASE ON VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VS. TEMPERATURE

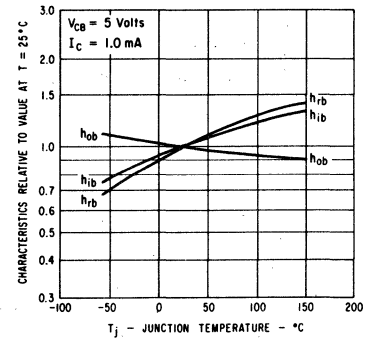
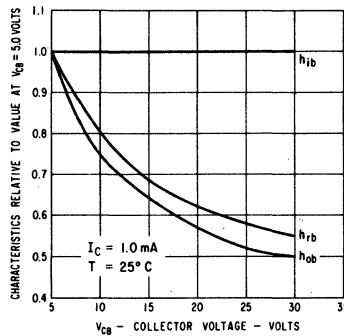
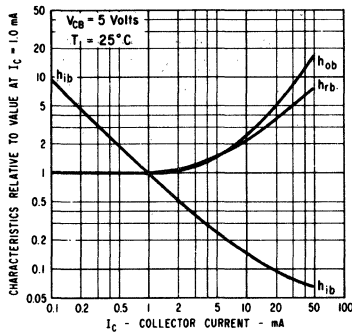


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS—TYPES 2N699, 2N719 AND 2N720

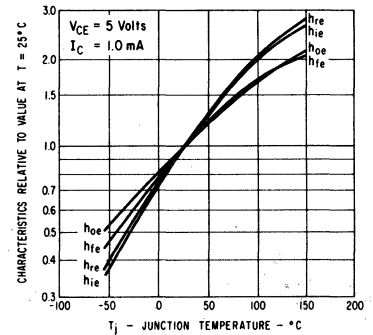
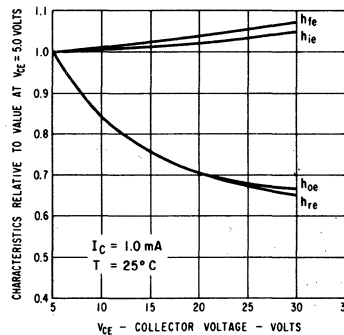
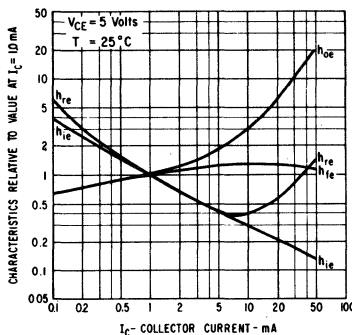
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1kc)

		2N699 2N720			2N719				
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	27	30	20	27	35	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			6.3	10		6.3		Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.1	0.12	0.5	0.1	0.12	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			0.13	1.0		0.13	1.0	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.4	2.5		0.25	5.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			0.5	3.0		0.4		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Small Signal Current Gain	35	60	100	15	35			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		45	75		25	45			$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		750			600		Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		16			25		μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		1.05			0.9		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



2N699B • 2N1893

NPN GENERAL PURPOSE HIGH VOLTAGE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTORS

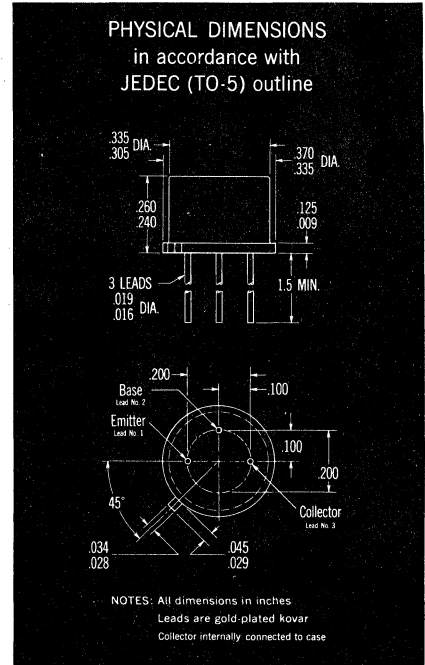
GENERAL DESCRIPTION The 2N699B • 2N1893 are High-Voltage, NPN Double-Diffused Silicon Planar Transistors designed for use in high-performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits. The 2N699B is rated at 5.0 watts and the 2N1893 at 3.0 watts.

These transistors provide greater voltage swings in oscillator and amplifier circuits and more protection in inductive switching circuits due to their 120 volt collector-to-base voltage rating. Both transistors are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	2N699B	2N1893
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)	2N699B	2N1893
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	5.0 Watts	3.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	2.8 Watts	1.7 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.87 Watt	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages	2N699B	2N1893
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	120 Volts	120 Volts
V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) (Note 4)	100 Volts	100 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter (Note 4)	80 Volts	80 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N699B			2N1893			Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	80	120	40	80	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	80		35	80			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	40		20	40			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	20	50		20	50			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
* $V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage		0.82	1.0	0.82	0.9		Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.5	1.2	0.5	1.2		Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	4	Base Saturation Voltage		0.96	1.3	0.96	1.3		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	4	Collector Saturation Voltage		2.0	5.0	2.0	5.0		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ Mc}$)	3.0	3.5		2.5	3.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

†NOTE: These numerals apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 4

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NOTES:

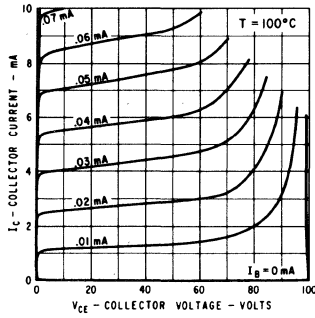
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C) for the 2N699B; for the 2N1893 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 201°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.97 mW/°C) for 2N699B; for the 2N1893 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.



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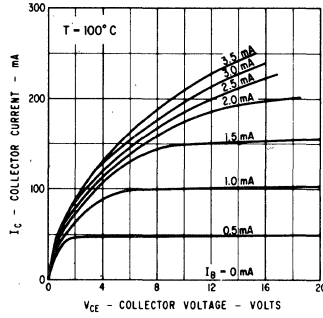
TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

HIGH VOLTAGE COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

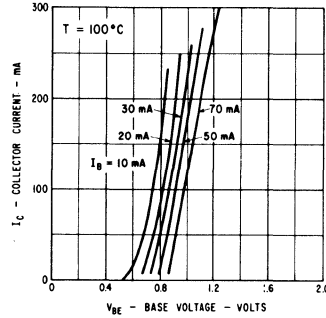


SATURATION REGION

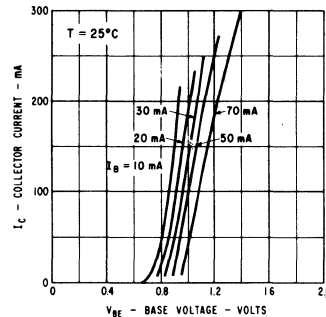
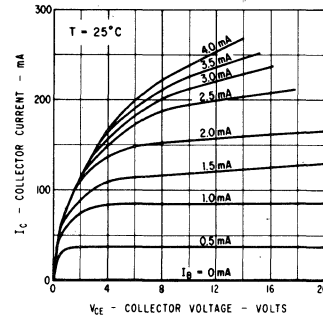
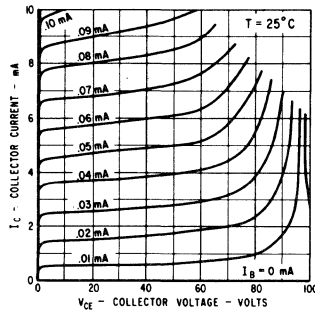
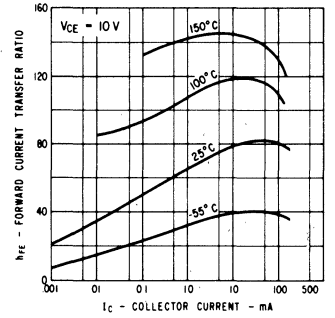
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



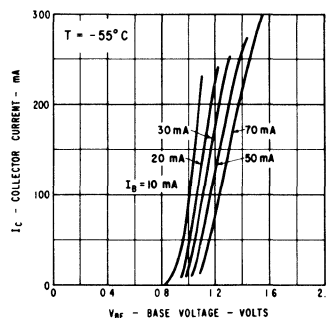
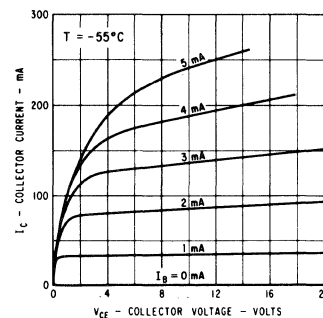
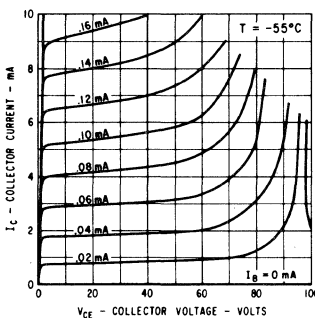
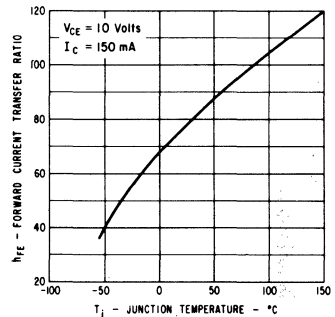
BASE CHARACTERISTICS



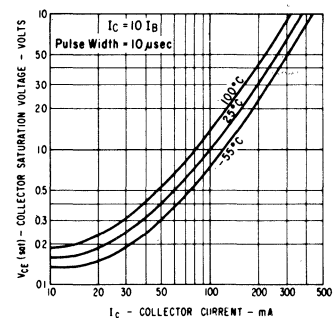
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS TEMPERATURE



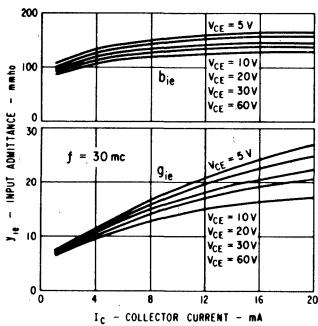
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



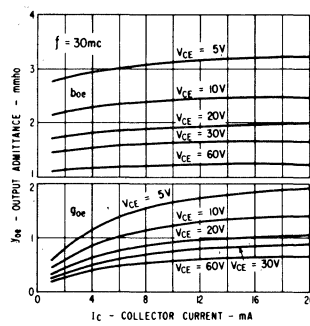
*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

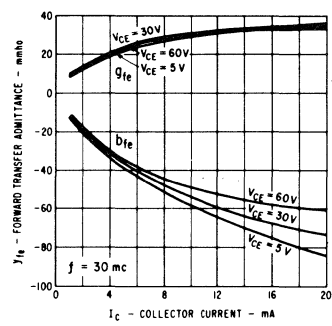
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



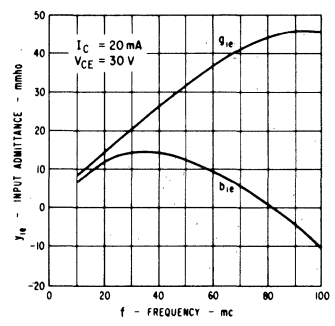
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

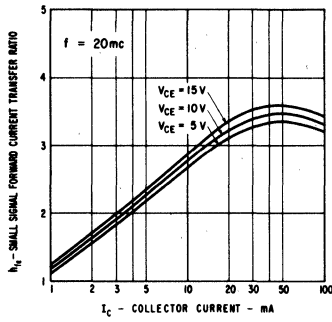


INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

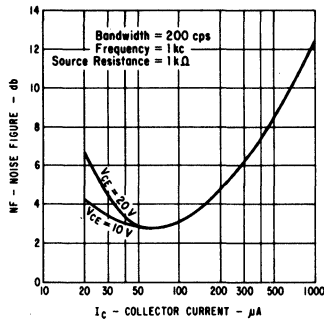


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

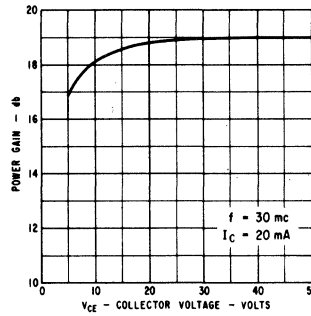
SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN AT 20 MC VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



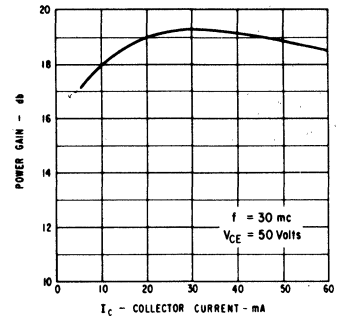
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



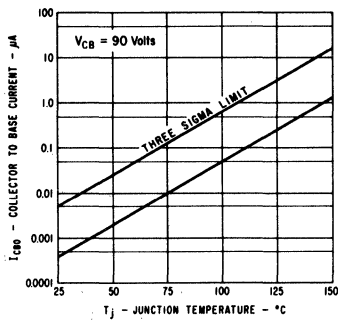
30 MC POWER GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



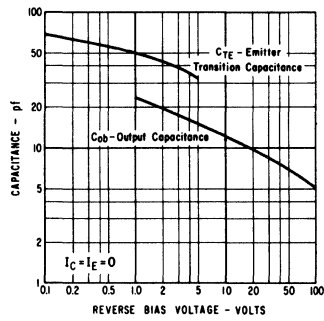
30 MC POWER GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



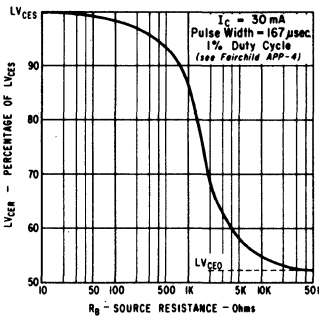
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



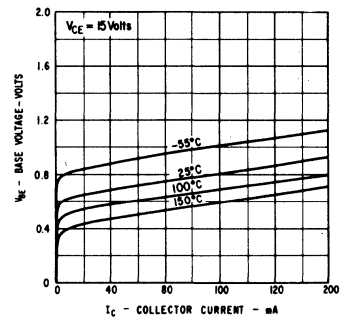
COLLECTOR AND EMITTER TRANSITION CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



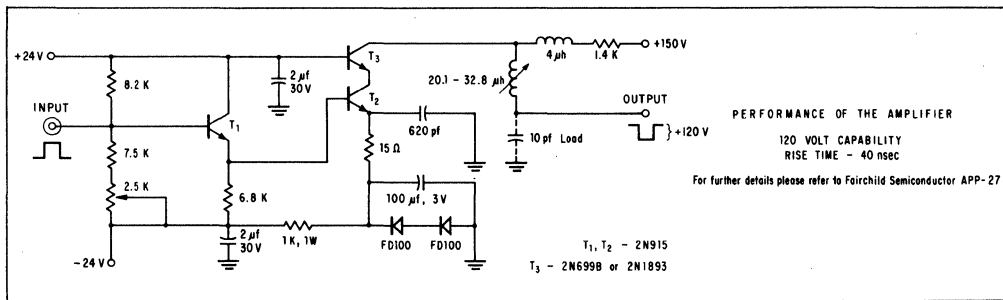
LOWER LIMITING VOLTAGE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE



BASE VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT (NON-SATURATED HIGH SPEED PULSE)

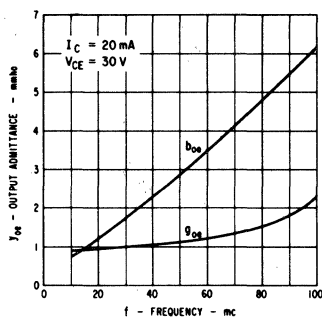


DIRECT-COUPLED VIDEO AMPLIFIER

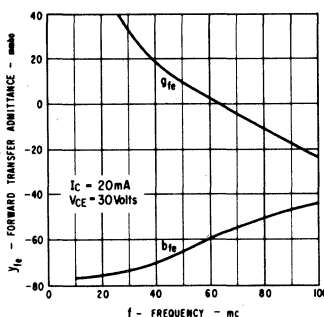


TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

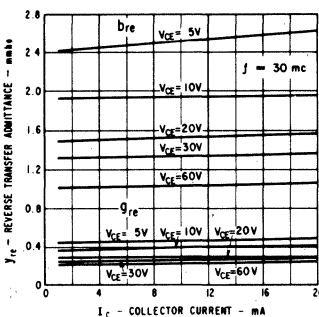
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



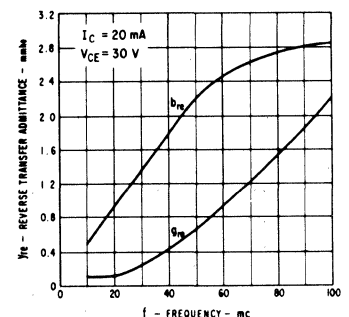
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N699B · 2N1893

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N699B			2N1893			Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
C_{obo}	4	Output Capacitance		13	15		13	15	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10$ V
C_{ibo}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance		55	85		55	85	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5$ V
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.3	10		0.3	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ C)$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		1.5	15		1.5	15	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90$ V
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	120			120			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER}(sust)$	4	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	100			100			Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA $R_{BE} < 10 \Omega$
$V_{CEO}(sust)$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	80			80			Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			7.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu A$
* I_{EBO}	1b	Emitter Current		0.05	10		0.05	10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0$ V

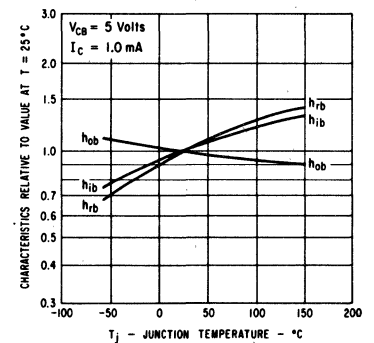
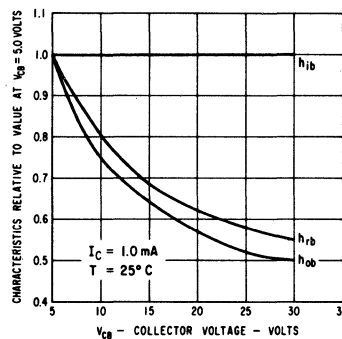
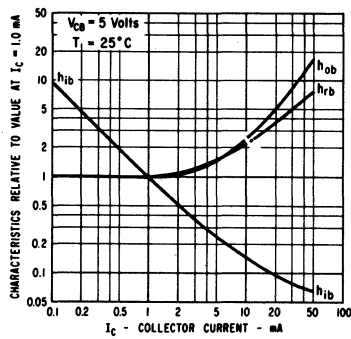
†NOTE: These numerals apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 KC)

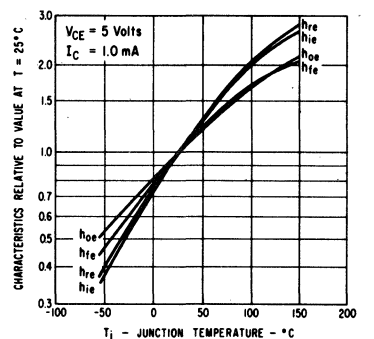
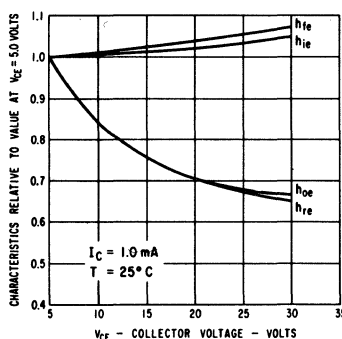
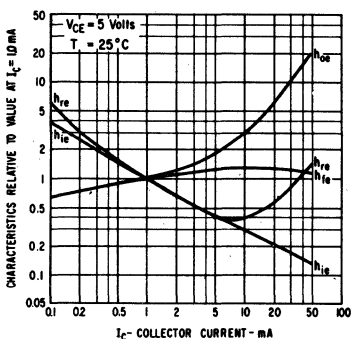
Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N699B			2N1893			Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{ib}	4	Input Resistance	20	27	30	20	27	30	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
h_{ib}	4	Input Resistance	4.0	6.4	8.0	4.0	6.4	8.0	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0$ mA $V_{CB} = 10$ V
h_{rb}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.5	1.25		0.5	1.25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
h_{rb}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.6	1.50		1.6	1.50	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0$ mA $V_{CB} = 10$ V
h_{fe}	4	Small Signal Current Gain	35	70	100	30	70	100		$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{fe}	4	Small Signal Current Gain	45	85		45	85			$I_C = 5.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{ob}	4	Output Conductance	0.1	0.12	0.5	0.12	0.5		μmho	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
h_{ob}	4	Output Conductance		0.14	0.5	0.14	0.5		μmho	$I_C = 5.0$ mA $V_{CB} = 10$ V
h_{ie}	4	Input Resistance		2.8		2.8			Kohms	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{re}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio		3.5		3.5			$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{oe}	4	Output Conductance		11		11			μmho	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V

†NOTE: These numerals apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



2N703

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N916

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N703 is an NPN silicon PLANAR transistor designed primarily for low power, non-saturating switching applications and high frequency amplifier and oscillator circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

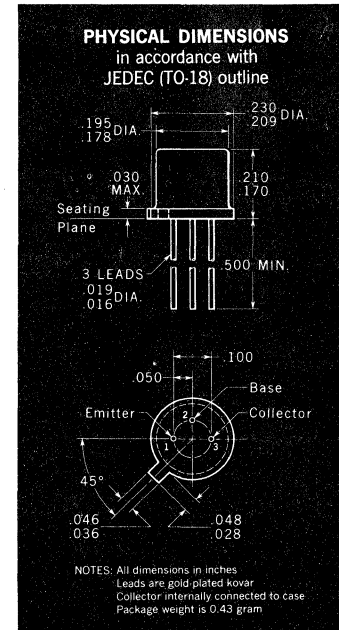
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +175°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.6 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage		25 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Note 4)	25 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage		5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current		50 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain [Note 5]	40	100		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain [Note 5]	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.5	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$
V_{BE}	Base to Emitter Voltage	0.7	0.95	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	μA	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		50	μA	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
I_{CEO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	μA	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25		Volts	$I_{CBO} = 5.0 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	25		Volts	$I_{CEO} = 2.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	$I_{EBO} = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ mc}$)		6.0	pf	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
f_T	Gain Bandwidth Product	70		mc	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_E = -10 \text{ mA}$

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NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 250°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle \approx 2%.

FAIRCHILD
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313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

2N706

NPN HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	300°C Maximum

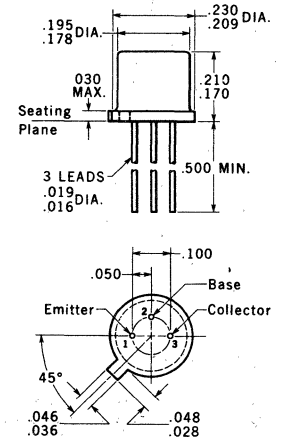
Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	25 V
V_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) (Note 2)	20 V
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	3 V

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at Case Temperature 25°C (Note 3)	1.0 Watt
at Case Temperature 100°C	0.5 Watt
at Free Air Temperature 25°C	0.3 Watt

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated kovar
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.44 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 4)	20				$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.75	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.3	0.6	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	2.0	4.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Collector Capacitance		5.0	6.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.005	0.05	μA	$V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		3.5	30	μA	$V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (See Fairchild 2N708 Data Sheet for exact circuit)		16	60	ns	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) The maximum ratings are limiting absolute values above which life or satisfactory performance may be impaired.
- (2) Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (3) These ratings give maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 150°C/watt (derating factor of 6.7 mW/°C).
- (4) Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μs ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

2N708

NPN HIGH-FREQUENCY AND LOW-STORAGE DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

The 2N708 is an NPN silicon transistor designed specifically as a high-speed saturated logic switch to replace the 2N706 (A, B), 2N753 mesa series. In addition the 2N708 is oriented toward Satellite and Conventional small-signal, RF, and all digital type circuits.

The Fairchild PLANAR structure extends the range of useful current gain down to the microampere region. Other features are lower leakage current, increased maximum ratings, reduced storage time, higher beta, and lower saturation voltage relative to its predecessors.

Typical three sigma limits for BETA and SATURATED V_{CE} are included to completely characterize the 2N708 as a switch, thus promoting design over a wide family of operating conditions. These transistors are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

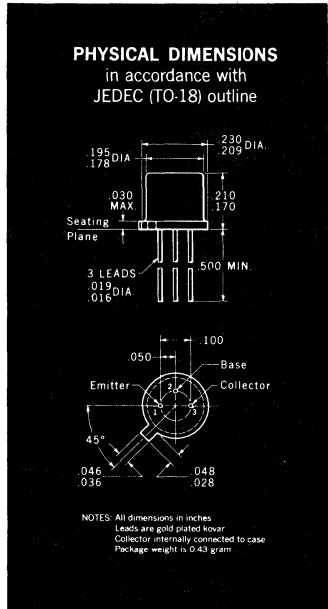
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at Case Temperature	25°C [Note 2 & 3]	1.2 Watts
at Case Temperature	100°C [Note 2 & 3]	.68 Watt
at Ambient Temperature	25°C [Note 2 & 3]	.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) [Note 4]	20 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	15 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15			$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	.72	.80	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		.40	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage (-55°C)		.90	Volts	$I_C = 7.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.7 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (-55°C to +125°C)		.40	Volts	$I_C = 7.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.7 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	3.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		6.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
r_b'	Base Spreading Resistance [Note 6] ($f = 300 \text{ MHz}$)		50	ohms	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		25	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		15	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40		Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4 & 5]	20		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$ (pulsed)
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4 & 5]	15		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.1	μA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
$I_{CEX} (125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		10	μA	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = .25 \text{ V}$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 7] [See circuit of page 3]		25	nsec	$I_C = I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time [See circuit on page 4]		40	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{BE} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [See circuit on page 4]		75	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -1.0 \text{ mA}$

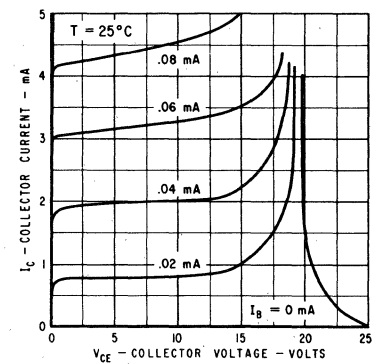
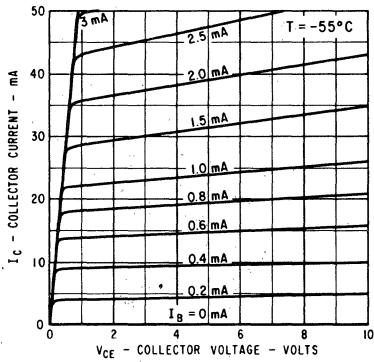
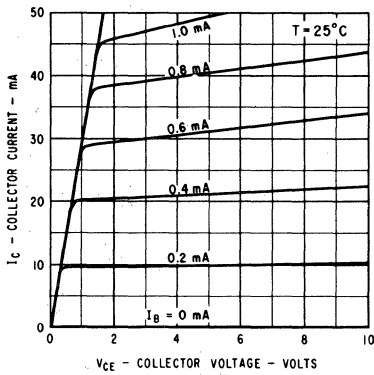
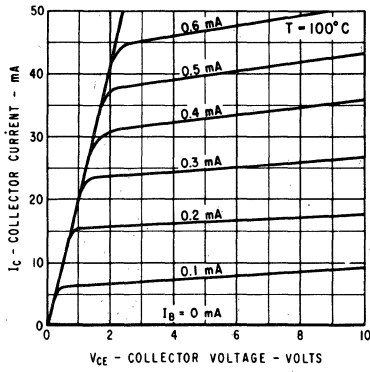
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
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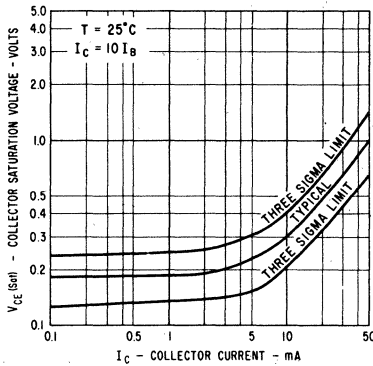
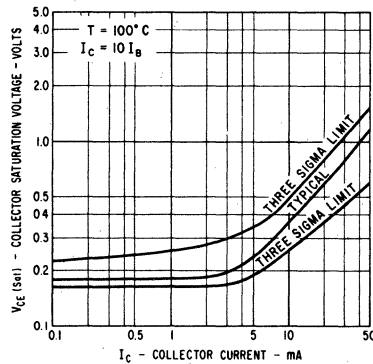
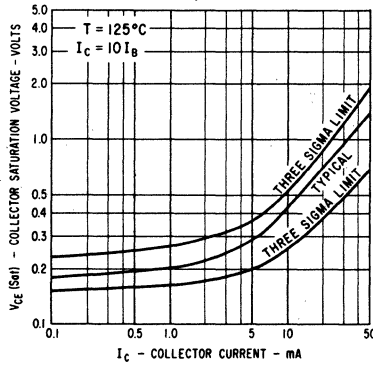
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N708

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

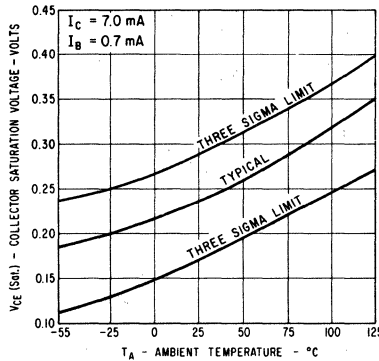
TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



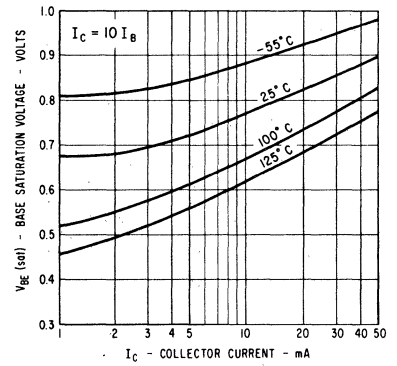
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (VOLTAGE AVERAGED OVER 10 μsec PULSE WIDTH)



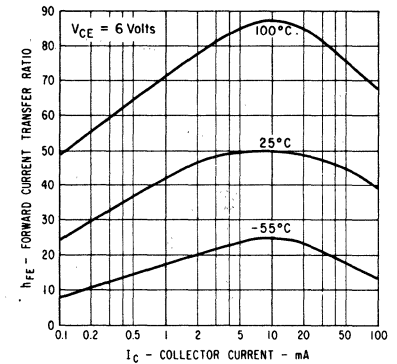
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. TEMPERATURE



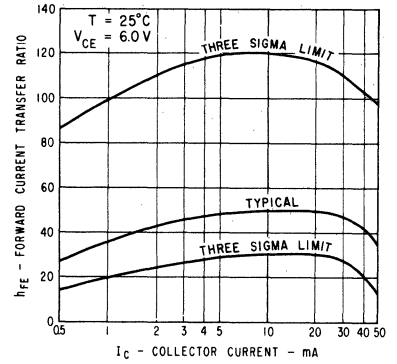
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



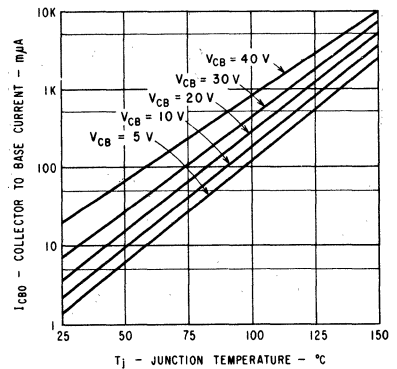
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VS. TEMPERATURE

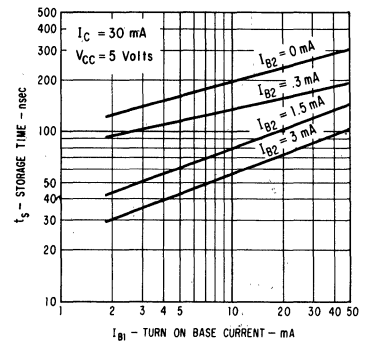
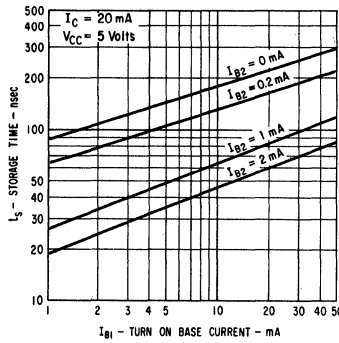
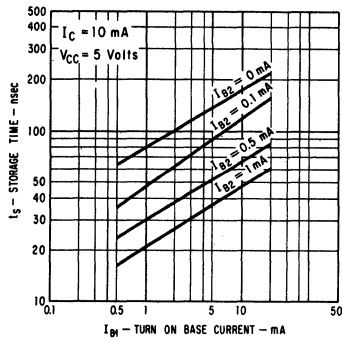
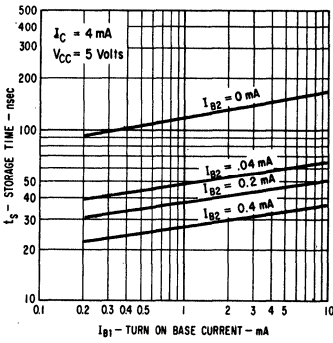


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

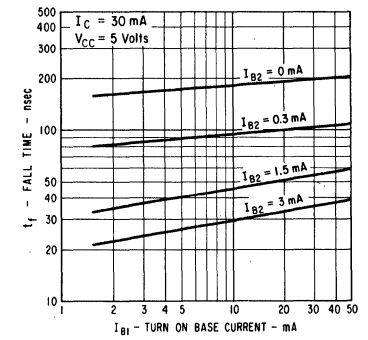
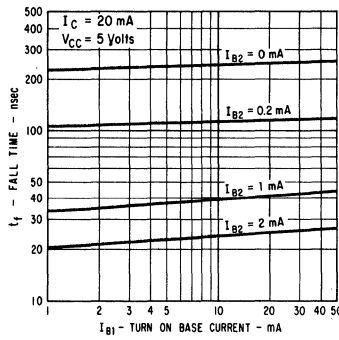
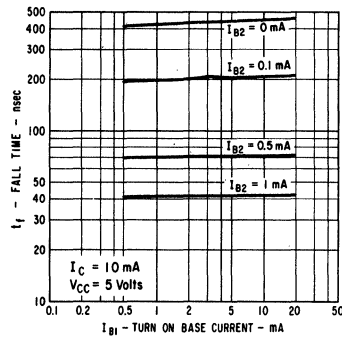
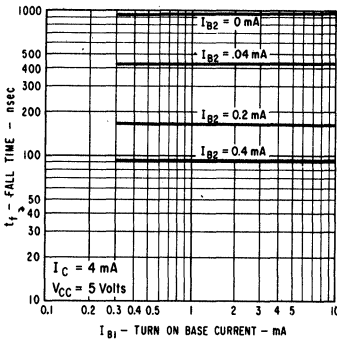
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N708

SATURATED SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS-TYPICAL DELAY, RISE, STORAGE AND FALL TIMES

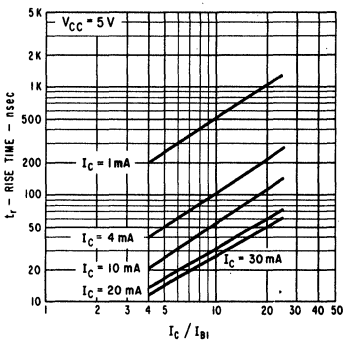
STORAGE TIME VS. TURN ON BASE CURRENT



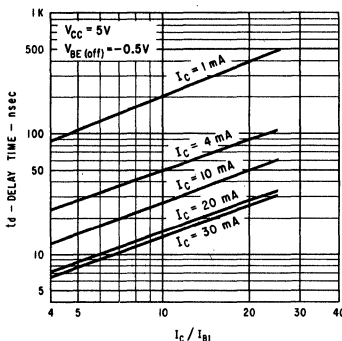
FALL TIME VS. TURN ON BASE CURRENT



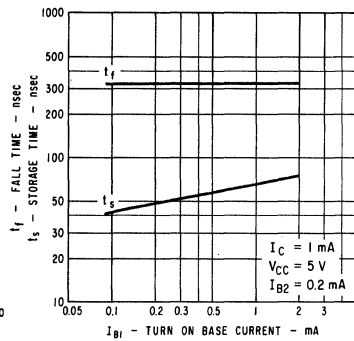
RISE TIME VS. RATIO OF COLLECTOR CURRENT TO BASE DRIVE — I_C/I_{B1}



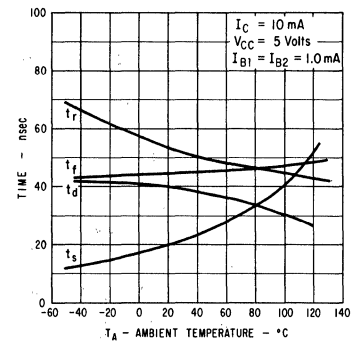
DELAY TIME VS. RATIO OF COLLECTOR CURRENT TO BASE DRIVE — I_C/I_{B1}



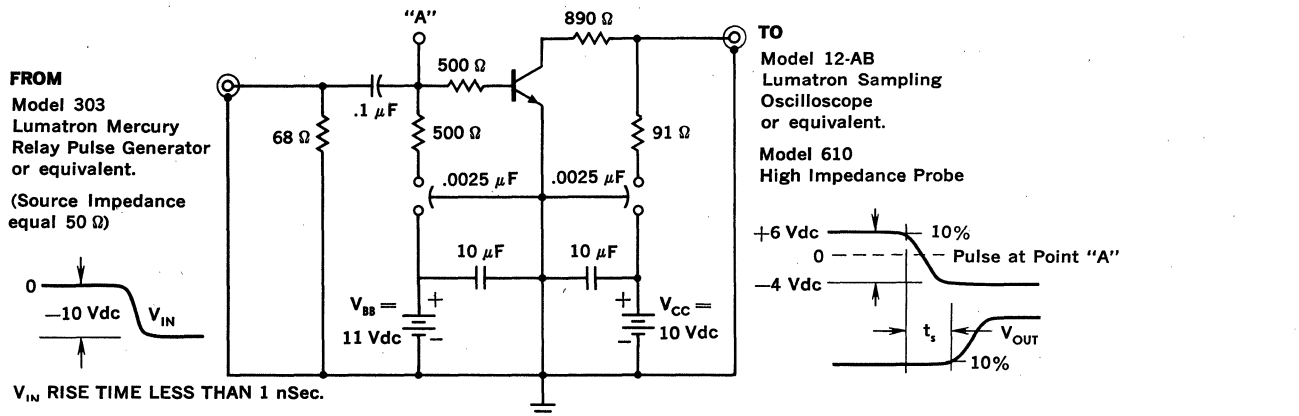
STORAGE AND FALL TIMES VS. TURN ON BASE CURRENT



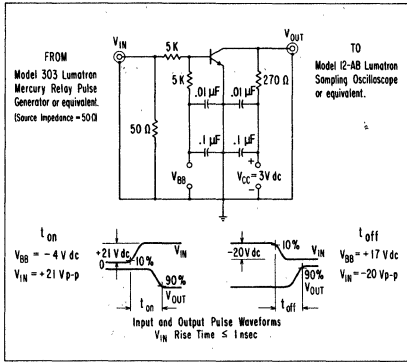
SWITCHING TIMES VS. TEMPERATURE



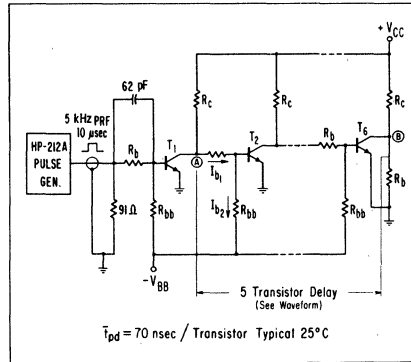
CHARGE STORAGE TIME CONSTANT TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS



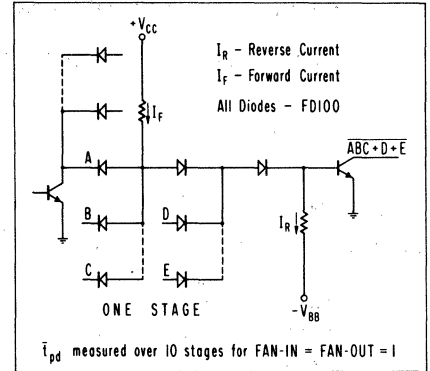
T_{on} AND T_{off} TEST CIRCUIT



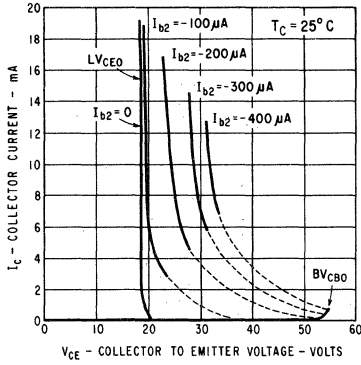
TRL PROPAGATION DELAY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



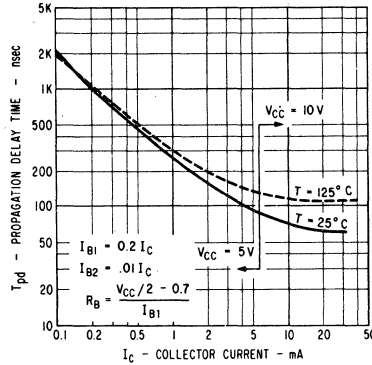
LOW-POWER AND-OR-NOT LOGIC CIRCUIT



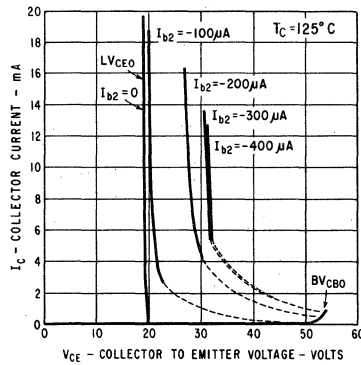
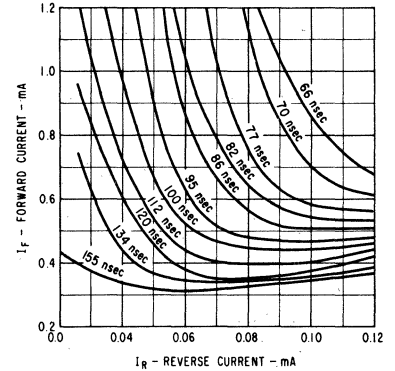
COLLECTOR BREAKDOWN CHARACTERISTICS VS. REVERSE BASE CURRENT



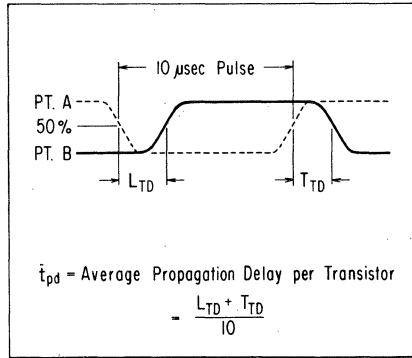
TRL PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT
[Measured in the circuit above]



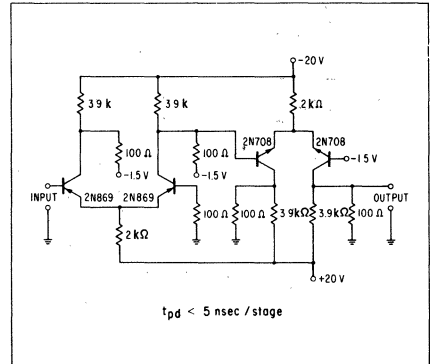
CONSTANT CONTOURS OF PROPAGATION DELAY (t_{pd})
[Measured in the circuit above]



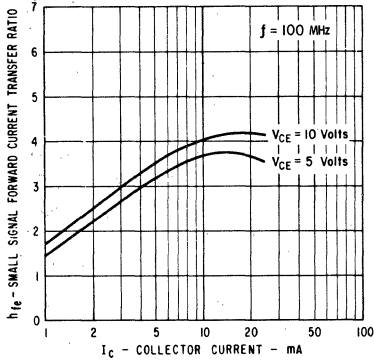
DEFINITION OF PROPAGATION DELAY



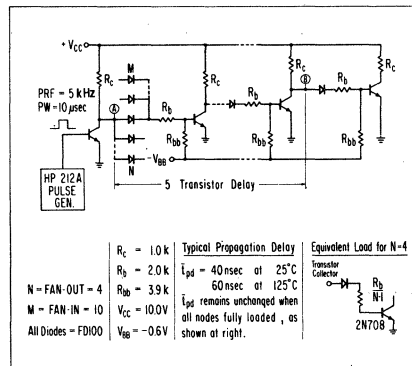
COMPLEMENTARY HIGH-SPEED NON-SATURATED CURRENT STEERING LOGIC CIRCUIT



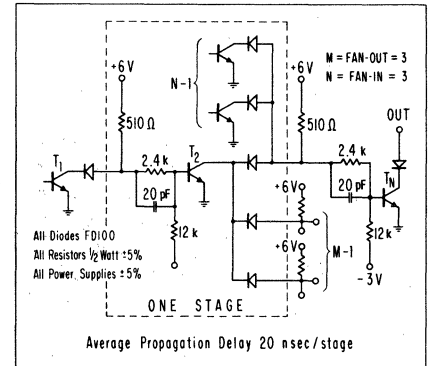
SMALL SIGNAL FORWARD CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



DIODE TRANSISTOR LOGIC PROPAGATION DELAY CIRCUIT



HIGH-SPEED LOW-LEVEL NAND CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) r_{b'} = h_{ie} (Real Part) — Measured with GR #1607-A Bridge.
- (7) Measured on Sampling Scope. PW ≤ 400 nsec.

2N709 • FT709

HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

- **ULTRA HIGH SPEED** $\tau_s = 6.0$ ns (MAX), 3.0 ns (TYP) AT 5.0 mA
 $t_{on} = 12$ ns (MAX) AT 10 mA
 $t_{off} = 12$ ns (MAX) AT 10 mA
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** $f_T = 600$ MHz (MIN), 800 MHz (TYP) AT 10 mA
- **LOW CAPACITANCE** $C_{obo} = 3.0$ pF (MAX) AT 5.0 V
 $C_{ibo} = 2.0$ pF (MAX) AT 0.5 V
- **BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE** . . . $V_{CEO} = 6.0$ V (MIN)
- **SATURATED BETA GUARANTEES FROM 1.0 mA TO 30 mA**
- **SIX $V_{CE(sat)}$ GUARANTEES WITH THREE AT +125°C**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
 Operating Junction Temperature
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, no time limit)

-65°C to +300°C
 200°C Maximum
 300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3) 0.5 Watt
 at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3) 0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages

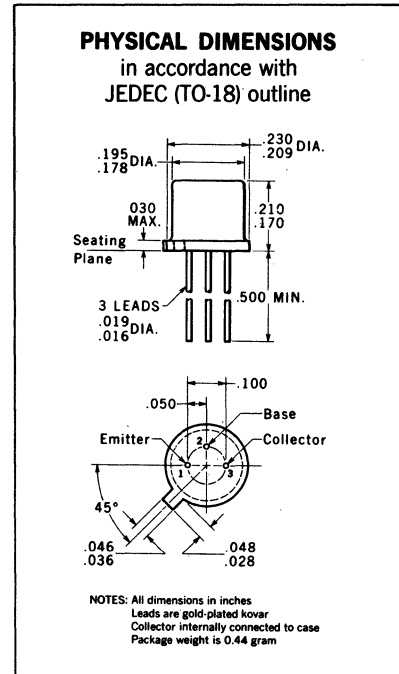
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage 15 Volts
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4) 6.0 Volts
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage 4.0 Volts

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N709			FT709			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain				30	70	125		$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.4$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	55	120					$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain				20				$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.4$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain				20				$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.4$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15							$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain				12				$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.4$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	10							$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.70	0.78	0.85				Volts	$I_C = 3.0$ mA	$I_B = 0.15$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage				0.68	0.73	0.85	Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$I_B = 0.1$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage				0.75	0.83	0.95	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage					0.92	1.3	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage					0.18	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$I_B = 0.1$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage					0.18	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.21	0.30				Volts	$I_C = 3.0$ mA	$I_B = 0.15$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (125°C)					0.20	0.32	Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$I_B = 0.1$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage					0.22	0.38	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (125°C)					0.20	0.42	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (125°C)					0.23	0.45	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		2.5	3.0		2.3	3.0	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		1.4	2.0		1.8	2.0	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	50		4.0	50	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0	5.0		1.0	5.0	μ A	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0$ V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 4
 Notes on page 4

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



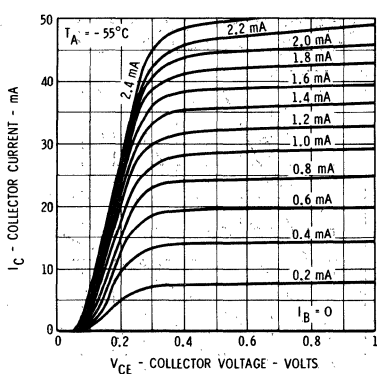
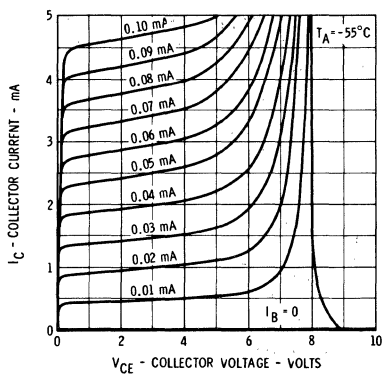
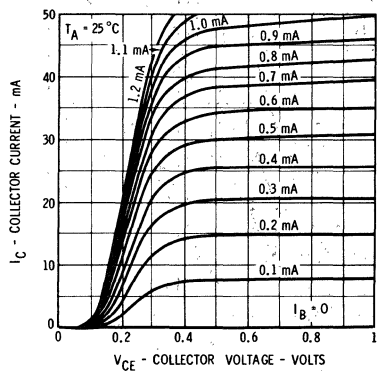
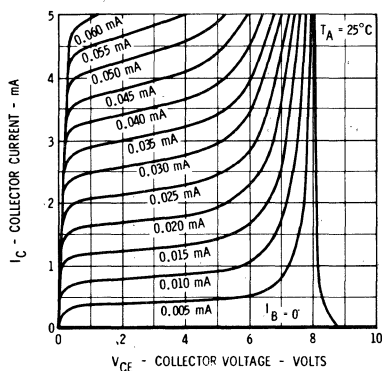
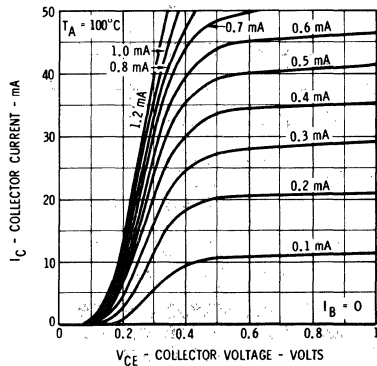
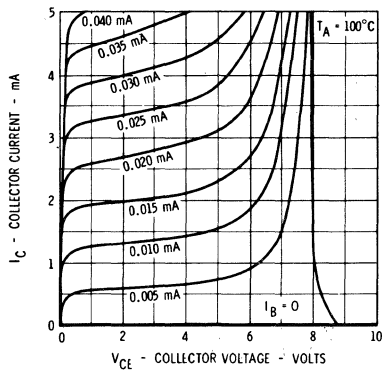
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N709 • FT709

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

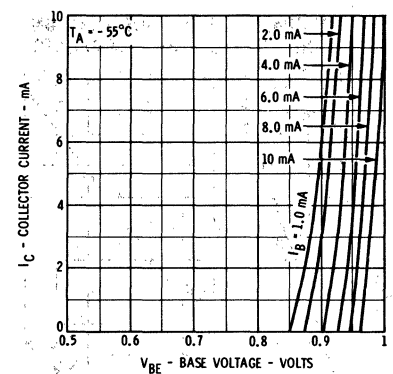
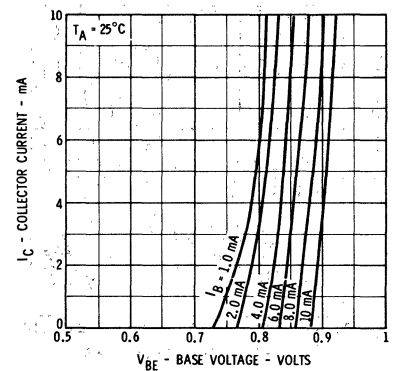
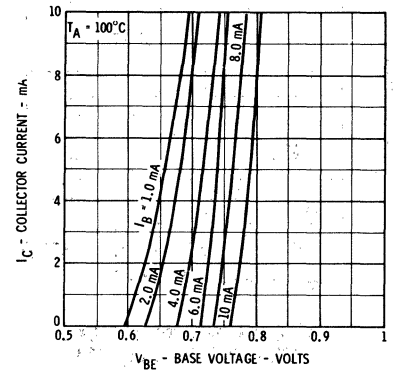
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N709			FT709			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	15			15			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	6.0			6.0			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0			4.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu A$	$I_C = 0$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (Notes 6 and 7)		3.0	6.0	3.0	6.0		ns	$I_C = I_{B1} \approx 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B2} \approx -5.0 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 7)		8.0	15	6.0	12		ns	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} \approx 2.0 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 7)		8.0	15	6.0	12		ns	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} \approx 1.0 \text{ mA}$
f_T	Gain-Bandwidth Product (f = 100 MHz)	600	800					MHz	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
f_T	Gain-Bandwidth Product (f = 100 MHz)				600	800		MHz	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 4.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

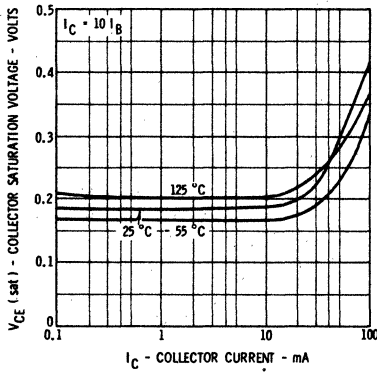


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

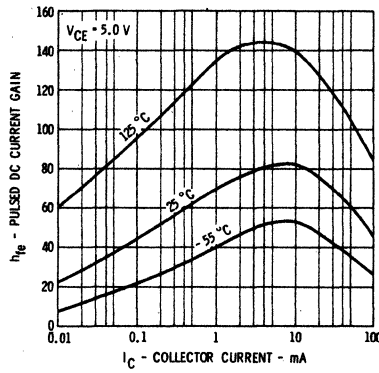
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N709 • FT709

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

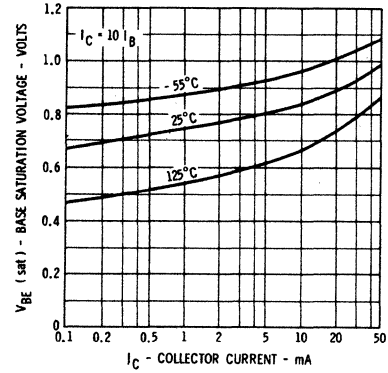
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



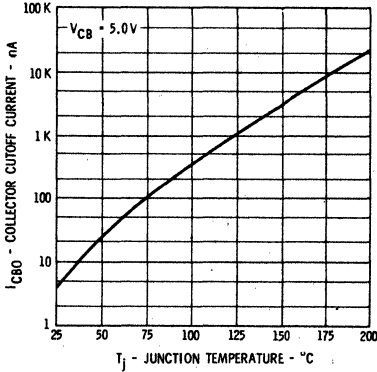
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



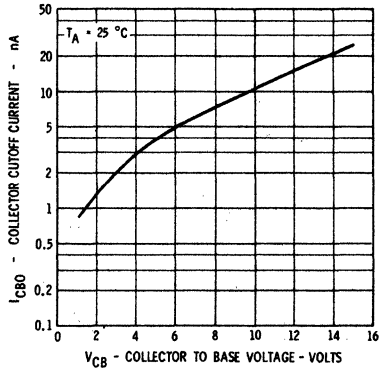
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



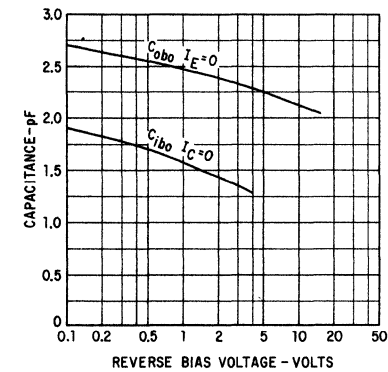
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



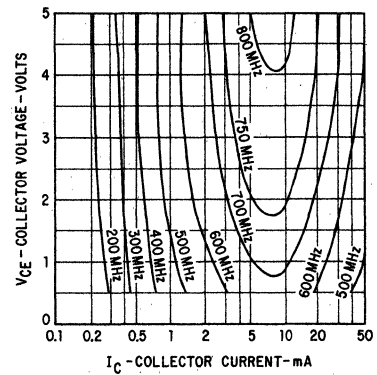
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



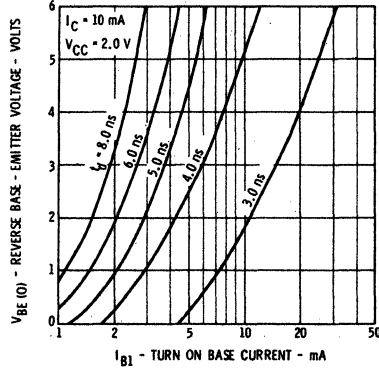
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



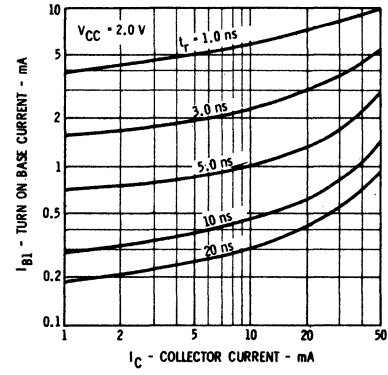
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



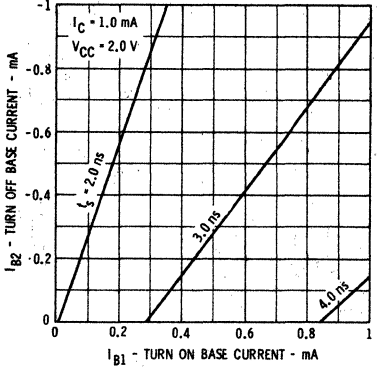
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE



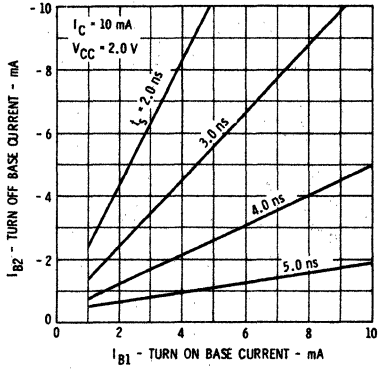
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



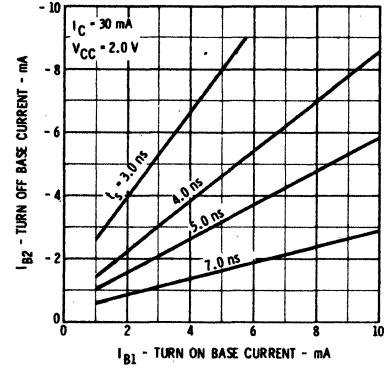
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS

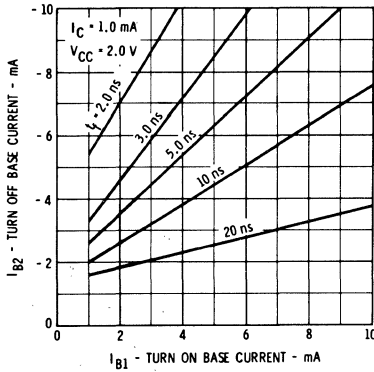


STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS

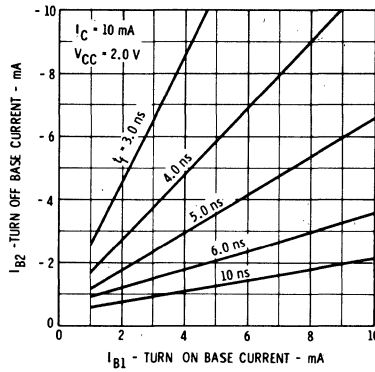


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N709 • FT709

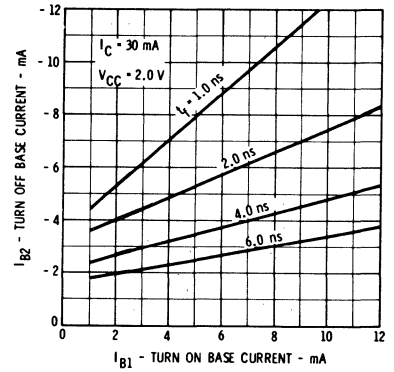
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



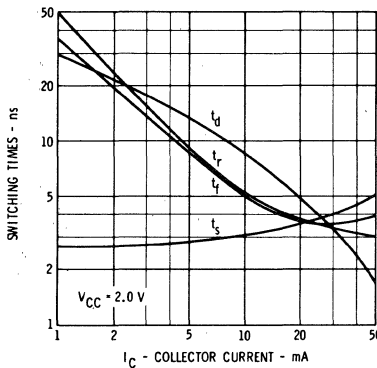
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



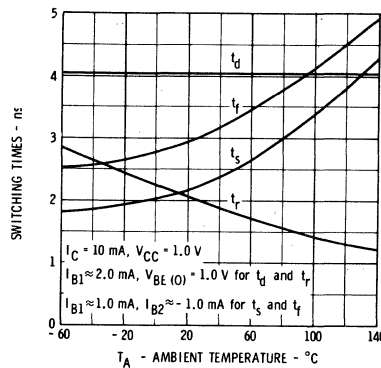
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



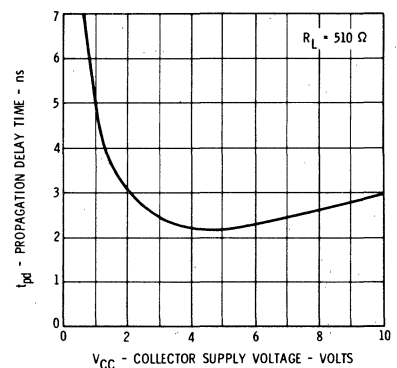
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



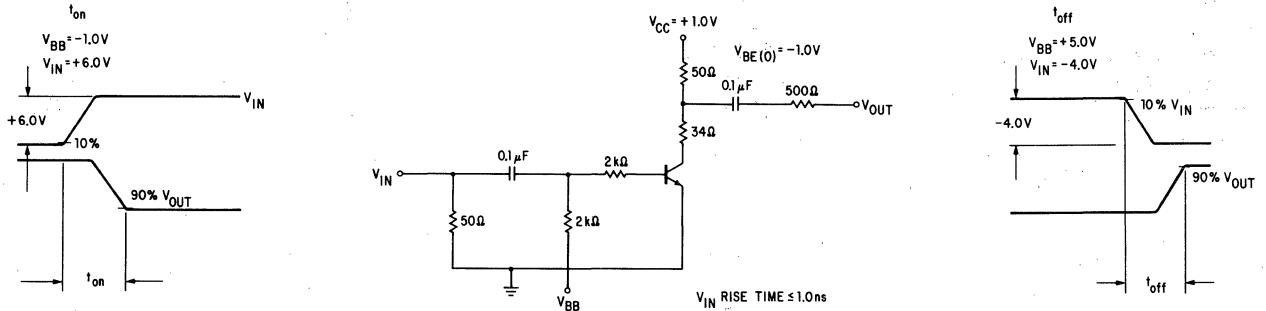
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



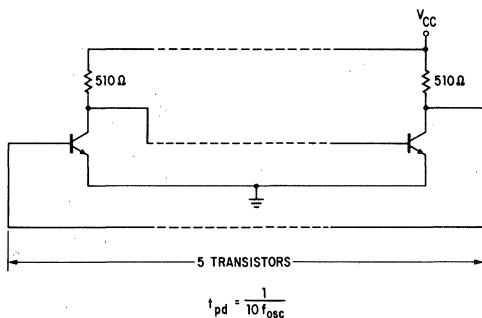
PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



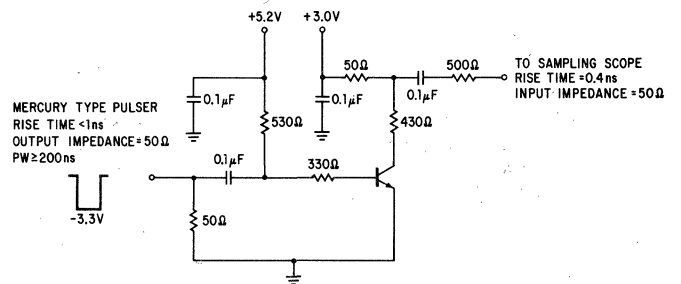
t_{ON} AND t_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT



FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



CHARGE STORAGE TIME CONSTANT TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of $200^\circ\text{C}/\text{Watt}$ (derating factor of $5.0 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$ at temperatures above 100°C . Power rating is constant at temperatures below 100°C). Junction to ambient thermal resistance of $583^\circ\text{C}/\text{Watt}$ (derating factor of $1.71 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$)
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = $300 \mu\text{s}$; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) Measured on Sampling Scope. $PW \geq 200 \text{ ns}$.
- (7) See test circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N718A · 2N1613 · 2N956 · 2N1711

NPN UNIVERSAL AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

The 2N718A**, 2N956, 2N1613**, and 2N1711 are NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR* transistors designed for use in high performance amplifier, oscillator and switching circuits. The 2N956 and 2N1711 are also used to advantage in amplifiers where low noise is an important factor.

These transistors provide useful current gain from the microampere region up to 500 milliamperes and have the many desirable advantages of the PLANAR structure and diffusion techniques. Each transistor is designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

These transistors reflect all of the process improvements resulting from the Autonetics Minute Man reliability program for NPN silicon Planar transistors.

** See MIL-S-19500/181A (NAVY) USN 2N718A and USN 2N1613.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures
Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature

-65°C to +300°C
200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at Case Temperature 25°C [Note 2 & 3]
at Case Temperature 100°C [Note 2 & 3]
at Ambient Temperature 25°C [Note 2 & 3]

2N718A
2N956
1.8 Watts
1.0 Watt
0.5 Watt

2N1613
2N1711
3.0 Watts
1.7 Watts
0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

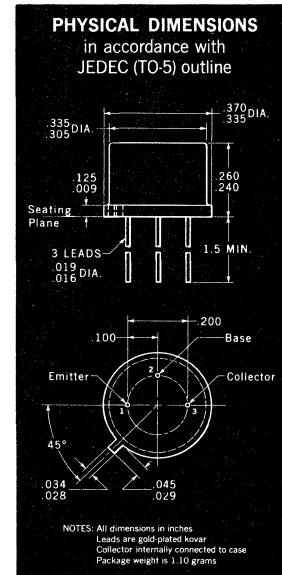
V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage
V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage (R_{BE} ≤ 10 Ω) [Note 4]
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

75 Volts
50 Volts
7.0 Volts

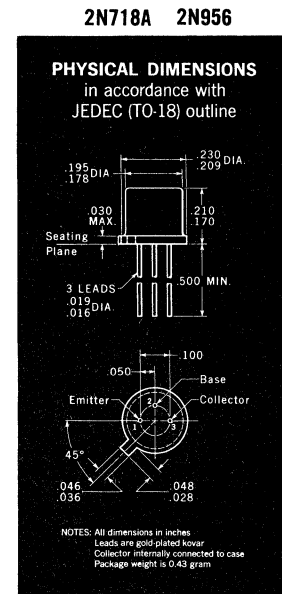
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N718A		2N1613		2N956		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	80	120	100	130	300	I _C = 150 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	35	80		75	130		I _C = 10 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	55		40	75		I _C = 500 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	35		35	65		I _C = 10 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	50		35	80		I _C = 0.1 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain		35		20	60		I _C = 0.01 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage [Pulsed, Note 5]	0.95	1.3		0.95	1.3	Volts	I _C = 150 mA	I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage [Pulsed, Note 5]	0.6	1.5		0.5	1.5	Volts	I _C = 150 mA	I _B = 15 mA
h _{re}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	3.0	4.0		3.5	5.0		I _C = 50 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance	18	25		18	25	pF	I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance	50	80		50	80	pF	I _C = 0	V _{EB} = 0.5 V
NF	Noise Figure [Note 6]	6.0	12		3.5	8.0	dB	I _C = 0.3 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.3	10		0.3	10	mμA	I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 60 V
I _{CBO} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current	0.4	10		0.4	10	μA	I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 60 V
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	75			75		Volts	I _C = 0.1 mA	I _E = 0
V _{CER} (SUST)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4 and 5]	50			50		Volts	I _C = 100 mA (pulsed)	R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			7.0		Volts	I _C = 0	I _E = 0.1 mA
I _{EBO}	Emitter Current	0.05	10		0.05	5.0	mμA	I _C = 0	V _{EB} = 5.0 V

(See notes on back page)



2N1613 2N1711



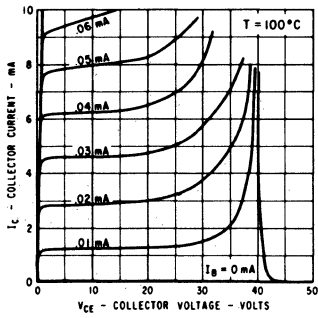
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

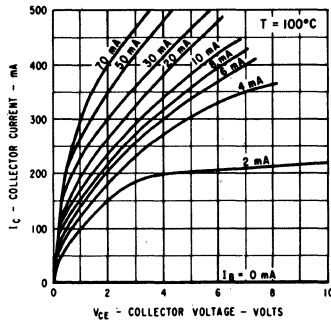
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N718A • 2N1613

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

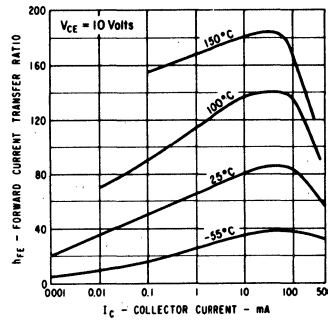
**ACTIVE REGION
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS***



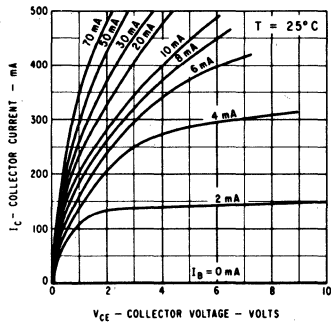
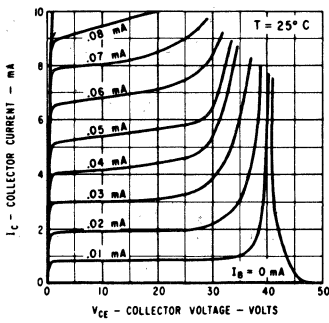
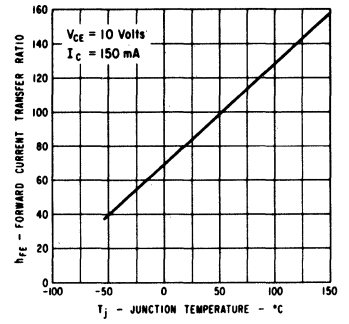
**SATURATION REGION
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS***



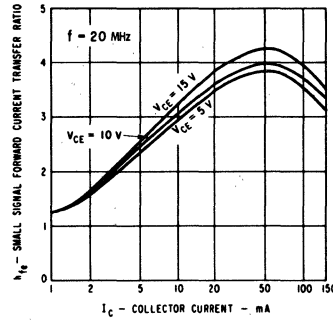
**PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT**



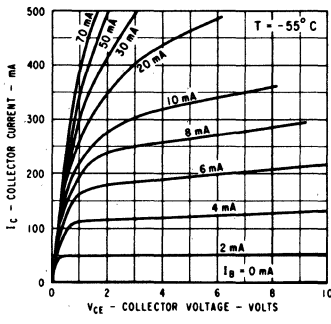
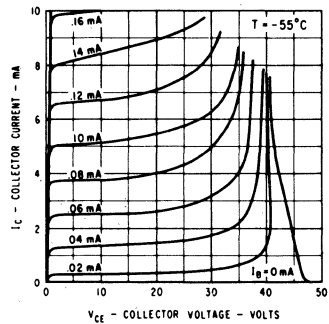
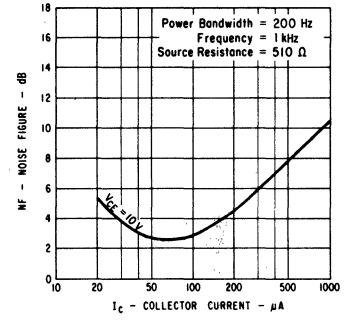
**PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN
VERSUS TEMPERATURE**



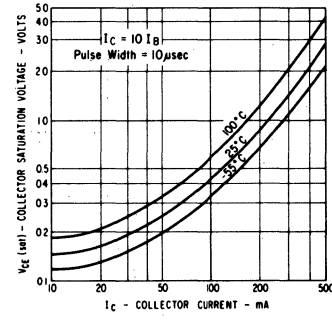
**SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN AT
20 MHz VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT**



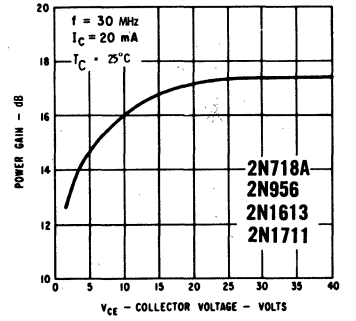
**NOISE FIGURE VERSUS
COLLECTOR CURRENT**



**COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT**

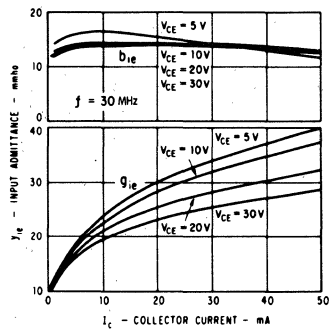


**30 MHz POWER GAIN VERSUS
COLLECTOR VOLTAGE**

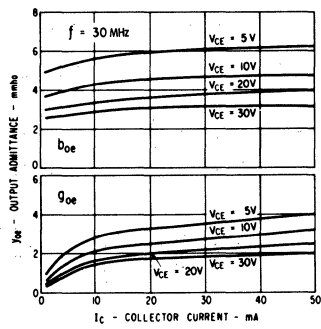


TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

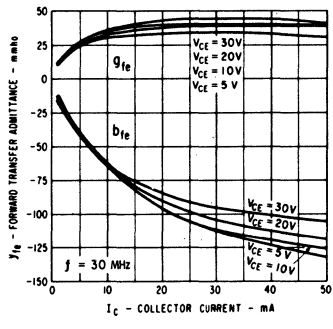
**INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS
COLLECTOR CURRENT—
OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT**



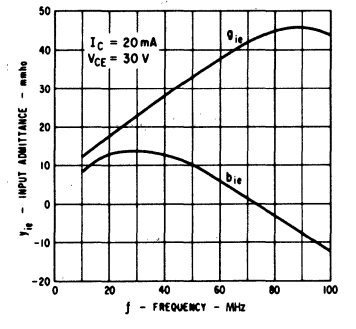
**OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS
COLLECTOR CURRENT—
INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT**



**FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT—
OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT**



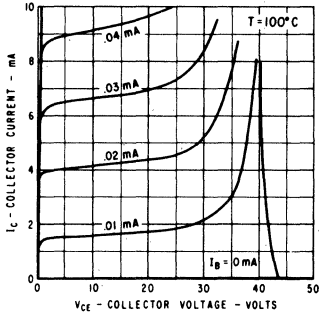
**INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS
FREQUENCY—OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT**



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

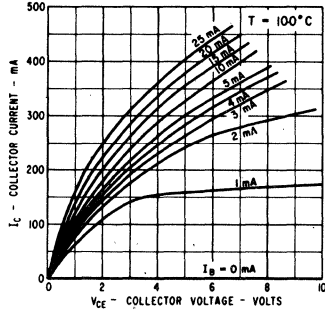
ACTIVE REGION

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

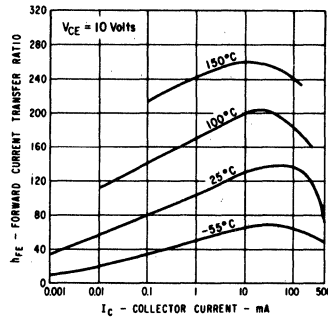


SATURATION REGION

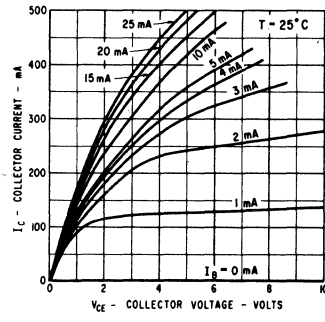
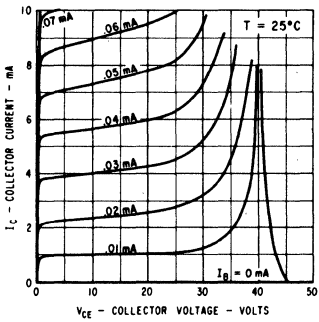
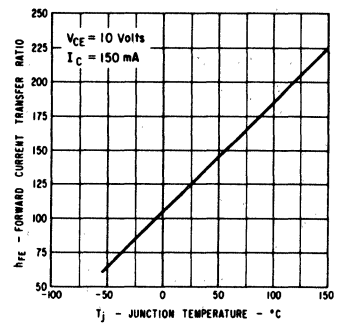
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



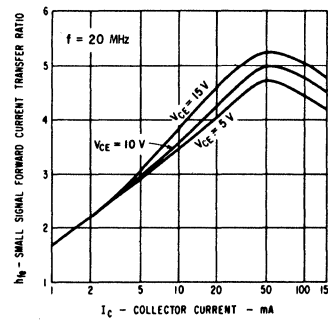
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



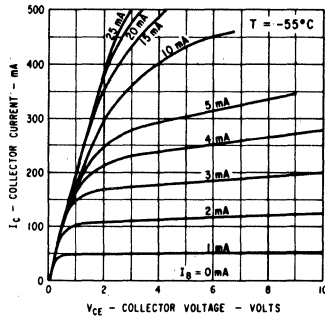
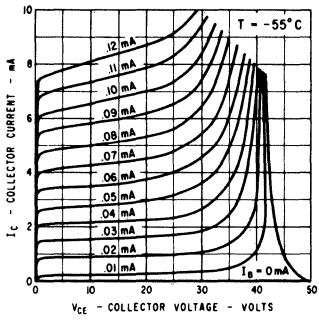
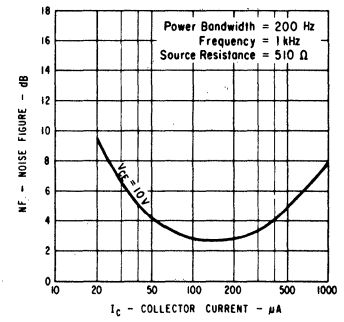
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS TEMPERATURE



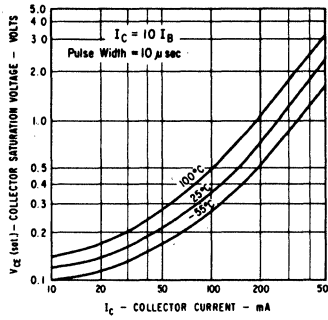
SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN AT 20 MHz VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



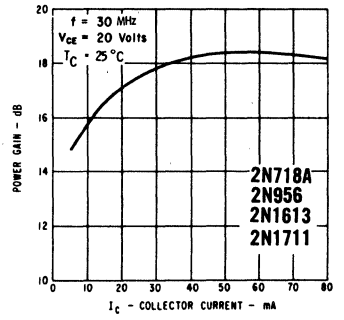
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

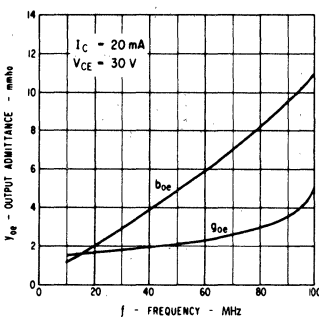


30 MC POWER GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

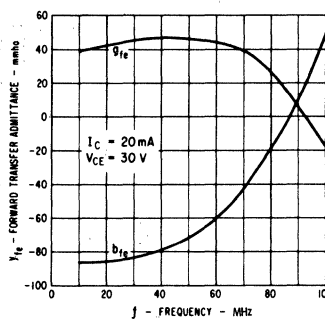


TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

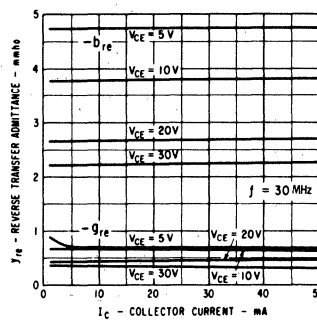
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY—INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



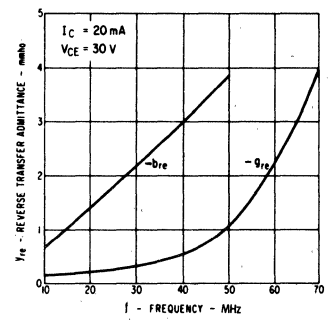
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY—OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT—INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY—INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

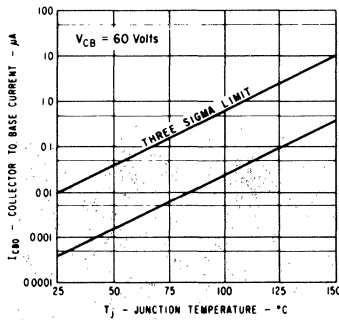


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N718A • 2N956 • 2N1613 • 2N1711

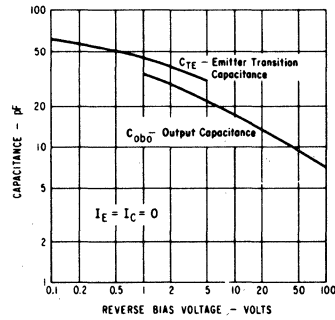
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SATURATION REGION

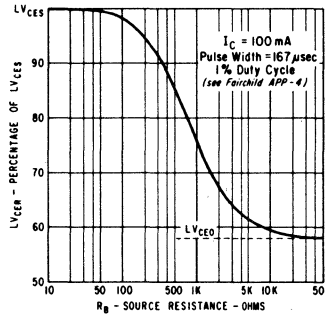
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



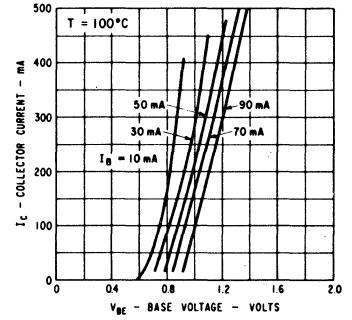
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



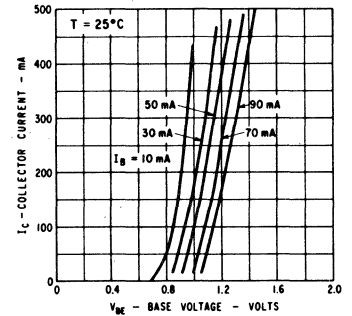
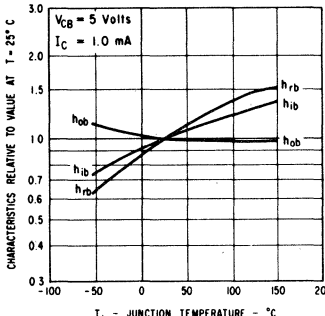
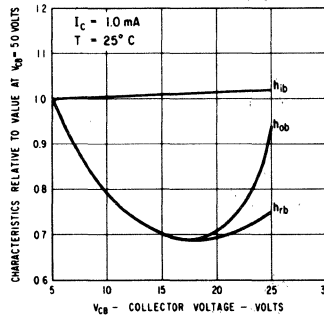
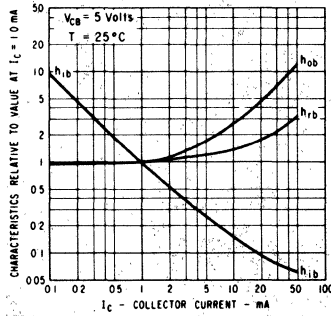
LOWER LIMITING VOLTAGE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE



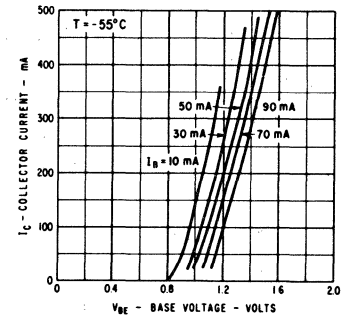
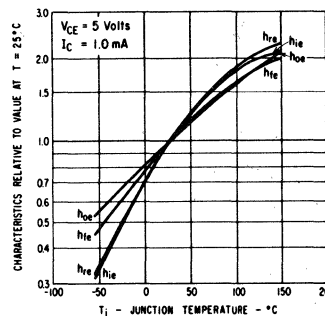
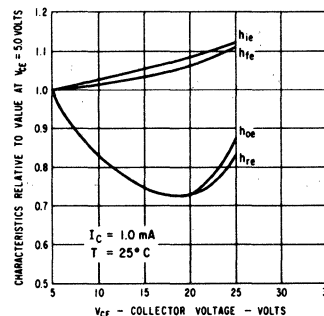
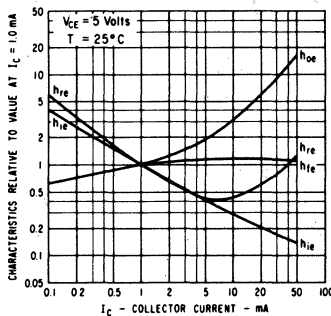
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N718A—2N1613			2N956—2N1711			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	24	27	34	24	27	34	Ohms	$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		4.0	6.3	8.0	4.0	6.3	8.0	Ohms	$I_c = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.7	3.0		1.2	5.0		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		0.8	3.0		1.2	5.0		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_c = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	30	55	100	50	115	200		$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		35	70	150	70	135	300		$I_c = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.1	0.16	0.5	0.1	0.16	0.5	μmho	$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		0.1	0.19	1.0	0.1	0.19	1.0	μmho	$I_c = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		2.2			4.4		k ohms	$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			3.6			7.3		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		12.5			23.8		μmho	$I_c = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N1613 and 2N1711; for the 2N718A and 2N956 97.2°C/Watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C) for the 2N1613 and 2N1711; for the 2N718A and 2N956 350°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.86 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 2%.
- f = 1000 Hz; $R_G = 510 \Omega$; 1.0 Hz bandwidth.

2N719A

NPN GENERAL PURPOSE HIGH VOLTAGE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - NPN double diffused silicon transistor designed for a wide variety of amplifier and high speed switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

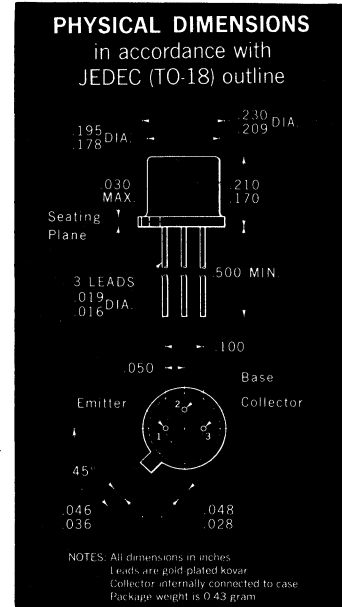
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at Case Temperature	25°C [Note 2 & 3]	1.8 Watts
	100°C [Note 2 & 3]	1.0 Watt
	at Ambient Temperature 25°C	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	120 Volts
V_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) [Note 4]	80 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	60 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	60		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		5.0	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain $f = 20 \text{ mc}$	2.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		15	pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ib}	Input Capacitance		85	pf	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	$\text{m}\mu\text{A}$	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 75 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		15	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 75 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector Breakdown Voltage	120		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CER(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter [Note 4] Sustaining Voltage	80		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)	$R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter [Note 4] Sustaining Voltage	60		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter Breakdown Voltage	7.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	$\text{m}\mu\text{A}$	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

(See notes on back page)

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N719A

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 Kc)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	Current Gain	15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		25			$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	35	Ω	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			10	Ω	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		2.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			5.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.1	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			1.0	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semi-conductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 97.3°C/watt (derating factor of 10.3 mw/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

2N720A

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE GENERAL PURPOSE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3108**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - NPN double diffused silicon general purpose transistor for a wide variety of amplifier and high speed switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C) (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperatures

-65°C to +300°C

Operating Junction Temperature

+200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)

1.8 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)

1.0 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature

0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

120 Volts

V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$)

(Note 4)

100 Volts

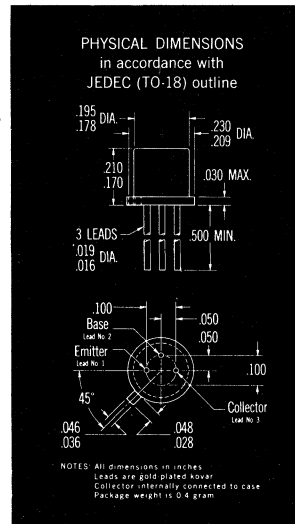
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage

(Note 4)

80 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

7 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		5.0	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	2.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		15	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		85	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{cbo}	Collector Cutoff Current (Note 6)		10	m μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90 \text{ V}$
$I_{cbo}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current (Note 7)		15	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector Breakdown Voltage	120		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	100		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	80		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter Breakdown Voltage	7		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	m μ A	$I_C = 0$ $V_{BE} = 5 \text{ V}$

(See notes on back page)

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



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2N720A FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kHz)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	Current Gain	30	100		$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$
		45			$I_E = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	30	Ω	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$
		4	8	Ω	$I_E = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		1.25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$
			1.50	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_E = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.5	μmho	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$
			0.5	μmho	$I_E = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

1. These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
2. These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
3. These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 97.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C).
4. Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
5. Pulse conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.
3. The 90th percentile shall be no greater than 1 m μA .
7. The 90th percentile shall be no greater than 5 μA .

2N721 • 2N722 • 2N1131 • 2N1132

PNP GENERAL PURPOSE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTORS

These devices are PNP silicon transistors designed for use in high performance amplifiers, oscillators and some switching circuits. They perform at frequencies from DC to VHF. These transistors are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500. These devices are available in accordance with the standard Fairchild FACT program.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C) [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

	2N721 2N722	2N1131 2N1132
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 & 3]	1.5 Watts	2.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 & 3]	0.75 Watt	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 & 3]	0.40 Watt	0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	-50 Volts
V _{CEr} Collector to Emitter Voltage R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω [Note 4]	-50 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-35 Volts
V _{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

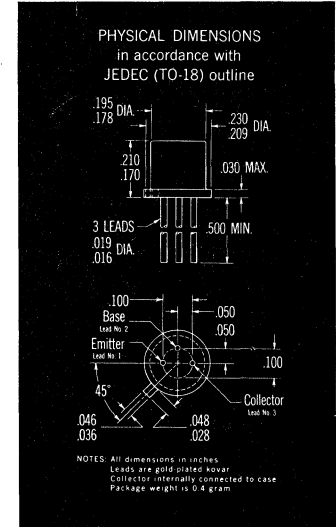
Symbol	FACT † SUBGROUP	Characteristic	2N721 2N1131			2N722 2N1132			Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
* h _{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	26	45	30	45	90	I _c = 150 mA V _{CE} = -10 V	
* V _{BE} (sat)	1a	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.9	-1.3		-0.95	-1.3		I _c = 150 mA I _b = 15 mA	
* V _{CE} (sat)	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage	-1.0	-1.5		-1.0	-1.5		I _c = 150 mA I _b = 15 mA	
h _{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 mc)	2.5	3.5		3.0	4.5		I _c = 50 mA V _{CE} = -10 V	
* I _{CB0}	1b	Collector Cut-off Current	0.01	1.0		0.01	1.0	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = -30 V	

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

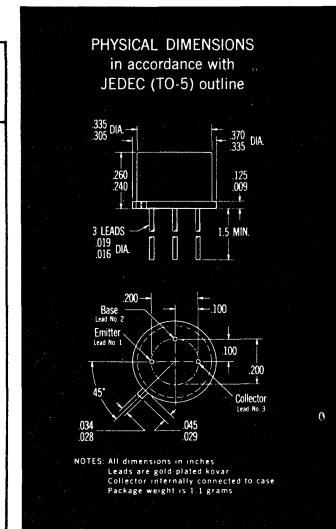
Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 100°C/Watt for the 2N721 and 2N722 (derating factor of 10 mW/°C); for the 2N1131 and 2N1132, 75°C/Watt (derating factor of 13.3 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 375°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.7 mW/°C) for the 2N721 and 2N722; for the 2N1131 and 2N1132, 250°C/Watt (derating factor 4.0 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.



2N721 • 2N722



2N1131 • 2N1132

2N721 • 2N1131 FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

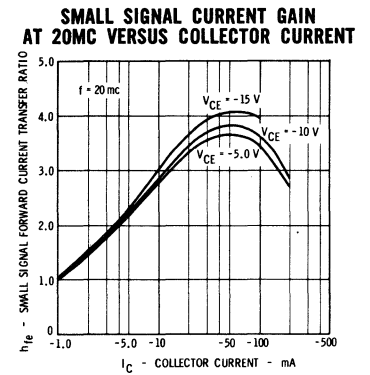
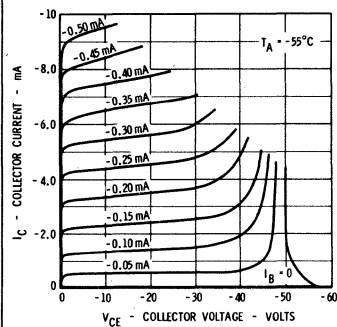
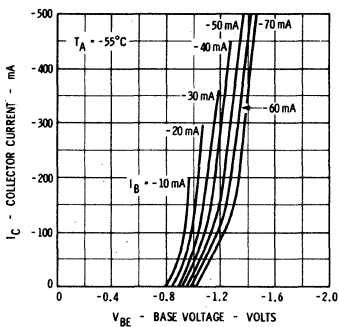
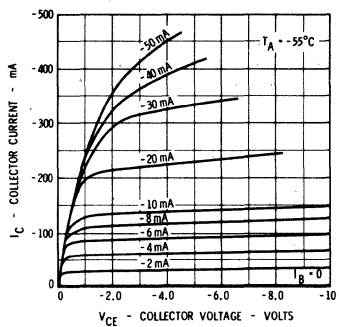
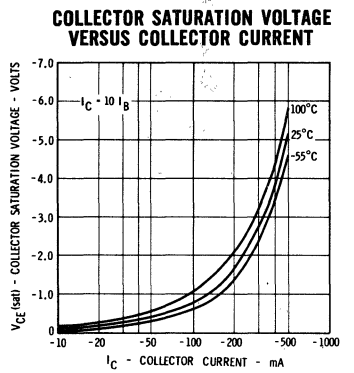
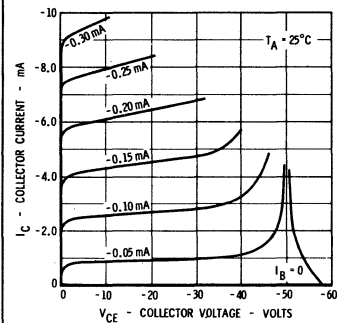
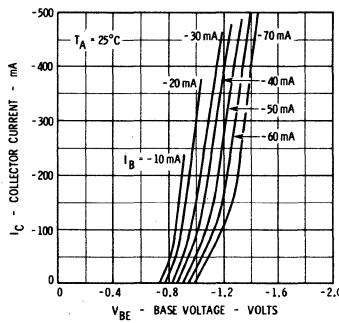
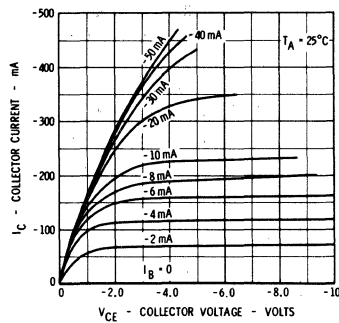
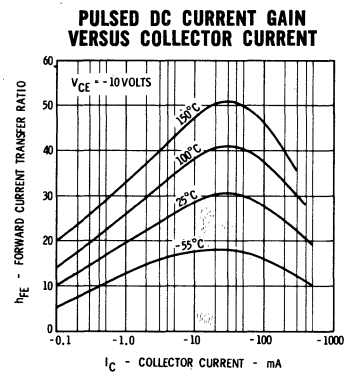
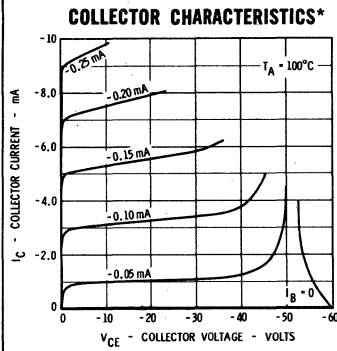
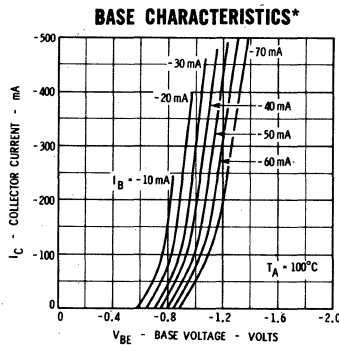
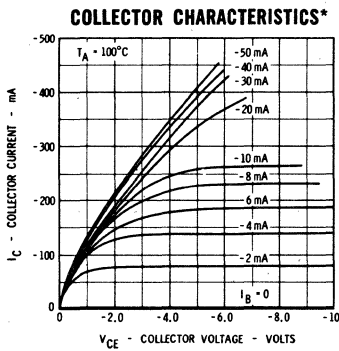
Symbol	FACT † SUBGROUP	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	26			$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	4	Output Capacitance		31	45	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		2.0	100	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-50			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER} (sust)$	4	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	-50			Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$ (pulsed)
$V_{CEO} (sust)$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	-35			Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
* I_{EBO}	1b	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.1	100	μA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance (For 2N721 only)		57	100	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance (For 2N1131 only)		57	80	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SATURATION REGION

HIGH VOLTAGE



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

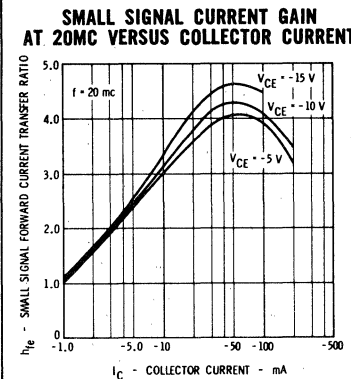
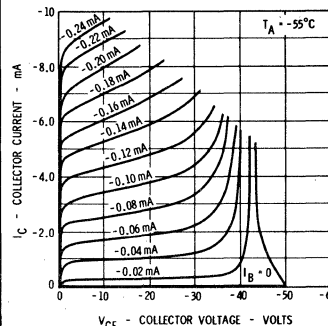
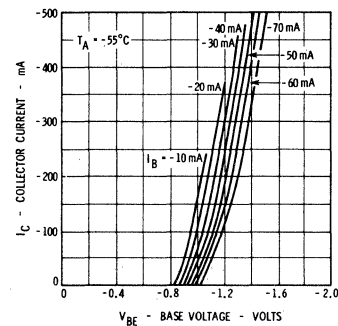
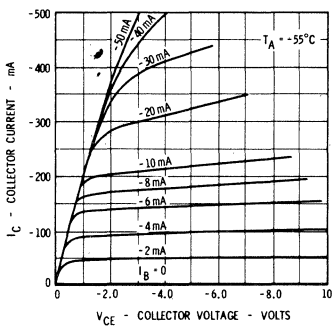
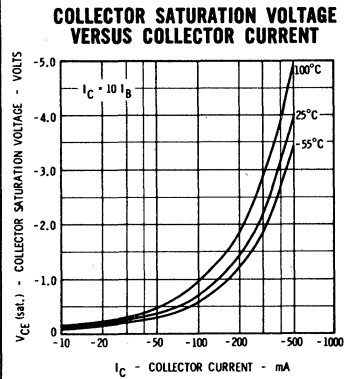
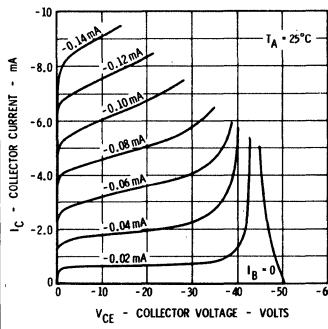
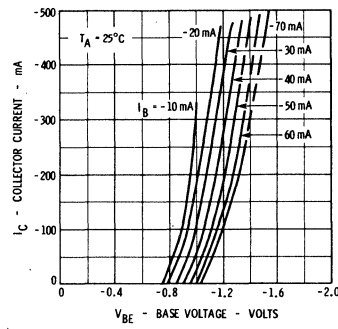
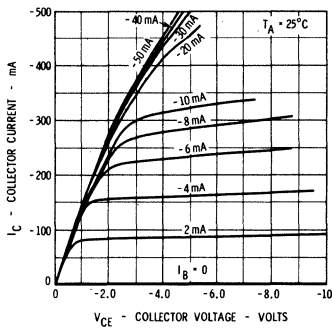
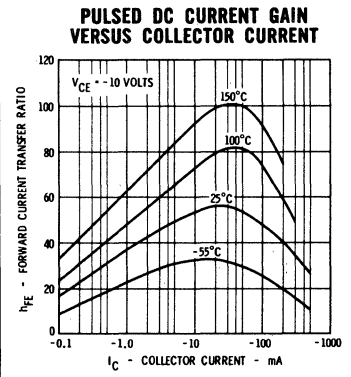
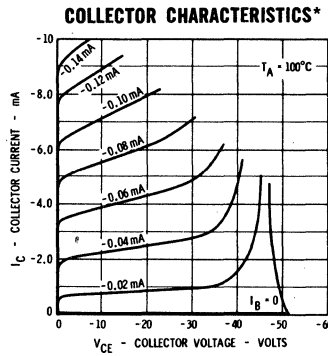
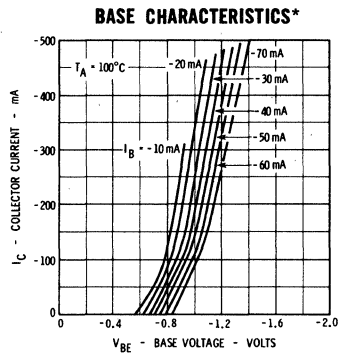
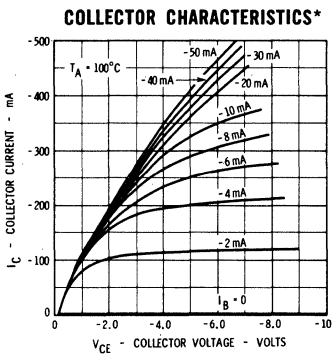
Symbol	FACT † SUBGROUP	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	55			$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	4	Output Capacitance		31	45	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		2.0	100	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-50			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER} (\text{sust})$	4	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	-50			Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $R_{\theta E} \leq 10 \Omega$ (pulsed)
$V_{CEO} (\text{sust})$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	-35			Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
* I_{EBO}	1b	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.1	100	μA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance (For 2N722 only)		57	100	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance (For 2N1132 only)		57	80	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

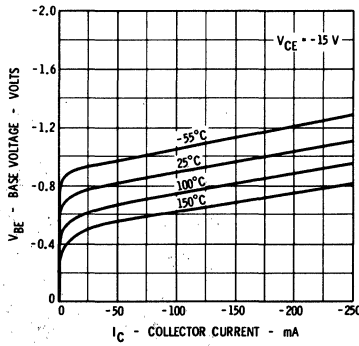
SATURATION REGION

HIGH VOLTAGE

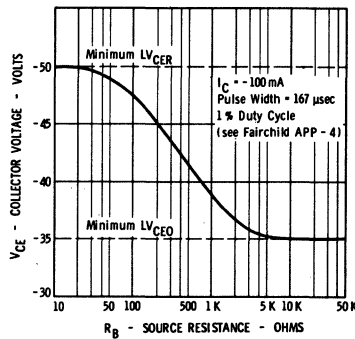


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

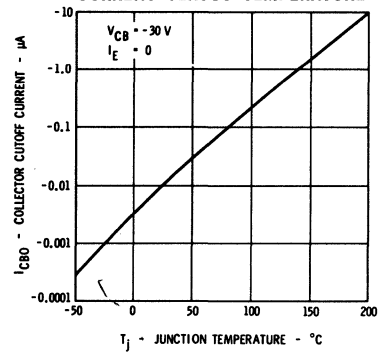
BASE VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT (NON-SATURATED — HIGH SPEED PULSE)



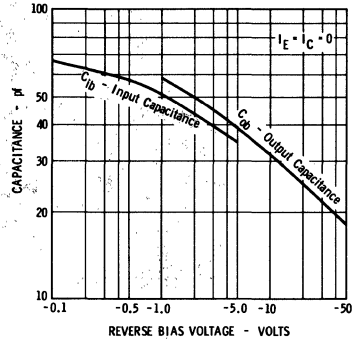
LOWER LIMITING VOLTAGE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE



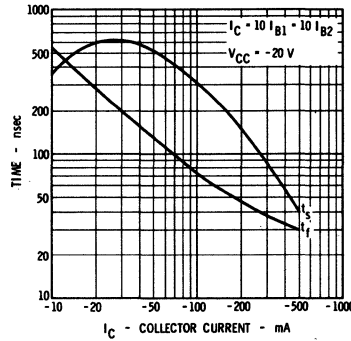
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



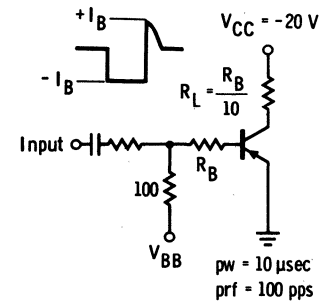
COLLECTOR & EMITTER TRANSITION CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS



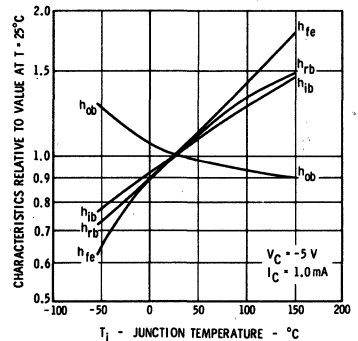
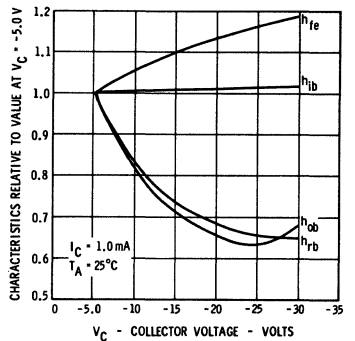
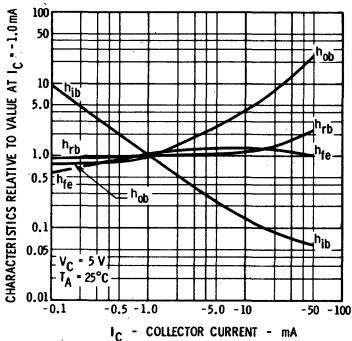
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



SATURATED SWITCHING CIRCUIT



TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kc)



TEST CONDITIONS

V_c = -5 V; I_c = 1.0 mA; f = 1.0 kc

TEST CONDITIONS

V_c = -10 V; I_c = 5.0 mA; f = 1.0 kc

Sym.	† FACT Subgroup	Character.	2N721 • 2N1131			2N722 • 2N1132			Sym.	† FACT Subgroup	Character.	2N721 • 2N1131			2N722 • 2N1132		
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
h _{re}	4	Current Transfer Ratio	15	34	50	25	57	100	h _{re}	4	Current Transfer Ratio	20	38		30	60	
h _{ib}	4	Input Resistance	25Ω	27	35Ω	25Ω	27	35Ω	h _{ib}	4	Input Resistance	6.2	10Ω		6.2	10Ω	
h _{rb}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1.3	8.0x10 ⁻⁴		2.0	8.0x10 ⁻⁴		h _{rb}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1.3	8.0x10 ⁻⁴		2.0	8.0x10 ⁻⁴	
h _{ob}	4	Output Conductance		0.3	1.0 μmho		0.3	1.0 μmho	h _{ob}	4	Output Conductance	0.5	5.0 μmho		0.6	5.0 μmho	

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.



2N743 • 2N744

NPN HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

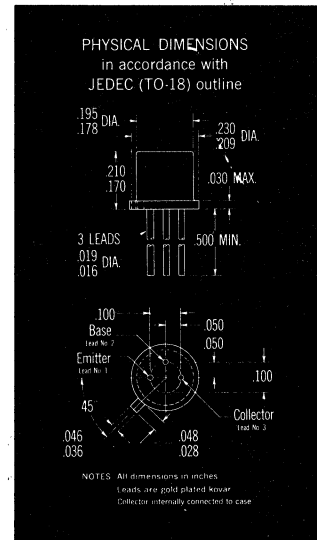
SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2369 A**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N743 and 2N744 are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for use in high-speed saturated switching applications. They are suitable for most satellite and conventional, small-signal, RF, and digital type circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature		175°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec time limit)		230°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	[Notes 2 and 3]	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	[Notes 2 and 3]	0.3 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V _{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage		20 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]		12 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		5.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current		200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N743		2N744		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	60	40	120		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 0.35 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Current Gain	10		20			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 0.35 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	10		20			I _C = 100 mA V _{CE} = 1.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	10		20			I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 0.25 V
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage (T _A = 170°C)		0.35		0.35	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage (T _A = 170°C)		1.0		1.0	Volt	I _C = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	0.65	0.85	0.65	0.85	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage (T _A = -55°C)		1.1		1.1	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed) [Note 5]		1.5		1.5	Volts	I _C = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed) [Note 5]		1.6		1.6	Volts	I _C = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
	T _A = -55°C						
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	9.0		9.0		dB	I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		5.0		5.0	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0		1.0	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CES}	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0		1.0	μA	V _{CE} = 20 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{CE} (100°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		30		30	μA	V _{CE} = 10 V V _{BE} = 0.35 V
I _{CES} (170°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		100		100	μA	V _{CE} = 20 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10	μA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	12		12		Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant (see Fig. 1) [Note 6]		14		18	nsec	I _C = I _{B1} = I _{B2} = 10 mA
T _{on}	Turn On Time (see Figure 2) (Circuit Condition 2)		12		12	nsec	I _C = 100 mA, I _{B1} = 40 mA, I _{B2} = 20 mA
T _{on}	Turn On Time (see Figure 2) (Circuit Condition 1)		16		16	nsec	I _C = 10 mA, I _{B1} = 3.0 mA, I _{B2} = 1.5 mA
T _{off}	Turn Off Time (see Figure 2) (Circuit Condition 1)		24		24	nsec	I _C = 10 mA, I _{B1} = 3.0 mA, I _{B2} = 1.5 mA
T _{off}	Turn Off Time (see Figure 2) (Circuit Condition 2)		40		45	nsec	I _C = 100 mA, I _{B1} = 40 mA, I _{B2} = 20 mA

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

- NOTES:
- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
 - These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/watt (derating factor of 6.7 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
 - Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
 - Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 2%.
 - Measured on Sampling Scope. PW ≥ 200 nsec.

313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435



2N753

NPN MEDIUM SPEED SWITCH SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2369 A

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N753 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed specifically for high-speed, low-power saturated switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to + 175°C

Operating Junction Temperature

175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

1.0 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

25 Volts

V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} = 10\Omega$) (Note 4)

20 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)

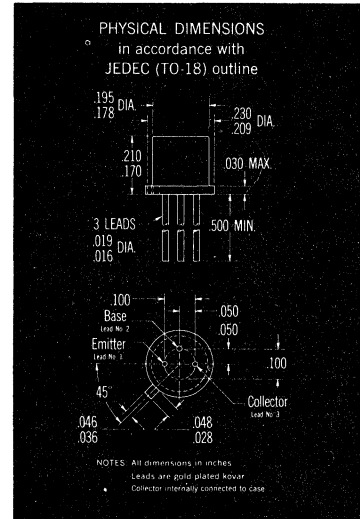
15 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

5.0 Volts

I_C Collector Current

50 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	40	120		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.6	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.7	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 25$ V
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current		30	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15$ V
I_{CER}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current Resistance Return		10	μ A	$V_{CE} = 20$ V $R_{BE} = 100$ K Ω
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	μ A	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0$ V
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0$ MHz)		5.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	2.0			$I_E = -10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
BV_{CER}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage, Resistance Return (Note 4)	20		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed) $R_{BE} = 10$ Ω
BV_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage, Open Circuit (Note 4)	15		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 5)		35	nsec	$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CC} = 10$ V
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		40	nsec	$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V $R_L = 270$ Ω
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		75	nsec	$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V $R_L = 270$ Ω

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.67 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- $R_L = 1$ k Ω , $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 10$ mA (see Figure 2)
- $I_{B1} = 3.0$ mA, $I_{B2} = 1.0$ mA, $t_w \geq 400$ nsec, duty cycle <2%, (see Figure 1).

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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2N783

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCH

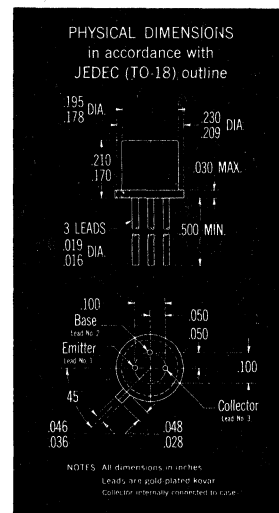
SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2369A**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N783 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed specifically for high-speed, low-power saturated switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature		175°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.3 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage		40 Volts
V _{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage (R _{BE} = 10Ω)		20 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		5.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current		200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	60		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 1.0 V
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.25	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	0.7	0.9	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		250	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 25 V
I _{CBO(150°C)}	Collector Cutoff Current		30	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 25 V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	2.0			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		3.5	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
t _s	Storage Time (Note 4)		10	nsec	I _C = 10 mA V _{CC} = 10 V
t _{on}	Turn On Time (Note 5)		16	nsec	I _{B1} = 3.0 mA I _{B2} = 1.0 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 5)		30	nsec	I _{B1} = 3.0 mA I _{B2} = 1.0 mA
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40		Volts	I _E = 0 I _C = 100 μA
BV _{CER}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage (R _{BE} = 10Ω)	20		Volts	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{BE} = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 100 μA

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.67 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) I_{B1} = 10 mA, I_{B2} = 10 mA, R_L = 1 kΩ, (see Figure 2).
- (5) V_{CC} = 3.0 V, R_L = 270 Ω, (see Figure 1).



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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR — TYPE 2N783

FIGURE 1

TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF CIRCUIT

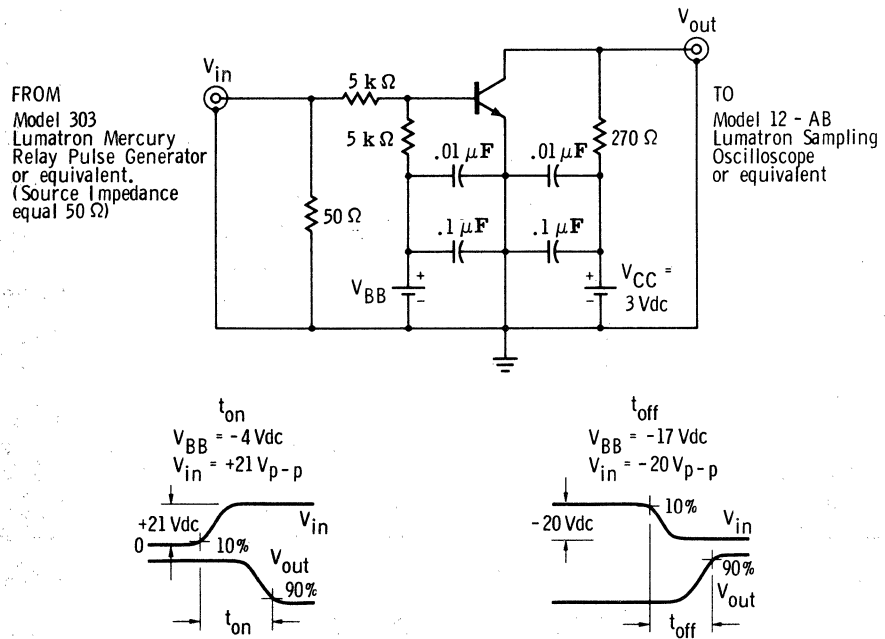
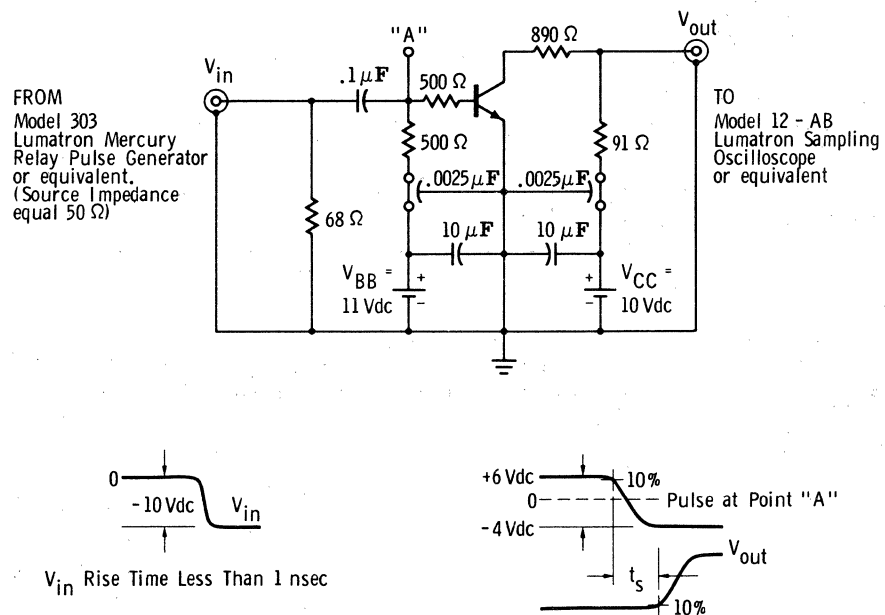


FIGURE 2

STORAGE TIME CIRCUIT



2N834

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2369

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N834 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed for high-speed saturated switching applications. It is suitable for most satellite and conventional, small signal, RF, and digital type circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

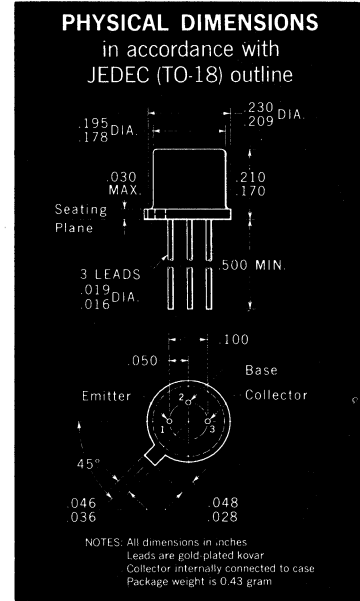
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +175°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec time limit)	240°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V _{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V _{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage	30 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current	200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 4]	25			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 1.0 V
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.25	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.4	Volt	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 5.0 V
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	3.5			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 15 V
f _T	Gain-Bandwidth Product (f = 100 mc)	350		mc	I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 15 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CBO (150°C)}	Collector Cutoff Current		30	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CES}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	μA	V _{CE} = 30 V V _{BE} = 0
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		4.0	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant		25	nsec	See Figure 1
T _{on}	Turn On Time		35	nsec	See Figure 2
T _{off}	Turn Off Time		75	nsec	See Figure 2
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40		Volts	I _C = 100 μA I _E = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	I _E = 100 μA I _C = 0

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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.87 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) Pulse Conditions: length ≤ 300 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 2%.



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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N834

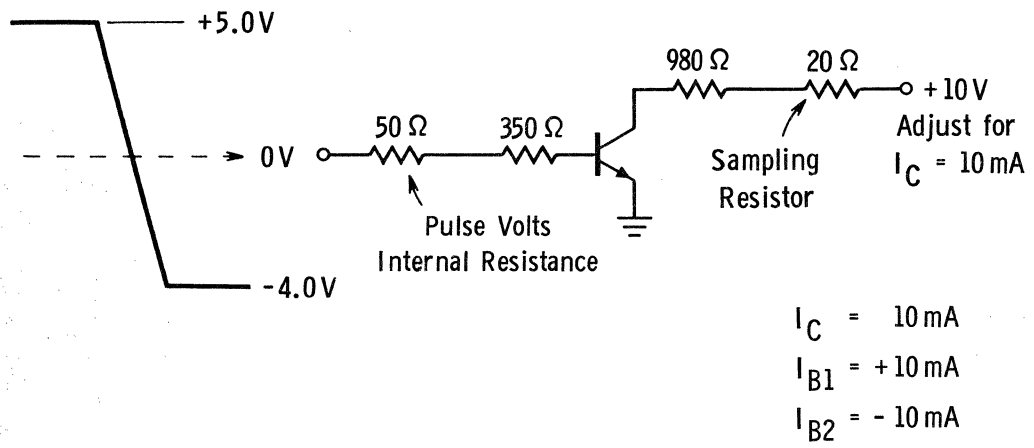


Figure 1

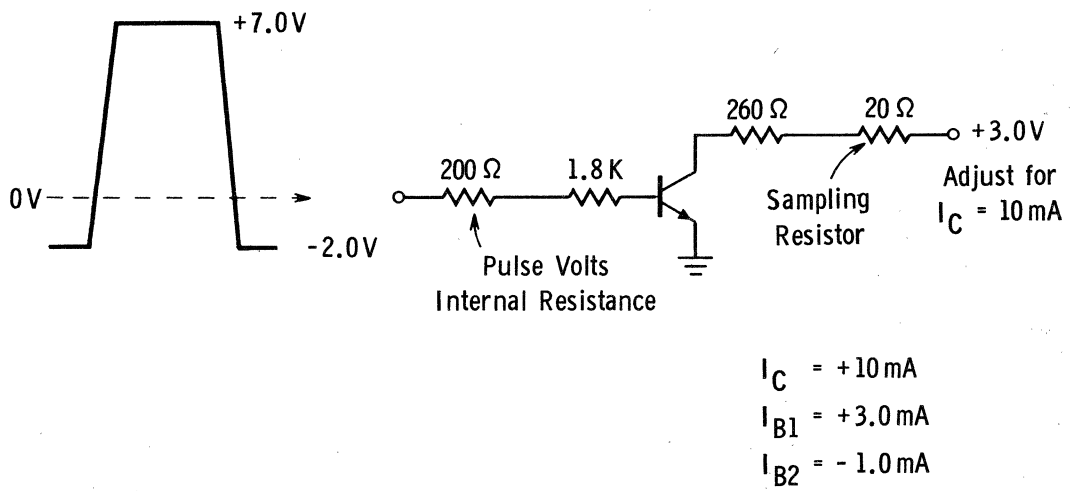


Figure 2

2N835

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N835 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed specifically for high-speed, low-power saturated switching applications.

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2369A**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +175°C

Operating Junction Temperature

175°C Maximum

Lead Temperature (1/16" ± 1/32" from case for 10 sec)

240°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

1.0 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

25 Volts

V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage

20 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage

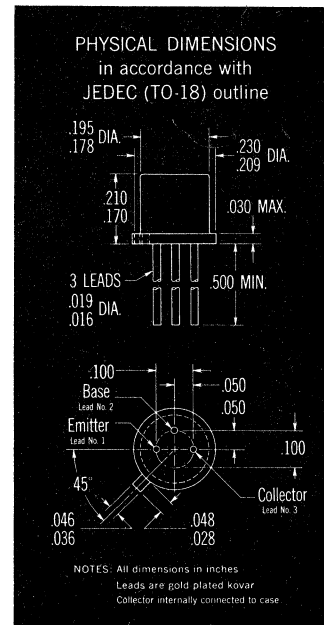
20 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

3.0 Volts

I_C Collector Current

200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 1.0 V
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.3	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	3.0			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 15 V
f _T	Gain-Bandwidth Product	300		MHz	I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 15 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CBO(150°C)}	Collector Cutoff Current		30	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CES}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	μA	V _{CE} = 20 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	μA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 3.0 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		4.0	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
T _{on}	Turn On Time		20	nsec	See Figure 2
T _{off}	Turn Off Time		35	nsec	See Figure 2
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant		35	nsec	See Figure 1
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25		Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0		Volts	I _E = 10 μA I _C = 0

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/watt (derating factor of 6.67 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).

FIGURE 1—Charge storage time constant measurement circuit

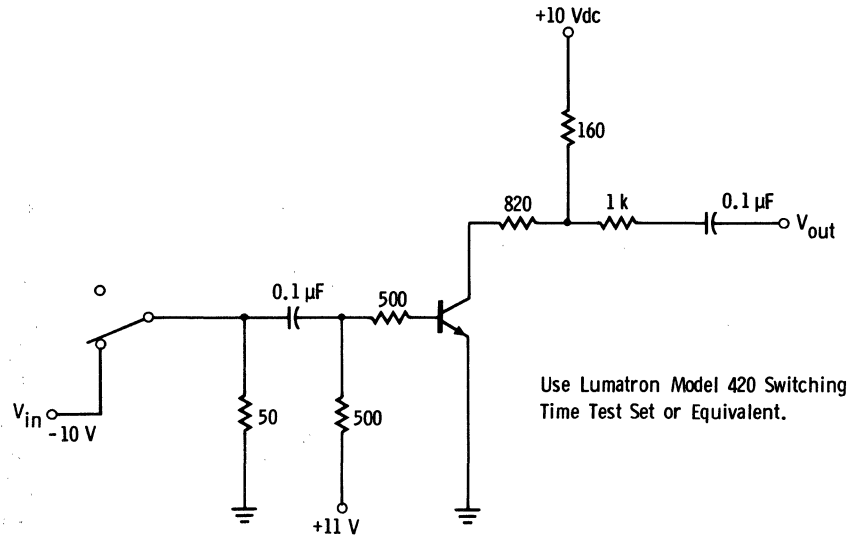
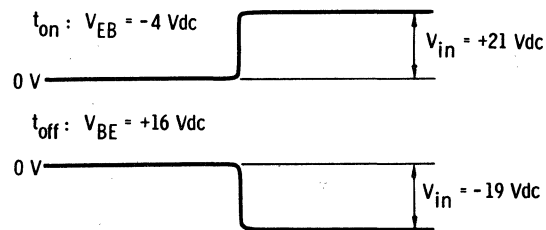
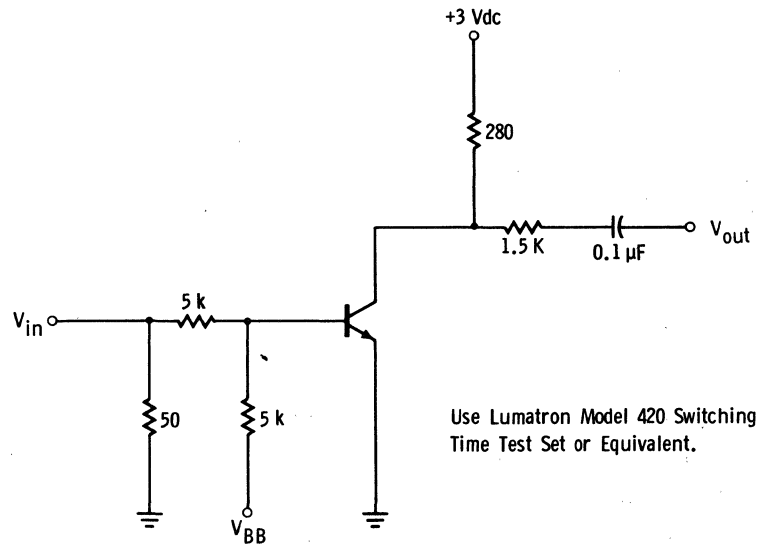


FIGURE 2—Turn-on and turn-off time measurement circuit



2N869

PNP NON-SATURATING SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N869 is a double diffused silicon PNP planar transistor packaged in the JEDEC TO-18 outline. It is designed as a high-frequency general-purpose transistor and is used to advantage in complementary type circuits with the 2N916. Typical f_T is 150 mc.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

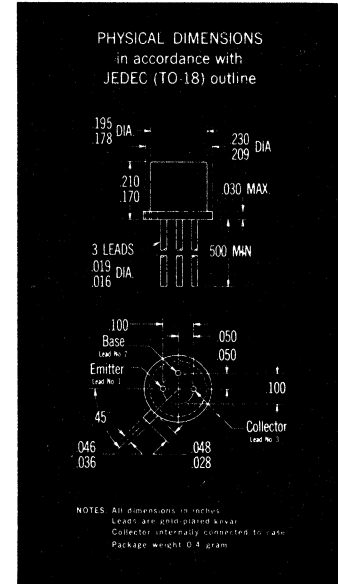
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} - Collector to Base Voltage	-25 Volts
V_{CER} - Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) [Note 4]	-25 Volts
V_{CEO} - Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-18 Volts
V_{EBO} - Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	-1.0		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-1.0		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain $f = 100 \text{ mc}$	1.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -15 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		9.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		11	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	$\text{m}\mu\text{A}$	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage [Note 4]	-25		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	-25		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$

(See notes on back page)

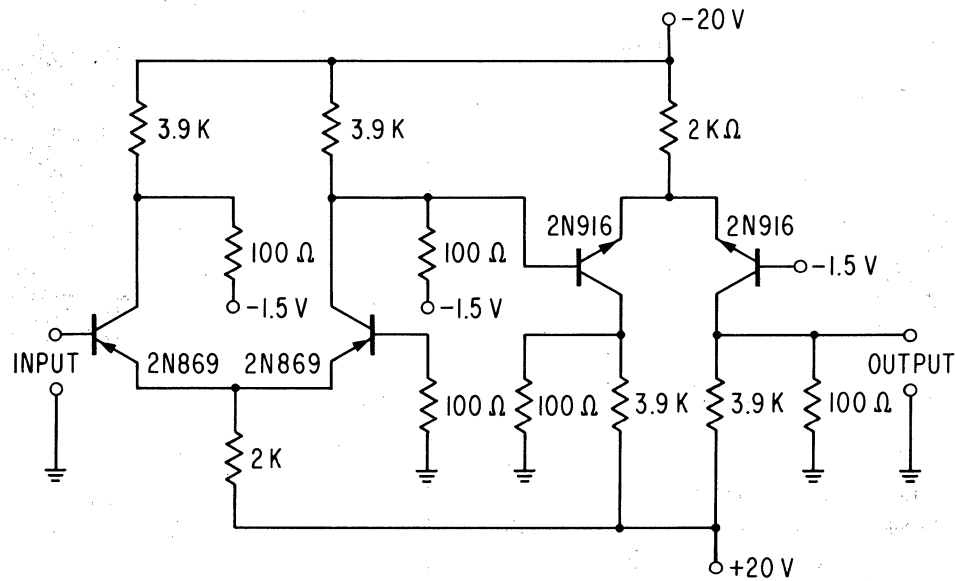
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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 1%.



COMPLEMENTARY HIGH SPEED NON-SATURATED
STEERING LOGIC CURRENT

$$t_{pd} < 5 \text{ nsec/stage}$$

2N869A

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N869A is a 550 mc PNP diffused silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed for saturated and non-saturated switching circuits requiring up to 200 milliamperes of collector current. It is also suitable for most small-signal RF amplifier applications. This transistor is designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
 Operating Junction Temperature
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

-65°C to +200°C
200°C Maximum
300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

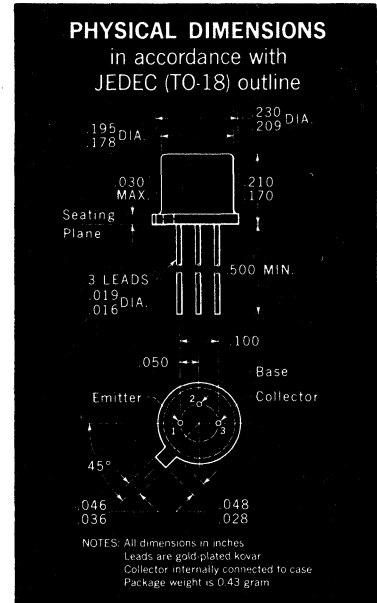
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]
 at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]
 at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

1.2 Watts
0.68 Watt
0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage
 I_C Collector Current

-25 Volts
-18 Volts
-5.0 Volts
200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	75	120		$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	67			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.3 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	30			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE} \text{ (sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.07	-0.15		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE} \text{ (sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.1	-0.2		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE} \text{ (sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.28	-0.5		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	4.0	5.5			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -15 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO} \text{ (sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-18			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		23	50	nsec	$I_C \approx 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 1.5 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		34	80	nsec	$I_C \approx 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 1.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -1.5 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.

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NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} and I_{B2} .



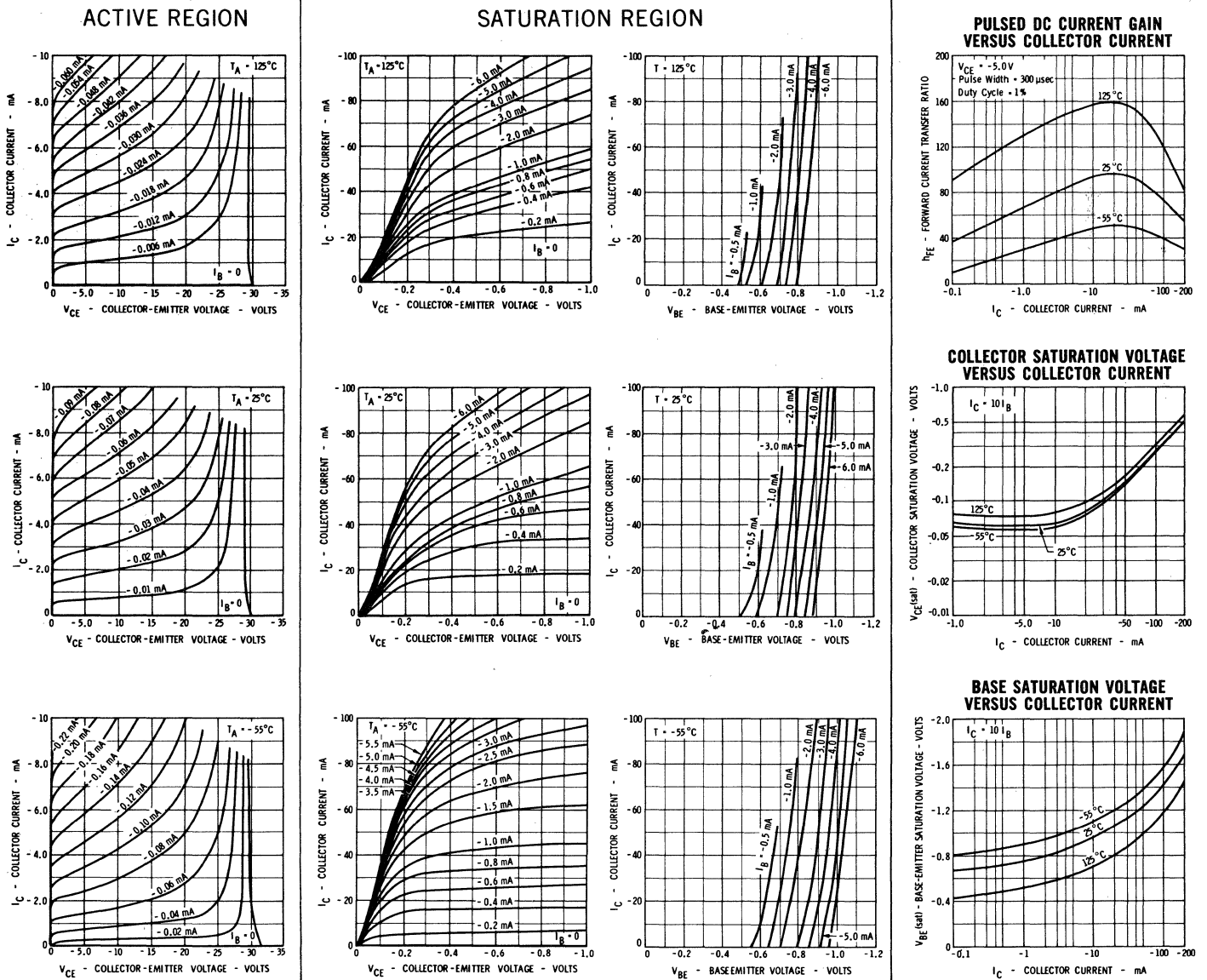
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N869A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	95	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	17	43			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.78	-0.92	-0.98	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.85	-1.1	-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.4	-1.7	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.05	10		nA	$V_{CE} = -15 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current	0.1	25		μA	$V_{CE} = -15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance	3.0	6.0		pf	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance	3.8	6.0		pf	$V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-25			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-25			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

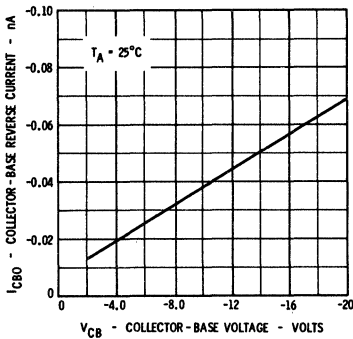


Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

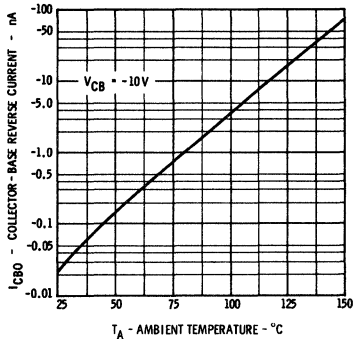
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N869A

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

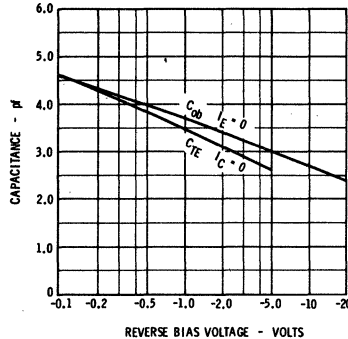
COLLECTOR-BASE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



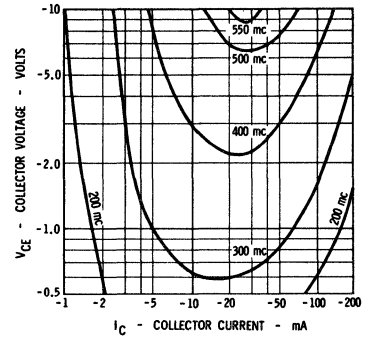
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



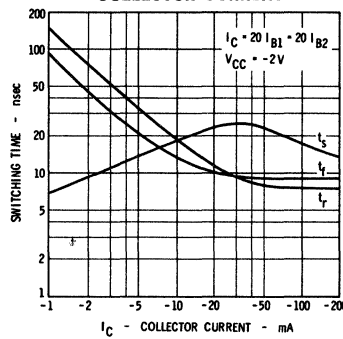
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



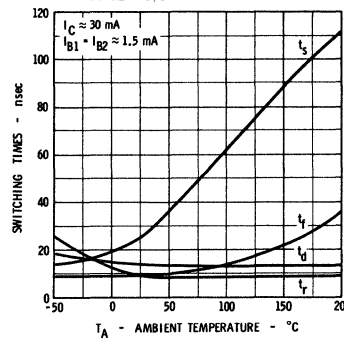
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



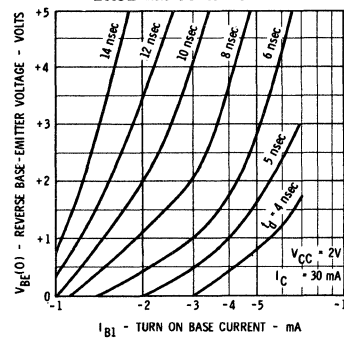
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



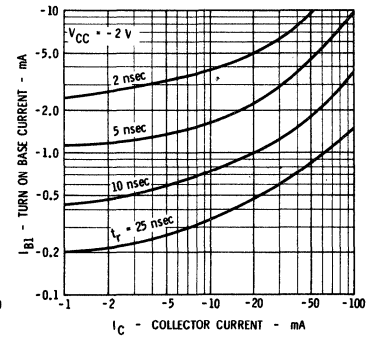
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



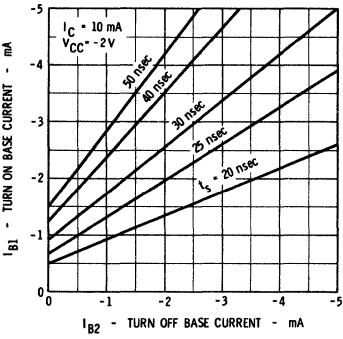
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



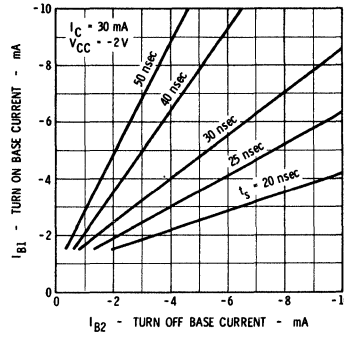
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



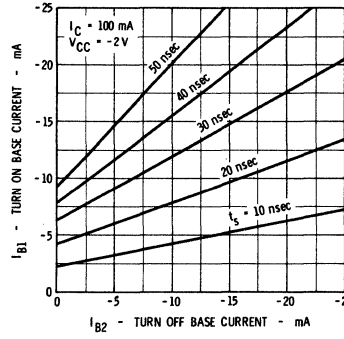
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



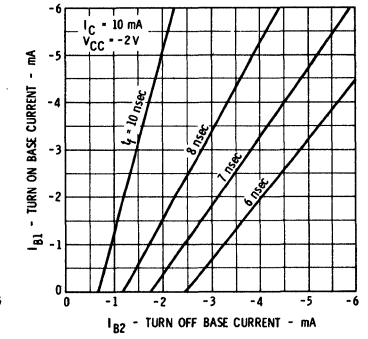
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



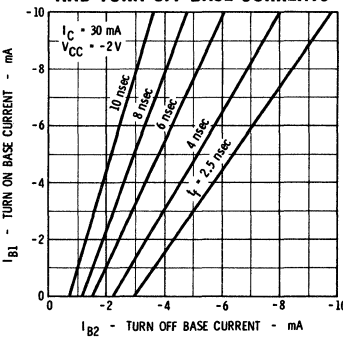
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



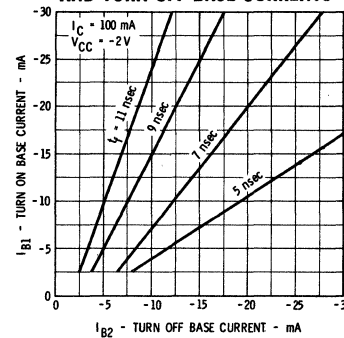
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



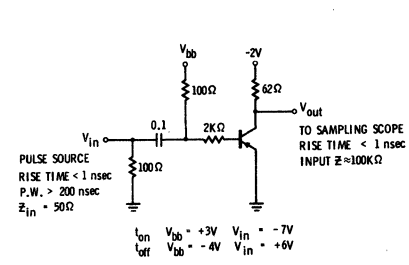
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



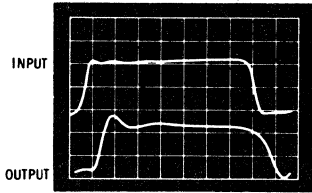
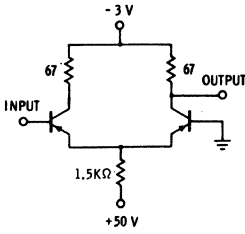
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N869A

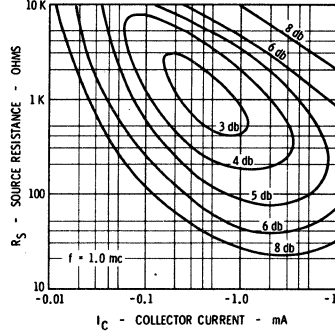
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE

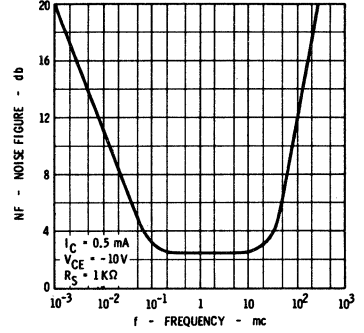


SCALE = 2 nsec/cm

NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT

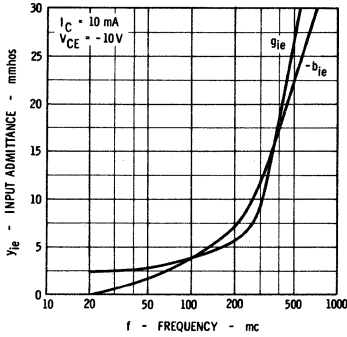


NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY

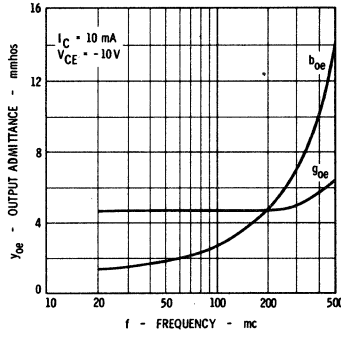


TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

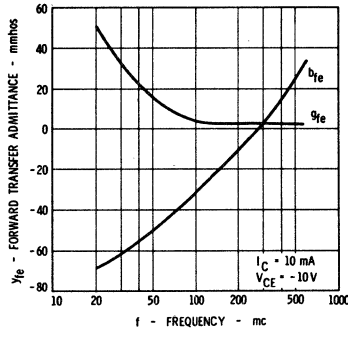
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



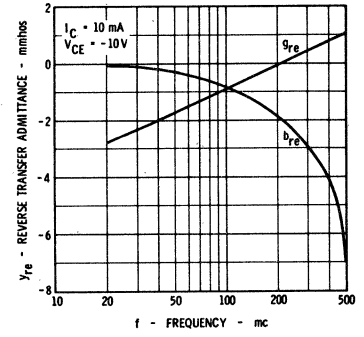
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



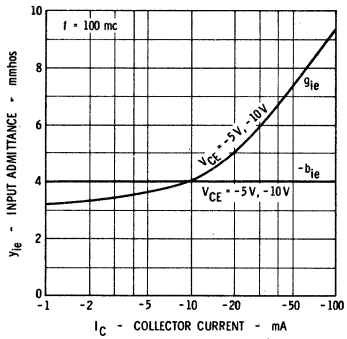
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



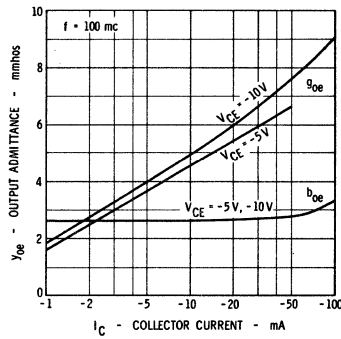
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



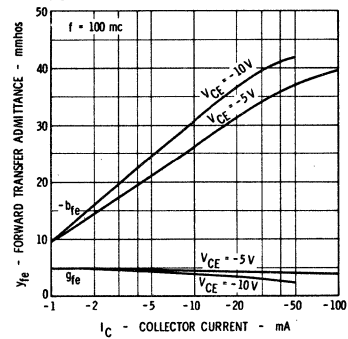
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



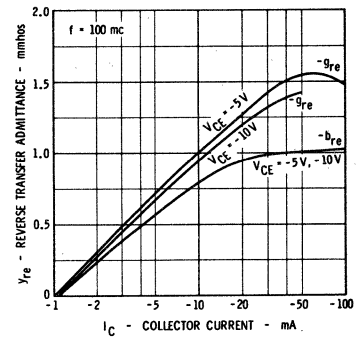
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



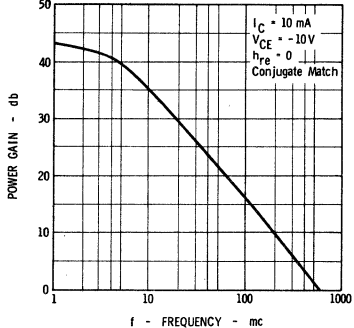
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



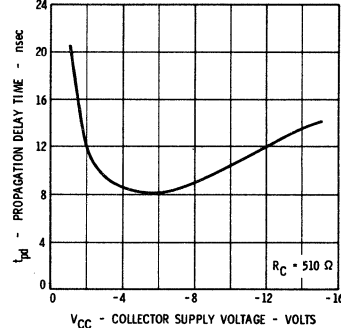
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



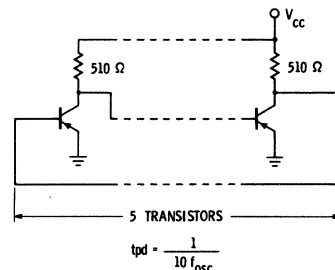
IDEALIZED SMALL SIGNAL POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



FM870 • 2N1889 • 2N870 FM871 • 2N1890 • 2N871

NPN HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER AND OSCILATOR TYPE DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION — These transistors are designed for high voltage large signal amplifier and oscillator applications where PLANAR* reliability and performance are desired.

Low leakage (typically 50 nanoamperes at 100°C and 75 volts) together with nearly constant current gain over more than four decades substantially improves linearity in large signal high voltage applications such as servo motor drivers and some operational amplifiers. A typical gain bandwidth of 90 megahertz and low capacitance permit improved performance in high frequency circuits such as electrostatic deflection amplifiers for CRT's and high level video amplifiers.

These transistors are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature

-65°C to +300°C All Units
200°C Maximum All Units

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]
at 25°C Ambient Temperature

FM870	2N1889	2N870
FM871	2N1890	2N871
4.0 Watts	3.0 Watts	1.8 Watts
2.3 Watts	1.7 Watts	1.0 Watt
0.375 Watt	0.8 Watt	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage (R_{BE} ≤ 10Ω) [Note 4]

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

100 Volts	100 Volts	100 Volts
80 Volts	80 Volts	80 Volts
60 Volts	60 Volts	60 Volts
7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

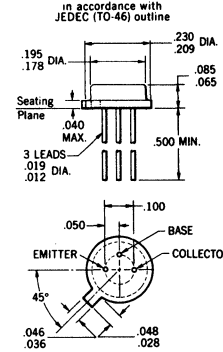
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N870-FM870			2N871-FM871			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		2N1889			2N1890				
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	75	120	100	130	300	I _C = 150 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	35	80			135		I _C = 10 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	40			65		I _C = 10 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	50			95		I _C = 0.1 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	0.8	0.9		0.8	0.9		I _C = 50 mA	I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.6	1.2		0.35	1.2		I _C = 50 mA	I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	0.9	1.3		0.9	1.3		I _C = 150 mA	I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage	2.5	5.0		1.3	5.0		I _C = 150 mA	I _B = 15 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain f = 20 MHz	2.5	4.0		3.0	5.0		I _C = 50 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{obc}	Output Capacitance	13	15		13	15		I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance	60	85		60	85		I _C = 0	V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.4	10		0.4	10		I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 75 V
I _{CBO} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current	1.0	15		1.0	15		I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 75 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	100			100			I _C = 0	I _E = 0.1 mA
V _{CER} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	80			80			I _C = 100 mA (pulsed)	R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	60			60			I _C = 30 mA (pulsed)	I _B = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			7.0			I _C = 0	I _E = 0.1 mA
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current	0.1	10		0.1	10		I _C = 0	V _{EB} = 5.0 V

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations. See thermal network on page 4 for typical pulse ratings.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and thermal resistance (junction-to-case) for the FM870 and FM871 of 43.7°C/watt (derating factor of 22.9 mW/°C); for the 2N1889 and 2N1890 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) and for the 2N870 and 2N871 97.1°C/watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C).
- These ratings refer to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.

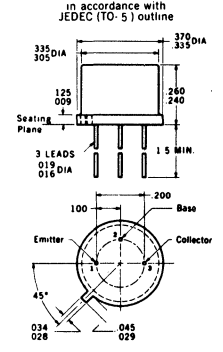
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated Kovar
Lead No. 3 internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.34 gram

FM870 • FM871

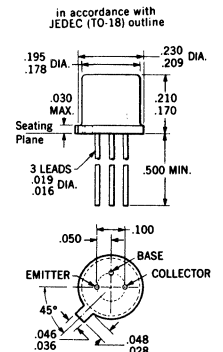
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated Kovar
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 1.1 grams

2N1889 • 2N1890

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



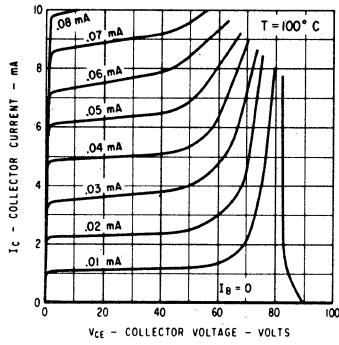
NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated Kovar
Lead No. 3 internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.44 gram

2N870 • 2N871

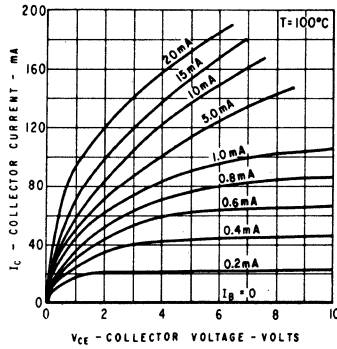
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

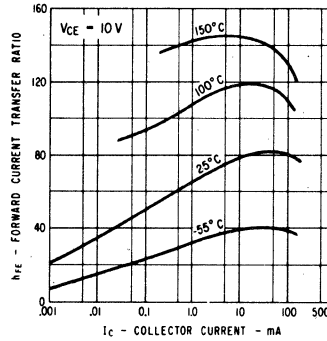
HIGH VOLTAGE COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



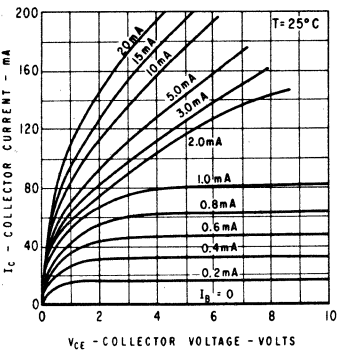
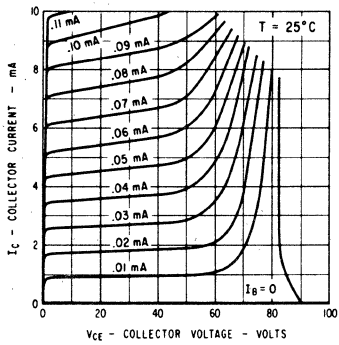
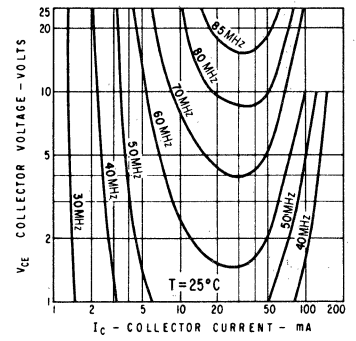
SATURATION REGION COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



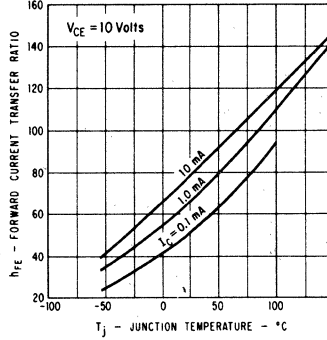
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



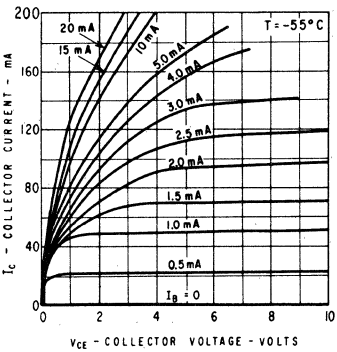
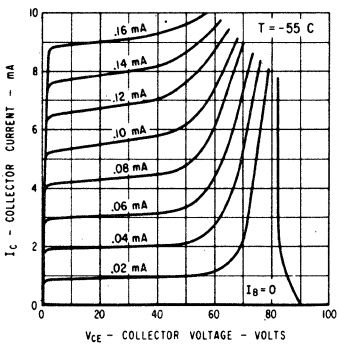
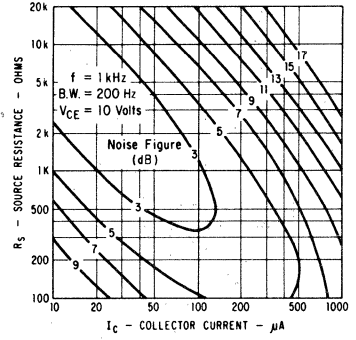
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



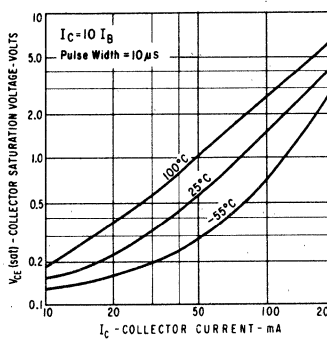
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS TEMPERATURE



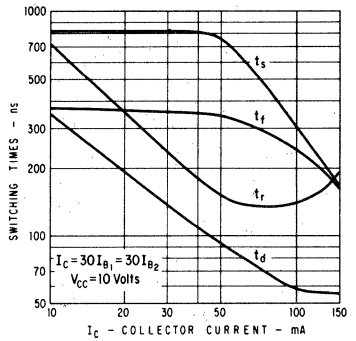
CONTOURS OF NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

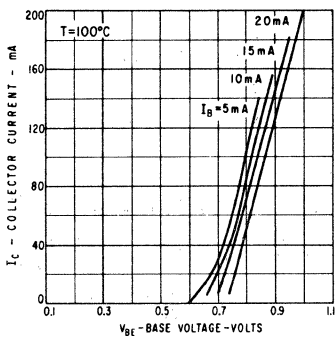


SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

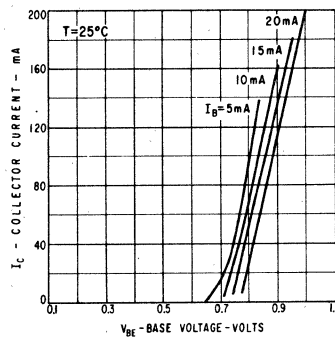


GRAPHS IN THIS SECTION APPLY TO ALL TRANSISTORS

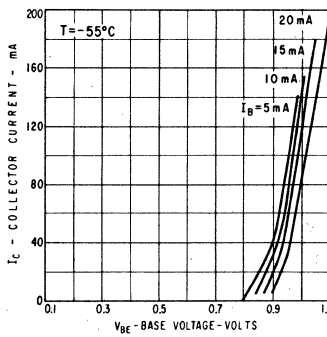
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



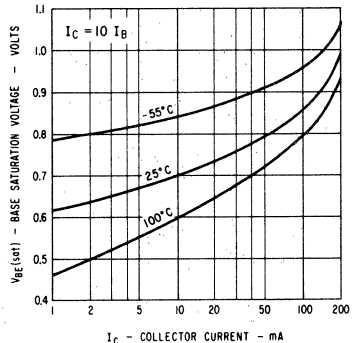
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

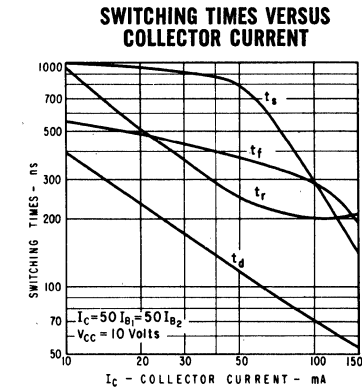
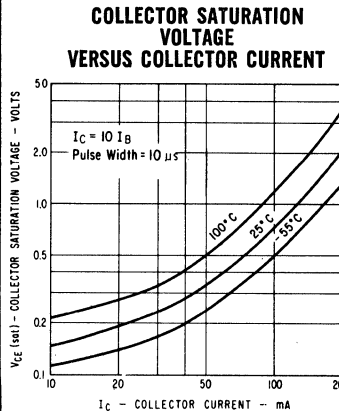
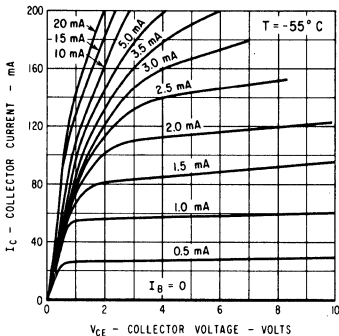
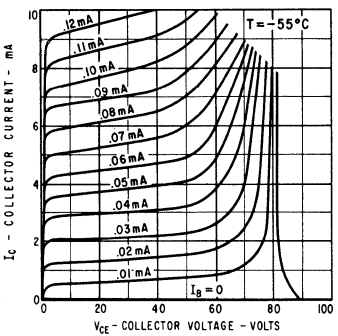
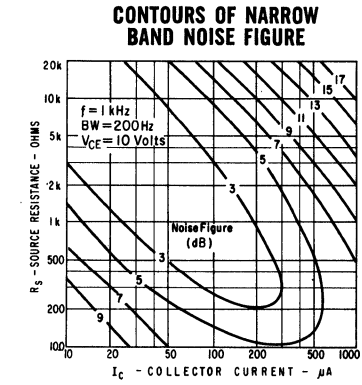
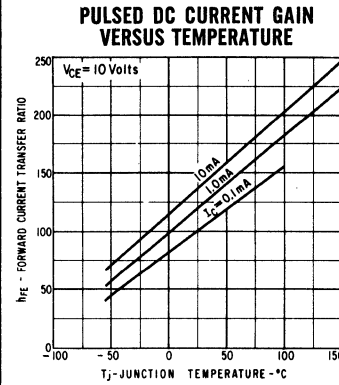
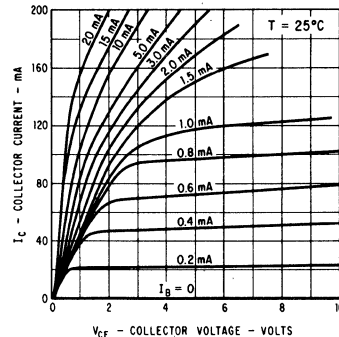
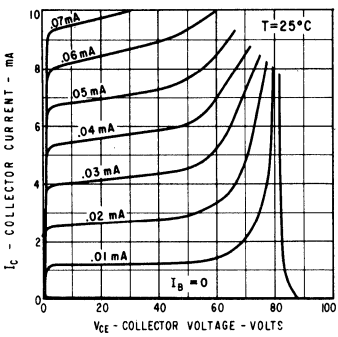
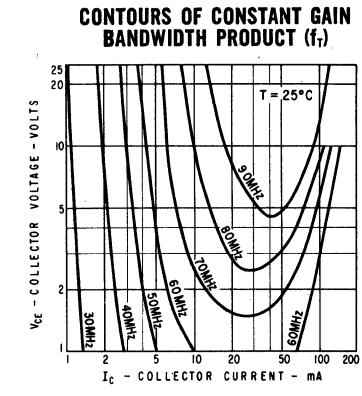
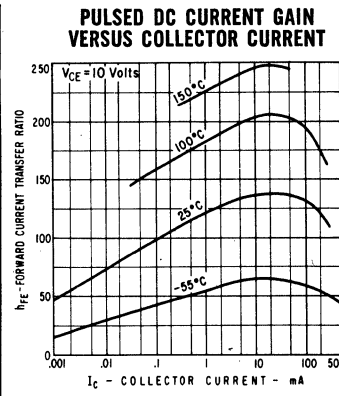
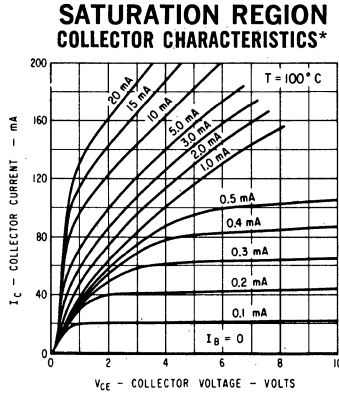
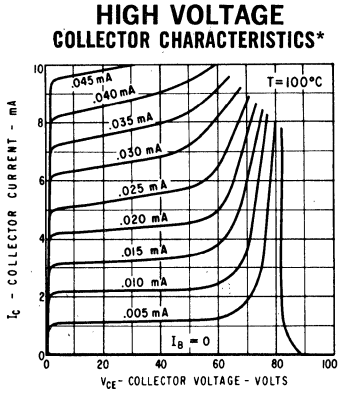


BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

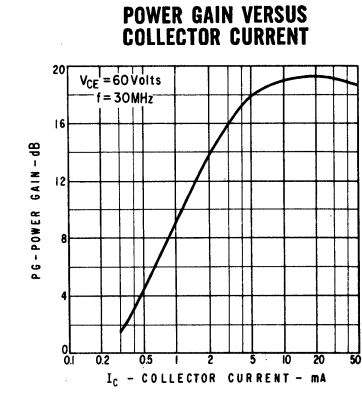
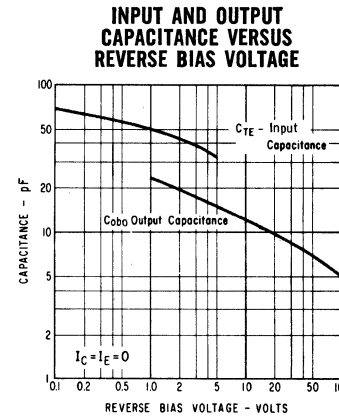
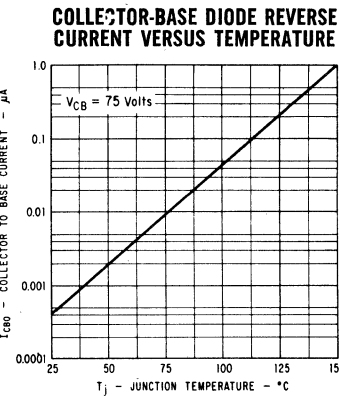
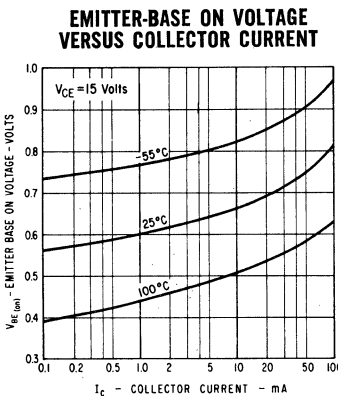


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



GRAPHS IN THIS SECTION APPLY TO ALL TRANSISTORS

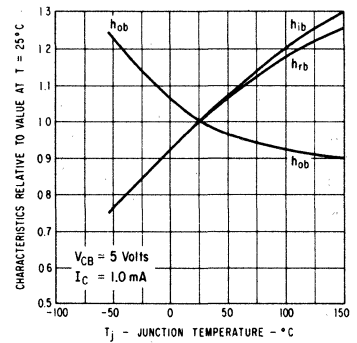
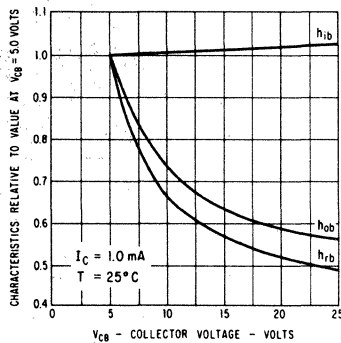
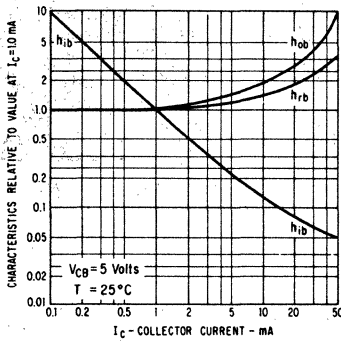


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

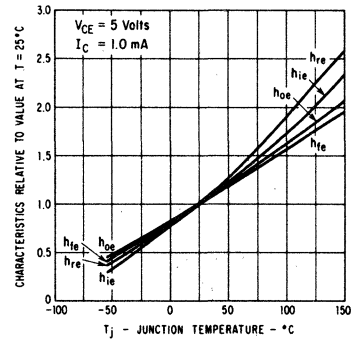
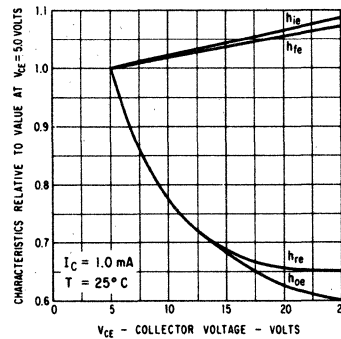
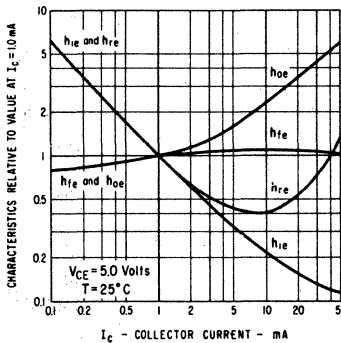
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	FM870-2N1889 2N870			FM871-2N1890 2N871			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	26.9	30	20	27.5	30	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	4.0	6.1	8.0	4.0	6.4	8.0	ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.12	0.5		0.15	0.3	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.14	0.5		0.16	0.3	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.52	1.25		0.92	1.50	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.59	1.50		0.84	1.50	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	30	72	100	50	125	200		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	45	80	150	70	149	300		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		2.3			3.5		kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		9.0			16.5		μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		3.0			4.6		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

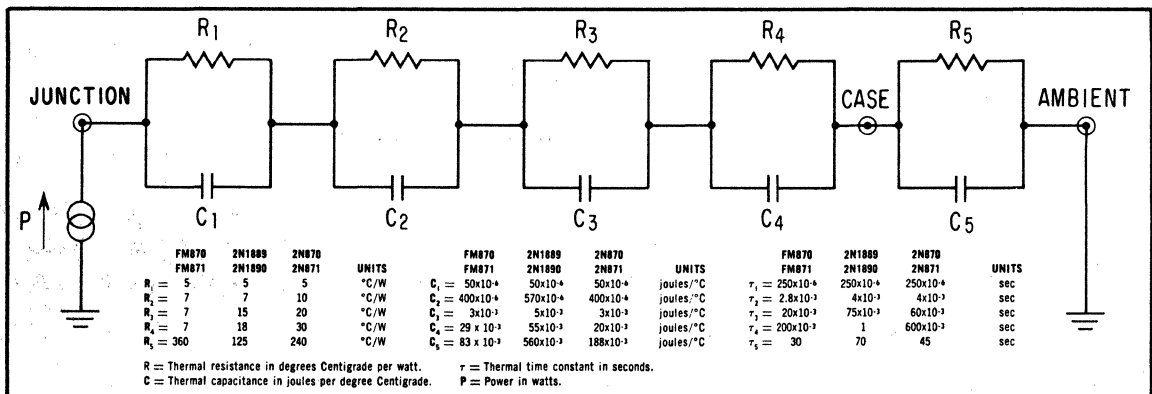
TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL THERMAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUITS



2N910 • 2N911 • 2N912 • 2N1973 • 2N1974 • 2N1975

NPN SMALL SIGNAL

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These NPN Double-Diffused Silicon Planar Transistors are designed for small-signal type applications. They replace grown junction and mesa types such as the 2N333 through 2N336 and 2N1564 through 2N1566. Their improved performance is reflected in lower noise... tighter parameter limits... lower leakage... and improved characteristic stability with age. The "h" parameters are specified at two operating levels. The three small-signal beta ranges, 76 to 200, 36 to 90 and 18 to 50; cover most small-signal applications. V_{CB0} of 100 volts and f_T of 80 MHz offer a wide range of applications in Class-A amplifiers.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C) (Note 1)

2N910	2N1973
2N911	2N1974
2N912	2N1975

Maximum Temperatures

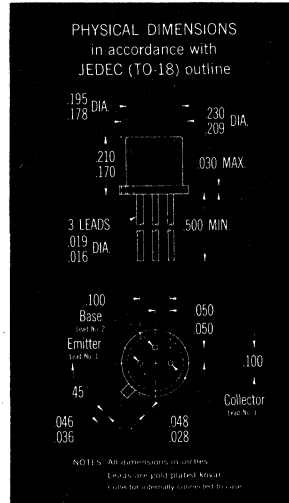
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum	+200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 & 3)

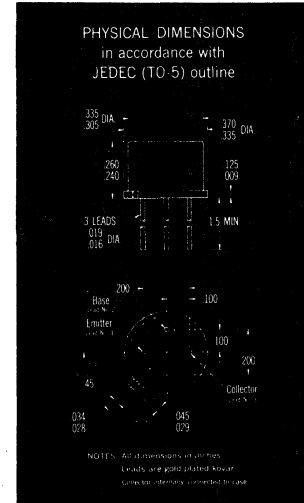
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.8 Watts	3.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	1.0 Watt	1.7 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.5 Watt	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	100 Volts	100 Volts
V_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	80 Volts	80 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts



2N910 2N911 2N912



2N1973 2N1974 2N1975

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	2N910 2N1973			2N911 2N1974			2N912 2N1975			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	75	135		35	70		15	42		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	35	100		20	45		10	33		$I_C = 0.1$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	
$h_{FE}(150^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	50		15	30		10	15		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.6	0.65	0.8	0.6	0.65	0.8	0.6	0.65	0.8	Volts $I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA	
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.13	0.4		0.13	0.4		0.16	0.4	Volts $I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA	
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.72	0.9		0.73	0.9		0.7	0.9	Volts $I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA	
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.22	1.2		0.22	1.2		0.24	1.2	Volts $I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA	
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20$ MHz)	3.0	4.0		2.5	3.5		2.0	3.0		$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance			15			15			15	pF $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10$ V	
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance			85			85			85	pF $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5$ V	
NF	Noise Figure (Note 6)			12			15			18	dB $I_C = 0.3$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			25			25			25	μA $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 75$ V	
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current			15			15			15	μA $I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 75$ V	
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	100			100			100			Volts $I_C = 100$ μA $I_E = 0$	
$V_{CER}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	80			80			80			Volts $I_C = 100$ mA $R_{BE} \leq 10$ Ω (pulsed)	
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	60			60			60			Volts $I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)	
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			7.0			7.0			Volts $I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100$ μA	
I_{EBO}	Emitter Current			25			25			25	μA $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0$ V	

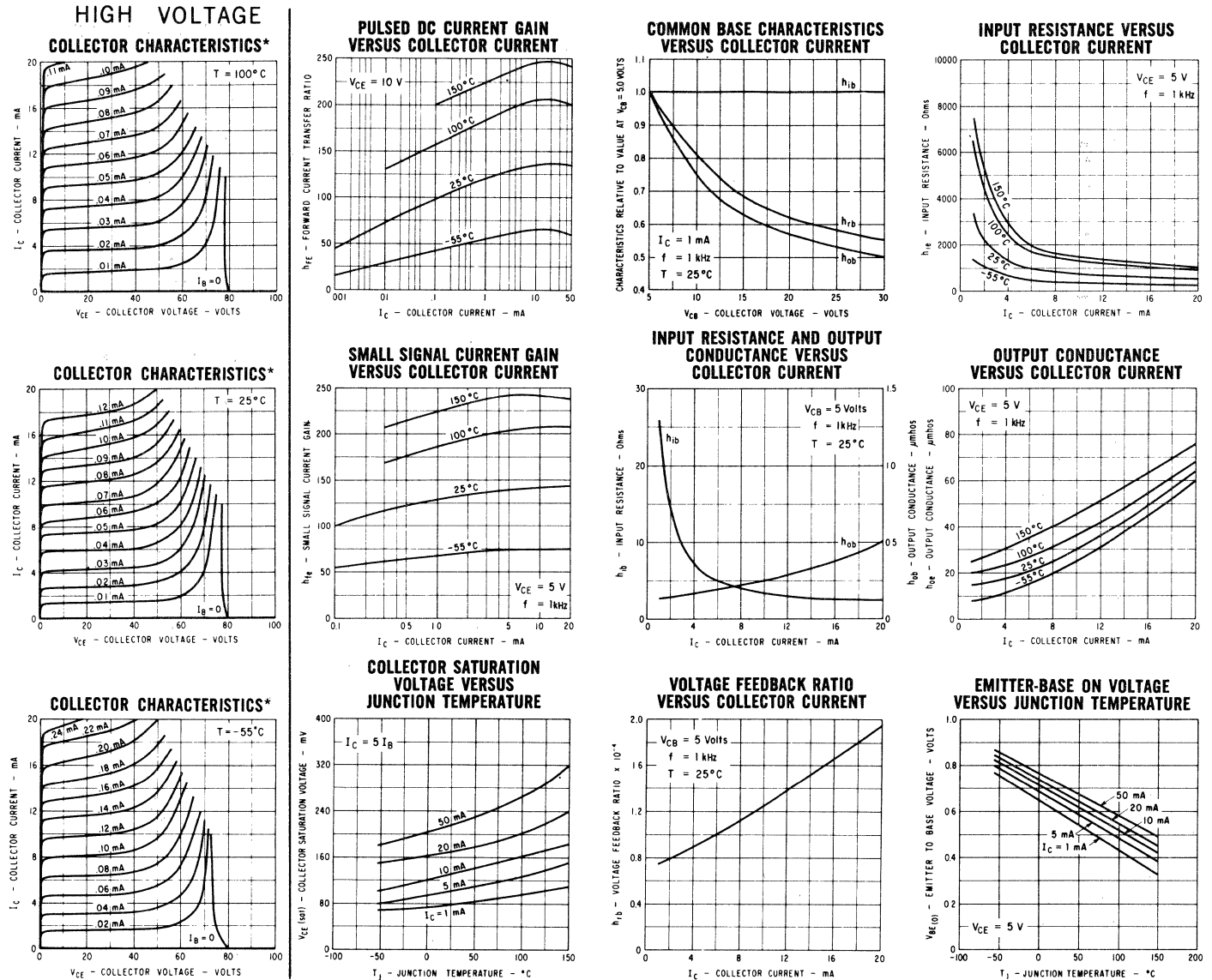
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1 kHz)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	76	125	200		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	80	140	200		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	26	30	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	4.0	6.0	8.0	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.75	3.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.95	4.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.13	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.2	1.0	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		1000	1800	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		20	100	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



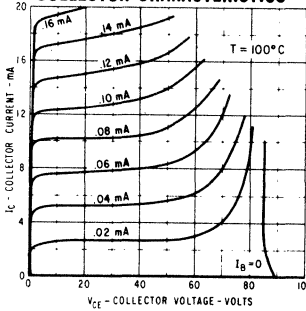
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1 kHz)

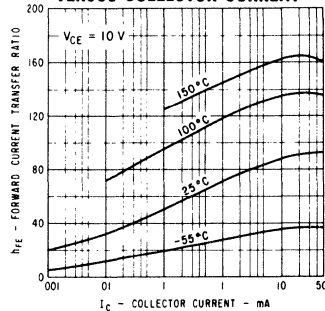
Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	36	65	90		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	40	70	100		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	25	30	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	4.0	6.0	8.0	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.45	1.25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.7	1.75	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.13	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.15	1.0	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		600	1000	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		10	50	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

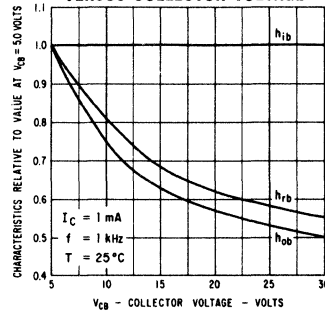
HIGH VOLTAGE COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



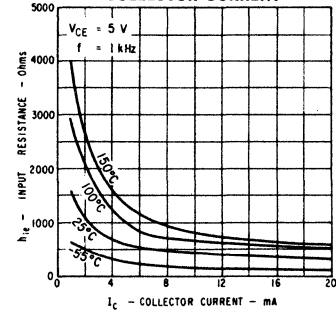
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



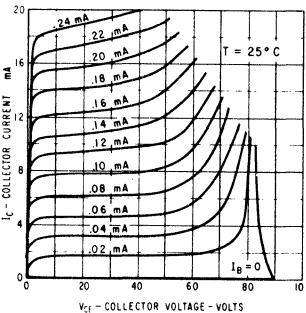
COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



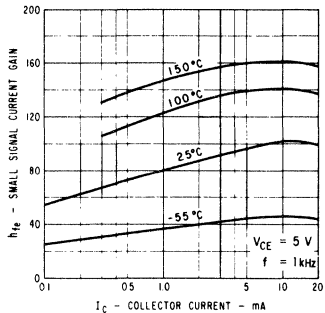
INPUT RESISTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



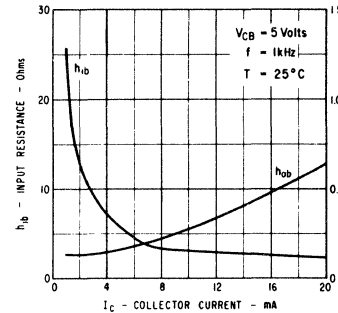
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



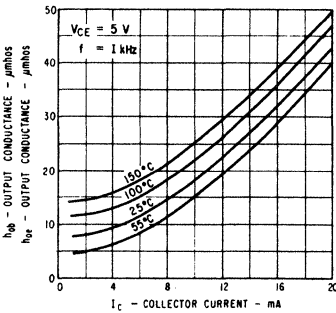
SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



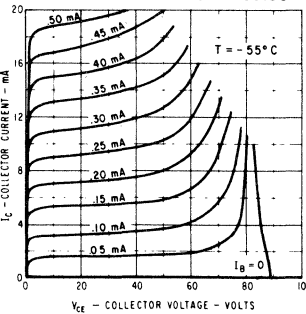
INPUT RESISTANCE AND OUTPUT CONDUCTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



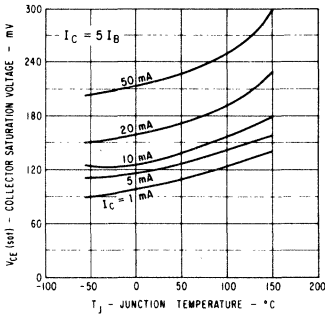
OUTPUT CONDUCTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



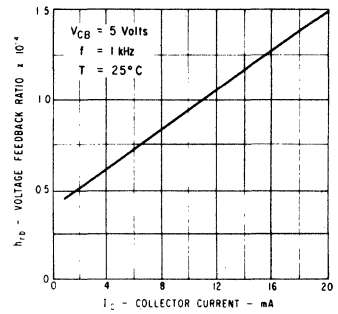
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



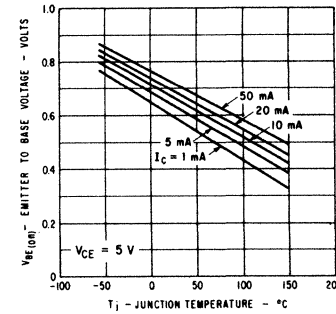
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



VOLTAGE FEEDBACK RATIO VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



EMITTER-BASE ON VOLTAGE VERSUS JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N912•2N1975

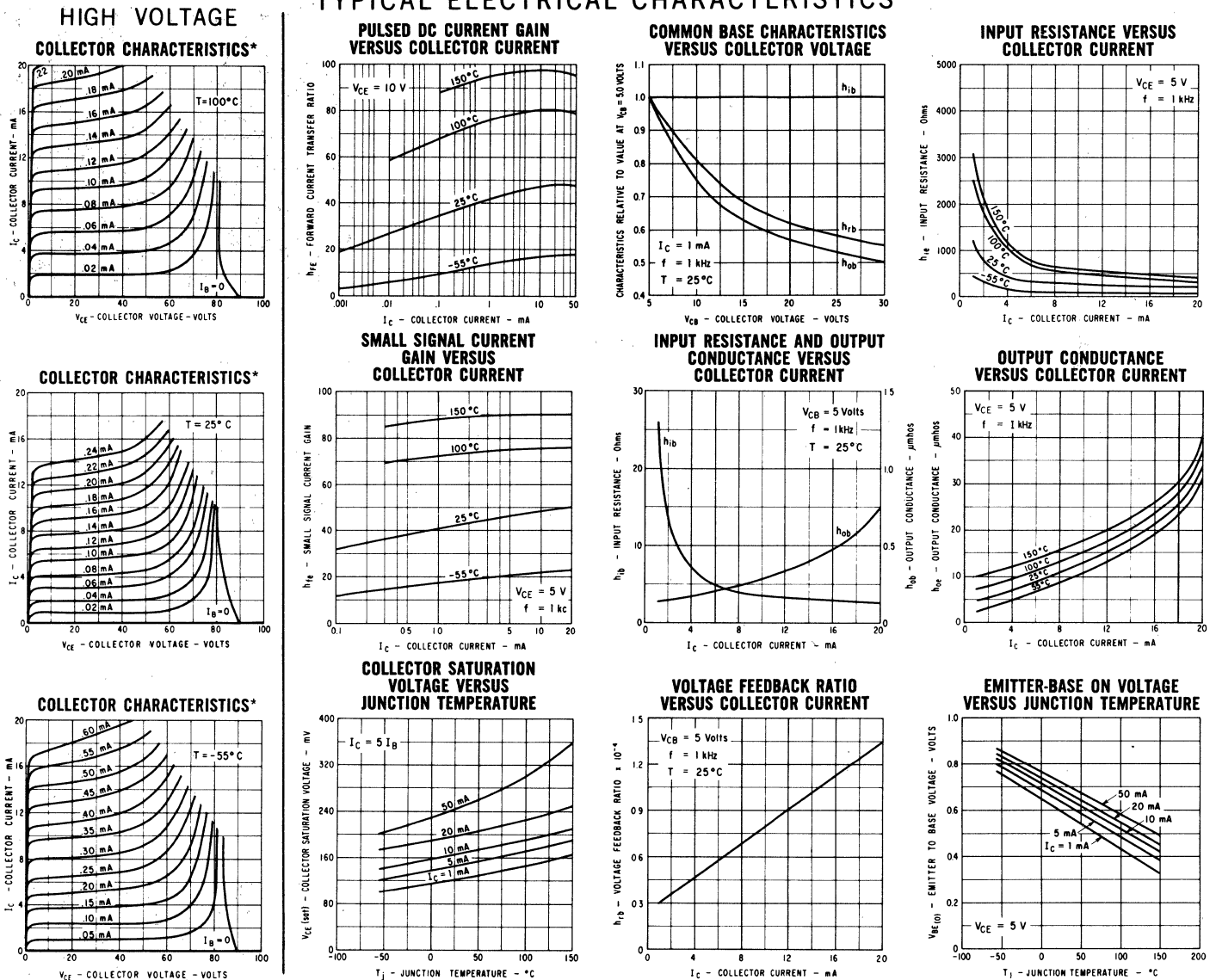
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1 kHz)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	18	38	50		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	20	45	50		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	26	30	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	4.0	6.0	8.0	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.3	1.25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		0.5	1.75	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.13	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		0.2	1.0	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		350	600	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		8.0	25	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N1973, 2N1974, and 2N1975; for the 2N910, 2N911, and 2N912 97.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C) for the 2N1973, 2N1974, and 2N1975; for the 2N910, 2N911, and 2N912 350°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.86 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- (6) Frequency = 1000 Hz; 200 Hz bandwidth, $R_g = 510 \Omega$.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

2N914

NPN SATURATED LOGIC SWITCH AND VHF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N914 is an NPN Double-Diffused Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistor encased in the JEDEC TO-18 package. It provides improved operation over the popular 2N706 and 2N708, and also gives greater latitude in circuit design. The Planar structure provides low leakage currents, wide beta range, and superior reliability. The epitaxial feature gives an extremely low $V_{CE(sat)}$ that is relatively temperature insensitive. The 2N914 is primarily a universal switch but it is also an excellent high-speed high-gain logic and memory driver at collector currents up to 500 milliamperes.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Solder, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

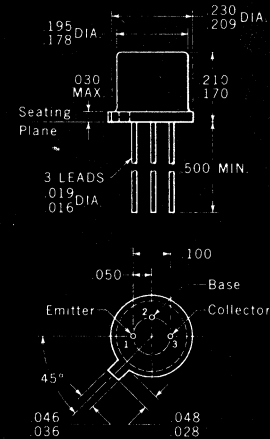
Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) (Note 4)	20 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
Leads are gold plated Kovar.
Collector internally connected to case.
Package weight is 0.44 gram.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	55	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12	28			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10	17			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage	0.70	0.74	0.80	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.40	0.70	Volts	$I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 20 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	4	Collector Saturation Voltage (-55°C to +125°C) (Note 6)		0.20	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ I_B
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)	3.0	3.7			$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	4	Output Capacitance		4.5	6.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	4	Input Capacitance			9.0	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

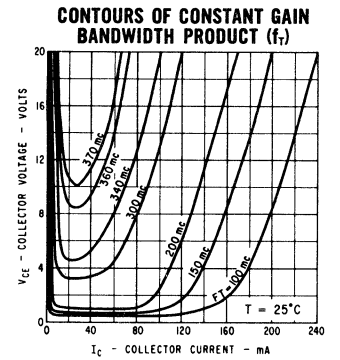
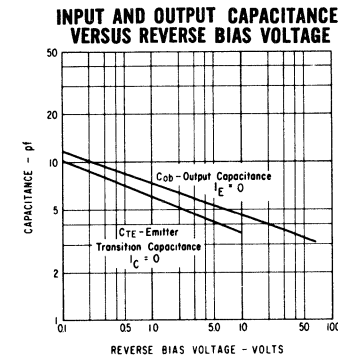
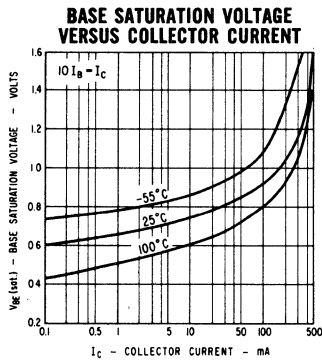
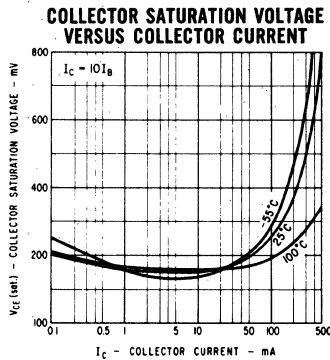
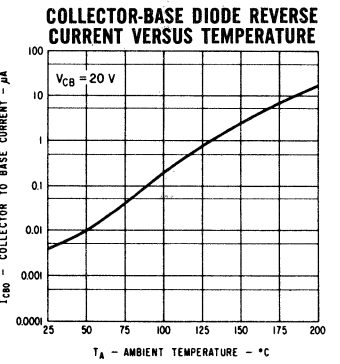
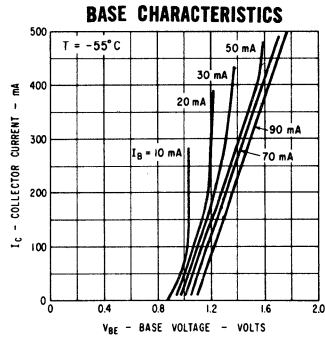
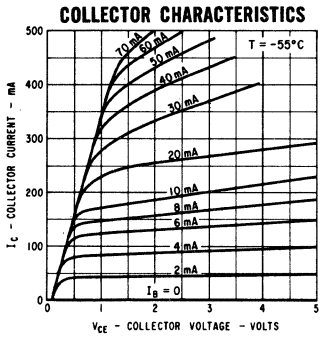
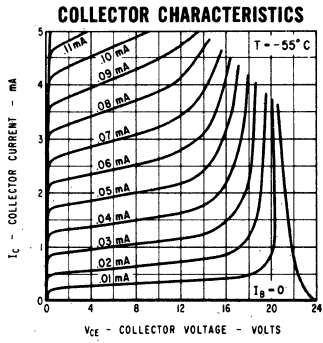
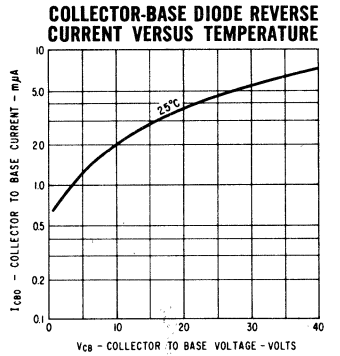
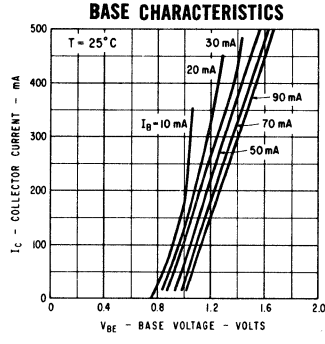
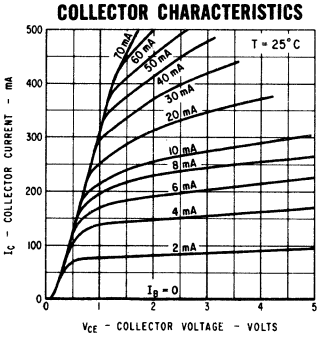
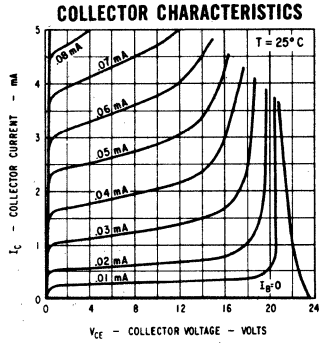
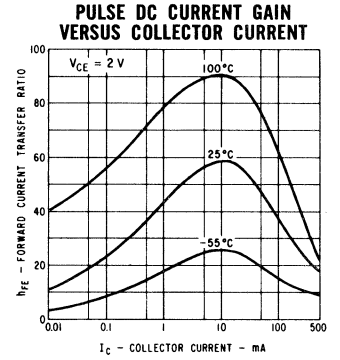
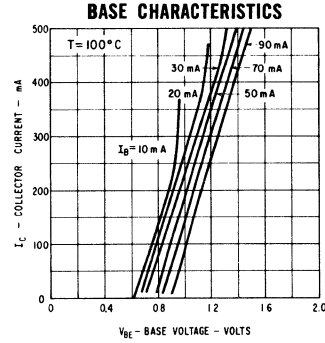
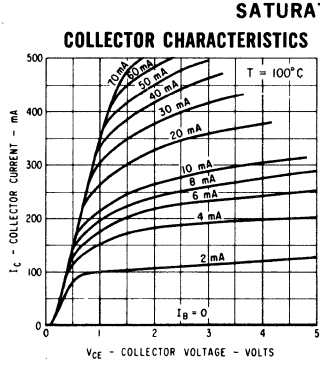
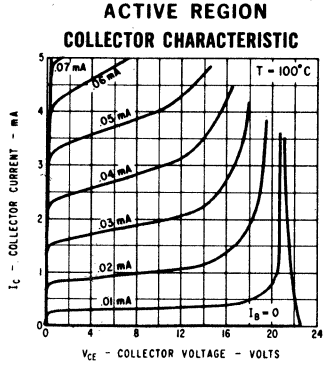
†NOTE: These numerals apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 4

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N914

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS *

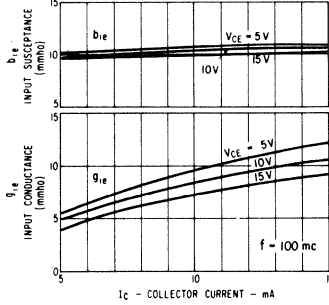


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

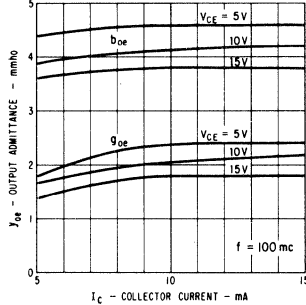
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N914

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

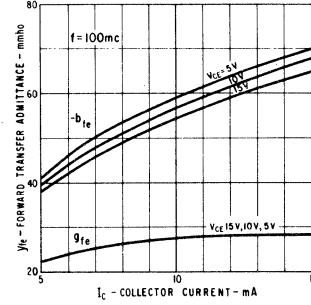
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



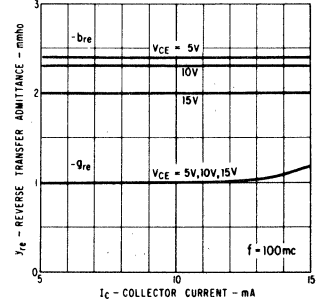
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



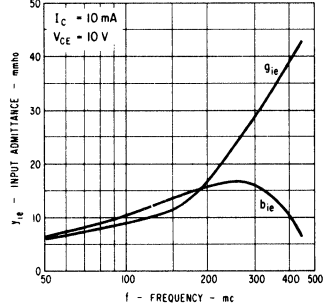
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



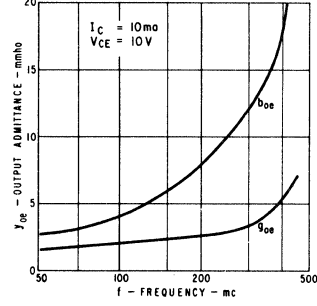
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



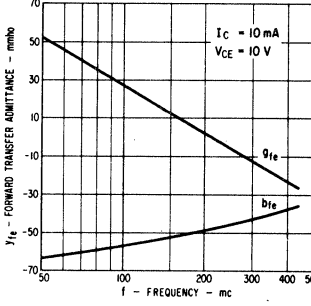
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



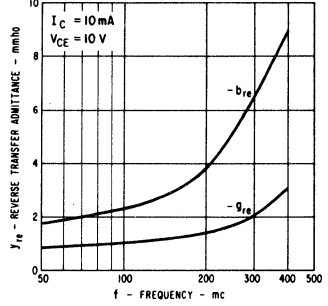
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

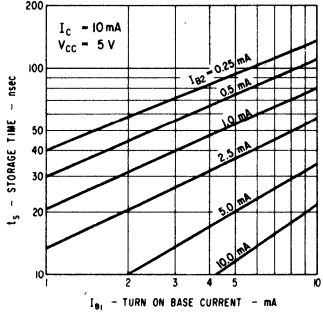


REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

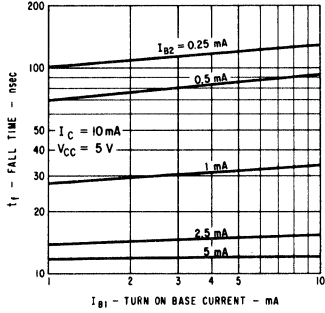


TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

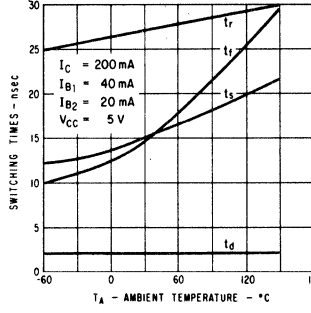
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



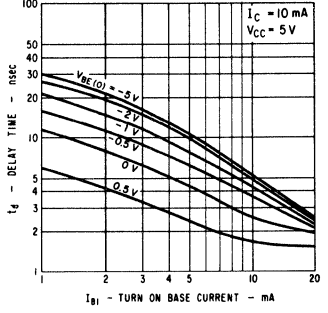
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



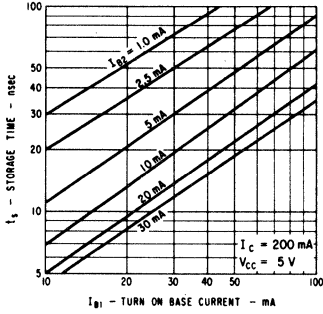
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



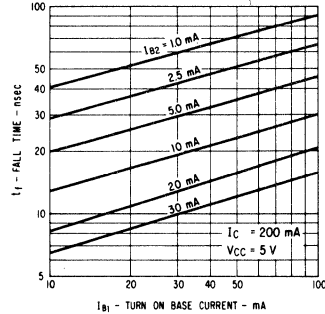
DELAY TIME VERSUS VBE(on) AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



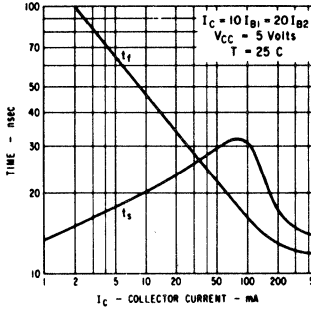
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



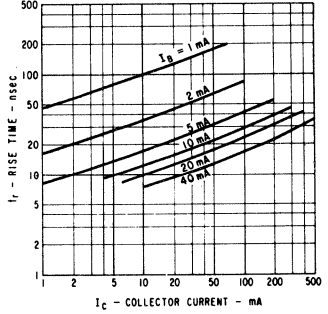
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



STORAGE AND FALL TIMES VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENTS



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N914

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
*I _{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		4.0	25	mμA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CBO} (150°C)	4	Collector Cutoff Current		3.0	15	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
BV _{CB0}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	I _C = 1.0 μA I _E = 0
V _{CER} (sust)	4	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	20			Volts	I _C = 30 mA R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω (pulsed)
V _{CEO} (sust)	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	15			Volts	I _C = 30 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 10 μA
*I _{EBO}	1b	Emitter Current	0.007	0.1		μA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 4.0 V
I _{CEX} (125°C)	4	Collector Current	3.0	10		μA	V _{CE} = 20 V V _{BE} = +0.25 V
τ _s	4	Charge Storage Time Constant (Notes 7 and 8)	13	20		nsec	I _C = I _{B1} ≈ 20 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -20 mA
t _{d+r}	4	Turn On Time (Note 8)	25	40		nsec	I _C ≈ 200 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 40 mA
t _{s+f}	4	Turn Off Time (Note 8)	25	40		nsec	I _C ≈ 200 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 40 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -20 mA

†NOTE: These numerals apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
 *NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 145°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) I_C = 1.0 mA through 20 mA.
- (7) Measured on Sampling Scope. PW ≥ 200 nsec.
- (8) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C, I_{B1}, and I_{B2}.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

2N915 • 2N916

NPN HIGH FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTORS

The 2N915 and 2N916 are NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR transistors. These units are designed for low-power non-saturating switching circuits and low-noise VHF amplifier and oscillator applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)

−65°C to +300°C
200°C Maximum
300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

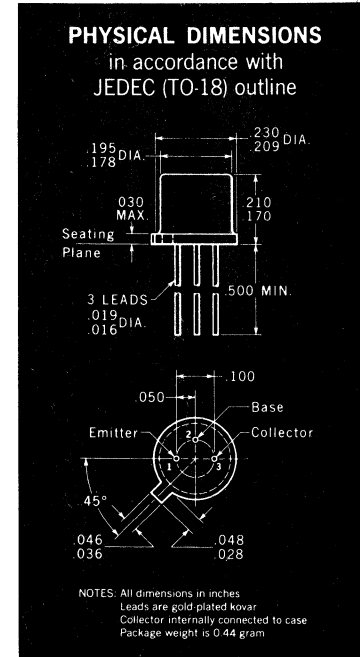
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

1.2 Watts
0.68 Watt
0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

2N915	2N916
70 Volts	45 Volts
50 Volts	25 Volts
5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	† FACT Subgroup	CHARACTERISTIC	2N915			2N916			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	50	110	200				$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]				50	100	200	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
* $V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage	0.77	0.9		0.78	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.45	1.0		0.25	0.5	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	2.5	3.6		3.0	4.0		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	4	Output Capacitance	3.0	3.5				pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10$
C_{ob}	4	Output Capacitance				4.2	6.0	pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance	6.5	10		6.5	10	pf	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild Fact Program
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter

NOTES: Additional Electrical Characteristics on pages 2 and 5. Small Signal Characteristics on page 4.

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 145°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

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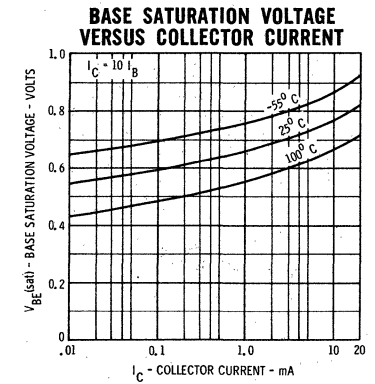
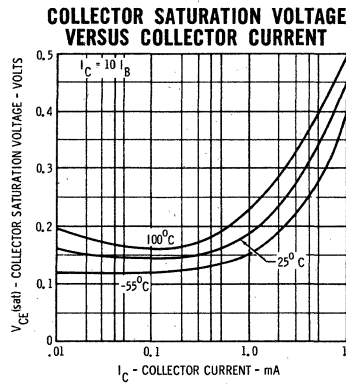
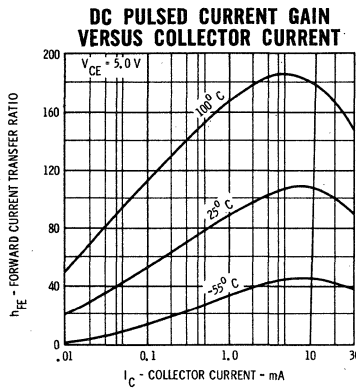
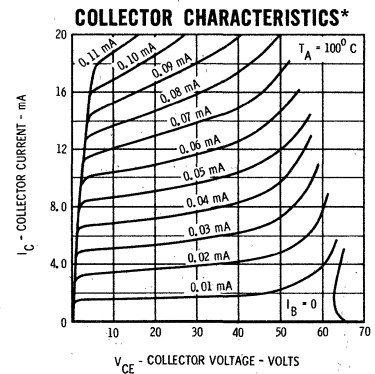
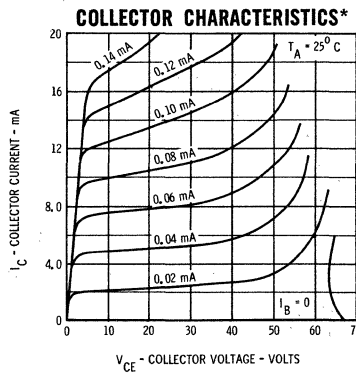
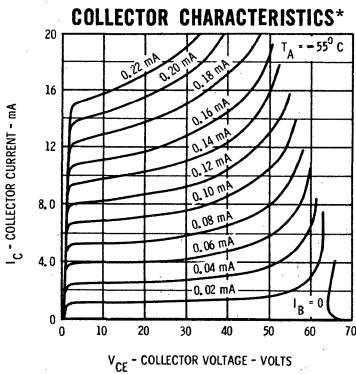
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N915

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	† FACT Subgroup	CHARACTERISTIC	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.8	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60$ V
I_{CBO} (150°C)	4	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	30	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60$ V
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	70			Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 100 \mu$ A
V_{CEO} (sust)	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	50			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu$ A $I_C = 0$
r_b/c_c	4	Collector Base Time Constant ($f = 40$ mc)		170	300	psec	$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CB} = 10$ V

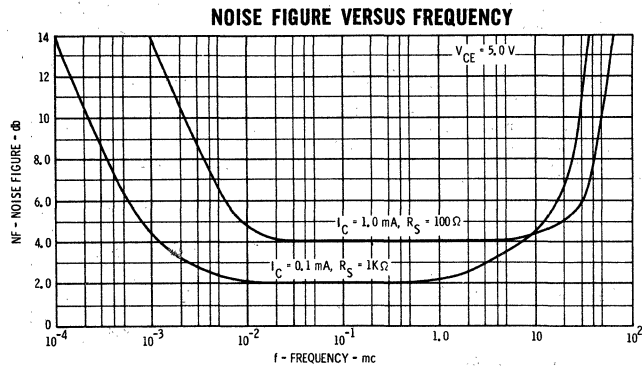
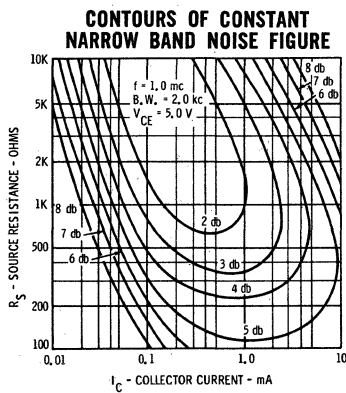
† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild Fact Program
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristics on Transfer Curve Tracer

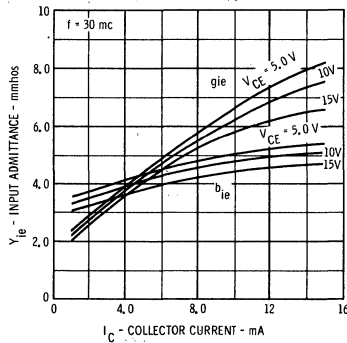
TYPICAL NOISE FIGURE CHARACTERISTICS



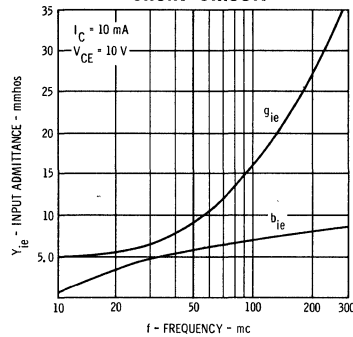
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N915

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

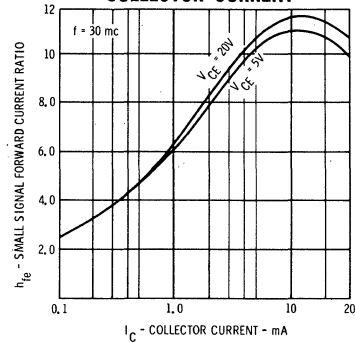
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



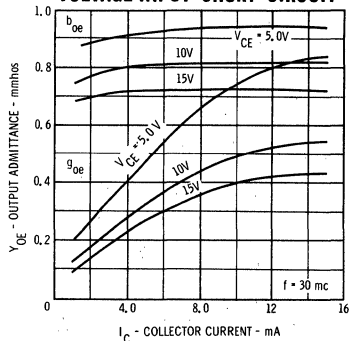
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



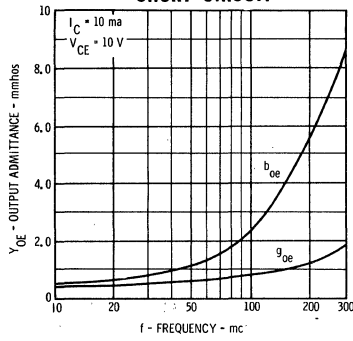
HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



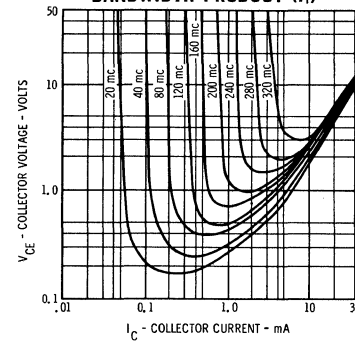
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



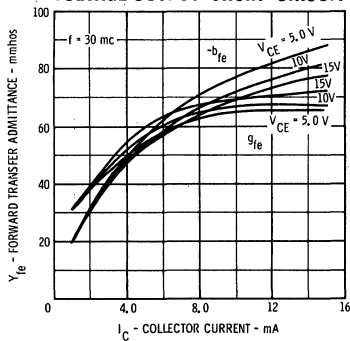
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



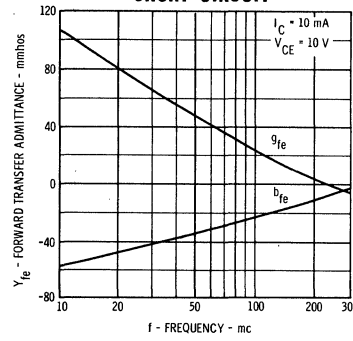
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_t)



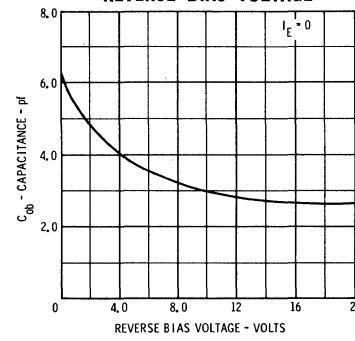
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



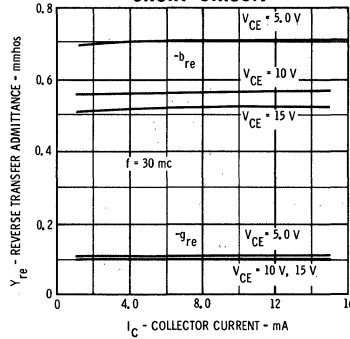
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



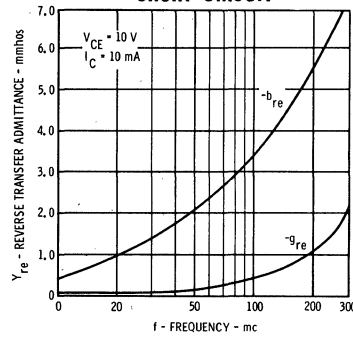
OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



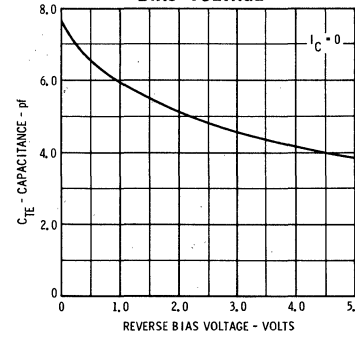
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



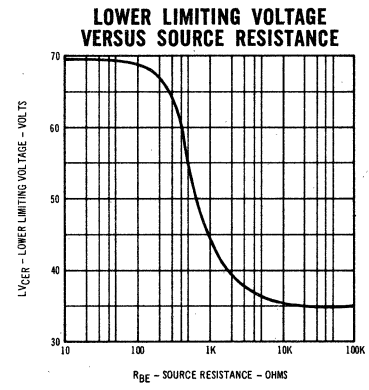
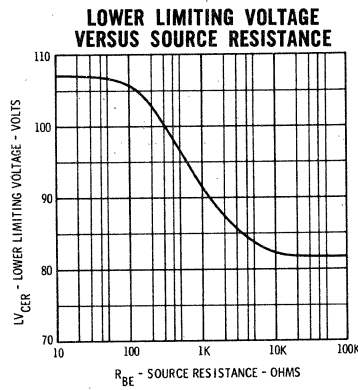
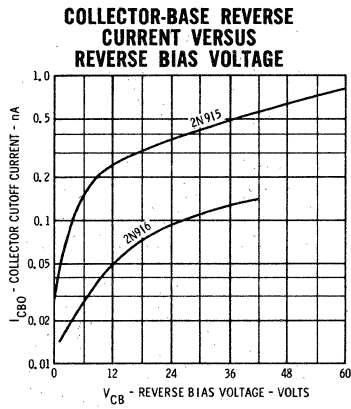
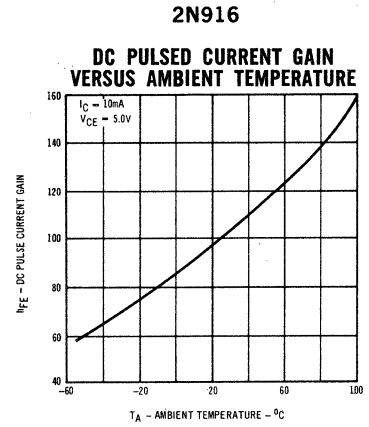
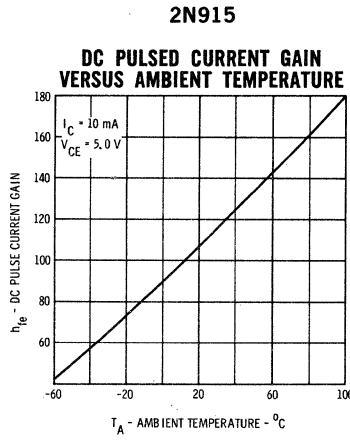
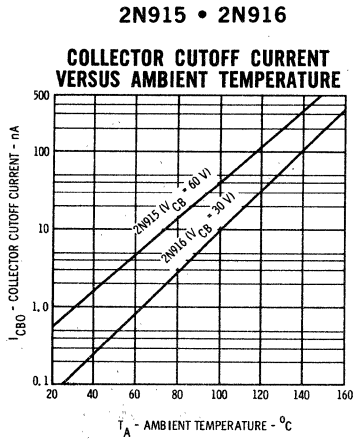
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



EMITTER TRANSITION CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

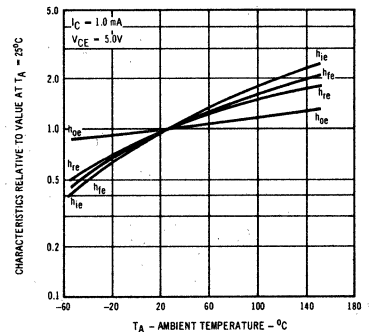
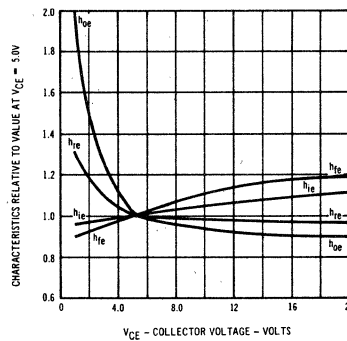
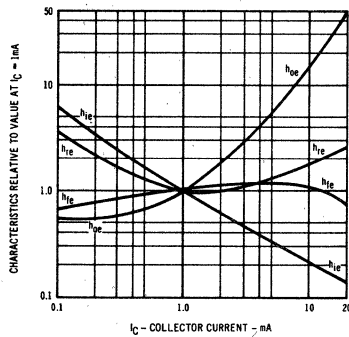


SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kc)

SYMBOL	† FACT Subgroup	CHARACTERISTIC	2N915			2N916			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{fe}	4	Small Signal Current Gain	40	115	200	40	100	200		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			50	140	250	50	120	250		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	4	Input Resistance		3.0	6.0		2.6	6.0	Kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
				0.7	2.0		0.6	2.0	Kohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	4	Output Conductance		12	75		6.0	75	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
				45	125		35	125	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild Fact Program

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



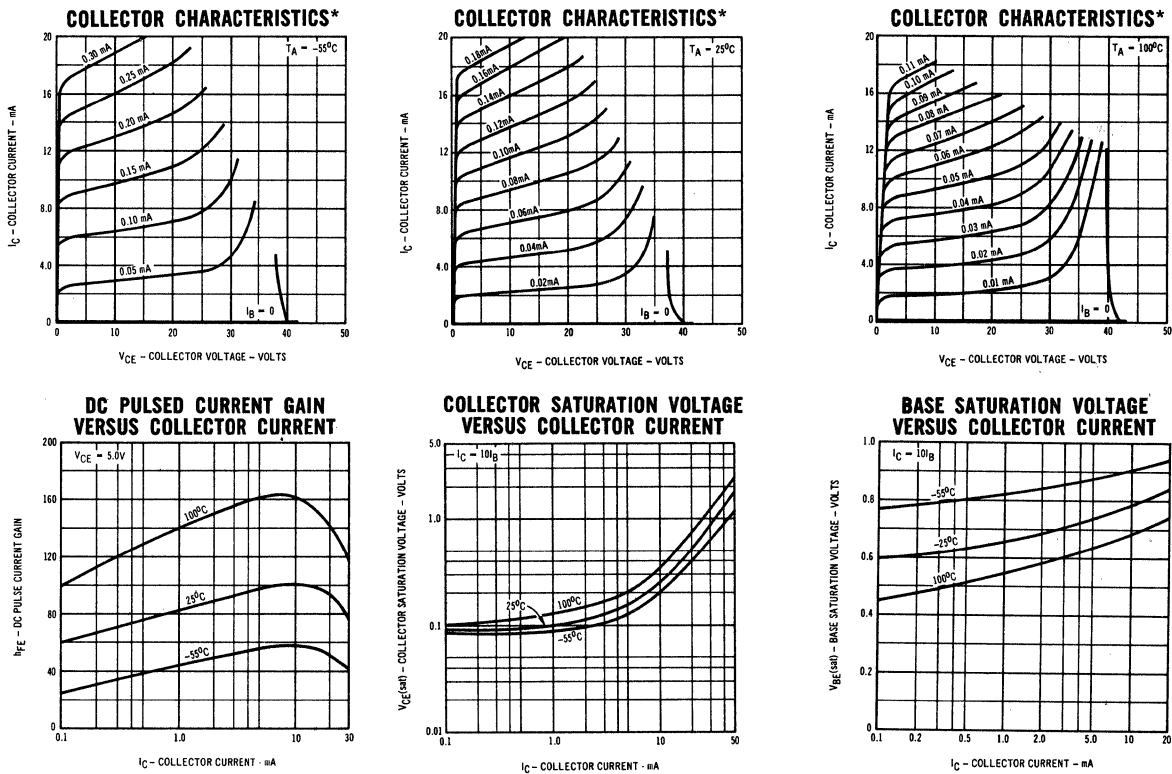
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N916

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	† FACT Subgroup	CHARACTERISTIC	Min.	Typ.	Max.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.1	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30$ V
I_{CBO} (150°C)	4	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	10	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30$ V
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	45			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
V_{CE0} (sust)	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	25			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10$ μ A $I_C = 0$
r_b/C_c	4	Collector-Base Time Constant ($f = 40$ mc)		200	300	psec	$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CB} = 10$ V

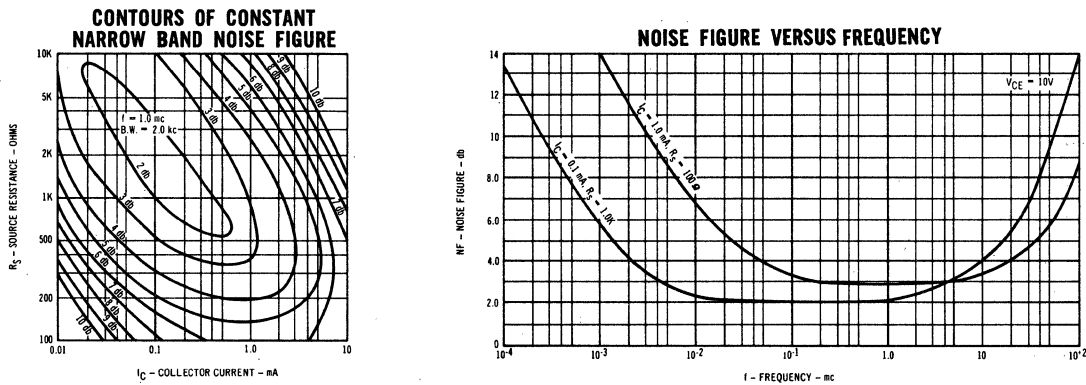
† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild Fact Program
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

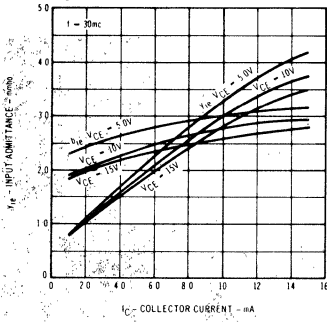
TYPICAL NOISE FIGURE CHARACTERISTICS



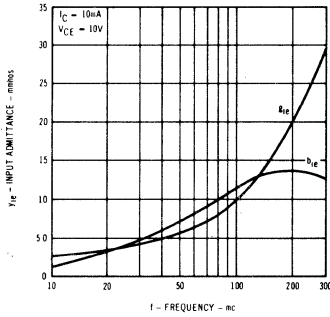
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N916

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

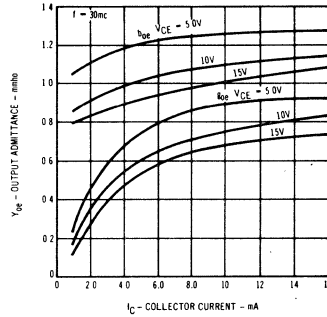
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



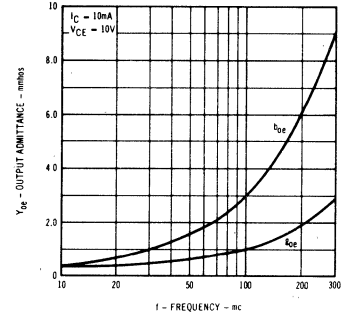
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



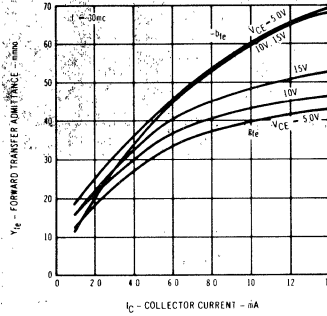
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



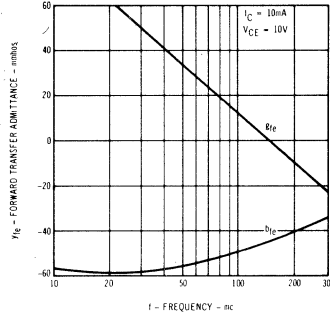
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



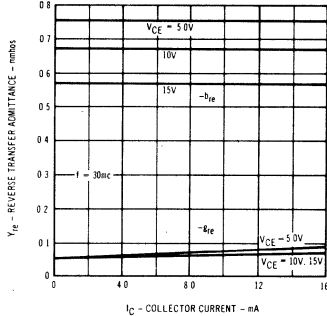
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



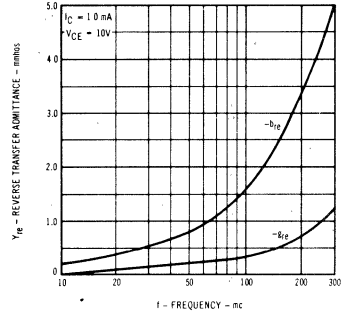
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



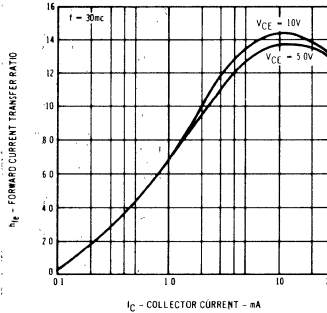
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



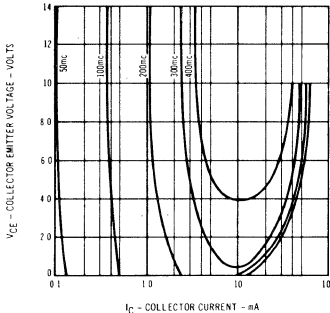
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



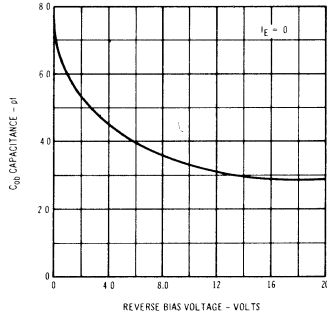
HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



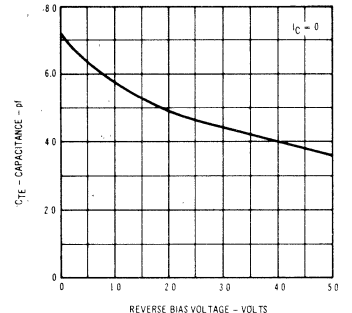
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



EMITTER TRANSITION CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



2N918

NPN ULTRA-HIGH FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR AND AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N918 is an NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR Epitaxial Transistor. It is designed for low-noise high-frequency amplifiers; 1 GHz local oscillators; non-neutralized i-f amplifiers and non-saturating circuits with rise and fall times of less than 2.5 nanoseconds.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

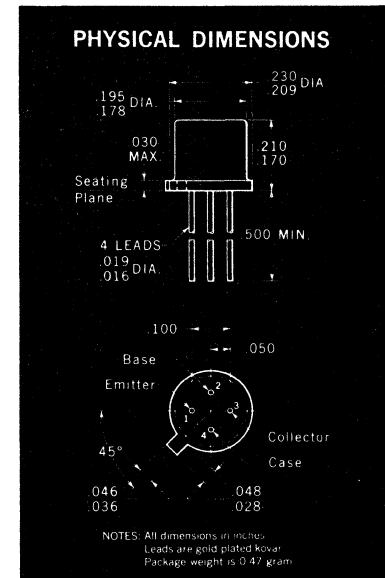
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.3 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.2 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	30 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	3.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	50 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	50			$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage			1.0	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage			0.4	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
C_{obo}	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Output Capacitance		1.0	1.7	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Output Capacitance		1.8	3.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 0$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance			2.0	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current			1.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100\text{MHz}$)	6.0	9.0			$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
G_{pe}	Available Power Gain (neutralized) ($f = 200\text{MHz}$)	15	18		dB	$I_C = 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 12 \text{ V}$
P_o	Power Output ($f = 500\text{MHz}$)	30	40		mW	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
η	Collector Efficiency ($f = 500\text{MHz}$)	25			%	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
NF	Noise Figure (Note 5)		3.0	6.0	dB	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 60 \text{ MHz}$, $R_g = 400 \Omega$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	15			Volts	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	30			Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

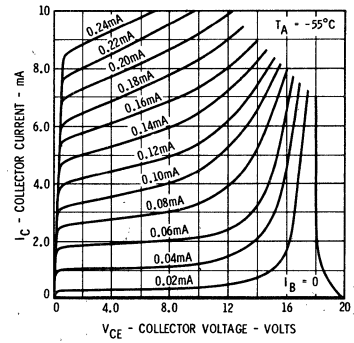
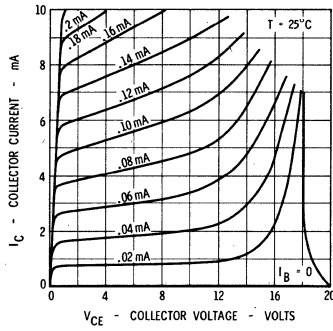
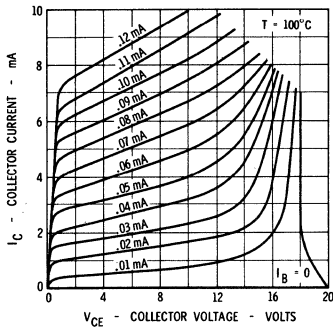
(See notes on back page)

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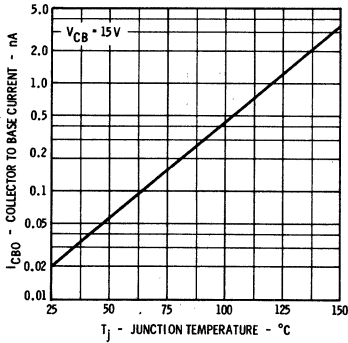
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N918

TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

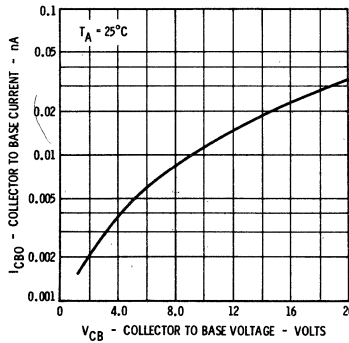


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

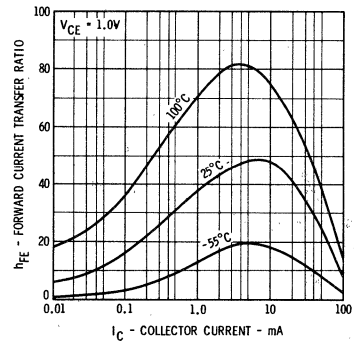
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



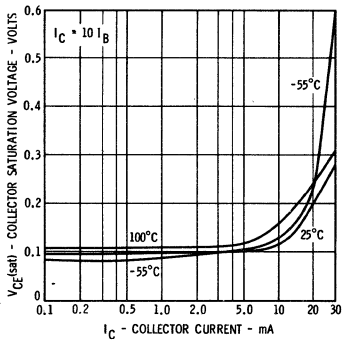
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



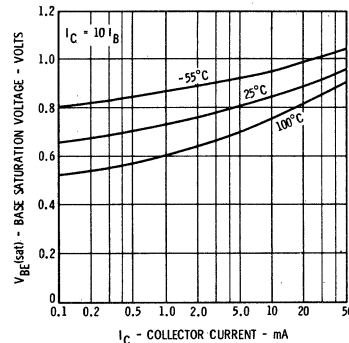
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



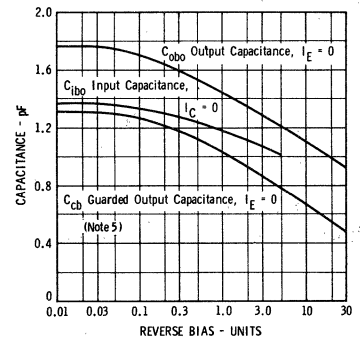
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



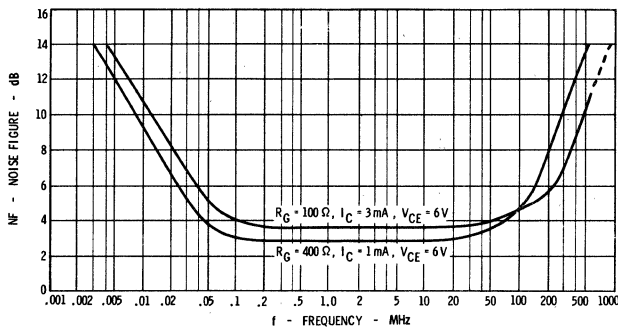
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



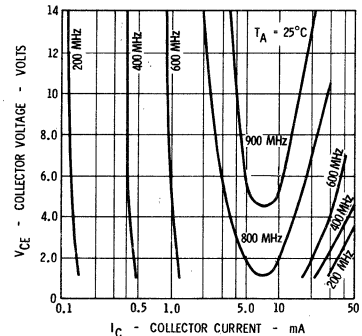
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N918

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

10.7 MHz

100 MHz

vs. FREQUENCY

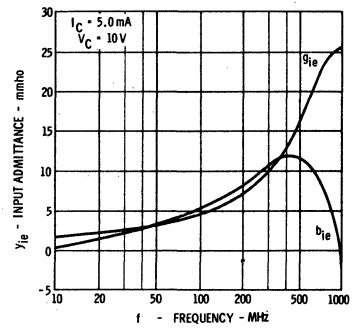
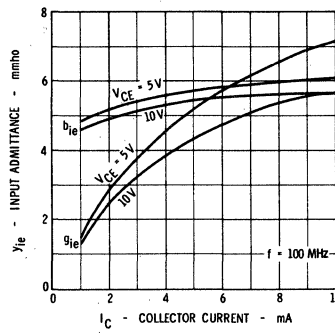
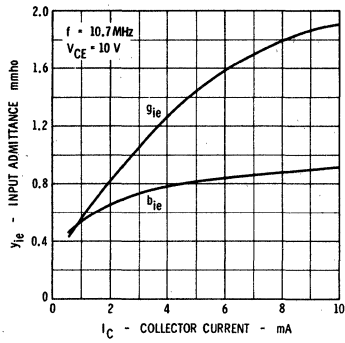
$V_{CE} = 10V$

vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT

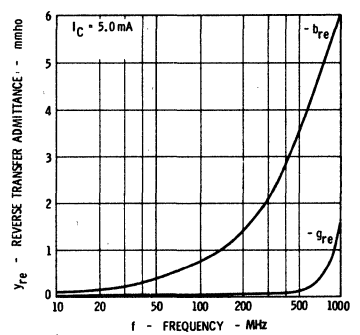
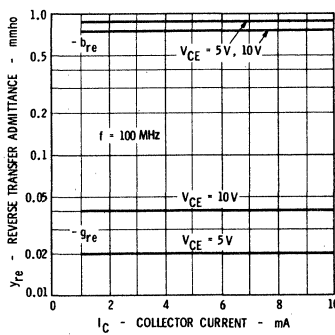
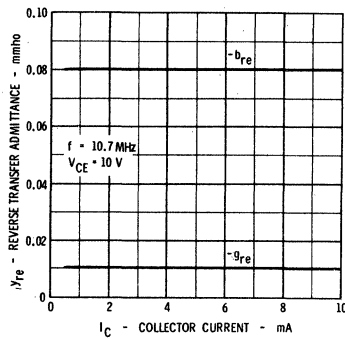
$V_{CE} = 10V$

$I_C = 5.0 mA$

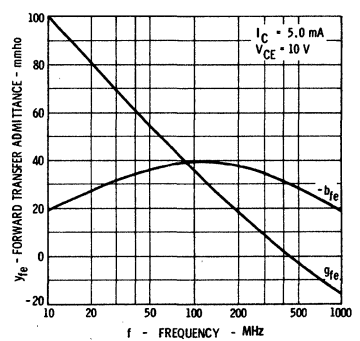
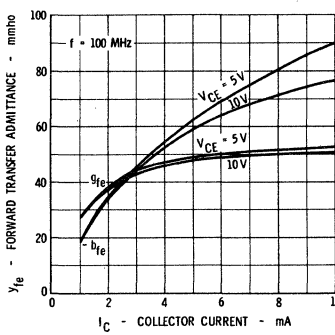
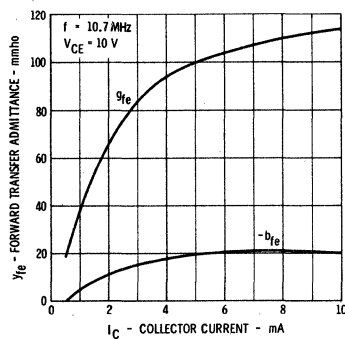
y_{ie}
Input Admittance
(output short circuit)



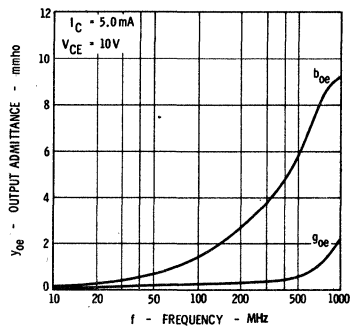
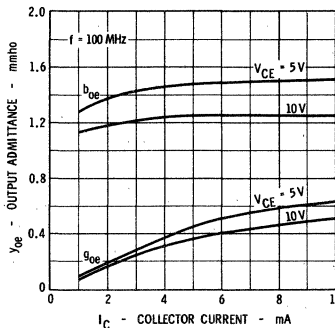
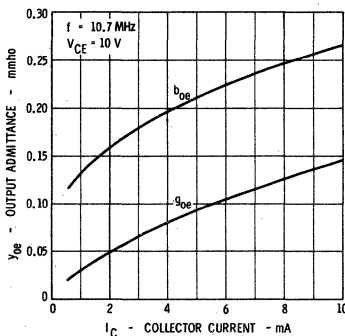
y_{re}
Reverse Transfer Admittance
(input short circuit)



y_{fe}
Forward Transfer Admittance
(output short circuit)

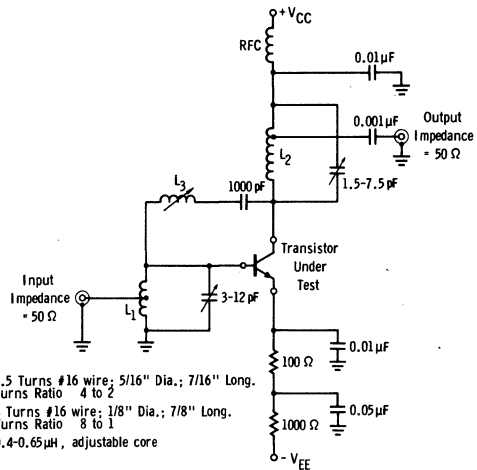
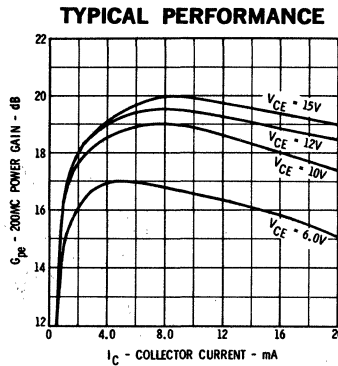


y_{oe}
Output Admittance
(input short circuit)

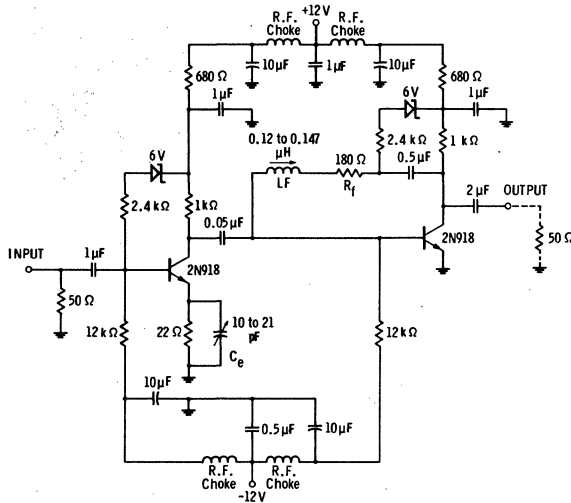


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N918

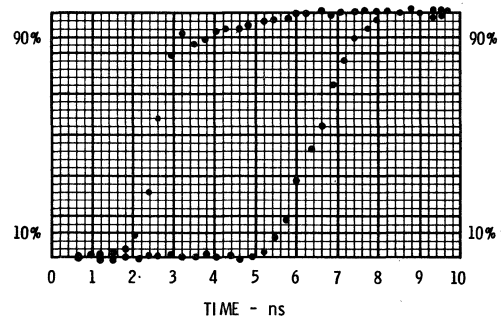
NEUTRALIZED 200 MHz POWER GAIN AMPLIFIER TEST CIRCUIT



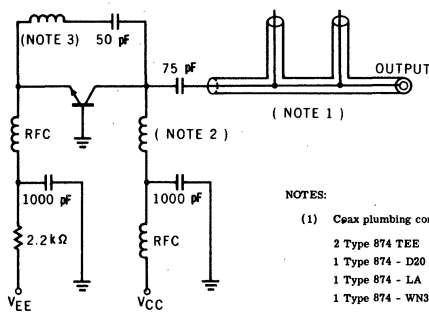
TWO STAGE VIDEO AMPLIFIER



INPUT TO OUTPUT DELAY — 4ns



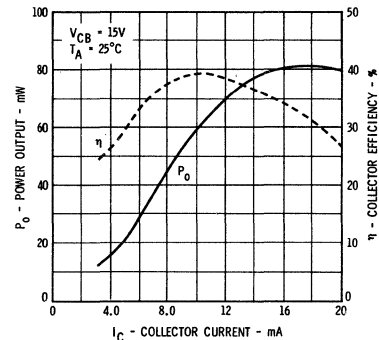
500 MHz OSCILLATOR TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) Coax plumbing consists of the following GR air lines:
 2 Type 874 TEE
 1 Type 874 - D20 Adjustable Stub
 1 Type 874 - LA Adjustable Line
 1 Type 874 - WNS Short-Circuit Termination
- (2) 2 turns #16 AWG wire, 3/8 inch OD, 1-1/4 inch long
- (3) 9 turns #22 AWG wire, 3/16 inch OD, 1/2 inch long

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 584°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.71 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 875°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.14 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) C_{cb} is measured using three terminal measurement technique with case and emitter guarded.

2N929 • 2N930

NPN LOW LEVEL, LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER

SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE
FAIRCHILD 2N2483 AND 2N2484**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N929 and 2N930 are NPN silicon PLANAR transistors designed for use in high-performance, low-level, low-noise amplifier circuits from audio through high frequency ranges.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

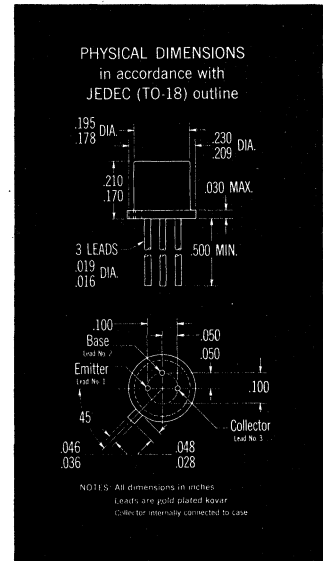
Storage Temperature	-65° C to +300° C
Operating Junction Temperature	175° C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec time limit)	230° C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25° C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.6 Watt
at 25° C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	45 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	45 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current	30 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N929		2N930		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]		350		600		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	60		150			I _C = 500 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	40	120	100	300		I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE} (-55° C)	DC Current Gain	10		20			I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
V _{BE}	Base-Emitter Voltage [Note 5]	0.6	1.0	0.6	1.0	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0.5 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		1.0		1.0	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0.5 mA
h _{ib}	Input Resistance (f = 1 kHz)	25	32	25	32	Ohms	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{ob}	Output Conductance (f = 1 kHz)		1.0		1.0	μmho	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio (f = 1 kHz)		600		600	×10 ⁻⁶	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain (f = 1 kHz)	60	350	150	600		I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 30 MHz)	1.0		1.0			I _C = 500 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
I _{CB0}	Collector-Base Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 45 V
I _{CES}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	V _{CE} = 45 V V _{EB} = 0
I _{CES} (170° C)	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10	μA	V _{CE} = 45 V V _{EB} = 0
I _{EBO}	Emitter-Base Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V
I _{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0		2.0	nA	I _B = 0 V _{CE} = 5.0 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance		8.0		8.0	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
NF	Noise Figure		4.0		3.0	dB	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V f = 1 kHz, R _s = 10k Ω, BW = 200 Hz
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	45		45		Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0		Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 10 nA

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175° C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 25° C/watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500° C/watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse conditions: length ≤ 300 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 2%.

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2N978 • 2N1991

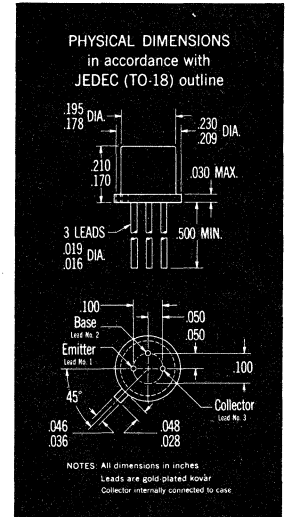
PNP GENERAL-PURPOSE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N978 and 2N1991 are double diffused silicon PNP transistors. They are designed for industrial high-speed switching and amplifier applications and can be used in complementary type circuitry with the Fairchild 2N1985 and 2N1987. Typical f_T is 50 mc.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature		+150°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation	2N978	2N1991
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	1.25	2.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	0.50	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.33	0.6 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V_{CBO} - Collector to Base Voltage		-30 Volts
V_{CEO} - Collector to Emitter Voltage		-20 Volts
V_{EBO} - Emitter to Base Voltage		-5.0 Volts



2N978

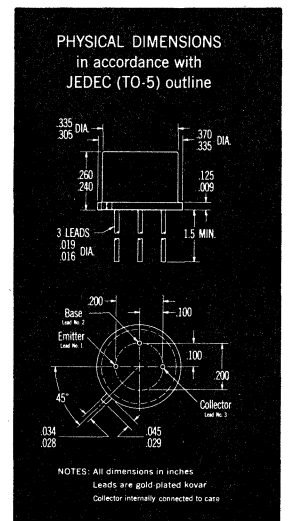
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	60		$I_C = 150$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15			$I_C = 30$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.5	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-1.5	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain $f = 20$ mc	2.0			$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		45	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
$I_{CBO}(+150^\circ C)$	Collector Cutoff Current		200	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
$V_{CEO}(sust)$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Pulsed) [Note 4]	-20		Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA $I_B = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Current		200	μ A	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -1.0$ V

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NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C) for the 2N1991; and for the 2N978, 100°C/watt (derating factor of 10 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.



2N1991

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2N995

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION-The 2N995 is a double diffused silicon PNP planar epitaxial transistor packaged in the JEDEC TO-18 outline. It is designed as a high-frequency, low noise, general-purpose transistor which will replace germanium units in many applications. It may be used to advantage in complementary type circuits with the 2N914. Typical f_T is 150 Mc.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 & 3)	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 & 3)	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature		0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-20 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Note 4) -15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Unless Otherwise Noted)

Symbol	† FACT Sungroup	Characteristic	Min.	Type.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Current Gain (Note 5)	35		140		$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
* $V_{BE(sat)}$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage			-0.95	Volts	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage			-0.2	Volts	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$
f_T	4	Gain Bandwidth Product	100			Mc	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	4	Output Capacitance			10	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	4	Input Capacitance			11	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current			5.0	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	4	Collector Cutoff Current (150°C)			25	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$
t_{on}	4	Turn On Time		65		nsec	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	4	Turn Off Time		125		nsec	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
NF	4	Noise Figure (Note 6)		6		db	$I_C = 100 \text{ μA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
η	4	100 Mc Oscillator Efficiency		40		%	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-20			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ μA}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-15			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \text{ μA}$ $I_C = 0$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

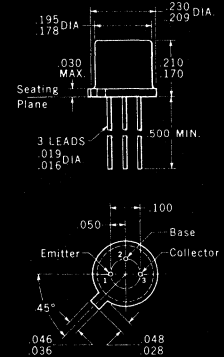
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NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 145°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 1%.
- f = 1 Kc, Power Bandwidth of 200 cps, $R_G = 2 \text{ K}$.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with
JEDEC (TO-18) outline



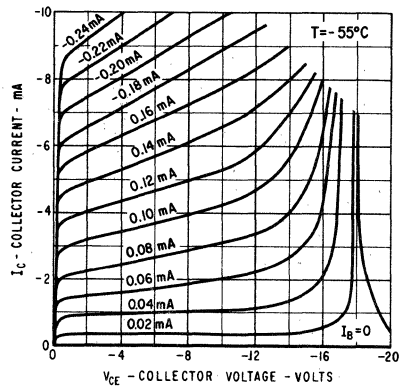
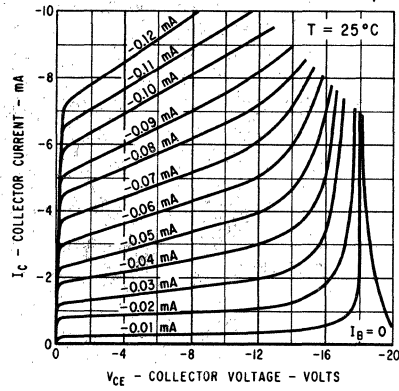
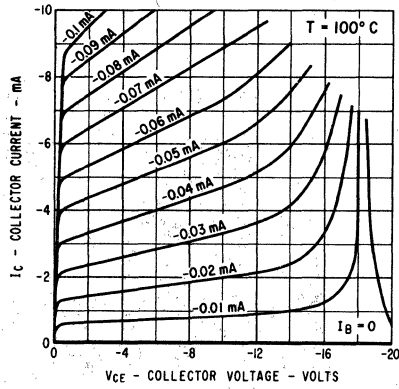
NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
Leads are gold plated kovar.
Collector internally connected to case.
Package weight is 0.43 gram.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N995

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

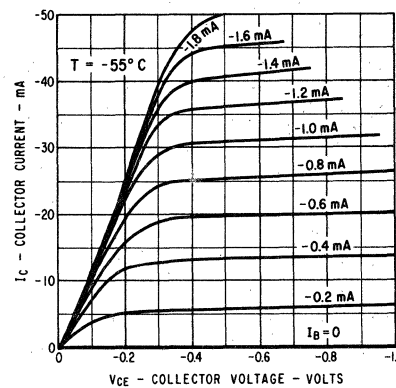
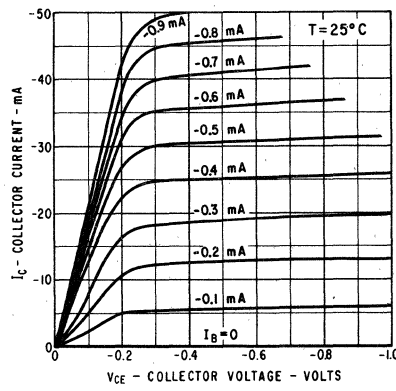
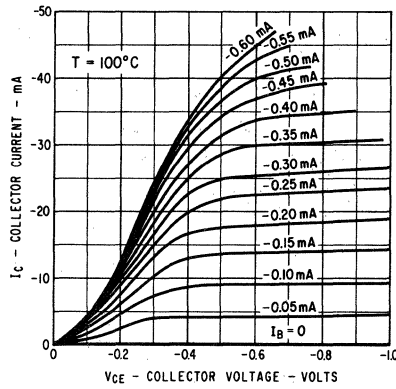
ACTIVE REGION

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

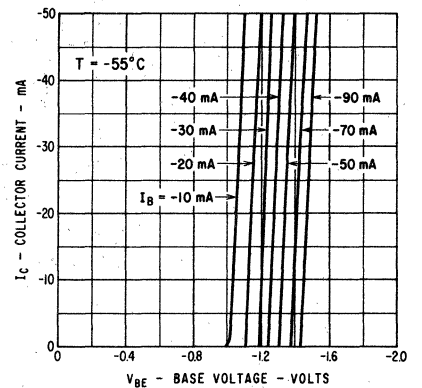
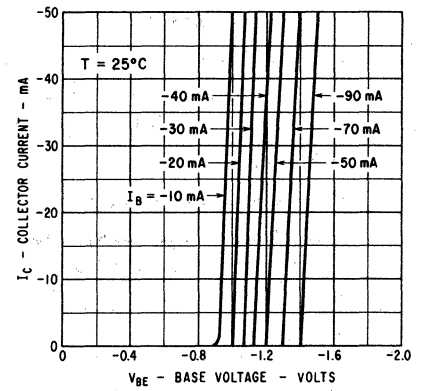
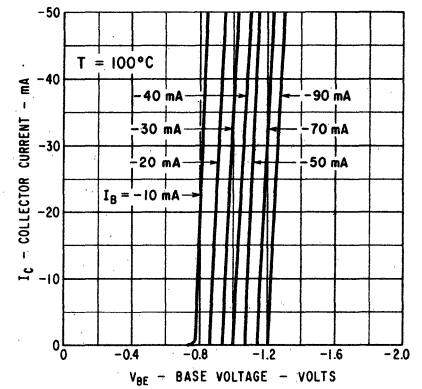


SATURATION REGION

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

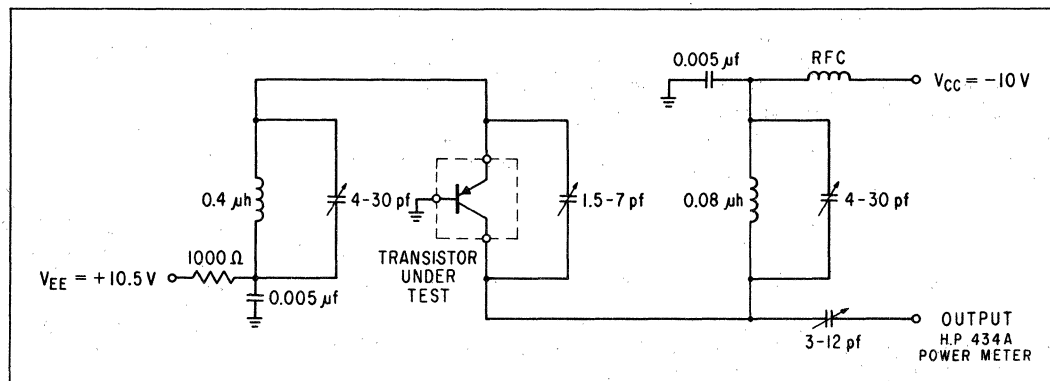


BASE CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

OSCILLATOR EFFICIENCY CIRCUIT (Ic = 10 mA, VCB = -10V)



2N996

PNP HIGH SPEED SWITCH AND LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N996 is a PNP double-diffused silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistor. It is designed for use as a high-frequency ultra low noise, general purpose transistor which will replace germanium units in many applications. This transistor has the desirable attributes of low saturation resistance and fast switching capabilities at currents as high as 100 milliamperes.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

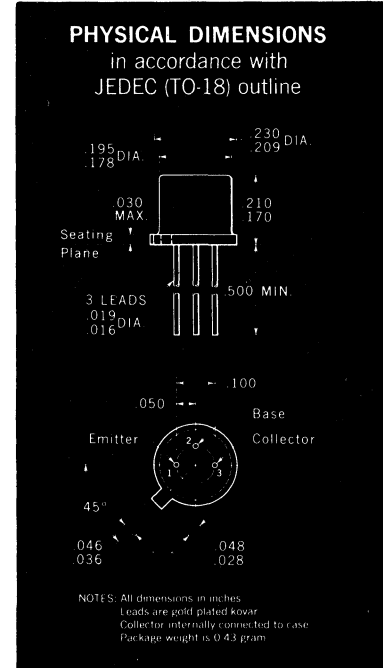
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-15 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-12 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	† FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	75			$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	65			$I_C = 60 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.3 \text{ V}$
* $V_{BE(sat)}$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.8	-0.95		Volts	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.22	-0.3		Volts	$I_C = 60 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$
C_{obo}	4	Open Circuit Output Capacitance		7.5	10	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	4	Open Circuit Input Capacitance		7.0	11	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)	1.0	2.3			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	5.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	15	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
NF	4	Noise Figure (Note 6)		3.0		db	$I_C = 50 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector Breakdown Voltage	-15			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-12			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
I_{EBO}	4	Emitter Cutoff Current			10	μA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -4.0 \text{ V}$
η	4	Oscillator Efficiency ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)		40		%	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = -7.0 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

(See notes on back page)

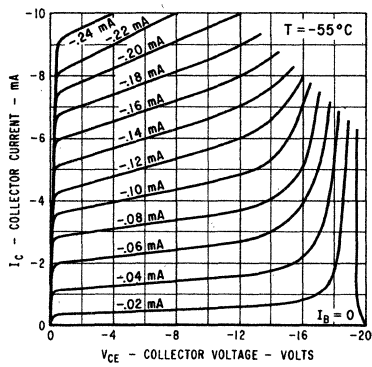
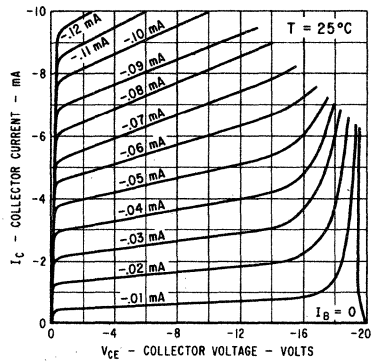
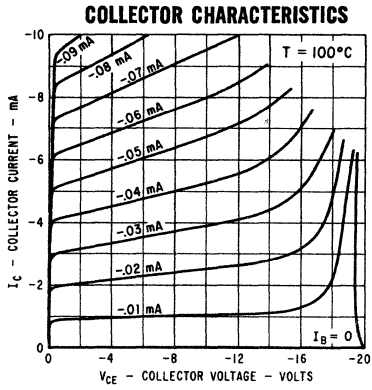
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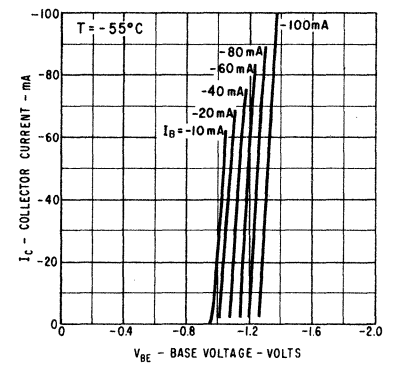
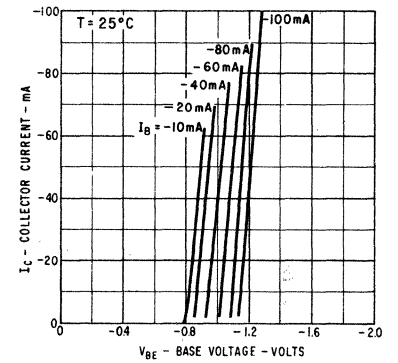
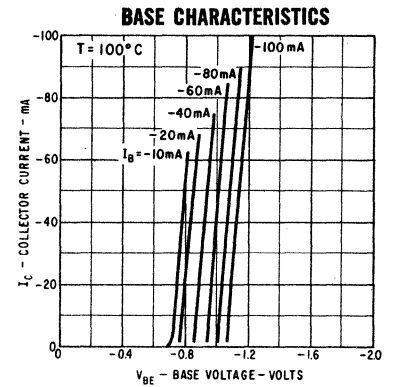
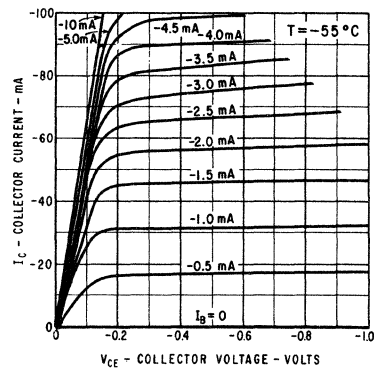
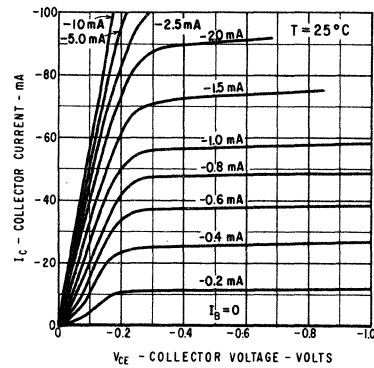
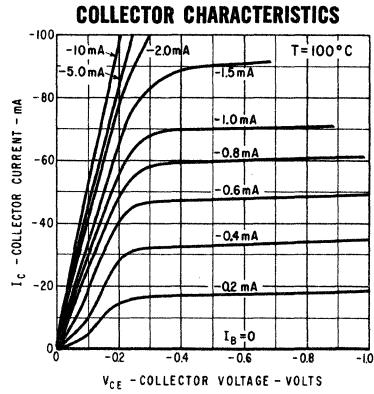
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TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

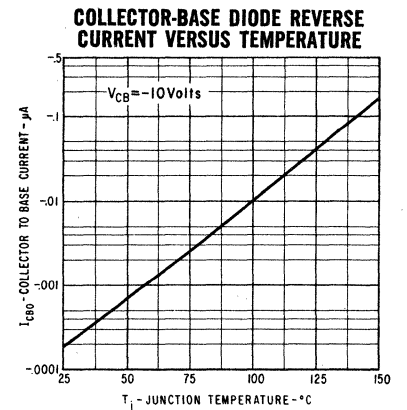
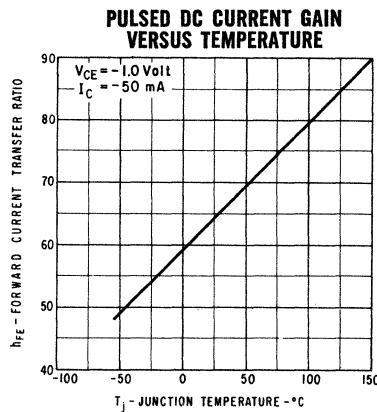
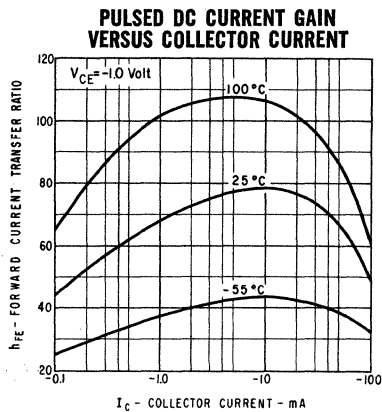
HIGH VOLTAGE



SATURATION REGION

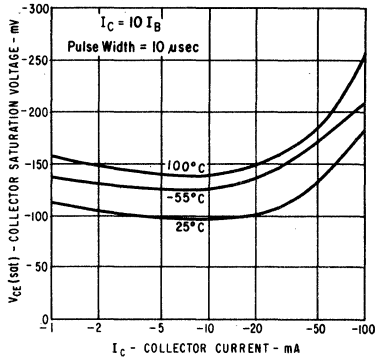


*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

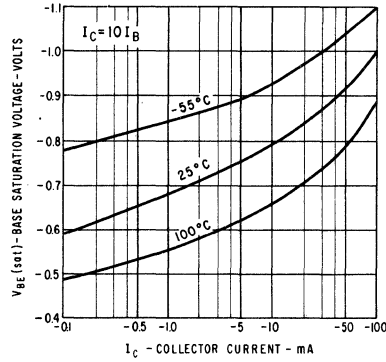


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

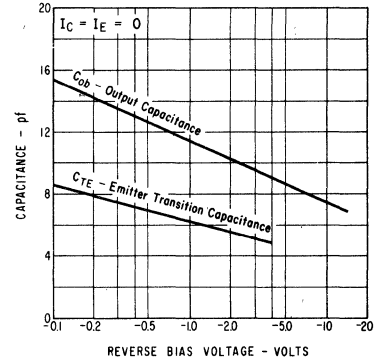
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



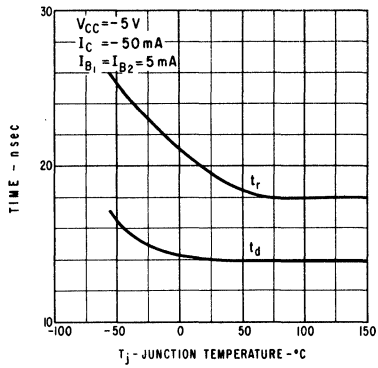
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



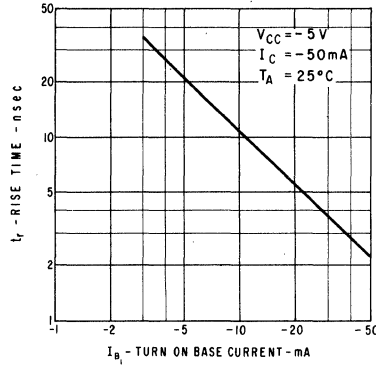
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



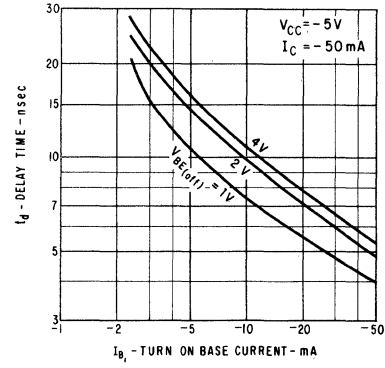
RISE AND DELAY TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



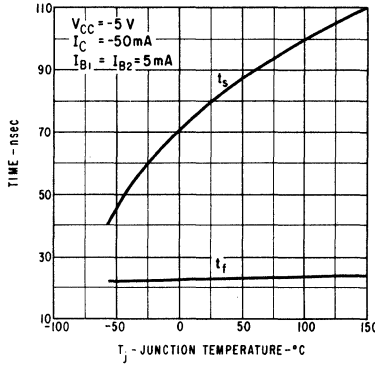
RISE TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT



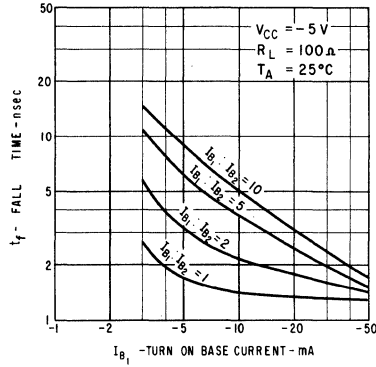
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT



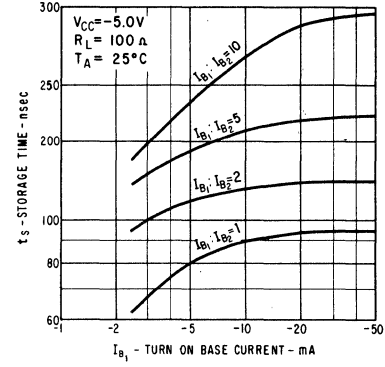
STORAGE AND FALL TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



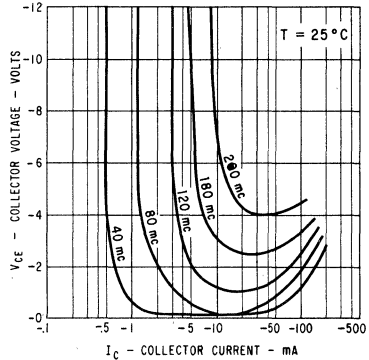
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT



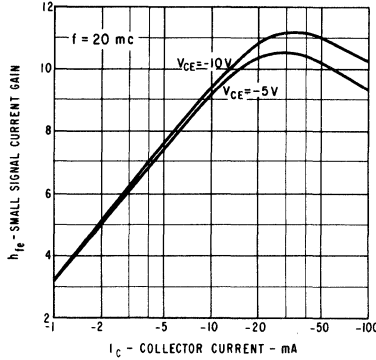
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT



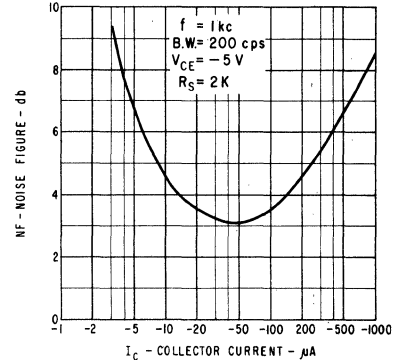
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN AT 20 MC VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

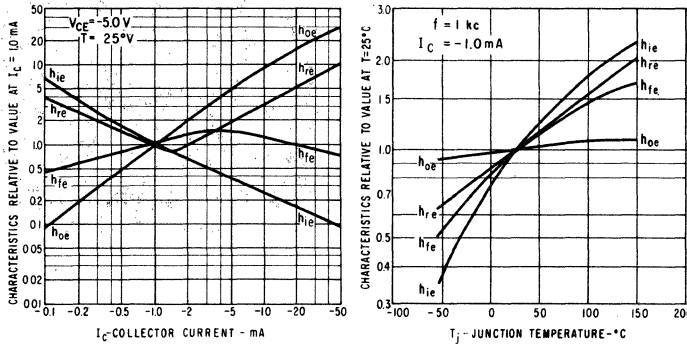


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N996

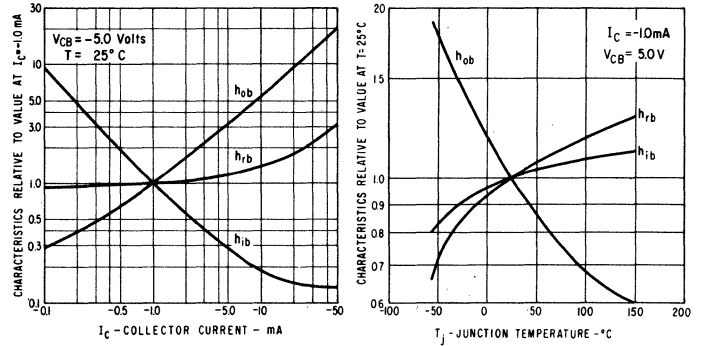
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1 KC)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TYP.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	27	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		7.0	ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.65	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		5.5	μmhos	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	10	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		14	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	2.0	K ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		800	ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	40	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		200	μmhos	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1.4	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		2.6	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	70		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
		105		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$

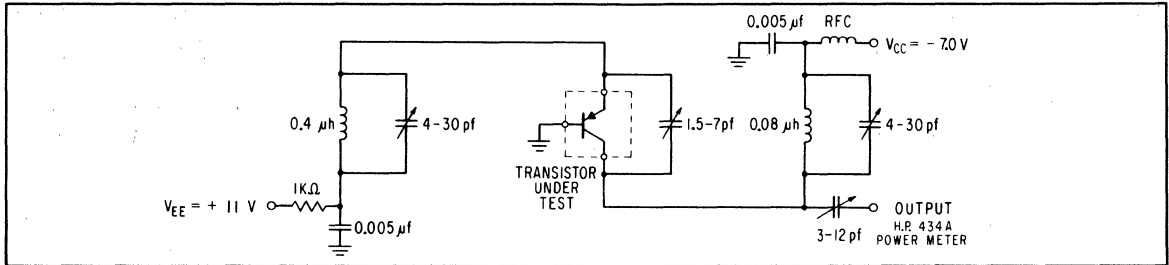
COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



100 MC OSCILLATOR EFFICIENCY CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions; length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) f = 1 Kc; Power Bandwidth of 200 cps, R_G = 2 K.

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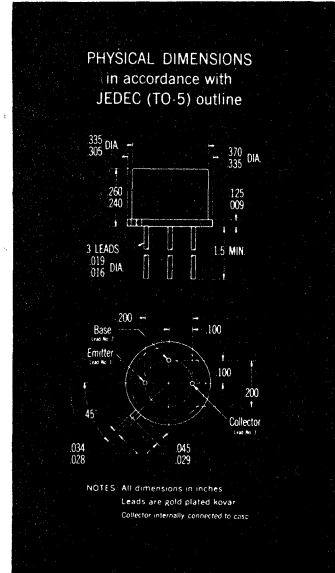
2N1252

NPN LOW STORAGE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTOR

LOW STORAGE TIME — Low storage times and low saturation voltage make the 2N1252 ideal for all types of saturated circuitry from low logic levels to ½ ampere core driving levels. These units make 5 mc saturating switching circuits possible. Turn off time at 150 mA is guaranteed less than 150 millimicroseconds. Total switching times are typically 100 millimicroseconds at 500 mA.

BROAD OPERATING RANGE AND HIGH RELIABILITY— Power rating is 2 watts dissipation at 25° C. case temperature. At 150 mA, the base-on voltage is 1.3 volts and maximum saturation resistance is 10 ohms. All production units are stabilized by extended 300° C. storage. The Fairchild structure minimizes the effects of thermal and mechanical shock. These transistors are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25° C.) [Note 1]

VCBO	—	Collector to base voltage	30v
VCER	—	Collector to emitter voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$) [Note 2]	20v
VEBO	—	Emitter to base voltage	5v
Total dissipation at case temperature 25° C. [Note 3]			2 watts
at case temperature 100° C.			1 watt
at free air temperature 25° C.			0.6 watt

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C.)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYPICAL	MAX.	TEST CONDITIONS	
h_{FE}	D. C. pulse current gain [Note 4]	15	35	45	$I_C = 150mA$	$V_C = 10V$
$V_{BE SAT.}$	Base saturation voltage		0.9V	1.3V	$I_C = 150mA$	$I_B = 15mA$
$V_{CE SAT.}$	Collector saturation voltage		0.6V	1.5V	$I_C = 150mA$	$I_B = 15mA$
h_{fe}	Small signal current gain at $f = 20mc$	2	4		$I_C = 50mA$	$V_C = 10V$
C_{ob}	Collector capacitance		$30\mu f$	$45\mu f$	$I_E = 0mA$	$V_C = 10V$
I_{CBO}	Collector cutoff current		$0.1\mu A$	$10\mu A$	$V_C = 20V$	$T = 25^\circ C.$
			$100\mu A$	$600\mu A$	$V_C = 20V$	$T = 150^\circ C.$
$t_s + t_f$	Turn off time		$75\mu s$	$150m\mu s$	$I_C = 150mA$	$I_{B1} = 15mA$
					$I_{B2} = 5mA$	$R_L = 40\Omega$
					Pulse width $\geq 10 \mu sec$	

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NOTES:

- (1) The maximum ratings are limiting absolute values above which life or satisfactory performance may be impaired.
- (2) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 75°C/watt (derating factor of 13.3 mw/°C).
- (4) Pulse conditions: length = 300 $\mu s.$; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

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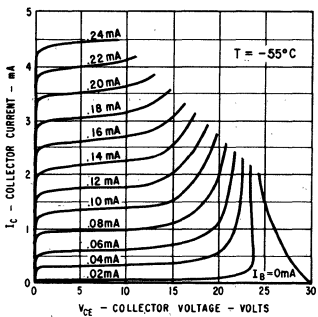
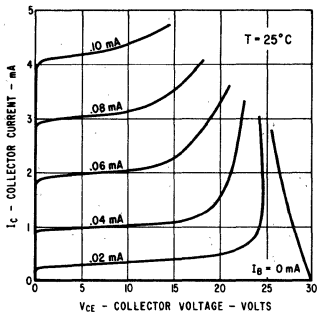
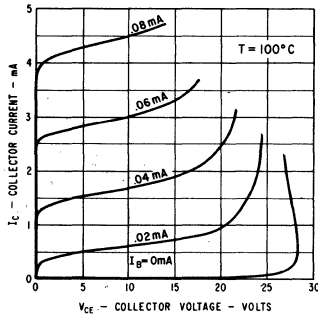
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR — TYPE 2N1252

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

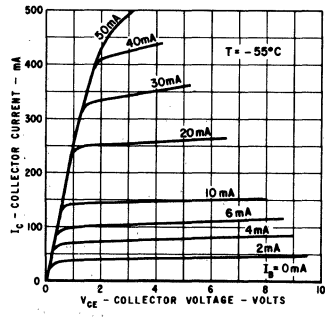
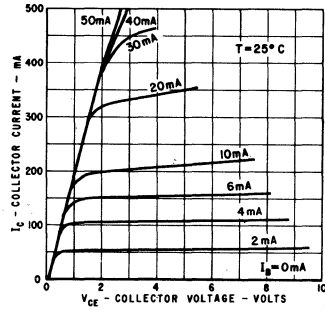
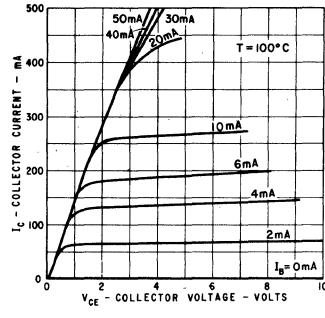
HIGH VOLTAGE

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

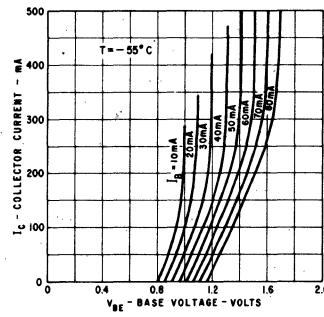
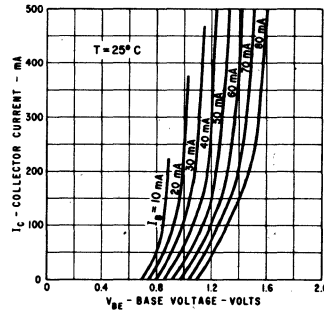
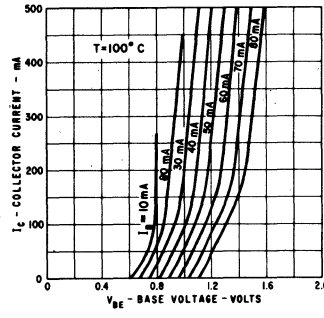


SATURATION REGION

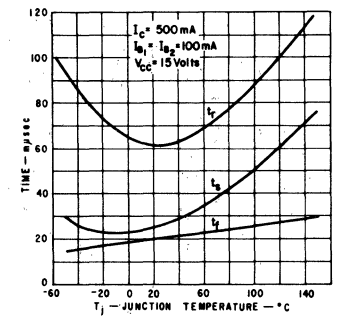
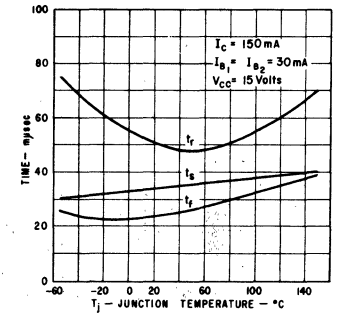
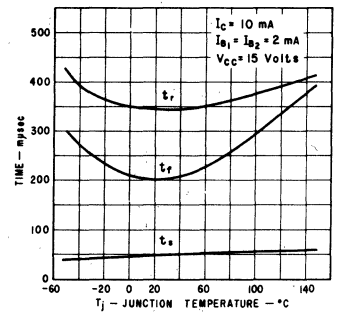
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



BASE CHARACTERISTICS



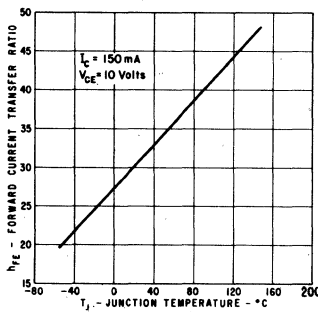
SWITCHING TIMES VS. JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



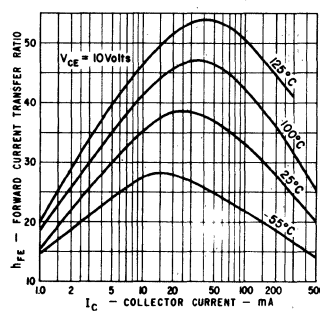
*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

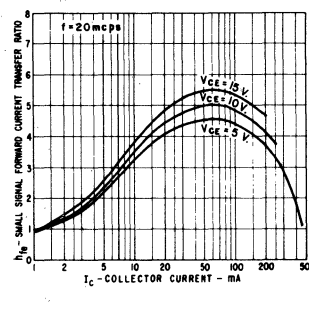
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VS. TEMPERATURE



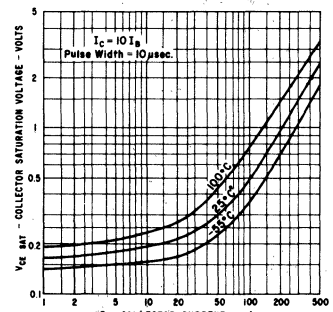
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



SMALL SIGNAL FOWARD CURRENT GAIN AT 20 MC VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT

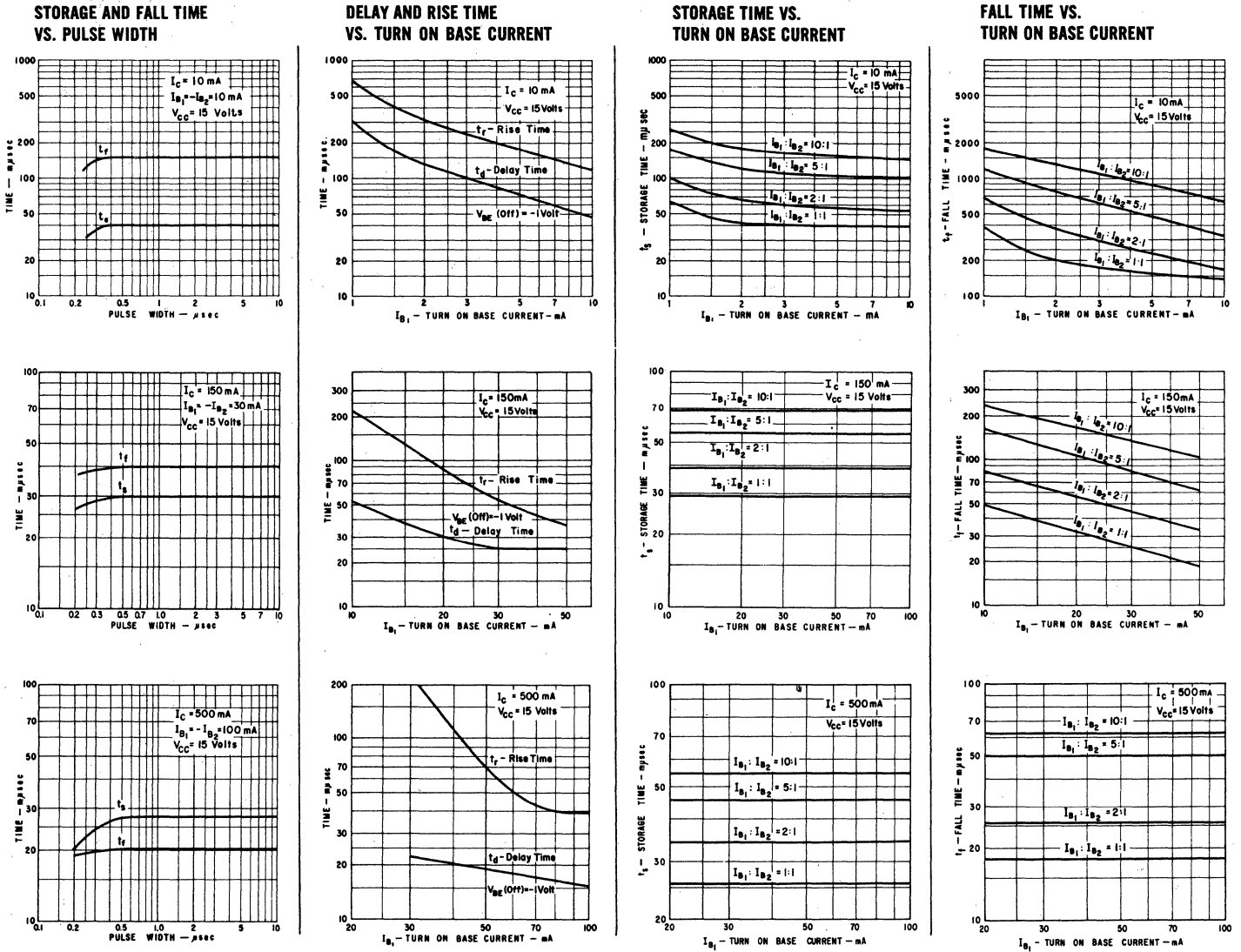


COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT (VOLTAGE AVERAGED OVER 10 μS PULSE WIDTH)



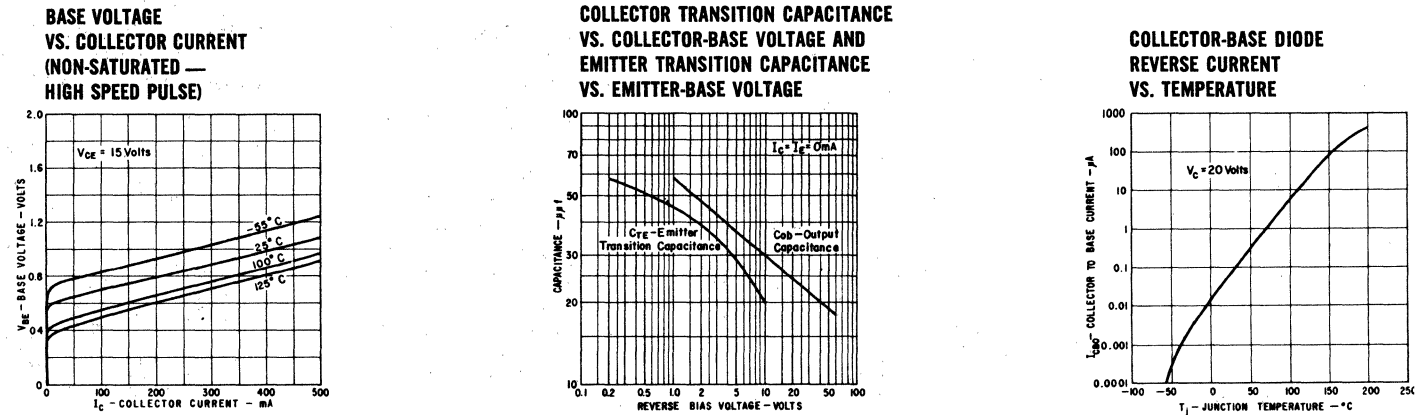
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR — TYPE 2N1252

SATURATED SWITCHING TIMES - TYPICAL DELAY, RISE, STORAGE AND FALL**

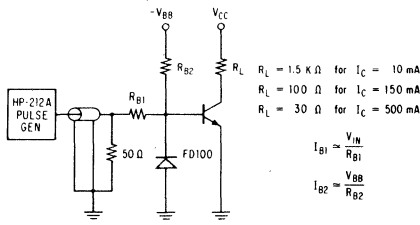


**All figures relate to performance with a pulse of $10\mu\text{sec}$ width unless otherwise noted.

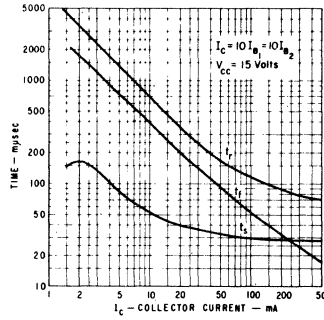
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



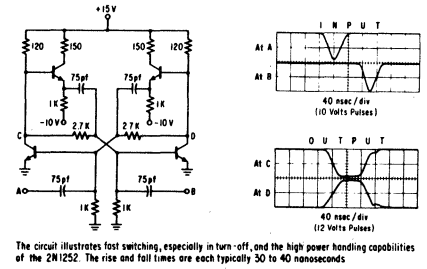
TYPICAL TEST CIRCUIT FOR RESISTIVE LOAD SATURATING SWITCH



SWITCHING TIMES VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT

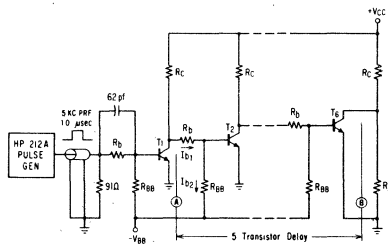


10 MC HIGH POWER FLIP-FLOP FOR DRIVER APPLICATIONS IN SATURATED MODE

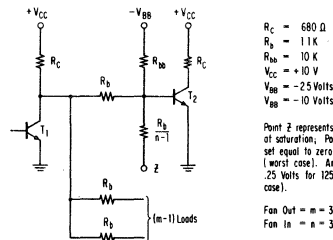


PROPAGATION DELAY IN SATURATED LOGIC CIRCUITS

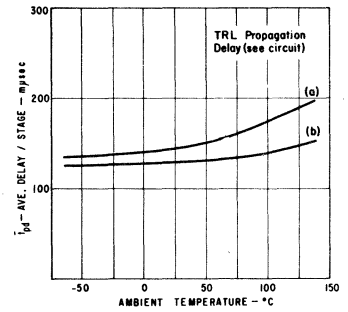
TRL PROPAGATION DELAY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT (COMPONENT VALUES SAME AS FOR BASIC TRL BUILDING BLOCK)



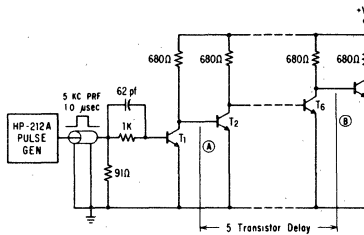
BASIC TRL BUILDING BLOCK (DESIGNED TO OPERATE BETWEEN -55° AND +125°C. FOR HIGHEST & LOWEST β TRANSISTORS FOR LOADING CONDITIONS SHOWN)



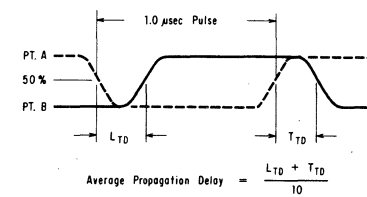
TRL PROPAGATION DELAY VS. TEMPERATURE



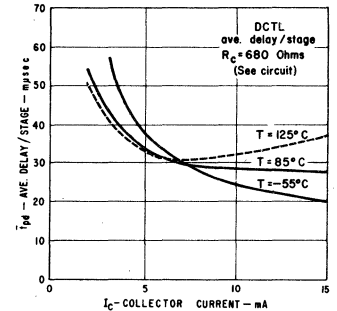
DCTL PROPAGATION DELAY MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



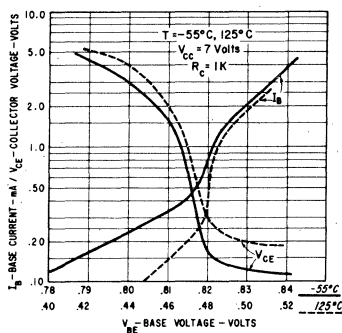
DEFINITION OF PROPAGATION DELAY (SIMILAR FOR DCTL & TRL)



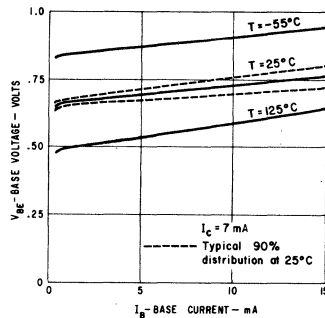
DCTL PROPAGATION DELAY VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



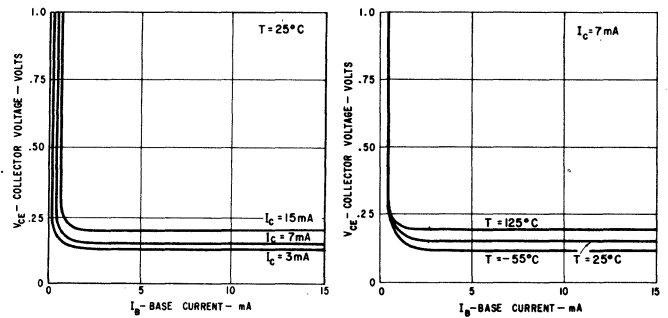
DCTL DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS BASE CURRENT AND COLLECTOR VOLTAGE VS. BASE VOLTAGE



DC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS BASE VOLTAGE VS. BASE CURRENT (SATURATED)



DC COLLECTOR SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS



2N1253

NPN LOW STORAGE TYPE

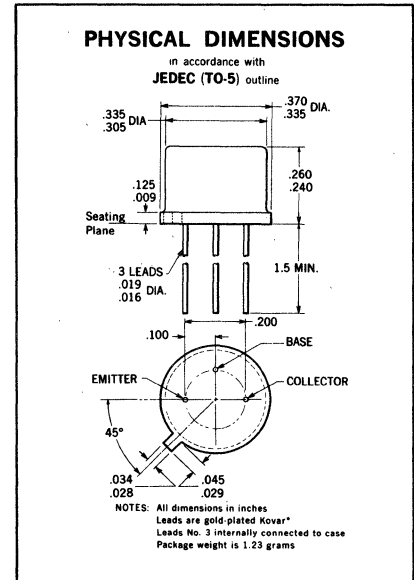
DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2845

LOW STORAGE TIME – Low storage times and low saturation voltage make the 2N1253 ideal for all types of saturated circuitry from low logic levels to ½ ampere core driving levels. These units make 5 MHz saturating switching circuits possible. Turn off time at 150 mA is guaranteed less than 150 ns. Total switching times are typically 100 ns at 500 mA.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25° C.) [Note 1]

V_{CBO}	–	Collector to base voltage	30v
V_{CER}	–	Collector to emitter voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$) [Note 2]	20v
V_{EBO}	–	Emitter to base voltage	5v
Total dissipation at case temperature 25° C. [Note 3]			2 watts
at case temperature 100° C.			1 watt
at free air temperature 25° C.			0.6 watt



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C.)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYPICAL	MAX.	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	D. C. pulse current gain [Note 4]	30	45	90	$I_C = 150mA$ $V_C = 10V$
$V_{BE SAT.}$	Base saturation voltage		0.9V	1.3V	$I_C = 150mA$ $I_B = 15mA$
$V_{CE SAT.}$	Collector saturation voltage		0.6V	1.5V	$I_C = 150mA$ $I_B = 15mA$
h_{fe}	Small signal current gain at $f = 20MHz$	2.5	5.5		$I_C = 50mA$ $V_C = 10V$
C_{obo}	Collector capacitance		30 pF	45 pF	$I_E = 0mA$ $V_C = 10V$
I_{CBO}	Collector cutoff current		0.1 μA	10 μA	$V_C = 20V$ $T = 25^\circ C.$
			100 μA	600 μA	$V_C = 20V$ $T = 150^\circ C.$
$t_s + t_f$	Turn-off time		75 ns	150 ns	$I_C = 150mA$ $I_{B1} = 10mA$
					$I_{B2} = 5mA$ $R_L = 40\Omega$
					Pulse width = 10 μs

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- The maximum ratings are limiting absolute values above which life or satisfactory performance may be impaired.
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Application note APP 4/2
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C. and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 75°C./watt (derating factor of 13.3 mw/°C.).
- Pulse conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

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2N1708

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N1708 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed specifically for high-speed, low-power saturated switching applications.

FOR IMPROVED
PERFORMANCE SEE
FAIRCHILD 2N2368, 2N2369
OR 2N2369A

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

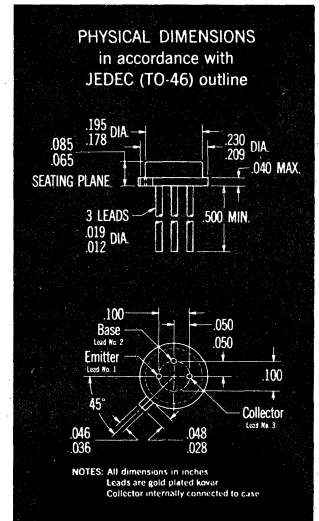
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 second time limit)	235°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	25 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	12 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	3.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.7	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.22	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.35	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	2.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector-Base Cutoff Current		0.025	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector-Base Cutoff Current		15	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CEX}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		15	μA	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0.25 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25		Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	12		Volts	$I_B = 0$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance ($f = 140 \text{ kc}$)		6.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 6)		25	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		40	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -1.0 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		75	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -1.0 \text{ mA}$

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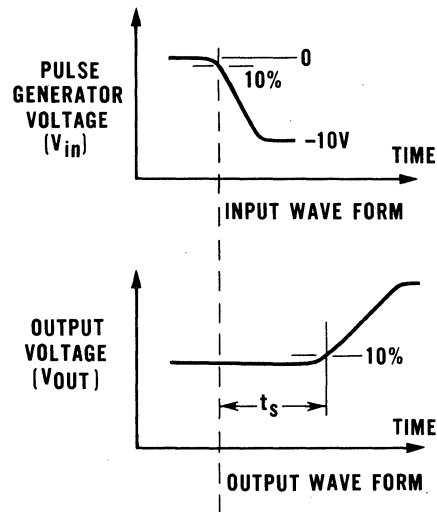
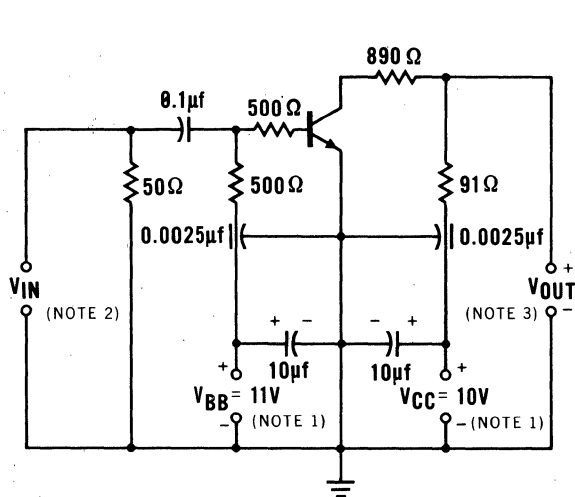
SEE BACK PAGE FOR NOTES.

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NOTES:

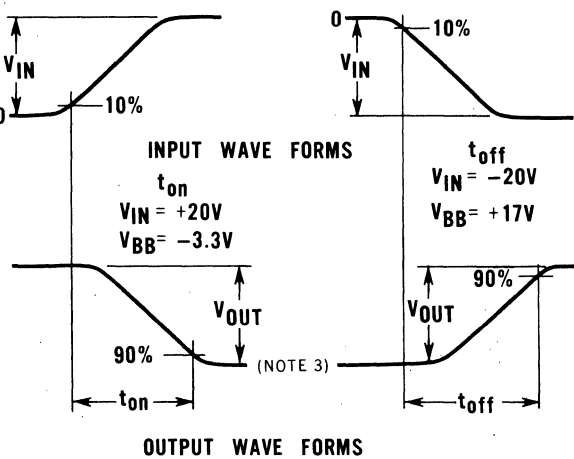
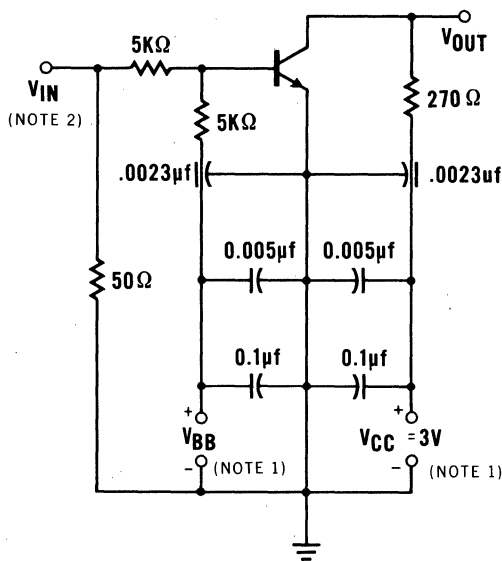
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.67 mW/°C; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length <6.0 msec; duty cycle <30%.
- (6) See test circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .



NOTES:

- (1) Input voltage (V_{IN}) obtained from a pulse generator having an output impedance of 50 ohms. V_{IN} rise time <1 nsec; pulse duration >300 nsec, and duty factor <2%.
- (2) Input and output waveforms, shown above, monitored by means of a sampling oscilloscope or other indicating device having rise time <0.5 nsec, input capacitance of probe <2.5 pf with shunt resistance >1000 ohms.

CIRCUIT USED TO MEASURE STORAGE TIME (τ_s).



NOTES:

- (1) With certain types of power supplies, it may be necessary to connect 25-μf decoupling capacitors across the power-supply terminals for V_{CC} and V_{BB} .
- (2) Input voltage (V_{IN}) obtained from a generator having an output impedance of 50 ohms. V_{IN} rise time <1 nsec; pulse duration >300 nsec, and duty factor <2%.
- (3) Input and output waveforms, shown above, monitored by means of a sampling oscilloscope or other indicating device having risetime <0.5 nsec, input capacitance of probe <2.5 pf with shunt resistance >3000 ohms.

CIRCUIT USED TO MEASURE "TURN-ON" TIME (t_{on}) AND "TURN-OFF" TIME (t_{off}).

FT1746

FAIRCHILD PNP SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-FREQUENCY SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The FT1746 is a double-diffused silicon PNP PLANAR epitaxial transistor packaged in the JEDEC TO-18 outline. It is specifically designed for digital and analog applications requiring high-voltage and high-frequency characteristics in combination. Typical f_T is 150 mc.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

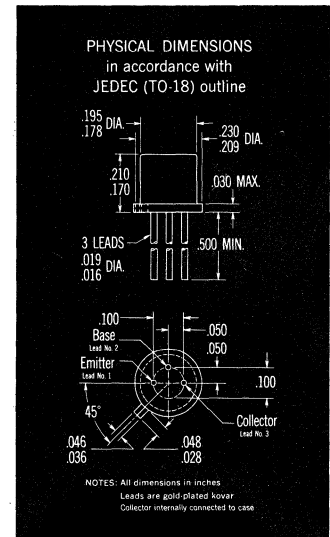
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Soldering Temperature (60 seconds time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-35 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage	-30 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.4	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	1.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		9.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	Input Capacitance		11	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-35		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	-30		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

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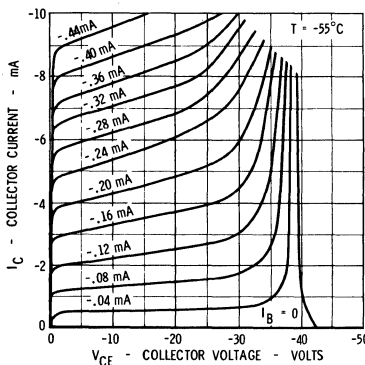
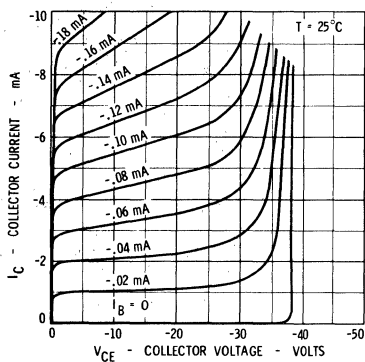
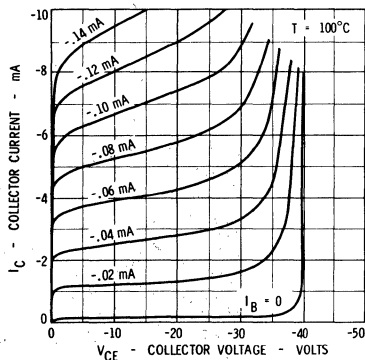
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TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

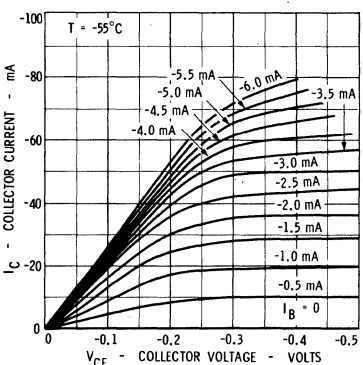
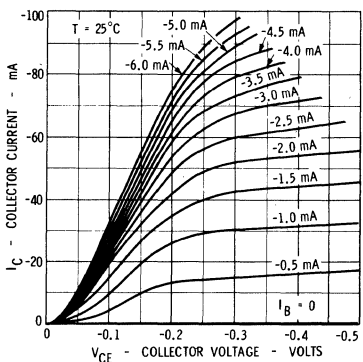
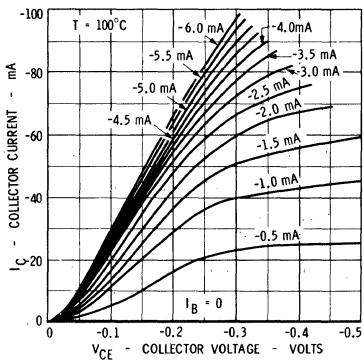
HIGH VOLTAGE

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

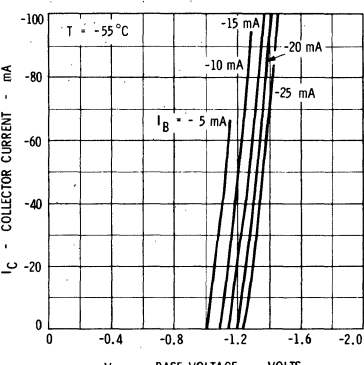
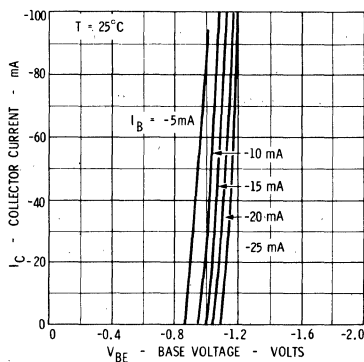
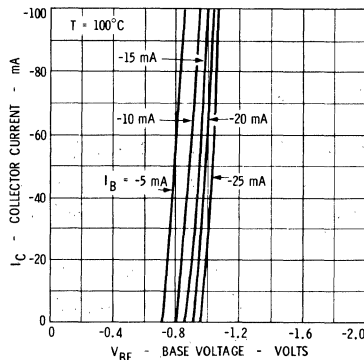


SATURATION REGION

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



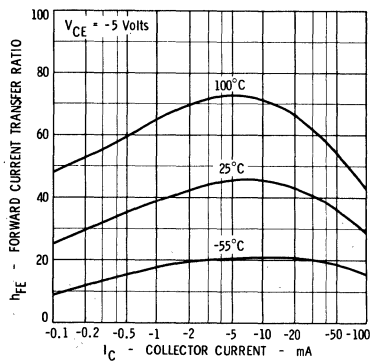
BASE CHARACTERISTICS



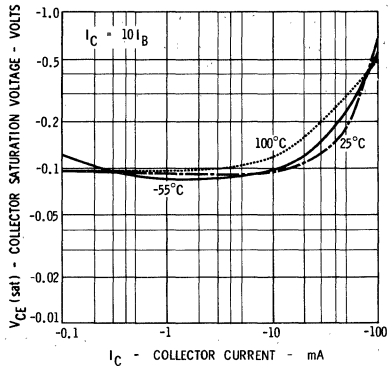
*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

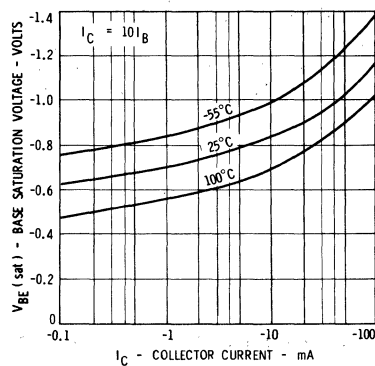
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



2N1983 • 2N1984 • 2N1985

NPN SMALL SIGNAL TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These transistors: 2N1983, 2N1984, and 2N1985, are double diffused silicon NPN transistors packaged in the popular JEDEC TO-5 outline. They are designed to provide high performance in a wide range of small-signal applications including AF and RF amplifiers, oscillators and special circuits requiring silicon performance and reliability.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +150°C

Operating Junction Temperature

+150°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]

2.0 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 & 3]

1.0 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature

0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} — Collector to Base Voltage

50 Volts

V_{CER} — Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$) [Note 4]

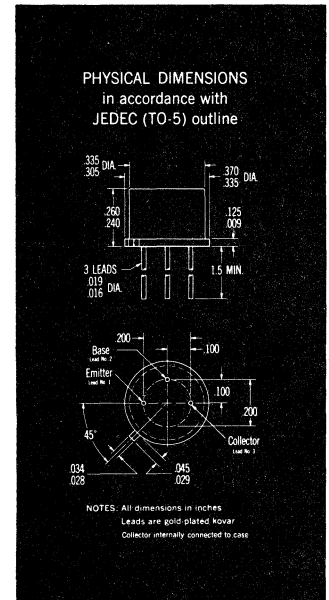
30 Volts

V_{CEO} — Collector to Emitter Voltage

25 Volts

V_{EBO} — Emitter to Base Voltage

5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
V_{BE}	Non-Saturated Base Voltage		.85	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
R_{CS}	Saturation Resistance		50	ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain $f = 20 \text{ mc}$	2.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		45	pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(+150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		200	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
$V_{CER}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Pulsed) [Note 4]	30		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	$R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Pulsed) [Note 4]	25		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Current		100	μA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 2.0 \text{ V}$

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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle \leq 1%.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kc) 2N1983 2N1984 2N1985

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	Current Gain	70	210	35	100	15	45		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		80	240	40	120	20	80		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	30	20	30	20	30	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		4.0	8.0	4.0	8.0	4.0	8.0	ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	7.0		5.0		5.0		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		7.0		5.0		5.0		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	1.0		1.0		1.5		μ mho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
		1.5		1.5		2.0		μ mho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	2000		1200		1000		ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	200		100		75		μ mho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

2N1986 • 2N1987

NPN SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N1986 and 2N1987 are Double Diffused Silicon NPN Transistors packaged in the JEDEC TO-5 outline. They are designed for high-speed switching, high-frequency amplifier applications, and may be used as core drivers, relay drivers, and pulse generators.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

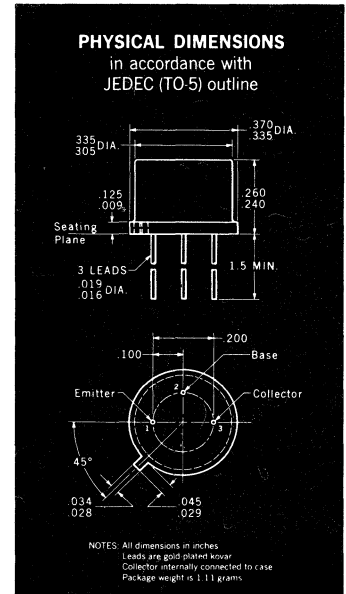
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+150°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	2.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature		0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	50 Volts
V_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) (Note 4)	40 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	25 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N1986		2N1987		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	60	240	20	80		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	60		20			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9		0.9	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.6		0.6	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		1.5		1.5	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	2.0		2.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		35		35	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0		5.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(+150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		200		200	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector Breakdown Voltage	40		40		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CER(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	30		30		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$ (pulsed)
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	25		25		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}$

NOTES:

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

2N1988 • 2N1989

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N1988 and 2N1989 are double diffused silicon NPN transistors packaged in the popular JEDEC TO-5 configuration. They are characterized by high breakdown and sustaining voltages. They are designed for use in AC and DC amplifiers ... RF amplifiers and oscillators ... servo amplifiers ... and as relay, core, and drum memory drivers.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +150°C

Operating Junction Temperature

+150°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)

2.0 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)

1.0 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature

0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

100 Volts

V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$) (Note 4)

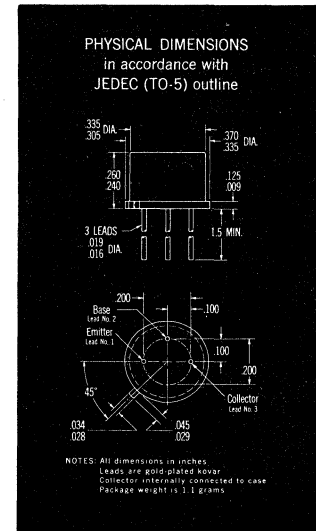
60 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage

45 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C)

Symbol	Characteristics		2N1988		2N1989		Units	Test Conditions	
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.			
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	(Note 5)	35	120	20	60		$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage			1.0		1.0	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage			2.0		2.0	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20$ MHz)		2.0		2.0			$I_C = 50$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance			20		20	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			5.0		5.0	μ A	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 50$ V
$I_{CBO(+150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current			400		400	μ A	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 50$ V
$V_{CER(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (pulsed)	(Note 4)	60		60		Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA	$R_{BE} \geq 10 \Omega$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (pulsed)	(Note 4)	45		45		Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA	$I_B = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Current			100		100	μ A	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 2.0$ V

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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2N1988 • 2N1989 FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kHz)

Symbol	Characteristics	2N1988		2N1989		Units	Test Conditions	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.			
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	20	100	10			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	20	30	20	30	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		1.5		1.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		1.0		1.0	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

1. These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
2. These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
3. These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C).
4. Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
5. Pulse conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

2N1990

NPN NEON TUBE AND NIXIE[®] DRIVER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N1990 is a double diffused silicon NPN transistor packaged in the popular JEDEC TO-5 outline. The high breakdown voltage and low saturation voltage, plus diffused silicon performance and reliability, characterize it as an ideal unit for neon tube and nixie driver applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

Operating Junction Temperature

-65°C to +150°C
+150°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature
at 100°C Case Temperature
at 25°C Ambient Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)
(Notes 2 & 3)

2.0 Watts
1.0 Watt
0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

100 Volts
3.0 Volts

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

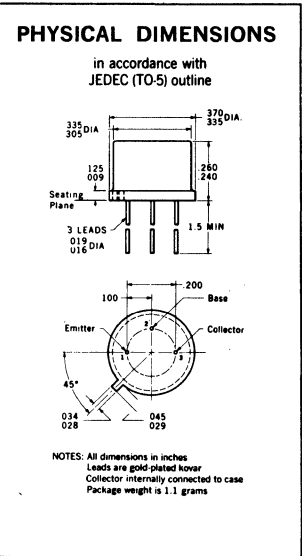
Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 4)	20			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.0	Volts	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.2 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.5	Volts	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.2 \text{ mA}$
I_{CEX}	Cutoff Current, Reverse Bias		10	μA	$I_B = -10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 75 \text{ V}$
$I_{CEX(+150^\circ\text{C})}$	Cutoff Current, Reverse Bias		250	μA	$I_B = -250 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 75 \text{ V}$

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

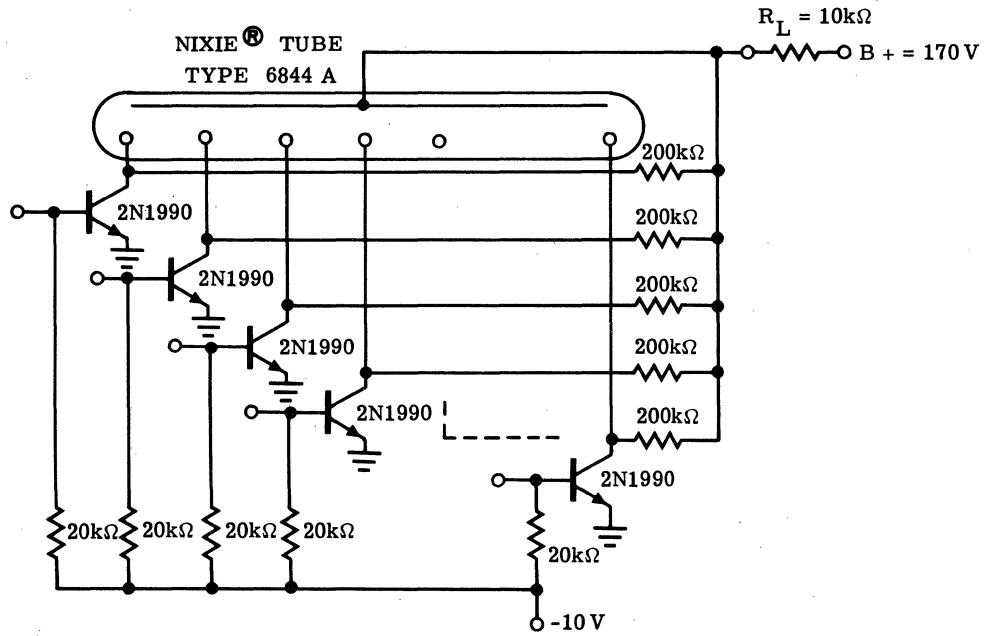
- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 150°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C).
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

NIXIE[®] - Registered Trade Mark Burroughs Corporation.



2N1990 FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR

TRANSISTORIZED NIXIE[®] INDICATOR



2N2008

NPN MEDIUM POWER AUDIO AMPLIFIER

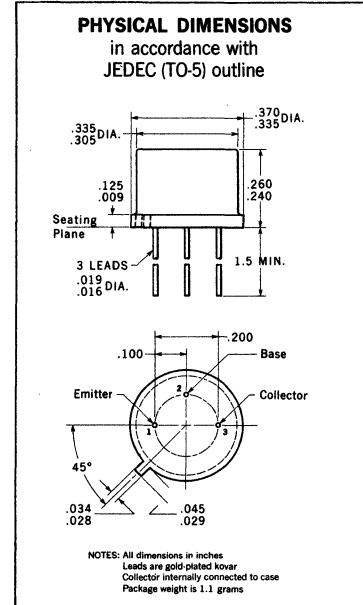
SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3114

GENERAL DESCRIPTION- The Fairchild 2N2008 is an NPN silicon PLANAR transistor designed primarily for large-signal, medium-power audio applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures	
Storage Temperature	-65°C to 200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation	
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	3.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current	
V _{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	175 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	110 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current	500 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120		I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	30	90		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		1.0	Volts	I _C = 25 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		2.5	Volts	I _C = 25 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
h _{ib}	Input Resistance (f = 1 kHz)	20	30	Ohms	I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{ib}	Input Resistance (f = 1 kHz)	4.0	10	Ohms	I _E = 5.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{ob}	Output Conductance (f = 1 kHz)	0.1	0.5	μmhos	I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{ob}	Output Conductance (f = 1 kHz)	0.1	0.5	μmhos	I _E = 5.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio (f = 1 kHz)		250	x10 ⁻⁶	I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio (f = 1 kHz)		250	x10 ⁻⁶	I _E = 5.0 mA V _{CB} = 5.0 V
h _{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain (f = 1 kHz)	20	100		I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain (f = 1 kHz)	35	120		I _E = 5.0 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20MHz)	2.0			I _E = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
I _{CBO}	Collector-Base Cutoff Current		50	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 100 V
I _{CBO(150°C)}	Collector-Base Cutoff Current		50	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 100 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance (f = 1.0mc)		15	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	175		Volts	I _E = 0 I _C = 100 μA
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	110		Volts	I _B = 0 I _C = 10 mA (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0		Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 100 μA

NOTES

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 218°C/watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length ≅ 300μsec; duty cycle = 1%.

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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2N2049 • 2N2645

NPN LOW NOISE, HIGH GAIN

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

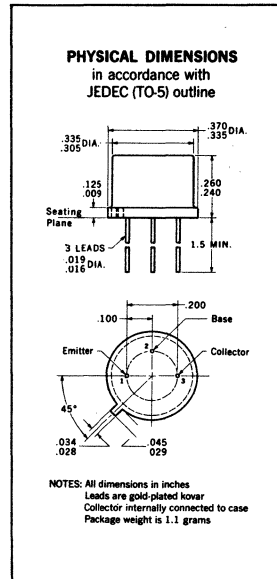
GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N2049 and 2N2645 are designed for use in a broad range of amplifier and oscillator circuits where Planar performance is desirable. These transistors provide useful gain over more than five decades of collector current with low leakage and very low noise. These characteristics together with a 35 megacycle alpha cutoff at one milliampere make them particularly suitable for low-level broad-band input stages such as TV camera preamplifiers, transducer preamplifiers, and null detectors.

The very low corner (typically 220 Hz at 10 μ A) substantially reduces 1/f noise in such applications as tape recorder preamplifiers, digital voltmeters, audio systems and servo amplifiers.

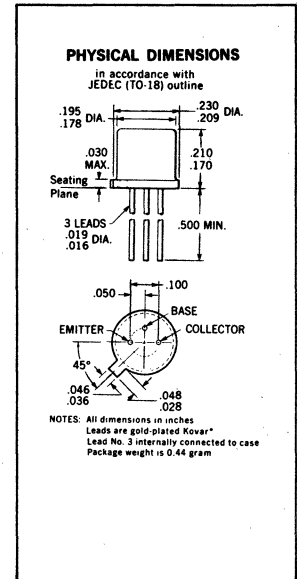
The 2N2049 and 2N2645 are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500 and reflect all of the process improvements resulting from the Minute Man Reliability Program for NPN Silicon Planar Transistors.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures			
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C	
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum	
Maximum Power Dissipation		2N2645	2N2049
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		1.8 Watts	3.0 Watts
Total Dissipation at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		1.0 Watt	1.7 Watts
Total Dissipation at 25°C Ambient Temperature		0.5 Watt	0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages			
V _{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	75 Volts	75 Volts
V _{CER}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω) (Note 4)	50 Volts	50 Volts
V _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts



2N2049



2N2645

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (Note 5)		0.6	2.5	dB	I _C = 0.1 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (Note 6)		1.4	3.0	dB	I _C = 0.1 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
NF	Broad-Band Noise Figure (Note 7)			3.5	dB	I _C = 0.01 mA V _{CE} = 5 V
NF	Narrow-Band Noise Figure (Note 8)		7.5	12	dB	I _C = 0.1 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 9)	100	130	300		I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	60	80			I _C = 0.1 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	55			I _C = 0.01 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	0.6	0.7	0.8	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.12	0.4	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20MHz)	2.5	4.3			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance		17	25	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{ibo}	Input Capacitance		50	80	pF	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.4	10	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 60 V
I _{CBO} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		0.4	10	μ A	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 60 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	75			Volts	I _C = 0.1 mA I _E = 0
V _{CER(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	50			Volts	I _C = 100 mA R _{BE} ≤ 10 Ω (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 0.1 mA
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.03	10	nA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V

(See notes on back page)

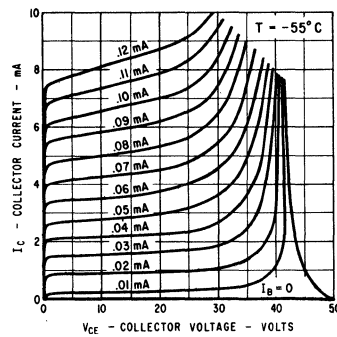
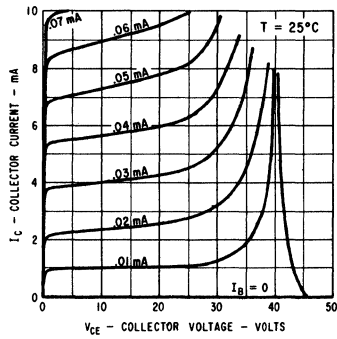
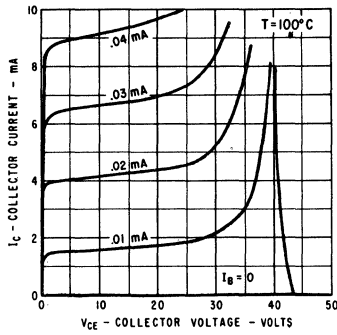
*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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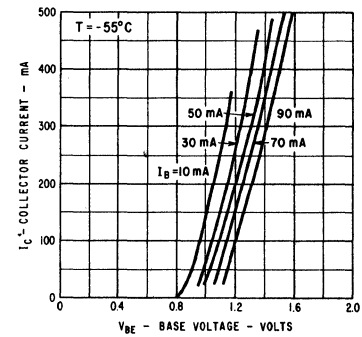
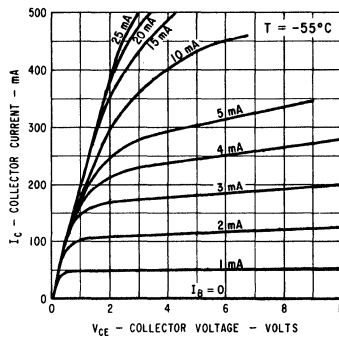
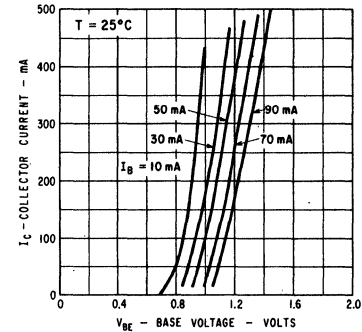
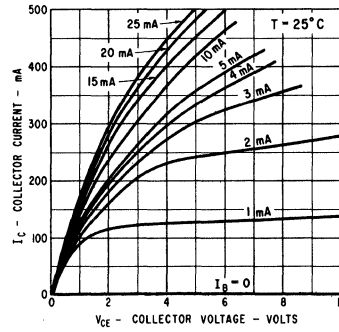
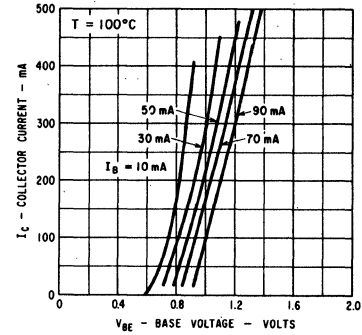
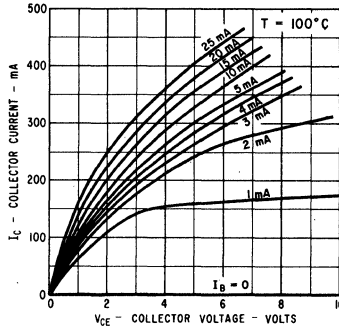
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2049 2N2645

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

HIGH VOLTAGE REGION



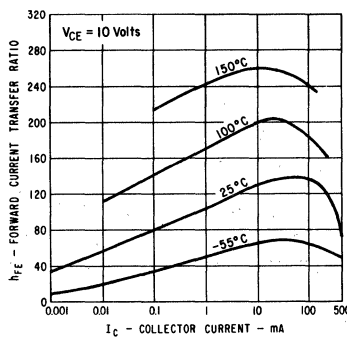
SATURATION REGION



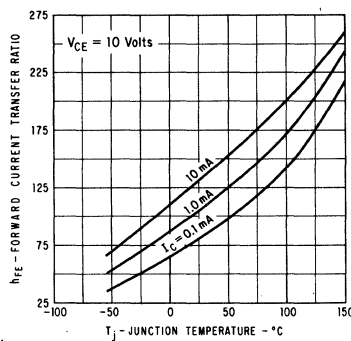
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

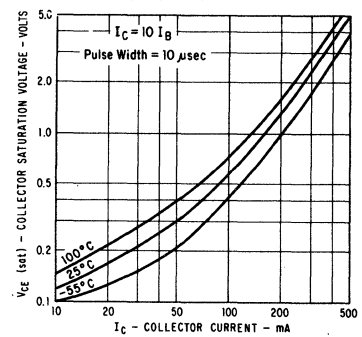
PULSE DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



PULSE DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



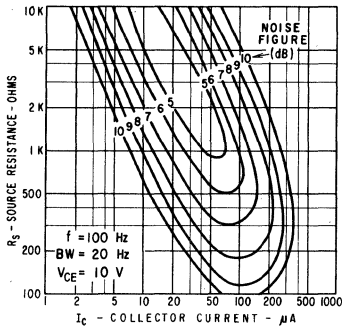
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



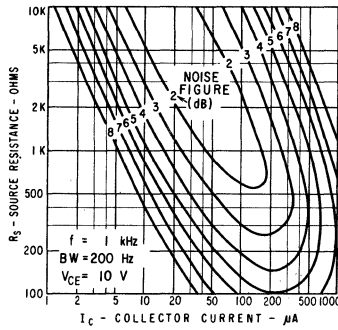
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2049 2N2645

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

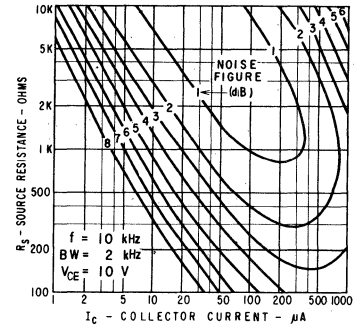
**CONTOURS OF CONSTANT
NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE**



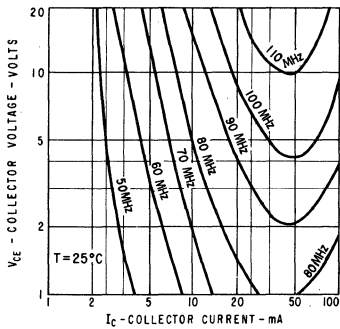
**CONTOURS OF CONSTANT
NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE**



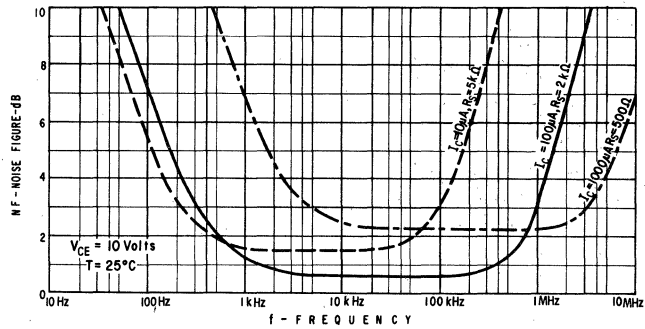
**CONTOURS OF CONSTANT
NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE**



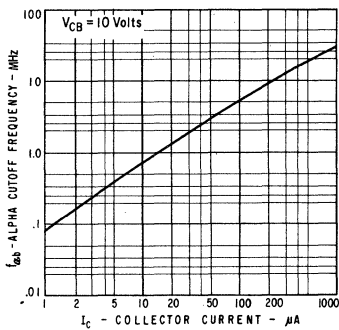
**CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN
BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)**



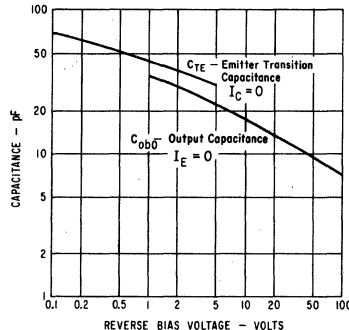
**NOISE FIGURE VERSUS
FREQUENCY**



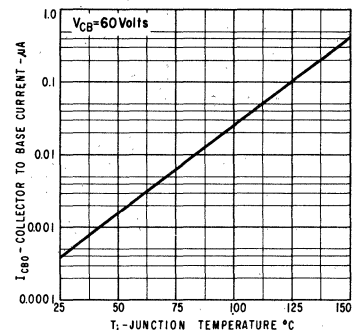
**ALPHA CUTOFF FREQUENCY
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT**



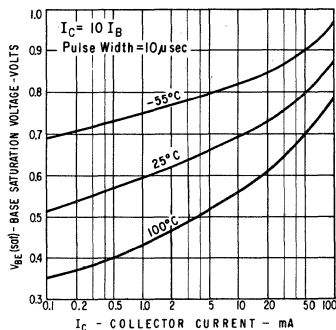
**INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES
VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE**



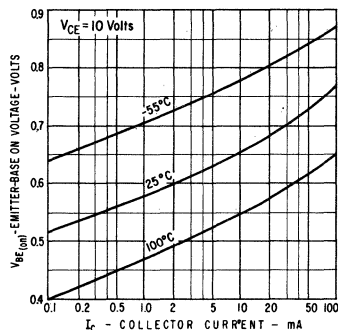
**COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE
CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE**



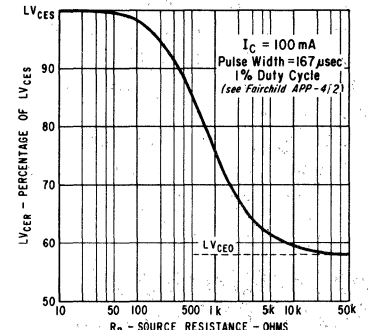
**BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT**



**EMITTER-BASE ON VOLTAGE
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT**



**LOWER LIMITING VOLTAGE
VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE**

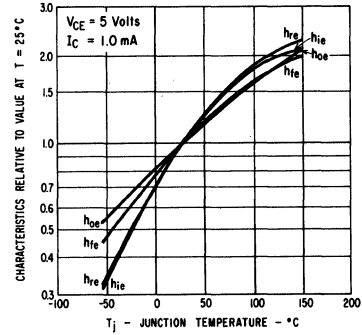
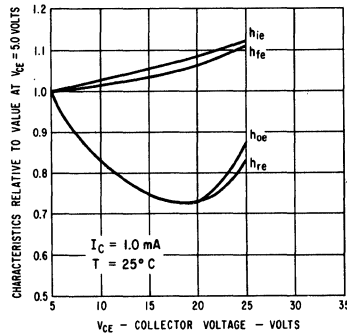
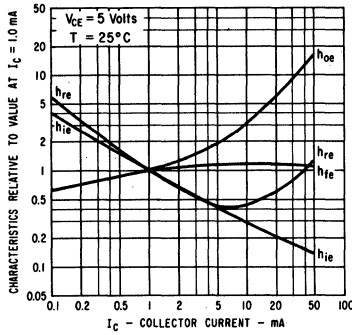


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2049 • 2N2645

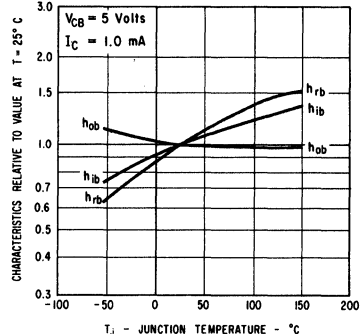
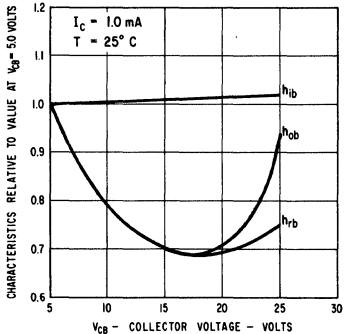
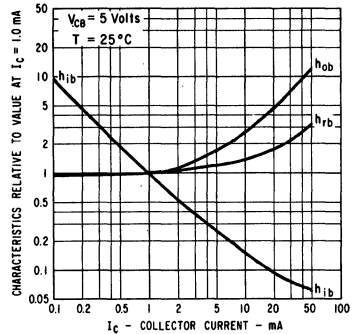
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f=1kHz)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	24	27	34	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.1	0.17	0.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		1.25	5.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	75	110			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		4.4		kOhms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		23.8		μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		7.3		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



- NOTES:**
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
 - (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N2049 and 97.2°C/Watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C) for the 2N2645.
 - (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication, APP-4/2.
 - (5) $f = 10\text{kHz}$; $R_S = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$; Power Bandwidth of 2kHz.
 - (6) $f = 1\text{kHz}$; $R_S = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$; Power Bandwidth of 200 Hz.
 - (7) $R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; Power Bandwidth of 15.7kHz with 3-dB points at 10 Hz and 10 kHz.
 - (8) $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$; $R_S = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$; Power Bandwidth of 20 Hz.
 - (9) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.



2N2192 • 2N2192A • 2N2192B

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCHES

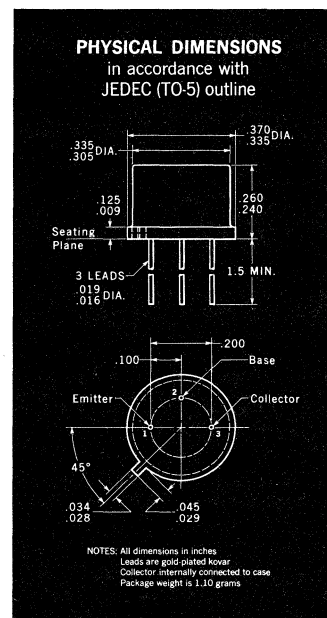
DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2297

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2192, 2N2192A, and 2N2192B are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for use in high-speed, high-current switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)		300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		2.8 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		1.6 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V _{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts
V _{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	40 Volts
V _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I _C	Collector Current	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	300		I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	75			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	70			I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 1.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35			I _C = 500 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Current Gain	35			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15			I _C = 1.0 A V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	15			I _C = 0.1 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.35	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.25	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 mc)	2.5			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance (f = 1.0 mc)		20	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V
I _{CBO} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		15	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		50	nA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 3.0 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		Volts	I _C = 100 μA I _E = 0
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	40		Volts	I _C = 25 mA (pulsed) I _B = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	I _E = 100 μA I _C = 0
t _f	Fall Time		50	nsec	See Figure 1
t _r	Rise Time		70	nsec	See Figure 1
t _s	Storage Time		150	nsec	See Figure 1

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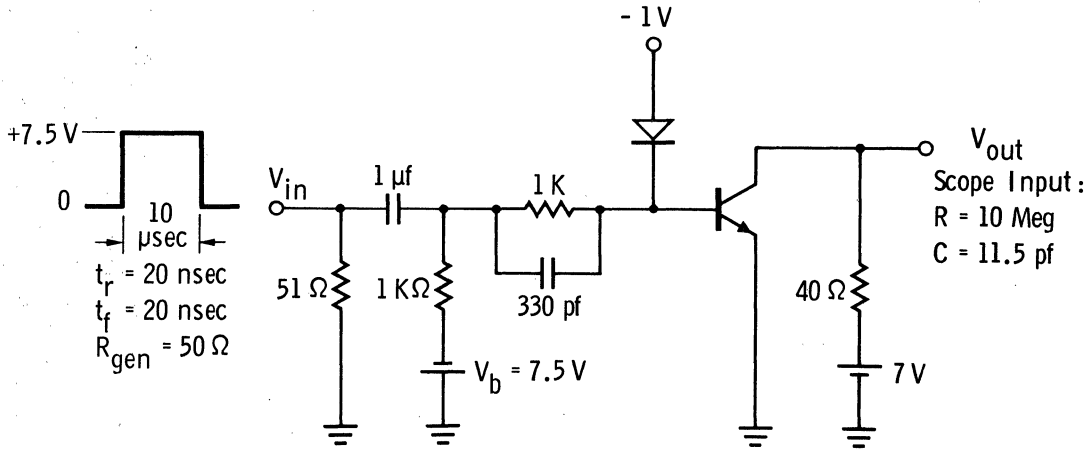


FIGURE 1

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C), junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

Fairchild cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry described. No circuit patent licenses are implied.

2N2193 · 2N2193A · 2N2193B

NPN HIGH-SPEED HIGH-CURRENT SWITCHES

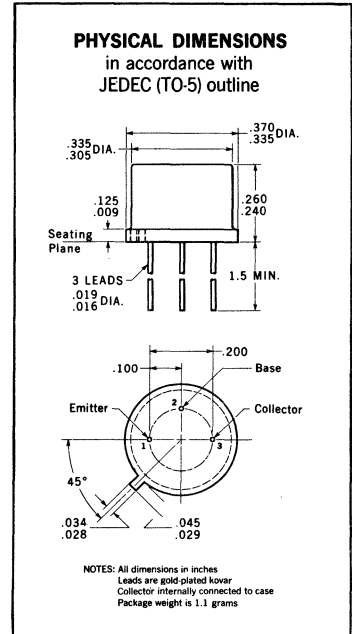
SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3108

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2193, 2N2193A, and 2N2193B are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for use in high-speed, high-current switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)		300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		2.8 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		1.6 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage		80 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)		50 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		8.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current		1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	30			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	20			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2193		0.35	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2193A		0.25	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2193B		0.18	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	2.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)		20	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		50	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	80		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	50		Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
t_f	Fall Time		50	nsec	See Figure 1
t_r	Rise Time		70	nsec	See Figure 1
t_s	Storage Time		150	nsec	See Figure 1

(See notes on back page)

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



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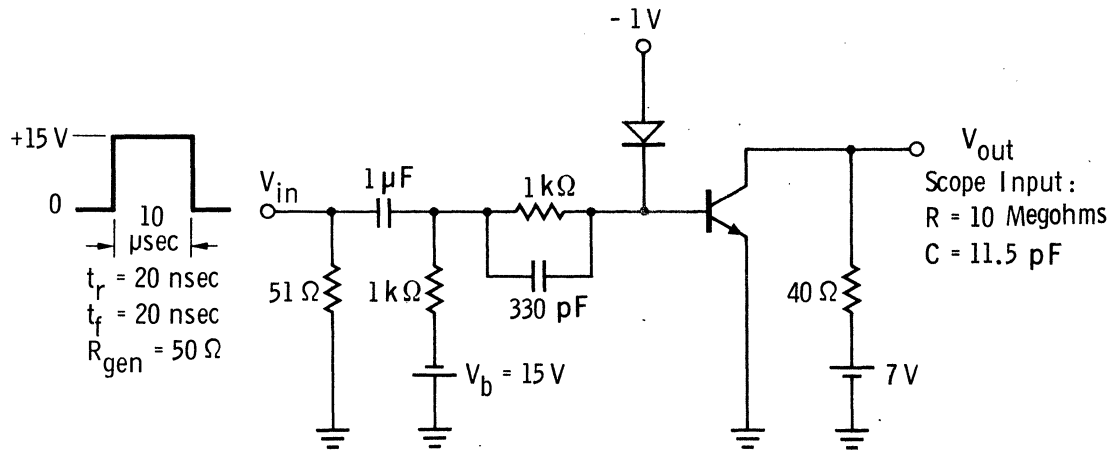


FIGURE 1

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of $62.5^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{watt}$ (derating factor of $16\ \text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of $219^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{watt}$ (derating factor of $4.56\ \text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300\ \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

2N2194 · 2N2194A · 2N2194B

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCHES

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2297**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2194, 2N2194A, and 2N2194B are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for use in high-speed, high-current switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

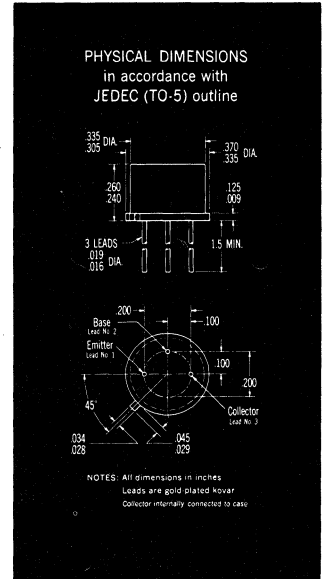
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	2.8 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	1.6 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CB0}	Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	40 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	60		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2194		0.35	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2194A		0.25	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2194B		0.18	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ mc}$)	2.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1 \text{ mc}$)		20	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		50	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	40		Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
t_f	Fall Time		50	nsec	See Figure 1
t_r	Rise Time		70	nsec	See Figure 1
t_s	Storage Time		150	nsec	See Figure 1



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

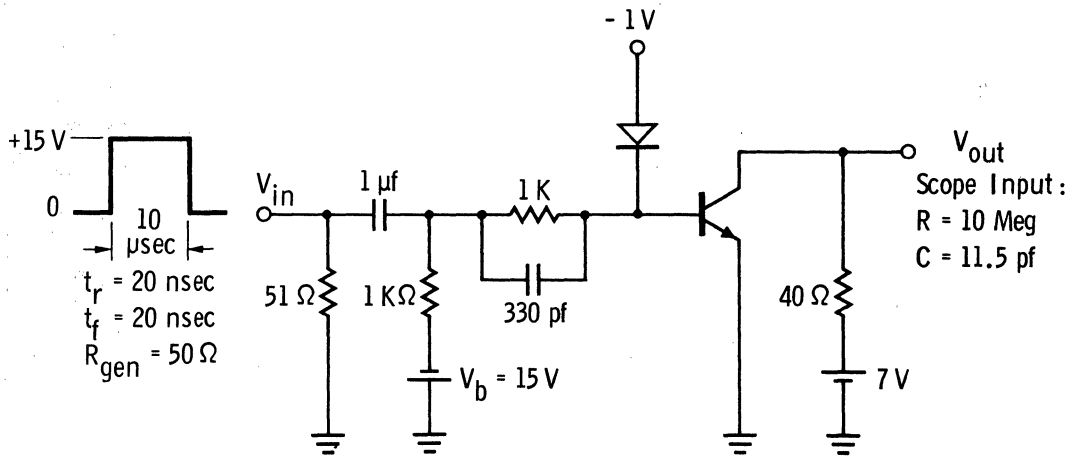


FIGURE 1

2N2195 • 2N2195A • 2N2195B

GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR*EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2195, 2N2195A, and 2N2195B are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for use in general purpose amplifier and switching applications.

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3110**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

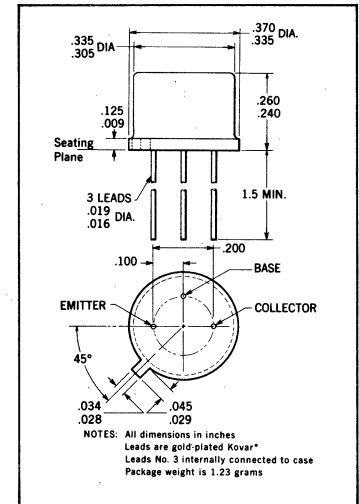
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	2.8 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	1.6 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	45 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	25 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.35	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.25	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	2.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)		20	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		100	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		50	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		100	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	45		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	25		Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 292°C/watt (derating factor of 3.42 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.



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2N2205 • 2N2206

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2368 • 2N2369 OR 2N2369A

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2205 and 2N2206 are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed specifically for high-speed, low-power saturated switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

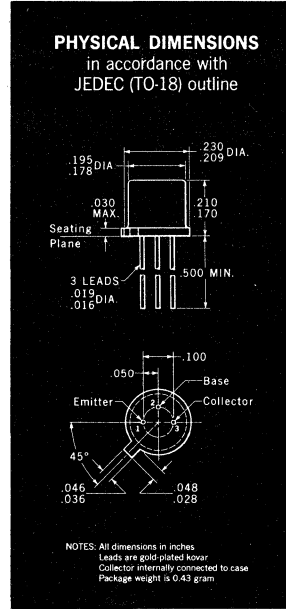
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +175°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec time limit)	+235°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

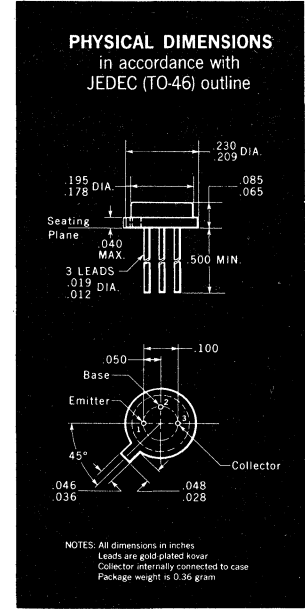
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)	1.0 Watt
Total Dissipation at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	25 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	12 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	3.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	200 mA



2N2205



2N2206

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N2205		2N2206		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	40	40	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.22		0.22	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.35		0.35	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)	2.0		2.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Output Capacitance		6.0		6.0	pf	$I_E = 0$, $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector-Base Cutoff Current	0.025		0.025		μA	$I_E = 0$, $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector-Base Cutoff Current		15		15	μA	$I_E = 0$, $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
I_{CEX}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		15		15	μA	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0.25 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		100		100	μA	$I_C = 0$, $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25		25		Volts	$I_E = 0$, $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	12		12		Volts	$I_B = 0$, $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0		3.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$, $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
τ_s	Storage Time (Note 6)		25		35	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 7)		40		40	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -1.0 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 7)		75		75	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -1.0 \text{ mA}$

(See notes on back page)

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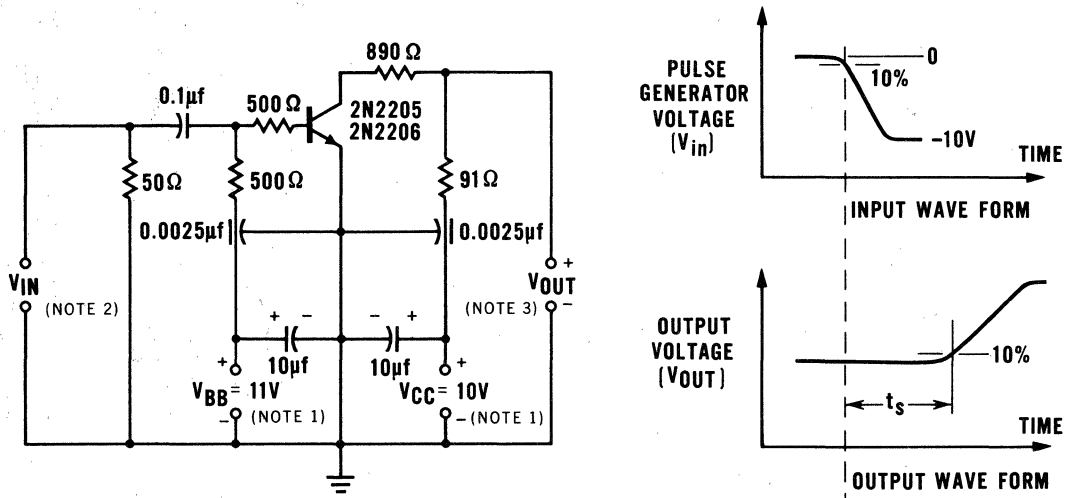
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2205 • 2N2206

NOTES:

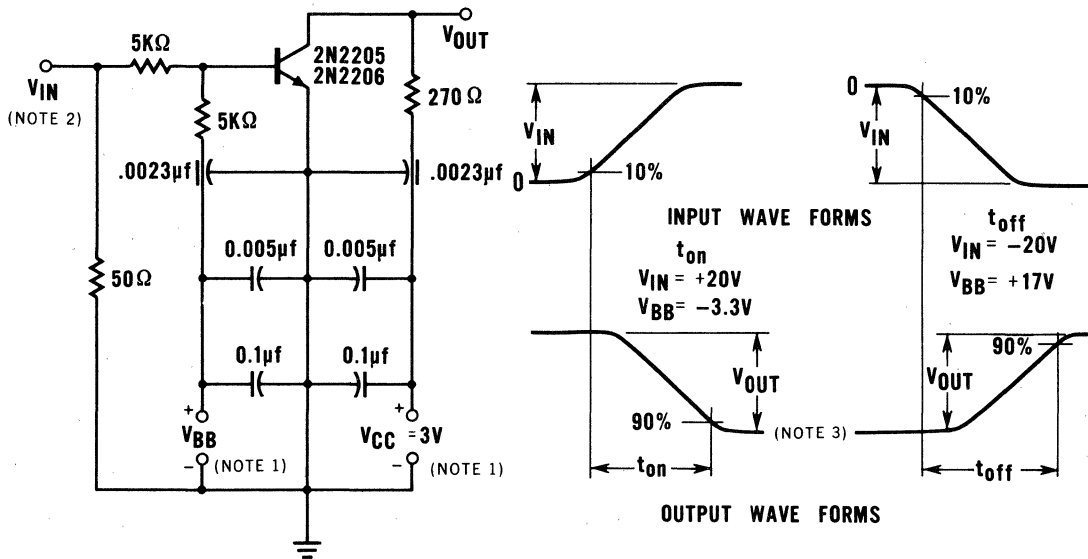
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 150°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.7 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length < 6 msec; duty cycle < 30%.
- (6) See Fig. 1 for exact value of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .
- (7) See Fig. 2 for exact value of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .



NOTES:

- (1) With certain types of power supplies, it may be necessary to connect 25- μ f decoupling capacitors across the power-supply terminals for V_{CC} and V_{BB} .
- (2) Input voltage (V_{IN}) obtained from a pulse generator having an output impedance of 50 ohms. V_{IN} rise time < 1 nsec; pulse duration > 300 nsec, and duty factor < 2%.
- (3) Input and output waveforms, shown above, monitored by means of a sampling oscilloscope or other indicating device having rise time < 0.5 nsec, input capacitance of probe < 2.5 pf with shunt resistance > 1000 ohms.

FIG. 1. CIRCUIT USED TO MEASURE STORAGE TIME (t_s).



NOTES:

- (1) With certain types of power supplies, it may be necessary to connect 25- μ f decoupling capacitors across the power-supply terminals for V_{CC} and V_{BB} .
- (2) Input voltage (V_{IN}) obtained from a pulse generator having an output impedance of 50 ohms. V_{IN} rise time < 1 nsec; pulse duration > 300 nsec, and duty factor < 2%.
- (3) Input and output waveforms, shown above, monitored by means of a sampling oscilloscope or other indicating device having rise time < 0.5 nsec, input capacitance of probe < 2.5 pf with shunt resistance > 3000 ohms.

FIG. 2. CIRCUIT USED TO MEASURE "TURN-ON" TIME (t_{on}) AND "TURN-OFF" TIME (t_{off}).

2N2217 THROUGH 2N2222

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2217 through 2N2222 are NPN Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors designed for high-speed switching at collector currents up to 500 milliamperes. They feature useful beta over a wide range of collector current, low leakage currents, and low saturation voltages. For improved performance see Fairchild 2N3299, 2N3300, 2N3301, and 2N3302.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

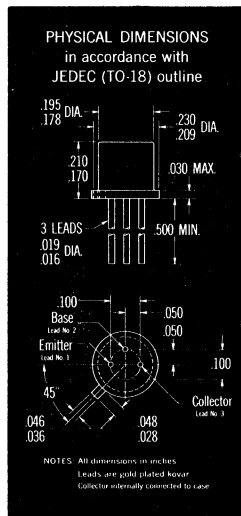
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +175°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

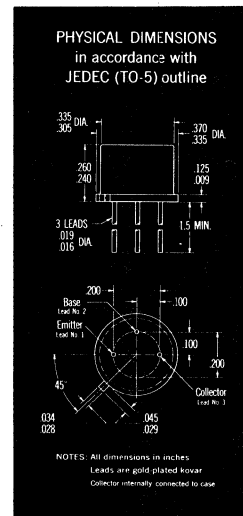
	2N2217	2N2220
	2N2218	2N2221
	2N2219	2N2222
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	3.0 Watts	1.8 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.8 Watt	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	800 mA



2N2220 • 2N2221 • 2N2222



2N2217 • 2N2218 • 2N2219

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	2N2217 2N2220		2N2218 2N2221		2N2219 2N2222		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	60	40	120	100	300	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10		20		50		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	17		35		75		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	12		25		50		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain			20		35		$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)			20		30		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	0.4		0.4		0.4		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	1.6		1.6		1.6		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	1.3		1.3		1.3		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	2.6		2.6		2.6		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 Mc)	2.5		2.5		2.5		$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$
f_T	Gain-Bandwidth Product (f = 100 Mc)	250		250		250		$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2217 THROUGH 2N2222

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	2N2217 2N2220		2N2218 2N2221		2N2219 2N2222		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10		10			nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50$ V
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current		10		10			μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50$ V
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10			nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 3.0$ V
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		8.0		8.0			pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10$ V
$R_{e(hie)}$	Real Part of Common-Emitter, High-Frequency Input Impedance (f = 300 Mc)		60		60			Ohms	$I_C = 20$ mA $V_{CE} = 20$ V
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		60				Volts	$I_C = 10$ μA $I_E = 0$
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30		30				Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0				Volts	$I_E = 10$ μA $I_C = 0$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 50°C/Watt (derating factor of 20 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 188°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.33 mW/°C) for the 2N2217, 2N2218, and 2N2219. For the 2N2220, 2N2221, and 2N2222 junction-to-case thermal resistance of 83.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 12 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 300°C/Watt (derating factor of 3.33 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle \leq 2%.

2N2218A • 2N2219A • 2N2221A • 2N2222A

NPN HIGH SPEED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These Fairchild devices are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for high-speed switching at collector currents up to 500 mA. They feature useful beta over a wide range of collector current, low leakage currents, and low saturation voltages.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 & 3) at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)	2N2218A	2N2221A
	2N2219A	2N2222A
	3.0 Watts	1.8 Watt
	0.8 Watt	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

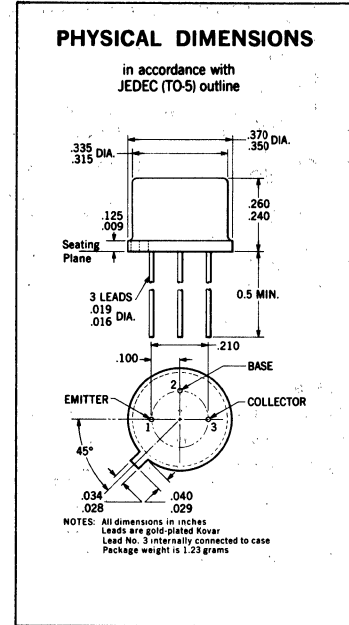
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	75 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	40 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	800 mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

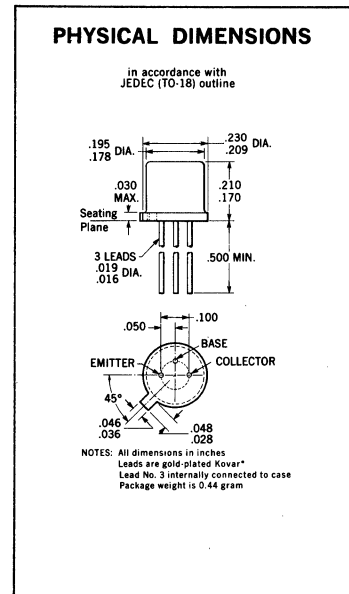
Symbol	Characteristic	2N2218A 2N2221A		2N2219A 2N2222A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	35			$I_C = 100 \mu A$	$V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25	50			$I_C = 1.0 mA$	$V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	75			$I_C = 10 mA$	$V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	100	300	$I_C = 150 mA$	$V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	40			$I_C = 500 mA$	$V_{CE} = 10 V$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	35			$I_C = 10 mA$	$V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	50			$I_C = 150 mA$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 V$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, Note 5)	0.3	0.3			$I_C = 150 mA$	$I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, Note 5)	1.0	1.0			$I_C = 500 mA$	$I_B = 50 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, Note 5)	0.6	1.2	0.6	1.2	$I_C = 150 mA$	$I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, Note 5)	2.0	2.0			$I_C = 500 mA$	$I_B = 50 mA$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	2.5	3.0			$I_C = 20 mA$	$V_{CE} = 20 V$
f_T	Gain-Bandwidth Product (f = 100 MHz)	250	300			$I_C = 20 mA$	$V_{CE} = 20 V$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



2N2218A • 2N2219A



2N2221A • 2N2222A

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2218A • 2N2219A • 2N2221A • 2N2222A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N2218A 2N2221A		2N2219A 2N2222A		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current	10		10		nA	$V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Reverse Current	10		10		nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(+150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current	10		10		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Base Current	10		10		nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Common Base, Open Circuit Output Capacitance (f = 100 kHz)	8.0		8.0		pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Common Base, Open Circuit Input Capacitance (f = 100 kHz)	25		25		pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$
$Re(h_{ie})$	Real Part of Common-Emitter High Frequency Input Impedance (f = 300 MHz)	60		60		Ohms	$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	75		75		Volts	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage (Notes 4 & 5)	40		40		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0		6.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$
I_{BL}	Base Current	20		20		nA	$V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$
t_d	Turn-on Delay Time	10		10		ns	$I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 0.5\text{ V}$
t_r	Rise Time	25		25		ns	$I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 0.5\text{ V}$
t_s	Storage Time	225		225		ns	$I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} = 15\text{ mA}$
t_f	Fall Time	60		60		ns	$I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} = 15\text{ mA}$
τ_A	Active Region Time Constant	2.5		2.5		ns	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$
$r_b' C_c$	Collector Base Time Constant (f = 31.8 MHz)	150		150		ps	$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$
NF	Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)	4.0		4.0			$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $R_g = 1.0\text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 1.0\text{ Hz}$

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N2218A 2N2221A		2N2219A 2N2222A		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	1.0	3.5	2.0	8.0	k Ω	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
		0.2	1.0	0.25	1.25	k Ω	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	3.0	15	5.0	35	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
		10	100	25	200	μmhos	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		500		800	$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
			250		400	$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Forward Current Transfer Ratio	30	150	50	300		$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
		50	300	75	375		$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 50°C/Watt (derating factor of 20 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 188°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.33 mW/°C) for the 2N2218A and 2N2219A. For the 2N2221A and 2N2222A, junction-to-case thermal resistance of 83.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 12 mW/°C; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 300°C/Watt (derating factor of 3.33 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.

2N2297

NPN HIGH-CURRENT GENERAL PURPOSE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N2297 is an NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor with very low saturation resistance, high current capabilities, typical gain-bandwidth product of 90 megacycles, low C_{ob} and low leakage currents.

This transistor is designed for use in high-performance dc-dc converters, oscillators, high current memory drivers and computer clock distribution circuits. The 2N2297 is suitable in particular for output stages of servo amplifiers and transceivers where several watts output at high efficiency is required.

The 2N2297 is designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

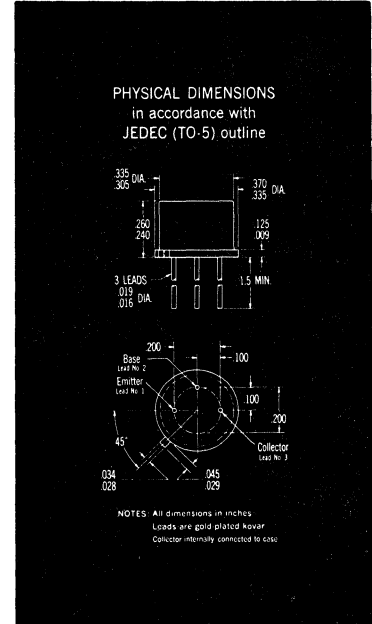
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, no time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	5.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	2.8 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	80 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	35 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	55	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.15	0.2		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 6]	0.8	1.0		Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	1.4	1.6		Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.1	10		nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10		nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	80			Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	35			Volts	$I_B = 0$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)

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NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 218°C/watt (derating factor of 4.6 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.
- Measured at a point on the leads $\leq \frac{1}{2}$ inch from the seating plane of transistor case.

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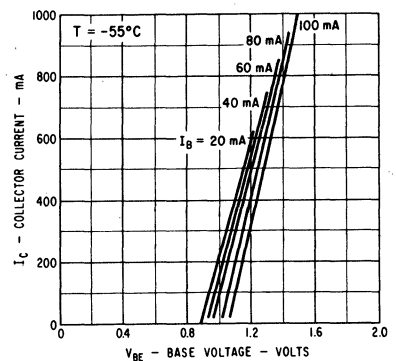
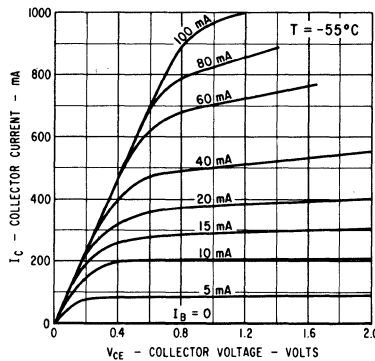
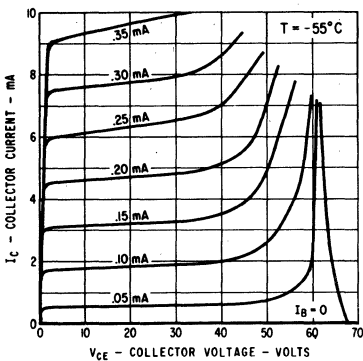
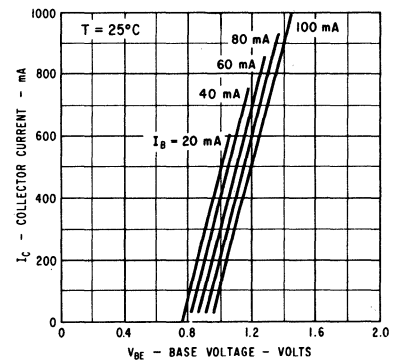
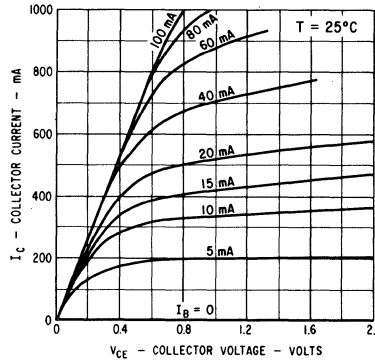
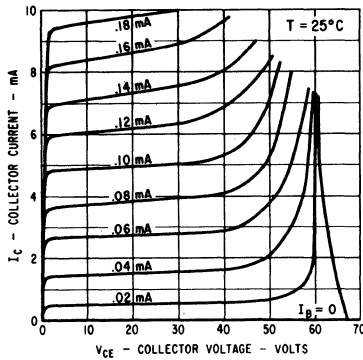
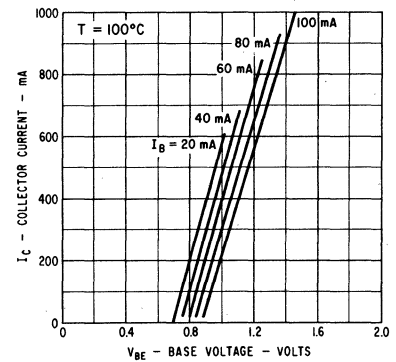
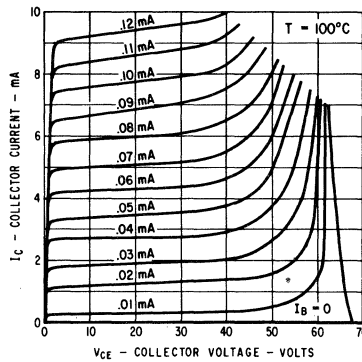
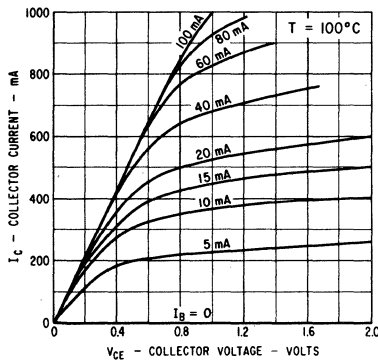
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2N2297 FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	50			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	30			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	10	μA	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
f_T	Gain Bandwidth Product ($f = 20 \text{ mc}$)	60	95		mc	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		8.0	12	pf	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		53	80	pf	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
$r_b' C_c$	Collector to Base Time Constant ($f = 4 \text{ mc}$)			800	psec	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$

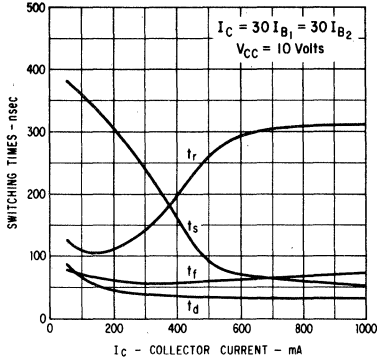
TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



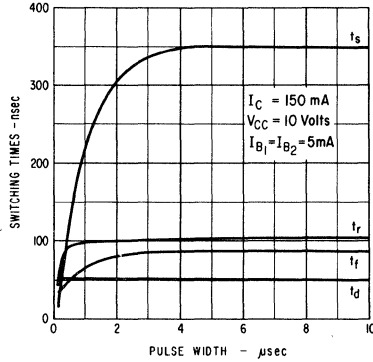
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS*

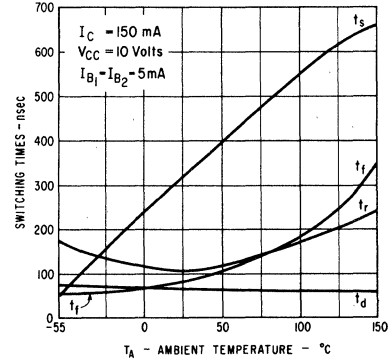
SWITCHING TIMES VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



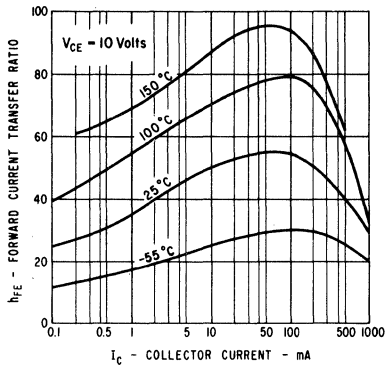
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS PULSE WIDTH



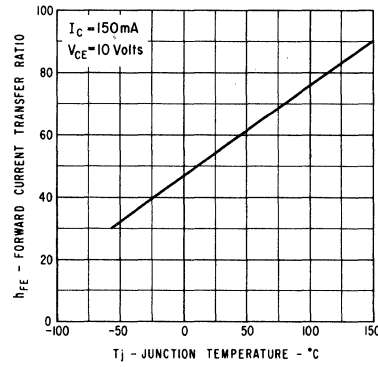
SWITCHING TIMES VS. TEMPERATURE



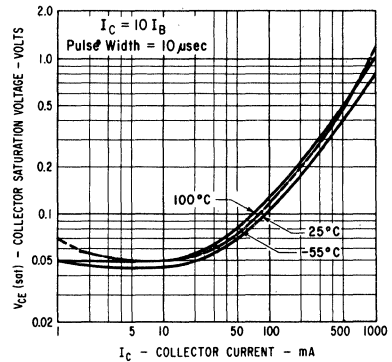
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



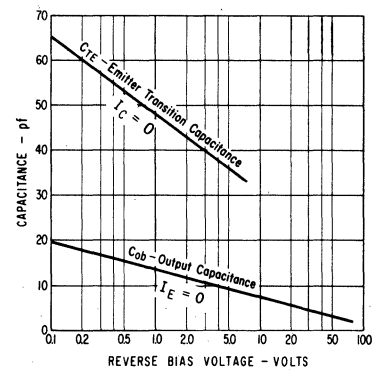
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VS. TEMPERATURE



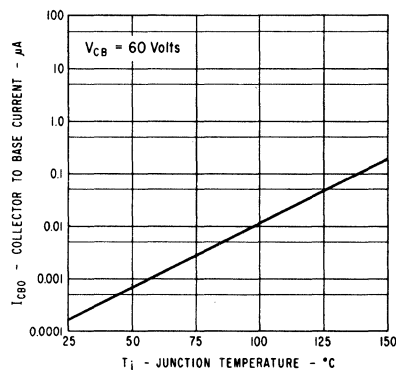
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT (VOLTAGE AVERAGED OVER 10 μs PULSE WIDTH)



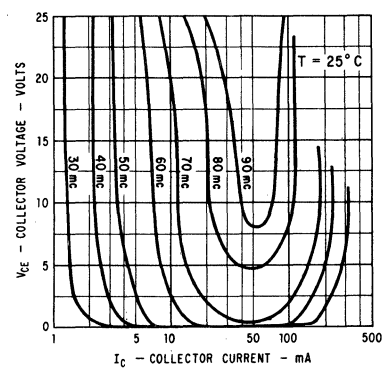
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



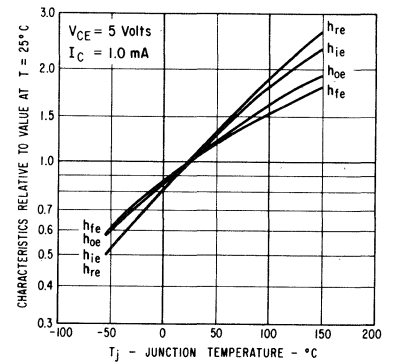
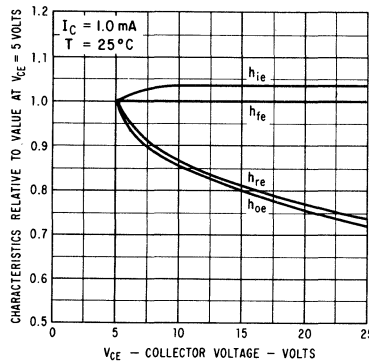
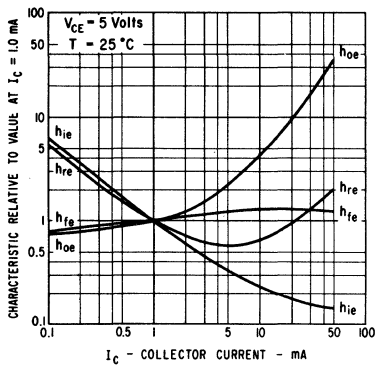
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (fT)



SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 KC)

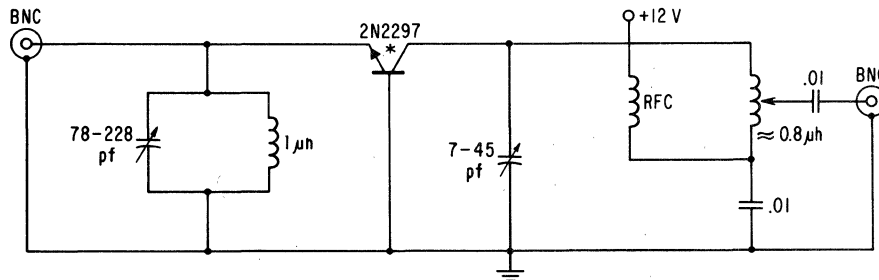
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TYP.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	26	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	6	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.7	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	60		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	70		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.09	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.17	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	1.3	K ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	3.5	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



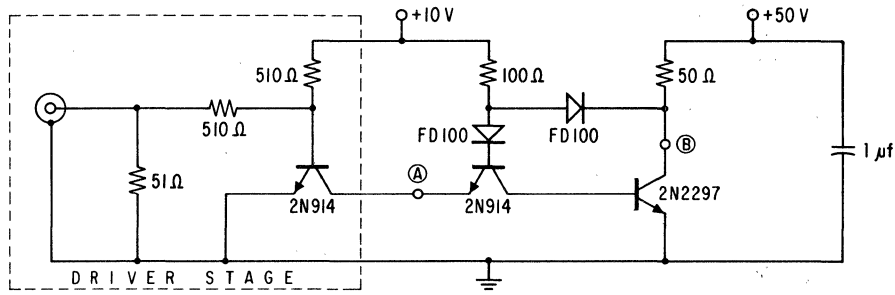
27 MEGACYCLE CITIZENS BAND OUTPUT STAGE

TYPICAL OUTPUT WITH 12 VOLT SUPPLY = 1.3 WATTS



- NOTES:
 * NO HEAT SINK REQUIRED
 RF INPUT: 300 mW
 DC INPUT: 150 mA at 12V (typically)

ONE AMPERE SWITCHING CIRCUIT

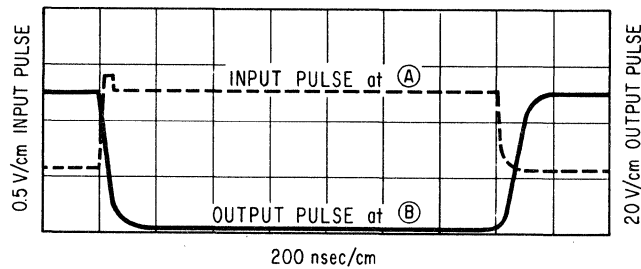


NOTES:
 T_{on} - 75 nsec (typical)
 T_{off} - 150 nsec (typical)

RF CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TYPICAL VALUE	TEST CONDITIONS
P_G	Power Gain ($f = 30$ mc)	16 db	$I_c = 20$ mA $V_{CE} = 20$ V
η	Oscillator Efficiency ($f = 70$ mc)	28%	$I_c = 50$ mA $V_{CB} = 20$ V

INPUT AND OUTPUT PULSES



2N2303

PNP MEDIUM FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER DIFFUSED SILICON TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - This PNP double diffused silicon transistor is designed primarily for use in high performance medium frequency amplifier applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +200°C

Operating Junction Temperature

175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)

2.0 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature

(Notes 2 & 3)

1.0 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature

0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

-50 Volts

V_{CER} Collector to Emitter Voltage ($R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$)

(Note 4)

-50 Volts

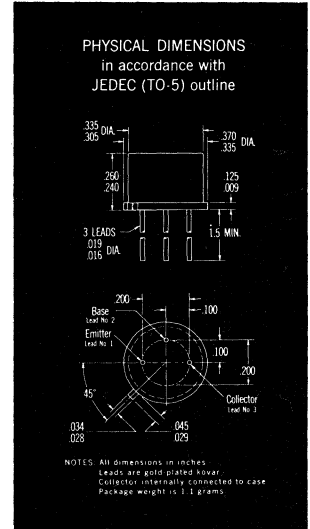
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage

(Note 4)

-35 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

-5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	† FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	75	200		$I_C = -150$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	75			$I_C = -5.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
* $V_{BE(sat)}$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.3	Volts	$I_C = -150$ mA $I_B = -15$ mA
* $V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage		-1.5	Volts	$I_C = -150$ mA $I_B = -15$ mA
h_{fe}	4	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 20$ mc)	3.0			$I_C = -50$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
C_{ob}	4	Output Capacitance		45	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -30$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ C)$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		100	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -30$ V
$V_{CER(sust)}$	4	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (pulsed)	-50		Volts	$I_C = -100$ mA $R_{BE} \leq 10 \Omega$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (pulsed)	-35		Volts	$I_C = -100$ mA $I_B = 0$

†NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

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NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 75°C/Watt (derating factor of 13.3 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.

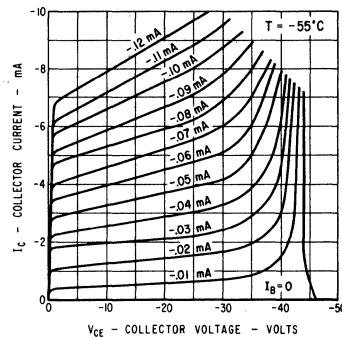
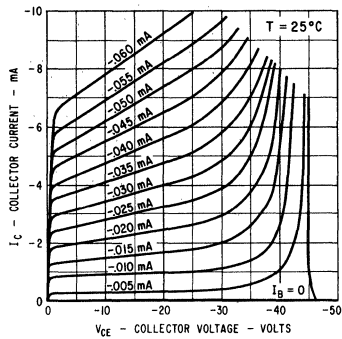
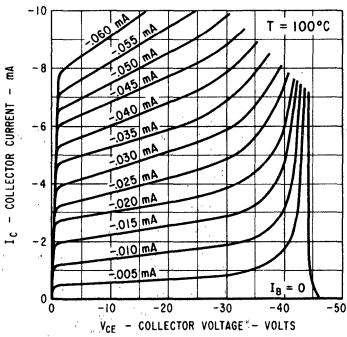
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TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

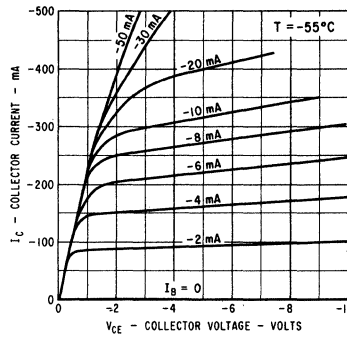
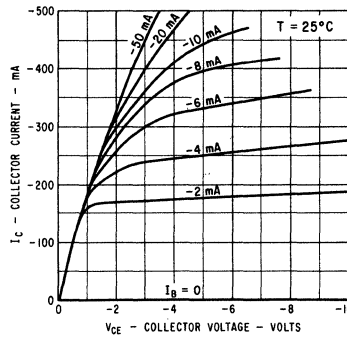
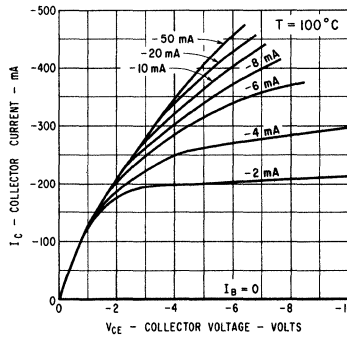
HIGH VOLTAGE

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

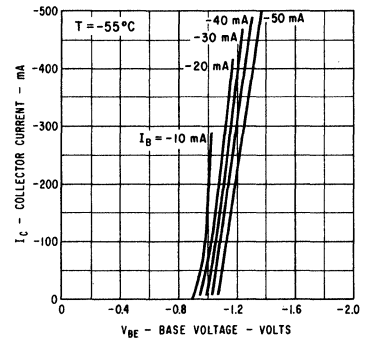
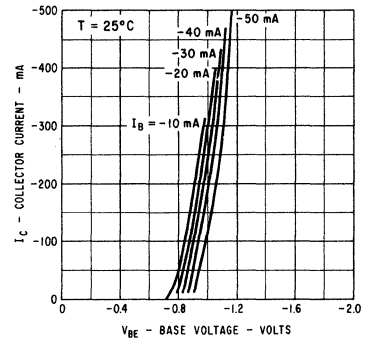
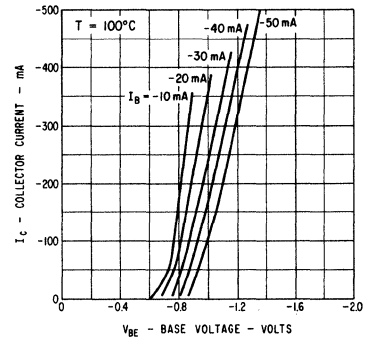


SATURATION REGION

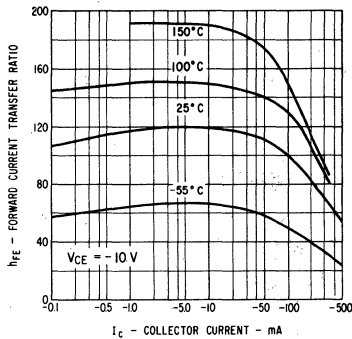
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



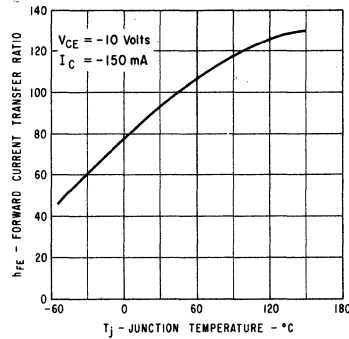
BASE CHARACTERISTICS



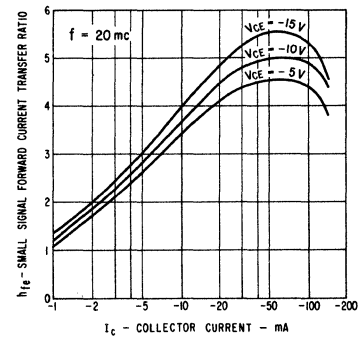
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS TEMPERATURE



SMALL SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN AT 20 MC VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

2N2351 • 2N2351A

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCHES

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3108, 2N3110**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2351 and 2N2351A are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed primarily for use in high speed high current switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

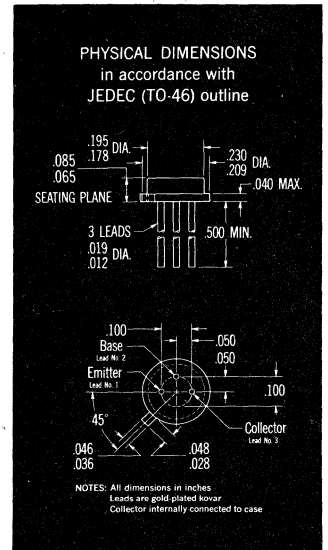
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, no time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	5.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	2.85 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.4 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CB0}	Collector to Base Voltage	80 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Note 4) 50 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	8.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N2351		2N2351A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	40	120	40	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	30		30			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	30		30			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	20		20			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	20		20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	15		15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15		15			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.35		0.25		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	1.3		1.3		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ mc}$)	2.5		2.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	10		10		nA	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current	25		25		μA	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current	50		50		nA	$V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ mc}$)	20		20		pf	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
τ_b	Base Stored Charge	2.1		2.1		μsec	See Figure I
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	80		80		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	50		50		Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (Pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	8.0		8.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.5 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 438°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.3 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

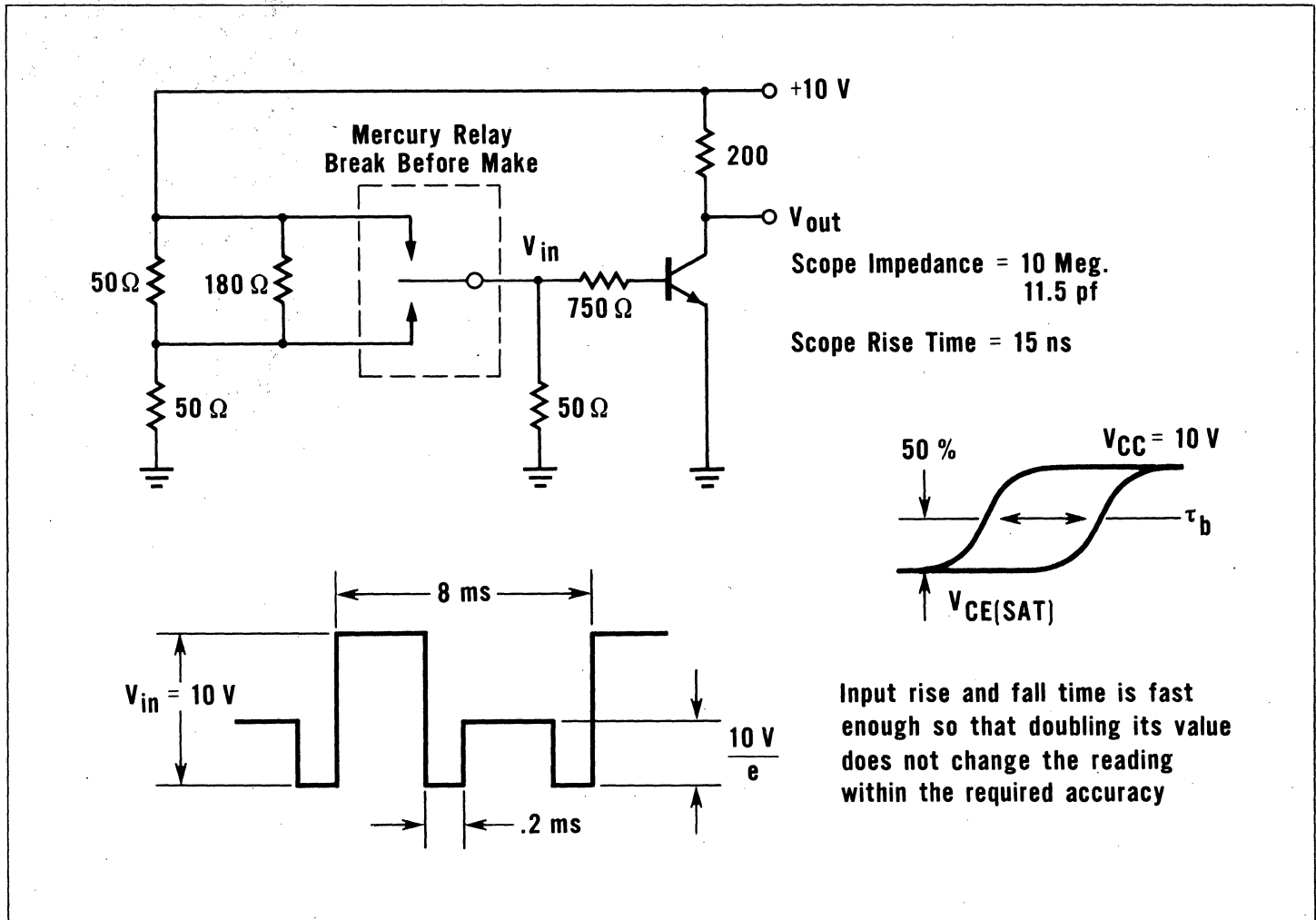


FIGURE 1

2N2368 • 2N2369

NPN HIGH FREQUENCY SATURATED SWITCHING TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION- The 2N2368 and 2N2369 are NPN silicon Planar epitaxial transistors designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications in the 50-100MHz range at current levels from 100 microamps to 100 milliamps. They are suitable for most satellite and conventional, small signal, RF and digital type circuits.

A typical gain bandwidth product of 650 MHz, typical τ_s of 6 ns and C_{obo} of 4pF maximum along with Planar structure give high performance and proven reliability.

These transistors are designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	4.5 Volts
I_C	Collector Current (10 μ sec pulse)	500 mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

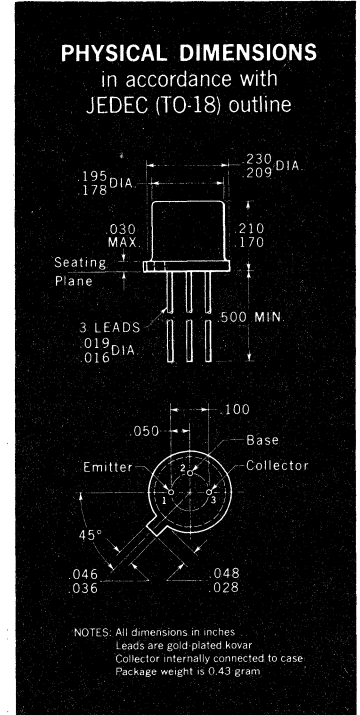
Symbol	Characteristic	2N2368			2N2369			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20		60	40		120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10			20				$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10			20				$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.7	0.75	0.85	0.7	0.75	0.85	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.2	0.25		0.2	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions; length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle \leq 2%.
- (6) Measured on Sampling Scope. PW \geq 200 nsec.

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

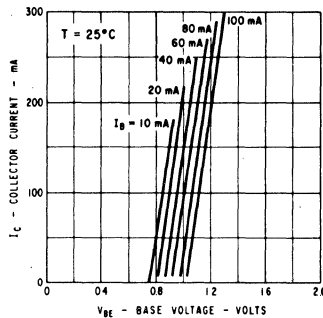
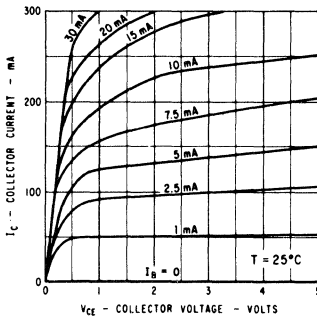
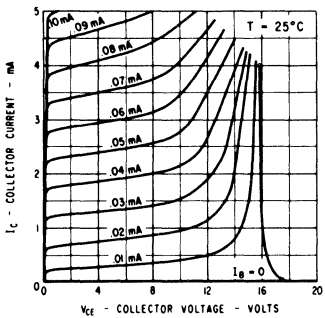
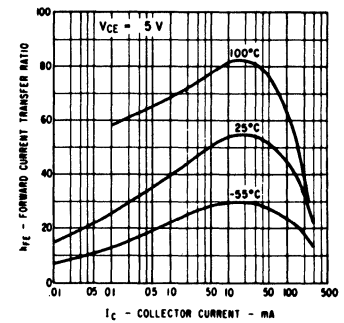
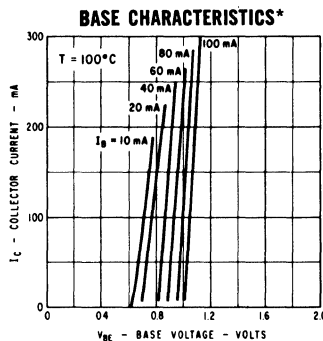
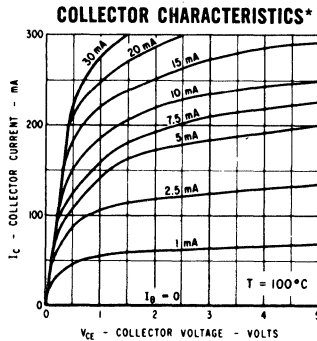
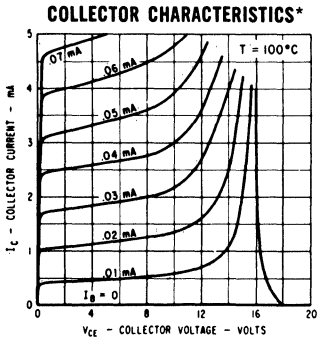
Symbol	Characteristic	2N2368			2N2369			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f=100$ MHz)	4.0	5.5		5.0	6.5		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance	2.5	4.0		2.5	4.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0$ V	
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.1	0.4		0.1	0.4	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20$ V	
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ C)$	Collector Cutoff Current	10	30		10	30	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20$ V	
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			40			$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$	
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	40			40		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_B = 0$	
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	15			15		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)	
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.5			4.5		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10$ μ A	
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 6) (see Figure 1)	5.0	10		6.0	13	nsec	$I_C = I_{B1} \approx 10$ mA, $I_{B2} \approx -10$ mA	
t_{on}	Turn On Time (see Figure 2)	9.0	12		9.0	12	nsec	$I_C \approx 10$ mA, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0$ mA	
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (see Figure 2)	10	15		13	18	nsec	$I_C \approx 10$ mA, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0$ mA, $I_{B2} \approx -1.5$ mA	

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

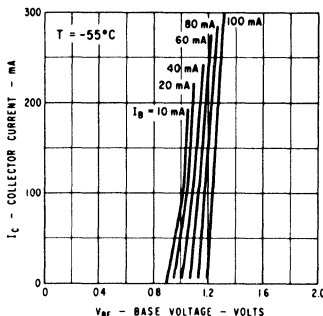
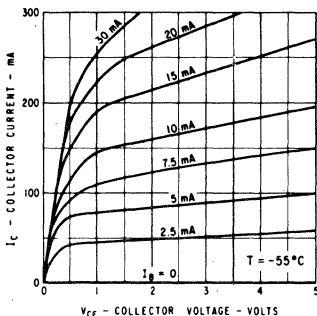
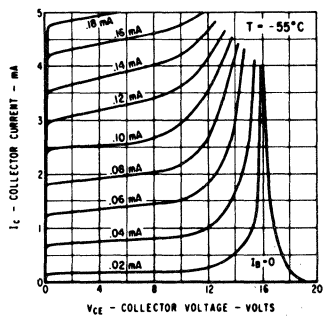
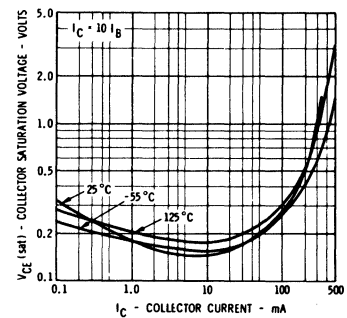
HIGH VOLTAGE

SATURATION REGION

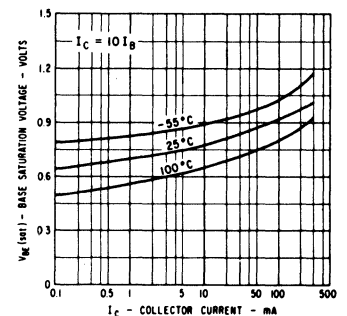
PULSE DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

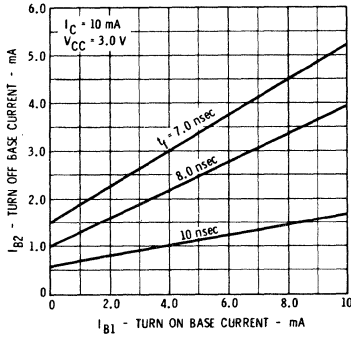


BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

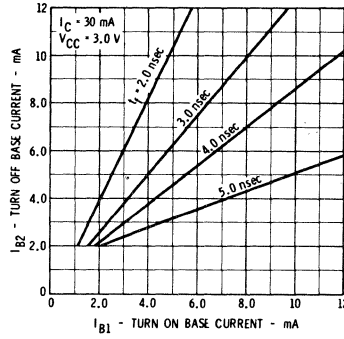


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

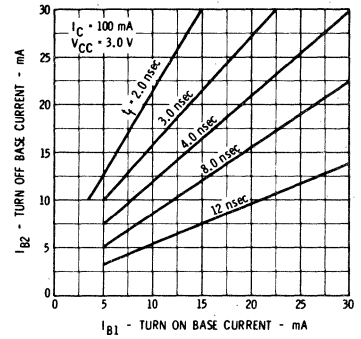
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



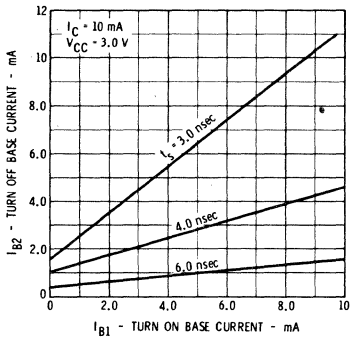
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



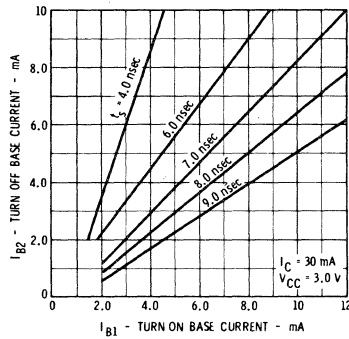
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



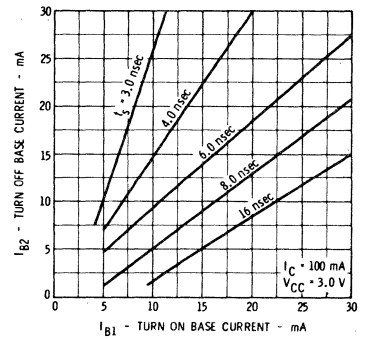
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



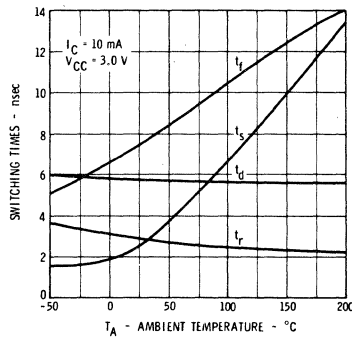
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



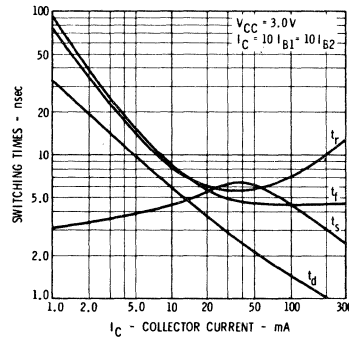
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



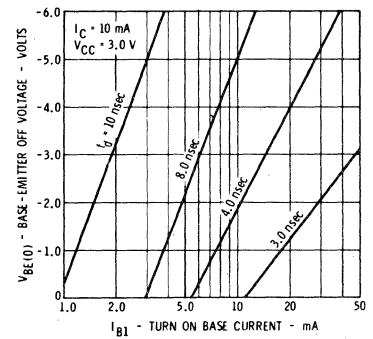
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



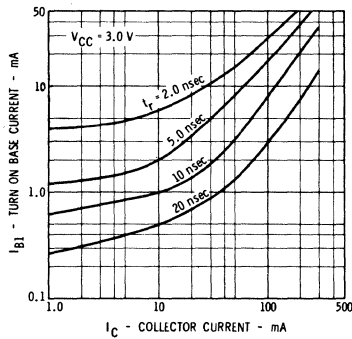
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



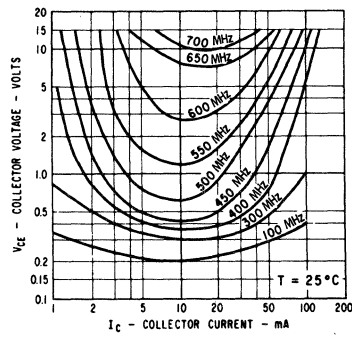
DELAY TIME VERSUS BASE-EMITTER OFF VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



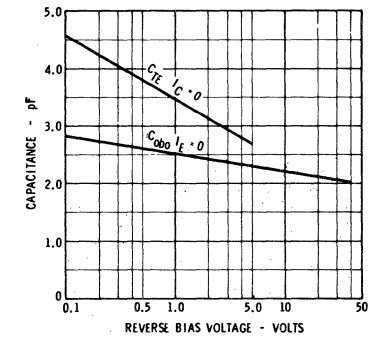
RISE TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



EMITTER TRANSITION AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2368 • 2N2369

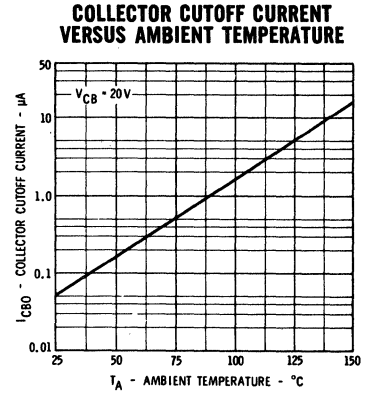
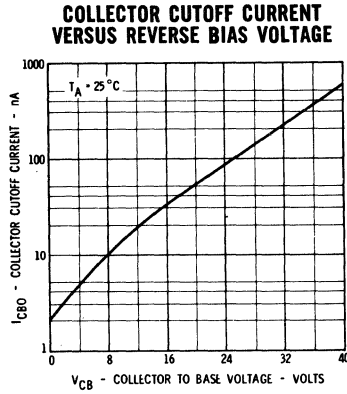
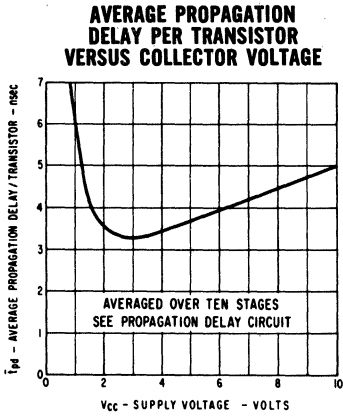
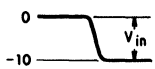
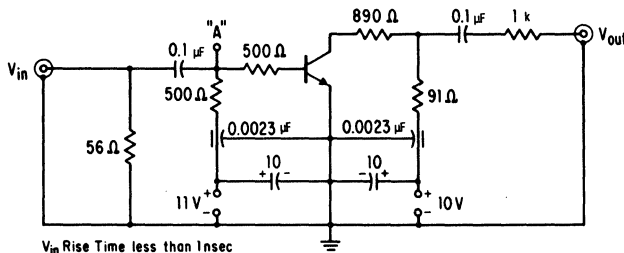


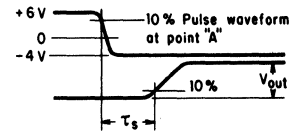
FIG. 1



Pulse Generator
 V_{in} Rise Time $< 1\text{ nsec}$
Source Impedance = 50Ω

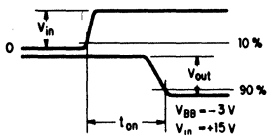


V_{in} Rise Time less than 1 nsec
 $PW \approx 300\text{ nsec}$
Duty Cycle $< 2\%$

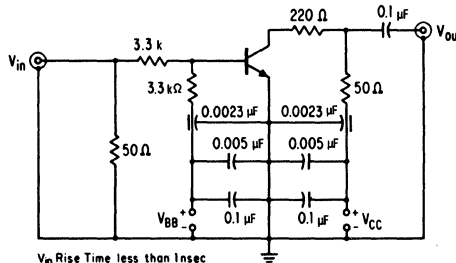


To Sampling Oscilloscope
Input Impedance = 50Ω
Rise Time $\leq 1\text{ nsec}$

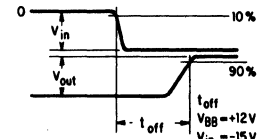
FIG. 2



Pulse Generator
 V_{in} Rise Time $< 1\text{ nsec}$
Source Impedance = 50Ω



V_{in} Rise Time less than 1 nsec
 $PW \approx 300\text{ nsec}$
Duty Cycle $< 2\%$

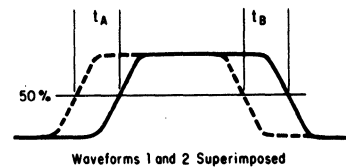
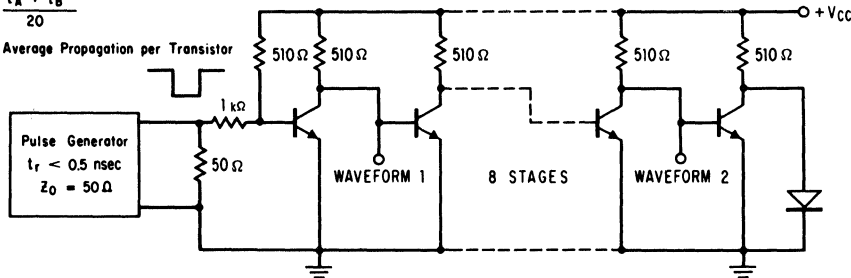


To Sampling Oscilloscope
Input Impedance = 50Ω
Rise Time $\leq 1\text{ nsec}$

CIRCUIT FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY

$$\bar{t}_{pd} = \frac{t_A + t_B}{20}$$

\bar{t}_{pd} = Average Propagation per Transistor



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2N2369A

NPN HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- **HIGH SPEED** -- $\tau_S = 13$ ns (MAX) AT 10 mA
 - $t_{on} = 12$ ns (MAX) AT 10 mA
 - $t_{off} = 18$ ns (MAX) AT 10 mA
- **MEDIUM VOLTAGE** -- $V_{CE0} = 15$ V (MIN)
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** -- $f_T = 500$ MHz (MIN) AT 10 mA
- **LOW CAPACITANCE** -- $C_{obo} = 4.0$ pF (MAX) AT 5.0 V

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

- Storage Temperature
- Operating Junction Temperature
- Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)

-65°C to +200°C
200°C Maximum
300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

- Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature
- at 100°C Case Temperature
- at 25°C Ambient Temperature

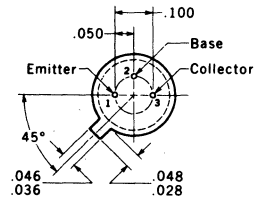
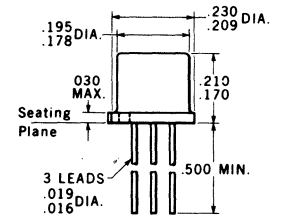
1.2 Watts
0.68 Watt
0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

- V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
- V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage
- V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)
- V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage
- I_C Collector Current (10 μ s Pulse)
- I_C DC Collector Current

40 Volts
40 Volts
15 Volts
4.5 Volts
500 mA
200 mA

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated kovar
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.44 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	66	120		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	50			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 0.35$ V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.72	0.8	0.85	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (-55°C to +125°C)	0.59		1.02	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	1.15	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.1	1.6	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA $I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (+125°C)		0.19	0.3	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	0.4	μ A	$V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 20$ V
$I_{CBO}(+150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		10	30	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20$ V
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	15			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.5			Volts	$I_E = 10$ μ A $I_C = 0$

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C). Junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s; duty cycle \leq 2%.
- (6) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

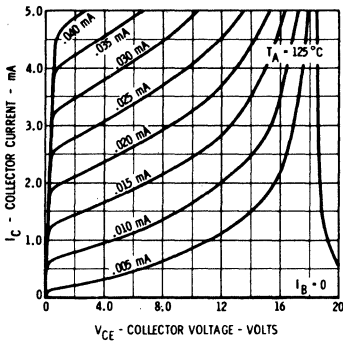
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2369A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

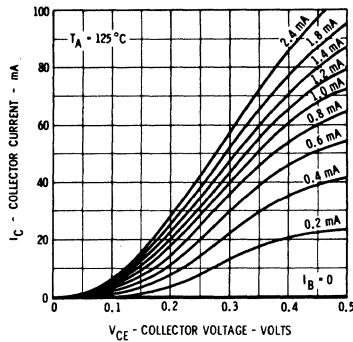
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	63	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	71			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20				$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.14	0.2	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.17	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.28	0.5	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	5.0	6.75			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		2.3	4.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
τ_S	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 6)		6.0	13	ns	$I_C = I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		9.0	12	ns	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		13	18	ns	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -1.5 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

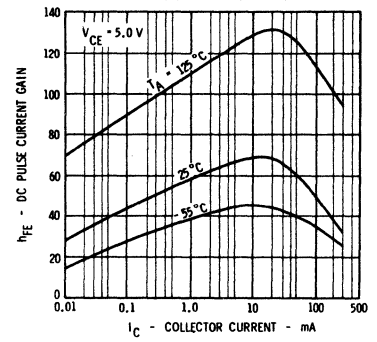
ACTIVE REGION



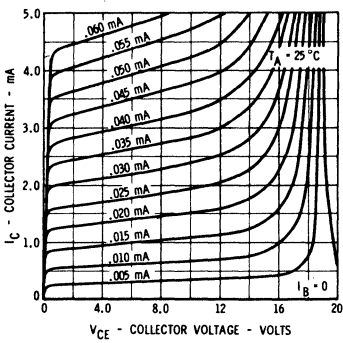
SATURATION REGION



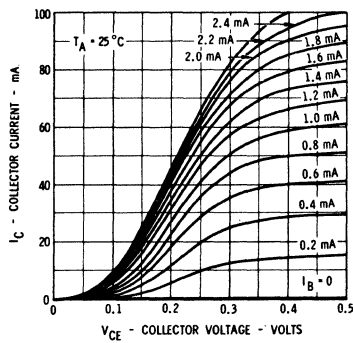
D.C. PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



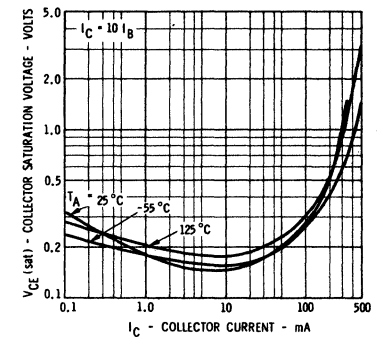
ACTIVE REGION



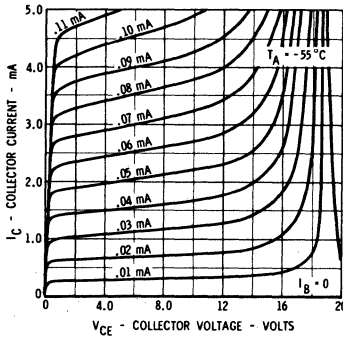
SATURATION REGION



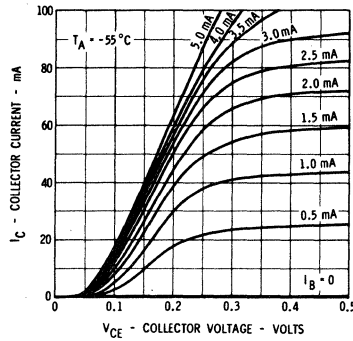
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



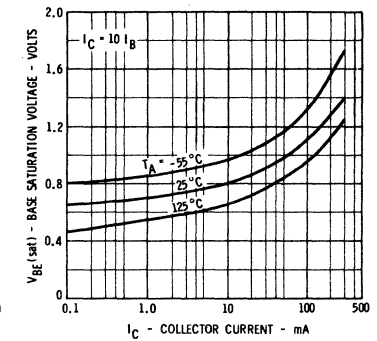
ACTIVE REGION



SATURATION REGION



BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

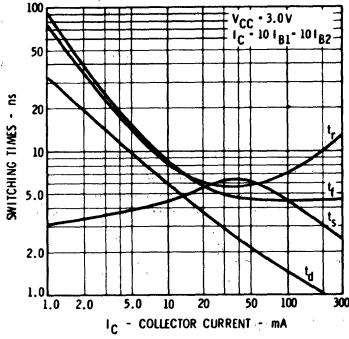


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

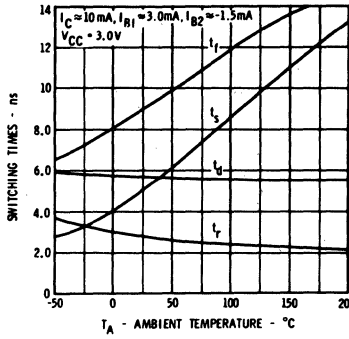
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2369A

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

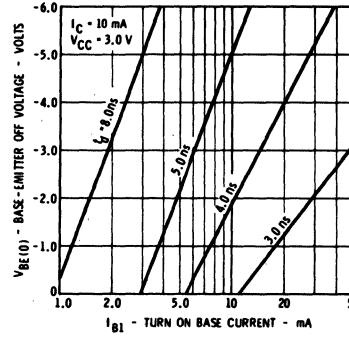
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



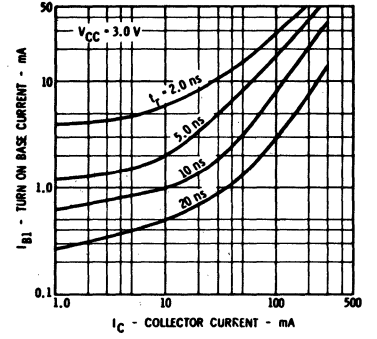
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



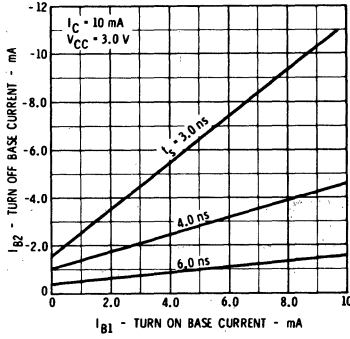
DELAY TIME VERSUS BASE-EMITTER OFF VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



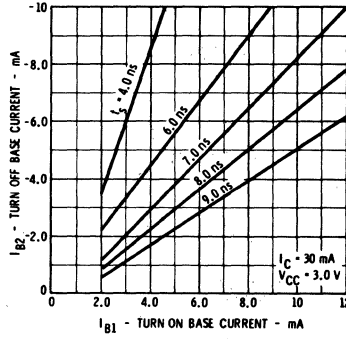
RISE TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



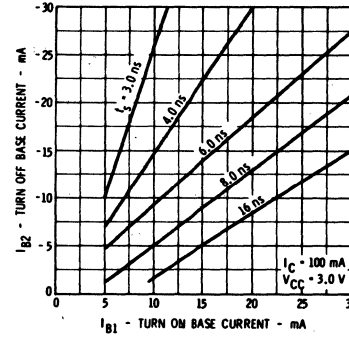
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



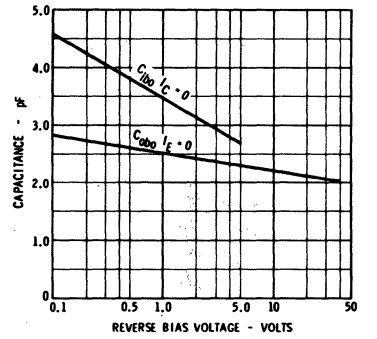
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



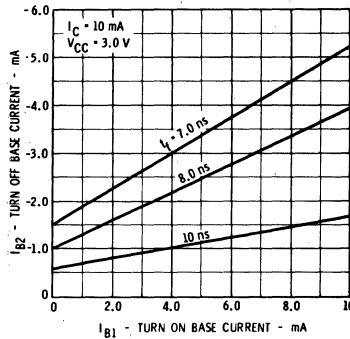
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



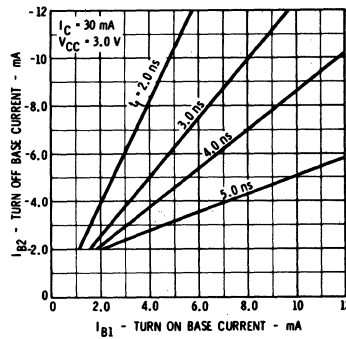
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



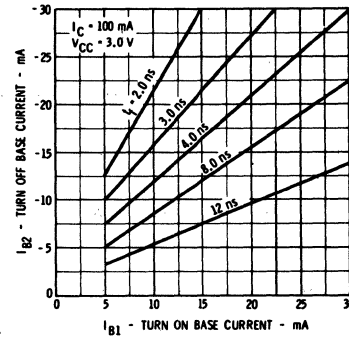
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



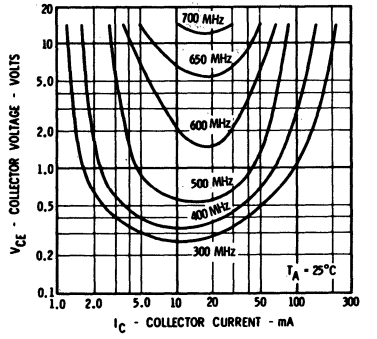
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



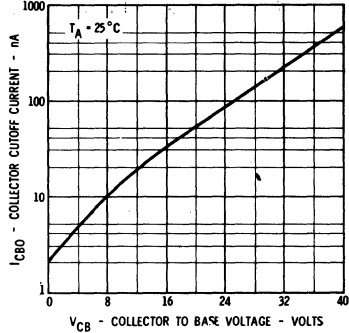
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



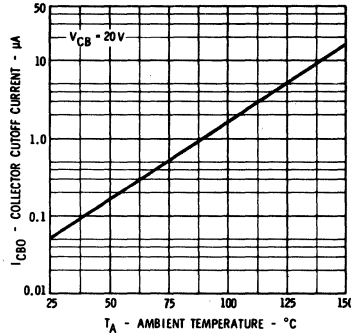
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (fT)



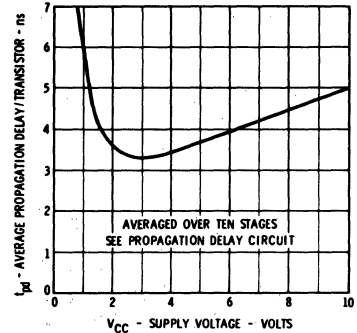
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

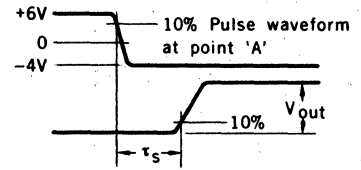
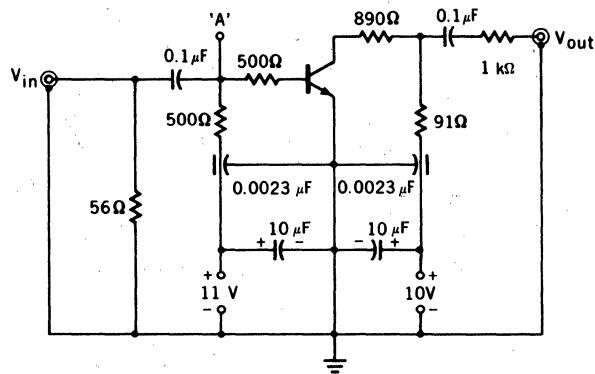
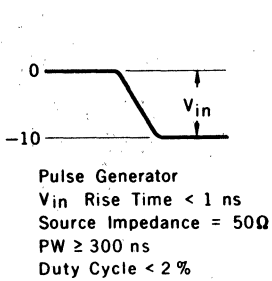


AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY PER TRANSISTOR VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



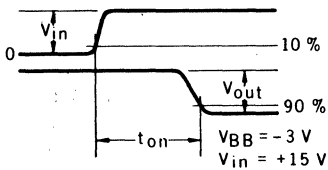
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2369A

CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT

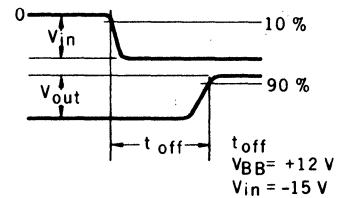
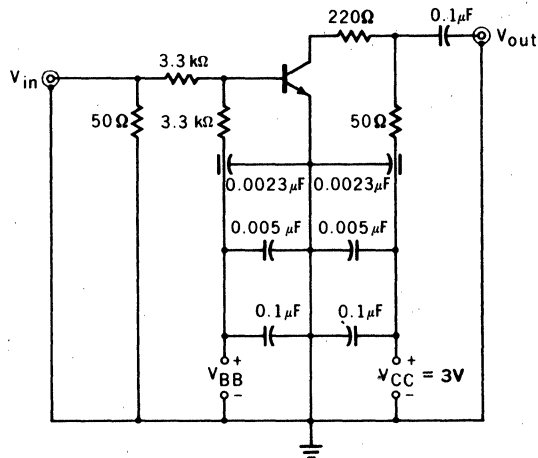


To Sampling Oscilloscope
 Input Impedance = 50Ω
 Rise Time ≤ 1 ns

$t_{ON} - t_{OFF}$ MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT

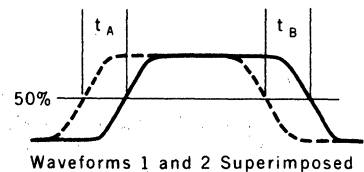
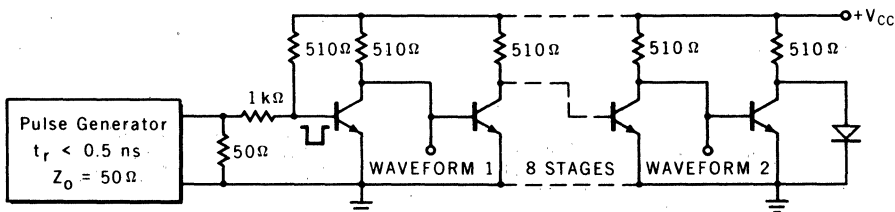


Pulse Generator
 V_{in} Rise Time < 1 ns
 Source Impedance = 50Ω
 PW ≥ 300 ns
 Duty Cycle $< 2\%$



To Sampling Oscilloscope
 Input Impedance = 50Ω
 Rise Time ≤ 1 ns

CIRCUIT FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



$$\bar{t}_{pd} = \frac{t_A + t_B}{20}$$

\bar{t}_{pd} = Average Propagation per Transistor

2N2443

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR

SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

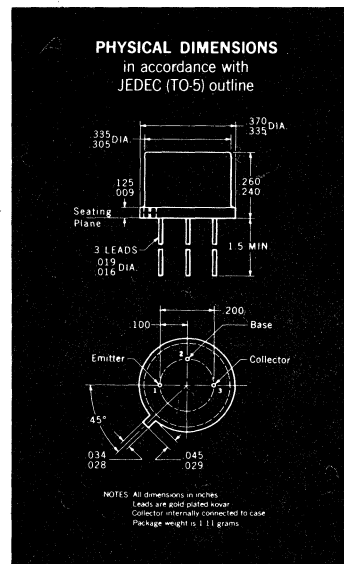
GENERAL DESCRIPTION The 2N2443 is designed for high-voltage amplifier and oscillator circuits where Planar performance and reliability are essential. A guaranteed V_{CEO} of 100 volts, BV_{CBO} of 120 volts and 4 watt rating (see below for conditions) permit higher bias voltages and larger voltage swings as encountered in series and shunt regulators for power supplies and in servo amplifiers.

A typical gain-bandwidth product of 80 megacycles and low output capacitance makes this device useful for high-voltage video amplifiers, deflection plate drivers for oscilloscopes and output stages of operational amplifiers.

This device is designed to meet the environmental requirements of MIL-S-19500.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	4.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	2.28 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature		0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	120 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	100 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	85	150		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	80	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	80			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	20	55			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	35			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	4	Base Saturation Voltage	0.6	0.7	0.8	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	4	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.25	0.4	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage		0.8	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.7	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ Mc}$)	2.5	4.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	4	Output Capacitance		12	15	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	4	Input Capacitance		57	85	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.4	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0	15	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90 \text{ V}$
NF	4	Noise Figure (Note 6)		5.0	15	db	$I_C = 0.3 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	100			Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	120			Volts	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA}$
* I_{EBO}	1b	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.04	10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

†NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- Frequency = 1000 cps, Power Bandwidth = 200 cps, $R_G = 510 \Omega$.

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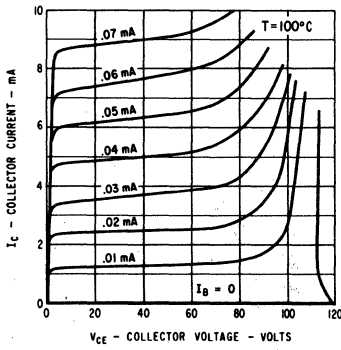


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2443

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

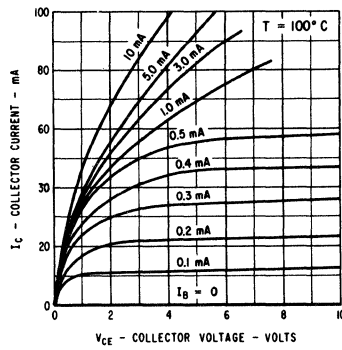
HIGH VOLTAGE

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

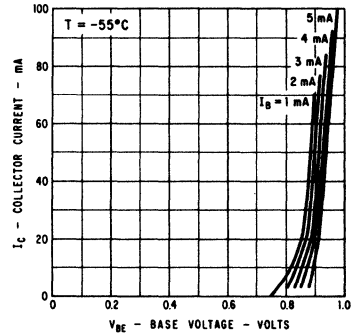
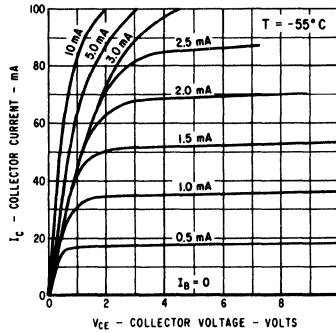
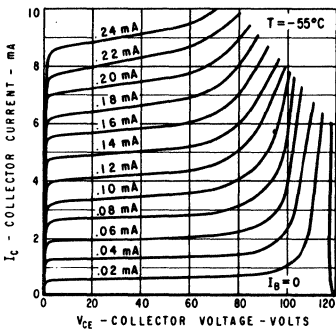
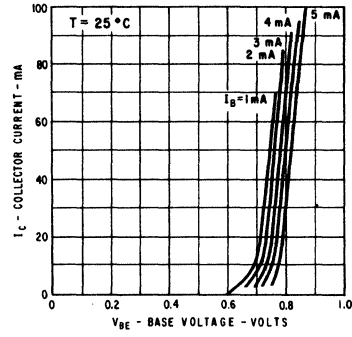
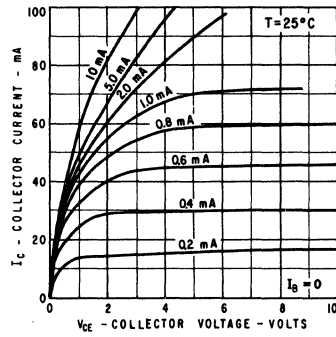
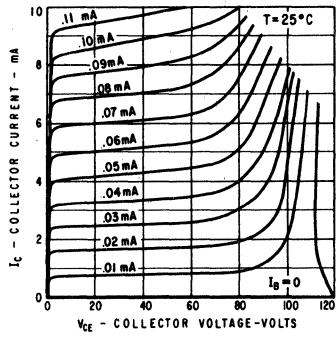
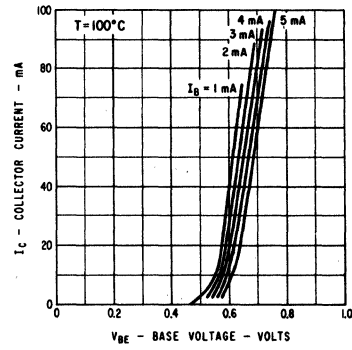


SATURATION REGION

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

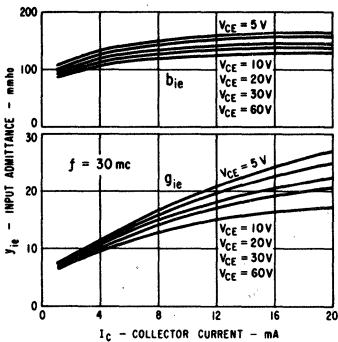


BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

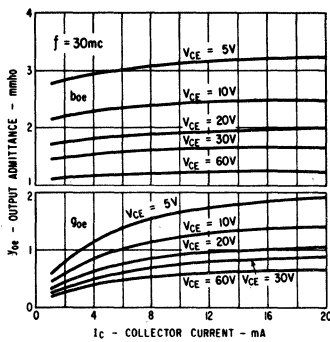


TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

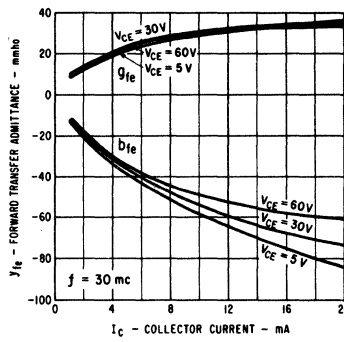
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



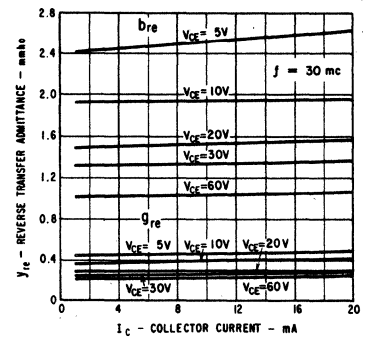
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

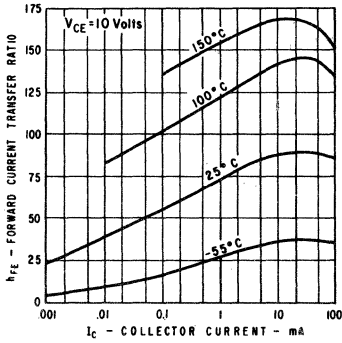


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

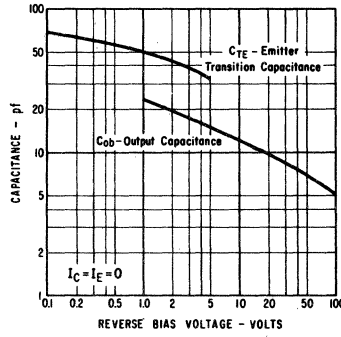
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2443

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

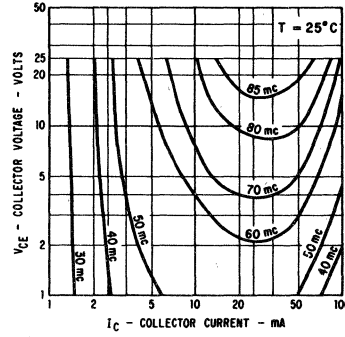
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



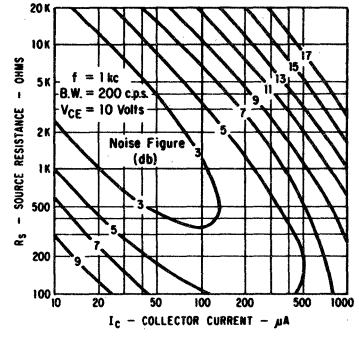
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



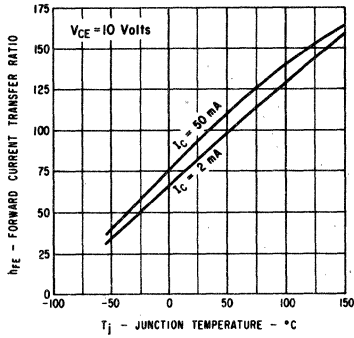
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



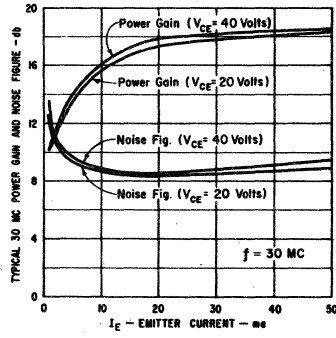
CONTOURS OF NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



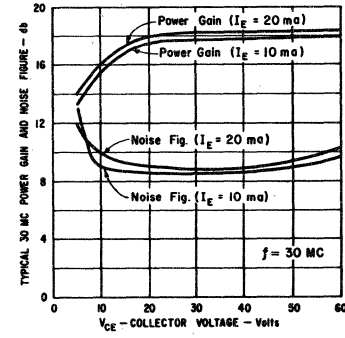
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS TEMPERATURE



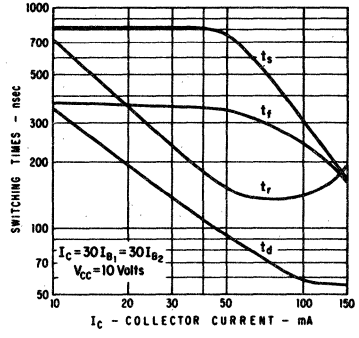
30 MC POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS EMITTER CURRENT



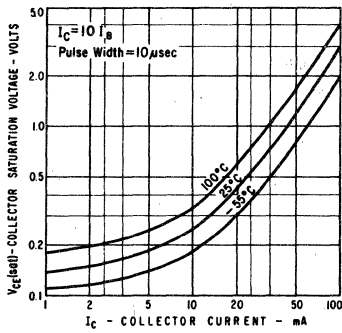
30 MC POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



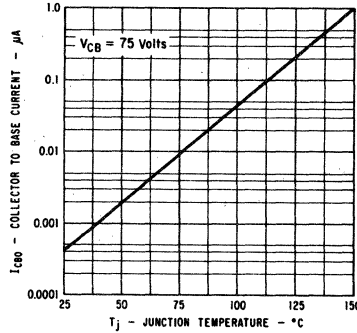
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



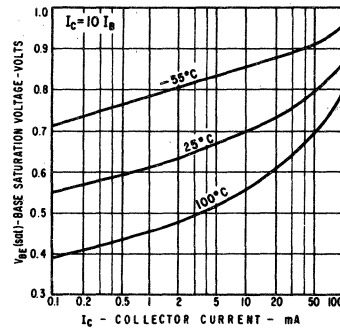
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



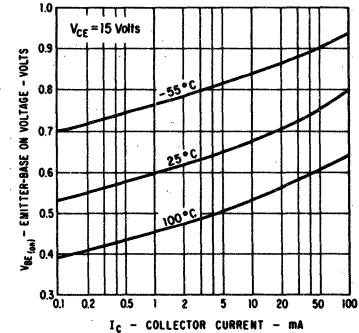
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

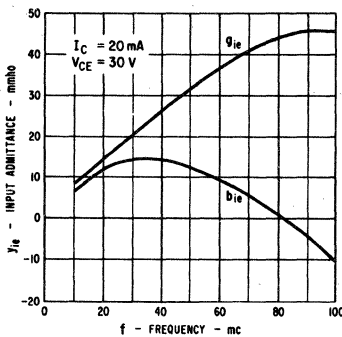


EMITTER-BASE ON VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

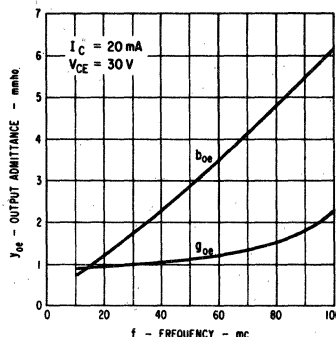


TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

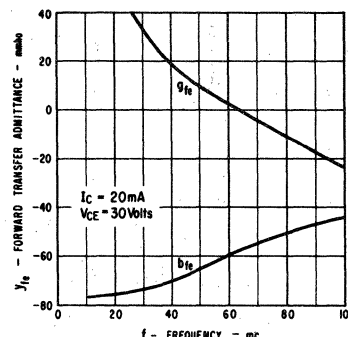
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



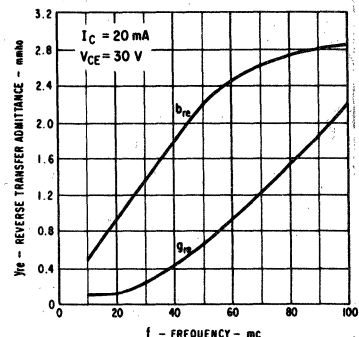
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



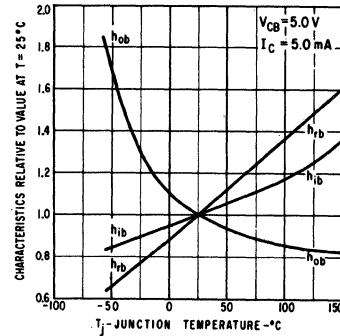
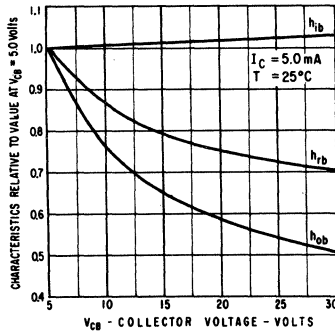
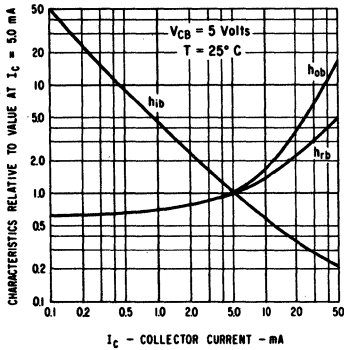
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2443

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 KC)

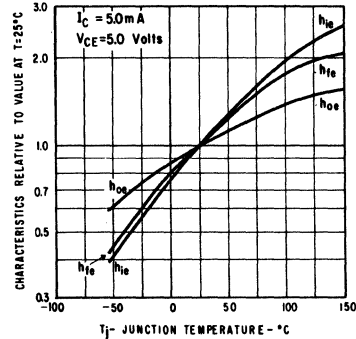
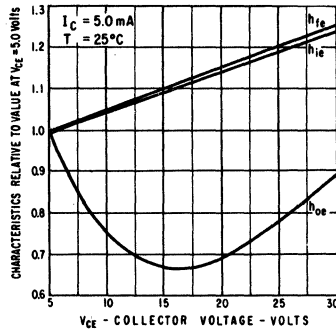
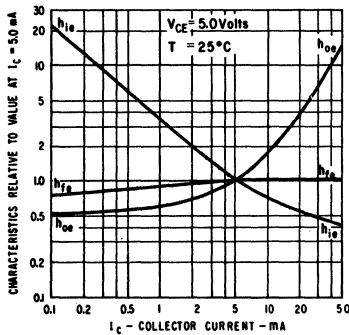
Symbol	† FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{ib}	4	Input Resistance	20	27	30	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			4.0	6.3	8.0	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	4	Output Conductance	0.11	0.5		μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			0.16	1.0		μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.36	1.25		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			0.55	1.75		$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	4	Small Signal Current Gain	30	62	120		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
			45	68	150		$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	4	Input Resistance		510	1000	Ohms	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	4	Output Conductance		12	50	μmho	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

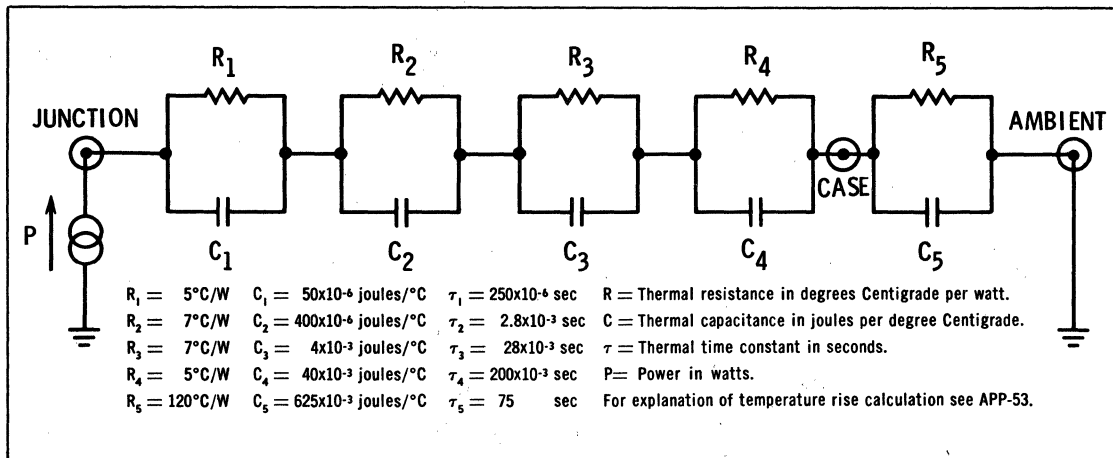
TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL THERMAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



2N2475

NPN HIGH-SPEED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2475 is an NPN silicon PLANAR* epitaxial transistor designed specifically for high-speed, low-power saturated switching applications.

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

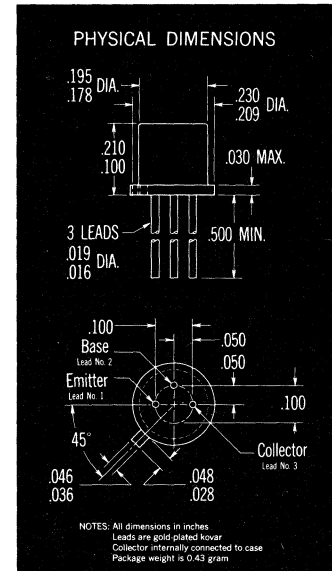
Storage Temperature	-65° C to +300° C
Operating Junction Temperature	200° C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec time limit)	300° C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25° C Free Air Temperature	[Notes 2 and 3]	0.3 Watt
at 100° C Case Temperature	[Notes 2 and 3]	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	15 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	6.0 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	4.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current	Limited by power dissipation



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	30	150		I _C = 20 mA V _{CE} = 0.4 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 0.5 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 0.3 V
h _{FE} (-55° C)	DC Current Gain	15			I _C = 20 mA V _{CE} = 0.4 V
V _{BE}	Base-Emitter Voltage	0.8	1.0	Volt	I _C = 20 mA I _B = 0.66 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.4	Volt	I _C = 20 mA I _B = 0.66 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz.)	6.0			I _C = 20 mA V _{CE} = 2.0 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		3.0	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
C _{ib}	Input Capacitance		2.5	pF	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CB0}	Collector Cutoff Current		50	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
I _{CB0} (150° C)	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	μA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 4.0 V
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	15		Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	6.0		Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0		Volts	I _E = 10 μA I _C = 0
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant (see Figure 1)		6.0	nsec	I _C = 5.0 mA, I _{B1} = 5.0 mA, I _{B2} = -5.0 mA
T _{on}	Turn On Time (see Figure 2)		20	nsec	I _C = 20 mA, I _{B1} = 1.0 mA, I _{B2} = -1.0 mA
T _{off}	Turn Off Time (see Figure 2)		15	nsec	I _C = 20 mA, I _{B1} = 1.0 mA, I _{B2} = -1.0 mA

(See notes on back page)

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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 583°C/watt (derating factor of 1.71 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 2%.

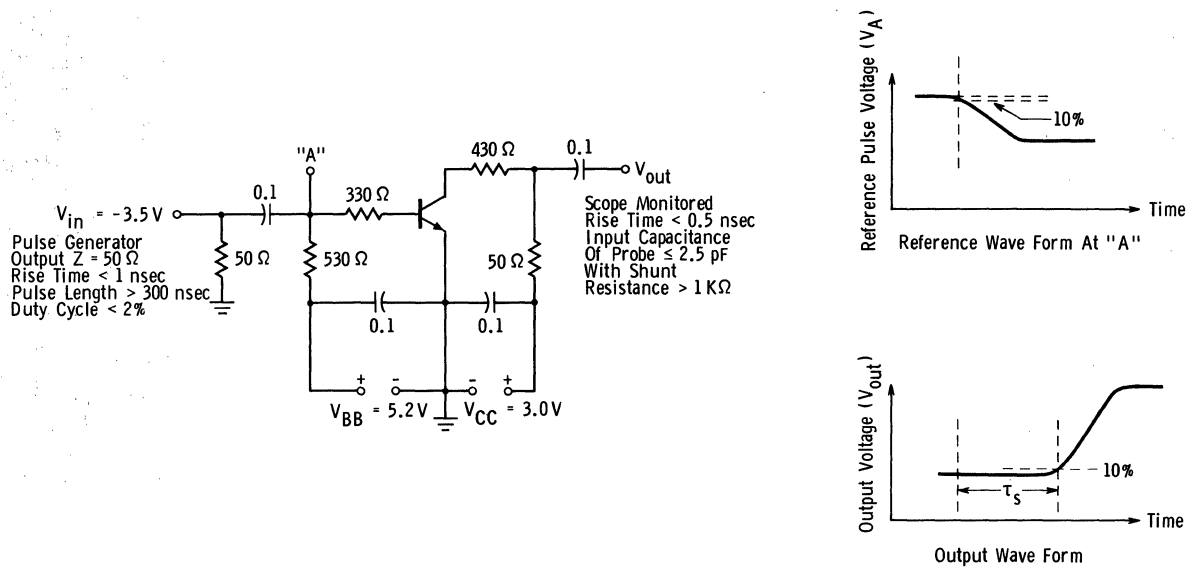


Figure 1

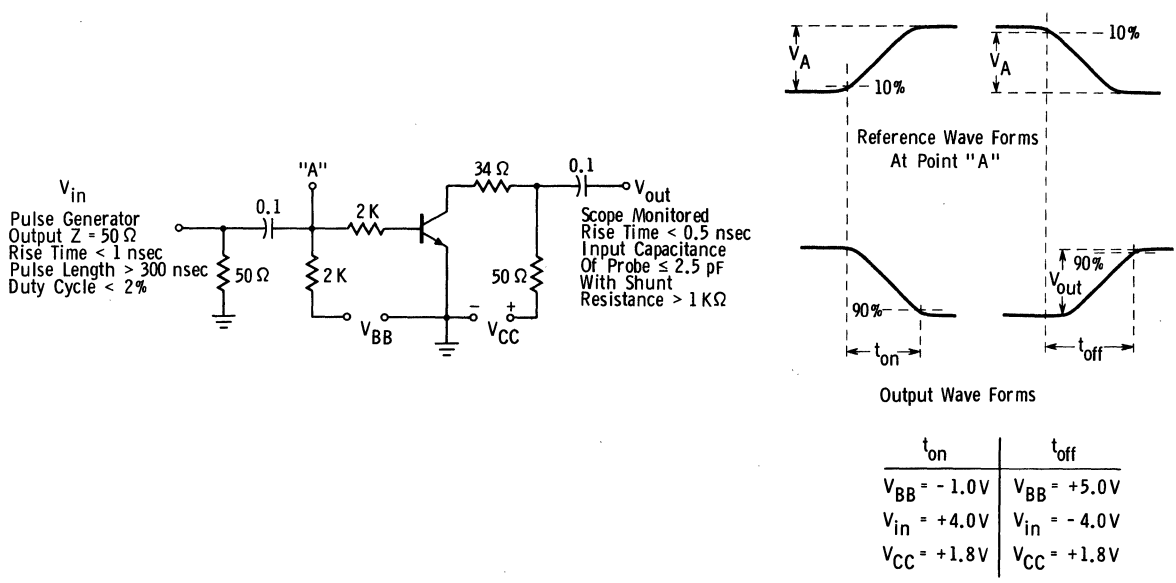


Figure 2

2N2476 • 2N2477

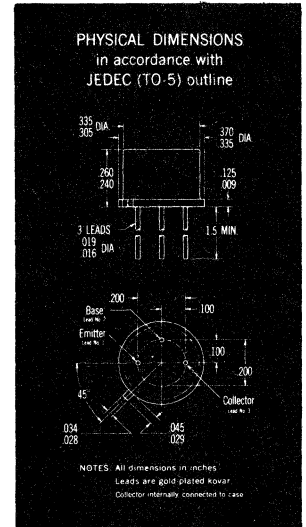
FAIRCHILD NPN SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N2848**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2476 and 2N2477 are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		2.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.6 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V _{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage		60 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)		20 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		5.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current		Limited by power dissipation only



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N2476		2N2477		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	20		40			I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 0.4 V
V _{BE}	Base-Emitter Voltage		1.0			Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 7.5 mA
V _{BE}	Base-Emitter Voltage			0.95		Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 3.75 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.4			Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 7.5 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage			0.4		Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 3.75 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.75	0.65		Volts	I _C = 500 mA I _B = 50 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	2.5		2.5			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		10		10	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2		0.2	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V
I _{CBO(150°C)}	Collector Cutoff Current		200		200	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 30 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current			100	100	μA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		60		Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	20		20		Volts	I _C = 50 mA (pulsed) I _B = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0		Volts	I _E = 100 μA I _C = 0
t _s	Storage Time (Note 6)		25		25	nsec	I _C ≈ 150 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 15 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -15 mA
t _{on}	Turn On Time (Note 7)		25		25	nsec	I _C ≈ 150 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 15 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		45		45	nsec	I _C ≈ 150 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 15 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -15 mA

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 87.5°C/watt (derating factor of 11.4 mW/°C; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 292°C/watt (derating factor of 3.42 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length ≤ 400 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 3%.
- See Figure 2 for exact values of I_C, I_{B1}, and I_{B2}.
- See Figure 1 for exact values of t_C and I_{B1}.

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313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FIGURE 1 — Turn-On Test Circuit

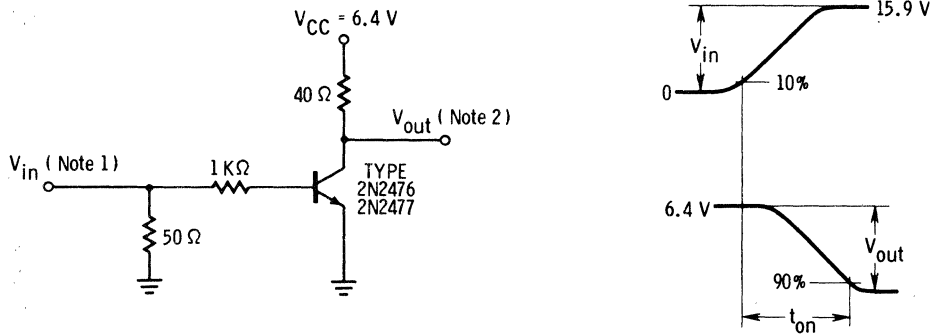
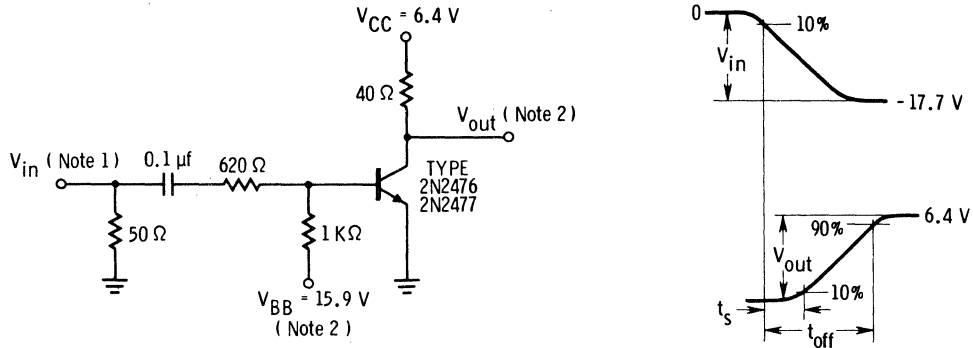


FIGURE 2 — Turn-Off and Storage Time Test Circuit



Note 1: Input voltage (V_{IN}) obtained from mercury-relay type pulse generator having an output impedance of 50 ohms. V_{IN} rise time < 2 nsec; pulse duration > 150 nsec; and duty factor $< 2\%$.

Note 2: Input and output waveforms monitored by means of a sampling oscilloscope or other indicating device having a rise time < 0.5 nsec; input capacitance of probe < 2.5 pf with shunt resistance of 1 megohm.

2N2483 • 2N2484

NPN LOW LEVEL, LOW NOISE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTORS

The 2N2483 and 2N2484 are NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR transistors designed for use in high-performance, low-level, low-noise amplifier circuits from audio through high-frequency ranges.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +300°C

Operating Junction Temperature

200°C Maximum

Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)

300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]

1.2 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]

0.68 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Note 2 and 3]

0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage

60 Volts

V_{CE0} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]

60 Volts

V_{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage

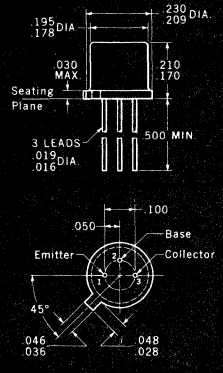
6.0 Volts

I_c Collector Current

50 mA

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with
JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
Leads are gold-plated Kovar.
Collector internally connected to case.
Package weight is 0.43 gram.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	FACT † SUBGROUP	CHARACTERISTICS	2N2483			2N2484			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h _{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]		280	500		430	800		I _c = 10 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	175	230		250	450			I _c = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	100	200		200	430			I _c = 500 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	75	140		175	375			I _c = 100 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
*h _{FE}	1a	DC Current Gain	40	80	120	100	290	500		I _c = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	4	DC Current Gain				30	200			I _c = 1.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	4	DC Current Gain				20				I _c = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
V _{BE} (on)	4	Emitter-Base On Voltage	0.5	0.57	0.7	0.5	0.57	0.7	Volts	I _c = 100 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
*V _{CE} (sat)	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.2	0.35		0.2	0.35	Volts	I _c = 1.0 mA I _E = 0.1 mA
h _{FE}	4	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 5.0 mc)	2.4	4.0		3.0	4.0			I _c = 50 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	4	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 30 mc)	2.0	2.3		2.0	2.6			I _c = 500 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
*I _{CB0}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.1	10		0.1	10	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CE} = 45 V
I _{CB0} (150°C)	4	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	10		0.2	10	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CE} = 45 V
*I _{EB0}	1b	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.1	10		0.1	10	nA	I _C = 0 V _{BE} = 5.0 V
I _{EB0}	4	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		0.1	2.0		0.1	2.0	nA	I _B = 0 V _{CE} = 5.0 V
C _{ob}	4	Output Capacitance		3.5	6.0		3.5	6.0	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CE} = 5.0 V
C _{FE}	4	Emitter Transition Capacitance		3.5	6.0		3.5	6.0	pf	I _C = 0 V _{BE} = 5.0 V
BV _{CB0}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage		60			60		Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
V _{CE0} (sust)	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4 and 5]		60			60		Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _E = 0
BV _{EB0}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage		6.0			6.0		Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 10 μA
NF	4	Wide Band Noise Figure [Note 6]		1.9	4.0		1.8	3.0	db	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	4	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 7]		1.9	4.0		1.8	3.0	db	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	4	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 8]		0.7	3.0		0.6	2.0	db	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	4	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 9]		4.0	15		4.0	10	db	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

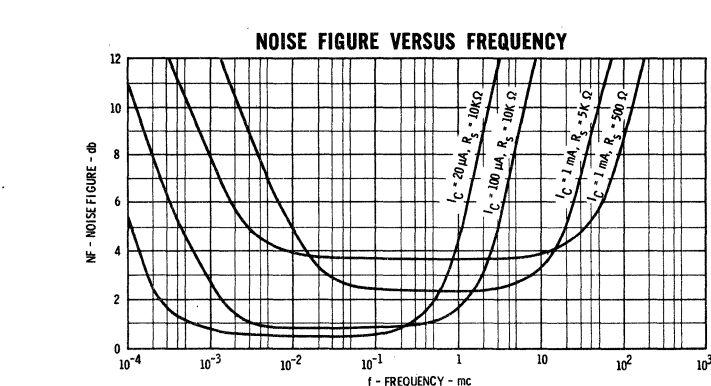
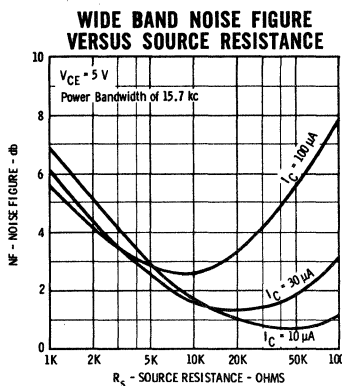
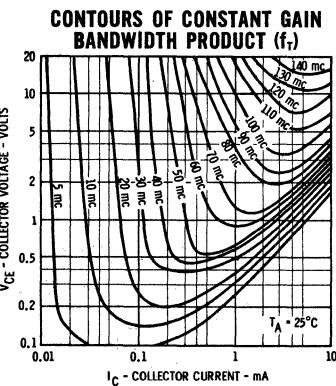
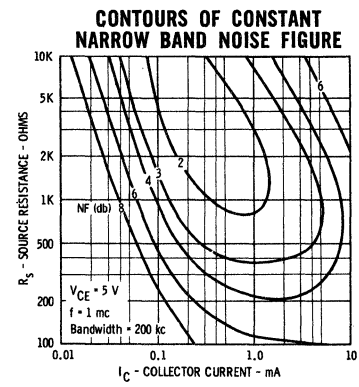
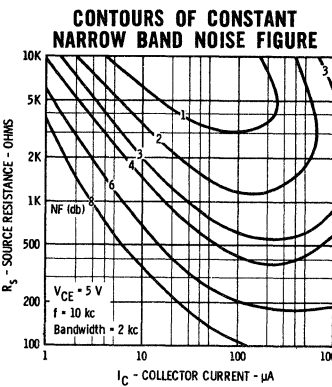
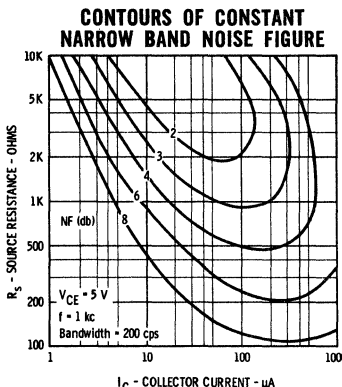
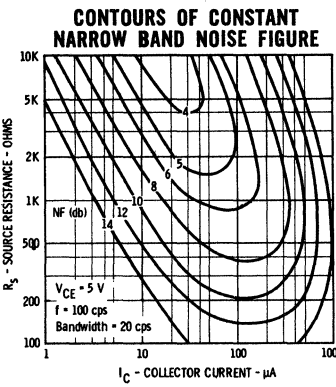
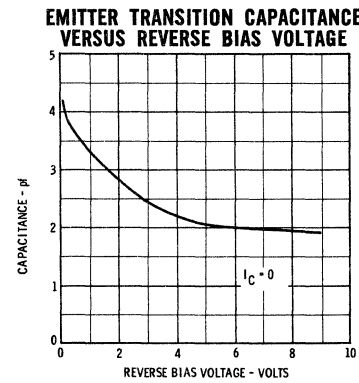
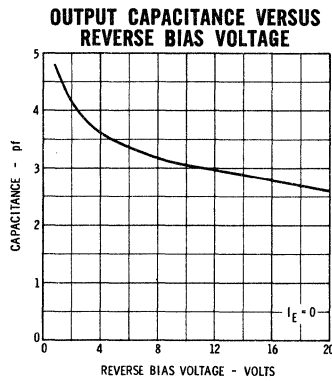
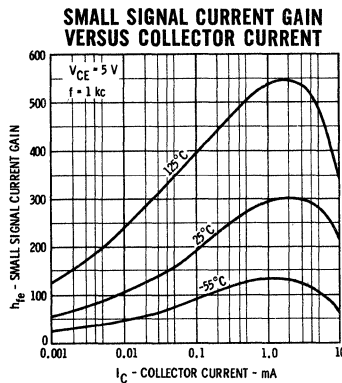
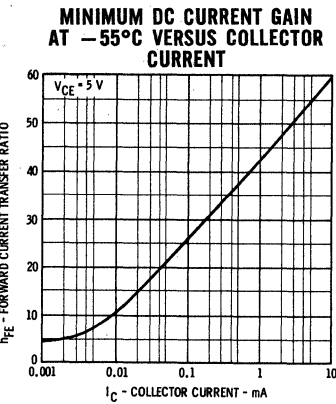
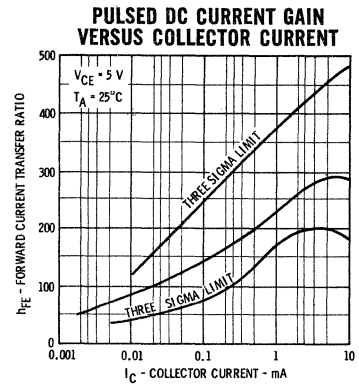
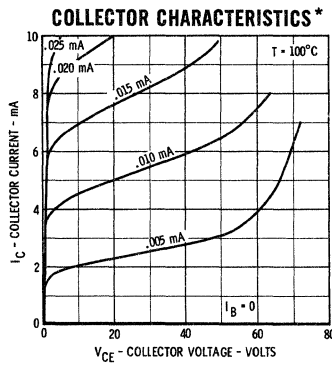
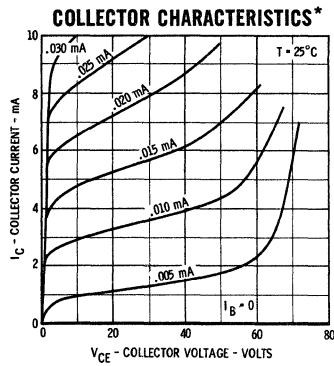
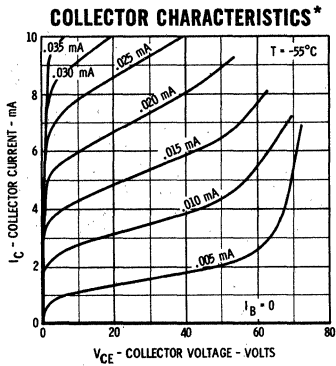
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C).
- These ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- R_S = 10 KΩ; Power Bandwidth of 15.7 Kc with 3 db points at 10 cycles and 10 Kc.
- f = 1 Kc; R_S = 10 KΩ; Power Bandwidth of 200 cps.
- f = 10 Kc; R_S = 10 KΩ; Power Bandwidth of 2 Kc.
- f = 100 cps; R_S = 10 KΩ; Power Bandwidth of 20 cps.

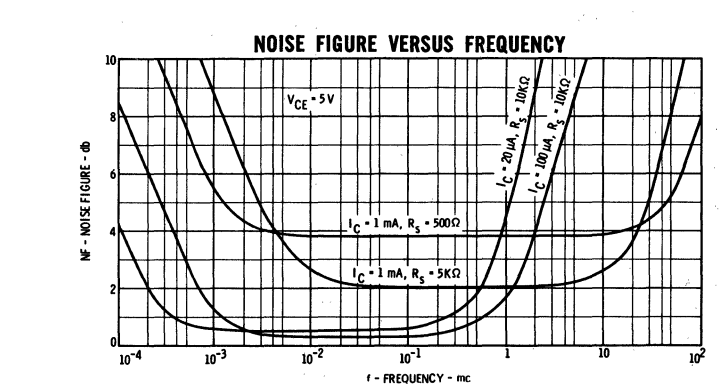
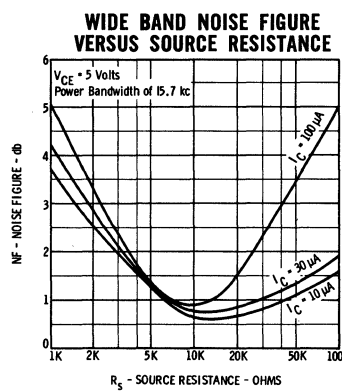
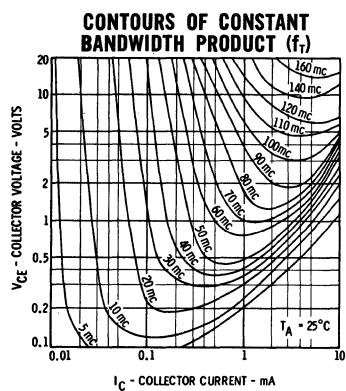
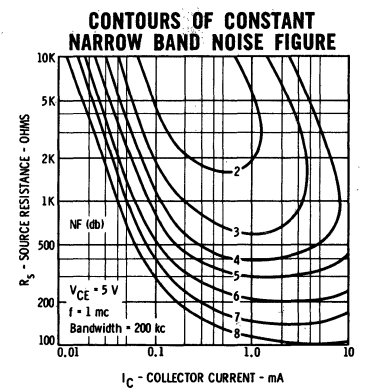
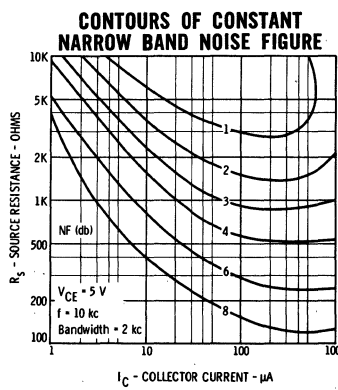
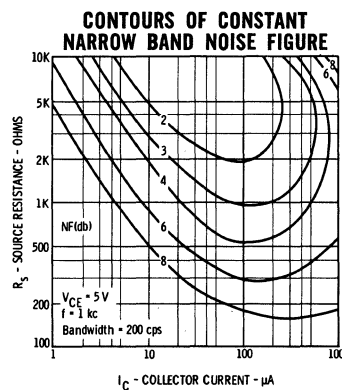
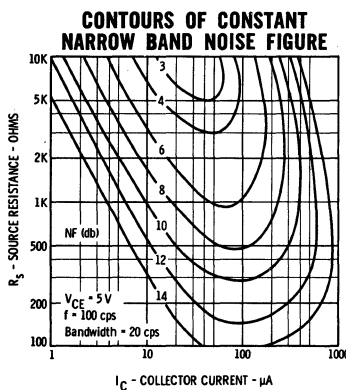
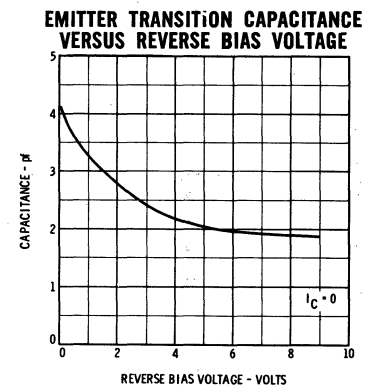
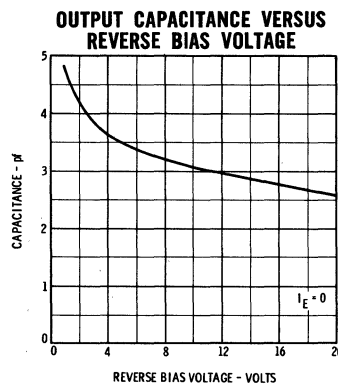
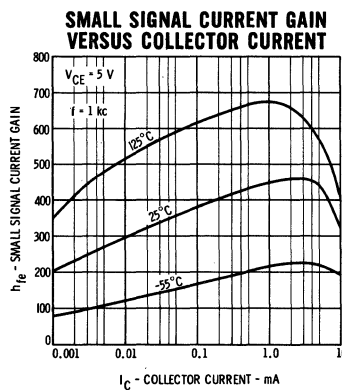
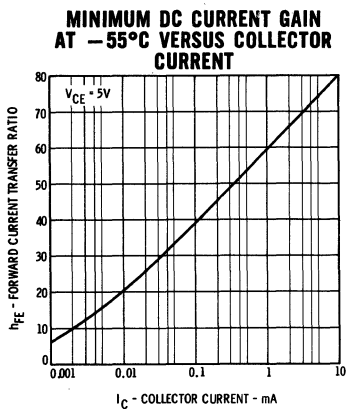
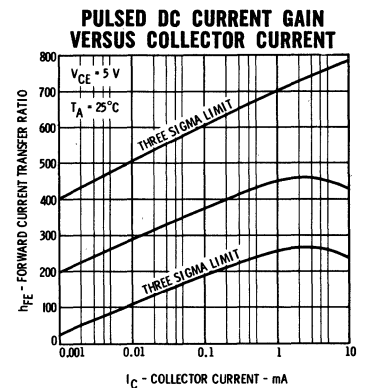
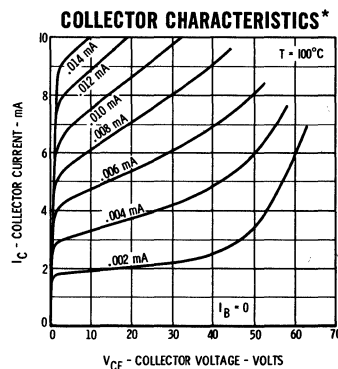
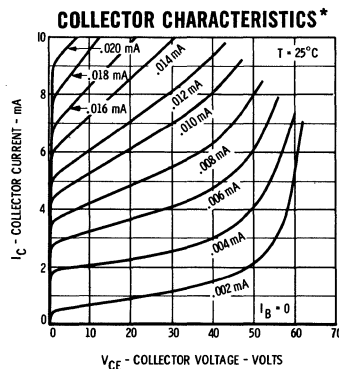
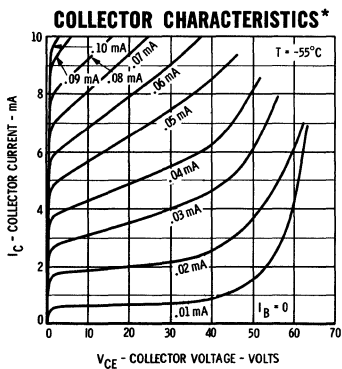
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2N2483
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

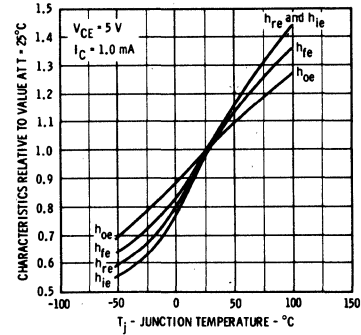
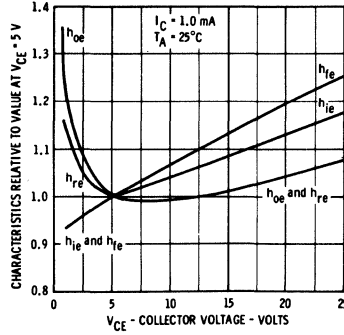
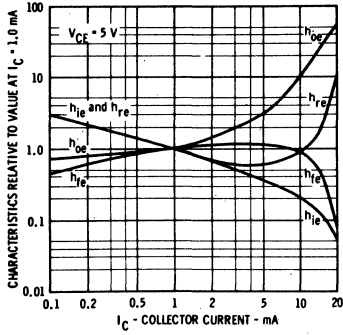
2N2484
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



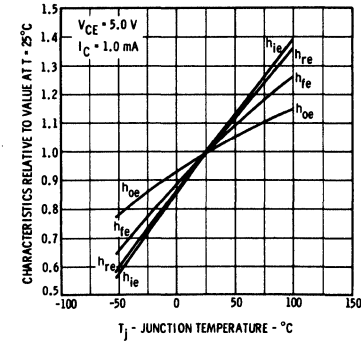
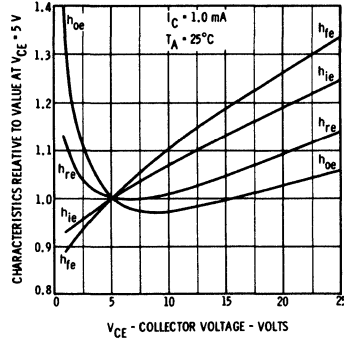
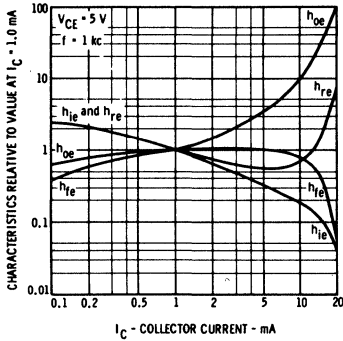
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2483 • 2N2484

2N2483 — COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



2N2484 — COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



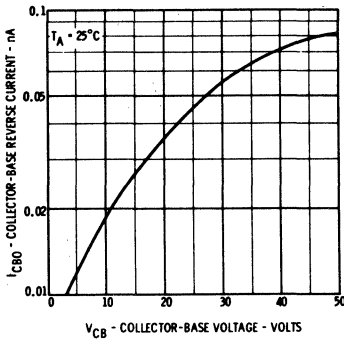
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1KC)

SYMBOL	FACT † SUBGROUP	CHARACTERISTIC	2N2483			2N2484			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{ie}	4	Input Resistance	1.5	7.5	13	3.5	15	24	Kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	4	Output Conductance		11	30		15	40	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio		300	800		425	800	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	4	Small Signal Current Gain	80	280	450	150	400	900		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	4	Input Resistance	25	27	32	25	27	32	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

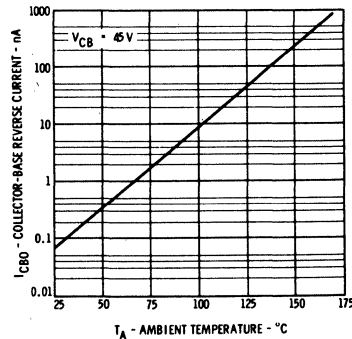
† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

2N2483 — 2N2484

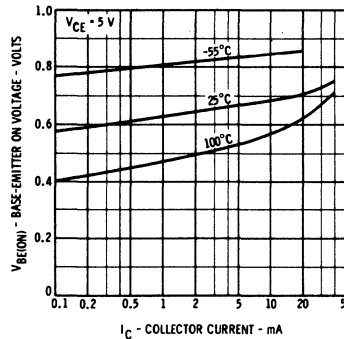
COLLECTOR-BASE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



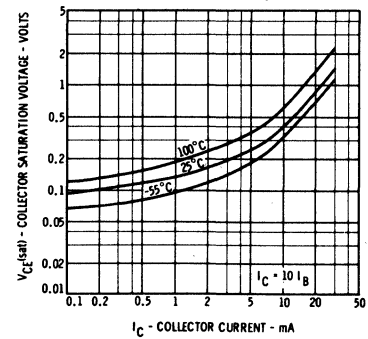
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



BASE-EMITTER ON VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



2N2509 • 2N2510 • 2N2511

NPN LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

- **HIGH GAIN** $h_{FE} = 40$ (MIN) (2N2509) AT 10 mA
 $h_{FE} = 150-500$ (2N2510) AT 10 mA
 $h_{FE} = 240-750$ (2N2511) AT 10 mA
- **HIGH VOLTAGE** . . . $LV_{CEO} = 80$ V (MIN) (2N2509)
 . . . $LV_{CEO} = 65$ V (MIN) (2N2510)
 . . . $LV_{CEO} = 50$ V (MIN) (2N2511)
- **LOW NOISE** $NF = 4.0$ dB (MIN) (2N2510/11) AT 1.0 kHz

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +300°C

Operating Junction Temperature

+200°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

1.2 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

0.68 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

2N2509

2N2510

2N2511

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)

125 Volts

100 Volts

80 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

80 Volts

65 Volts

50 Volts

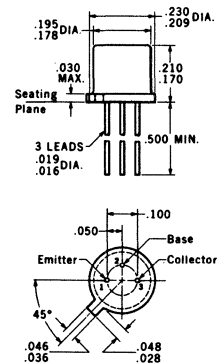
7.0 Volts

7.0 Volts

7.0 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES:
 All dimensions in inches
 Leads are gold-plated Kovar
 Collector internally connected to case
 Package weight is 0.43 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Case Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N2509		2N2510		2N2511		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	40		150	500	240	750		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25		75		120			$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	20		60		100			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain			25		40			$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain					80			$I_C = 1.0$ μ A $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		1.0		1.0		1.0	Volts	$I_C = 5.0$ mA $I_B = 0.5$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-Emitter Voltage		0.9		0.9		0.9	Volts	$I_C = 5.0$ mA $I_B = 0.5$ mA
h_{fe}	High-Frequency Current Gain (f = 30 MHz)	1.5		1.5		1.5			$I_C = 5.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0					nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 100$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current				5.0			nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 80$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current						5.0	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		10					μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 100$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current				10			μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 80$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current						10	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60$ V
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0		2.0		2.0	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0$ V
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		6.0		6.0		6.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		10		10		10	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5$ V
NF	Noise Figure (f = 1.0 KHz)		7.0		4.0		4.0	dB	$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V BW = 200 Hz $R_{ST} = 10$ k Ω
$r_b' C_c$	Collector-Base Time Constant (f = 4.0 MHz)		800		800		800	ps	$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CB} = 10$ V
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	125		100		80		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	80		65		50		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0		7.0		7.0		Volts	$I_E = 0.1$ μ A $I_C = 0$

See notes on back page

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
 A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2509 • 2N2510 • 2N2511

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.

2N2586

NPN LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION The Fairchild 2N2586 is an NPN PLANAR transistor designed for use in low-level, low-noise amplifier circuits from audio through high-frequency ranges.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +300°C

Operating Junction Temperature

175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

0.6 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)

0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

60 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)

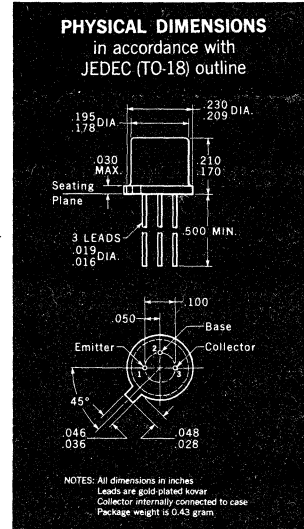
45 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

6.0 Volts

I_C Collector Current

30 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)		600		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	150			I _C = 500 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	120	360		I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	80			I _C = 1.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Current Gain	40			I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.5	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0.5 mA
V _{BE}	Base-Emitter Voltage	0.7	0.9	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0.5 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 30 MHz)	1.5			I _C = 500 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
C _{obo}	Common Base Open Circuit Output Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		7.0	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		2.0	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 45 V
I _{CES}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0	nA	V _{CE} = 45 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{CES} (170°C)	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		10	μA	V _{CE} = 45 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0	nA	I _B = 0 V _{CE} = 5.0 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0	nA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V
NF	Spot Noise Figure (R _G = 1 M Ω; f = 10 kHz)		2.0	dB	I _C = 1.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	Spot Noise Figure (R _G = 10 k Ω; f = 10 kHz)		2.0	dB	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	Spot Noise Figure (R _G = 10 k Ω; f = 1.0 kHz)		3.0	dB	I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	Spot Noise Figure (R _G = 1 M Ω; f = 1.0 kHz)		3.5	dB	I _C = 1.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2586

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance (f = 1.0 kHz)	4.5	18	Kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Admittance (f = 1.0 kHz)		100	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain (f = 1.0 kHz)	150	600		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}^{(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	45		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0		Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 250°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

2N2605

PNP LOW LEVEL, LOW NOISE TYPE DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR II TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD FT0019

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2605 is a PNP double-diffused silicon PLANAR II transistor designed for use in high-performance, low-level, low-noise amplifiers from audio to high frequency ranges.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

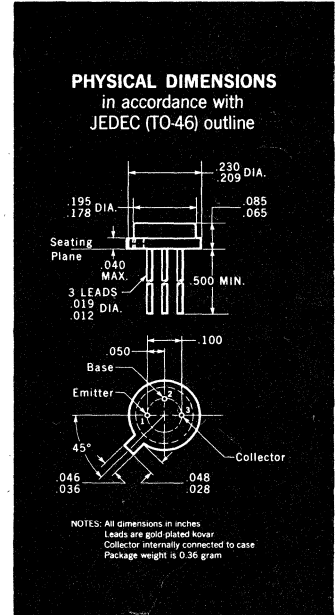
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 1/16" ± 1/32", 10 sec time limit)	230°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.4 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Notes 4 and 5) -45 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-6.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	30 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain ($T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$)	20			$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	100	300		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	150			$I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain (Notes 4 & 5)		600		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
LV_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Limiting Voltage (Notes 4 & 5)	-45		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-6.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -45 \text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		10	nA	$V_{CE} = -45 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current ($T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$)		10	μA	$V_{CE} = -45 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$

(See notes on back page)



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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2605

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage (Notes 4 & 5)	-0.7	-0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Notes 4 & 5)		-0.5	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 30 \text{ Mc}$)	1.0			$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Common-base, Open-circuit Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ Mc}$)		6.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
NF	Wide Band Noise Figure ($f = 10 \text{ Kc}$) (Note 6)		3.0	db	$I_C = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$R_e(h_{ie})$	Real Part, Input Impedance ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)		200	Ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS ($f = 1 \text{ Kc}$)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	25	35	Ohms	$I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance		1.0	μmho	$I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	150	600		$I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		10	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 438°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C).
- (4) These ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) $R_g = 10 \text{ KOhms}$, Power Bandwidth = 15.7 Kc.

2N2616 • 2N2729

NPN ULTRA-HIGH FREQUENCY OSCILLATOR AND AMPLIFIER TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N2616 and 2N2729 are NPN Double-Diffused Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors. They are designed for low-noise, high-frequency amplifiers; 1 GHz local oscillators; non-neutralized IF amplifiers and non-saturating circuits with rise and fall times of less than 2.5 nanoseconds.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

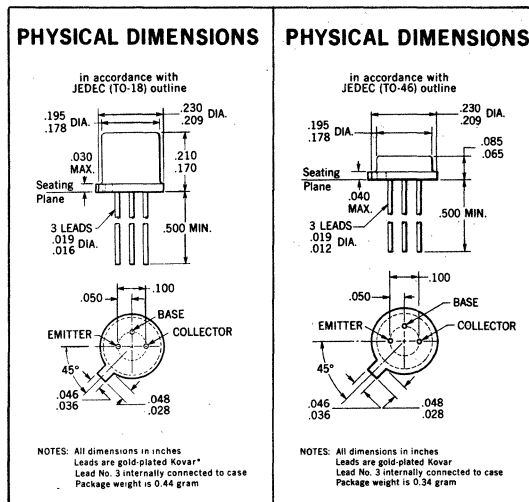
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	30 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	3.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	50 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	50			$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 6)			1.0	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 6)			0.4	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		2.4	2.8	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance			2.0	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current			1.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	6.0	9.0			$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
A_p	Available Power Gain (neutralized) ($f = 200 \text{ MHz}$)	15	18		dB	$I_C = 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 12 \text{ V}$
P_o	Power Output ($f = 500 \text{ MHz}$)	30	45		mW	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
	Collector Efficiency ($f = 500 \text{ MHz}$)	25			%	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
NF	Noise Figure (Note 5)			6.0	dB	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	15			Volts	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	30			Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu A$

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- $f = 60 \text{ MHz}$, $R_C = 400\Omega$.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$

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2N2695 • 2N2696 • 2N2927

PNP VHF AMPLIFIERS, HIGH CURRENT SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

The 2N2695, 2N2696, and 2N2927 are PNP silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for digital and analog applications at current levels to 500 milliamperes. The high gain-bandwidth product, f_T , at high currents, makes them excellent units for line driving and memory applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures	2N2695	2N2696	2N2927
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C	-65°C to +200°C	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum	200°C Maximum	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec Time Limit)	300°C Maximum	300°C Maximum	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]	2.0 Watts	1.2 Watts	3.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]	1.0 Watt	0.68 Watt	1.7 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Note 2 & 3]	0.36 Watt	0.36 Watt	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-25 Volts	-25 Volts	-25 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-25 Volts	-25 Volts	-25 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts	-4.0 Volts	-4.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current [Note 2]	500 mA	500 mA	500 mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	130		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.1	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		-2.0	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.25	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	1.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -3.0 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		20	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		25	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-25		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4 & 5]	-25		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
T_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		75	nsec	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B \approx 30 \text{ mA}$
T_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		170	nsec	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B \approx 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -30 \text{ mA}$

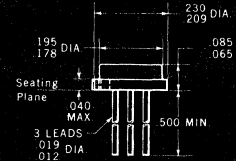
Copyright 1964 by Fairchild Semiconductor, a division of Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corporation

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 87.5°C/watt (derating factor of 11.4 mW/°C) for the 2N2695; for the 2N2696 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); for the 2N2927 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for the 2N2695 and 2N2696; for the 2N2927 219°C/watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Pub. APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

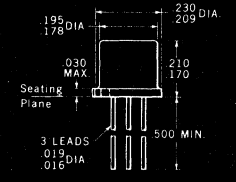
in accordance with JEDEC (TO-46) outline



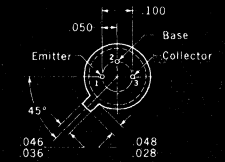
2N2695

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



2N2696

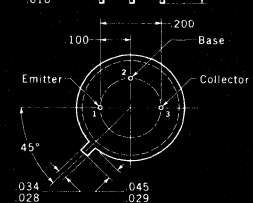
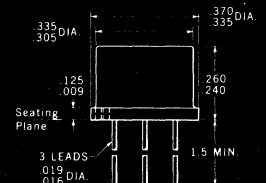


NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
Leads are gold plated Kovar.
Collector internally connected to case.
Package weight is 0.43 gram.

2N2695 2N2696

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with JEDEC (TO-5) outline



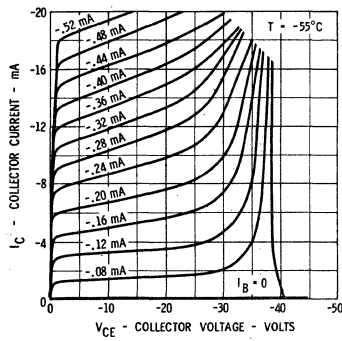
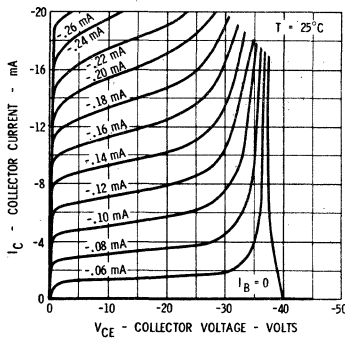
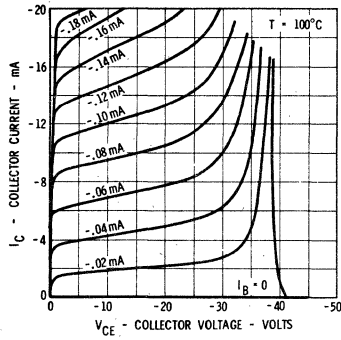
NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
Leads are gold plated Kovar.
Collector internally connected to case.
Package weight is 1.10 grams.

2N2927

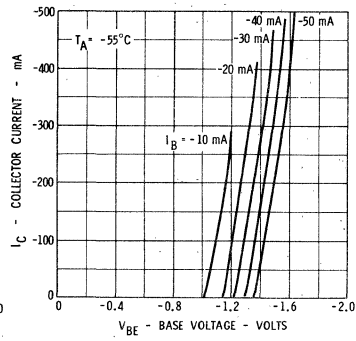
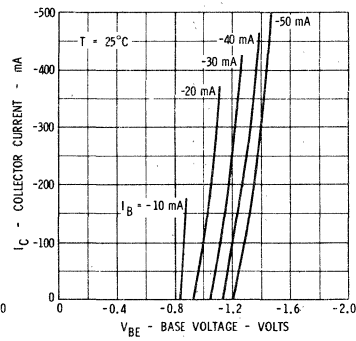
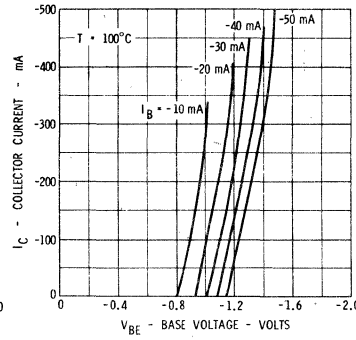
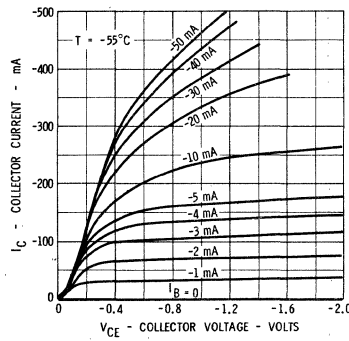
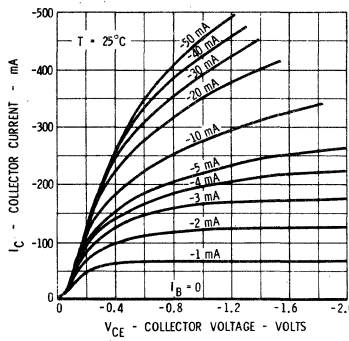
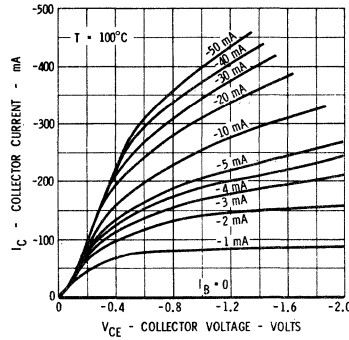
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TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

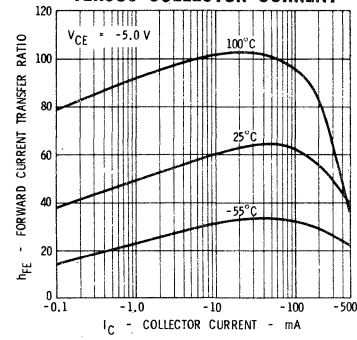
ACTIVE REGION



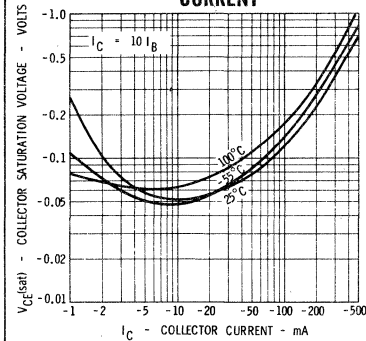
SATURATION REGION



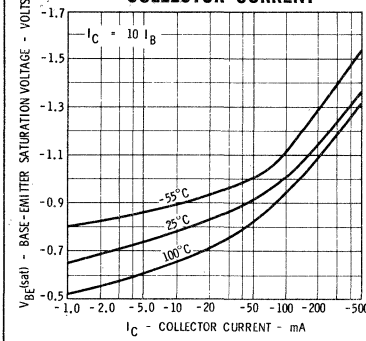
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

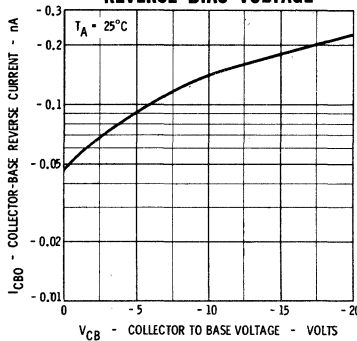


BASE-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

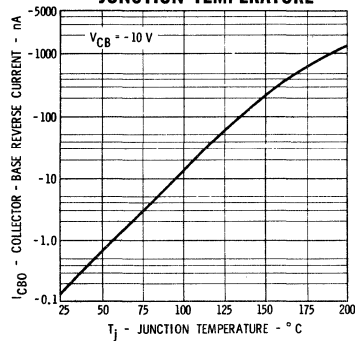


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

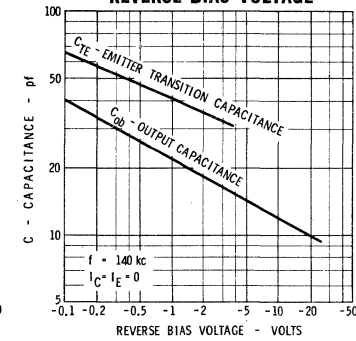
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



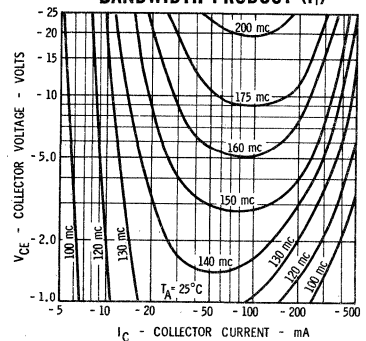
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE

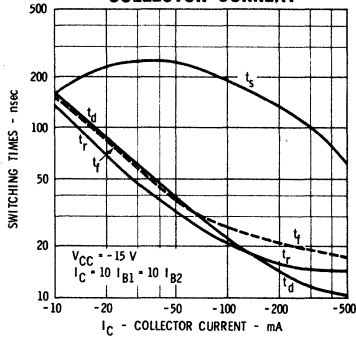


CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)

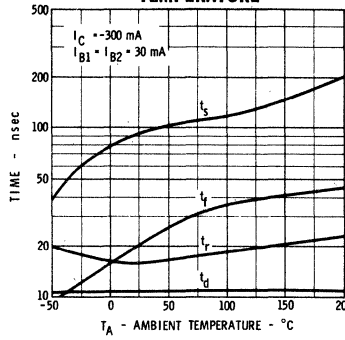


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

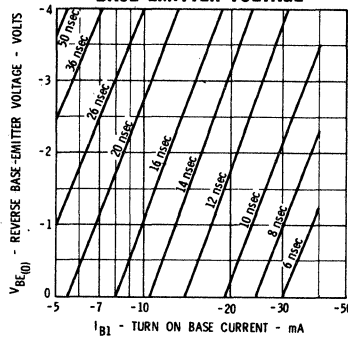
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



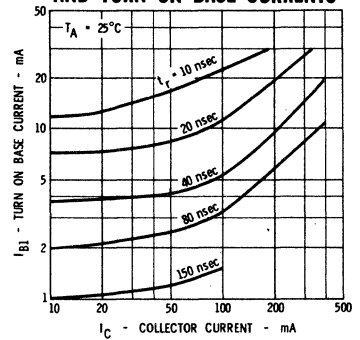
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



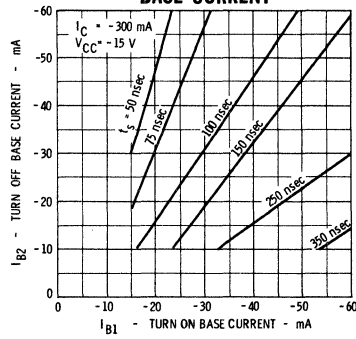
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



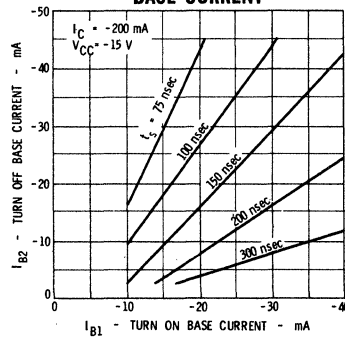
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



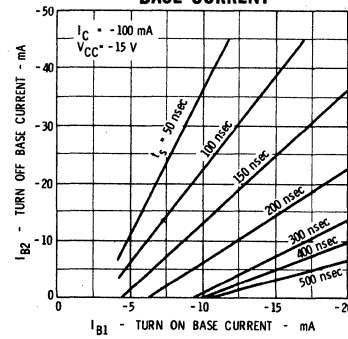
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



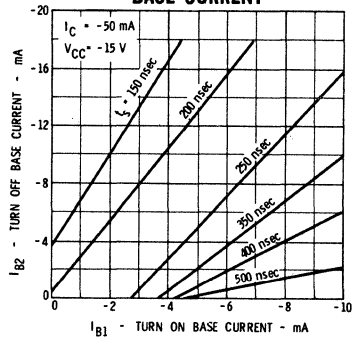
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



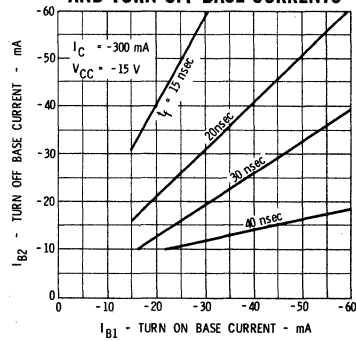
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



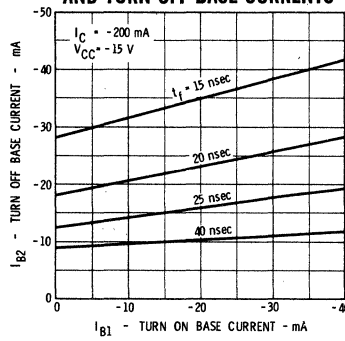
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



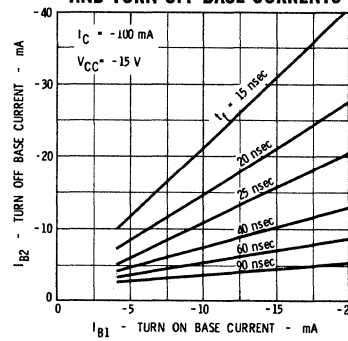
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



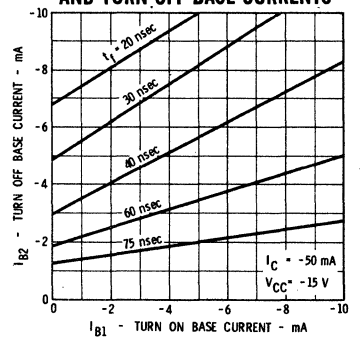
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



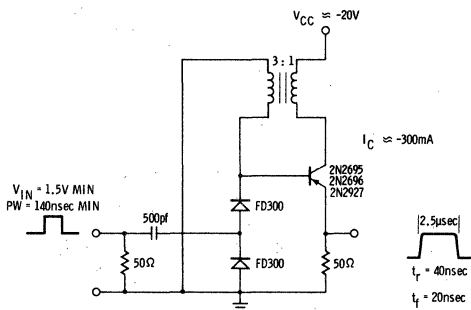
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



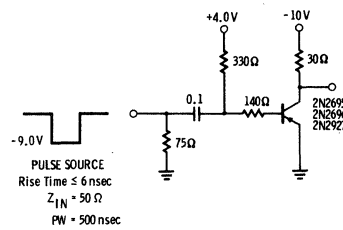
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



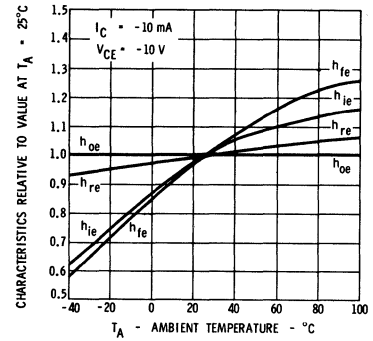
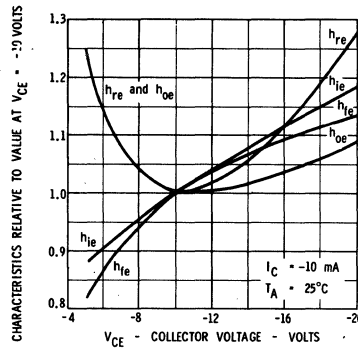
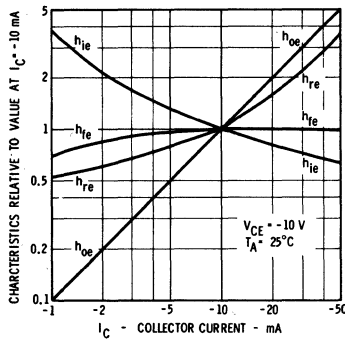
MONOSTABLE BLOCKING OSCILLATOR



T_{on} and T_{off} TEST CIRCUIT



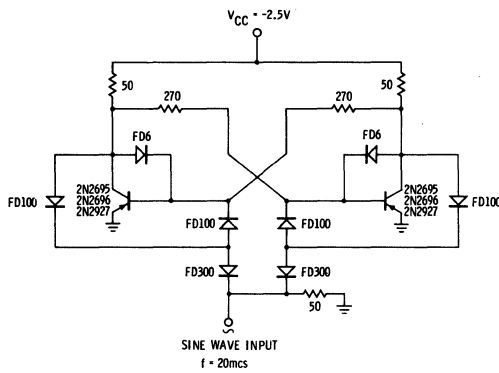
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS



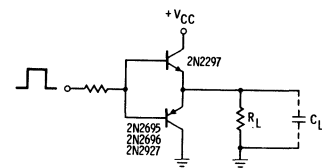
h PARAMETERS (f = 1kc)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	480	1500		ohms	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	80	1200		μmhos	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	162	2600		$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	25	74	180		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$

20mc BINARY COUNTER



LINE DRIVER



Fairchild cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry described. No circuit patent licenses are implied.

2N2845 • 2N2846 • 2N2847 • 2N2848

NPN HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION — The 2N2845, 2N2846, 2N2847, and 2N2848 are NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed primarily for high-speed, 20–60 volt switching applications at collector currents up to 500 milliamperes. They are excellent drivers, featuring 20 nanosecond transition times for rod and magnetic memory, clock drivers for magnetic logic circuits, and general purpose circuitry. These devices are also useful as high frequency DC to DC converters.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

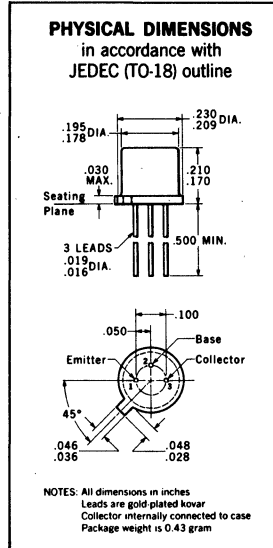
Storage Temperature	–65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

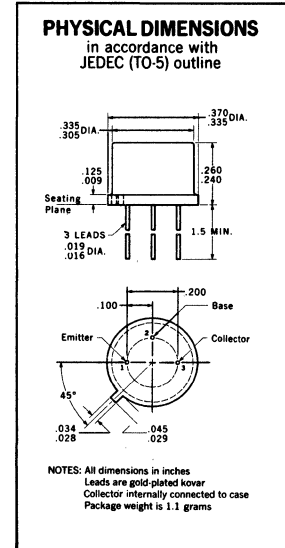
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	2N2845 2N2847	2N2846 2N2848
	1.2 Watts	3.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.68 Watt	1.7 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.36 Watt	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	2N2845 2N2846	2N2847 2N2848
	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{CE0} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	30 Volts	20 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts



2N2845 • 2N2847



2N2846 • 2N2848

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N2845			2N2847			Units	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	60	120	40	60	140		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	50		30	50			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	10			10				$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage [pulsed, Note 5]		0.22	0.4	0.18	0.4		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage [pulsed, Note 5]		0.85	1.2	0.85	1.2		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage [pulsed, Note 5]		0.48	1.0	0.4	0.75		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage [pulsed, Note 5]		1.1	1.6	1.1	1.6		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	2.5	3.5		2.5	3.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.04	0.2	0.04	0.2		μA	$V_{EB} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		20	200	20	200		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
C_{ob0}	Output Capacitance		6.0	8.0	6.0	8.0		pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
T_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		18	40	14	25		ns	$I_C \approx 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 15 \text{ mA}$
T_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		25	40	20	40		ns	$I_C \approx 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -15 \text{ mA}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60			60			Volts	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CE0}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	30			20			Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			5.0			Volts	$I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 0$

NOTES:

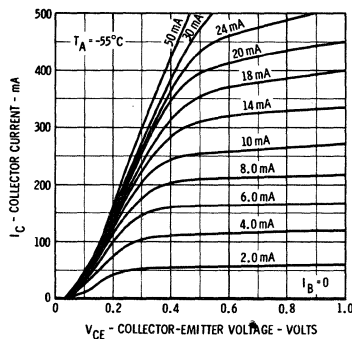
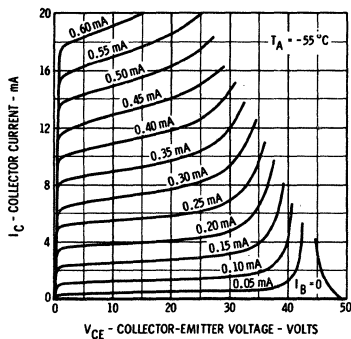
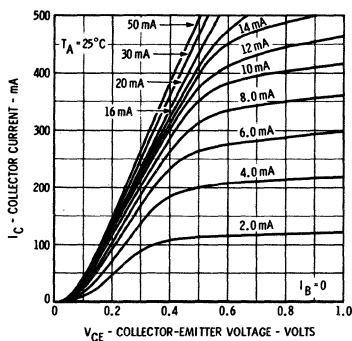
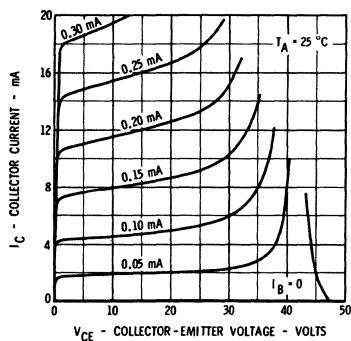
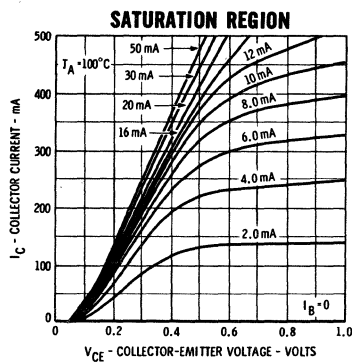
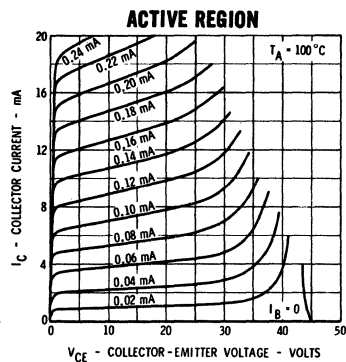
- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt for the 2N2845 and 2N2847 (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); for the 2N2846 and 2N2848, 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for the 2N2845 and 2N2847; for the 2N2846 and 2N2848, 219°C/watt (derating factor of 4.6 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

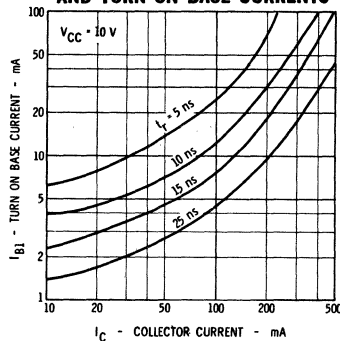
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

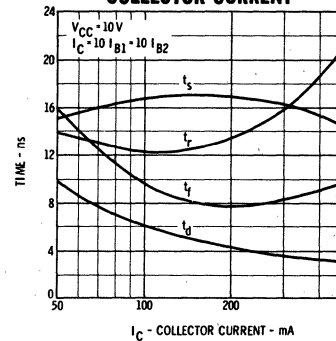


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

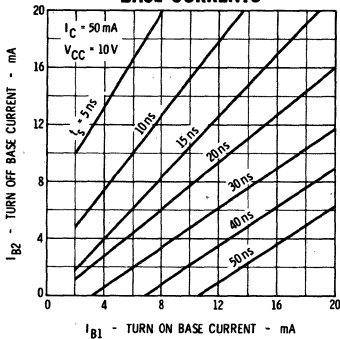
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



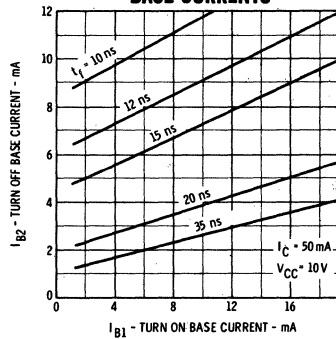
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



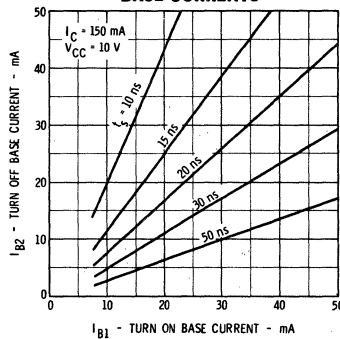
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



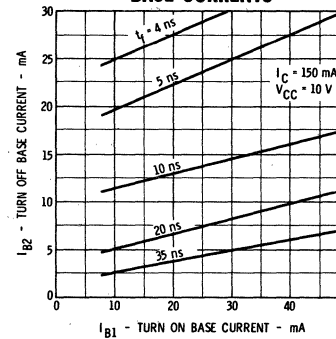
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



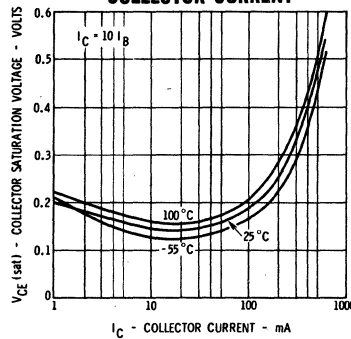
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



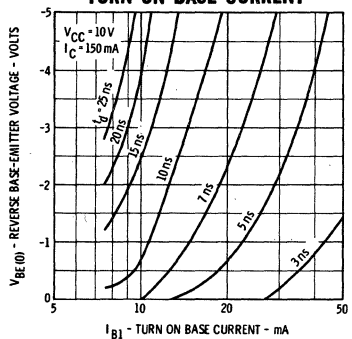
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



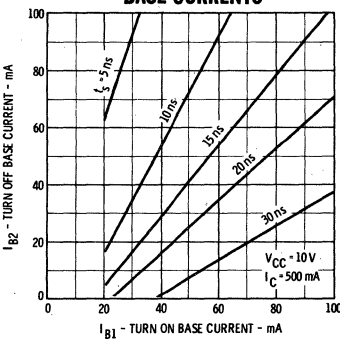
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



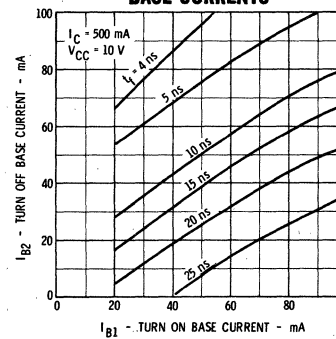
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT DELAY TIME VERSUS REVERSE BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



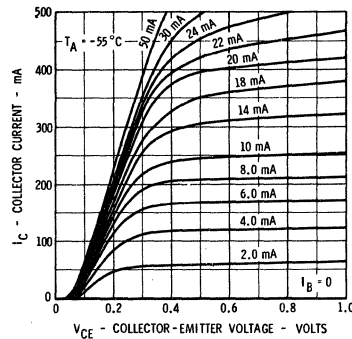
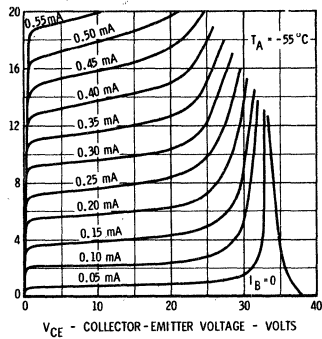
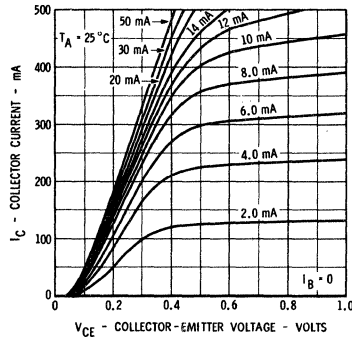
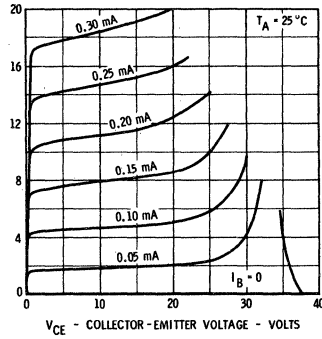
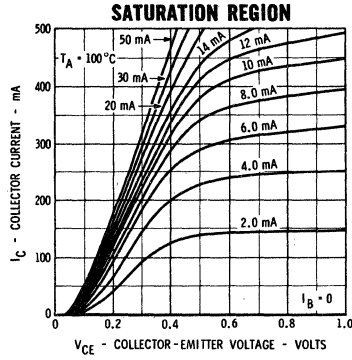
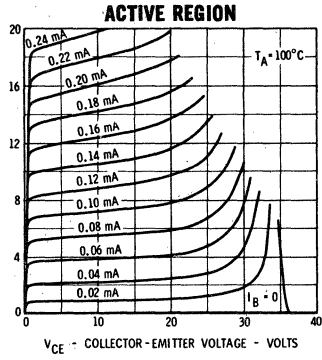
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



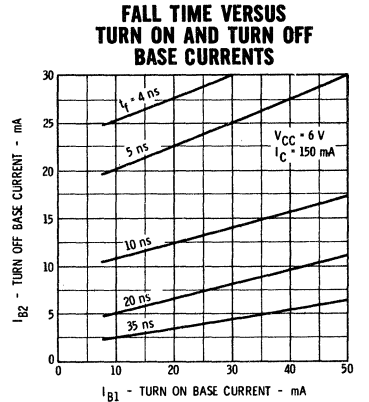
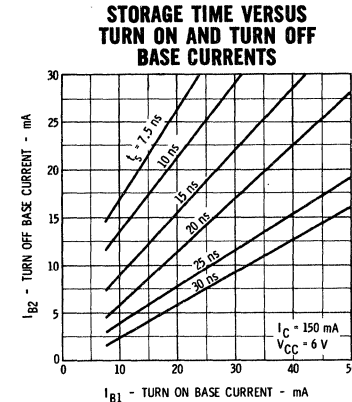
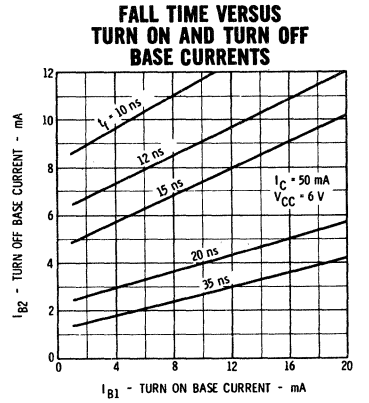
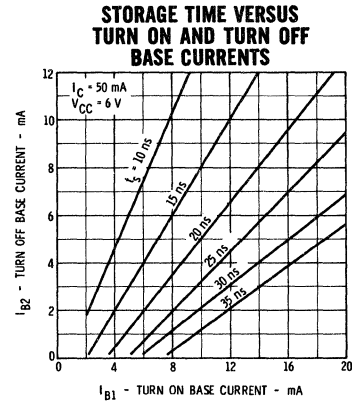
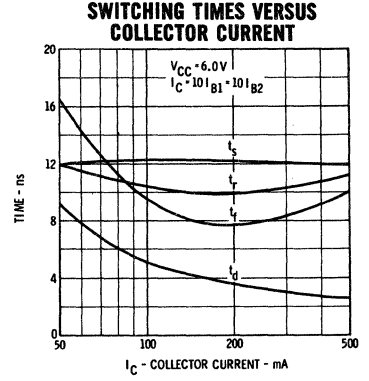
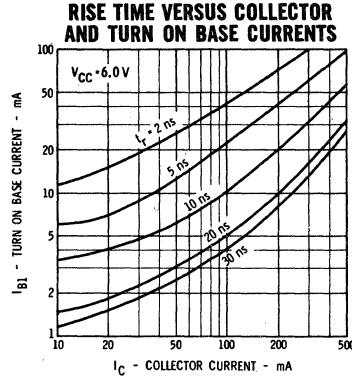
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2847 • 2N2848

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

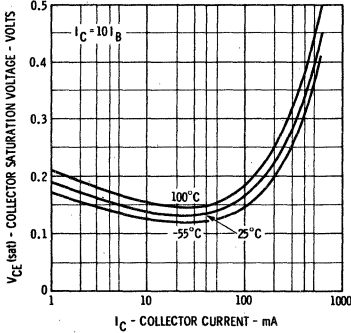
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



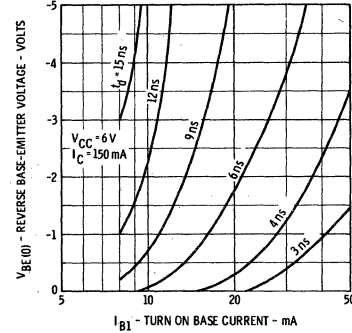
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer



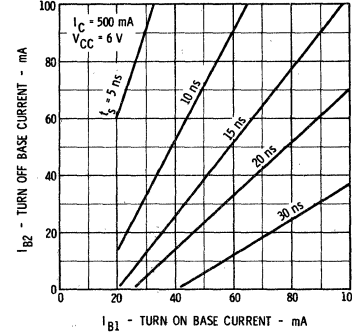
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



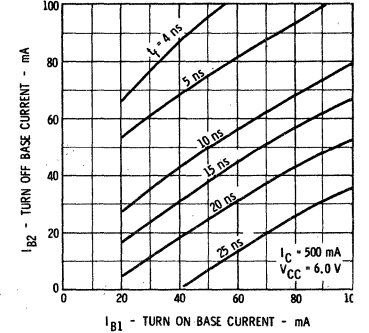
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT DELAY TIME VERSUS REVERSE BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS

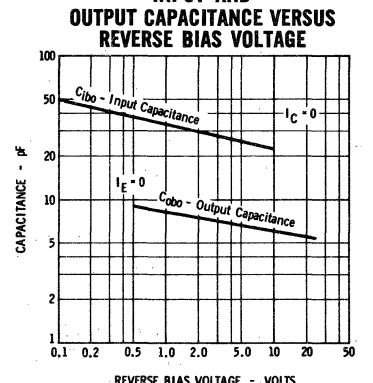
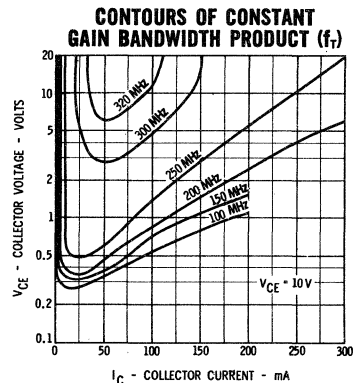
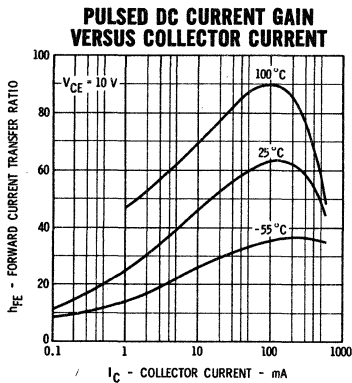
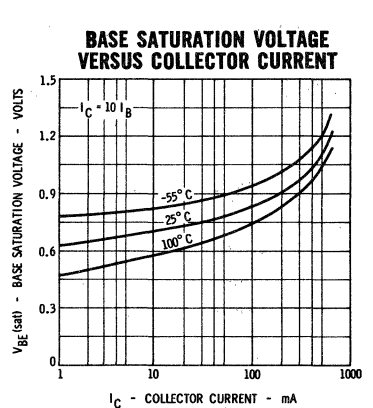
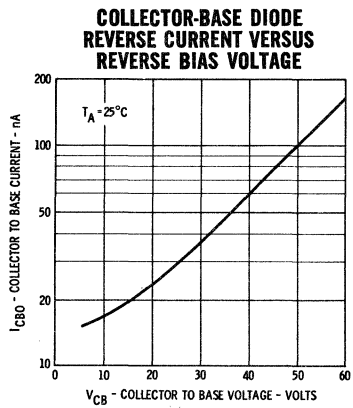
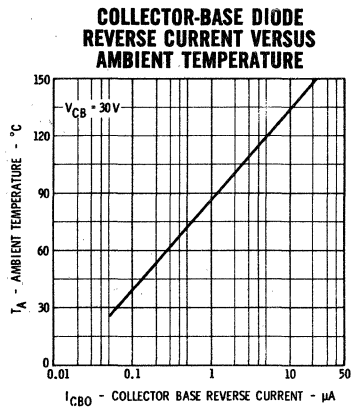
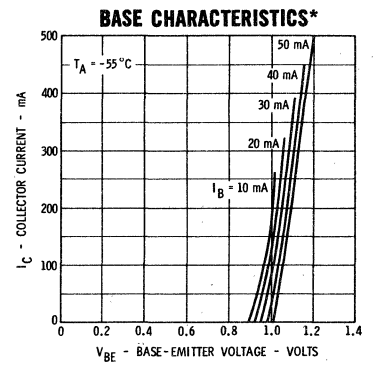
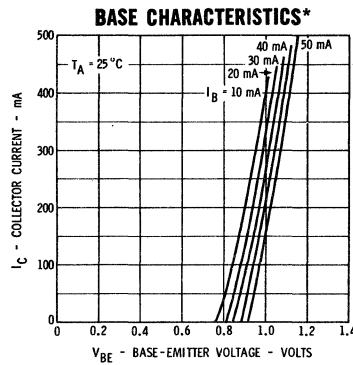
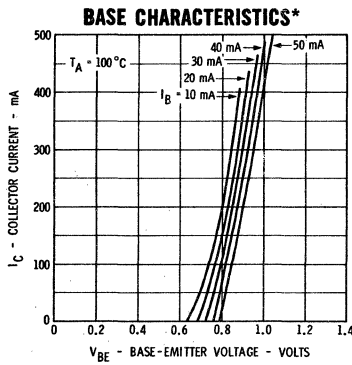


FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



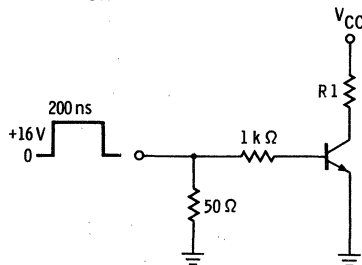
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N2845 2N2846 2N2847 2N2848

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

T_{ON} TEST CIRCUIT



Rise time of input pulse < 2.0 ns

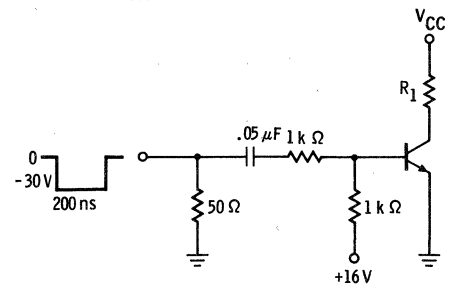
2N2845
2N2846

$V_{CC} = +10\text{V}$
 $R_1 = 62\Omega$

2N2847
2N2848

$V_{CC} = +6.0\text{V}$
 $R_1 = 39\Omega$

T_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT



Rise time of input pulse < 2.0 ns

2N2845
2N2846

$V_{CC} = +10\text{V}$
 $R_1 = 62\Omega$

2N2847
2N2848

$V_{CC} = +6.0\text{V}$
 $R_1 = 39\Omega$

2N2868

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

**FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE
SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3108, 2N3110**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild 2N2868 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed for use in high-speed, high current switching applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

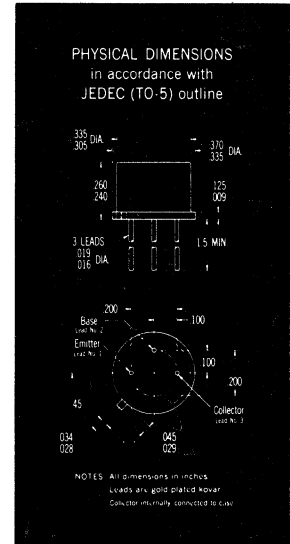
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, no time limit)	250°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	2.8 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.6 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	40 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	30			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	20			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.25	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ mc}$)	2.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		15	μA	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		50	nA	$V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$
I_{CEX}	Collector Cutoff Current		100	nA	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
I_{EBX}	Emitter Cutoff Current		100	nA	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	40		Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ mc}$)		20	pf	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
τ_b	Base Stored Charge		2.0	μsec	See Figure I



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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 62.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 16 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 218°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.6 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

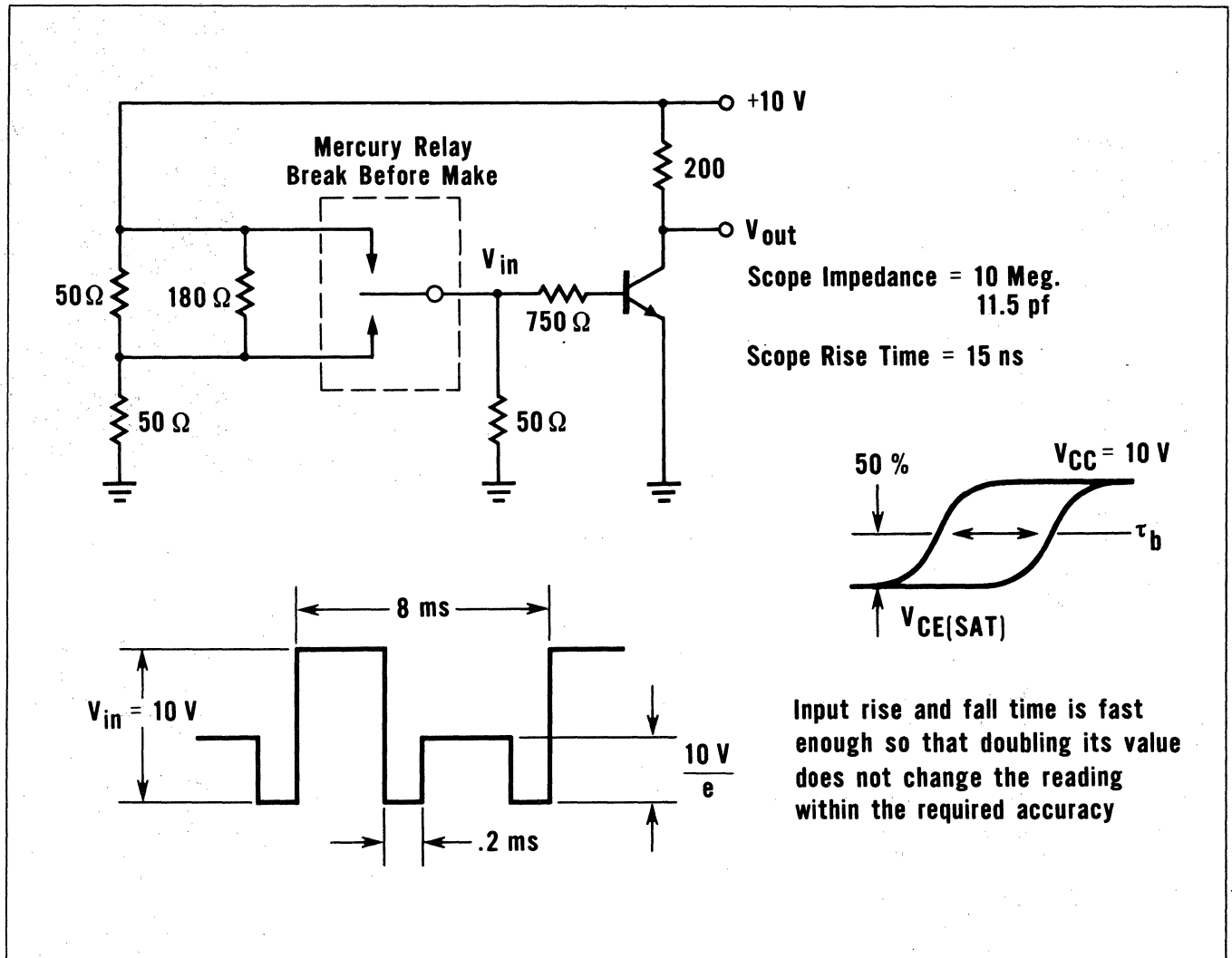


FIGURE 1

2N2894

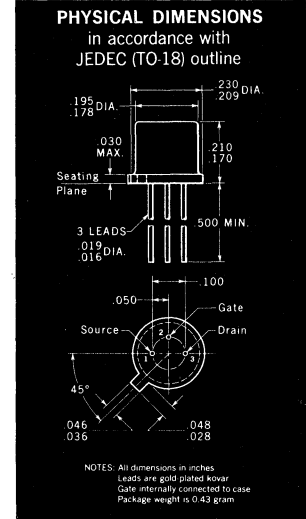
PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N2894 is a 600 MHz PNP silicon PLANAR* epitaxial transistor designed for saturated and non-saturated switching circuits requiring up to 200 milliamperes of collector current. It is suitable for 20 MHz RF amplifiers, 10.7 MHz IF amplifiers, and 100MHz oscillator converter circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures	
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation	
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.72 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages	
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	-12 Volts
V _{CE0} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-12 Volts
V _{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	75	150		I _C = 30 mA V _{CE} = -0.5 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	55			I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = -0.3 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25				I _C = 100 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	17	43			I _C = 30 mA V _{CE} = -0.5 V
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		-0.07	-0.15	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		-0.1	-0.2	Volts	I _C = 30 mA I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		-0.25	-0.5	Volts	I _C = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	-0.78	-0.92	-0.98	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	-0.85	-1.1	-1.2	Volts	I _C = 30 mA I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage		-1.4	-1.7	Volts	I _C = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	4.0	5.5			I _C = 30 mA V _{CE} = -10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		3.3	6.0	pf	V _{CB} = -5.0 V I _E = 0
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		3.8	6.0	pf	V _{EB} = -0.5 V I _C = 0
I _{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	80	nA	V _{CE} = -6.0 V V _{EB} = 0
I _{CBO} (125°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		0.025	10	μA	V _{CB} = -6.0 V I _E = 0
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-12			Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{CB0}	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	-12			Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
BV _{EB0}	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	I _E = 100 μA I _C = 0
T _{ON}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		23	60	nsec	I _C ≈ 30 mA I _{B1} ≈ 1.5 mA
T _{OFF}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		34	90	nsec	I _C ≈ 30 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 1.5 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -1.5 mA

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C.)
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.

FAIRCHILD
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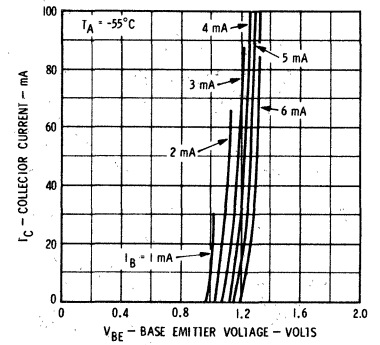
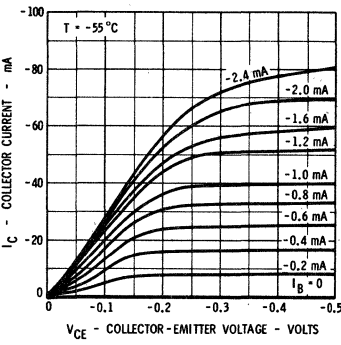
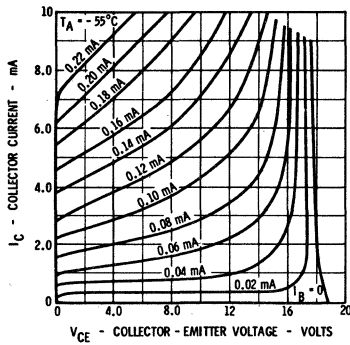
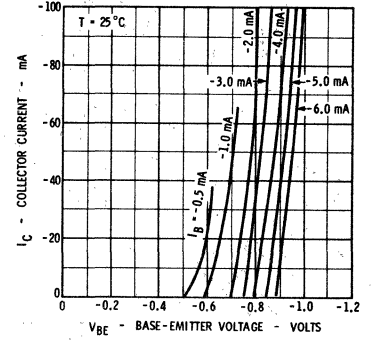
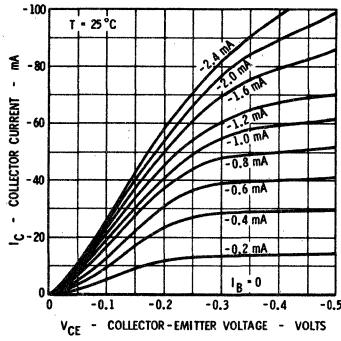
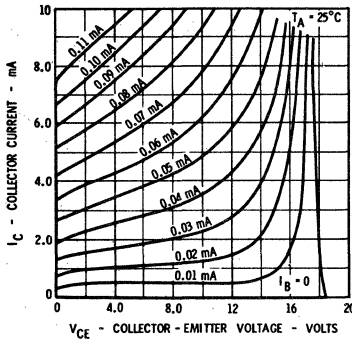
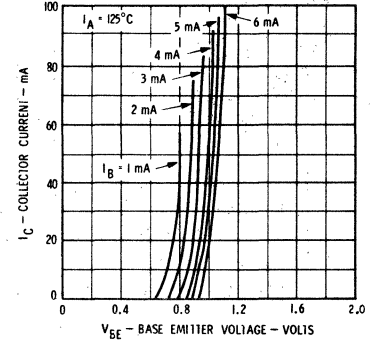
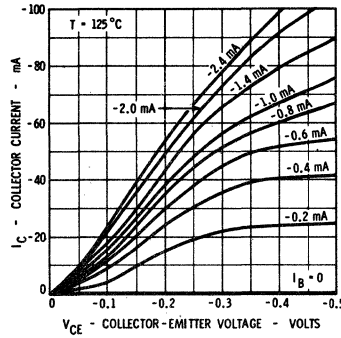
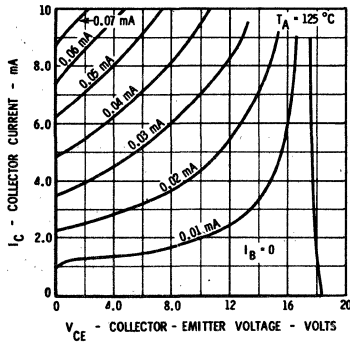
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2894

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

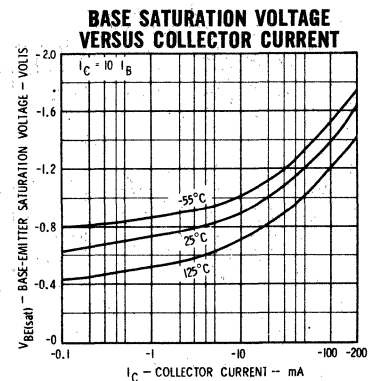
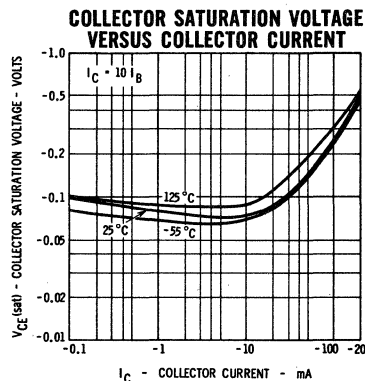
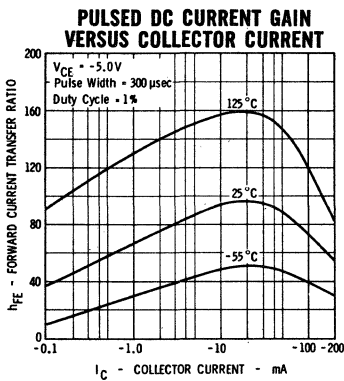
ACTIVE REGION

SATURATION REGION



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

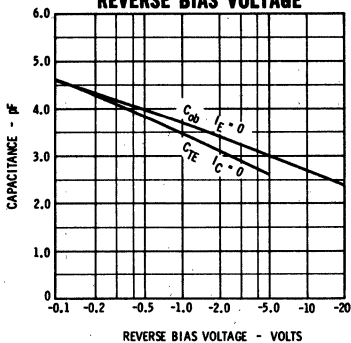
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



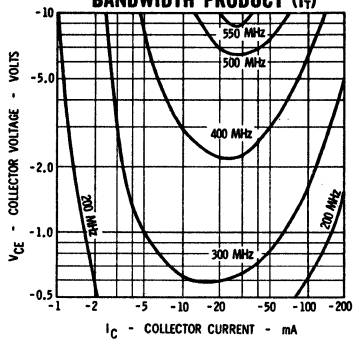
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2894

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

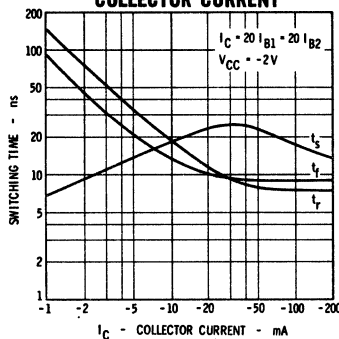
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



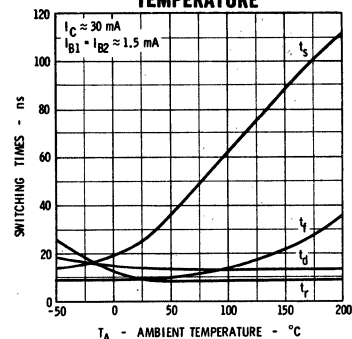
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



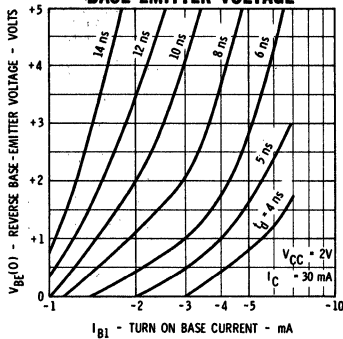
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



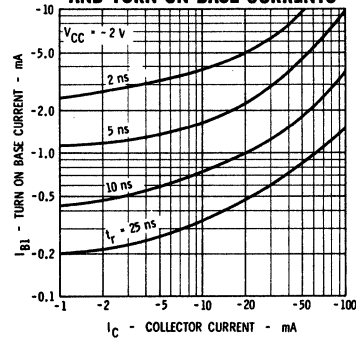
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



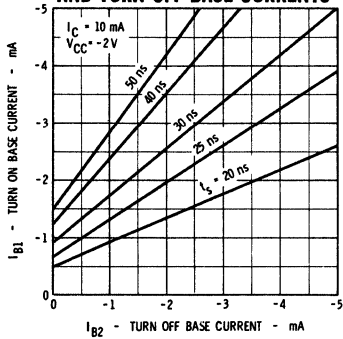
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



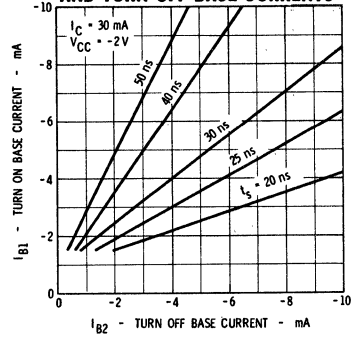
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



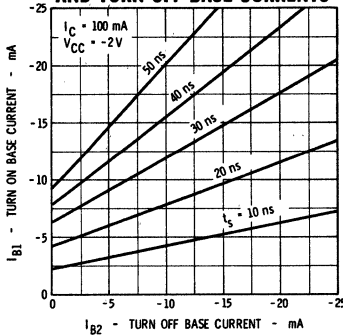
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



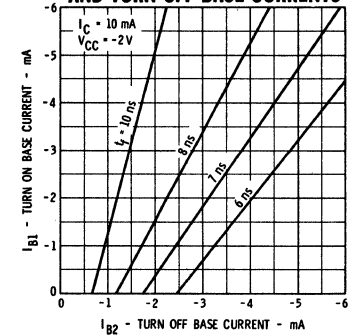
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



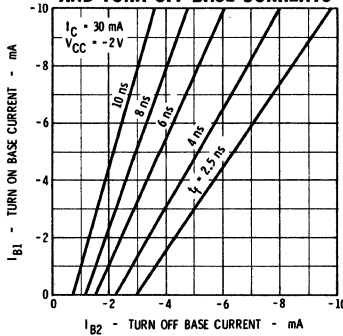
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



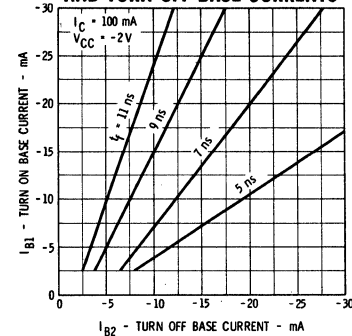
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



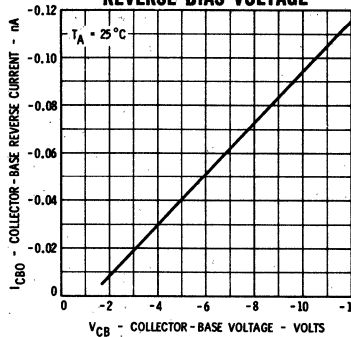
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



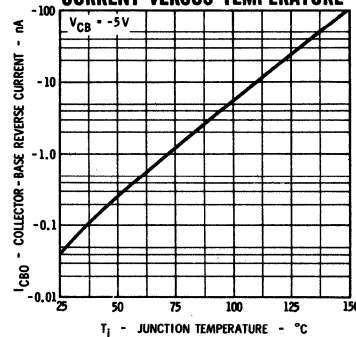
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



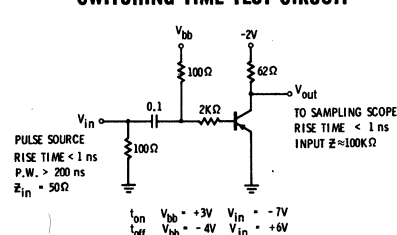
COLLECTOR-BASE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



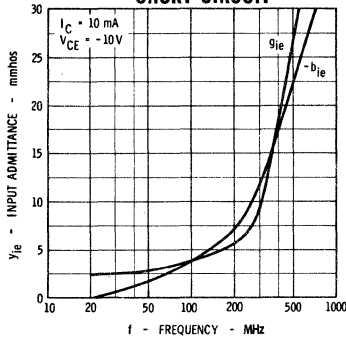
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



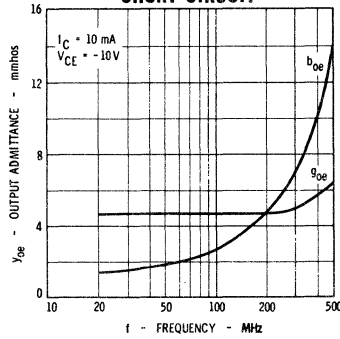
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2894

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

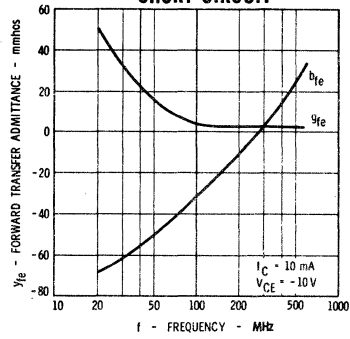
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



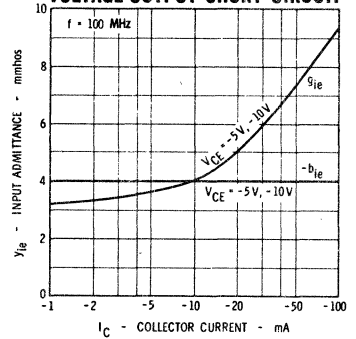
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



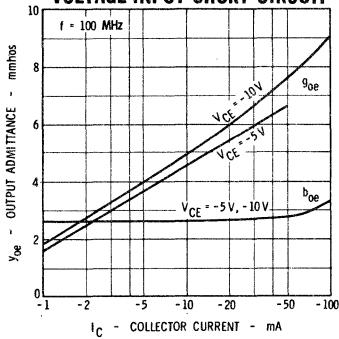
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



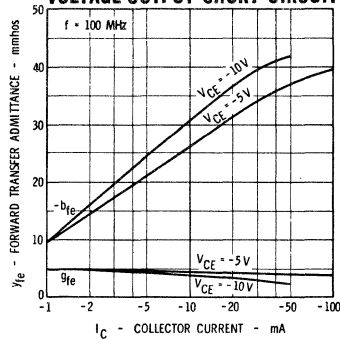
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



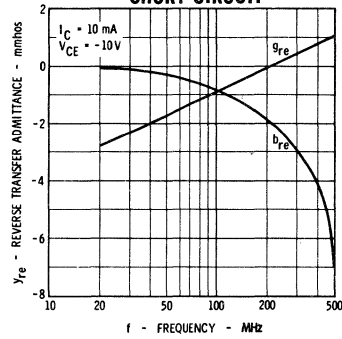
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



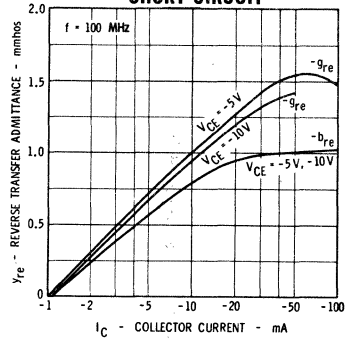
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



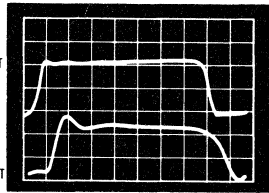
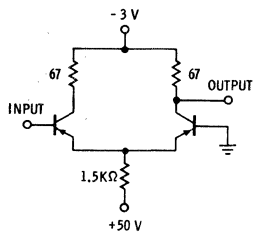
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

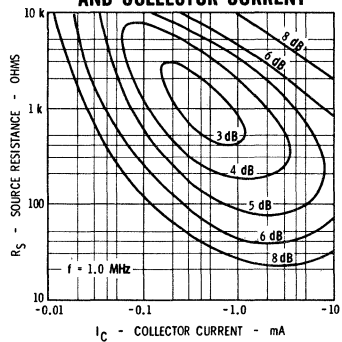


NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE

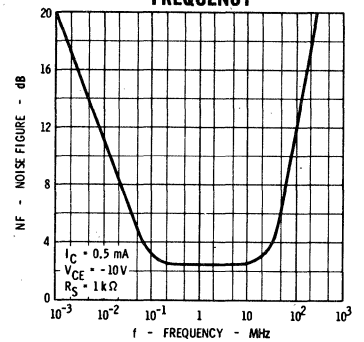


SCALE = 2 ns/cm

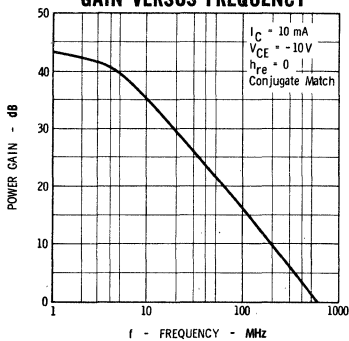
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



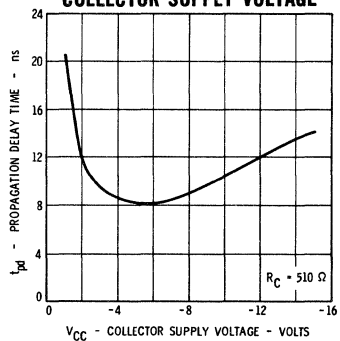
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



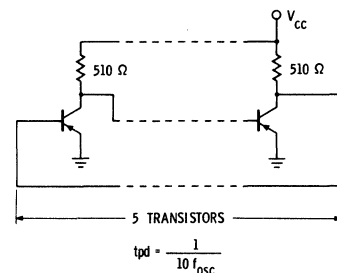
IDEALIZED SMALL SIGNAL POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



Fairchild cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry described. No circuit patent licenses are implied.

2N2894A

PNP HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- **FAST SWITCHING** -- $t_{on} = 20$ ns (MAX)
 -- $t_{off} = 25$ ns (MAX)
 -- $\tau_s = 20$ ns (MAX)
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** -- $f_T = 800$ MHz (MIN)
- **LOW CAPACITANCE** -- $C_{obo} = 4.5$ pF (MAX)
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** -- $V_{CE(SAT)} = 0.13$ V (MAX) @ $I_C = 10$ mA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

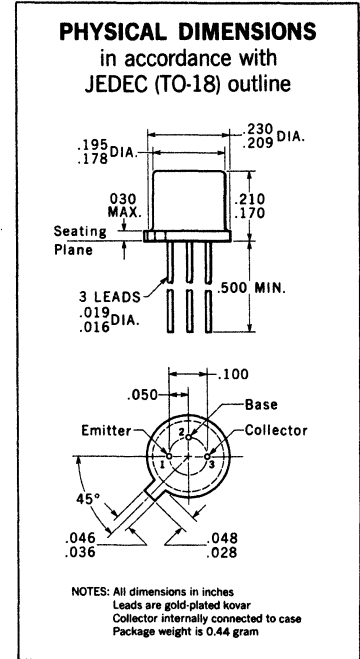
Storage Temperature -65°C to +200°C
 Operating Junction Temperature 200°C Maximum
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit) 300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3] 1.2 Watts
 at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3] 0.72 Watt
 at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3] 0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage -12 Volts
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4] -12 Volts
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage -4.5 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6, Figure 1]		10	20	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA $I_{B1} \approx 3.0$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6, Figure 1]		15	25	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA $I_{B1} \approx I_{B2} \approx 3.0$ mA
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6, Figure 2]		23	60	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA $I_{B1} \approx 1.5$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6, Figure 2]		13	35	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA $I_{B1} \approx I_{B2} \approx 1.5$ mA
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 6, Figure 3]		15	20	ns	$I_C \approx I_{B1} \approx I_{B2} \approx 10$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.08	-0.13		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.12	-0.19		Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.28	-0.45		Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA $I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.78	-0.82	-0.92	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.85	-0.93	-1.15	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-1.0	-1.14	-1.5	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA $I_B = 10$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	8.0	12			$I_C = 30$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		3.3	4.5	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5.0$ V
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		4.7	6.0	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5$ V
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.29	50	nA	$V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{CE} = -10$ V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

* Planar is a patented Fairchild Process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

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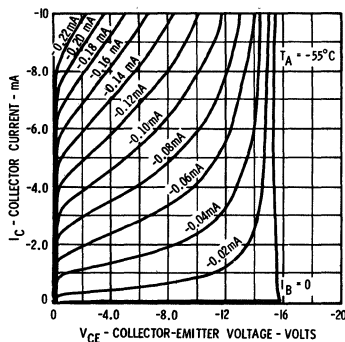
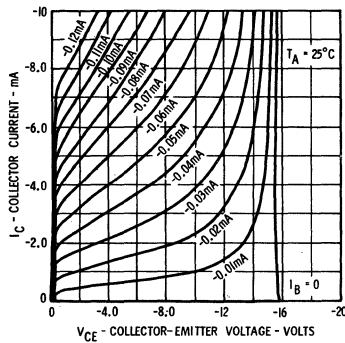
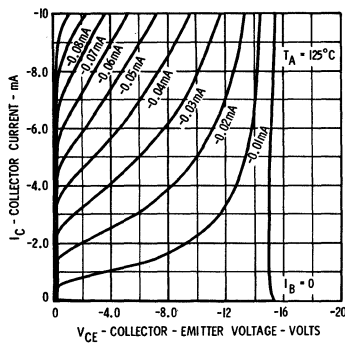
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2894A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

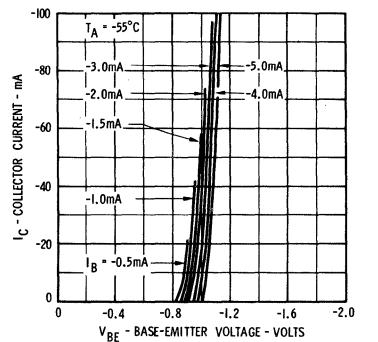
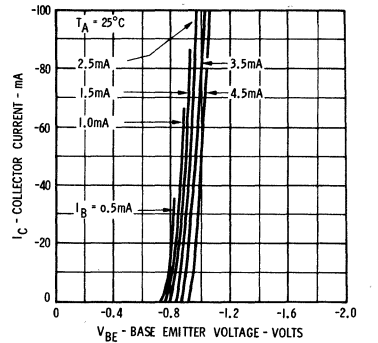
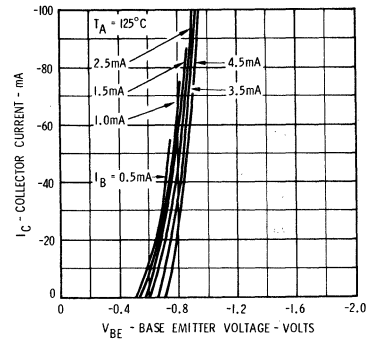
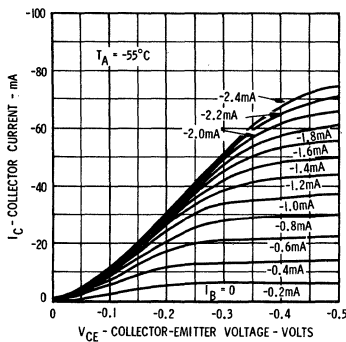
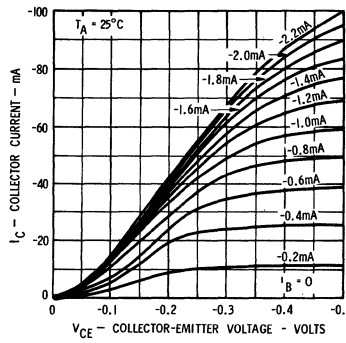
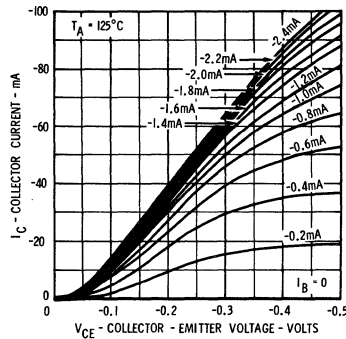
Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_{CBO} (125°C)	Collector Cutoff Current	-12	0.05	10	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
V_{CE0} (sust)	Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-12			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	-12			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-12			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.5			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100$ μ A
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	44			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.5$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	53			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.3$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	63	120		$I_C = 30$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.5$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	55			$I_C = 100$ mA $V_{CE} = -1.0$ V
h_{FE} (-55°C)	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	38			$I_C = 30$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.5$ V

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

ACTIVE REGION



SATURATION REGION

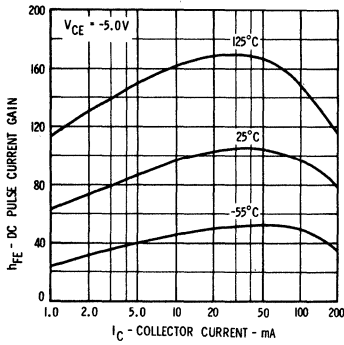


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

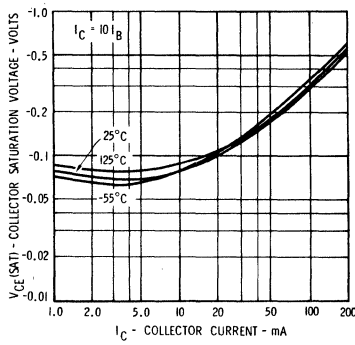
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2894A

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

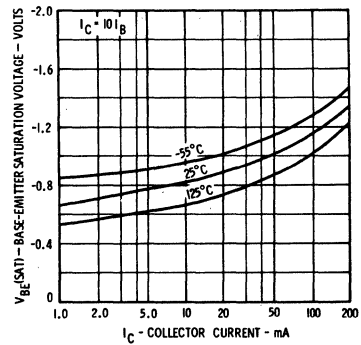
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



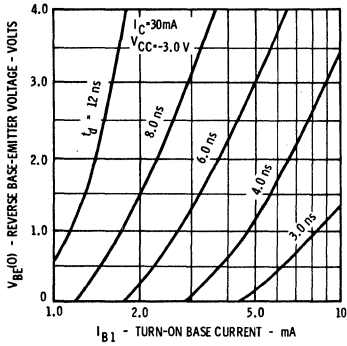
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



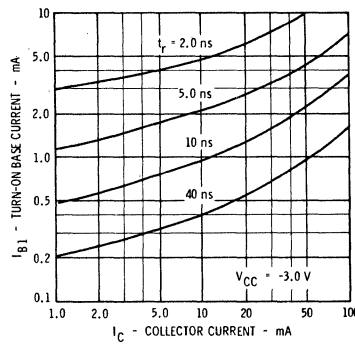
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



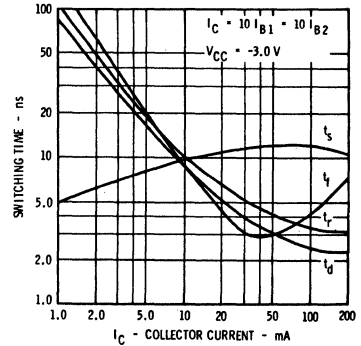
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



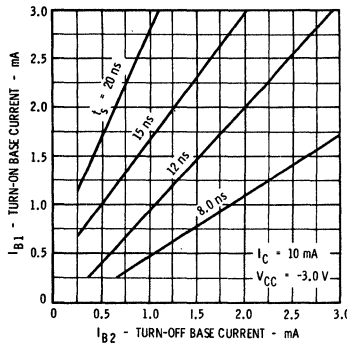
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



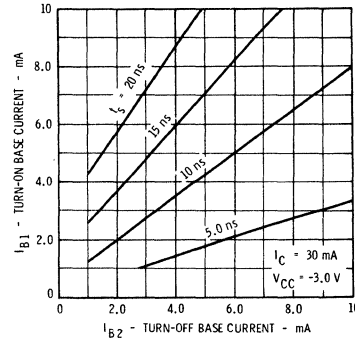
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



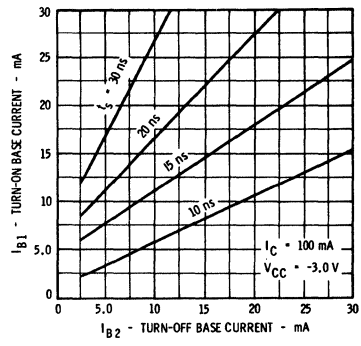
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



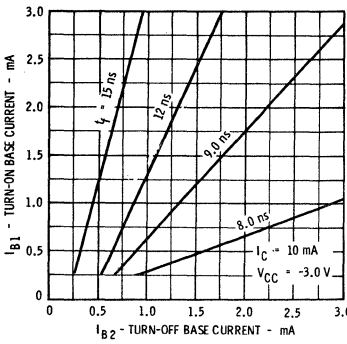
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



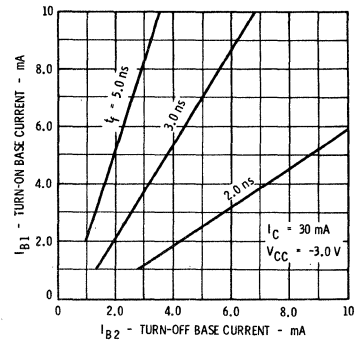
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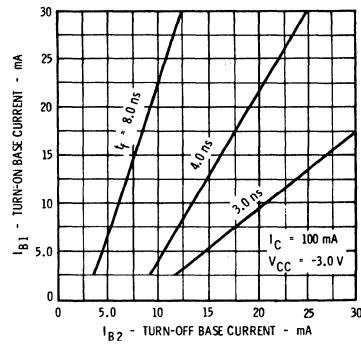
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



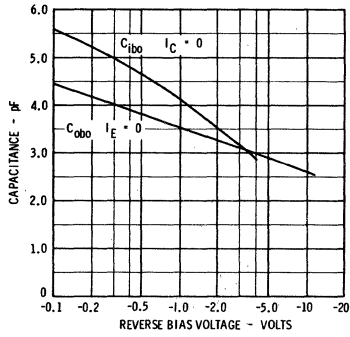
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



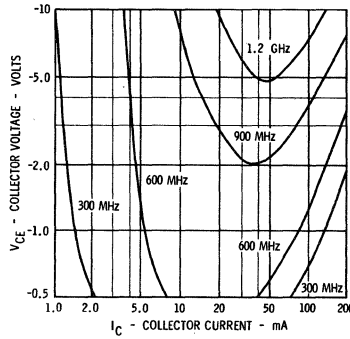
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N2894A

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

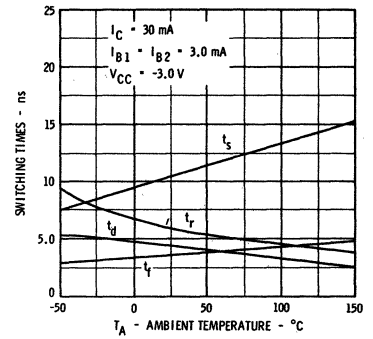
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



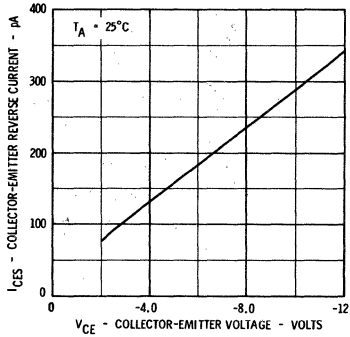
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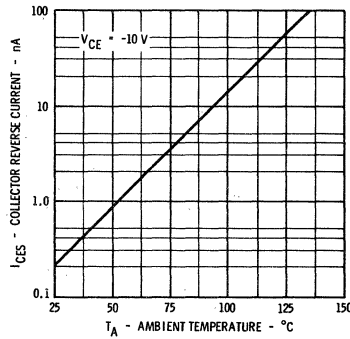
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



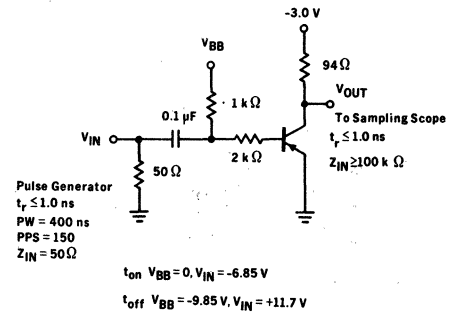
COLLECTOR-EMITTER REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



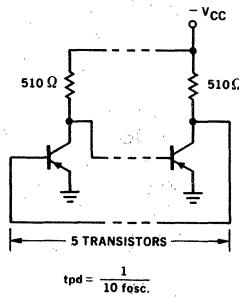
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



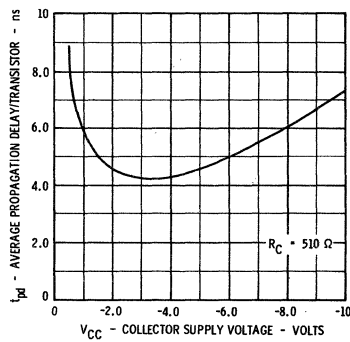
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 1



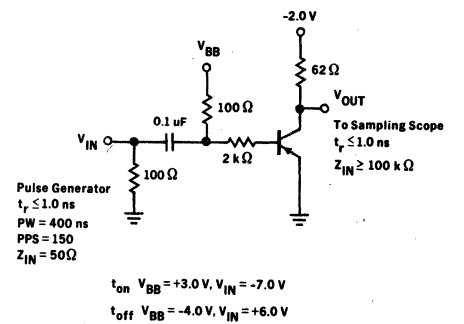
FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



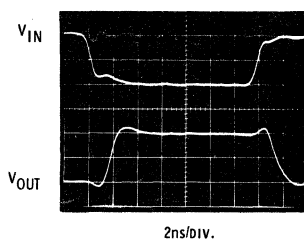
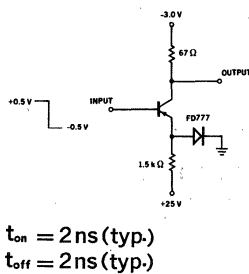
AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY PER TRANSISTOR VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



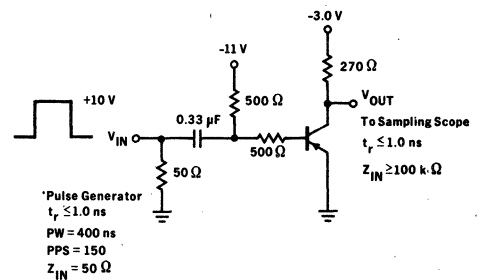
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 2



NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE



STORAGE TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 3



2N2904 • 2N2905 • 2N2906 • 2N2907 2N2904A • 2N2905A • 2N2906A • 2N2907A

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES AND CORE DRIVERS SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These PNP silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors are designed primarily for high-speed saturated switching and core driver applications.

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3502 THROUGH 2N3505

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

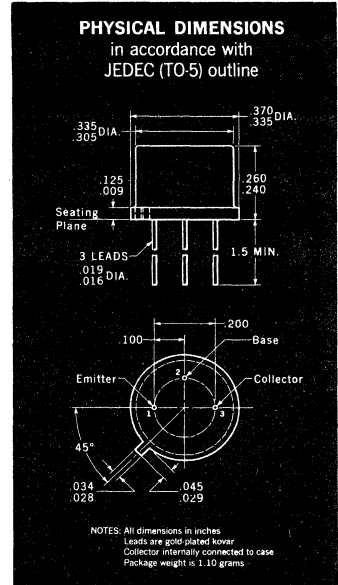
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation @ 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	2N2904 2N2904A 2N2906 2N2906A	3.0 Watts	1.8 Watts
	2N2905 2N2905A 2N2907 2N2907A		
@25°C Free Air Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.6 Watt	0.4 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

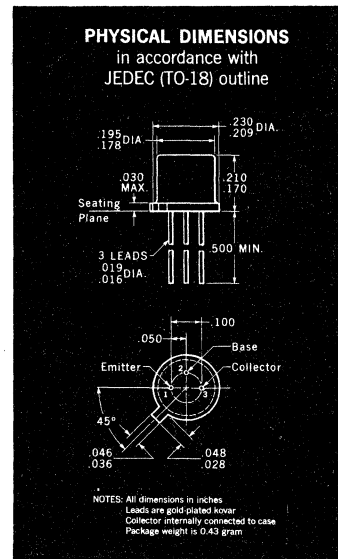
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	2N2904 2N2906 2N2904A 2N2906A	-60 Volts	-60 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	2N2905 2N2907 2N2905A 2N2907A	-40 Volts	-60 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		-5.0 Volts	-5.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current (Note 2)		600 mA	600 mA



**2N2904 • 2N2904A
2N2905 • 2N2905A**

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N2904		2N2904A		2N2905		2N2905A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	40	120	100	300	100	300		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	35	40	75	100						$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25	40	50	100						$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	40	35	75						$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	40	30	50						$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see note 5)	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4					Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see note 5)	-1.6	-1.6	-1.6	-1.6					Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see note 1)	-1.3	-1.3	-1.3	-1.3					Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see note 1)	-2.6	-2.6	-2.6	-2.6					Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
t_d	Turn-On Delay Time (see Figure 1)	10	10	10	10					nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_r	Rise Time (see Figure 1)	40	40	40	40					nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_s	Storage Time (see Figure 2)	80	80	80	80					nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_f	Fall Time (see Figure 2)	30	30	30	30					nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (see Figure 1)		45		45					nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (see Figure 2)		100		100					nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$



**2N2906 • 2N2906A
2N2907 • 2N2907A**

Notes on page 2

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

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313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES AND CORE DRIVERS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N2904		2N2904A		2N2905		2N2905A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ mc)	2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0			$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = -20$ V
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		20		10		20		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		20		10		20		10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50$ V
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		50		50		50		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -30$ V $V_{BE} = +0.5$ V
I_B	Base Current		50		50		50		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -30$ V $V_{BE} = +0.5$ V
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance ($f = 100$ kc)		8.0		8.0		8.0		8.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance ($f = 100$ kc)		30		30		30		30	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5$ V
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60		-60		-60		-60		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μA $I_B = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-40		-60		-40		-60		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		-5.0		-5.0		Volts	$I_E = 10$ μA $I_C = 0$

FIG. 1 TEST CIRCUIT FOR DETERMINING DELAY TIME AND RISE TIME

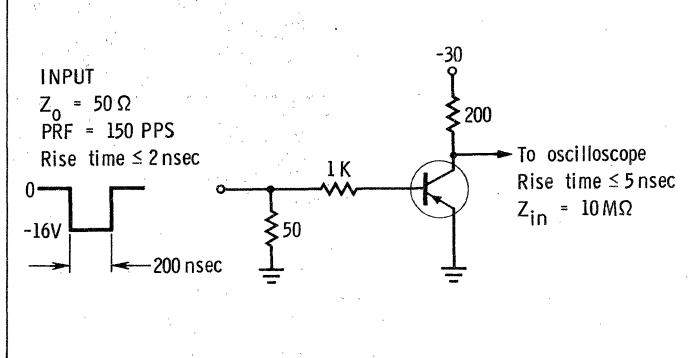
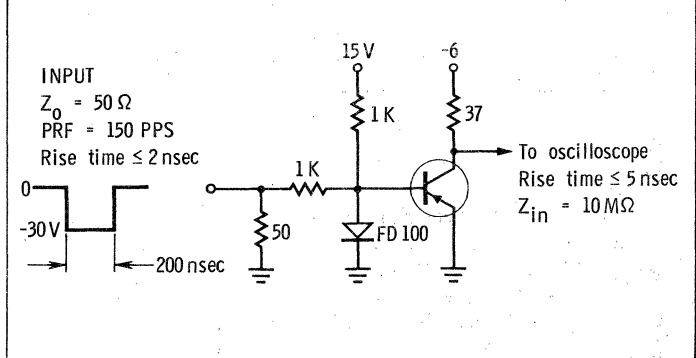


FIG. 2 TEST CIRCUIT FOR DETERMINING STORAGE TIME AND FALL TIME



NOTES

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 292°C/Watt (derating factor of 3.42 mW/°C) for the 2N2904, 2N2904A, 2N2905, and 2N2905A. Junction-to-case thermal resistance of 97.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 437°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C) for the 2N2906, 2N2906A, 2N2907, and 2N2907A.
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

Fairchild cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry described. No circuit patent licenses are implied.

2N3009

FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The 2N3009 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed for memory applications to 500 milliamperes. It features the unique combination of 350 mc f_r minimum with a guaranteed 300 milliamper collector saturation voltage of 0.5 volt.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +200°C

Operating Junction Temperature

200°C Maximum

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

1.2 Watts

at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

0.68 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage

40 Volts

V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage

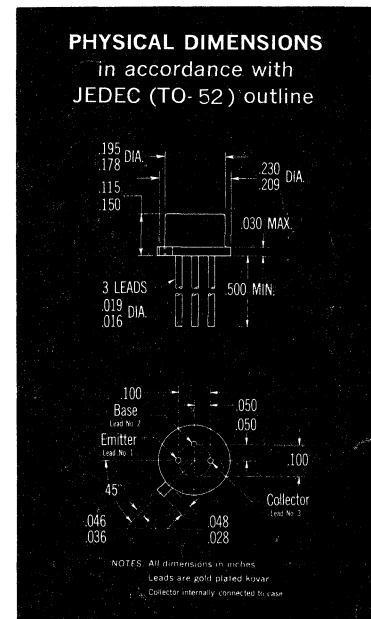
40 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage

15 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	60	120		I _c = 30 mA, V _{CE} = 0.4 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	55			I _c = 100 mA, V _{CE} = 0.5 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15				I _c = 300 mA, V _{CE} = 1.0 V
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.16	0.18	Volts	I _c = 30 mA, I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	0.28	Volts	I _c = 100 mA, I _B = 10 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage (+85°C)		0.18	0.3	Volts	I _c = 30 mA, I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.39	0.5	Volts	I _c = 300 mA, I _B = 30 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	0.75	0.82	0.95	Volts	I _c = 30 mA, I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		0.97	1.2	Volts	I _c = 100 mA, I _B = 10 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	1.7	Volts	I _c = 300 mA, I _B = 30 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	3.5	5.5			I _c = 30 mA, V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		3.3	5.0	pf	I _E = 0, V _{CB} = 5.0 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		6.5	8.0	pf	I _c = 0, V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.04	0.5	μA	V _{CE} = 20 V, V _{BE} = 0
I _{CES (85°C)}	Collector Reverse Current		0.5	15	μA	V _{CE} = 20 V, V _{BE} = 0
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	I _c = 100 μA, I _E = 0
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	I _c = 100 μA, V _{EB} = 0
V _{CEO (sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	15			Volts	I _c = 10 mA, I _B = 0
	[Notes 4 and 5]					(pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0			Volts	I _E = 100 μA, I _c = 0
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 6]		8.0	18	nsec	I _c = I _{B1} ≈ 10 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -10 mA
t _{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		9.0	15	nsec	I _c ≈ 300 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 30 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		15	25	nsec	I _c ≈ 300 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 30 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -30 mA

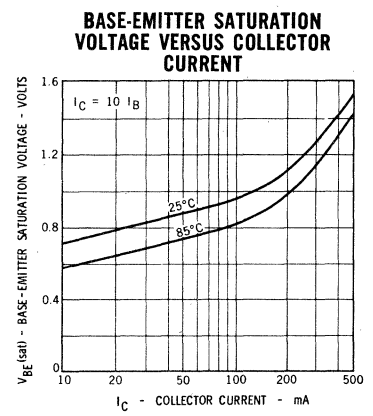
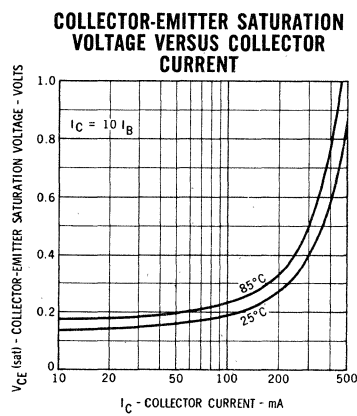
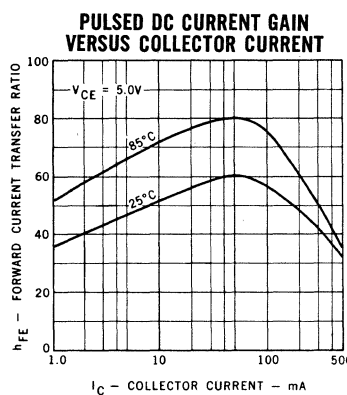
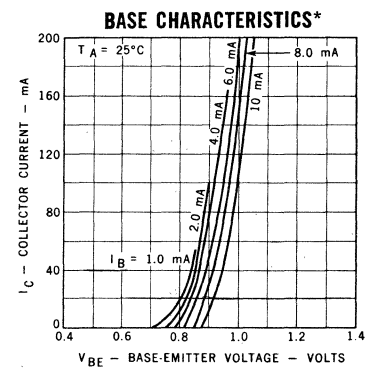
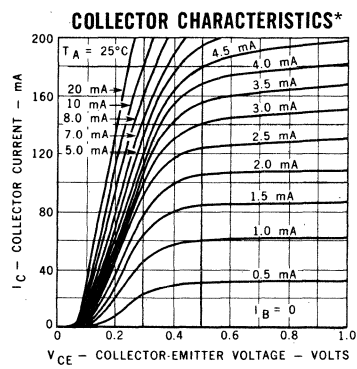
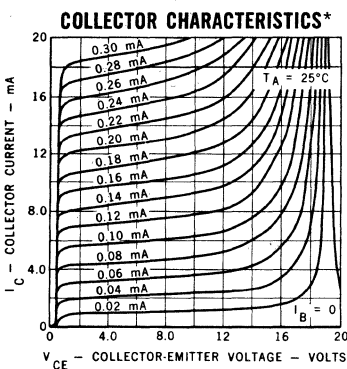
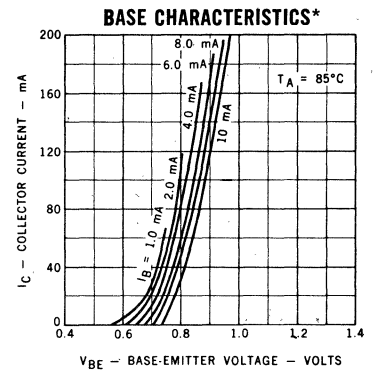
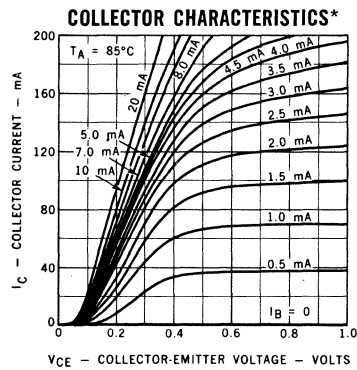
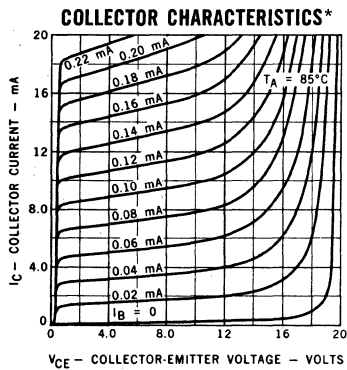
- NOTES:**
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
 - (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).

(NOTES CONTINUED ON PAGE 4)

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FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

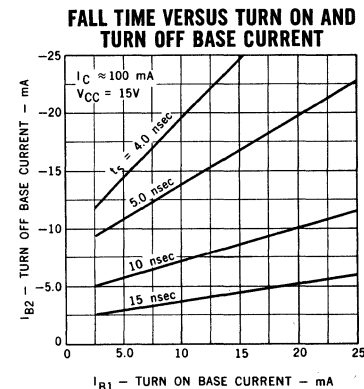
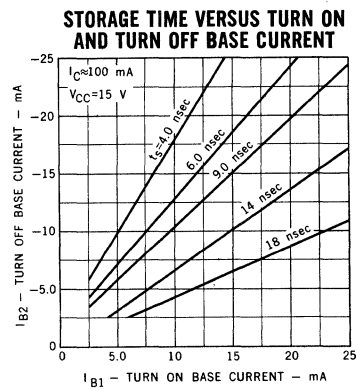
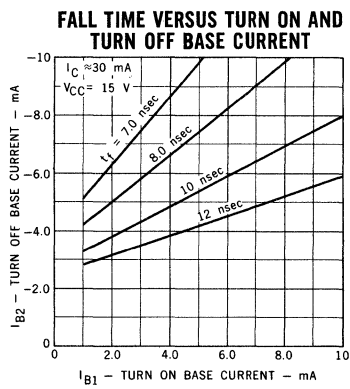
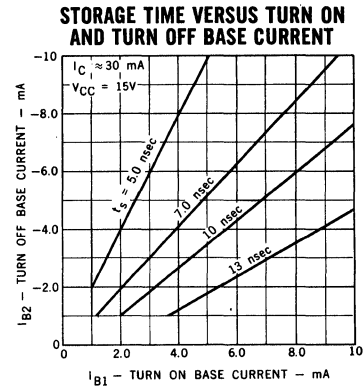
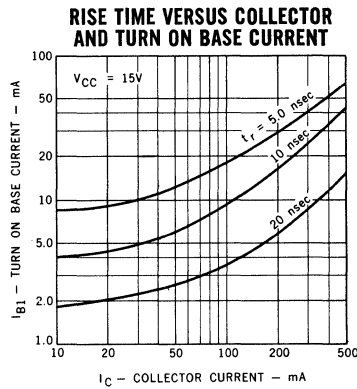
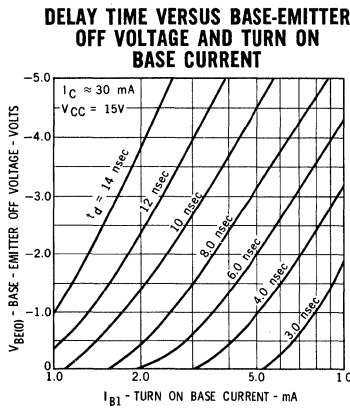
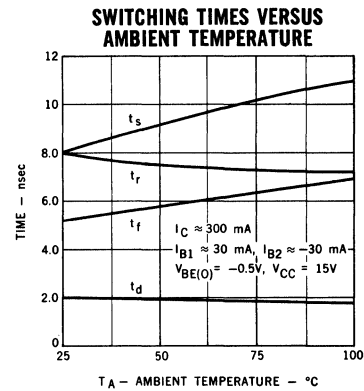
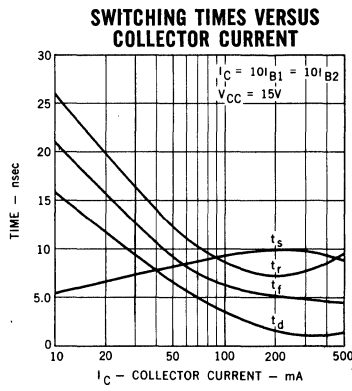
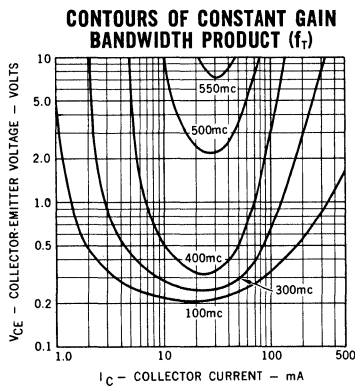
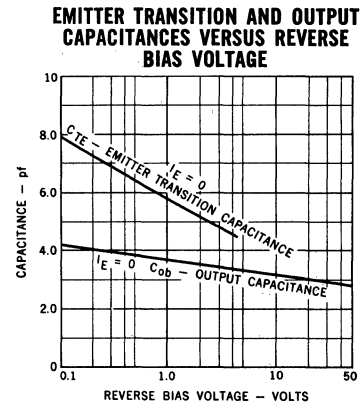
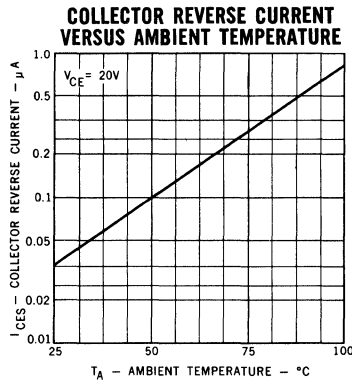
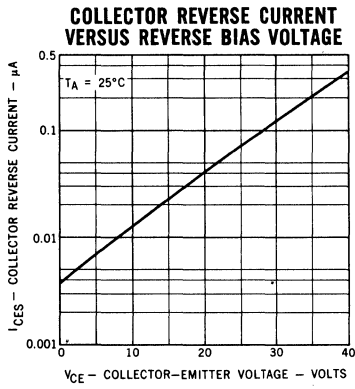
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

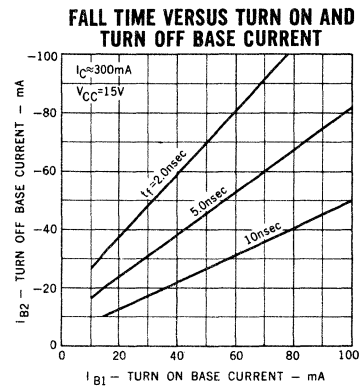
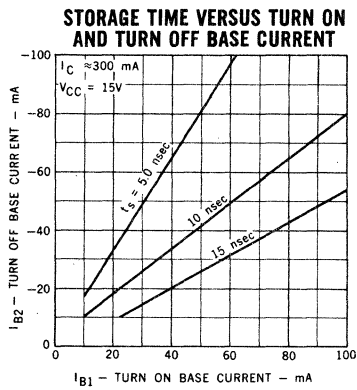


* Single family characteristics - on Transistor Curve Tracer.

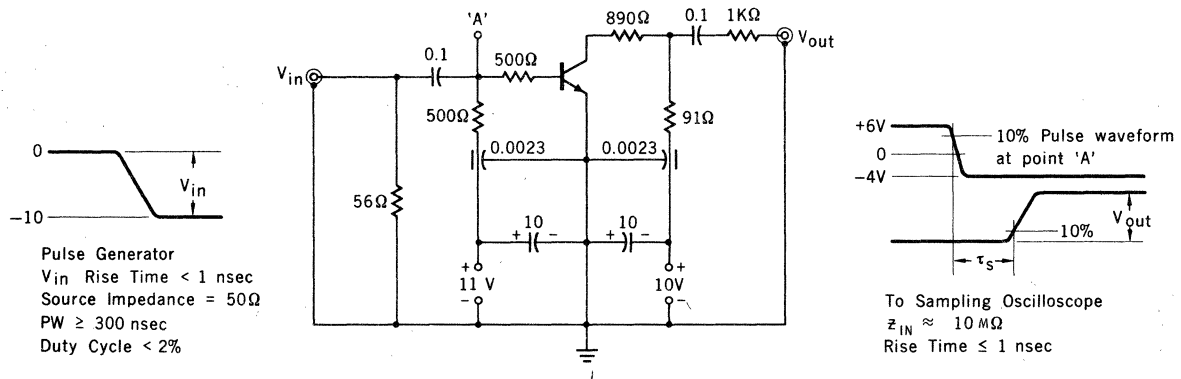
FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

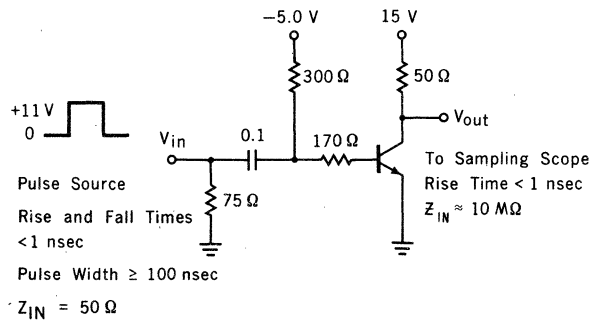




CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



t_{on} - t_{off} MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



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- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
(5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.
(6) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3010

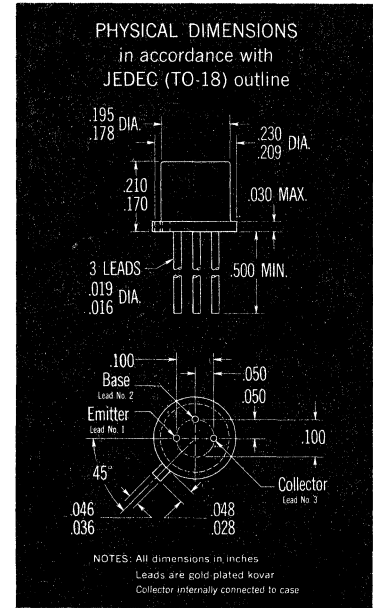
FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The 2N3010 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications in the 50-100 mc range at power levels from 100 microwatts to 300 milliwatts. This device is suitable for most small-signal, RF, and digital type circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)		300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]		0.3 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage		15 Volts
V _{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage		11 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]		6.0 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	70	125		I _c = 10 mA, V _{CE} = 0.4 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	60			I _c = 30 mA, V _{CE} = 0.4 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	15				I _c = 1.0 mA, V _{CE} = 0.4 V
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	0.25	Volts	I _c = 1.0 mA, I _B = 0.1 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.19	0.25	Volts	I _c = 10 mA, I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.23	0.38	Volts	I _c = 30 mA, I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage (+85°C)		0.2	0.4	Volts	I _c = 10 mA, I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	0.68	0.74	0.85	Volts	I _c = 1.0 mA, I _B = 0.1 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage	0.75	0.84	0.95	Volts	I _c = 10 mA, I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage		0.93	1.3	Volts	I _c = 30 mA, I _B = 3.0 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	6.0	8.0			I _c = 10 mA, V _{CE} = 4.0 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		2.3	3.0	pf	I _c = 0, V _{CB} = 5.0 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		1.7	2.0	pf	I _c = 0, V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CEs}	Collector Reverse Current		4.0	100	nA	V _{CE} = 5.0 V, V _{EB} = 0
I _{CEs}	Collector Reverse Current		0.013	10	μA	V _{CE} = 11 V, V _{BE} = 0
I _{CEs} (85°C)	Collector Reverse Current		0.2	5.0	μA	V _{CE} = 5.0 V, V _{BE} = 0
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	15			Volts	I _c = 10 μA, I _E = 0
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	11			Volts	I _c = 10 μA, V _{EB} = 0
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	6.0			Volts	I _c = 10 mA, I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0			Volts	I _E = 10 μA, I _C = 0
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 6]		6.0		nsec	I _c = I _{B1} ≈ 5.0 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -5.0 mA
t _{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		12		nsec	I _c ≈ 10 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 2.0 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		12		nsec	I _c ≈ 10 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 1.0 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -1.0 mA

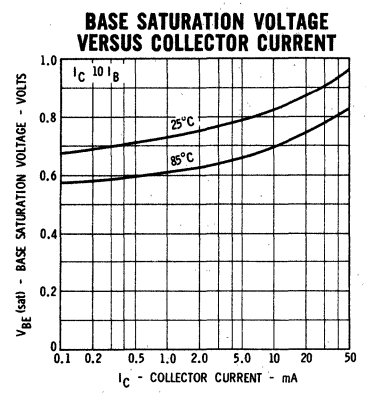
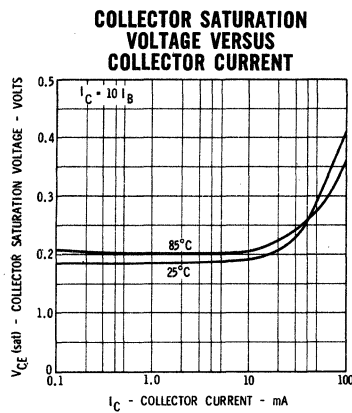
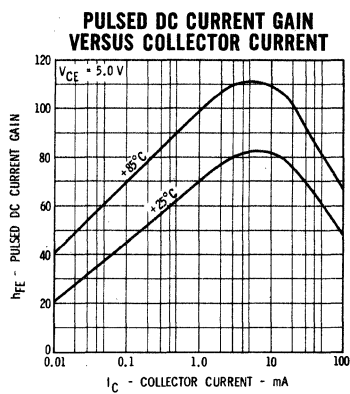
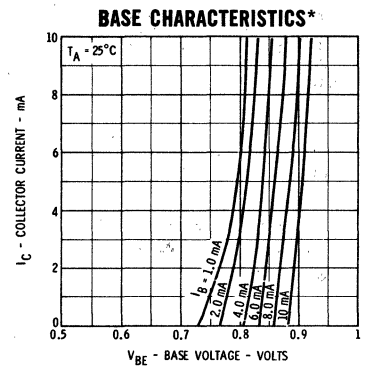
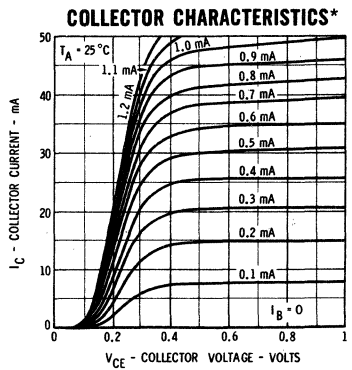
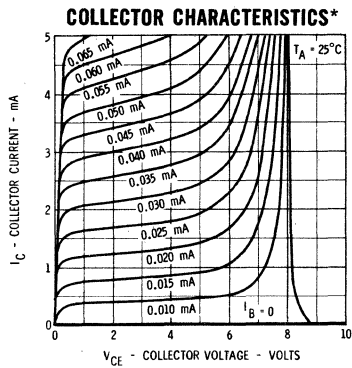
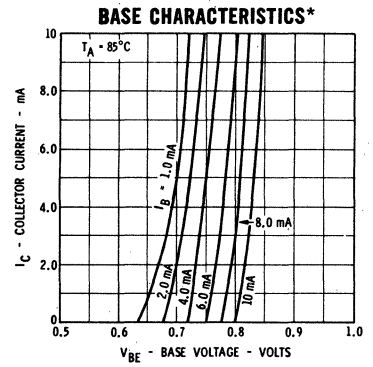
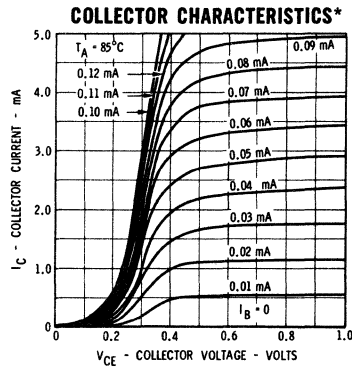
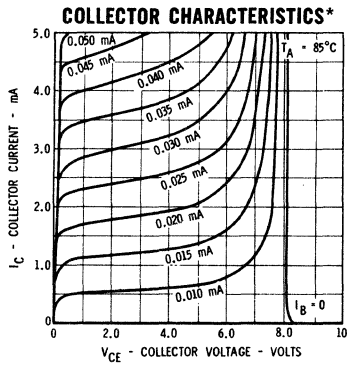
- NOTES:
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - (2) This is a steady state limit. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations
 - (3) This rating gives a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 583°C/watt (derating factor of 1.71 mW/°C).

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(NOTES CONTINUED ON PAGE 4)

FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

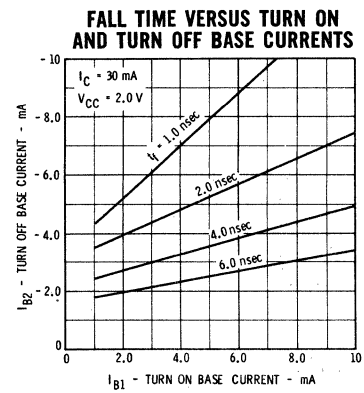
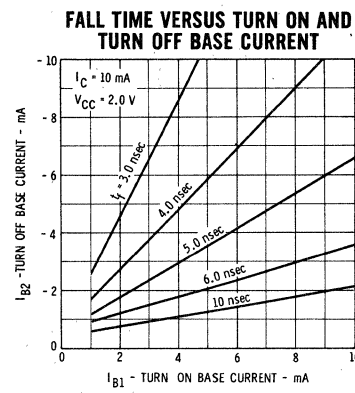
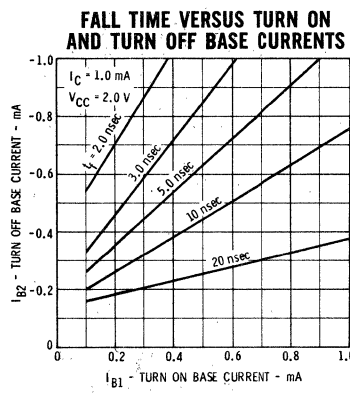
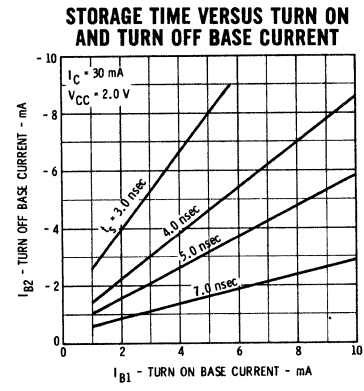
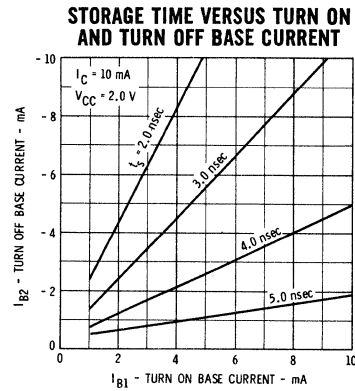
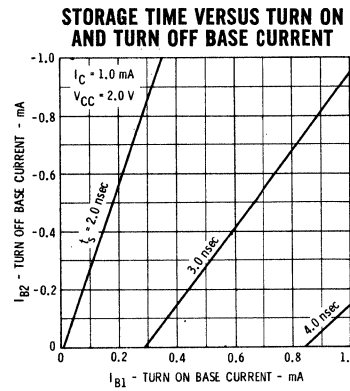
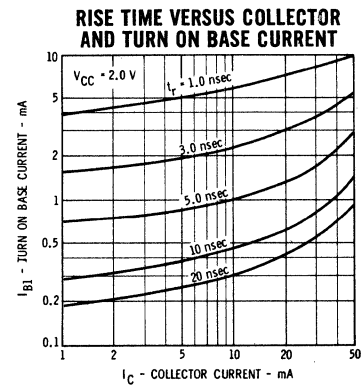
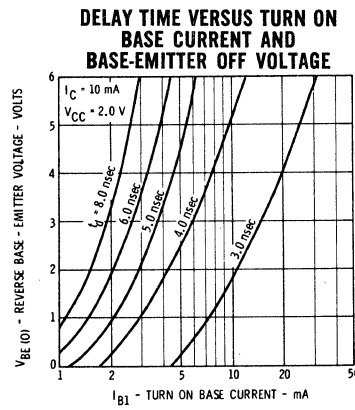
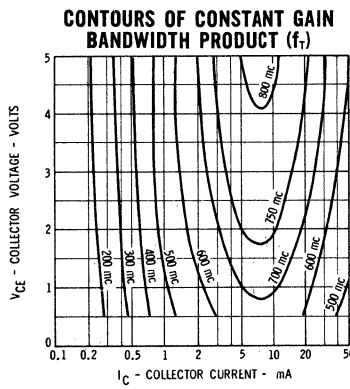
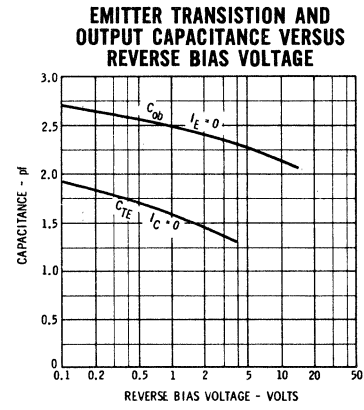
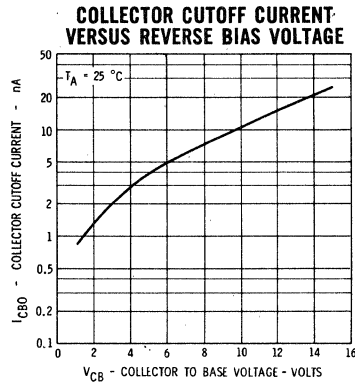
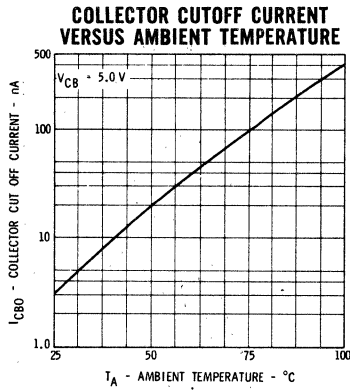
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

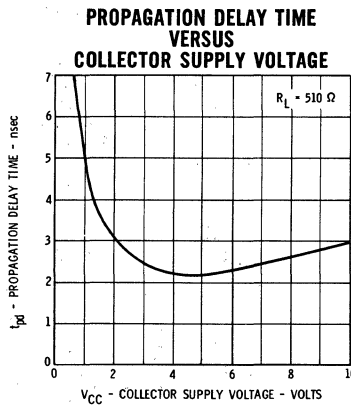
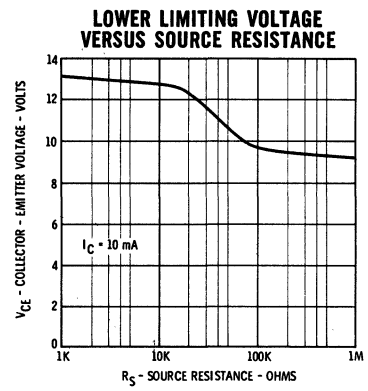
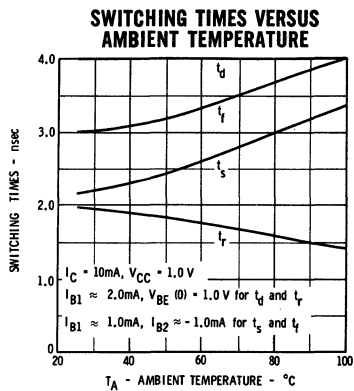
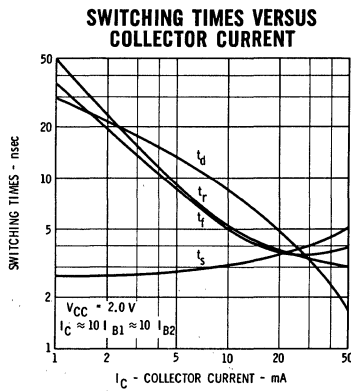


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

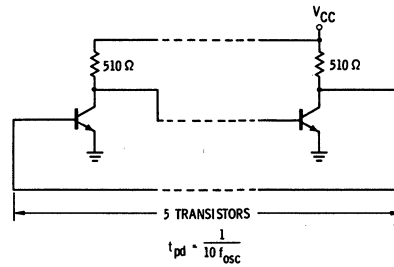
FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

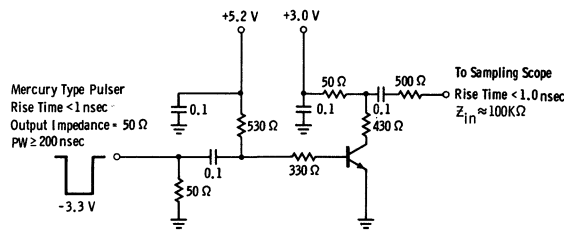




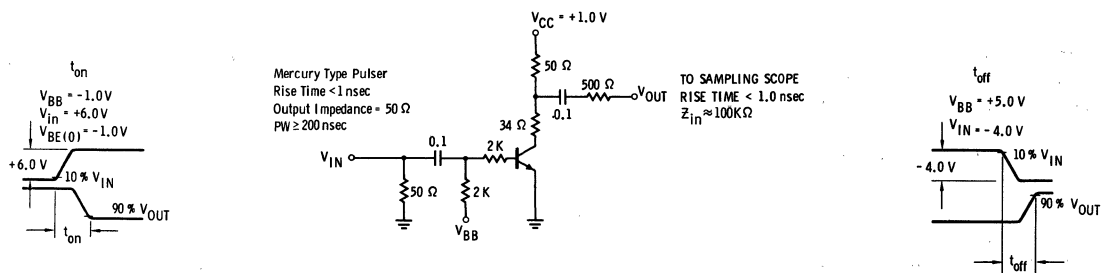
FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



CHARGE STORAGE TIME — CONSTANT TEST CIRCUIT



tON AND tOFF TEST CIRCUIT



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- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3011

FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The 2N3011 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed specifically for high-speed saturated switching applications in the 50-100 mc range at current levels from 100 microamperes to 100 milliamperes. It is suitable for most small-signal, RF, and digital type circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

Operating Junction Temperature

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

-65°C to +200°C

200°C Maximum

300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

1.2 Watts

0.68 Watt

0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage

V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]

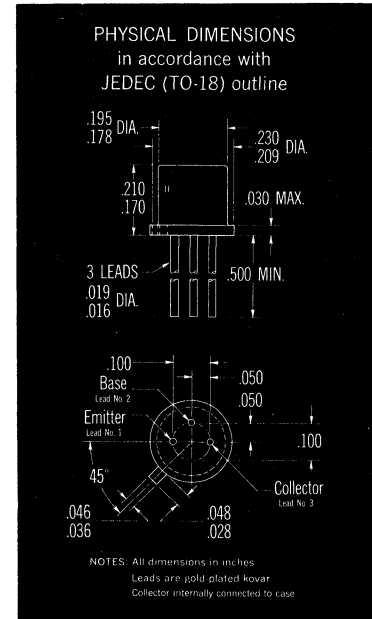
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

30 Volts

30 Volts

12 Volts

5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

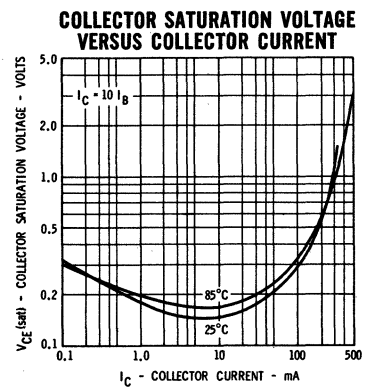
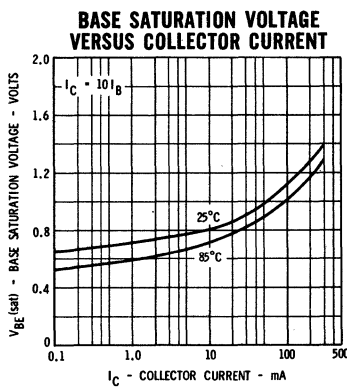
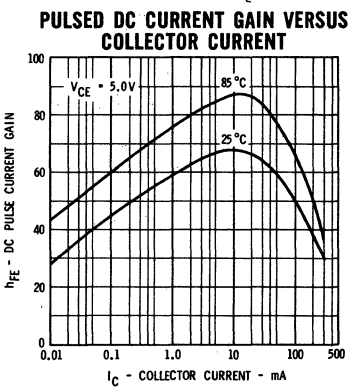
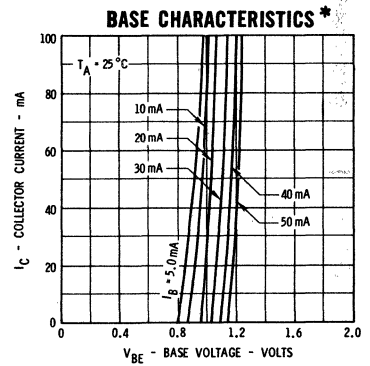
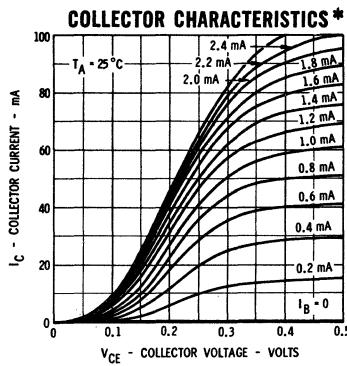
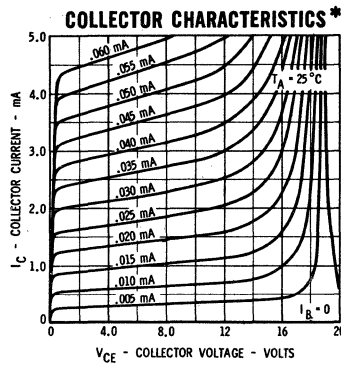
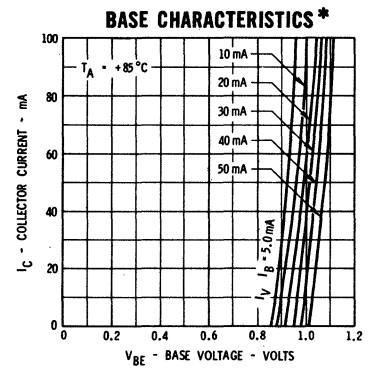
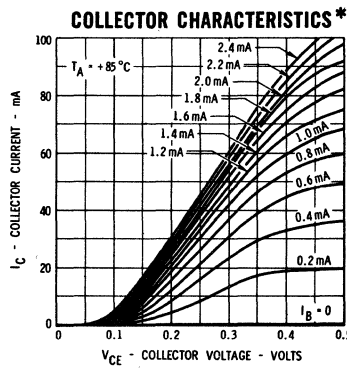
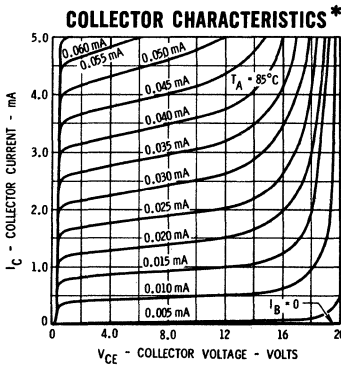
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	70	120		$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	75			$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12	50			$I_c = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.17	0.2	Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	0.25	Volts	$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage (+85°C)		0.15	0.3	Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage			0.3	Volts	$I_c = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	0.72	0.8	0.87	Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		0.9	1.15	Volts	$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage		1.1	1.6	Volts	$I_c = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	4.0	6.5			$I_c = 20 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		2.3	4.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
I _{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	0.4	μA	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
I _{CES} (85°C)	Collector Reverse Current		1.0	10	μA	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	30			Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ μA}$ $I_E = 0$
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	30			Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ μA}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	12			Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	(pulsed) $I_E = 100 \text{ μA}$ $I_c = 0$
τ _s	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 6]			13	nsec	$I_c = I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t _{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]			15	nsec	$I_c \approx 30 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$
t _{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]			20	nsec	$I_c \approx 30 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 3.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -3.0 \text{ mA}$

- NOTES:**
- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
 - These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).

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FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

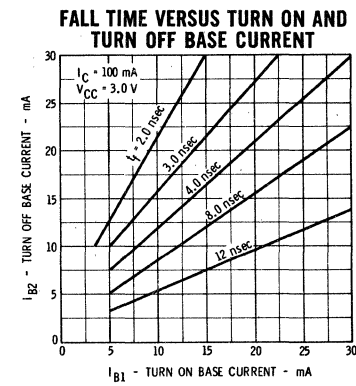
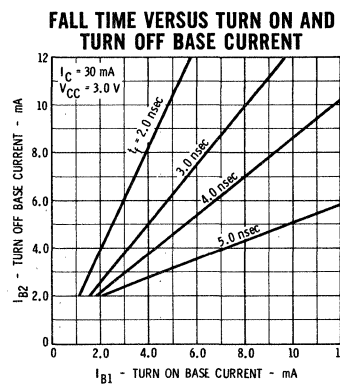
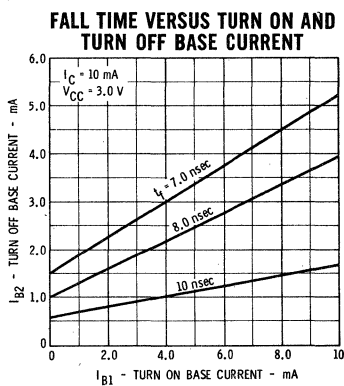
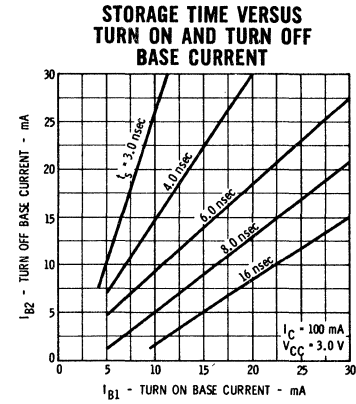
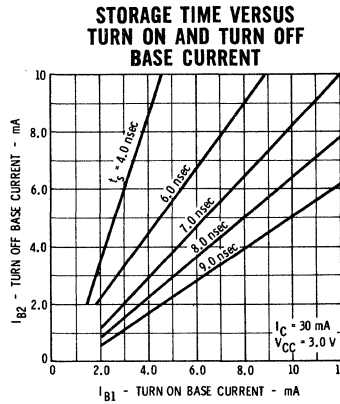
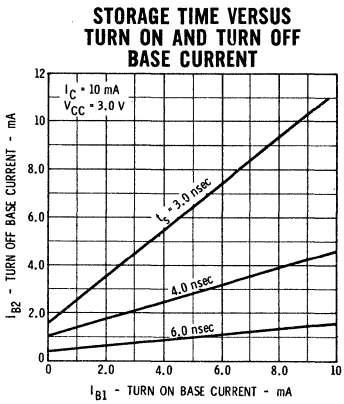
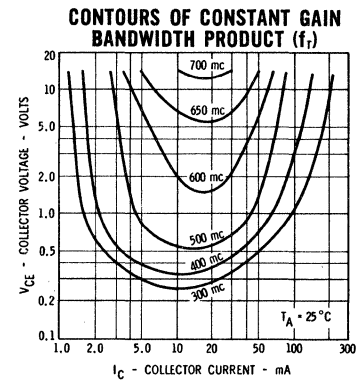
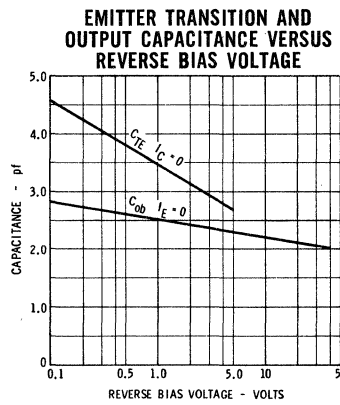
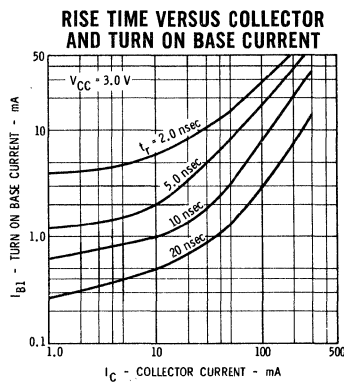
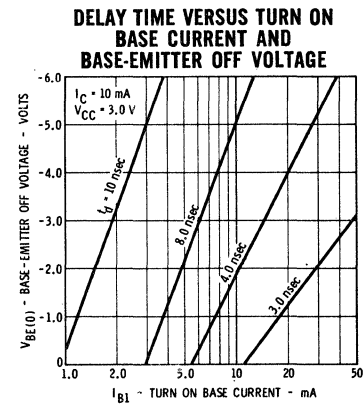
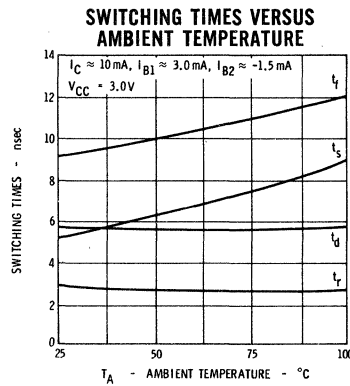
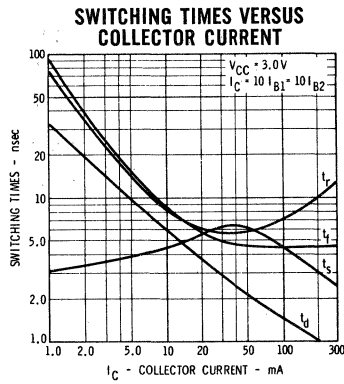
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

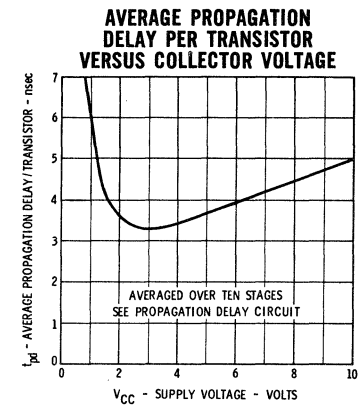
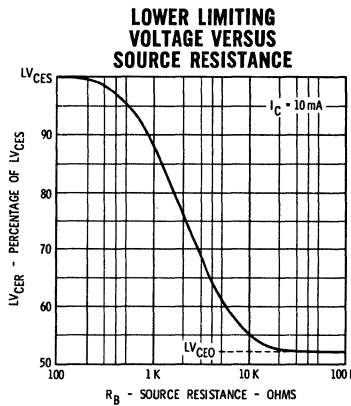
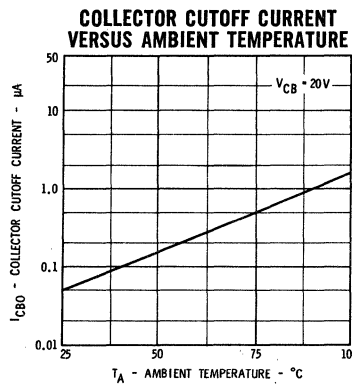
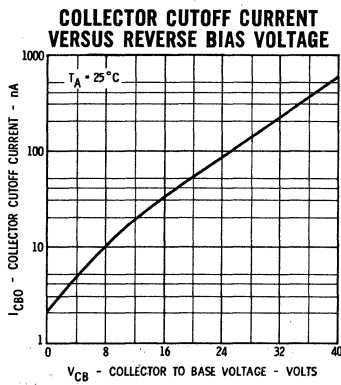


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

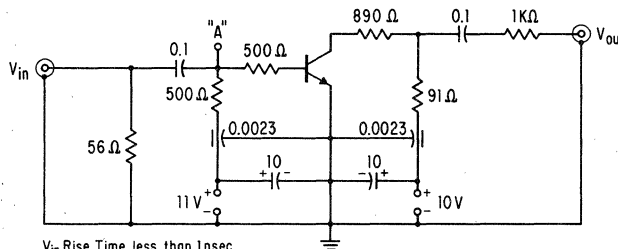
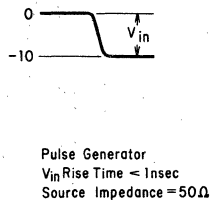
FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

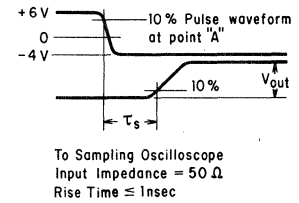




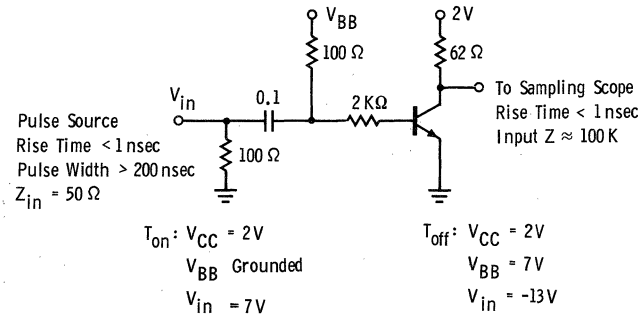
CHARGE STORAGE TIME — CONSTANT TEST CIRCUIT



V_{in} Rise Time less than 1nsec
 $PW \approx 300\text{nsec}$
Duty Cycle $\approx 2\%$



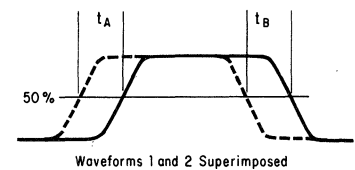
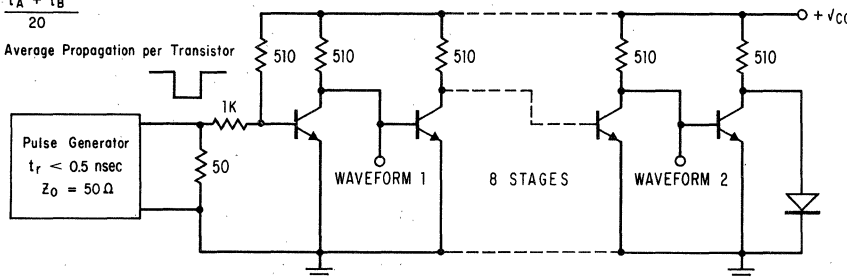
t_{on} - t_{off} MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



CIRCUIT FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY

$$\bar{t}_{pd} = \frac{t_A + t_B}{20}$$

\bar{t}_{pd} = Average Propagation per Transistor



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- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = $300\ \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3012

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N3012 is a 600 mc PNP silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed for saturated and non-saturated switching circuits requiring up to 200 milliamperes of collector current. It is suitable for 20 mc amplifiers, 10.7 mc IF amplifiers, and 100 mc oscillator converter circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

Operating Junction Temperature

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

-65°C to +200°C

200°C Maximum

300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

1.2 Watts

at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage

-12 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]

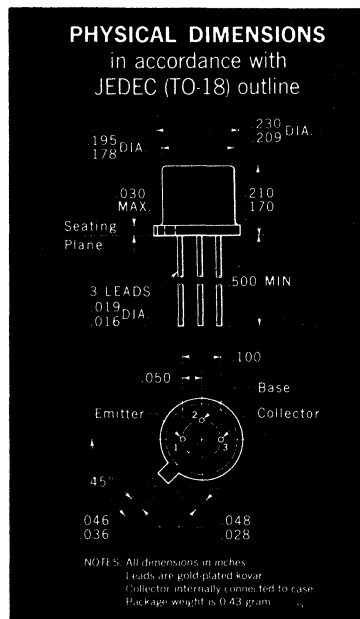
-12 Volts

V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage

-12 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

-4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

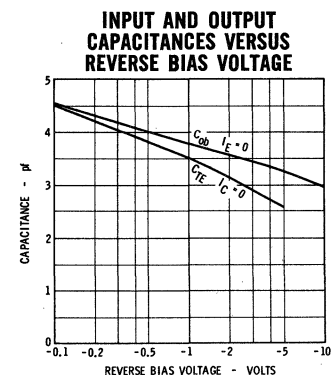
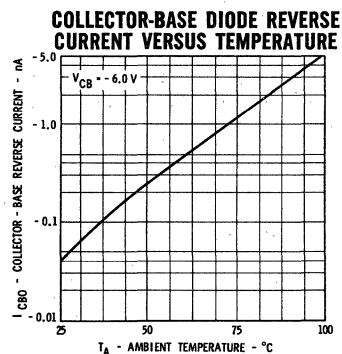
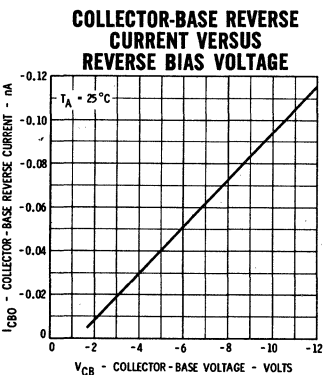
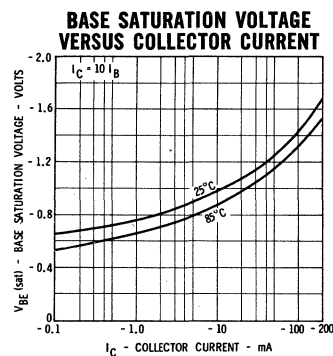
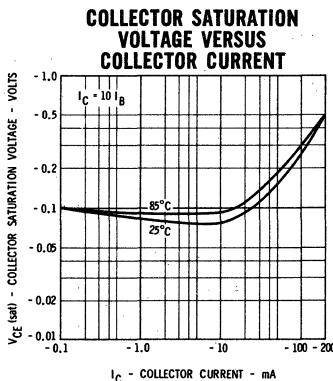
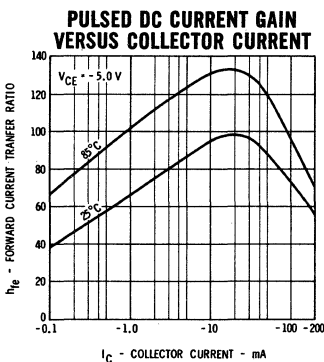
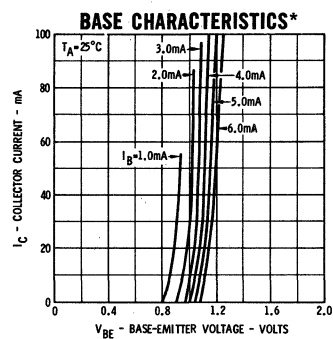
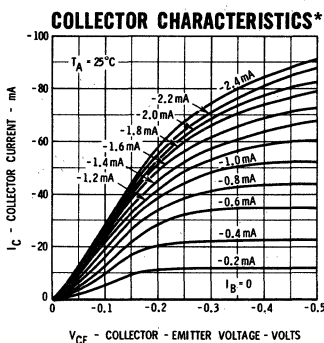
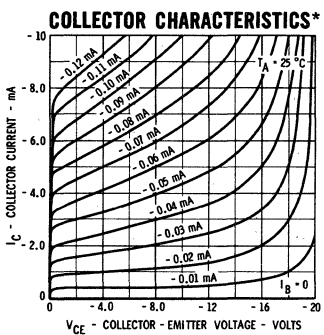
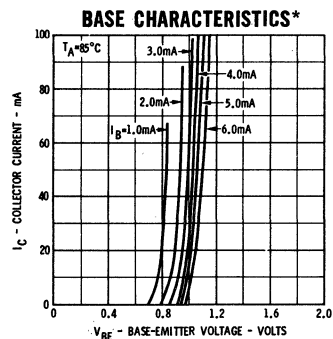
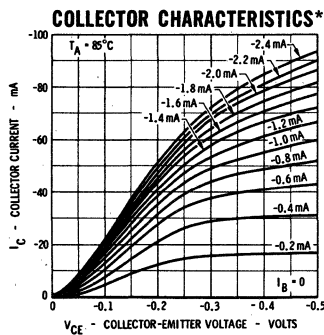
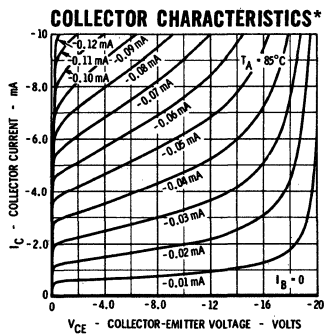
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	70	120		I _c = 30 mA V _{CE} = -0.5 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	50			I _c = 10 mA V _{CE} = -0.3 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	40			I _c = 100 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.07	-0.15		Volts	I _c = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.1	-0.2		Volts	I _c = 30 mA I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage (+85°C)	-0.15	-0.4		Volts	I _c = 30 mA I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.25	-0.5		Volts	I _c = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.78	-0.90	-0.98	Volts	I _c = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.85	-1.12	-1.2	Volts	I _c = 30 mA I _B = 3.0 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	-1.4	-1.7		Volts	I _c = 100 mA I _B = 10 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	4.0	5.5			I _c = 30 mA V _{CE} = -10 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance		3.3	6.0	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = -5.0 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		3.8	6.0	pf	I _c = 0 V _{EB} = -0.5 V
I _{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	80	nA	V _{CE} = -6.0 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{CES (85°C)}	Collector Reverse Current		0.003	5.0	μA	V _{CE} = -6.0 V V _{BE} = 0
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-12			Volts	I _c = 10 μA I _E = 0
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-12			Volts	I _c = 10 μA I _E = 0
V _{CEO (sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-12			Volts	I _c = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	I _E = 100 μA I _c = 0
t _{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		25	60	nsec	I _c ≈ 30 mA I _{B1} ≈ 1.5 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		35	75	nsec	I _c ≈ 30 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 1.5 mA, I _{B2} ≈ -1.5 mA

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3012

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

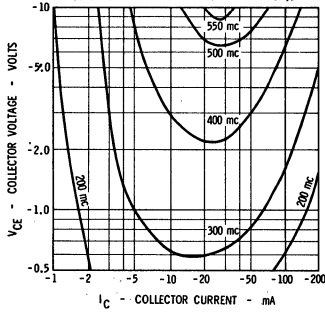


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

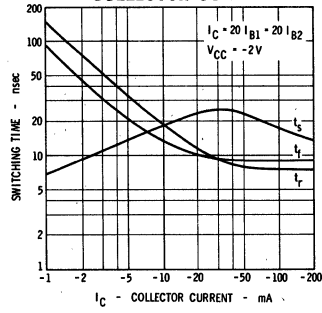
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3012

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

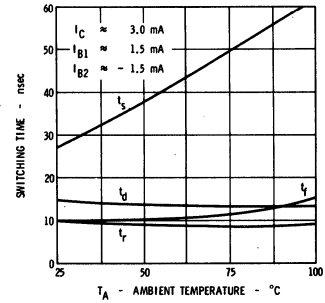
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



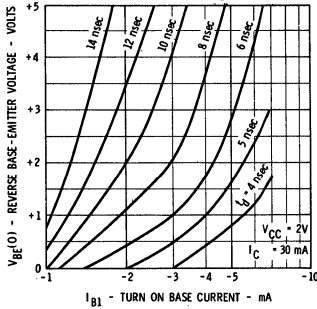
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



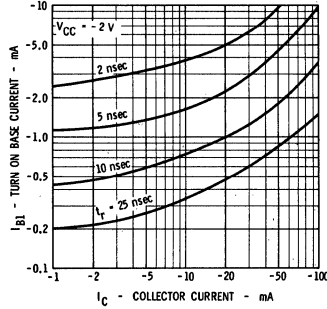
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



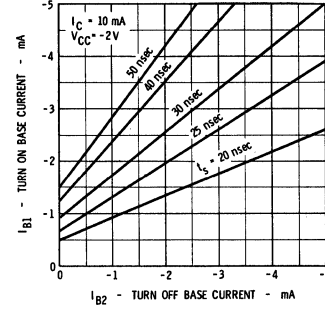
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



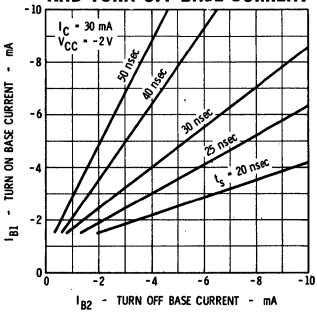
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



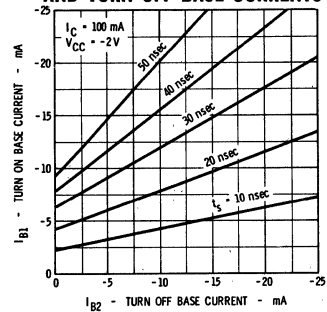
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



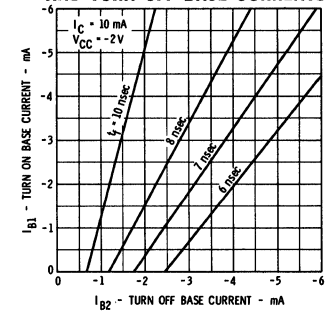
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



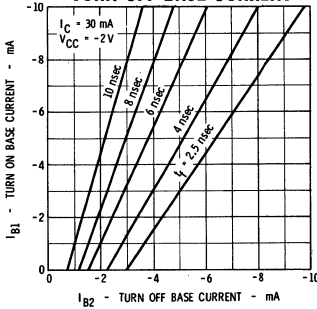
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



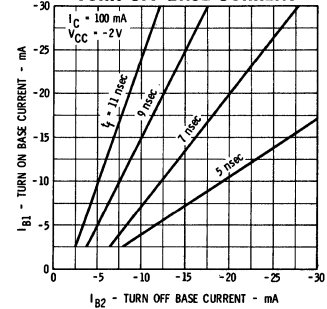
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



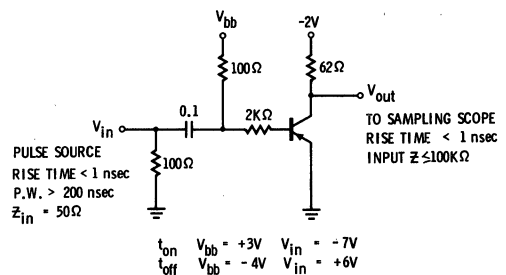
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



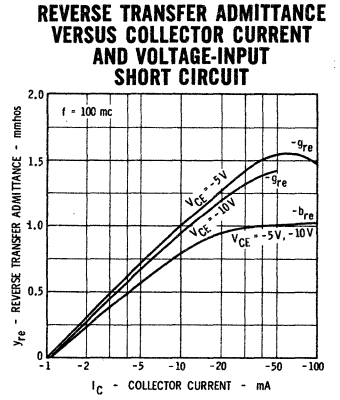
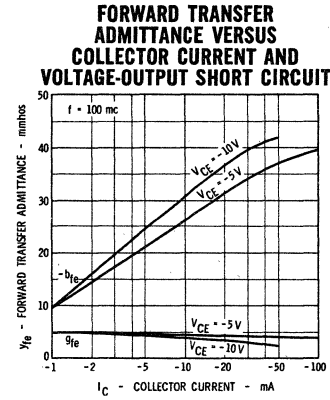
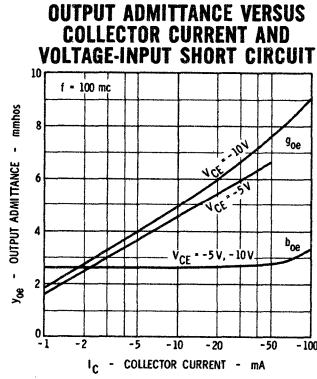
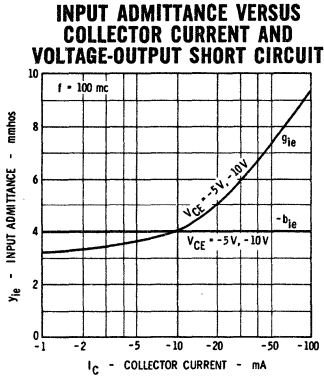
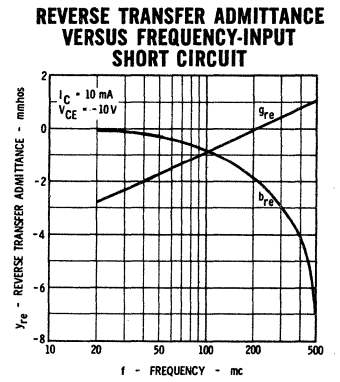
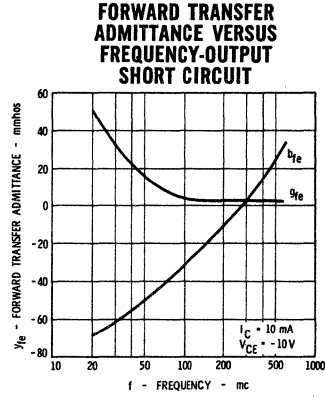
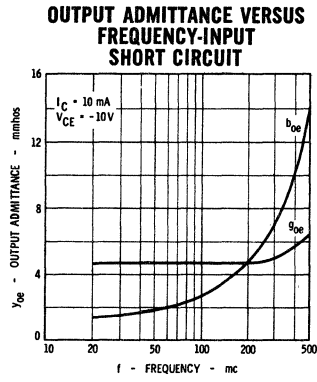
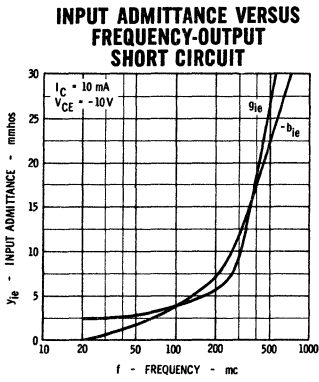
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



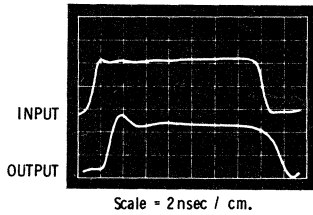
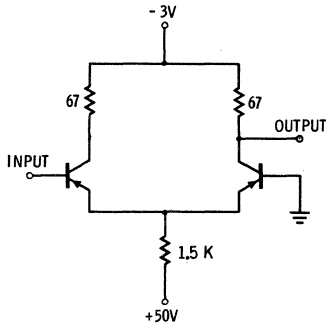
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



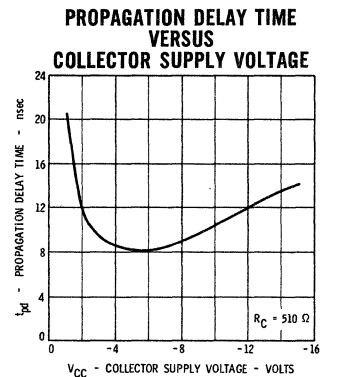
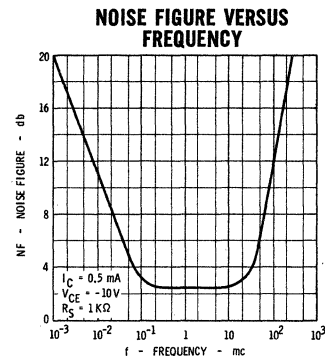
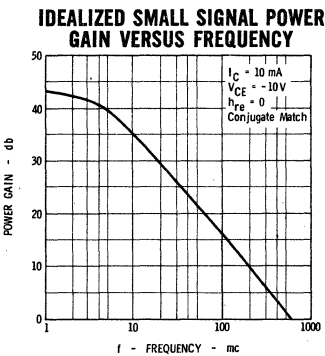
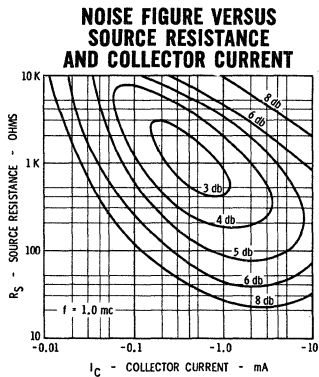
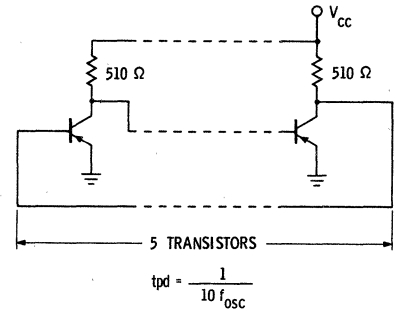
TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS



NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE



FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of IC, IB1, and IB2.

2N3013

NPN HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3013 is an NPN Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistor designed for memory applications to 500 milliamperes. It features the unique combination of 350 MHz minimum f_T with a guaranteed 300 milliampere collector saturation voltage of 0.5 volt.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

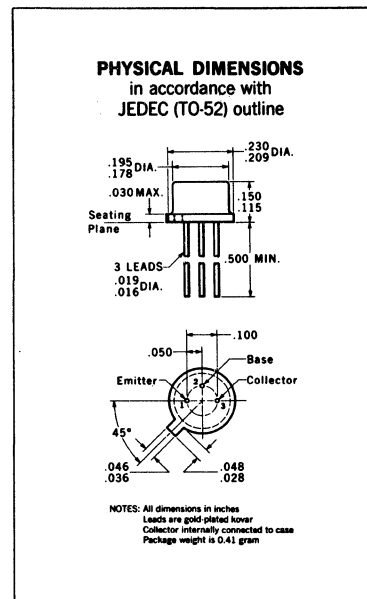
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60	120		$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	55			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	40			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12	30			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.16	0.18	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (+125°C)		0.19	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	0.28	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.39	0.5	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.75	0.82	0.95	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.97	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.3	1.7	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

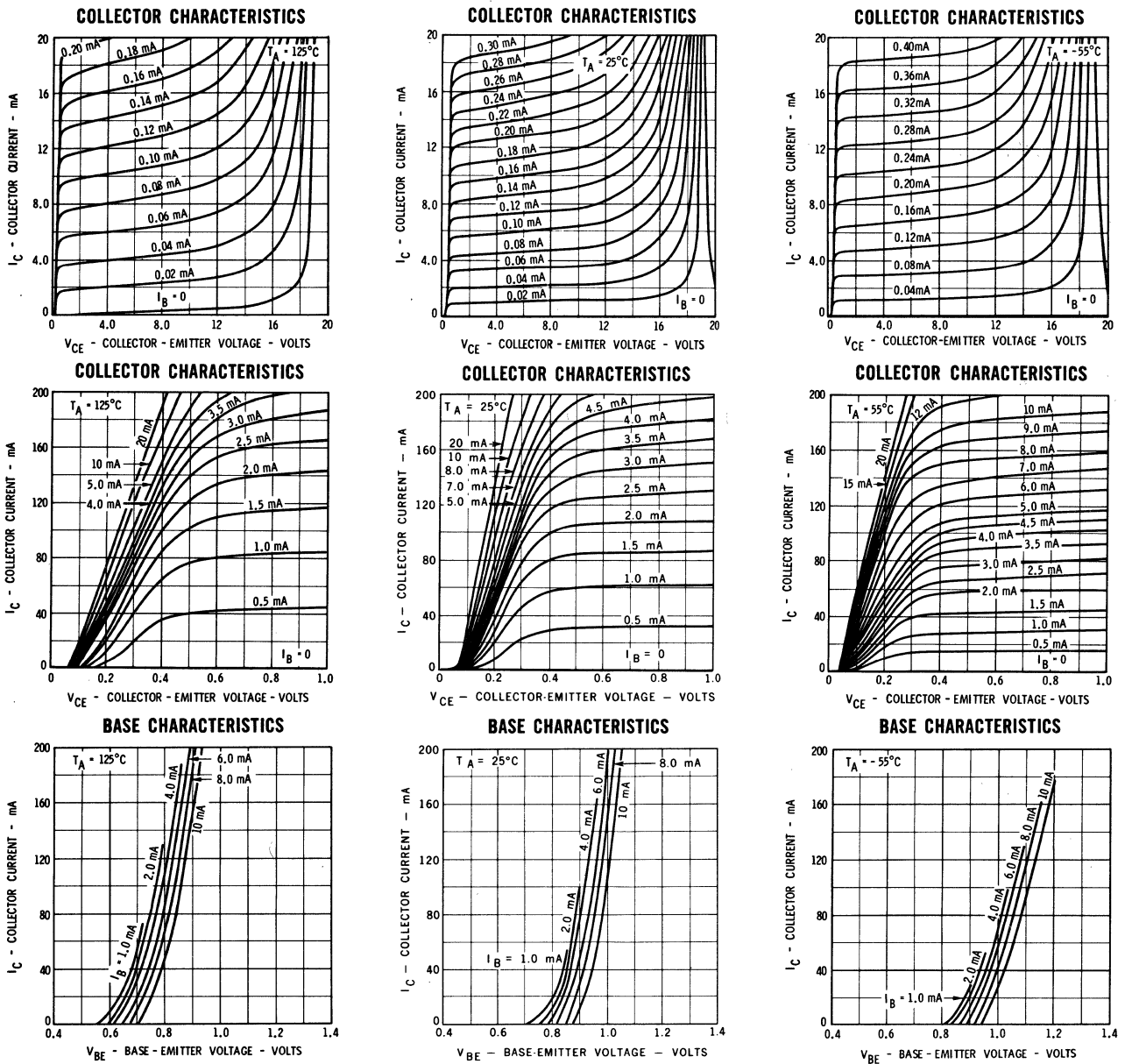
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3013

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	3.5	5.5			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		3.3	5.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		6.5	8.0	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.04	0.3		μA	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current	2.0	40		μA	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	15			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 6)		8.0	18	ns	$I_C = I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		9.0	15	ns	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		15	25	ns	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -30 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

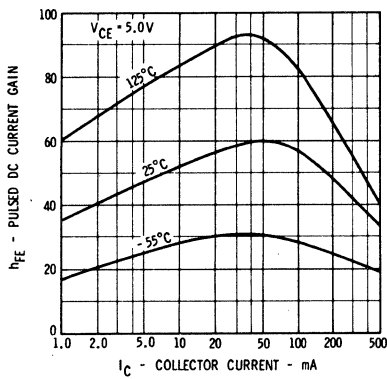


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

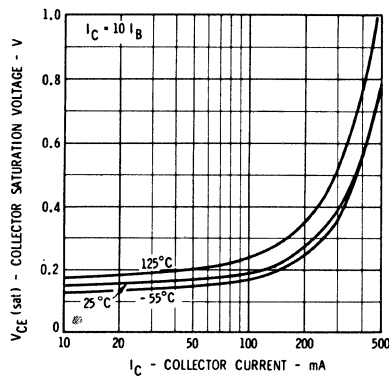
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3013

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

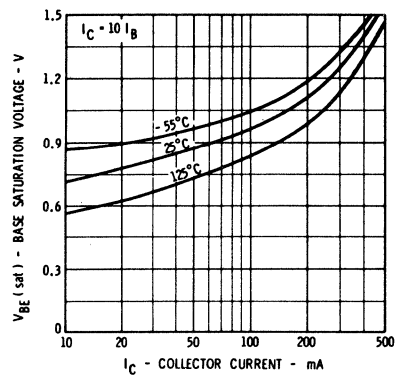
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



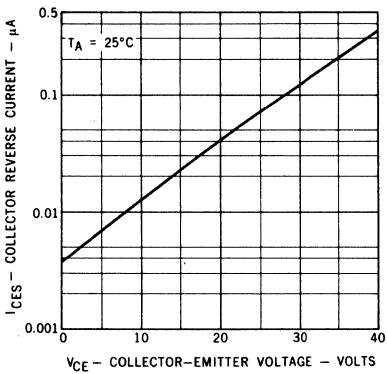
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



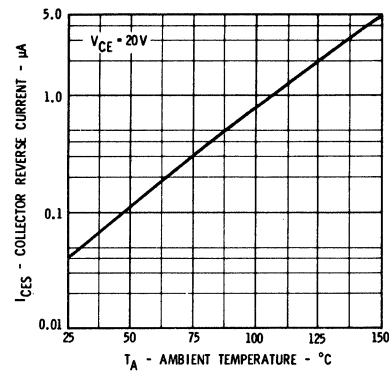
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



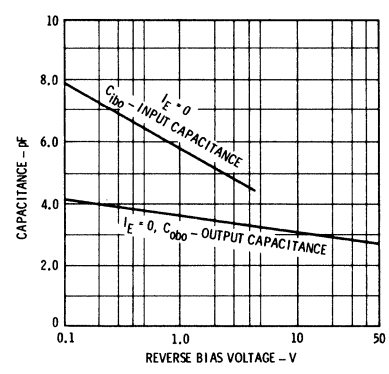
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



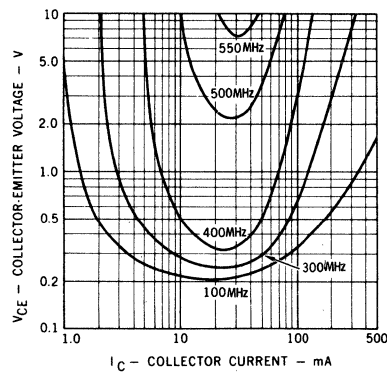
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



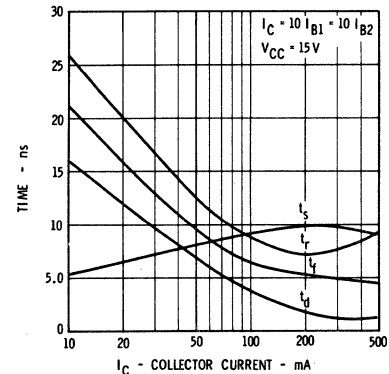
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



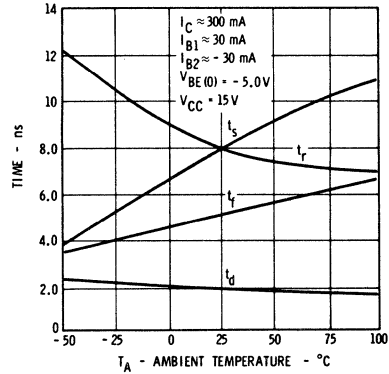
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



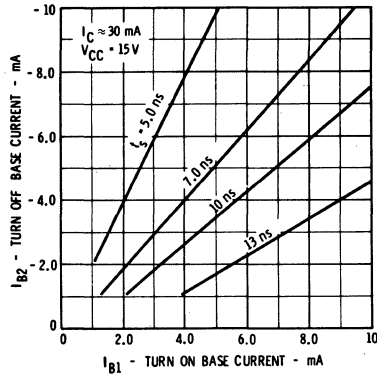
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



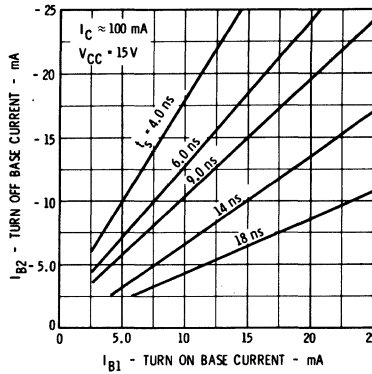
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3013

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

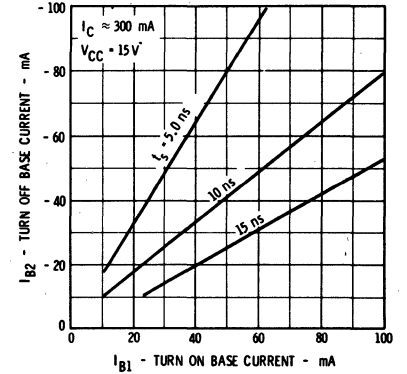
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



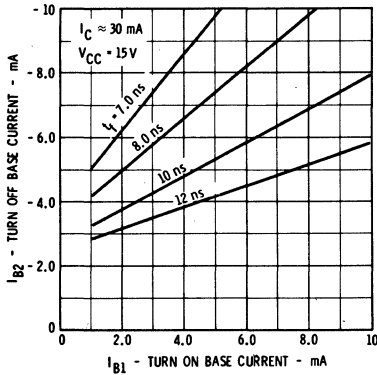
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



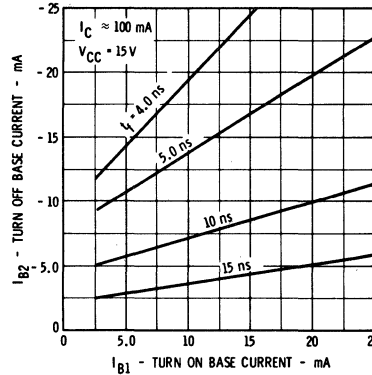
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



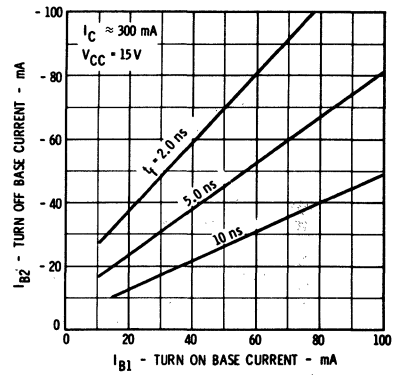
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



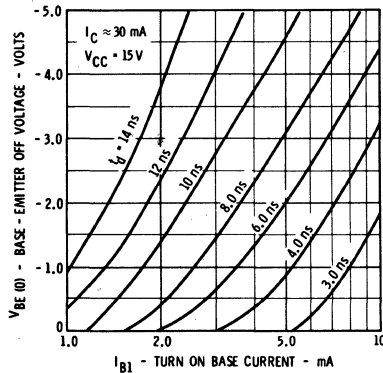
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



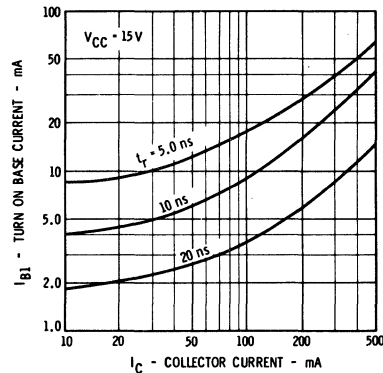
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENT



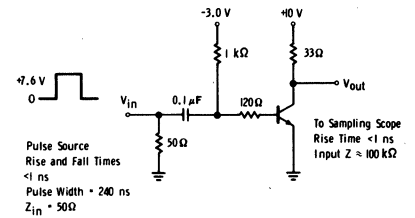
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND BASE-EMITTER OFF VOLTAGE



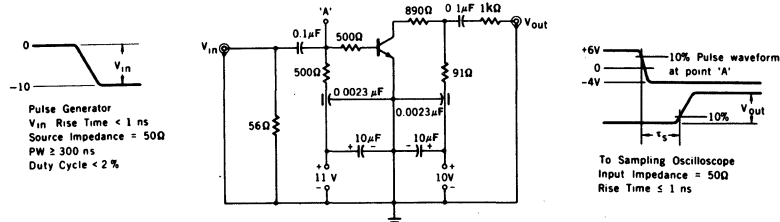
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



$t_{on} - t_{off}$ MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3014

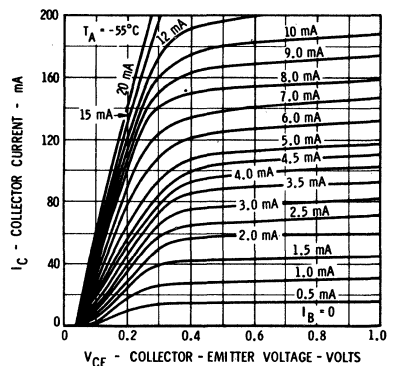
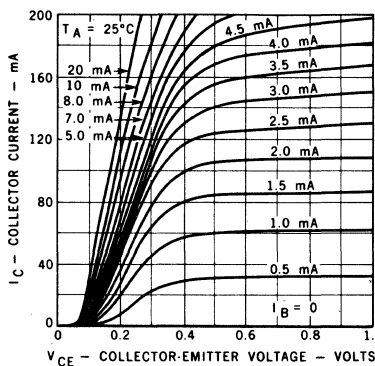
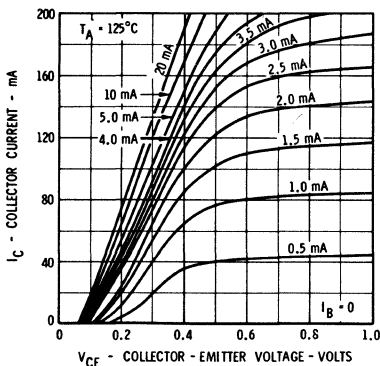
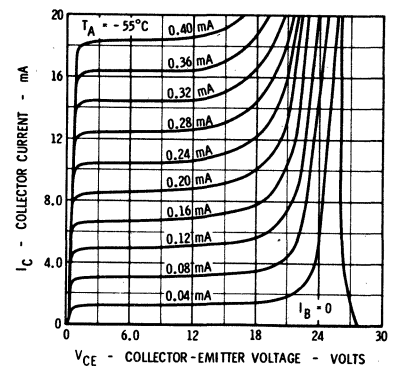
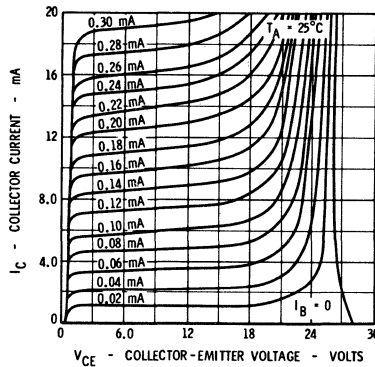
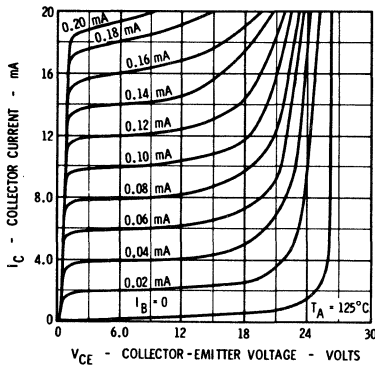
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60	120		$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	45			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	55			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12	30			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.15	0.18	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.16	0.18	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (+125°C)		0.19	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	0.35	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.7	0.75	0.8	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.75	0.82	0.95	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.97	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$

NOTES:

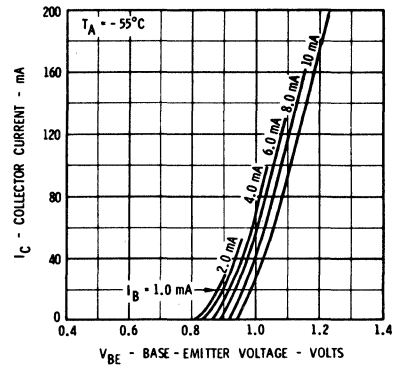
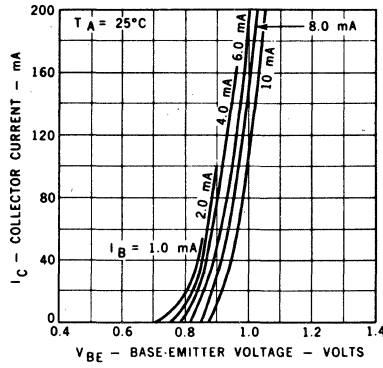
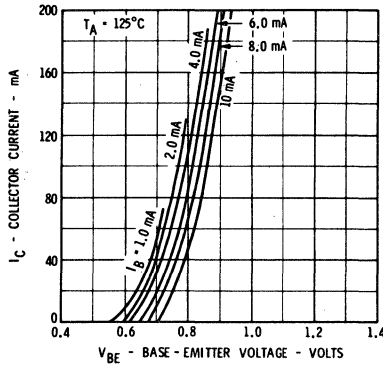
- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



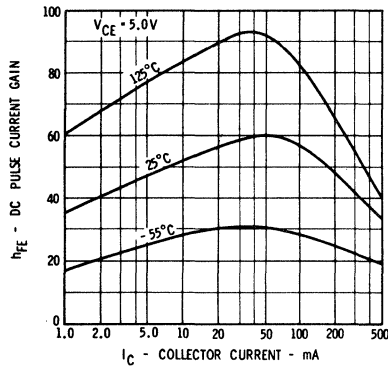
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3014

TYPICAL BASE CHARACTERISTICS

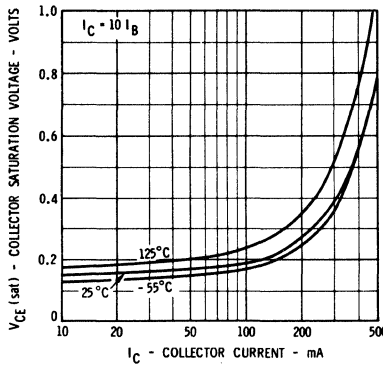


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

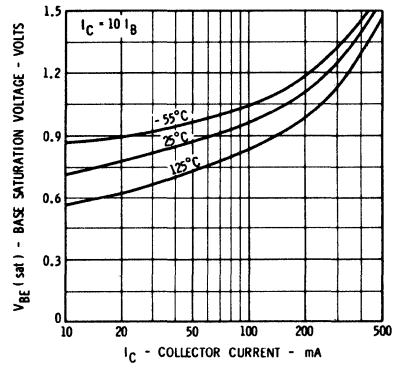
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



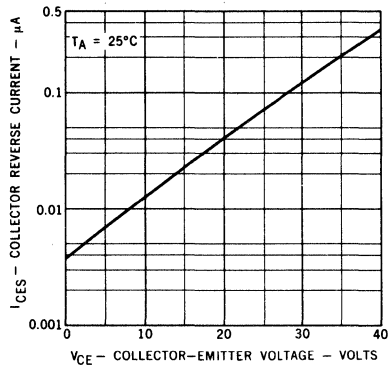
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



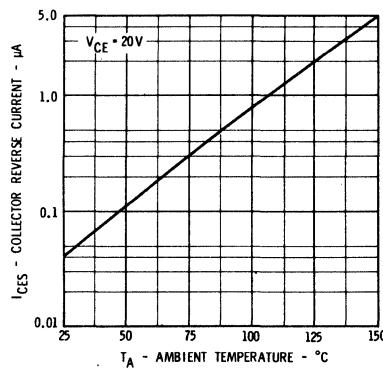
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



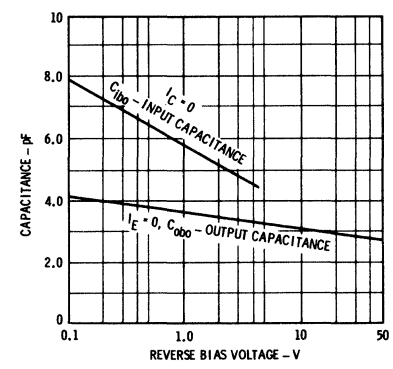
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



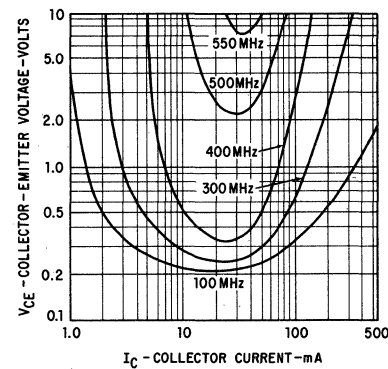
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



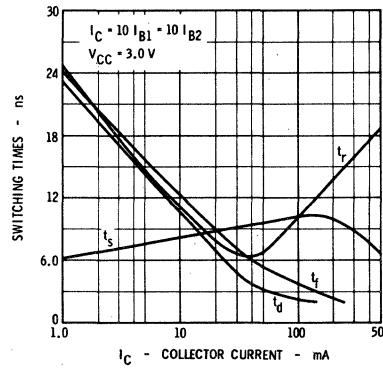
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



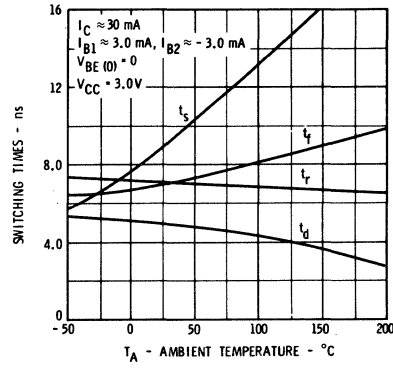
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



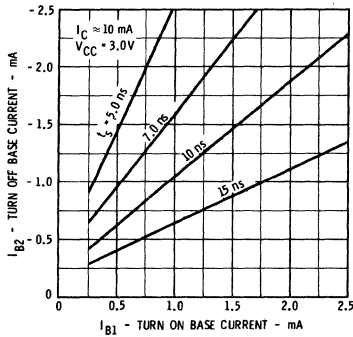
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



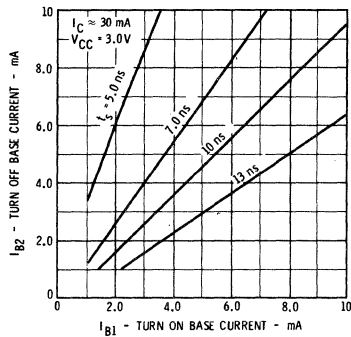
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3014

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

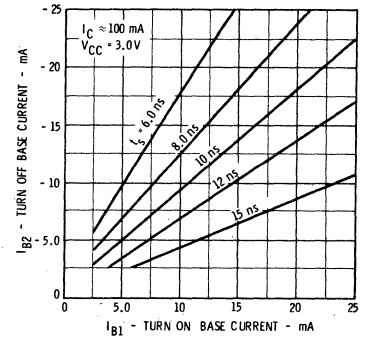
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



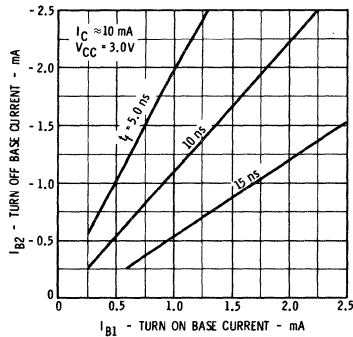
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



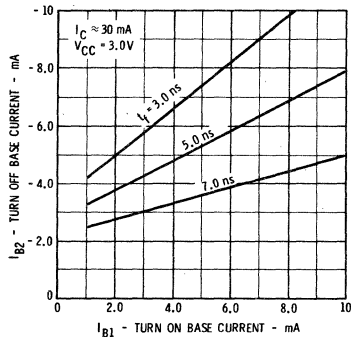
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



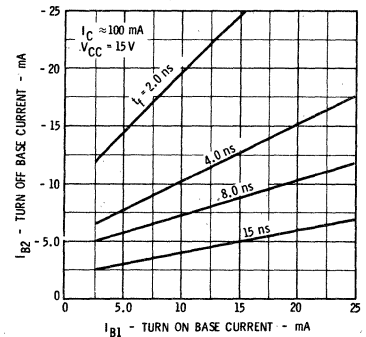
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



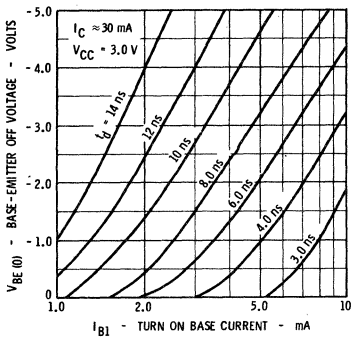
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



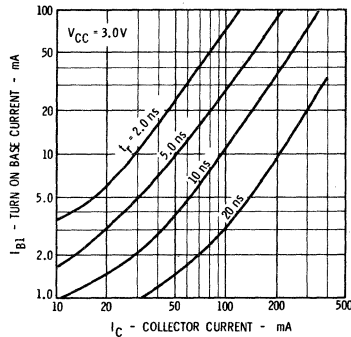
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



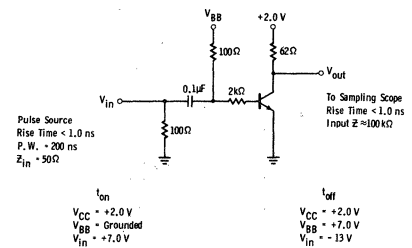
DELAY TIME VERSUS BASE-EMITTER OFF VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



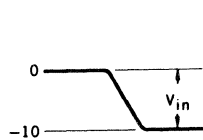
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



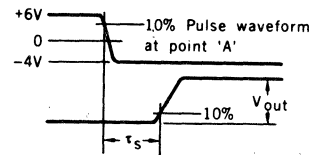
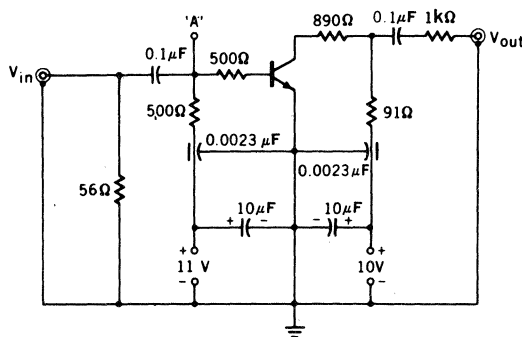
t_{ON} AND t_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT



CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



Pulse Generator
 V_{in} Rise Time $< 1 \text{ ns}$
 Source Impedance = 50 Ω
 PW $\geq 300 \text{ ns}$
 Duty Cycle $< 2\%$



To Sampling Oscilloscope
 Input Impedance = 50 Ω
 Rise Time $\leq 1 \text{ ns}$

2N3015*

FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

The 2N3015 is an NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed primarily for high-speed commercial switching applications at collector currents to 500 milliamperes and collector voltages to 60 volts. It is an excellent core driver with switching times guaranteed at 300 and 500 mA, and an V_{CE0} of 30 volts.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

Operating Junction Temperature

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

-65°C to +200°C
200°C Maximum
300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

3.0 Watts
0.8 Watt

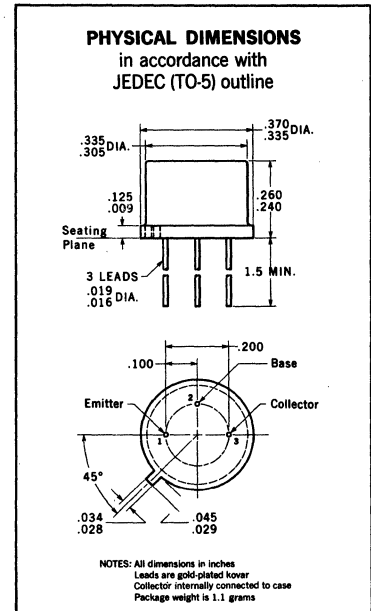
Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

60 Volts
30 Volts
5.0 Volts.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain-[Note 5]	30	63	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	10	50			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.7 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage [pulsed, see Note 5]	0.23	0.4		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage [pulsed, see Note 5]	0.46	1.0		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage [pulsed, see Note 5]	0.85	1.2		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage [pulsed, see Note 5]	1.12	1.6		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	2.5	3.3			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.05	0.2		μA	$V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current	6.5	200		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		5.0	8.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	30			Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		22	40	nsec	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		22	40	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		22	60	nsec	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}, I_{B2} \approx -30 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		22	60	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}, I_{B2} \approx -50 \text{ mA}$

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

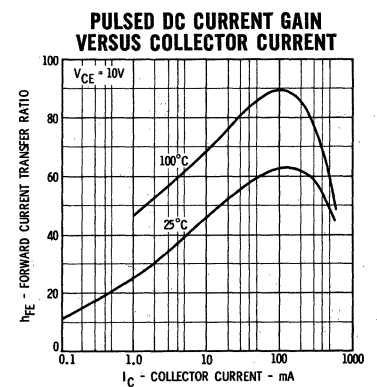
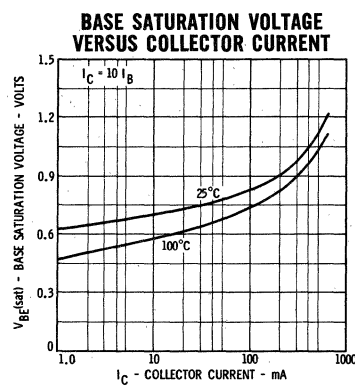
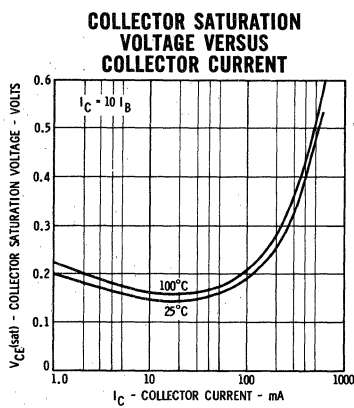
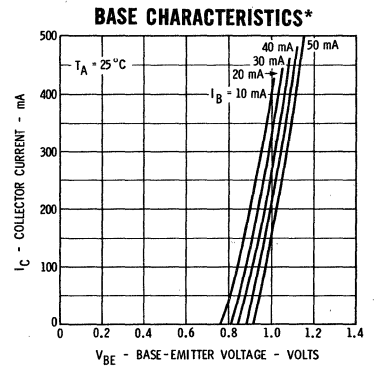
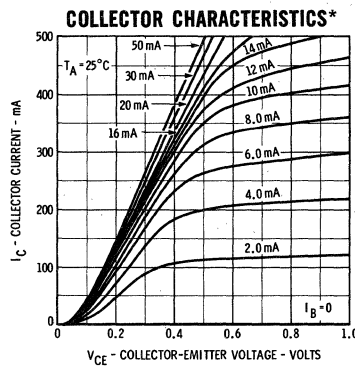
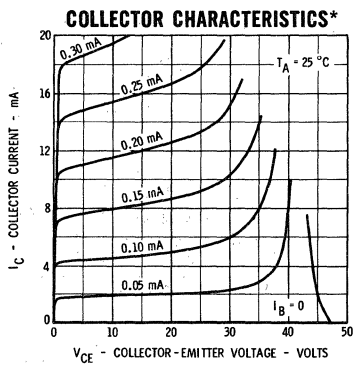
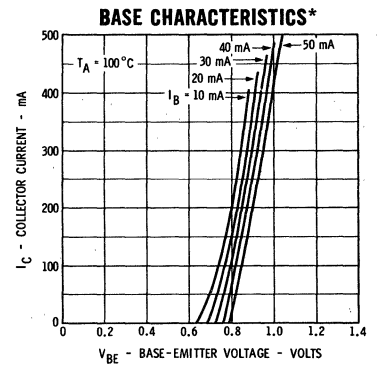
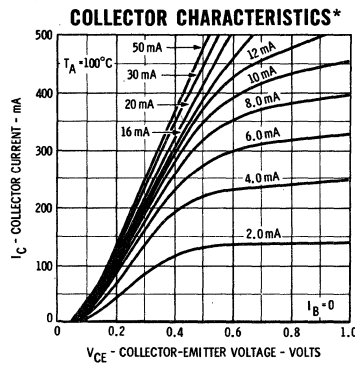
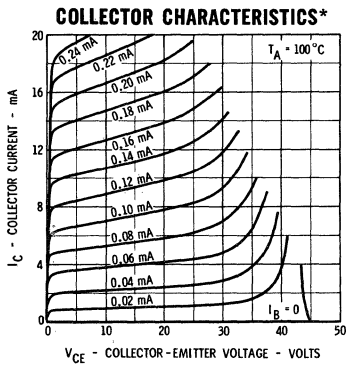
- NOTES:**
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
 - (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/watt (derating factor of 4.6 mW/°C).

(Notes continued on page 4)

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FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

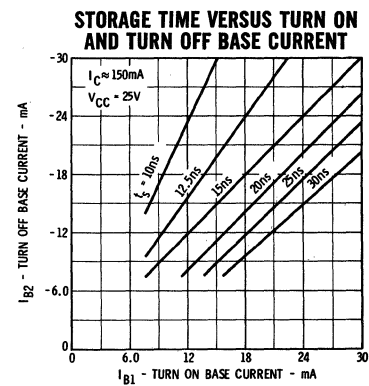
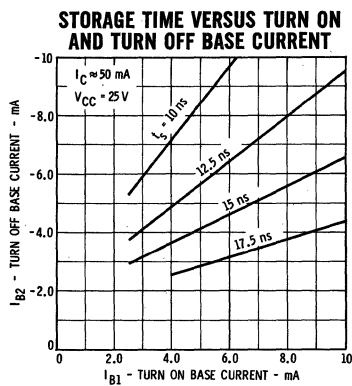
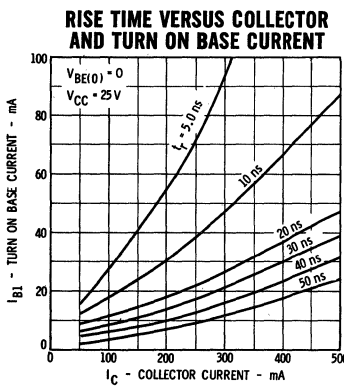
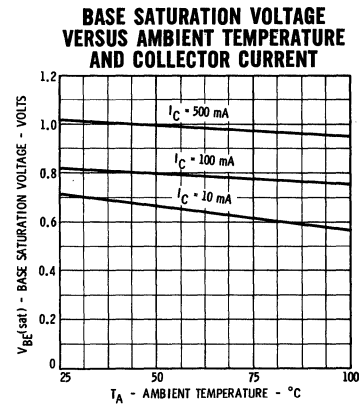
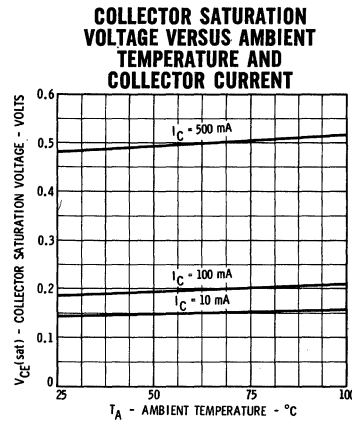
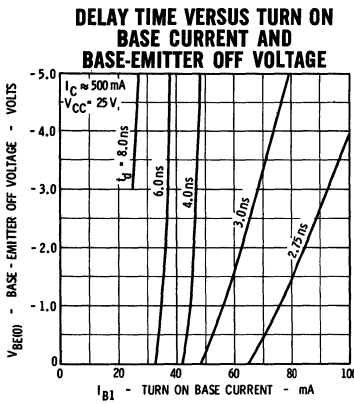
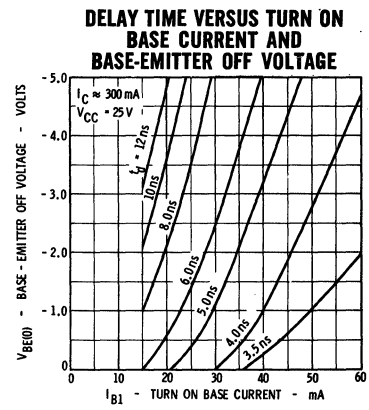
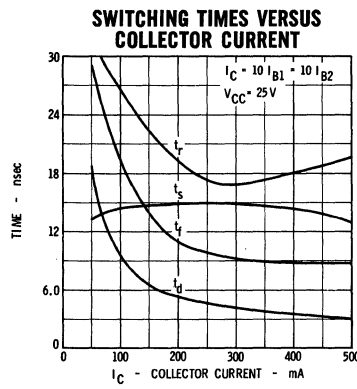
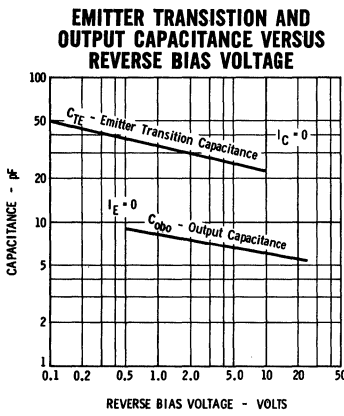
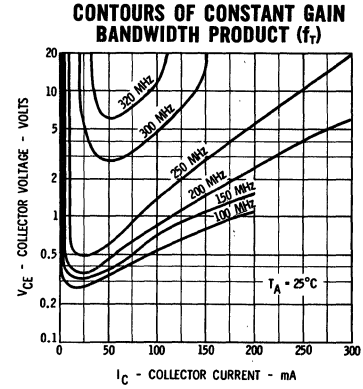
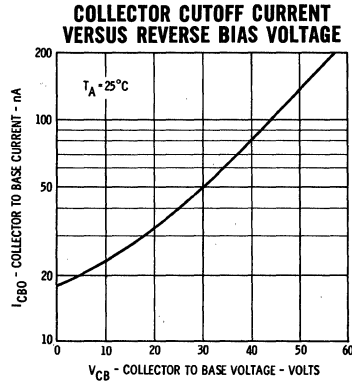
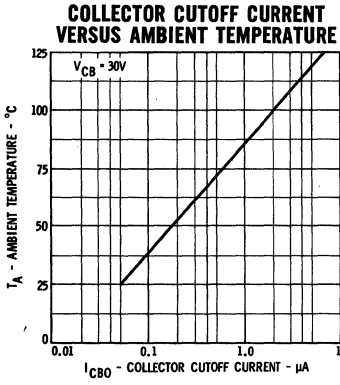
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



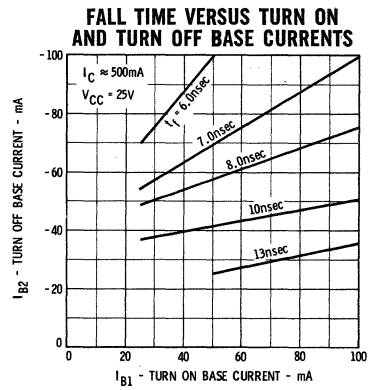
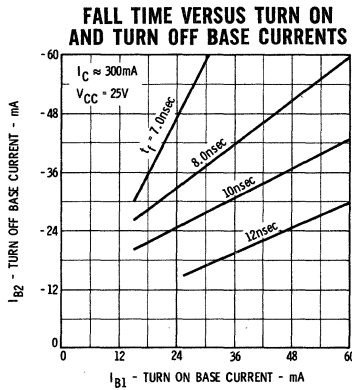
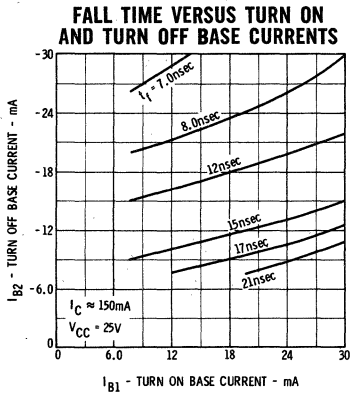
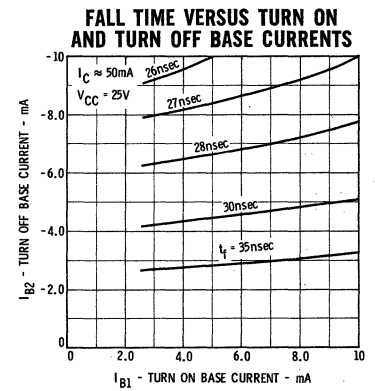
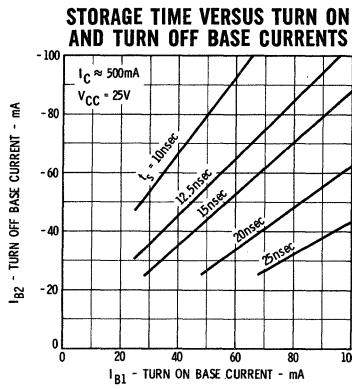
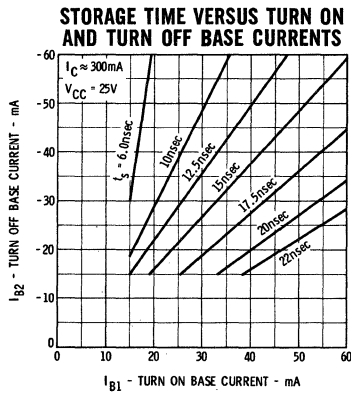
* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD NPN DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

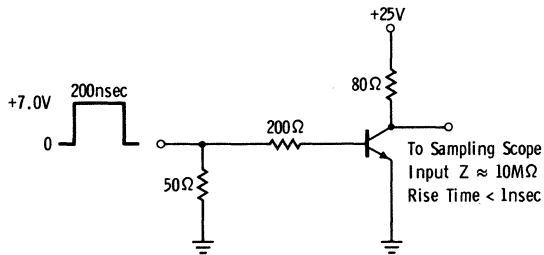
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

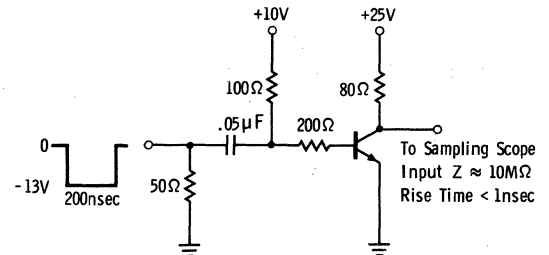


t_{on} TEST CIRCUIT ($I_C \approx 300\text{ mA}$)



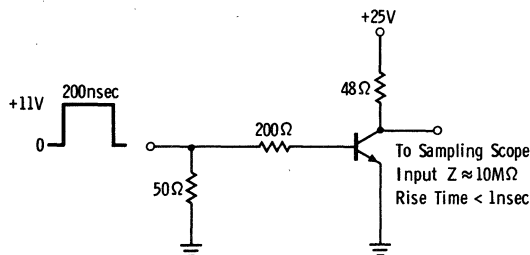
Rise time of input pulse $< 2.0\text{nsec}$
Input impedance $\approx 50\Omega$

t_{off} TEST CIRCUIT ($I_C \approx 300\text{ mA}$)



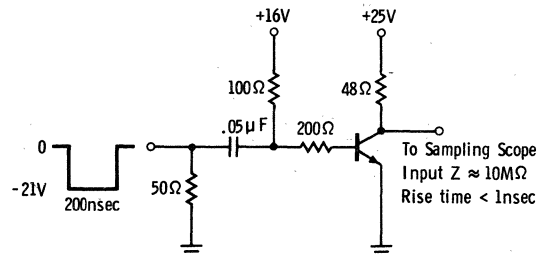
Rise Time of input pulse $< 2.0\text{nsec}$
Input impedance $\approx 50\Omega$

t_{on} TEST CIRCUIT ($I_C \approx 500\text{ mA}$)



Rise time of input pulse $< 2.0\text{nsec}$
Input impedance $\approx 50\Omega$

t_{off} TEST CIRCUIT ($I_C \approx 500\text{ mA}$)



Rise time of input pulse $< 2.0\text{nsec}$
Input impedance $\approx 50\Omega$

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(4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.

(5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

(6) See switching circuits for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3019 • 2N3020

NPN HIGH VOLTAGE GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3019 and 2N3020 are NPN Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors designed primarily for amplifier and switching applications. These devices feature high breakdown voltages, low leakage currents, low capacity and a beta useful over an extremely wide current range. Switching operation at 1.0 ampere is permissible due to the low saturation voltage.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

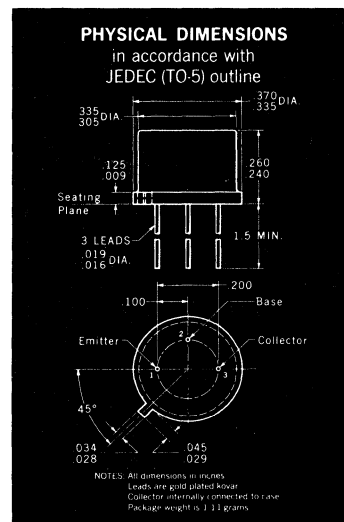
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	+300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	5.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	140 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	80 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3019		2N3020		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	90		40	120		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	300	40	120		I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	50		30	100		I _C = 0.1 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50		30	100		I _C = 500 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15		15			I _C = 1.0 A V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40					I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.2		0.2	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.5		0.5	Volts	I _C = 500 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{BE(sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.1		1.1	Volts	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 Mc)	5.0		4.0			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{obo}	Output Capacitance (f = 1 Mc)		12		12	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{ibo}	Input Capacitance (f = 1 Mc)		60		60	pf	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 0.5 V
I _{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 90 V
I _{CBO} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		10		10	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 90 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	140		140		Volts	I _C = 100 μA I _E = 0
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	80		80		Volts	I _C = 30 mA (pulsed) I _B = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0		7.0		Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 100 μA
r _{b'c}	Collector-Base Time Constant (f = 4 Mc)		400		400	psec	I _C = 10 mA V _{CB} = 10 V
NF	Noise Figure (Note 6)		4			db	I _C = 100 μA V _{CE} = 10 V

- NOTES:** (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
(2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
(3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 350°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 218°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.6 mW/°C).
(4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
(5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle ≤ 1%.
(6) f = 1.0 Kc; R_g = 1 KΩ.

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2N3056 · 2N3056A · 2N3057 · 2N3057A

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These devices are NPN silicon Planar epitaxial transistors designed for use in high-current amplifier applications. Operation to one ampere plus collector to emitter voltage of 60 and 80 volts is permissible.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

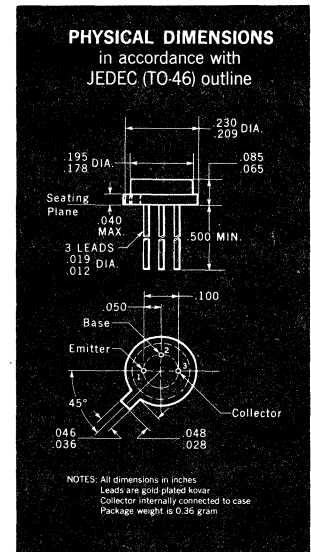
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	5.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	2.8 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.4 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

		2N3056	2N3056A
		2N3057	2N3057A
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	100 Volts	140 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	60 Volts	80 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts
I_C	Continuous Collector Current (Note 2)	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3056		2N3057		Units	Test Conditions
		2N3056A	Min.	Max.	2N3057A		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	100	300		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	90			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	30	100	50			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	100	50			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)			40			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15		15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)		1.1		1.1	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$)	30	200	80	400		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance		12		12	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance		60		60	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0		7.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
NF	Noise Figure (Note 6)				4.0	db	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2 (See notes on back page)

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3056 • 2N3056A • 2N3057 • 2N3057A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3056		2N3056A		Units	Test Conditions
		2N3057		2N3057A			
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V_{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	100		140		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	60		80		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.25		0.2	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.7		0.5	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10			nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current				10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current		10			μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current				10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 90 \text{ V}$
$r_b' C_c$	Collector-Base Time Constant (f = 4.0 MHz)		400	25	400	psec	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (2N3056 only) (f = 20 MHz)	4.0					$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (2N3056A only) (f = 20 MHz)			4.0	10		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (2N3057 only) (f = 20 MHz)	5.0					$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (2N3057A only) (f = 20 MHz)			5.0	10		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 438°C/watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) f = 1.0 KHZ, $R_G = 1.0 \text{ K}\Omega$.

2N3072 • 2N3073

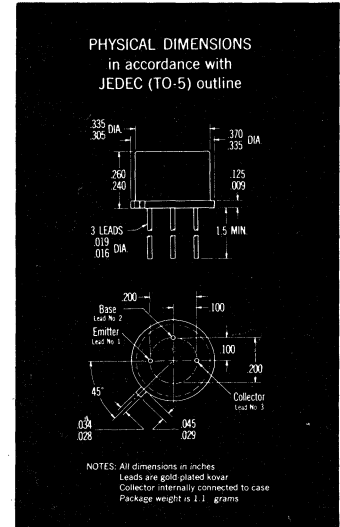
PNP VHF AMPLIFIERS, HIGH CURRENT SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

The 2N3072 and 2N3073 are PNP silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for digital and analog applications at current levels to 500 milliamperes. The high gain-bandwidth product, f_T , at high currents, makes them excellent units for line driving and memory applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

	2N3072	2N3073
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum	300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	3.0 Watts	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.8 Watt	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	-60 Volts	-60 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-60 Volts	-60 Volts
V _{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts	-4.0 Volts
I _c Collector Current [Note 2]	500 mA	500 mA

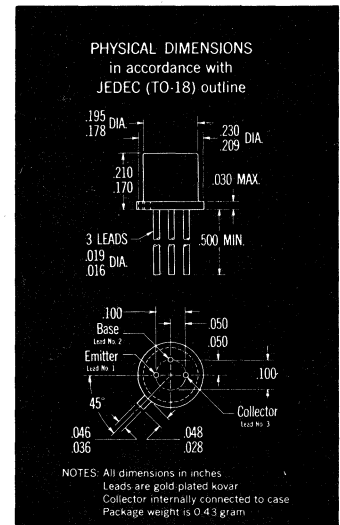


2N3072

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	67	130		I _c = 50 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	43			I _c = 300 mA V _{CE} = -2.0 V
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.9	-1.2		Volts	I _c = 50 mA I _b = 2.5 mA
V _{BE (sat)}	Base Saturation Voltage	-1.25	-2.0		Volts	I _c = 300 mA I _b = 30 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.08	-0.25		Volts	I _c = 50 mA I _b = 2.5 mA
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.33	-1.0		Volts	I _c = 300 mA I _b = 30 mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 mc)	1.3	2.0			I _c = 50 mA V _{CE} = -20 V
V _{CEO (sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-60			Volts	I _c = 30 mA I _b = 0 (pulsed)
t _{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		17	40	nsec	I _c ≈ 300 mA I _{b1} ≈ 30 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		40	100	nsec	I _c ≈ 300 mA, I _{b1} ≈ 30 mA, I _{b2} ≈ -30 mA

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.



2N3073

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N3072 and 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C) for the 2N3073. Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C for the 2N3072 and 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for the 2N3073.
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μSec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_c, I_{b1}, and I_{b2}.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

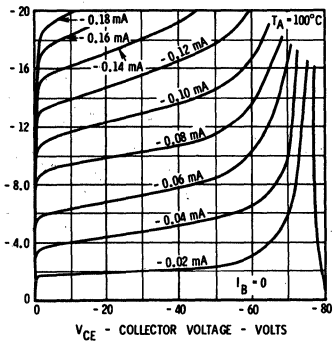
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3072 • 2N3073

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

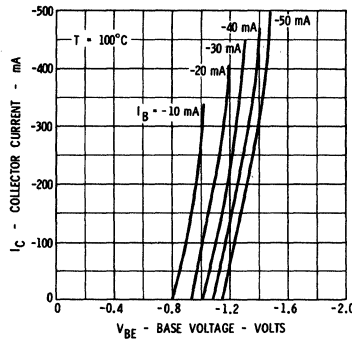
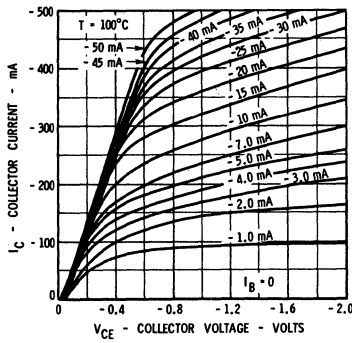
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$h_{FE} (-55^{\circ}\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12	35			$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0\text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		7.0	10	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.033	10	nA	$V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES} (125^{\circ}\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.3	10	μA	$V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60			Volts	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS *

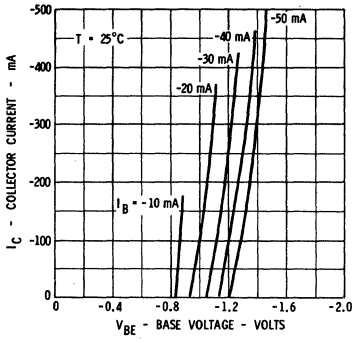
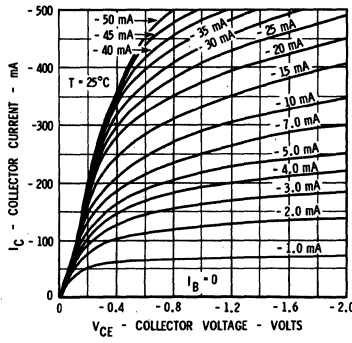
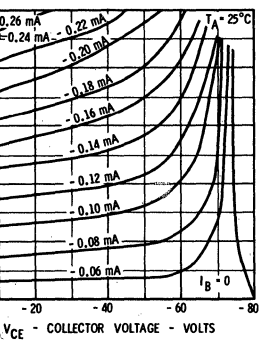
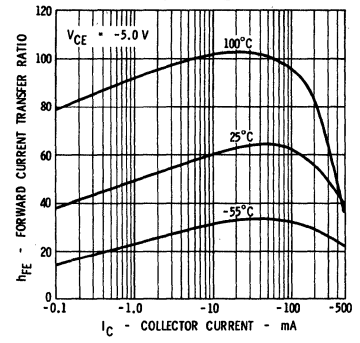
ACTIVE REGION



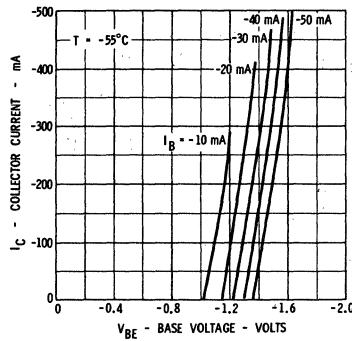
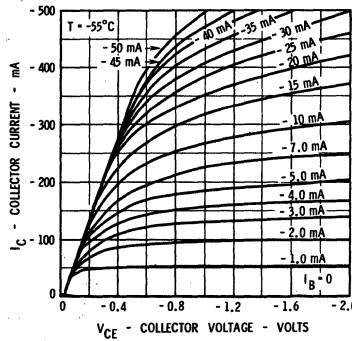
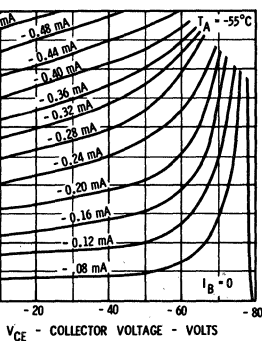
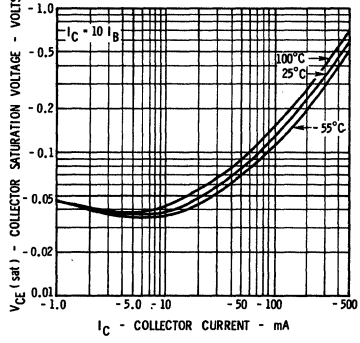
SATURATION REGION



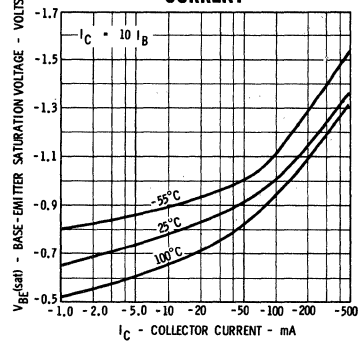
DC PULSED CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



PULSED COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



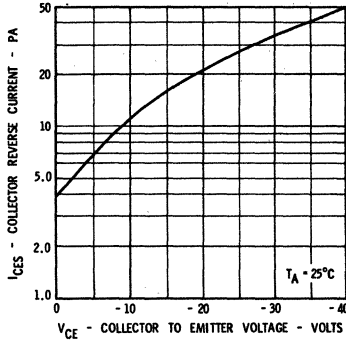
PULSED BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



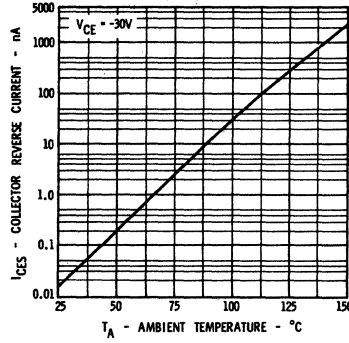
Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

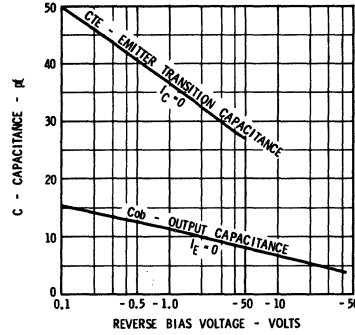
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



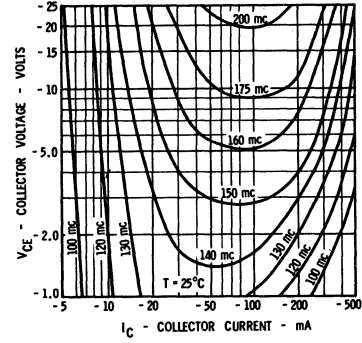
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



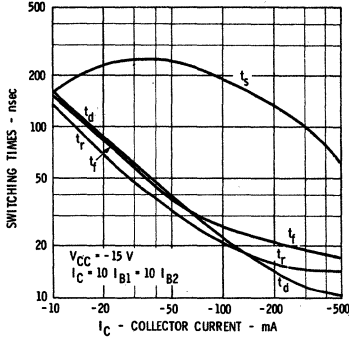
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



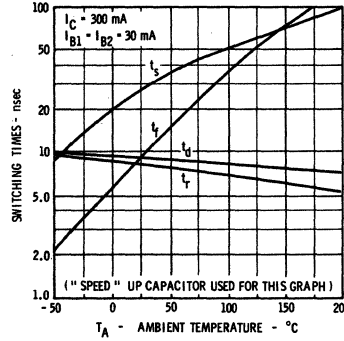
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



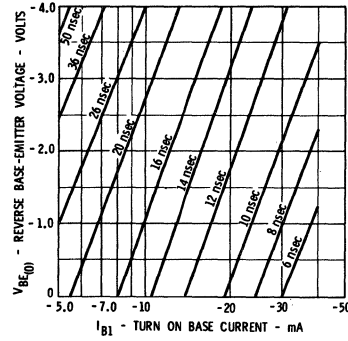
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



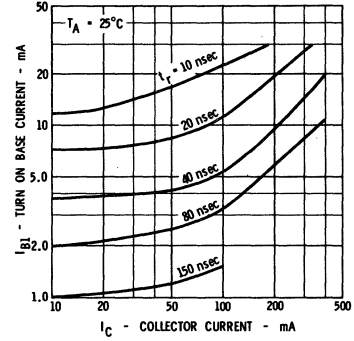
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



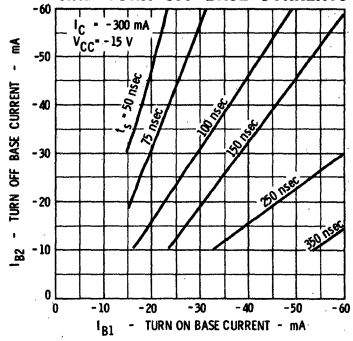
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



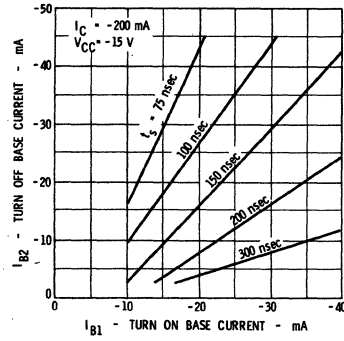
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



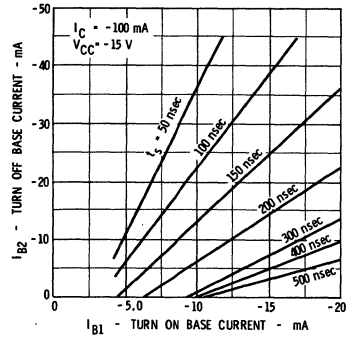
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



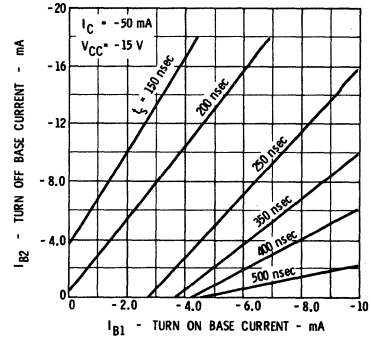
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



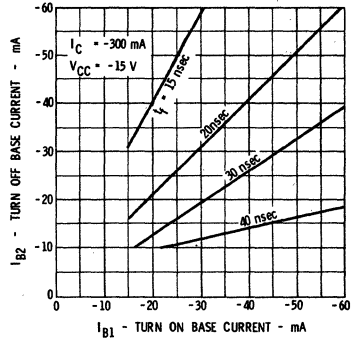
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



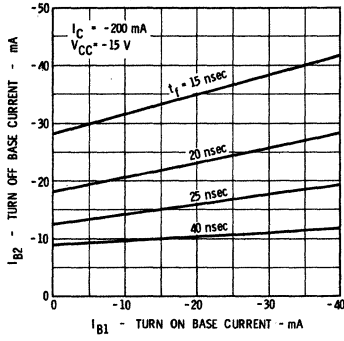
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



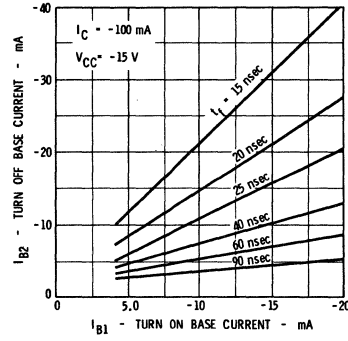
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



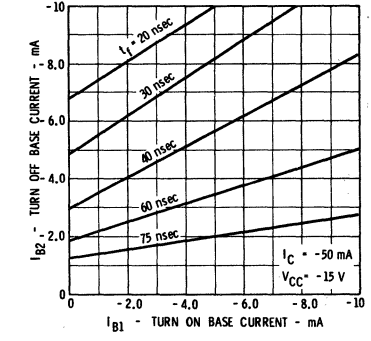
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS

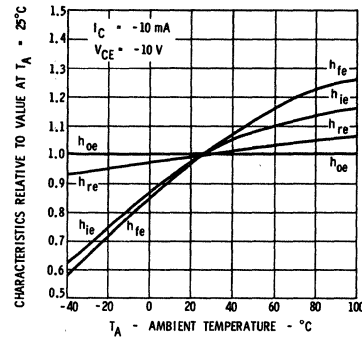
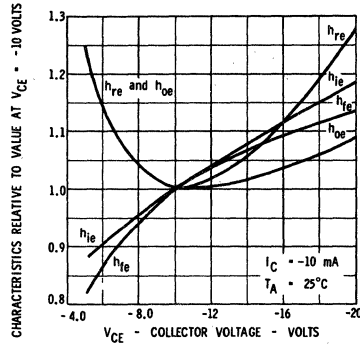
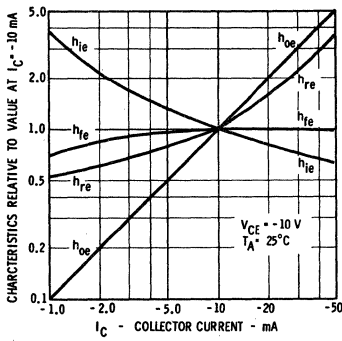


FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



All data for switching curves taken without a "speed-up" capacitor unless otherwise noted.

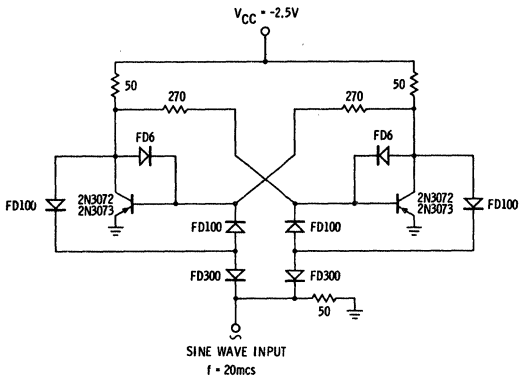
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS



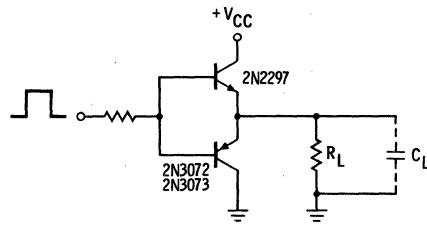
h PARAMETERS (f = 1 kc)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		480	1500	ohms	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		80	1200	μmhos	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		162	2600	$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	25	74	180		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$

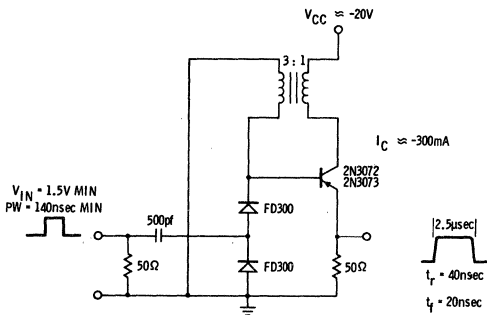
20 MC BINARY COUNTER



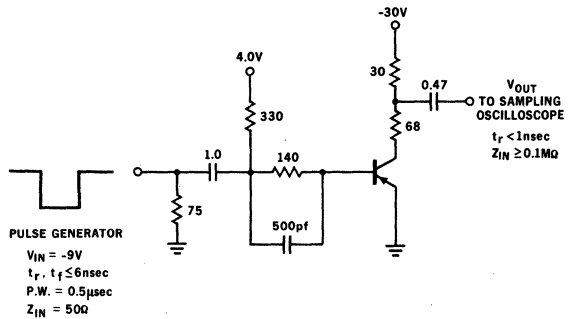
LINE DRIVER



MONOSTABLE BLOCKING OSCILLATOR



T_{ON} and T_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT



2N3107 • 2N3108 • 2N3109 • 2N3110

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT AMPLIFIERS AND SATURATED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- **HIGH VOLTAGE** $V_{CEO} = 40 \text{ V (MIN) (2N3109/10); 60 V (MIN) (2N3107/8)}$
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** $V_{CE(sat)} = 1.0 \text{ V (MAX) AT 1.0 A}$
- **LOW NOISE** $NF = 7.0 \text{ dB (MAX) AT 1.0 kHz}$
- **MEDIUM SWITCHING SPEED** $t_{on} = 200 \text{ ns (MAX) AT 150 mA}$
 $t_{off} = 600 \text{ ns (MAX) AT 150 mA}$
- **HIGH GAIN** $h_{FE} = 100 - 300 \text{ AT 150 mA}$
 $h_{FE} = 40 \text{ (MIN) AT 500 mA}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

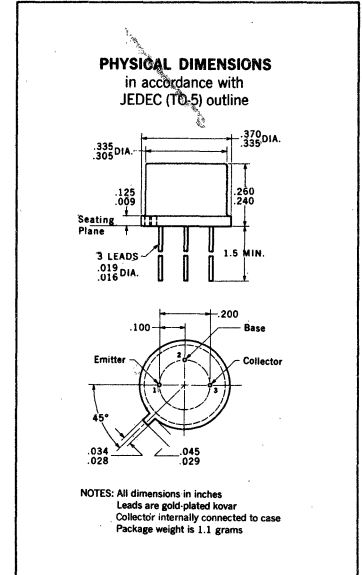
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	5.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

		2N3107 • 2N3108	2N3109 • 2N3110
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	100 Volts	80 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	60 Volts	40 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts	7.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N3107 • 2N3109			2N3108 • 2N3110			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	190	300	40	70	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	90		25	50			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	35	75		20	40			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	120		15	26			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.86	1.1		0.86	1.1	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Notes 5 and 6)		1.5	2.0		1.5	2.0	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.16	0.25		0.16	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Notes 5 and 6)		0.76	1.0		0.76	1.0	Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	3.5	10		3.0	4.3			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance	(2N3107 only)	20	(2N3108 only)	20			pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance	(2N3109 only)	25	(2N3110 only)	25			pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance		62	80		62	80	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.4	10		0.4	10	nA	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	10		0.5	10	μA	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.05	10		0.05	10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	100	(2N3107 only)		100	(2N3108 only)		Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	80	(2N3109 only)		80	(2N3110 only)		Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	60	(2N3107 only)		60	(2N3108 only)		Volts	$I_B = 0$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	40	(2N3109 only)		40	(2N3110 only)		Volts	$I_B = 0$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0			7.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
NF	Noise Figure ($f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$)		3.5	7.0		3.5	7.0	dB	$I_C = 30 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $BW = 200 \text{ Hz}$ $R_S = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 7)		120	200		120	200	ns	$I_C \approx 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -7.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 7.5 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 7)			1000		350	600	ns	$I_C \approx 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -7.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 7.5 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

Notes on page 4

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
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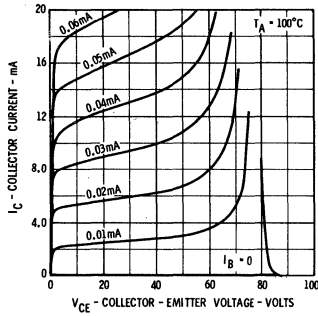
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3107 THRU 2N3110

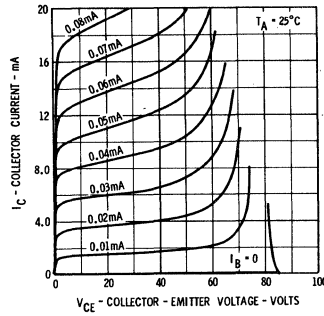
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3107

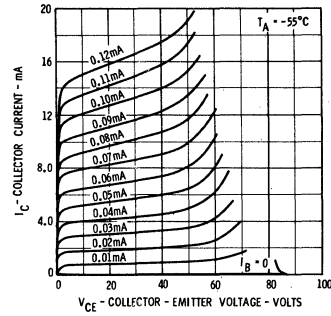
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COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

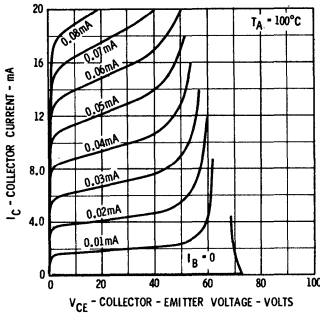


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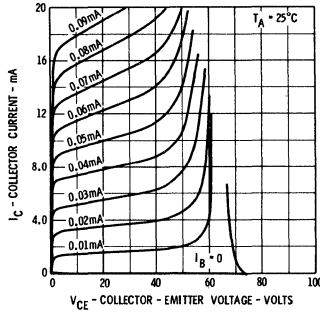


2N3109

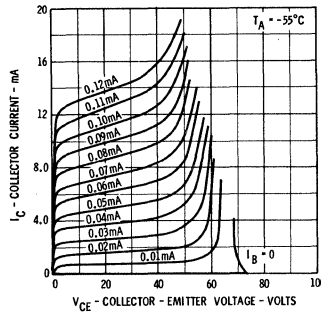
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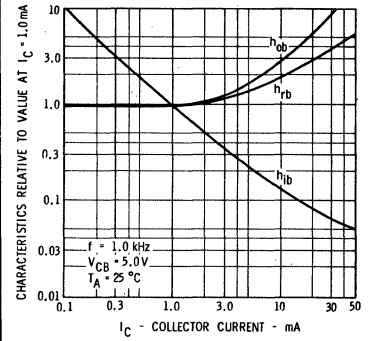


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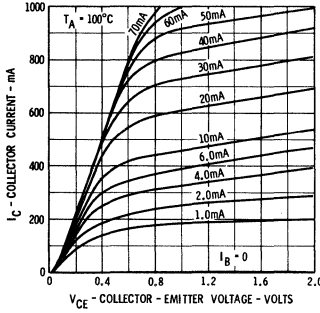
2N3107 THRU 2N3110

TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS

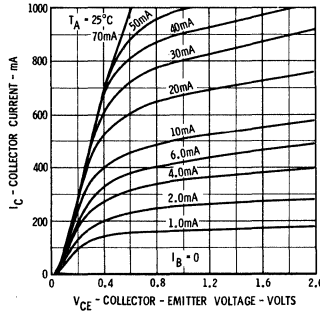


2N3107 • 2N3109

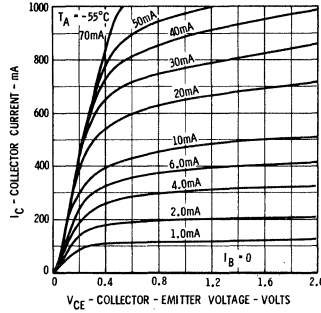
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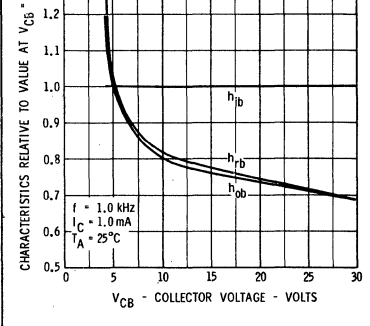
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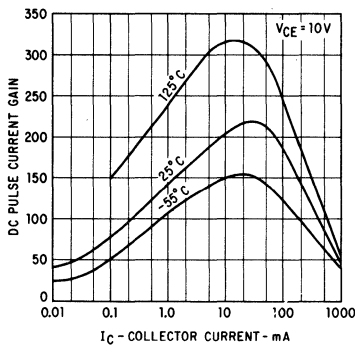
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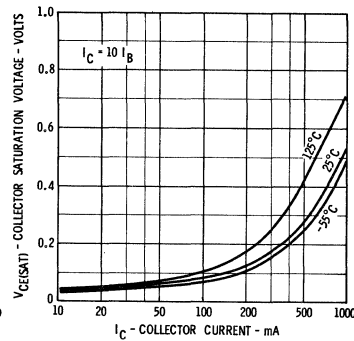
CHARACTERISTICS RELATIVE TO VALUE AT VCB = 5.0V



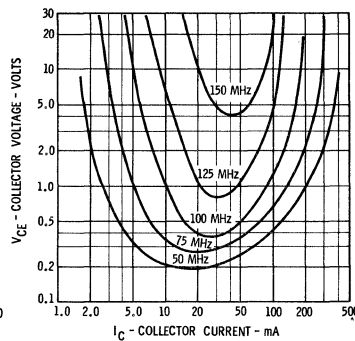
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



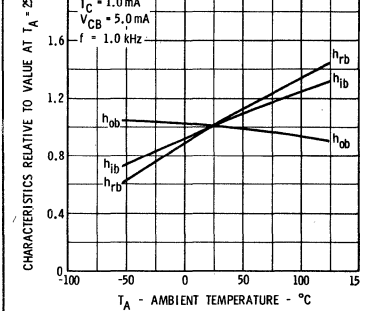
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



CHARACTERISTICS RELATIVE TO VALUE AT TA = 25°C



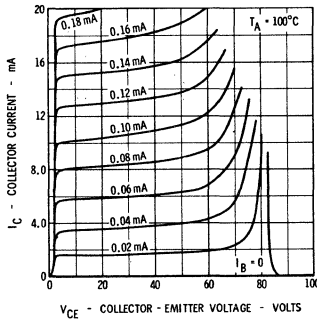
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3107 THRU 2N3110

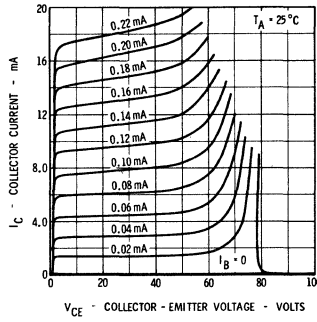
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3108

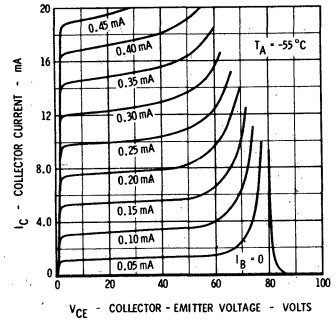
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

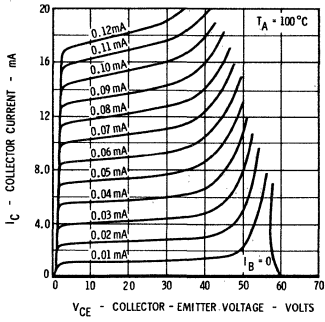


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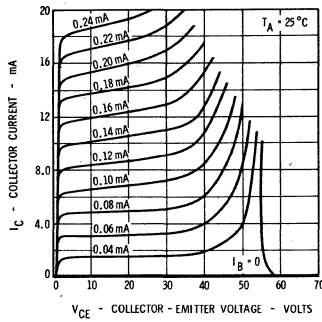


2N3110

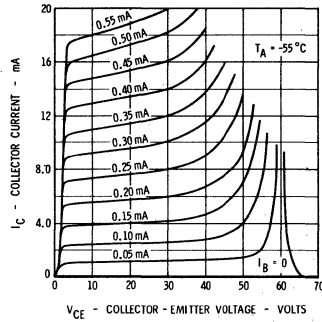
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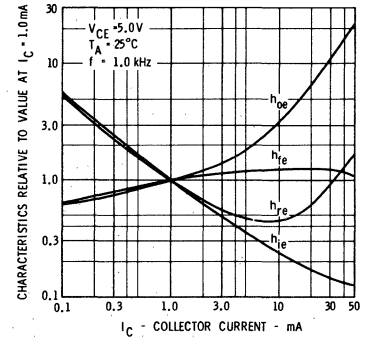
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

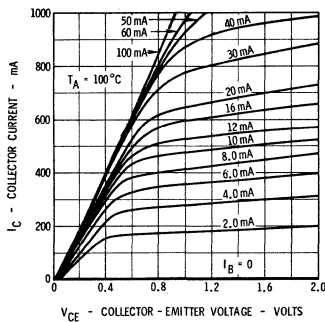


2N3107 THRU 2N3110

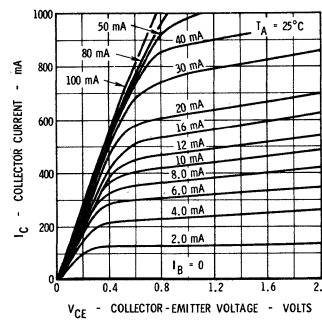


2N3108 • 2N3110

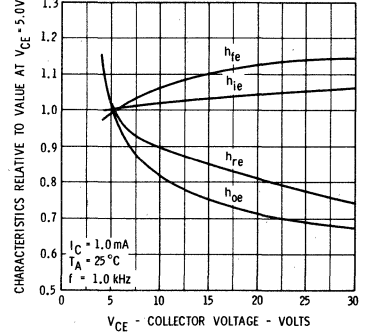
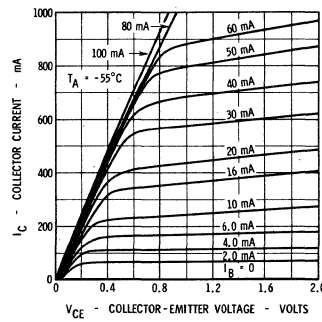
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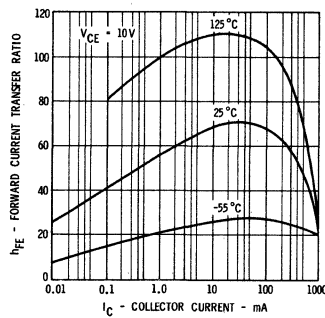
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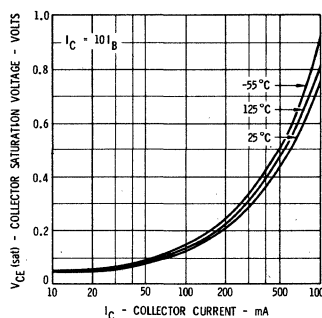
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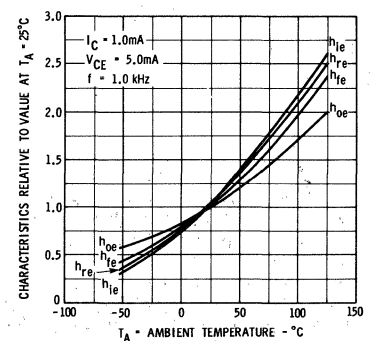
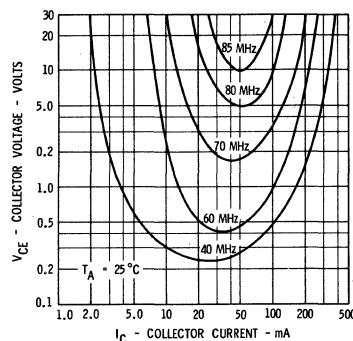
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (fT)



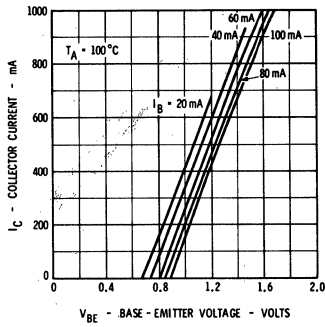
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3107 THRU 2N3110

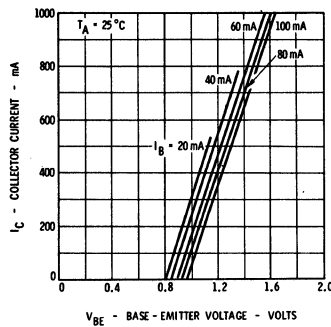
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3107 THRU 2N3110

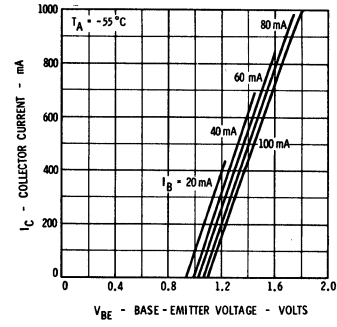
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



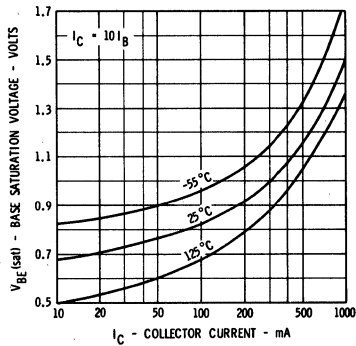
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



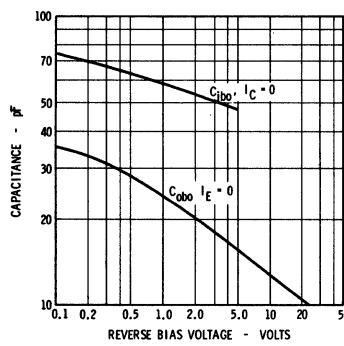
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



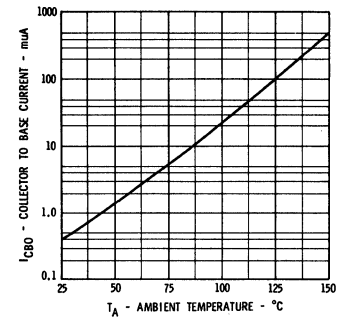
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE

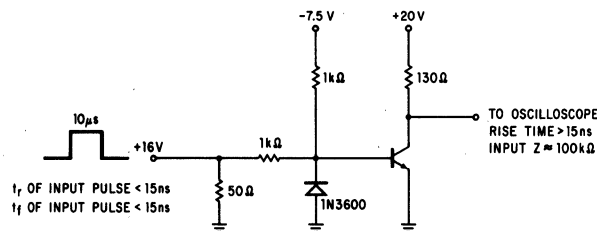


* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kHz)

SYMBOL	2N3107	2N3108	UNITS	CONDITIONS	
	2N3109	2N3110			
	TYP.	TYP.			
h_{ib}	27	27	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	0.12	0.12	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	1.8	0.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	5000	1800	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	20	8.0	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	6.0	2.1	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	170	60		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

SWITCHING CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low-duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 35°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 218°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.57 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) Saturation voltage measured with 1/4" lead length.
- (7) See test circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3114

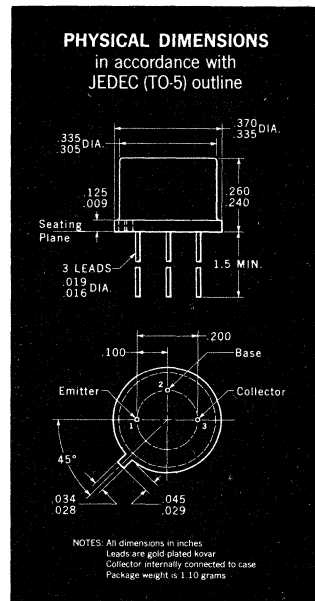
NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

The 2N3114 is an NPN silicon PLANAR transistor primarily designed for high-voltage, medium-power amplifier applications. This device features a guaranteed minimum V_{CE0} of 150 volts and a minimum f_r of 40 mc, and operates at current levels up to 100 mA.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures	
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation	
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	5.0 Watts
at 25°C Free Air Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages	
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	150 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	150 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	60	120		$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15	35			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12	24			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.8	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.3	1.0	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.3	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 100 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		2.7	10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 100 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current			100	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1.0 \text{ kc}$)	25	50			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ mc}$)	2.0	2.7			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		6.0	9.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		70	80	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
$R_o (h_{ie})$	Real Part of Input Impedance ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)			30	ohms	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	150			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	150			Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

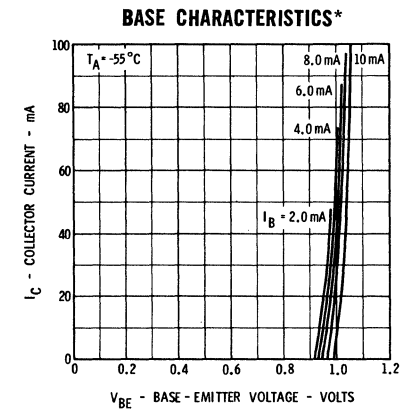
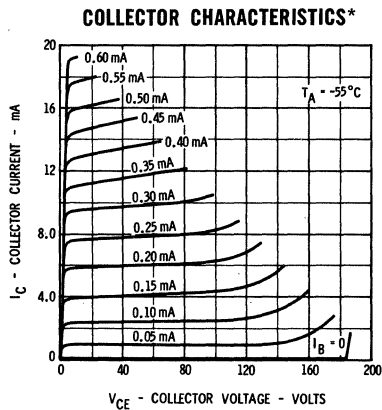
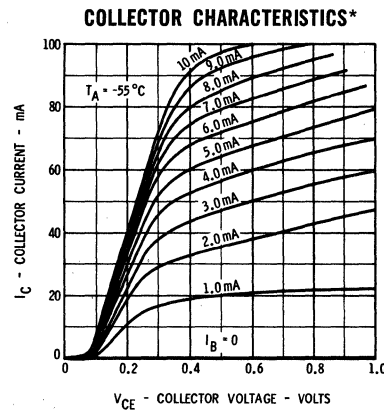
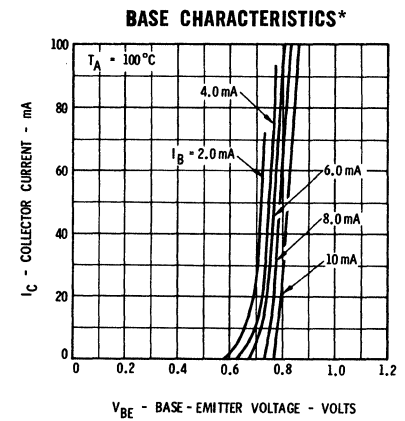
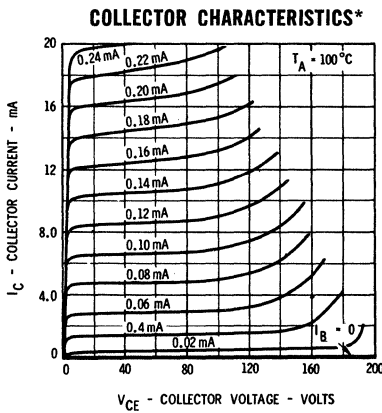
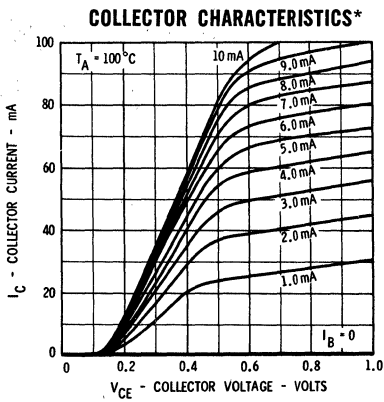
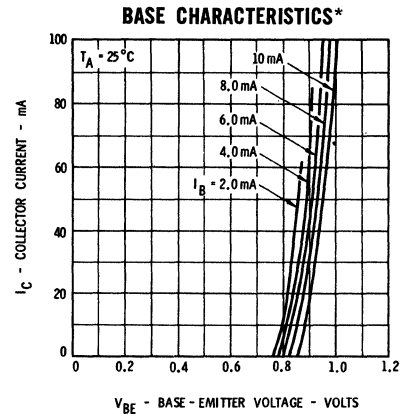
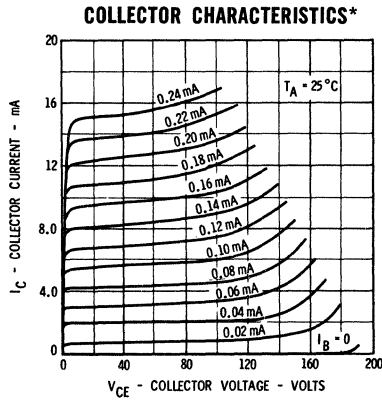
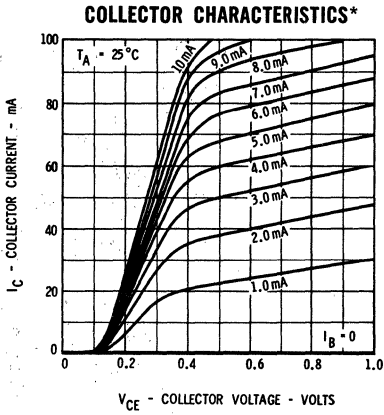
NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3114

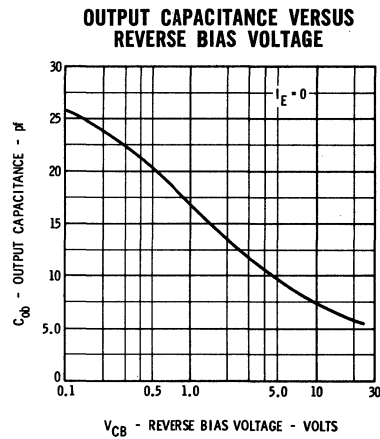
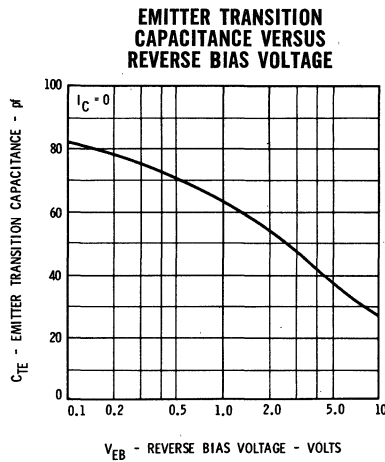
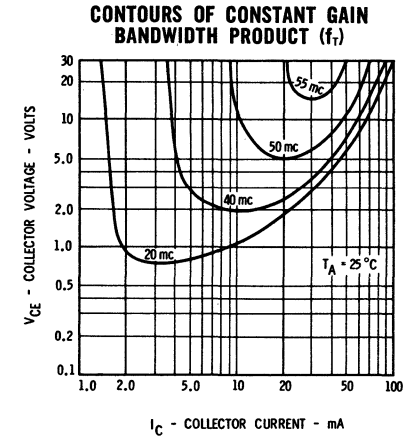
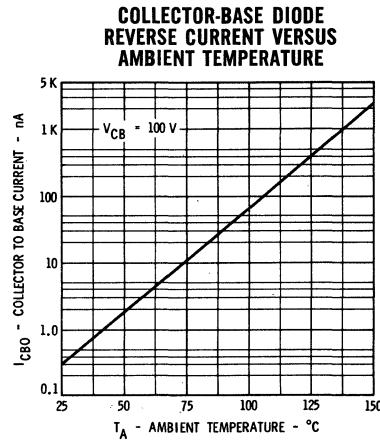
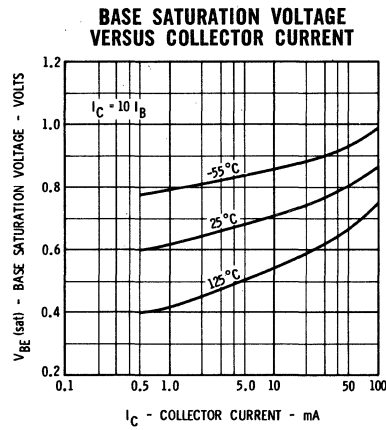
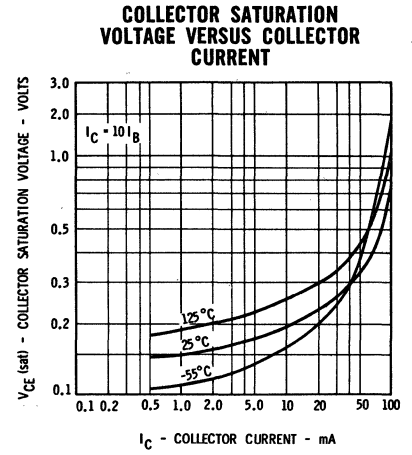
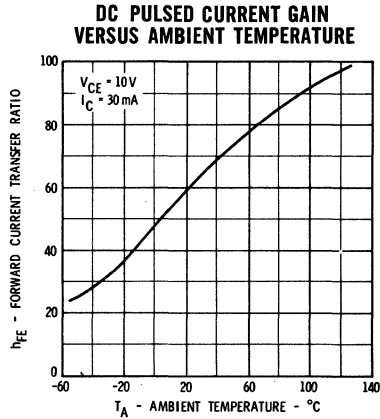
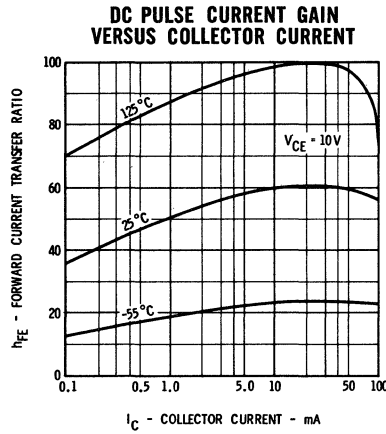
TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3114

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

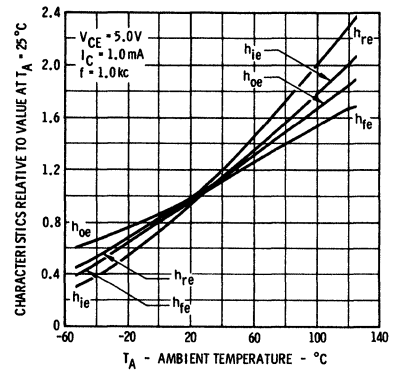
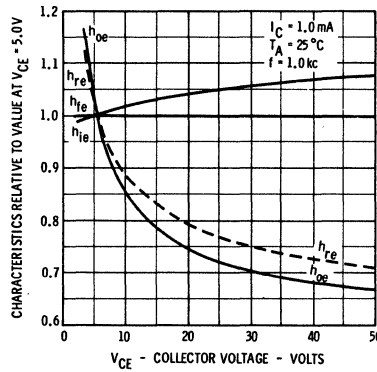
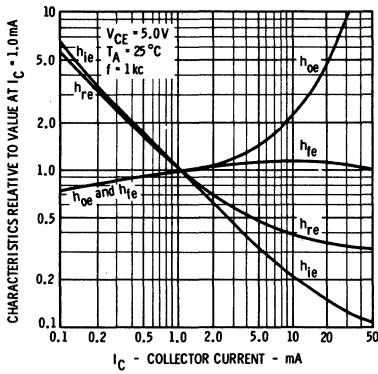


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3114

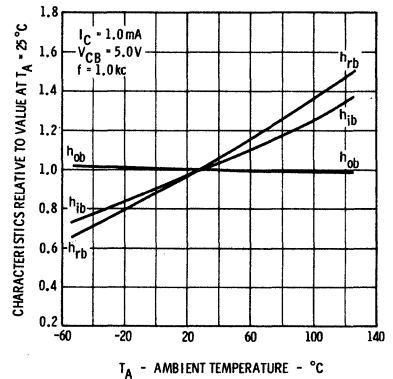
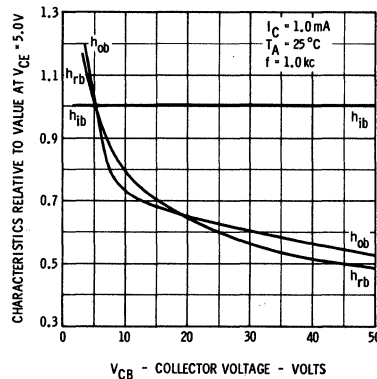
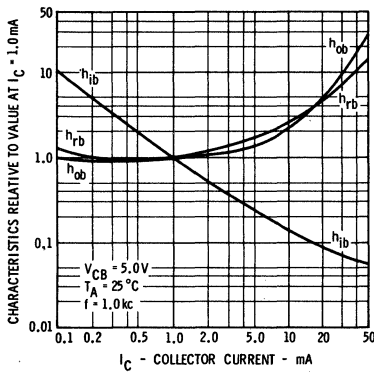
TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kc)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TYPICAL	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	50		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	1.5	Kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	5.3	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	27	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.09	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



2N3117

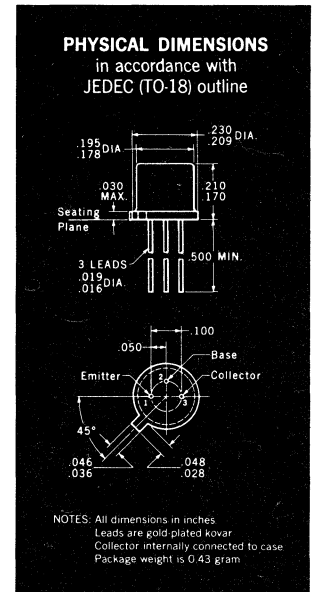
NPN VERY LOW-NOISE, LOW-LEVEL TYPE DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

The 2N3117 is an NPN double-diffused silicon PLANAR transistor designed for use in high-performance, low-level, low-noise amplifiers from dc to 60 mc.

The very-low-noise characteristic over a wide range of source resistance makes this device ideal for transducer amplifiers. Also, high-beta at collector currents down to one microampere permits microwatt operation in applications where power supply drain is a factor, such as, solar cell power sources.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 7]

Maximum Temperatures	
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation	
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 8 and 9]	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 8 and 9]	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 8 and 9]	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current	
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts
V _{CE0} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 6]	60 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts
I _c Collector Current	50 mA



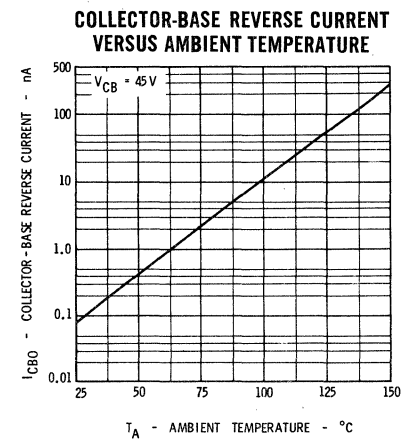
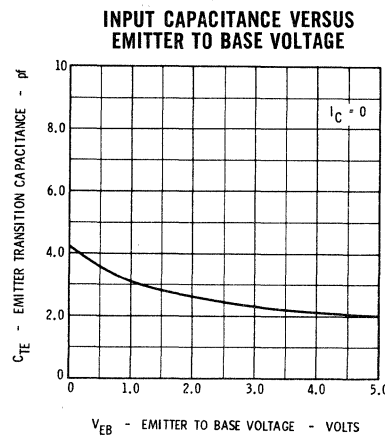
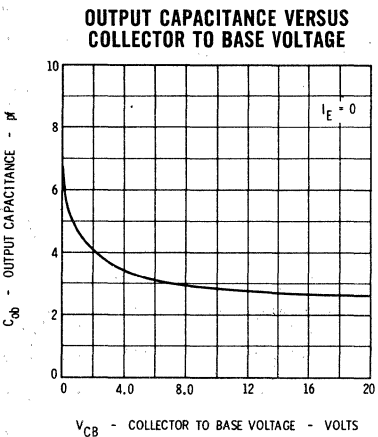
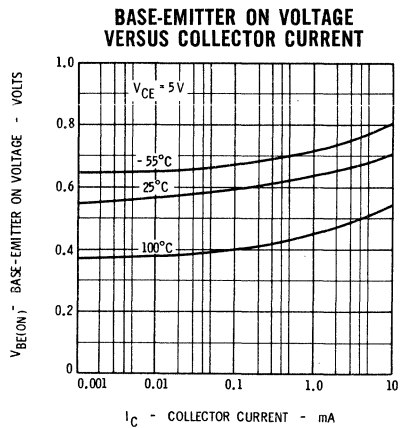
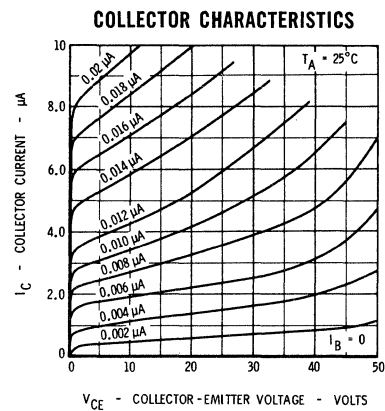
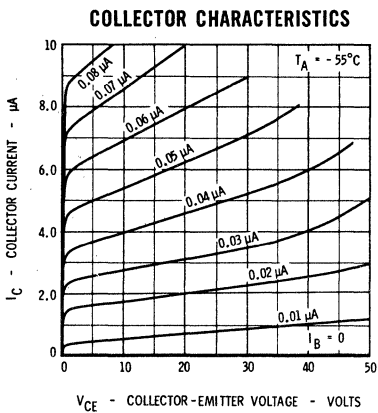
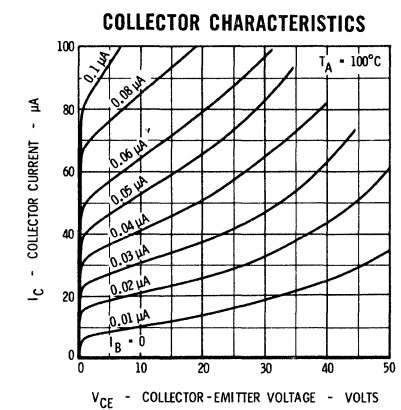
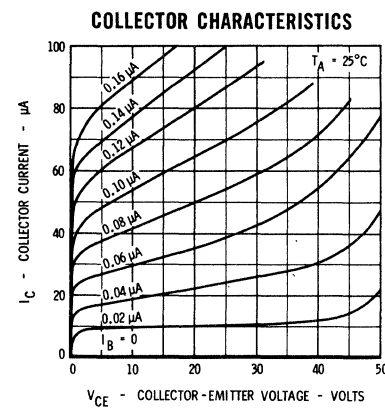
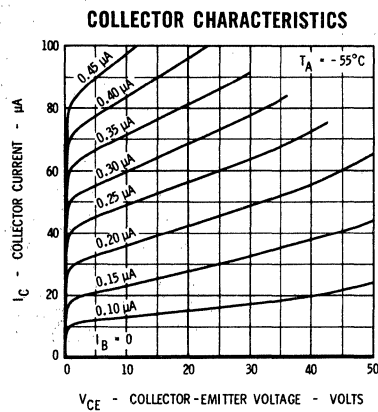
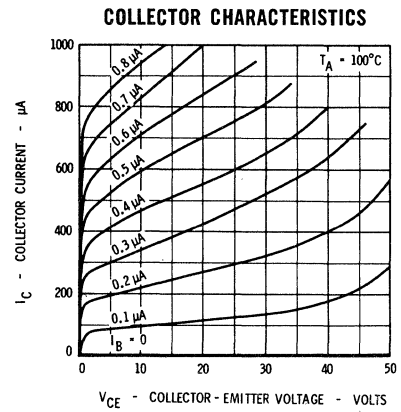
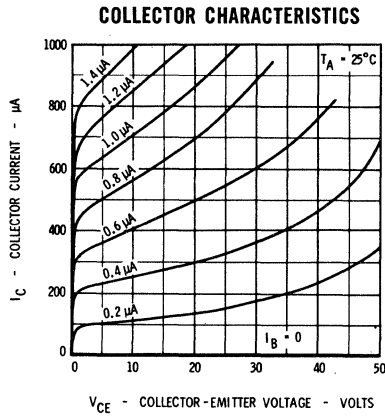
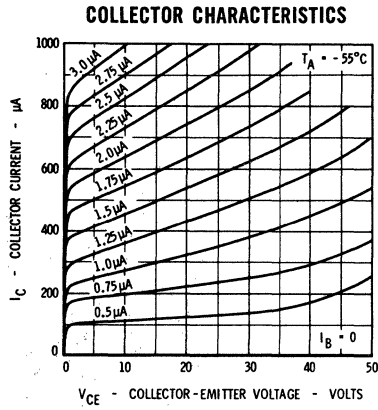
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted).

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	250		500		I _c = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	400				I _c = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	300				I _c = 100 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Current Gain	100				I _c = 1.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Current Gain	50				I _c = 10 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
V _{BE} (on)	Emitter-Base On Voltage			0.7	Volts	I _c = 100 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage			0.35	Volts	I _c = 1.0 mA I _B = 0.1 mA
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 30 mc)	2.0				I _c = 0.5 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
I _{CB0}	Collector Cutoff Current			10	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 45 V
I _{CB0} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current			10	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 45 V
I _{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current			10	nA	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 5.0 V
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance			4.5	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 5.0 V
C _{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance			6.0	pf	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = 0.5 V
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60			Volts	I _E = 0 I _C = 10 μA
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 5 and 6]	60			Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 10 μA
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 1]			1.0	db	I _C = 5.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 2]			1.0	db	I _C = 5.0 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 3]			4.0	db	I _C = 30 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure [Note 4]			15	db	I _C = 30 μA V _{CE} = 5.0 V

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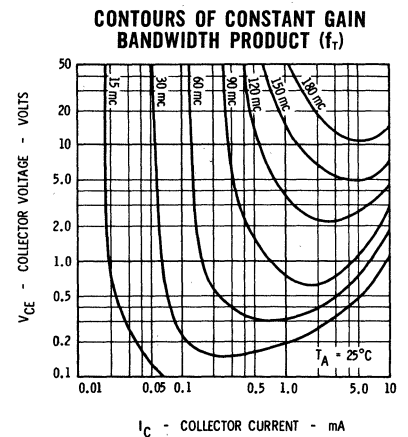
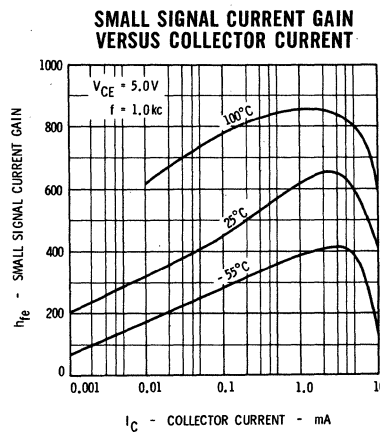
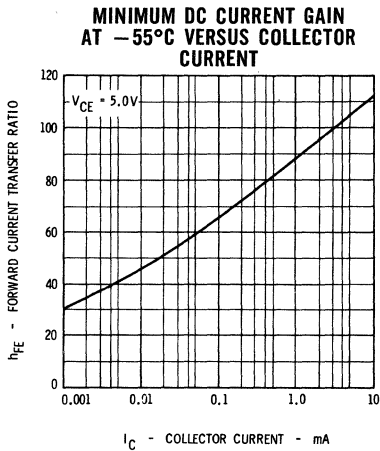
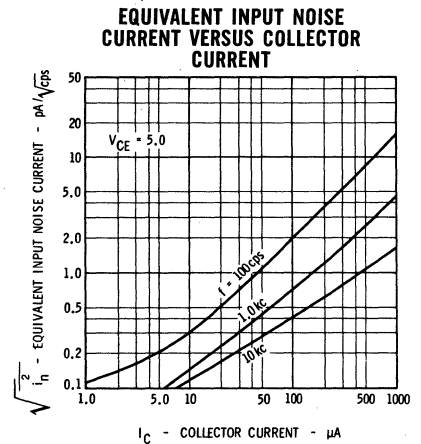
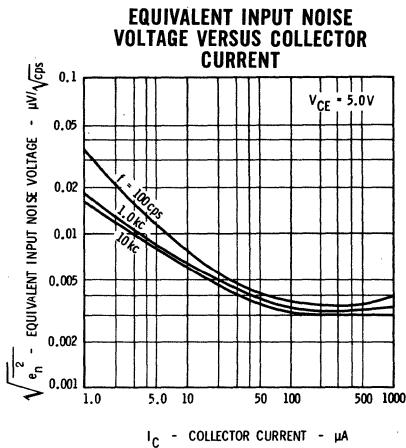
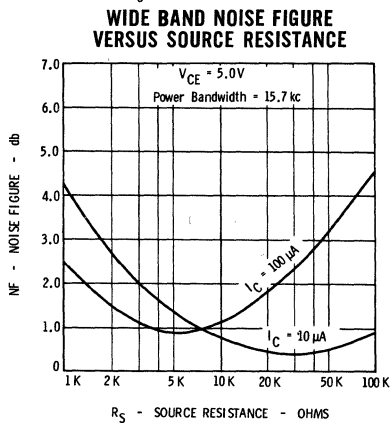
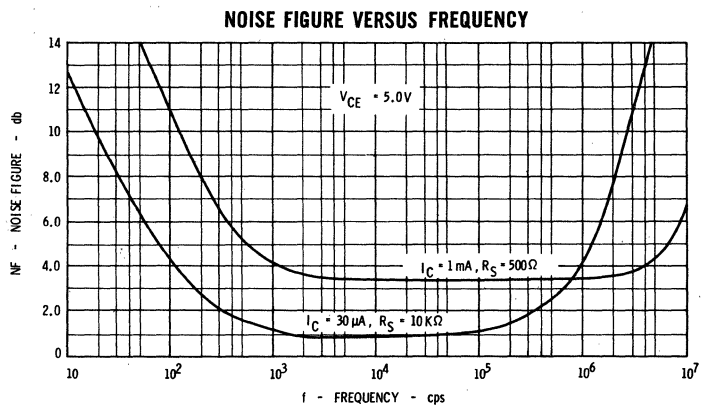
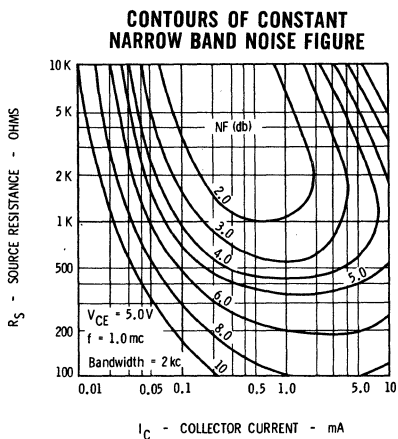
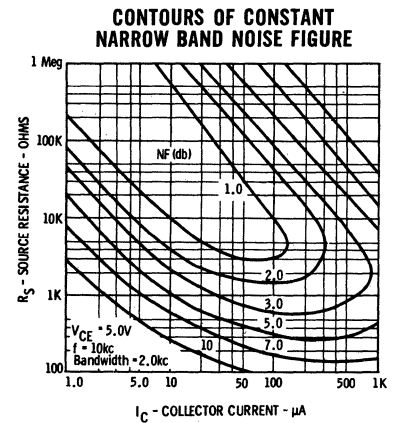
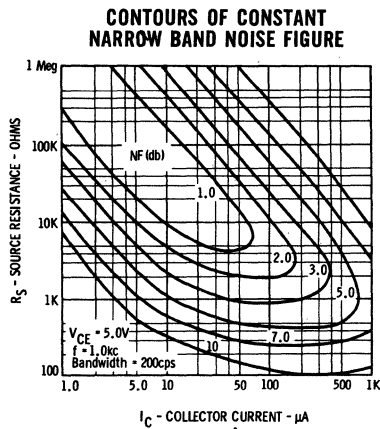
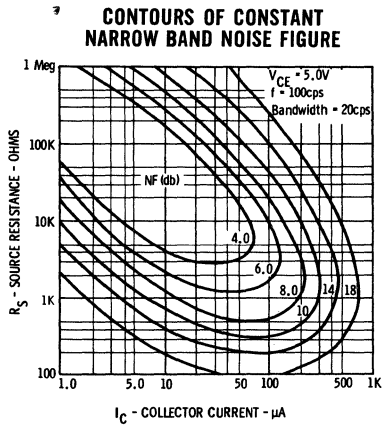
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3117

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3117

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

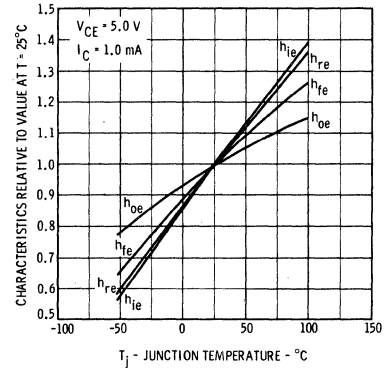
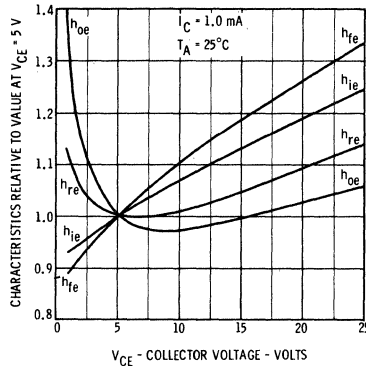
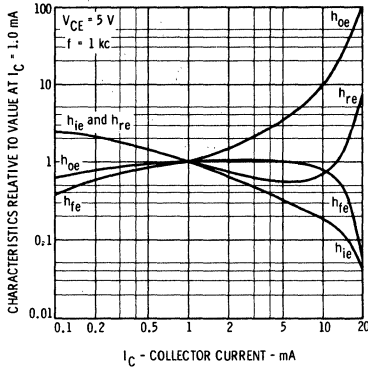


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3117

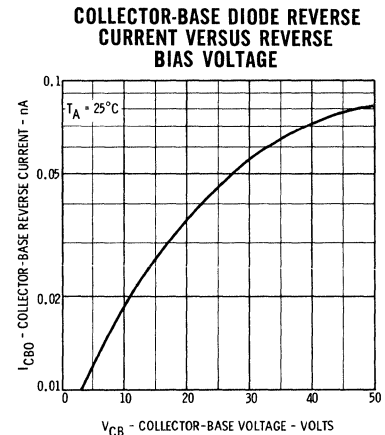
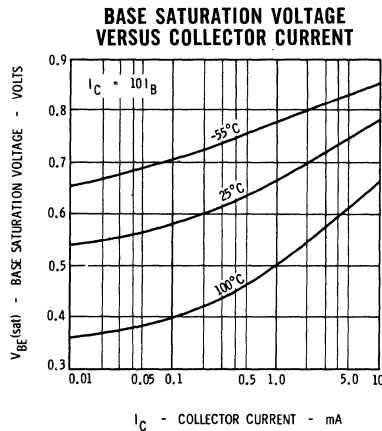
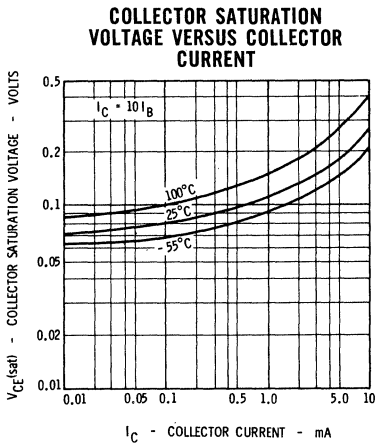
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 kc)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	10	18	24	Kohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		15	40	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		425	800	$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	400	620	900		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



NOTES:

- (1) $R_S = 50 \text{ K}\Omega$; $f = 10 \text{ Kc}$; Power Bandwidth = 1.0 Kc.
- (2) $R_S = 50 \text{ K}\Omega$; $f = 1.0 \text{ Kc}$; Power Bandwidth = 200 cps.
- (3) $R_S = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$; $f = 100 \text{ cps}$; Power Bandwidth = 20 cps.
- (4) $R_S = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$; $f = 10 \text{ cps}$; Power Bandwidth = 2.0 cps.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1.0%.
- (6) These ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (7) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (8) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (9) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).

2N3120 • 2N3121

PNP VHF AMPLIFIERS, HIGH CURRENT SWITCHES

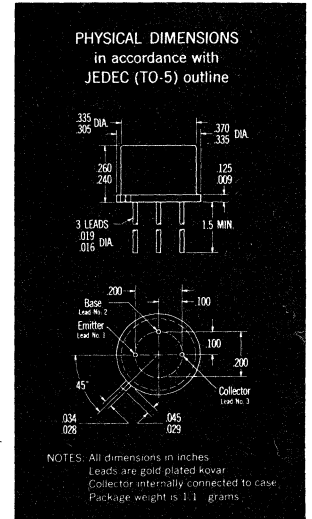
DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

2N3120

The 2N3120 and 2N3121 are PNP silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for digital and analog applications at current levels to 500 milliamperes. The high gain-bandwidth product, f_r , at high currents, makes them excellent units for line driving and memory applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

	2N3120	2N3121
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum	300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 & 3]	3.0 Watts	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 & 3]	0.8 Watt	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-45 Volts	-45 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-45 Volts	-45 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts	-4.0 Volts
I_c Collector Current [Note 2]	500 mA	500 mA

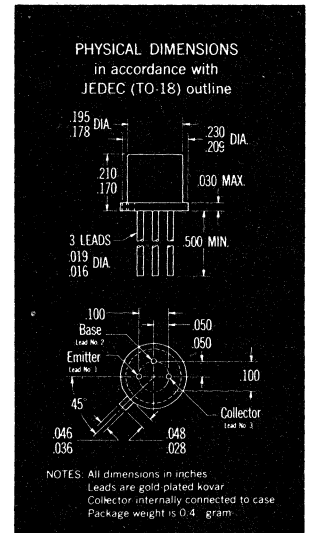


2N3121

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	67	130		$I_c = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	43			$I_c = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.9	-1.2		Volts	$I_c = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-1.35	-2.0		Volts	$I_c = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.08	-0.25		Volts	$I_c = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.6	-1.0		Volts	$I_c = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	1.3	2.0			$I_c = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-45			Volts	$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		17	40	nSec	$I_c \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		40	100	nSec	$I_c \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -30 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.



NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N3120 and 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C) for the 2N3121. Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C) for the 2N3120 and 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C) for the 2N3121.
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μSec; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuit for exact values of I_c , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3120 • 2N3121

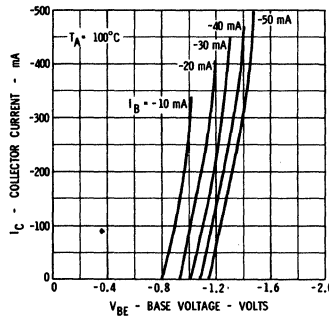
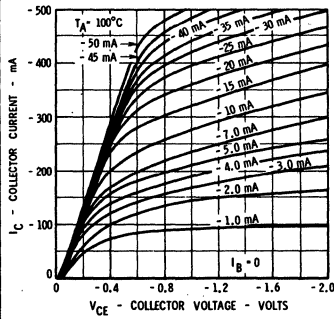
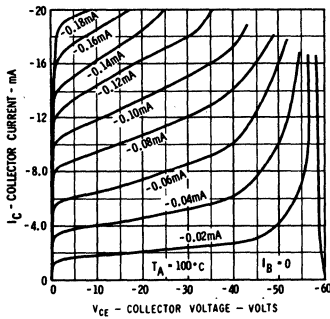
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12	50			$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0\text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.33	-0.5		Volts	$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance	7.0	10		pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10\text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.033	10		nA	$V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES} (125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.3	10	μA	$V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-45			Volts	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

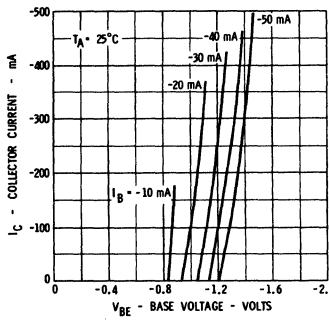
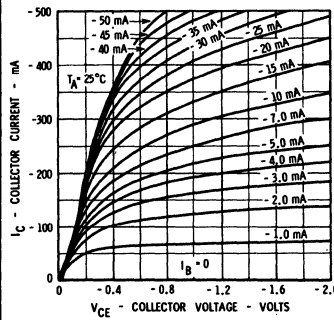
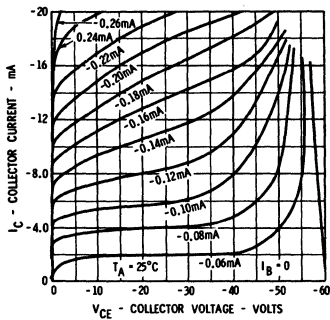
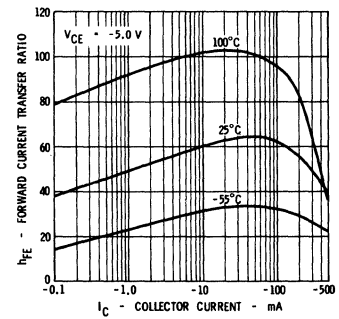
TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

ACTIVE REGION

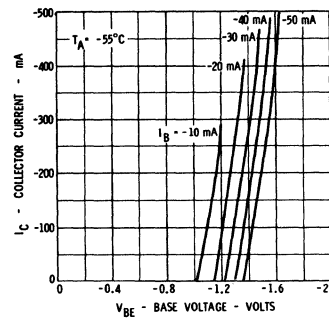
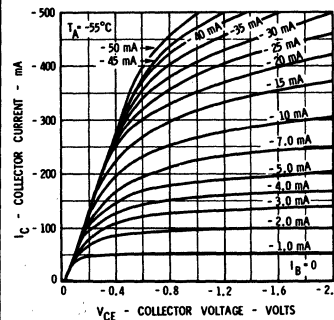
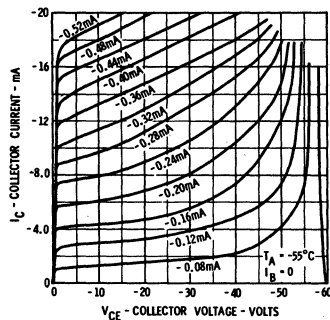
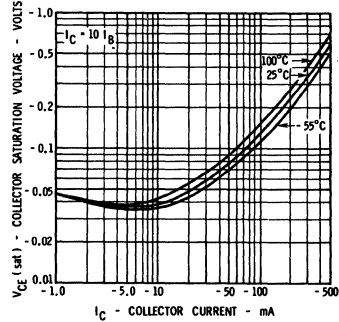
SATURATION REGION



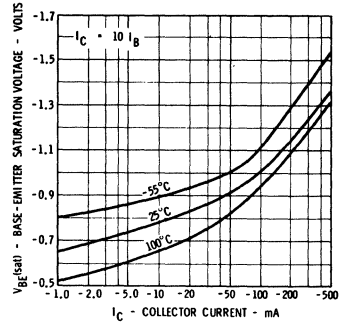
DC PULSED CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



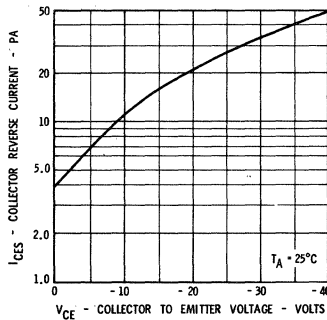
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



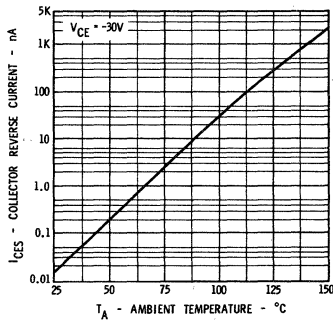
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

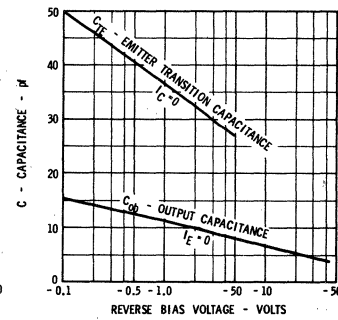
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



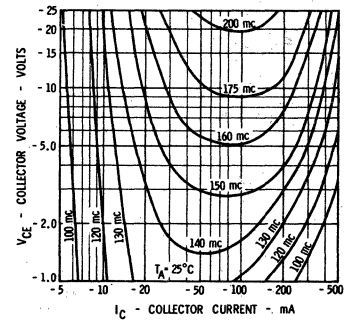
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



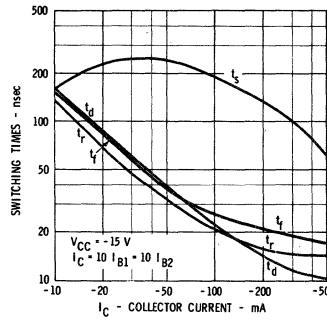
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



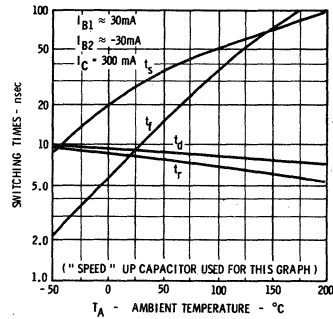
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



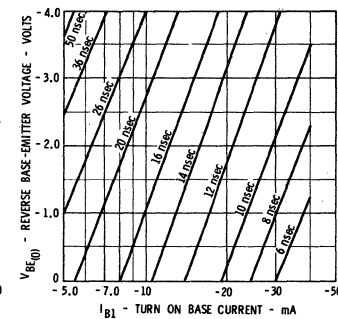
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



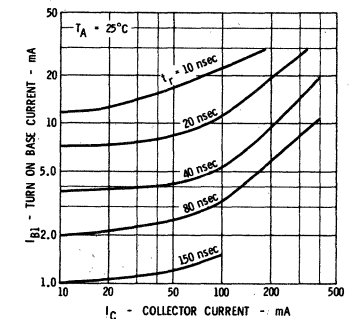
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



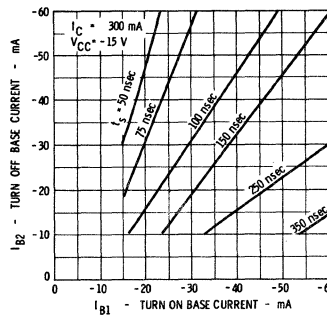
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE



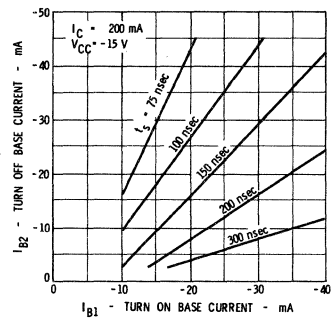
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



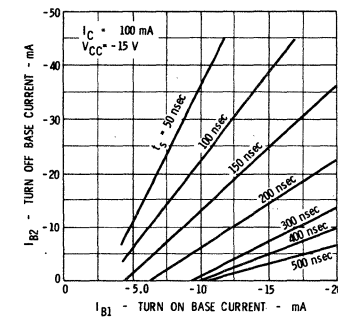
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



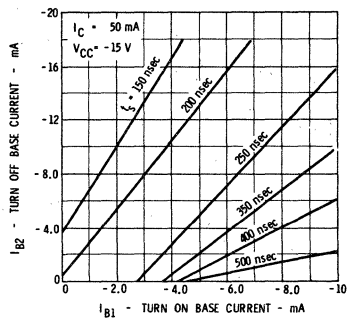
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



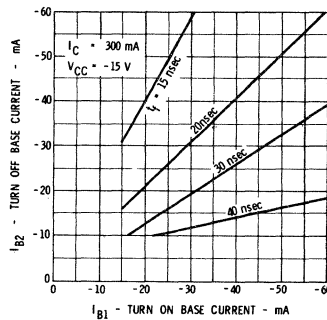
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



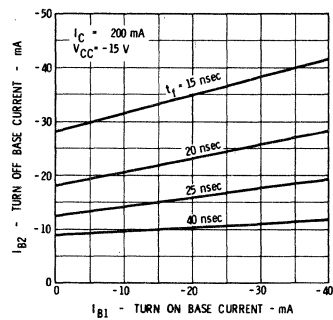
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



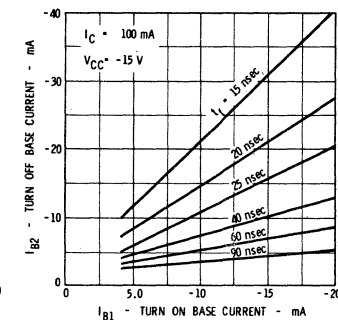
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



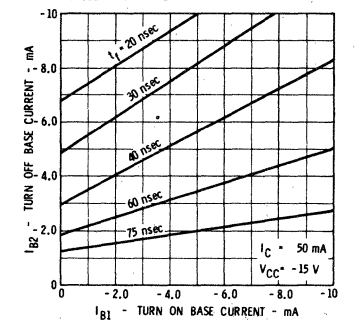
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



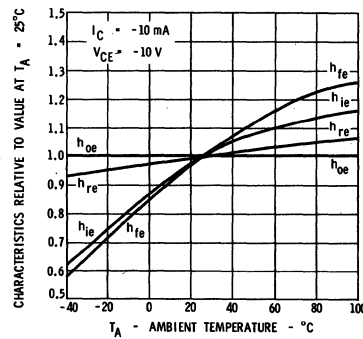
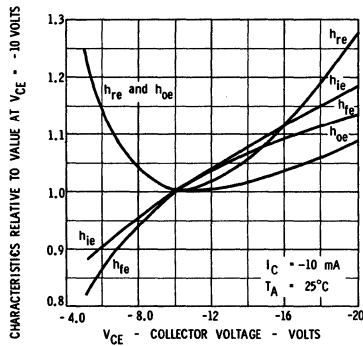
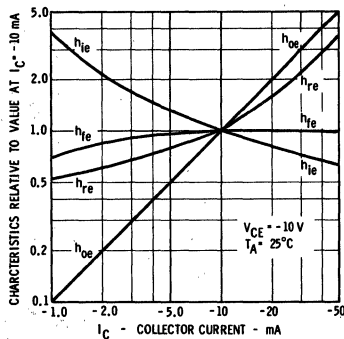
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



All data for switching curves taken without a "Speed-up" Capacitor unless otherwise noted.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3120 • 2N3121

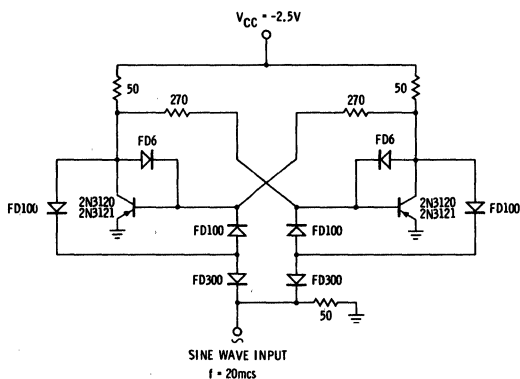
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS



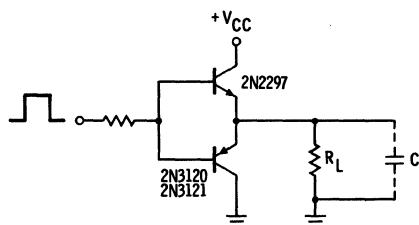
h PARAMETERS (f = 1 kc)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	480	1500		ohms	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	80	1200		μmhos	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	162	2600		$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	25	74	180		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$

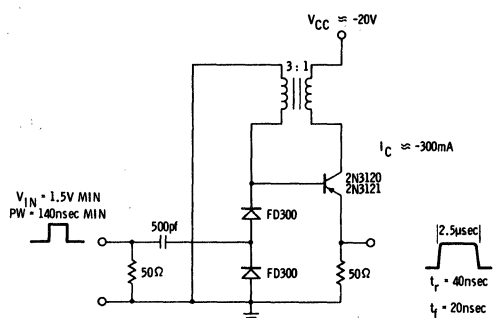
20 MC BINARY COUNTER



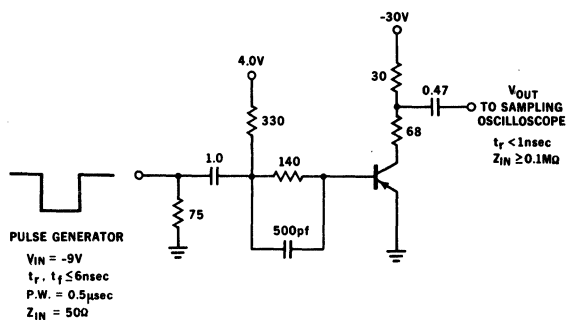
LINE DRIVER



MONOSTABLE BLOCKING OSCILLATOR



T_{ON} and T_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT



2N3137

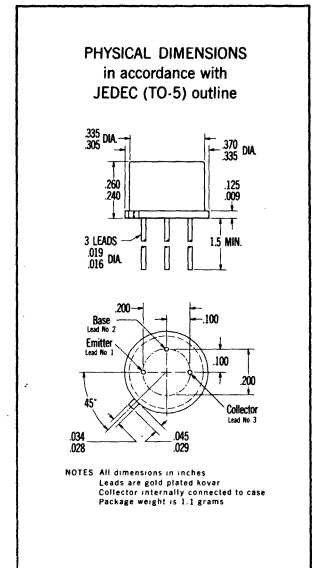
NPN CLASS-C RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N3137 is an NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed primarily for service as a Class-C, RF power amplifier. Power output at 250 MHz is typically 0.5 watt with 100 mW drive. In addition to the large signal capabilities, the low-noise and high gain-bandwidth product characteristics of the 2N3137 provide excellent performance in a variety of small signal and linear amplifier applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (soldering, 60 sec. time limit)		300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 6 and 7]		1.0 watt
25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 6 and 7]		0.6 watt
Maximum Voltages		
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage		40 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]		20 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	70	120		I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V
V _{CE (sat)}	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.12	0.3	Volts	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
I _{CB0}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.12	50	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
I _{CB0 (150°C)}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.10	50	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 20 V
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	I _E = 0 I _C = 100 μA
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0			Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 100 μA
V _{CEO (sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	20			Volts	I _B = 0 I _C = 15 mA (pulsed)
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	5.0	7.5			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{ob0}	Output Capacitance		2.8	3.5	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
G _{PE}	Amplifier Power Gain [Note 2] (f ₀ = 250 MHz)	6.0	7.0		dB	I _C = 0 V _{CE} = 20 V (zero signal)
η	Collector Efficiency [Note 3] (f ₀ = 250 MHz)	40	60		%	I _C = 0 V _{CE} = 20 V (zero signal)

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

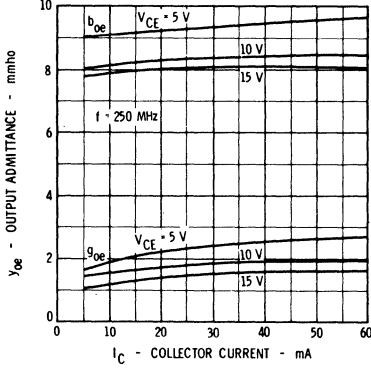
-) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
-) RF power-in = 100 mW (see test circuit).
-) RF power-in = 100 mW. Conduction angle adjusted through R to obtain maximum efficiency with a minimum of 400 mW out. (See test circuit.)
-) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
-) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
-) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
-) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 175°C/watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 292°C/watt (derating factor of 3.42 mW/°C).

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

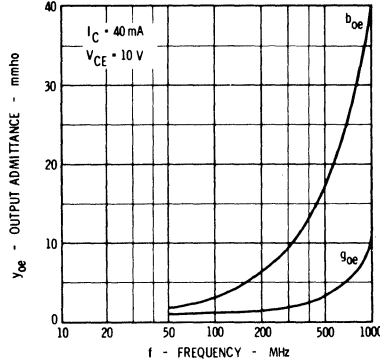
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3137

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

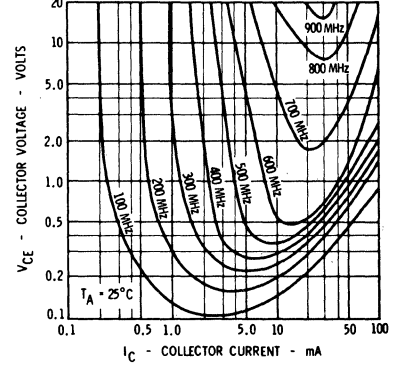
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



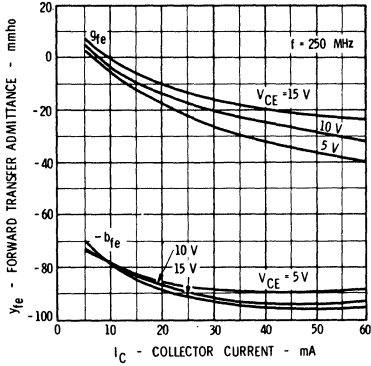
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



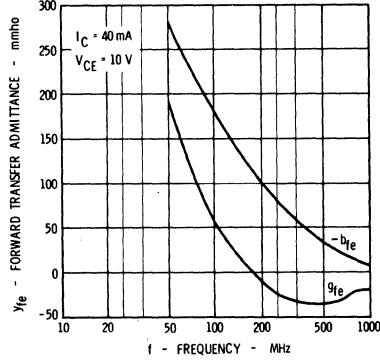
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_t)



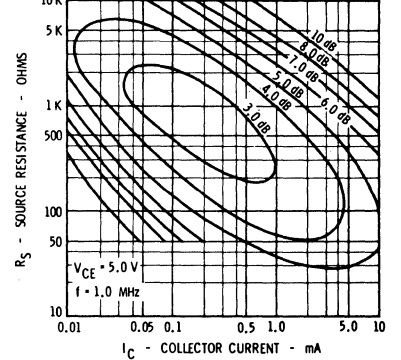
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



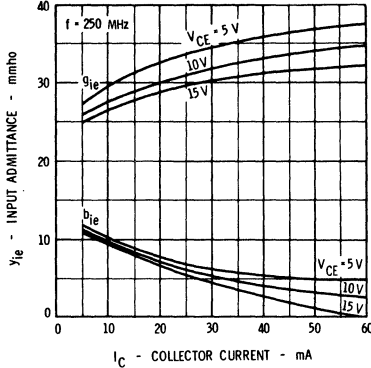
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



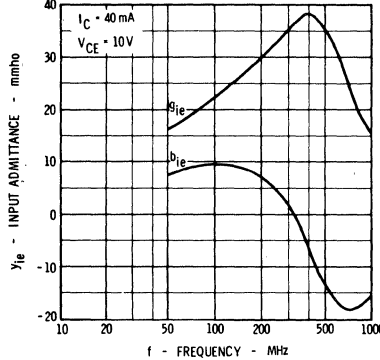
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



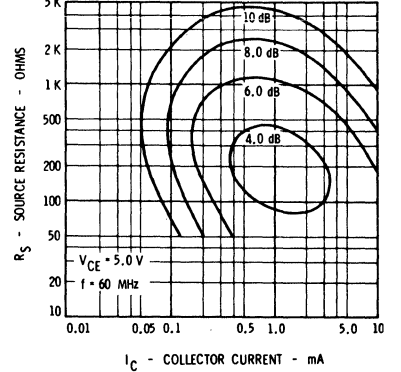
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



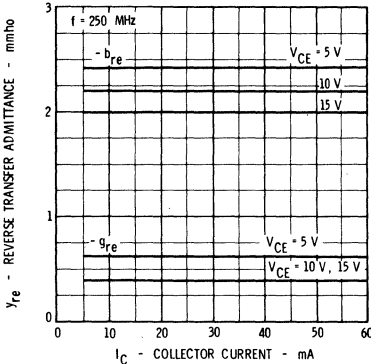
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



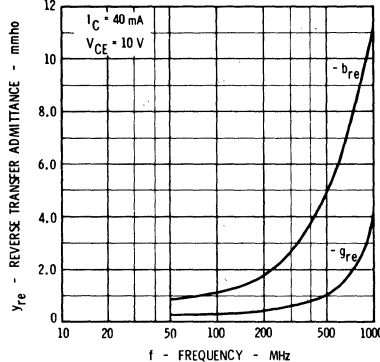
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



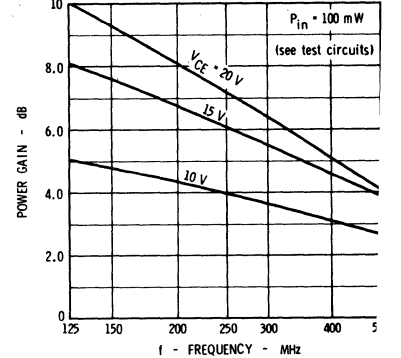
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

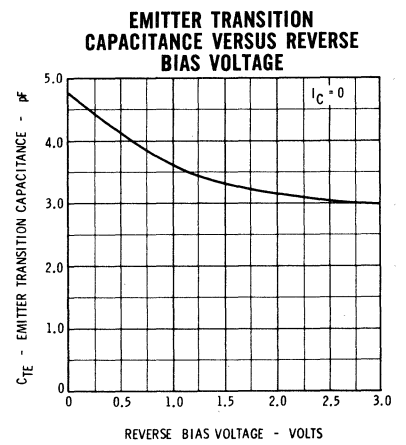
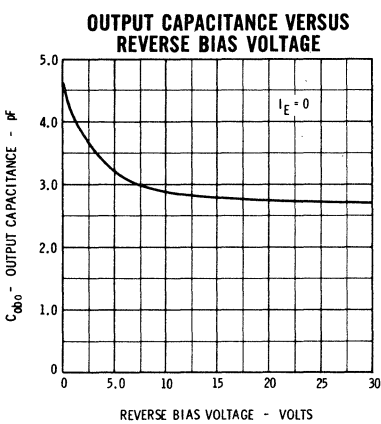
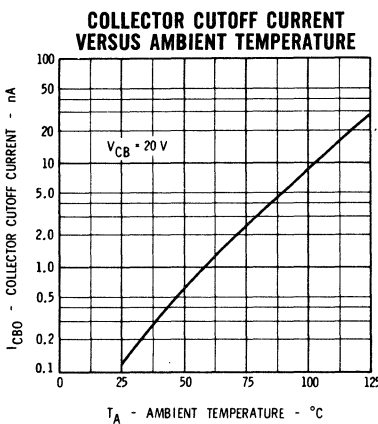
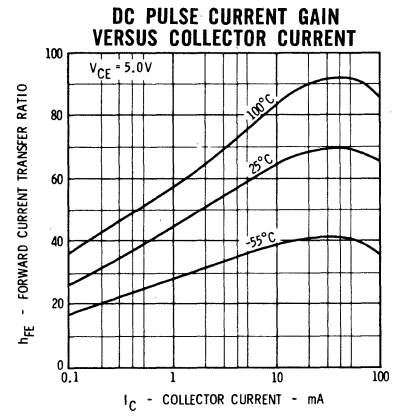
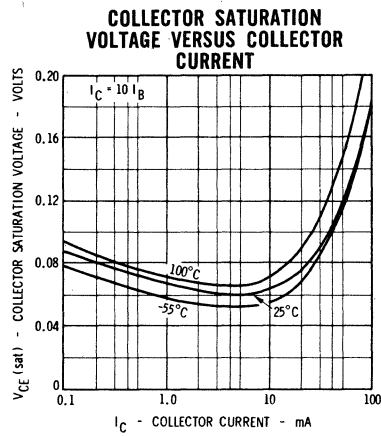
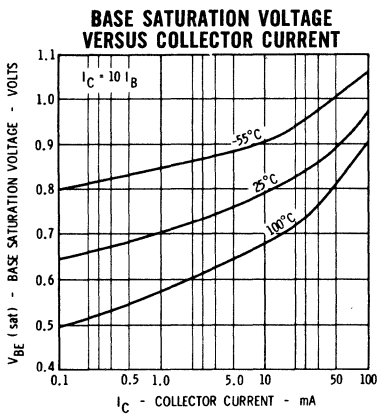
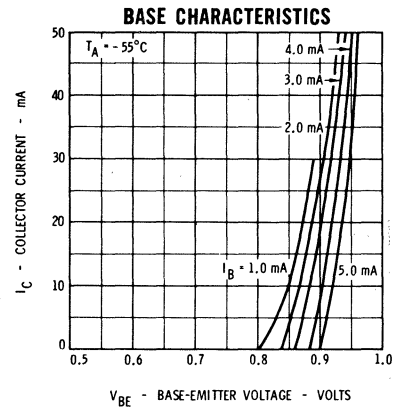
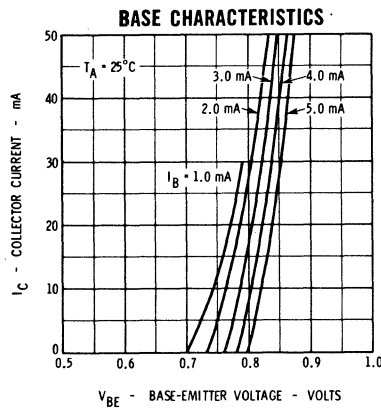
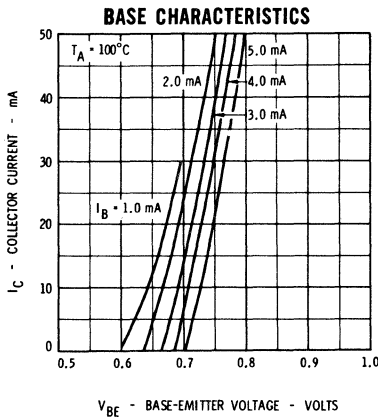
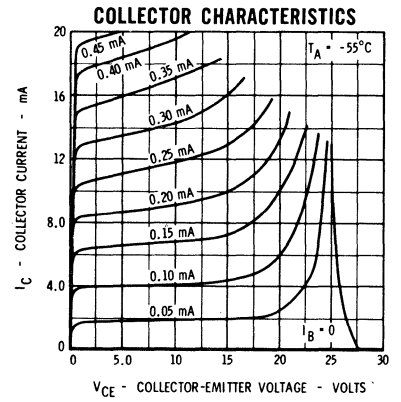
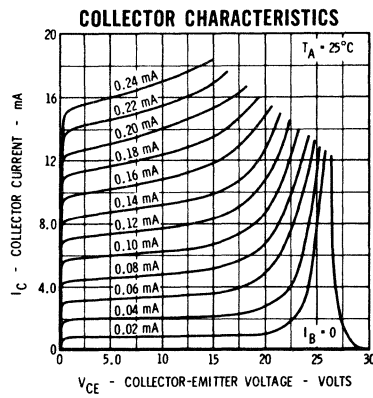
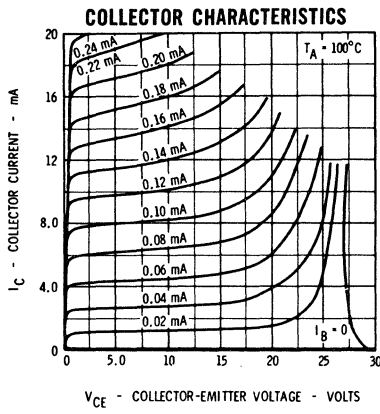


POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY



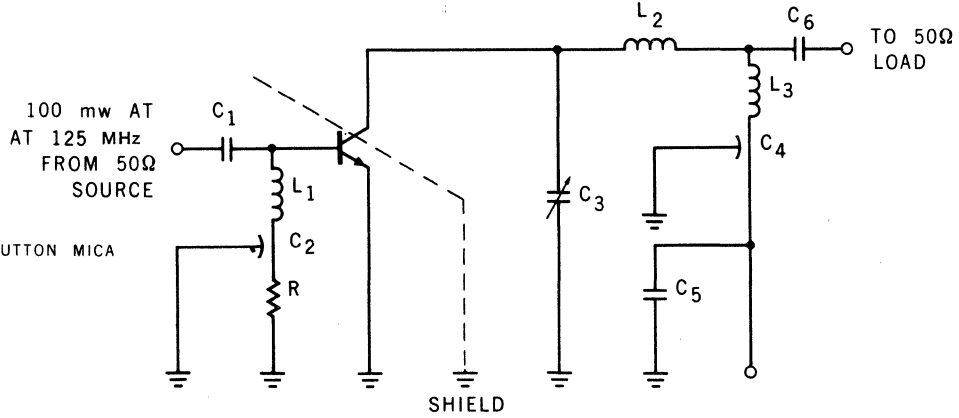
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3137

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3137

125 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER



100 mw AT
AT 125 MHz
FROM 50Ω
SOURCE

$C_1, C_2, C_4, C_6 = 1000 \text{ pF BUTTON MICA}$

$C_3 = 2 - 8 \text{ pF}$

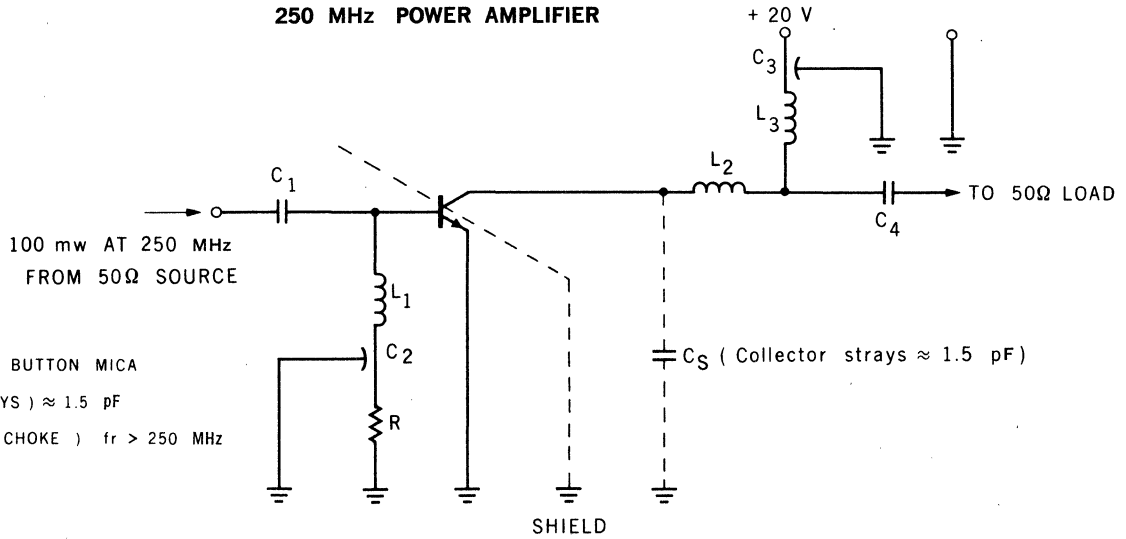
$C_5 = 6 \text{ } \mu\text{F AT 50 V}$

$L_1, L_3 = \text{RFC fr} > 125 \text{ MHz}$

$L_2 = - 16 \text{ pF}$

$R = 200 \text{ } \Omega$

250 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER



100 mw AT 250 MHz
FROM 50Ω SOURCE

$C_1 = 120 \text{ pF}$

$C_2, C_3, C_4 = 1000 \text{ pF BUTTON MICA}$

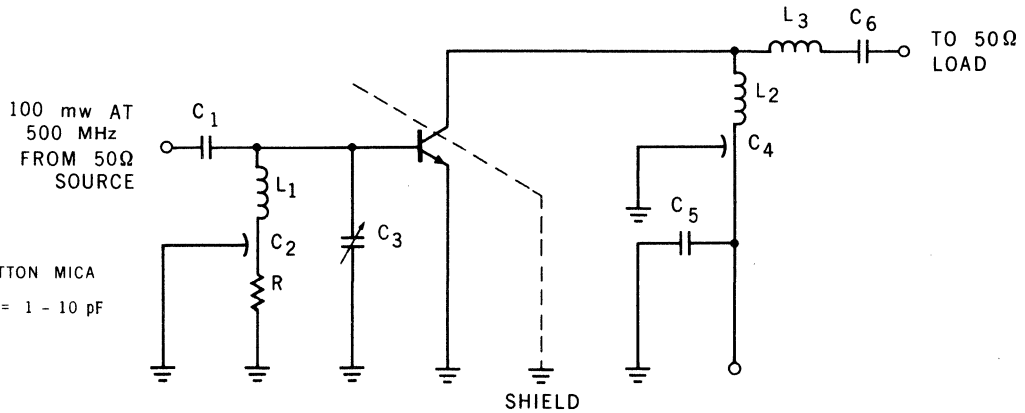
$C_5 \text{ (COLLECTOR STRAYS)} \approx 1.5 \text{ pF}$

$L_1, L_3 = .47 \text{ } \mu\text{H (RF CHOKE) fr} > 250 \text{ MHz}$

$L_2 = -5.5 \text{ pF}$

$R = 200 \text{ } \Omega$

500 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER



100 mw AT
500 MHz
FROM 50Ω
SOURCE

$C_1 = 10 \text{ pF}$

$C_2, C_4, C_6 = 1000 \text{ pF BUTTON MICA}$

$C_5 = 6 \text{ } \mu\text{F AT 50 V} \quad C_3 = 1 - 10 \text{ pF}$

$L_1 = - 9 \text{ pF}$

$L_2 = - 3.5 \text{ pF}$

$L_3 = - 7.5 \text{ pF}$

$R = 20 \text{ } \Omega$

2N3209

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N3209 is a 550 mc PNP diffused silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor designed for saturated and non-saturated switching circuits requiring up to 200 milliamperes of collector current. It is suitable for 20 mc RF amplifiers, 10.7 mc IF amplifiers, 100 mc oscillator converter circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

-65°C to +200°C
200°C Maximum
300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature
[Notes 2 and 3]
at 25°C Ambient Temperature
[Notes 2 and 3]

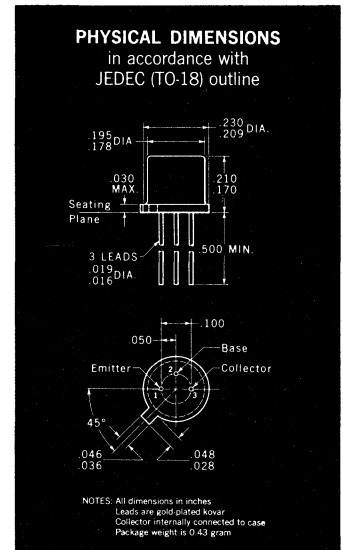
1.2 Watts

0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]
V_{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage
I_c Collector Current

-20 Volts
-20 Volts
-4.0 Volts
200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	75	120		$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	67			$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.3 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	30			$I_c = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE} \text{ (sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.07	-0.15	Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE} \text{ (sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.1	-0.2	Volts	$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE} \text{ (sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.28	-0.6	Volts	$I_c = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	4.0	5.5			$I_c = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO} \text{ (sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-20			Volts	$I_c = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		23	60	nsec	$I_c \approx 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 1.5 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		34	90	nsec	$I_c \approx 30 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx I_{B2} \approx 1.5 \text{ mA}$

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NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_c , I_{B1} and I_{B2} .

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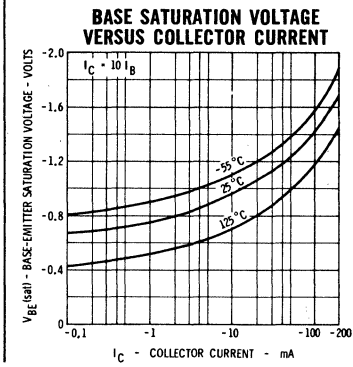
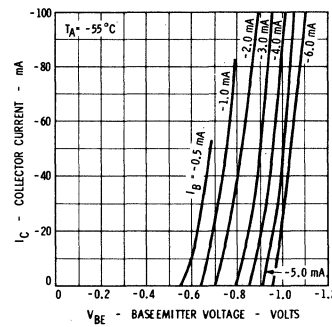
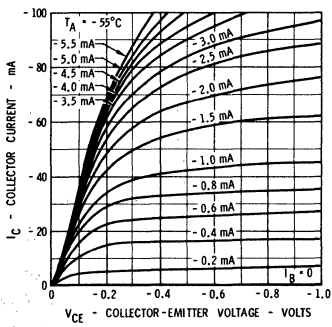
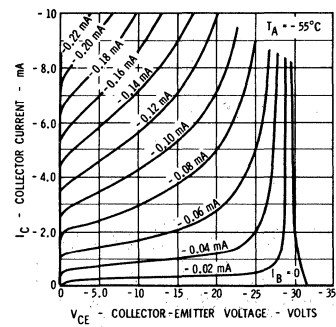
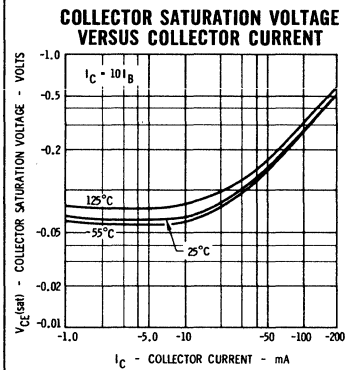
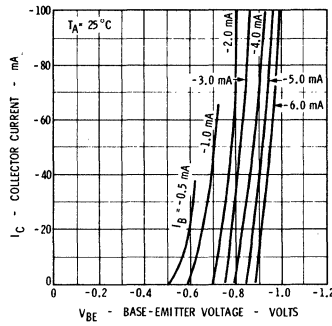
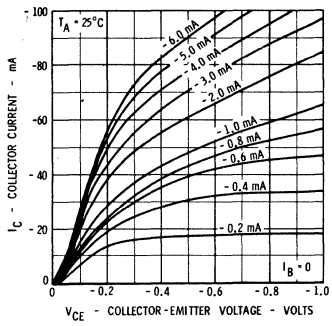
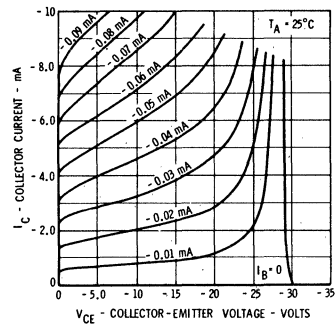
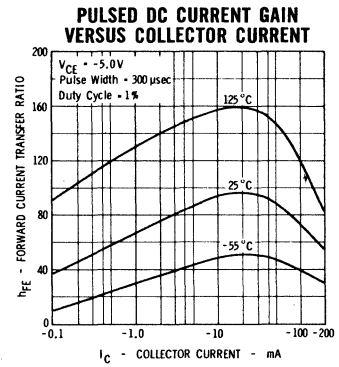
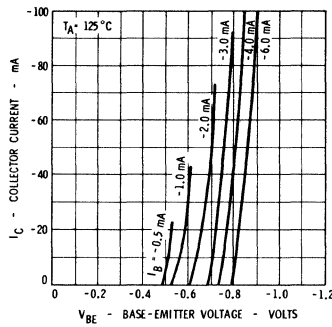
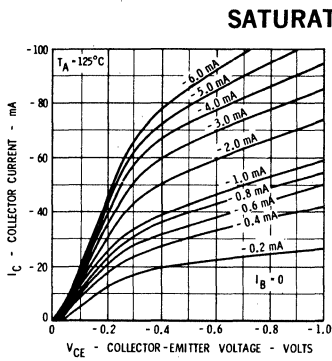
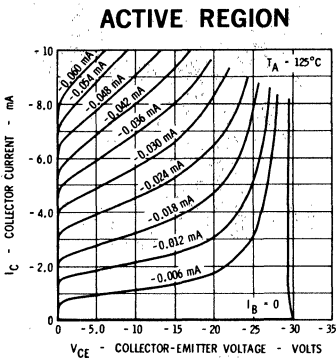
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3209

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

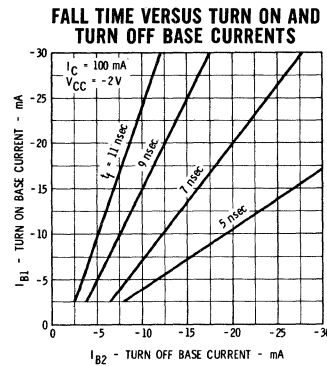
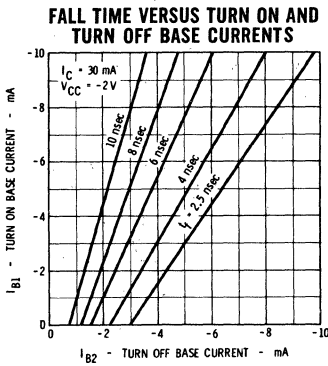
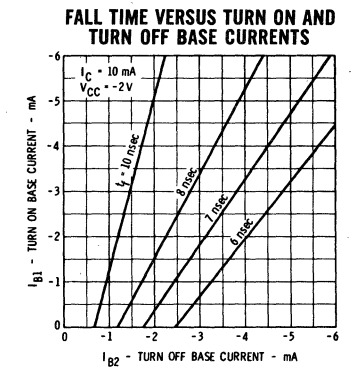
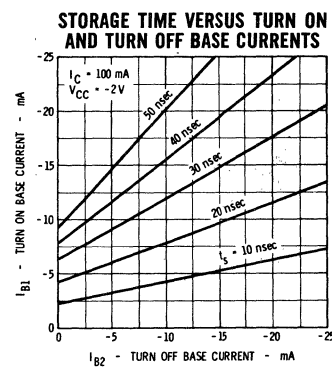
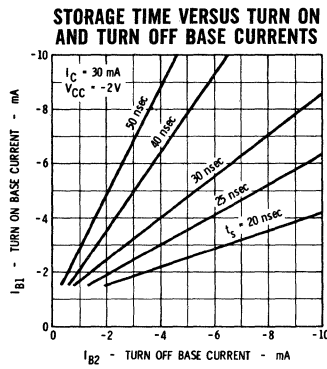
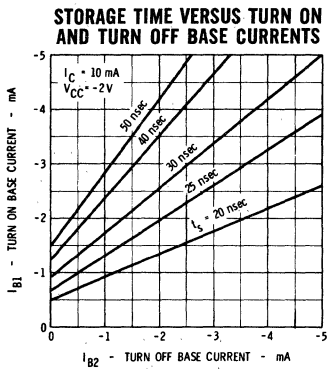
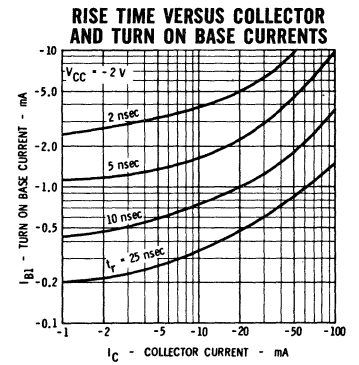
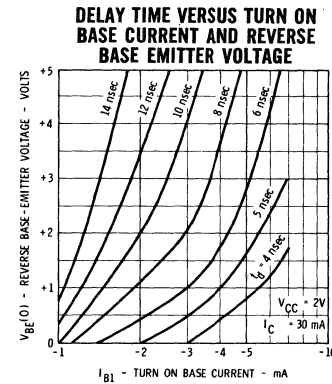
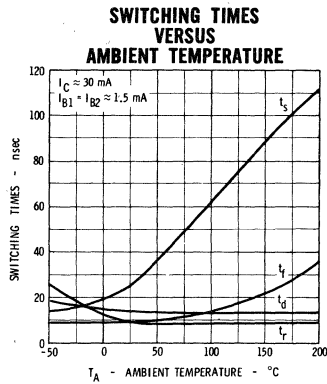
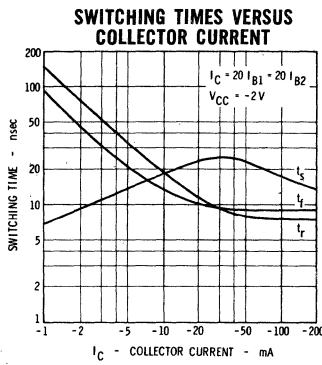
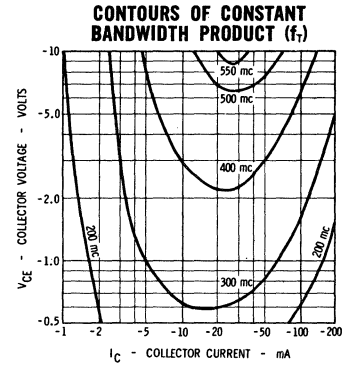
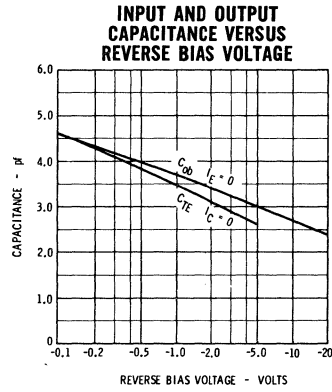
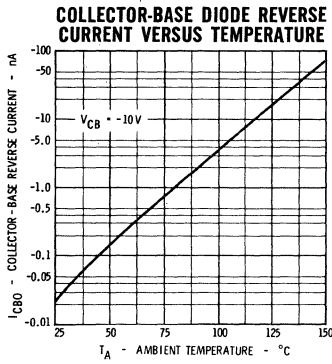
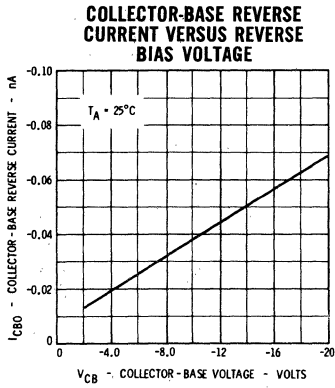
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$h_{FE} (-55^{\circ}\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12	43			$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.5\text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.78	-0.92	-0.98	Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.85	-1.1	-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.4	-1.7	Volts	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	80	nA	$V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES} (125^{\circ}\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.025	10	μA	$V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		3.0	5.0	pf	$V_{CB} = -5.0\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		3.8	6.0	pf	$V_{EB} = -0.5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-20			Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-20			Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

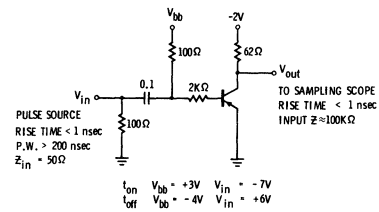


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3209

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

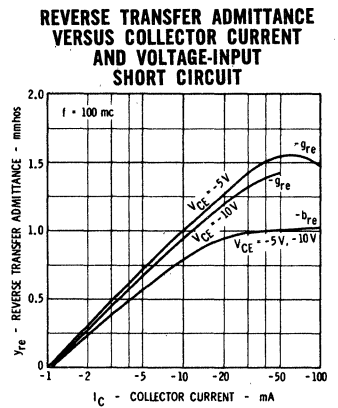
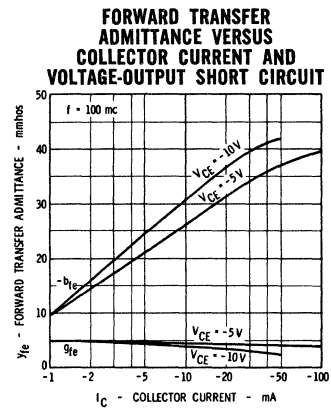
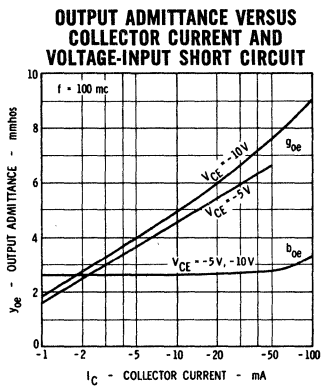
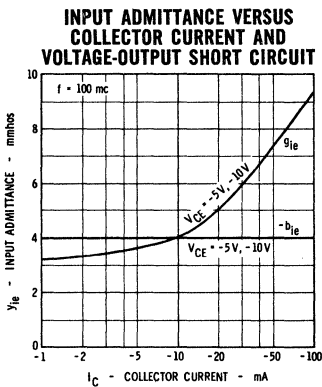
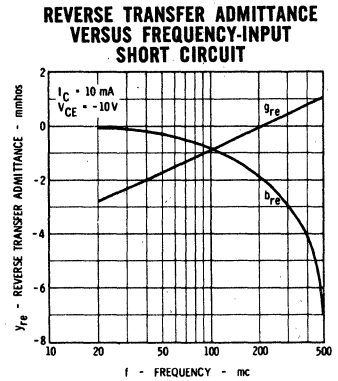
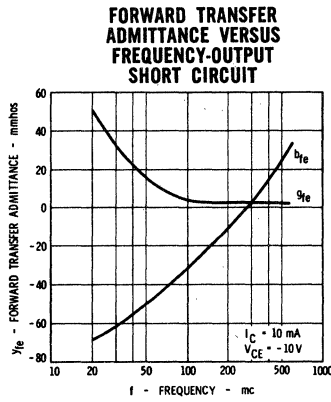
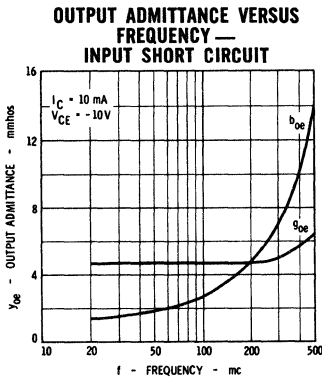
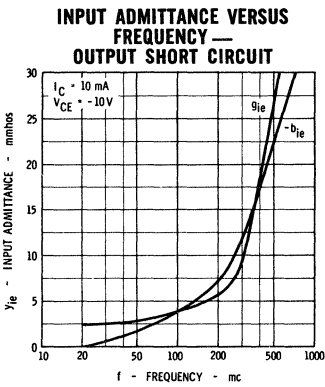


SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

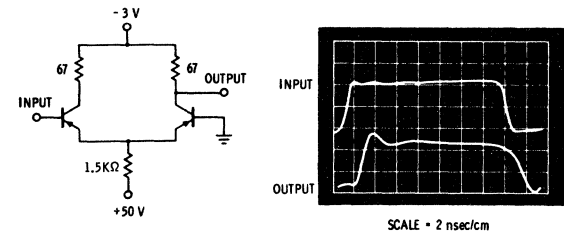


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3209

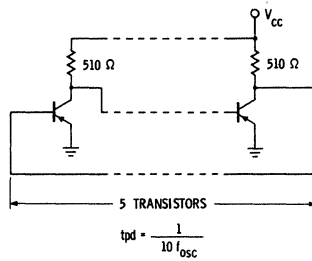
TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS



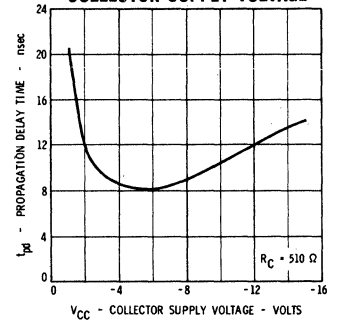
NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE



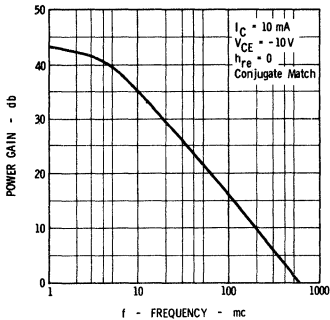
FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



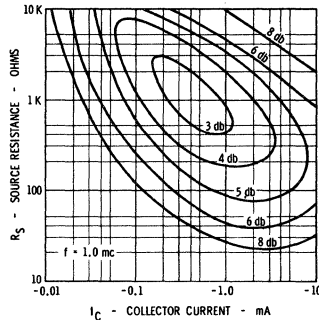
PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



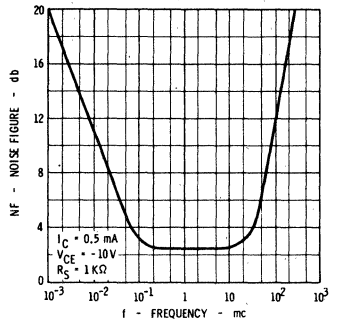
IDEALIZED SMALL SIGNAL POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



2N3250 • 2N3251

PNP HIGH SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N4034 • 2N4035

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3250 and 2N3251 are High-Gain, High-Voltage Silicon PNP Transistors suitable for a wide range of applications including high-voltage switching; low-noise, low-current requirements; and high-gain RF applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

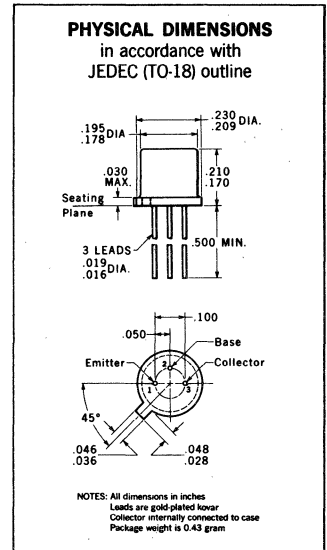
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 Second Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-50 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	-40 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3250		2N3251		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	40		80			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	150	100	300		$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15		30			$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.25		-0.25	Volt	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.6	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	Volt	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 MHz$)	2.5		3.0			$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -20 V$
$r_b' C_c$	Collector Base Time Constant ($f = 31.8 MHz$)		250		250	ps	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -20 V$
NF	Noise Figure ($f = 100 Hz$)		6.0		6.0	dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
t_d	Delay Time		35		35	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = 1.0 mA$
t_r	Rise Time		35		35	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = 1.0 mA$
t_s	Storage Time		175		200	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 mA$
t_f	Fall Time		50		50	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 mA$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 145°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.



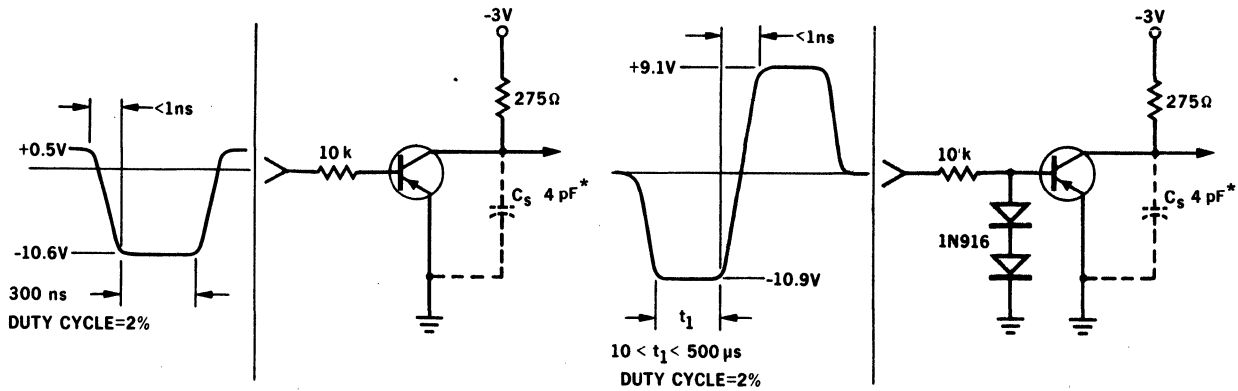
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3250 • 2N3251

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3250		2N3251		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		6.0		6.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		8.0		8.0	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{BE} = -1.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	45		90			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -1.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.5		-0.5	Volt	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		-1.2		-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
BV_{CEO}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-40		-40		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-50		-50		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10$ μ A
I_{CEX}	Collector Current		20		20	nA	$V_{CE} = -40$ V $V_{BE} = 3.0$ V
I_{BL}	Base Current		50		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -40$ V $V_{BE} = 3.0$ V
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1$ kHz)	50	200	100	400		$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio ($f = 1$ kHz)		10		20	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{ie}	Input Impedance ($f = 1$ kHz)	1.0	6.0	2.0	12	k Ω	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{oe}	Output Admittance ($f = 1$ kHz)	4.0	40	10	60	μ mho	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V

FIG. 1 DELAY AND RISE TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT • FIG. 2 STORAGE AND FALL TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT



***TOTAL SHUNT CAPACITANCE OF TEST JIG AND CONNECTORS**

2N3250A • 2N3251A

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3250A and 2N3251A are PNP silicon Planar epitaxial transistors designed primarily for fast high voltage switching and high-gain RF applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

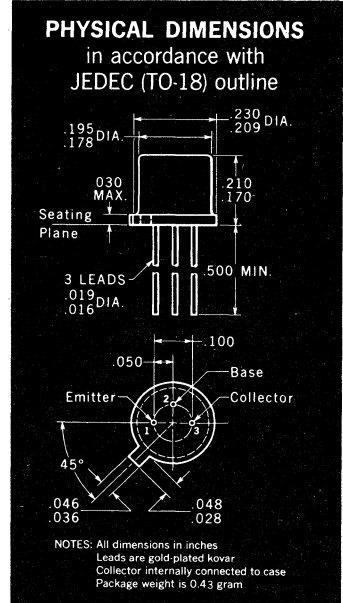
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 Second Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	-60 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3250A		2N3251A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	40		80			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	150	100	300		$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15		30			$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.25		-0.25	Volt	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.6	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	Volt	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 MHz$)	2.5		3.0			$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -20 V$
$r_b' C_c$	Collector Base Time Constant ($f = 31.8 MHz$)		250		250	ps	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -20 V$
NF	Noise Figure ($f = 100 Hz$)		6.0		6.0	dB	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
t_d	Delay Time		35		35	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = 1.0 mA$
t_r	Rise Time		35		35	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = 1.0 mA$
t_s	Storage Time		175		200	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 mA$
t_f	Fall Time		50		50	ns	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 mA$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 145°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.9 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.1 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.



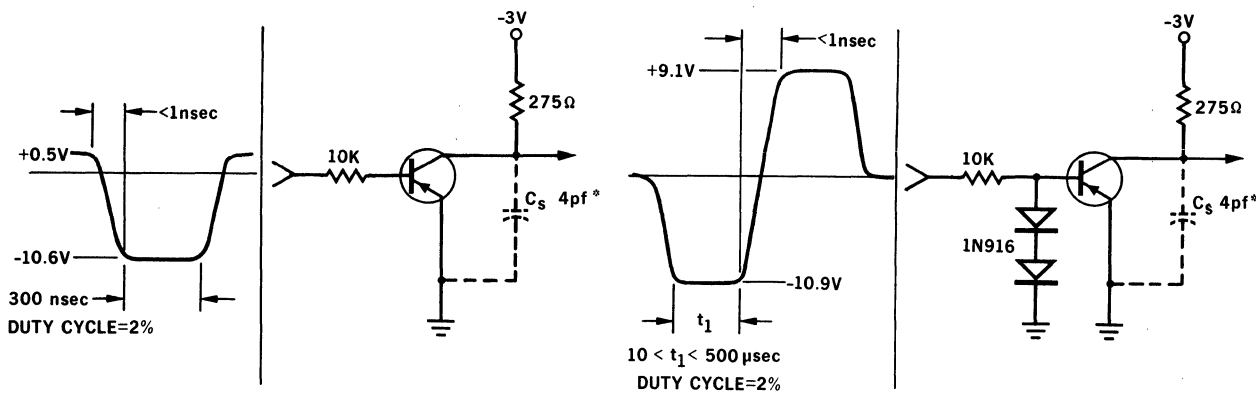
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3250A • 2N3251A

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3250A		2N3251A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		6.0	6.0		pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10$ V
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		8.0	8.0		pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{BE} = -1.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	45		90			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -1.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.5	-0.5		Volt	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage		-1.2	-1.2		Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-60		-60		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60		-60		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10$ μ A
I_{CEX}	Collector Current		20	20		nA	$V_{CE} = -40$ V $V_{BE} = +3.0$ V
I_{BL}	Base Current		50	50		nA	$V_{CE} = -40$ V $V_{BE} = +3.0$ V
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain (f = 1 kHz)	50	200	100	400		$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio (f = 1 kHz)		10		20	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{ie}	Input Impedance (f = 1 kHz)	1.0	6.0	2.0	12	k Ω	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{oe}	Output Admittance (f = 1 kHz)	4.0	40	10	60	μ mho	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V

FIG. 1 DELAY AND RISE TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT • FIG. 2 STORAGE AND FALL TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT



*TOTAL SHUNT CAPACITANCE OF TEST JIG AND CONNECTORS

2N3252 • 2N3253 • 2N3444

NPN SWITCHING TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3724 • 2N3725

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3252, 2N3253, and 2N3444 are Double Diffused Silicon NPN Transistors packaged in the JEDEC TO-5 outline. They are designed for high-speed switching, high-frequency amplifier applications, and may be used as core drivers, relay drivers, and pulse generators.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

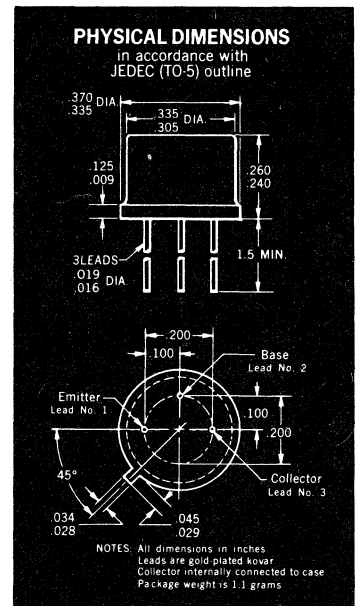
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec Time Limit)	2N3252 • 2N3253	+300°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec Time Limit)	2N3444	+240°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	5.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	1.0 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Currents

	2N3252	2N3253	2N3444
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts	75 Volts	80 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage	30 Volts	40 Volts	50 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3252		2N3253		2N3444		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30		25		20			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	90			20	60		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)			25	75				$I_C = 375 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25				15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)			20					$I_C = 750 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0		1.0		1.0	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.3	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.8		1.8		1.8	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.3		0.35		0.35	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.5		0.6		0.6	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0		1.2		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	2.0		1.75		1.5			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		80		80		80	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		12				12	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance				12			pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$

Notes and Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
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313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3252 • 2N3253 • 2N3444

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3252		2N3253		2N3444		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current				500	500		nA	$V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 4.0\text{ V}$
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		500					nA	$V_{CE} = 40\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 4.0\text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Reverse Current				500	500		nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Reverse Current		500					nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current				75	75		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		75					μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$
I_{BL}	Base Current				500	500		nA	$V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$ $V_{OB} = 4.0\text{ V}$
I_{BL}	Base Current		500					nA	$V_{CE} = 40\text{ V}$ $V_{OB} = 4.0\text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		50		50			nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0\text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		75		80		Volts	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30		40		50		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0		5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$
Q_T	Total Control Charge (see Fig. 3)		5.0	5.0		5.0		ncoul	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$
t_d	Delay Time (see Fig. 1)		15	15		15		nsec	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 50\text{ mA}$
t_r	Rise Time (see Fig. 1)		30	35		35		nsec	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 50\text{ mA}$
t_s	Storage Time (see Fig. 2)		40	40		40		nsec	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 50\text{ mA}$
t_f	Fall Time (see Fig. 2)		30	30		30		nsec	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 50\text{ mA}$

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operation.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 35°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.7 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse conditions: Length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

FIGURE 1 - EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT FOR MEASURING DELAY AND RISE TIMES

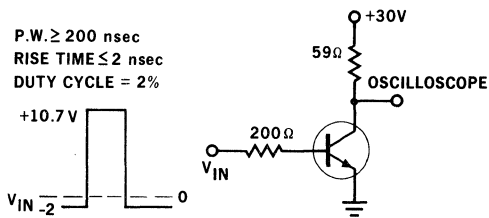


FIGURE 2 - EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT FOR MEASURING STORAGE AND FALL TIMES

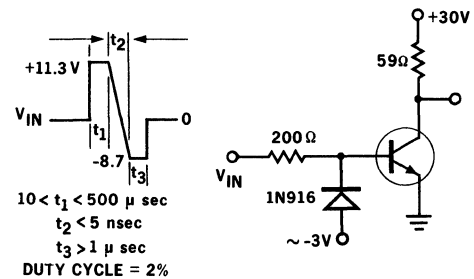
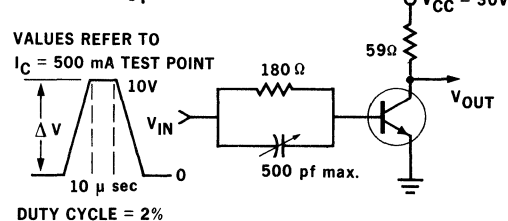


FIGURE 3 - Q_T TEST CIRCUIT



2N3299 · 2N3300 · 2N3301 · 2N3302

NPN RF AMPLIFIERS AND HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3299 through 2N3302 are NPN Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors designed to cover a wide range of RF amplifier and high-speed switching applications. These devices feature a minimum V_{CE0} of 30 volts, a minimum f_T of 250MHz at $I_C = 50$ mA, $V_{CE} = 10$ volts, together with a maximum $V_{CE}(sat)$ of 0.6 volt at 500 mA and h_{FE} specified from 100 μ A to 500 mA collector current.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +300°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, No Time Limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)	2N3299	2N3301
	2N3300	2N3302
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	3.0 Watts	1.8 Watts
	at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.8 Watt 0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts	30 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts

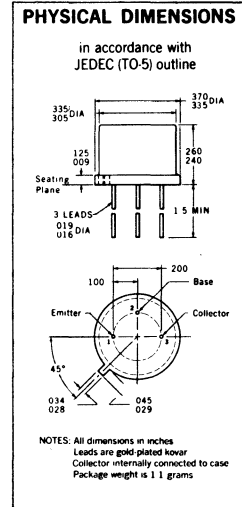
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3299 2N3301			2N3300 2N3302			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	75	120	100	220	300		$I_C = 150$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	40		35	80			$I_C = 100$ μ A $V_{CE} = 10$ V
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.4	0.6		0.4	0.6	Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage		1.1	1.5		1.1	1.5	Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{CEO}(sust)$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30			30			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.2	10		0.2	10	nA	$V_{CE} = 50$ V $V_{EB} = 0$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	70		75	205			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25	58		50	140			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	62		50	125			$I_C = 500$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	50		50	75			$I_C = 150$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V

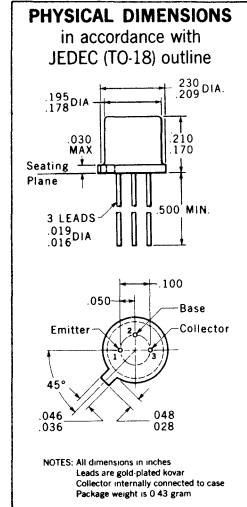
NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance for the 2N3299 and 2N3300 of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); for the 2N3301 and 2N3302 97.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the 2N3299 and 2N3300 of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C); for the 2N3301 and 2N3302 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s ; duty cycle \leq 2%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} and I_{B2} .

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



2N3299 · 2N3300



2N3301 · 2N3302

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3299 • 2N3300 • 2N3301 • 2N3302

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3299 2N3301			2N3300 2N3302			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.14	0.22		0.14	0.22		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.9	1.1		0.9	1.1		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$I_{CES(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current	0.2	10		0.2	10		μA	$V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$, $V_{EB} = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current	0.1	10		0.1	10		nA	$I_C = 0$, $V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	2.5	4.0		2.5	4.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance	6.0	8.0		6.0	8.0		pF	$I_E = 0$, $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Emitter Transition Capacitance	14	20		14	20		pF	$I_C = 0$, $V_{EB} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		14	60		14	60	ns	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		80	150		80	150	ns	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -30 \text{ mA}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60			60			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0			5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $I_C = 0$

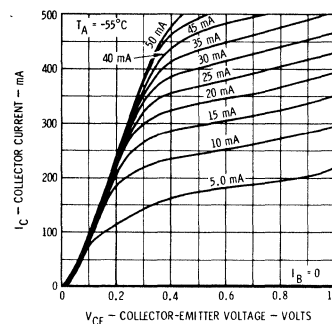
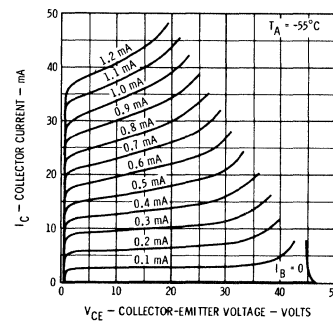
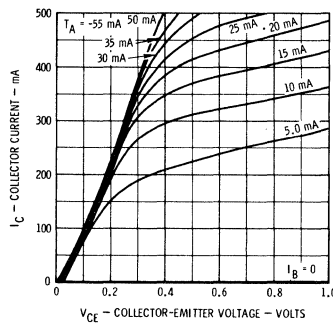
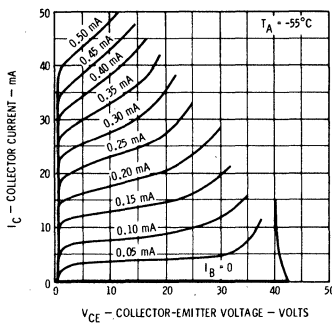
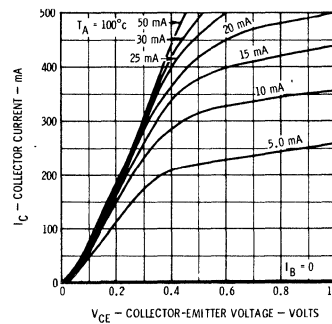
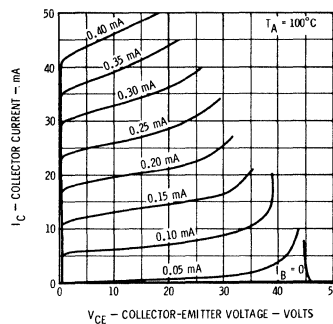
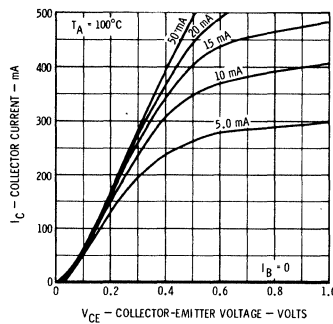
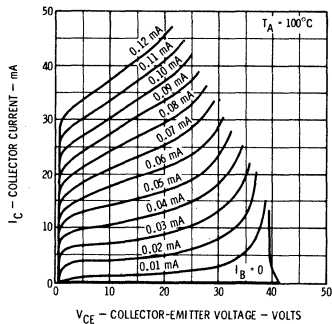
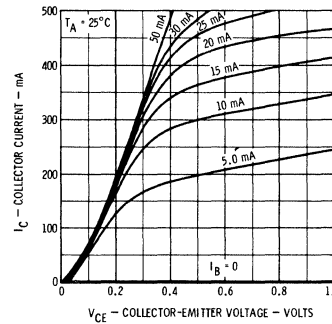
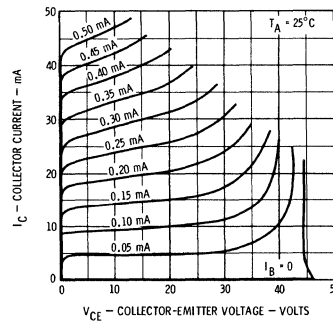
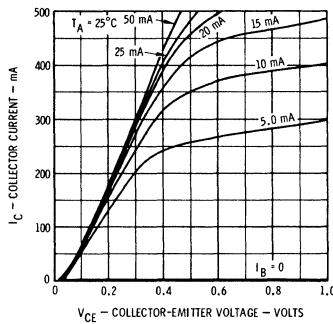
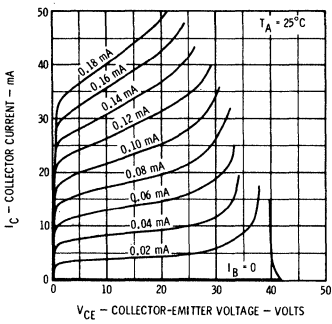
TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

2N3300 • 2N3302 2N3299 • 2N3301

ACTIVE REGION

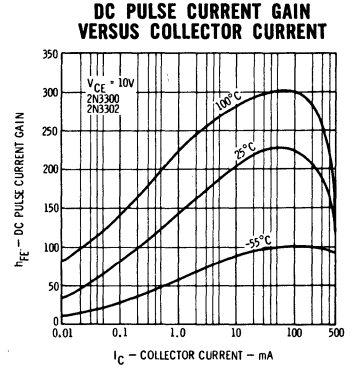
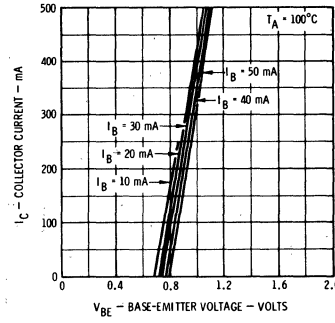
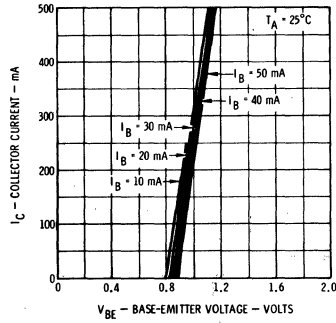
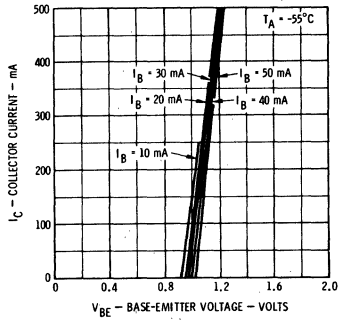
ACTIVE REGION

SATURATION REGION

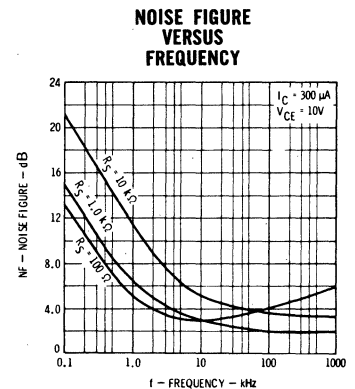
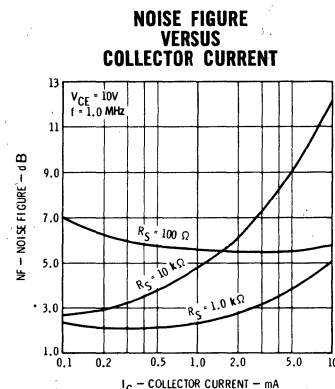
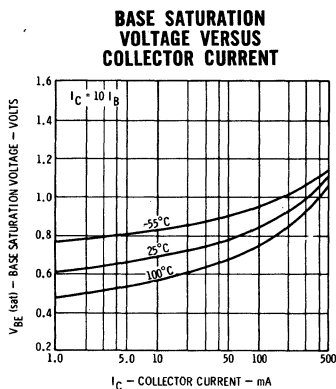
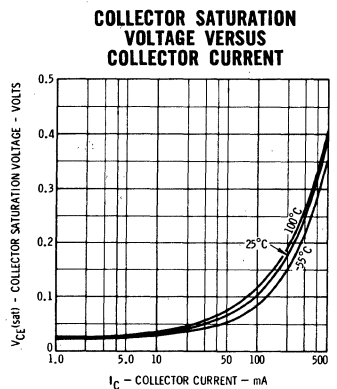
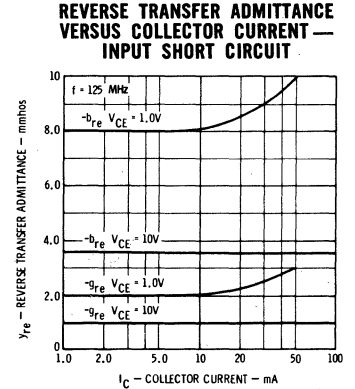
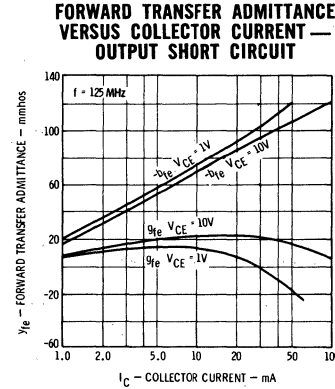
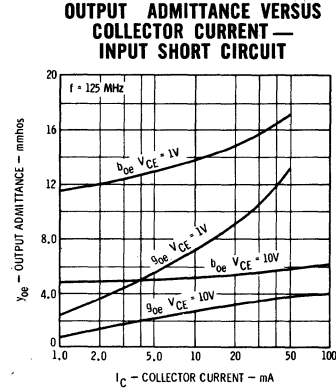
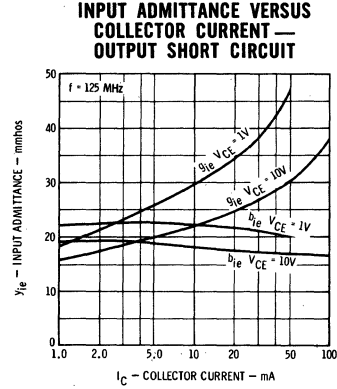
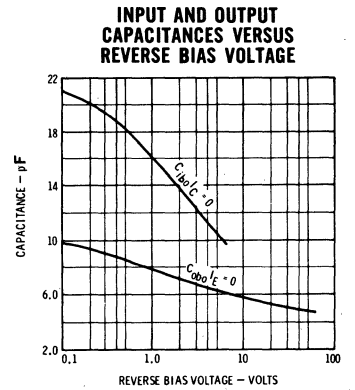
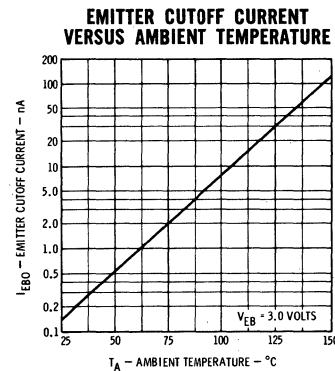
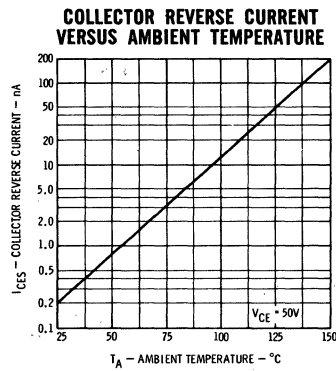
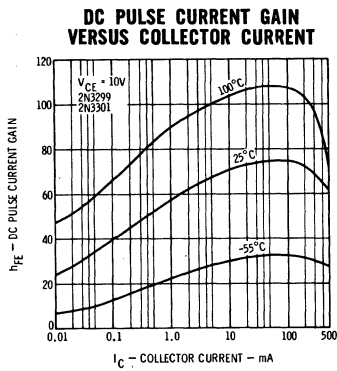


* Single family characteristics on Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL BASE CHARACTERISTICS

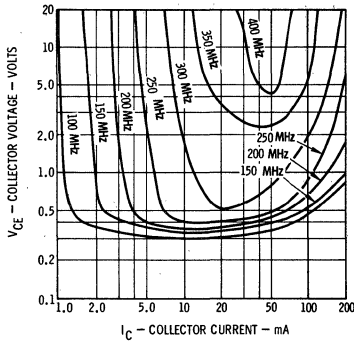


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

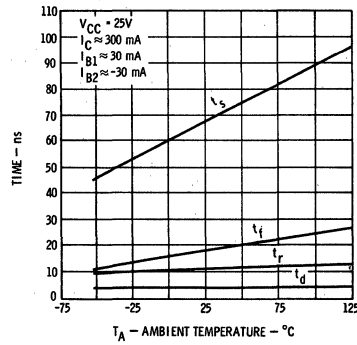


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3299 • 2N3300 • 2N3301 • 2N3302

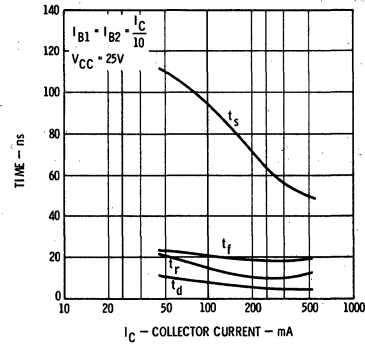
**CONTOURS OF
CONSTANT GAIN
BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)**



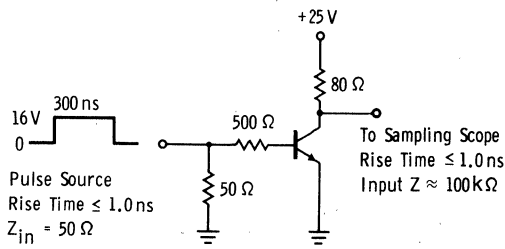
**SWITCHING TIMES
VERSUS
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**



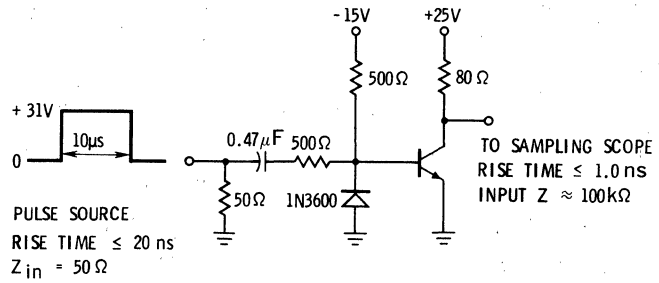
**SWITCHING TIMES
VERSUS
COLLECTOR CURRENT**



t_{on} TEST CIRCUIT



t_{off} TEST CIRCUIT



TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS ($f=1$ kHz)

2N3299 • 2N3301

$V_{CE} = 1.0V, I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V, I_C = 10mA$ $V_{CE} = 1.0V, I_C = 50mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V, I_C = 50mA$ Units

h_{ie}	Input Resistance	380	460	170	350	Ohms
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	410	55	950	405	$\mu mhos$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	2250	130	2650	500	$\times 10^{-6}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	72	90	48	97	

2N3300 • 2N3302

h_{ie}	Input Resistance	780	950	190	880	Ohms
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	440	83	1300	660	$\mu mhos$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1900	205	5400	1500	$\times 10^{-6}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	140	170	53	220	

2N3303

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CURRENT, SWITCH

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

The 2N3303 is a very high speed high current switch specifically designed for use as a thin film memory driver. The special characteristics of this device that make it uniquely optimum for this application are a 450 mc minimum f_T and a maximum $V_{CE}(\text{sat})$ of 0.7 V at 1.0 A.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
 Operating Junction Temperature
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)

-65°C to +200°C
 200°C Maximum
 300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

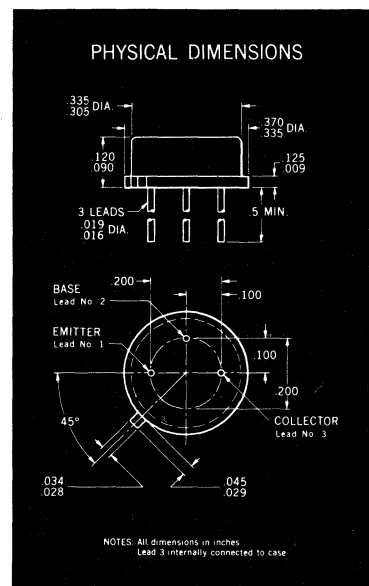
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature
 [Notes 2 and 3]
 at 25°C Ambient Temperature
 [Notes 2 and 3]

3.0 Watts
 0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage
 I_C Collector Current

25 Volts
 12 Volts
 4.0 Volts
 1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		10	15	nsec	$I_C \approx 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 100 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		15	25	nsec	$I_C \approx 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -100 \text{ mA}$
τ_s	Charge Storage Time [Note 6]			15	nsec	$I_C \approx 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -100 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	4.5	6.5			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.18	0.23	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.24	0.33	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.51	0.7	Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	60	120		$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	50			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	45			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 291.6°C/watt (derating factor of 3.43 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , I_{B2} .

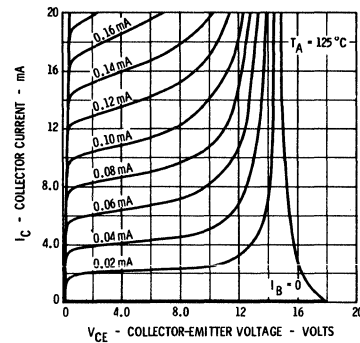
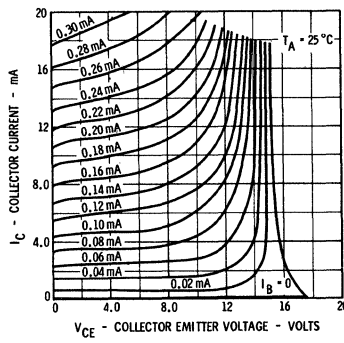
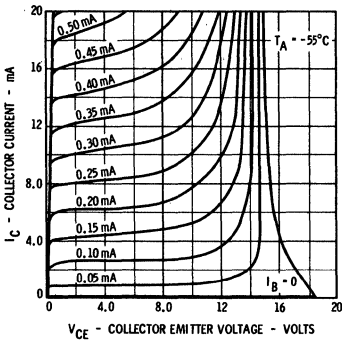
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SEMICONDUCTOR
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

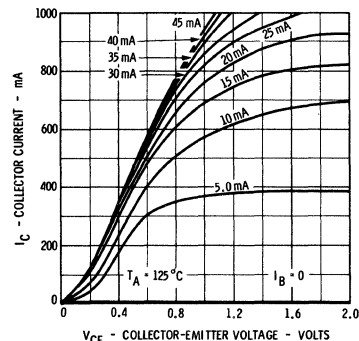
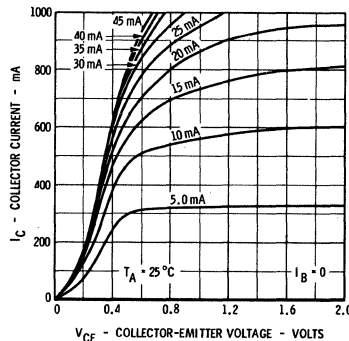
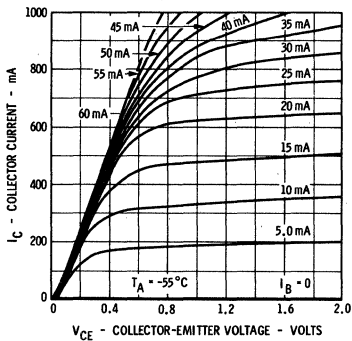
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	10	33			$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5\text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.72	0.78		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	0.85	1.1		Volts	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	1.1	1.3		Volts	$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	1.4	2.1		Volts	$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.17	0.25		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})(+125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	0.3	0.5		Volts	$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30\text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current			100	μA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		15	25	pf	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$ $I_C = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		6.0	15	pf	$V_{CB} = 5.0\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25			Volts	$I_C = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	12			Volts	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0			Volts	$I_E = 0.1\text{ mA}$ $I_C = 0$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

ACTIVE REGION



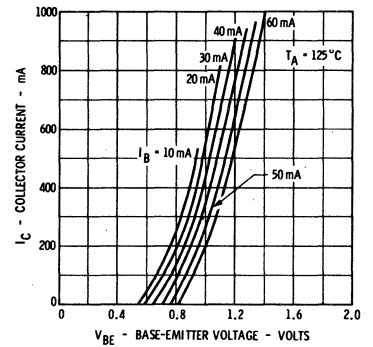
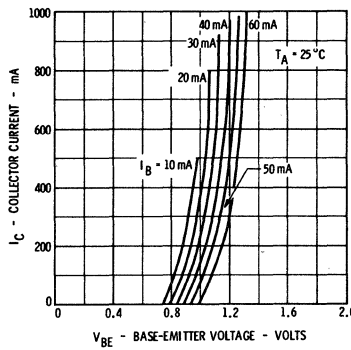
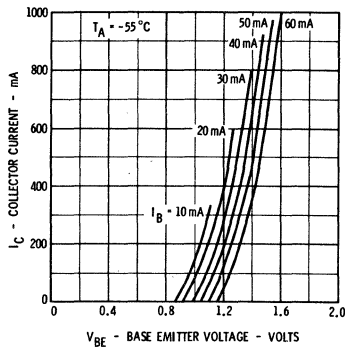
SATURATION REGION



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

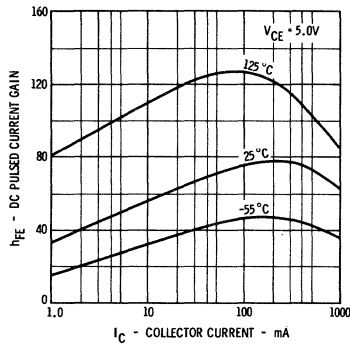
TYPICAL BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

SATURATION REGION

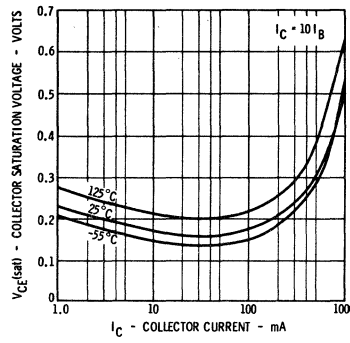


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

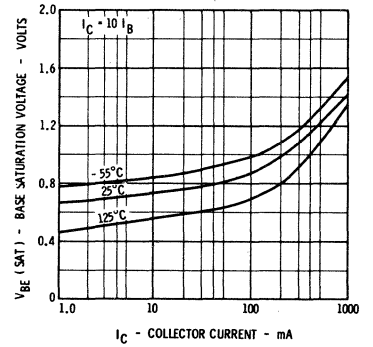
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



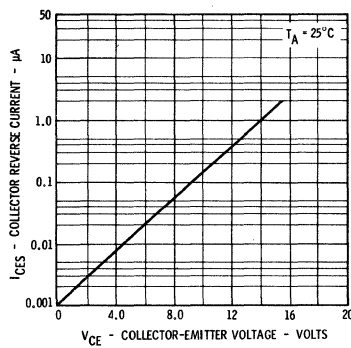
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



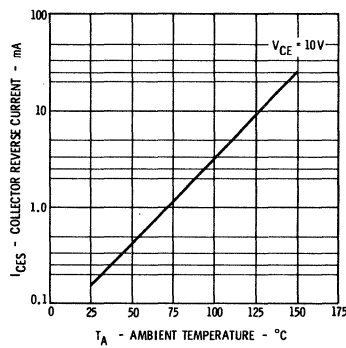
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



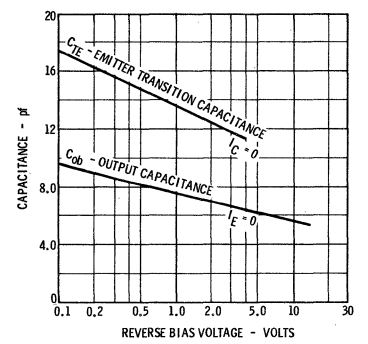
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



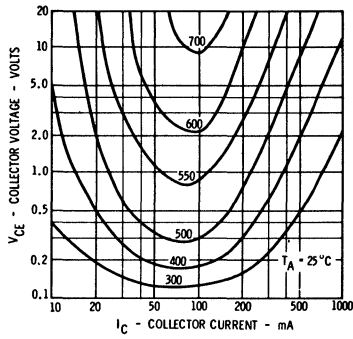
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



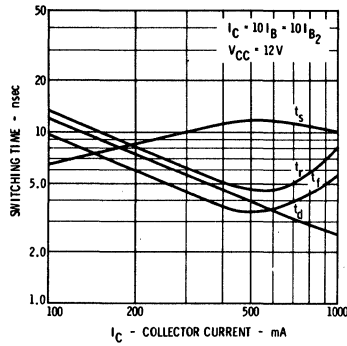
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

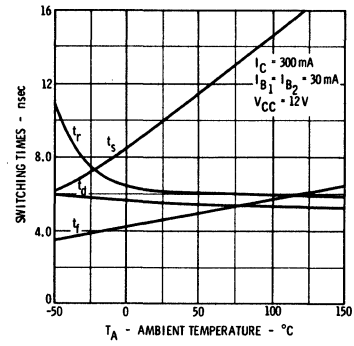
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_t)



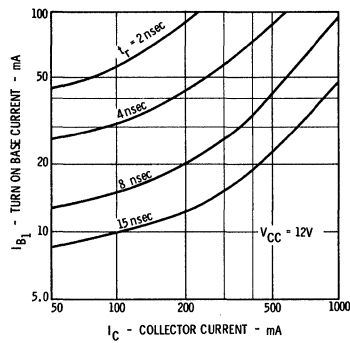
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



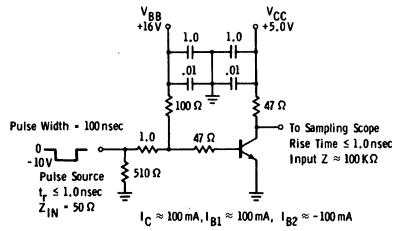
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



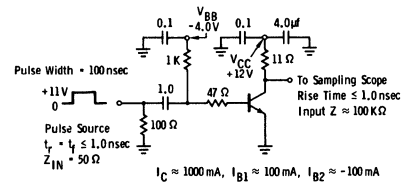
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



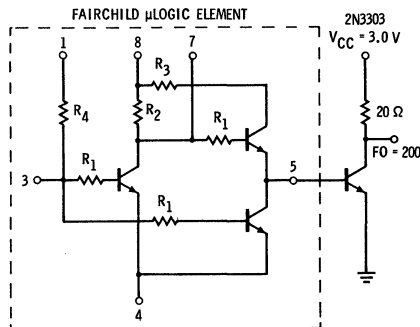
CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



$t_{ON} - t_{OFF}$ MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT

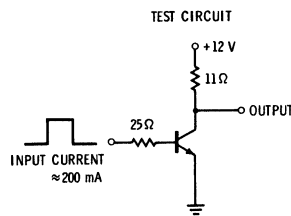


IMPROVING FAN-OUT CAPABILITY

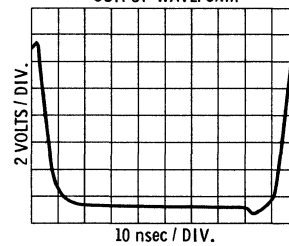


2N3303 USED TO CONVERT BUFFER ELEMENT (Part #900) FAN OUT FROM 25 TO 200

HIGH SPEED 1 AMPERE PULSE SOURCE



OUTPUT WAVEFORM



2N3304

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE USE 2N4207 SERIES

The 2N3304 is a very high speed PNP silicon epitaxial PLANAR device intended primarily for use in high speed logic application. A 500 mc minimum f_T and a 30 nsec maximum τ_s make it an ideal alternative to germanium devices for applications requiring the greater margin of reliability afforded by its silicon PLANAR construction.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum

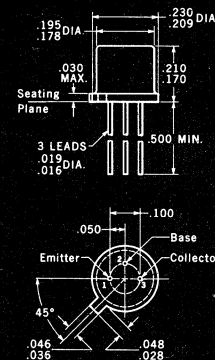
Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.5 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-6.0 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-6.0 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.0 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
Leads are gold-plated bronze.
Collector internally connected to case.
Package weight is 0.43 gram.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
τ_s	Charge Storage Time [Note 6]		22	30	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		27	60	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 0.5 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		34	60	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -0.5 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	5.0	7.0			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	63	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.3 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	50			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	60			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.05	-0.15	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.07	-0.16	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.2	-0.5	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 200°C/watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 583°C/watt (derating factor of 1.72 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} and I_{B2} .

FAIRCHILD
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313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

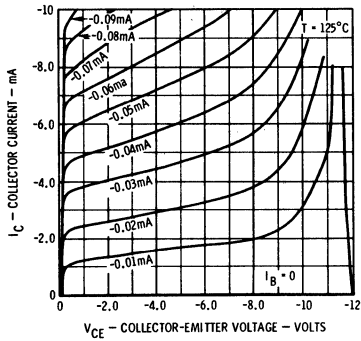
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3304

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

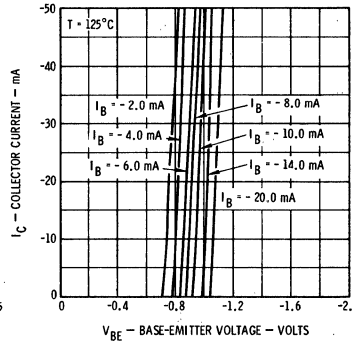
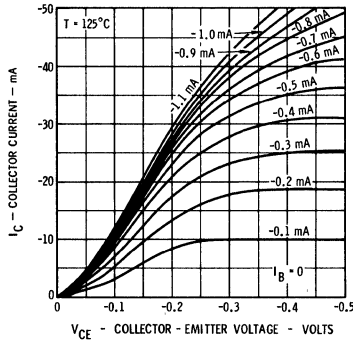
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	12	33			$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.3\text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.7	-0.76	-0.8	Volts	$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.8	-0.88	-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage	-1.1	-1.5		Volts	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.09	-0.23		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.003	10		nA	$V_{CE} = -3.0\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CES} (125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current	0.001	10		μA	$V_{CE} = -3.0\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		1.9	3.5	pf	$V_{CB} = -5.0\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		1.8	3.5	pf	$V_{EB} = -0.5\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-6.0			Volts	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-6.0			Volts	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_B = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-6.0			Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.0			Volts	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

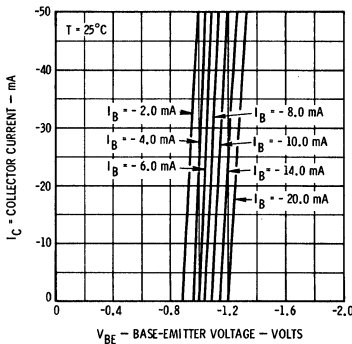
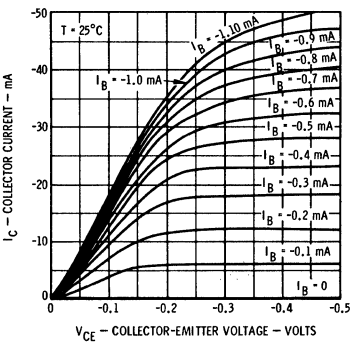
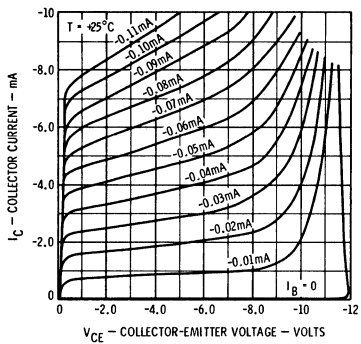
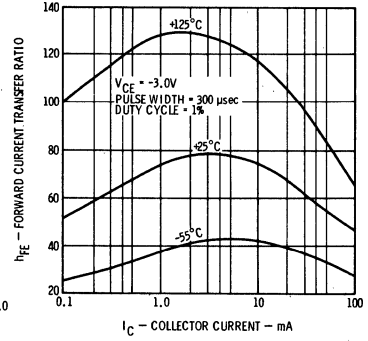
ACTIVE REGION



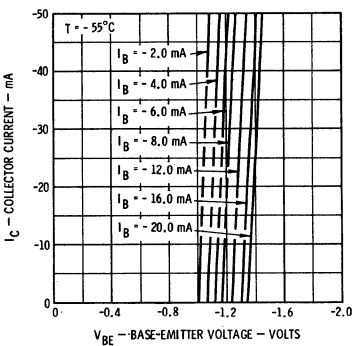
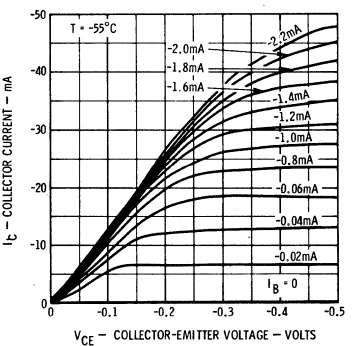
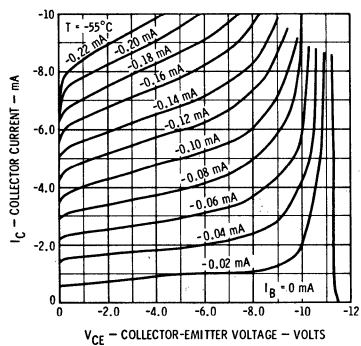
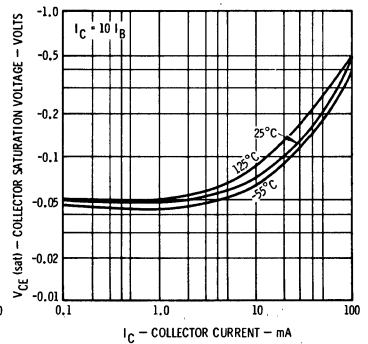
SATURATION REGION



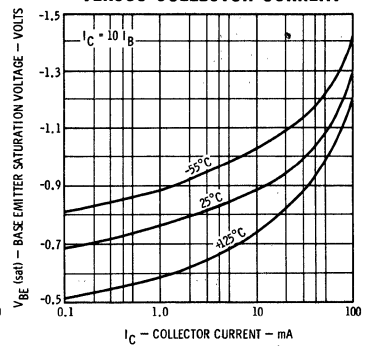
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

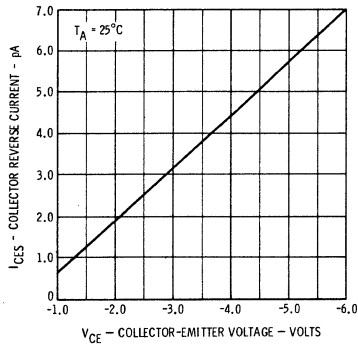


BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

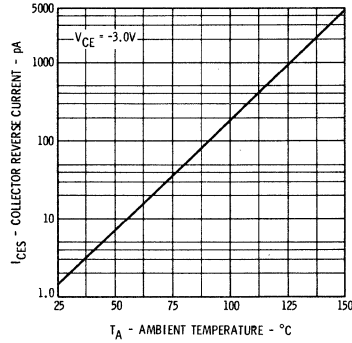


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3304

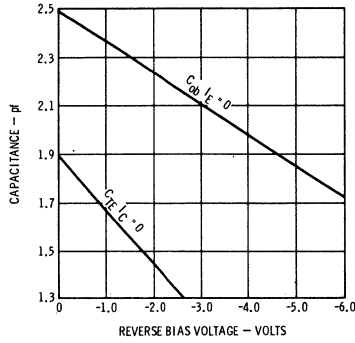
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



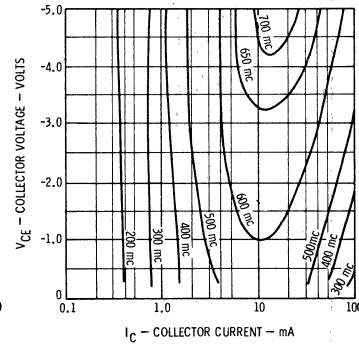
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



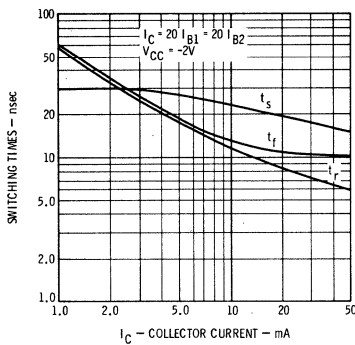
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



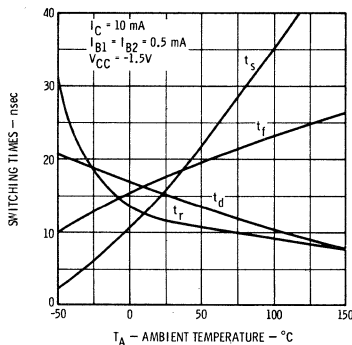
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



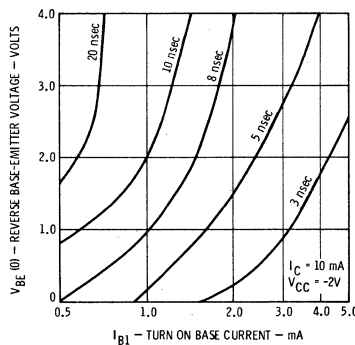
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



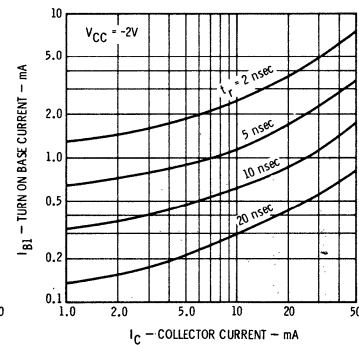
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



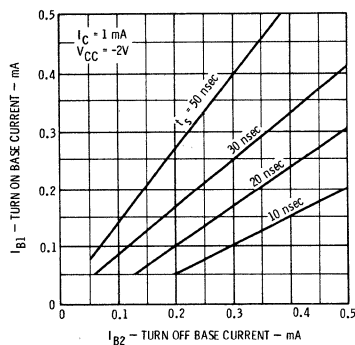
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



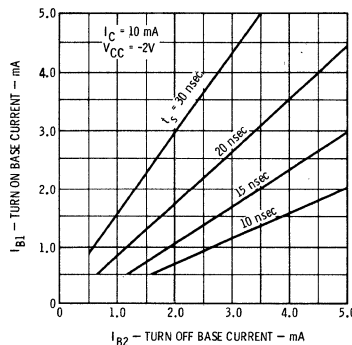
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



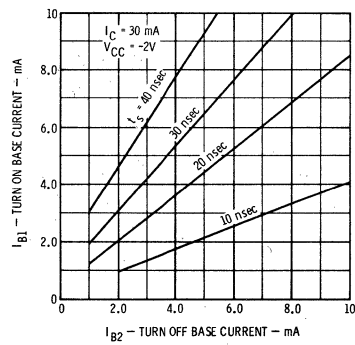
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



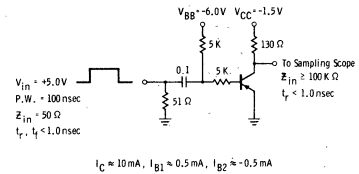
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



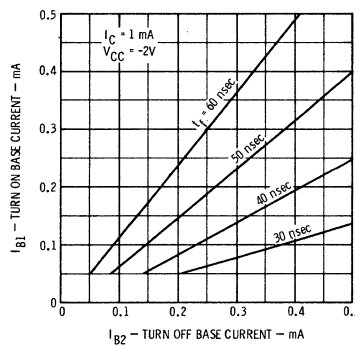
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



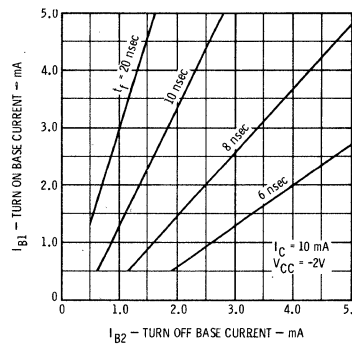
TURN ON AND TURN OFF TEST CIRCUIT



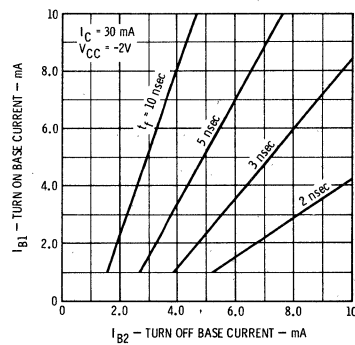
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



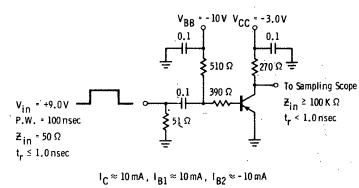
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



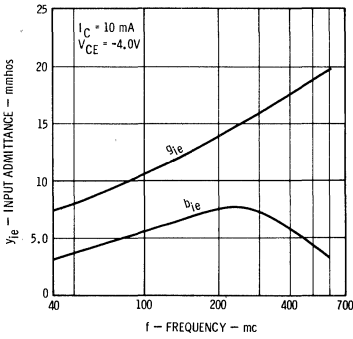
CHARGE STORAGE TIME TEST CIRCUIT



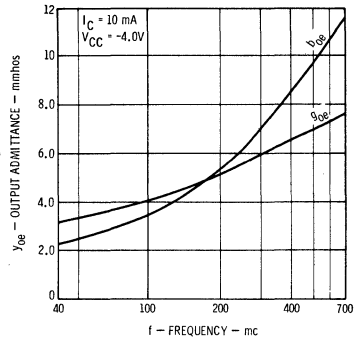
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3304

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

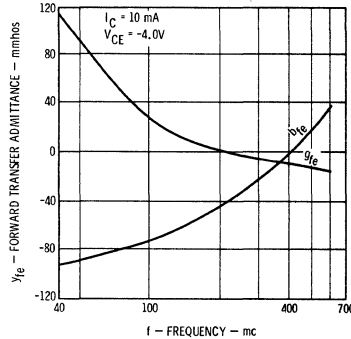
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



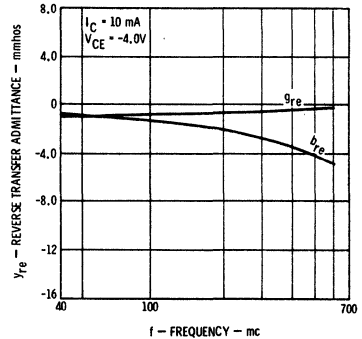
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



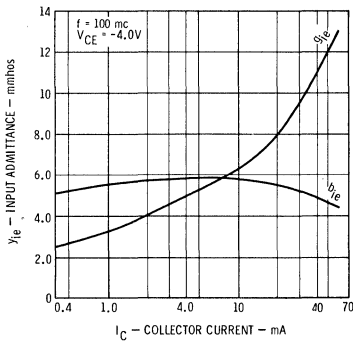
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



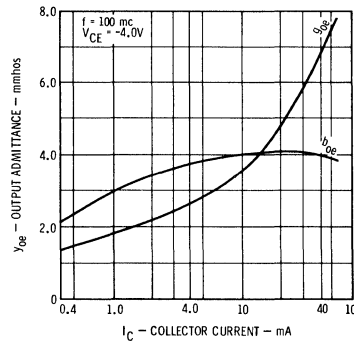
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



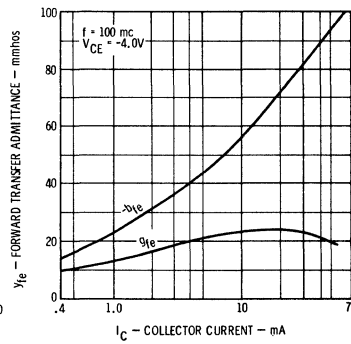
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



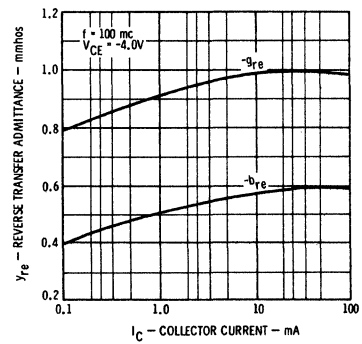
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



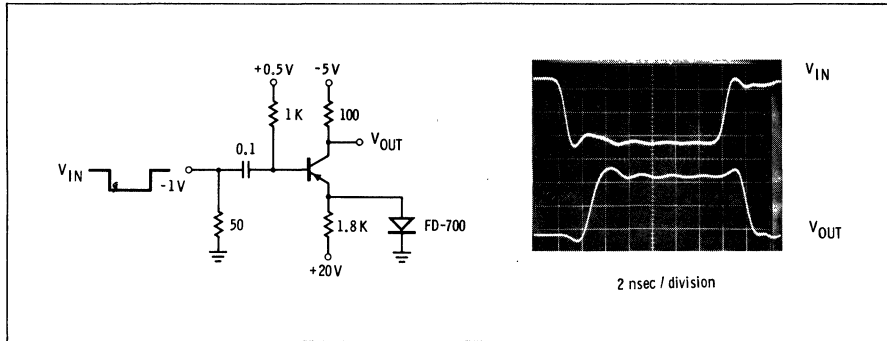
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



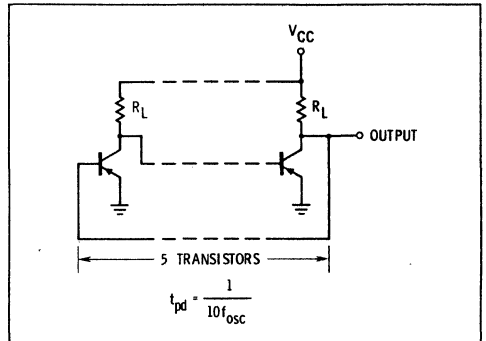
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



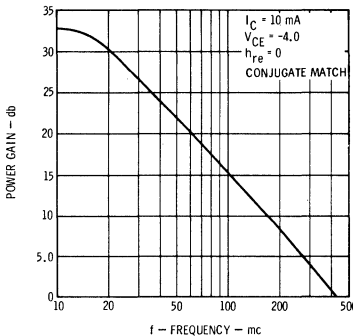
NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE



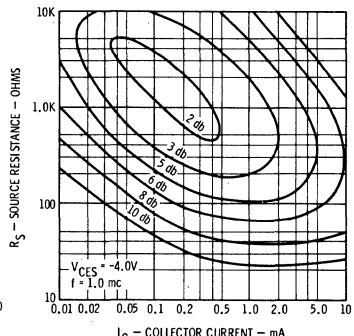
FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



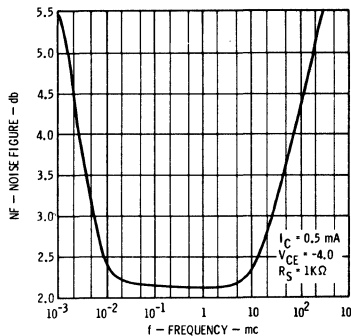
IDEALIZED SMALL SIGNAL POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY



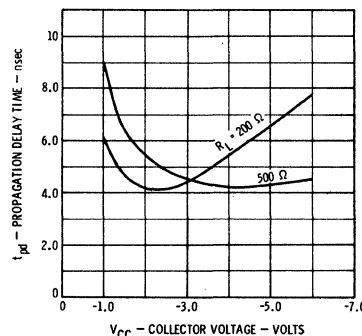
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



2N3337 • 2N3338 • 2N3339

NPN RF-IF-AGC AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION — The 2N3337, 2N3338, and 2N3339 are NPN silicon PLANAR transistors designed specifically for RF-IF-AGC applications. They feature high power gain, low noise, and excellent forward AGC characteristics.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

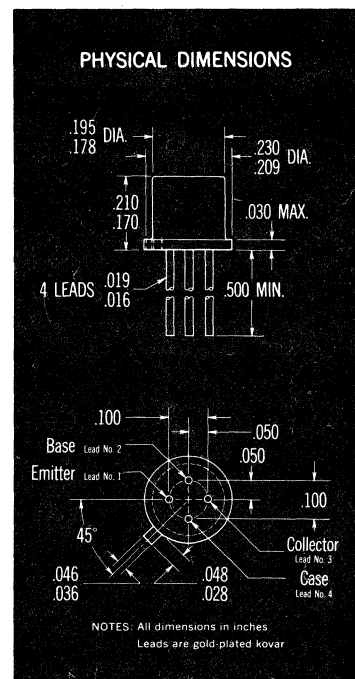
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)	0.5 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	40 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

2N3337
2N3338 2N3339

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
G_{Pe_1}	Small-Signal Power Gain (f = 60 MHz) (Note 7)	24				dB	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
G_{Pe_2}	Small-Signal Power Gain (f = 60 MHz) (Note 7)	-30				dB	See Note 5
G_{Pe_1}	Small-Signal Power Gain (f = 200 MHz) (Note 8)			15		dB	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
G_{Pe_2}	Small-Signal Power Gain (f = 200 MHz) (Note 8)			-30		dB	See Note 6
NF	Noise Figure (f = 60 MHz) 2N3338 only (Note 7)		5.5			dB	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
NF	Noise Figure (f = 200 MHz) (Note 8)				5.5	dB	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 350°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.86 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 583°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.72 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- G_{Pe_2} is $\leq G_{Pe_1} - 30 \text{ dB}$ when I_C is between 8.0 and 12 mA in the 60 MHz circuit on page 4. $V_{CE} = (12 - \frac{I_C}{2})$.
- G_{Pe_2} is $\leq G_{Pe_1} - 30 \text{ dB}$ when I_C is between 10 and 14 mA in the 200 MHz circuit on page 4. $V_{CE} = (12 - \frac{I_C}{2})$.
- Bandwidth = 10 MHz Source resistance (as seen by transistor) = 200 Ω.
- Bandwidth = 8.0 MHz Source resistance (as seen by transistor) = 100 Ω.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
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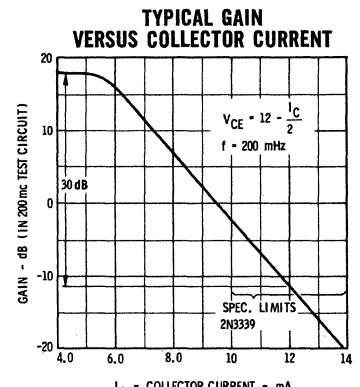
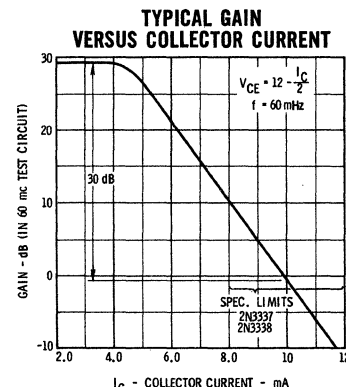
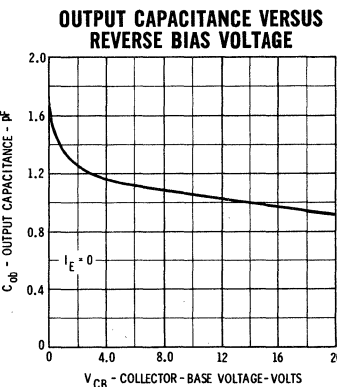
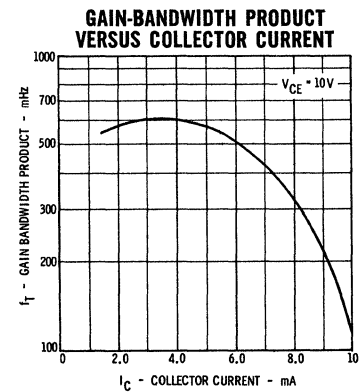
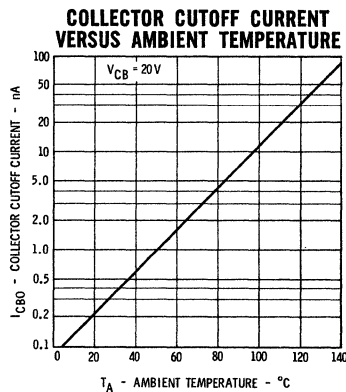
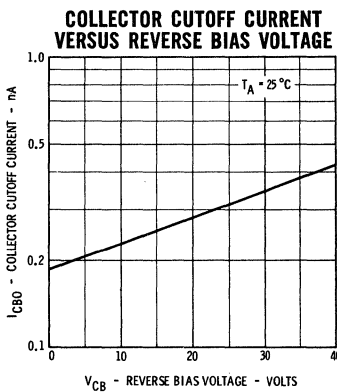
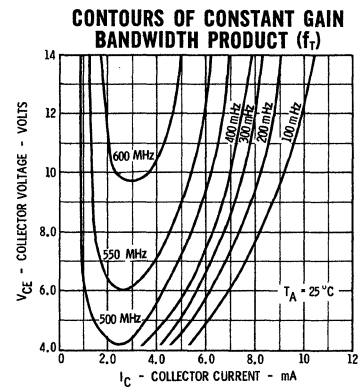
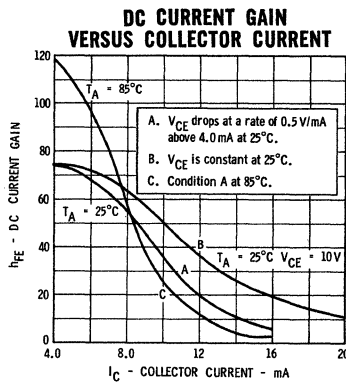
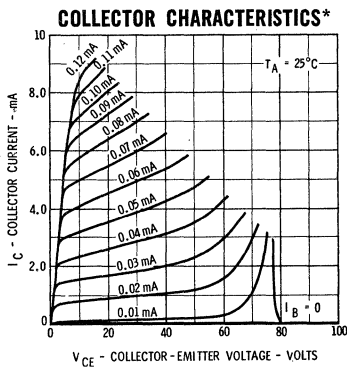
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3337 • 2N3338 • 2N3339

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	30			$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		25	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		5.0	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance		1.6	pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	4.0			$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 9)	40		Volts	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$I_C = 0$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

60 MHz

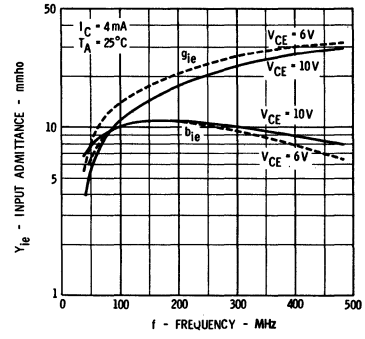
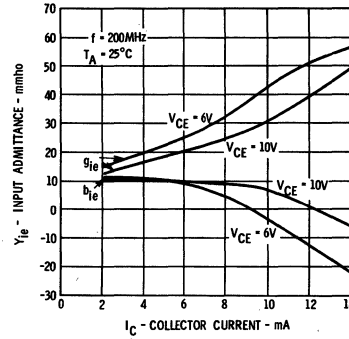
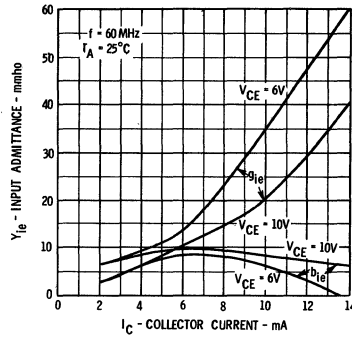
200 MHz

vs. FREQUENCY

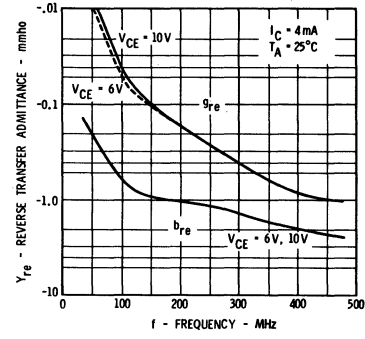
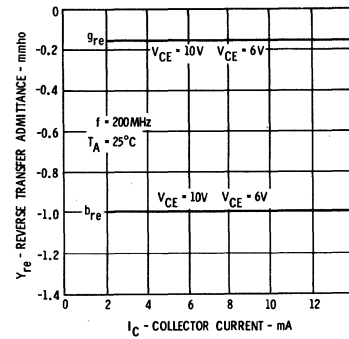
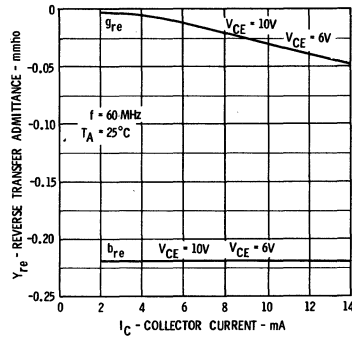
vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT

vs. COLLECTOR CURRENT

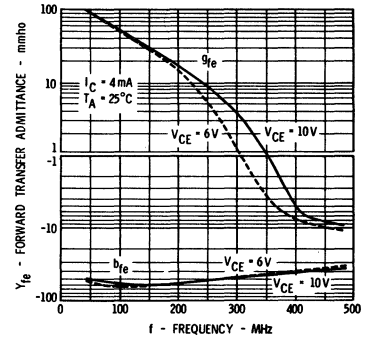
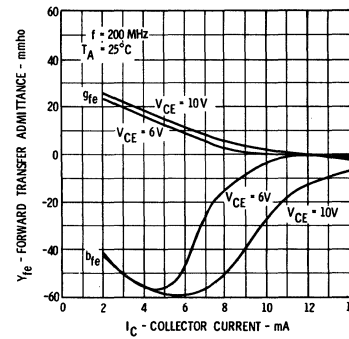
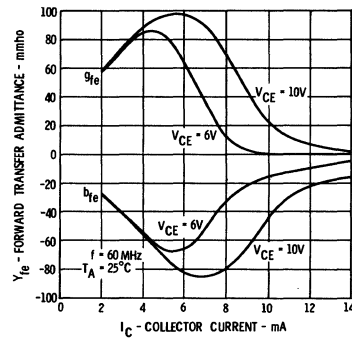
y_{ie}
Input Admittance
(output short circuit)



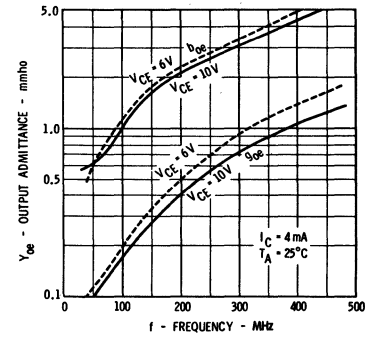
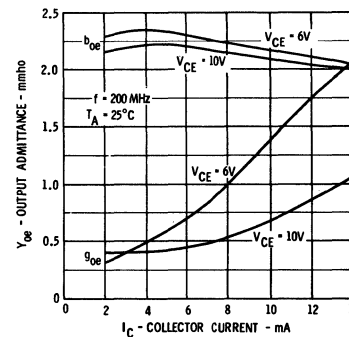
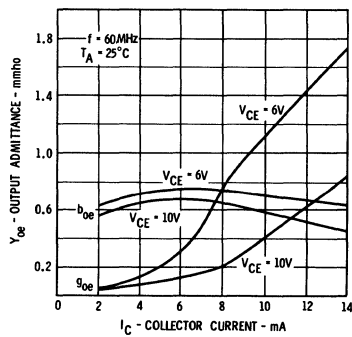
y_{re}
Reverse Transfer Admittance
(input short circuit)



y_{fe}
Forward Transfer Admittance
(output short circuit)

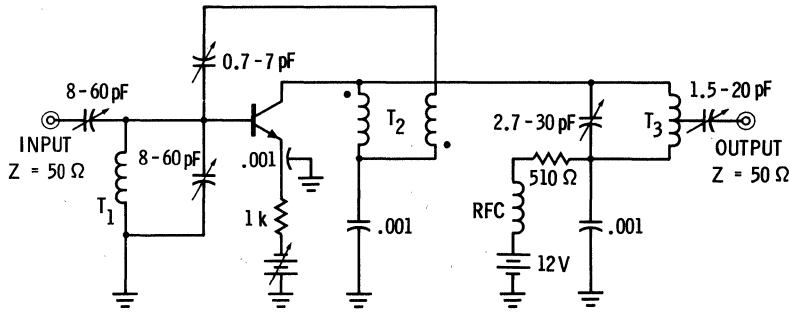


y_{oe}
Output Admittance
(input short circuit)



2N3337 - 2N3338

60MHz AGC TEST CIRCUIT



T₁ 8 turns #16 tinned copper wire 1/4 inch I.D. x 1/2 inch long.

T₂ 7 turns #32 Bifilar wire wound on toroid, I.D. = .120 inch, O.D. = .230 inch, .060 thick.

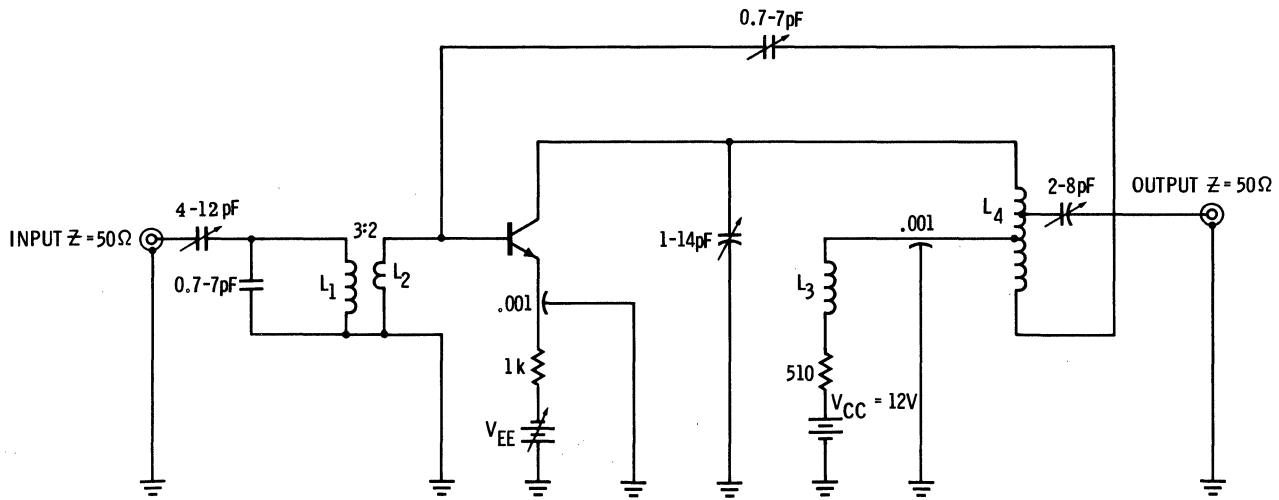
$$\frac{1}{\mu_0 Q} = .00017 \text{ at } 50 \text{ MHz} \quad \mu_0 = 40 \text{ at } 1 \text{ MHz}$$

T₃ 8 1/2 turns #26 enameled wire, center-tapped, wound on toroid, I.D. = .187 inch, O.D. = .375 inch, .125 thick.

$$\frac{1}{\mu_0 Q} = .00042 \text{ at } 150 \text{ MHz} \quad \mu_0 = 16 \text{ at } 1 \text{ MHz}$$

2N3339

200MHz AGC TEST CIRCUIT



L₁ - 3 turns #18 enameled wire on 1/4" ceramic core.

L₂ - 2 turns #18 enameled wire interwound at cold end with L₁.

L₃ - RFC

L₄ - 7 turns 0.076 diameter silver tubing space wound (3/8" I.D., no core), output tap at 2 turns from collector end, ground tap at 4 turns from collector end.

2N3426

NPN HIGH-SPEED, HIGH CURRENT, SWITCH

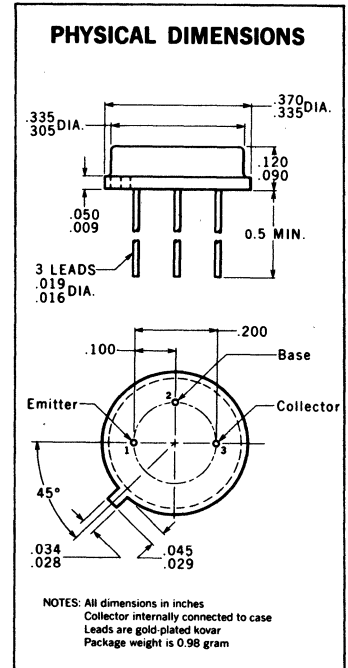
SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 2N3426 is a silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistor with very high speed switching capability at high currents. A maximum $V_{CE(sat)}$ of 0.7 V at one ampere and minimum f_T of 450 MHz qualify it especially for use as a thin film memory driver.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)		300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		3.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.6 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage		25 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)		12 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		4.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current		1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		10	15	ns	$I_C \approx 1000$ mA, $I_{B1} \approx 100$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		15	25	ns	$I_C \approx 1000$ mA, $I_{B1} \approx 100$ mA, $I_{B2} \approx -100$ mA
τ_s	Charge Storage Time (Note 6)			15	ns	$I_C \approx 100$ mA, $I_{B1} \approx 100$ mA, $I_{B2} \approx -100$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	4.5	6.5			$I_C = 100$ mA, $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.18	0.23	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA, $I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.24	0.33	Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA, $I_B = 30$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Notes 5 & 7)		0.51	0.7	Volts	$I_C = 1000$ mA, $I_B = 100$ mA
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60	120		$I_C = 300$ mA, $V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance			25	pF	$V_{CB} = 0$, $I_E = 0$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	2.0				$I_C = 500$ mA, $V_{CB} = 0$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 291.6°C/Watt (derating factor of 3.43 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s ; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , I_{B2} .
- This limit applies for a measurement made 1/4" from the bottom of the case.

FAIRCHILD
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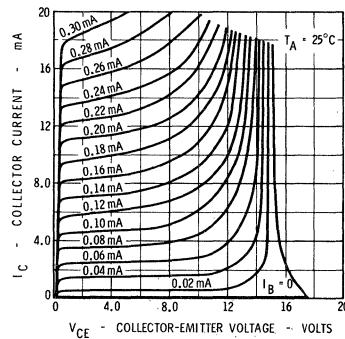
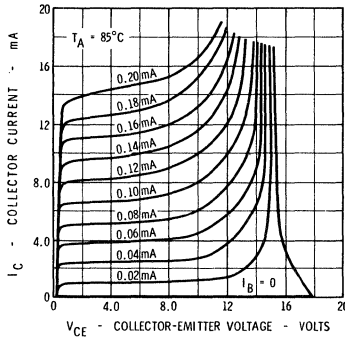
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3426

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

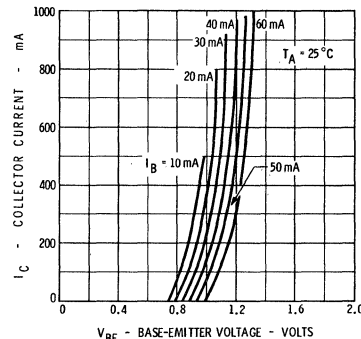
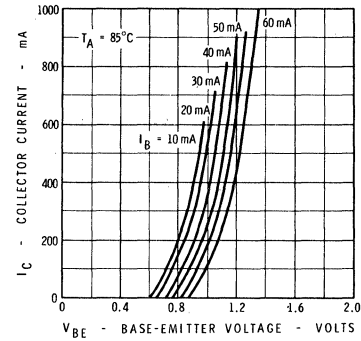
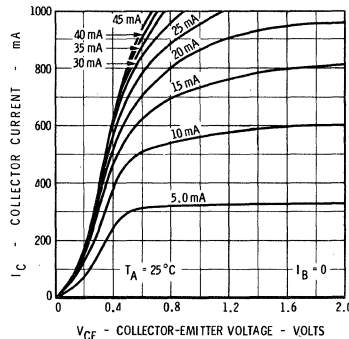
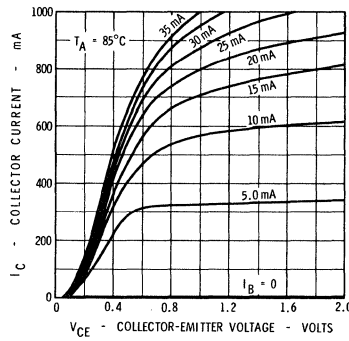
Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.17	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{CE}(sat)$ (85°C)	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.25	0.5	Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 30$ mA
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.68	0.78	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.84	1.1	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0	1.3	Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 30$ mA
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.9	1.36	2.1	Volts	$I_C = 1000$ mA	$I_B = 100$ mA
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		1.5	100	μ A	$V_{CE} = 15$ V	$V_{EB} = 0$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		6.2	15	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		14.8	25	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5$ V
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25			Volts	$I_C = 500$ μ A	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(sust)$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	12			Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0			Volts	$I_E = 100$ μ A	$I_C = 0$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	50			$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	45			$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

ACTIVE REGION

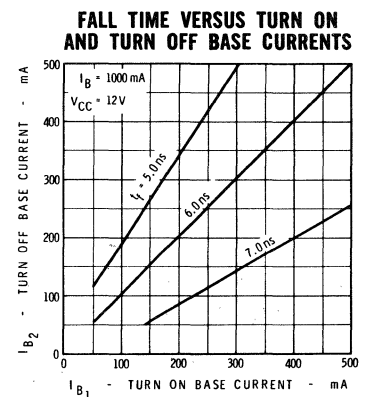
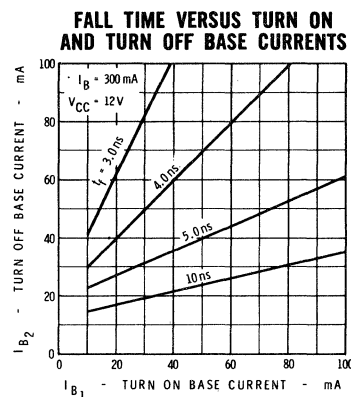
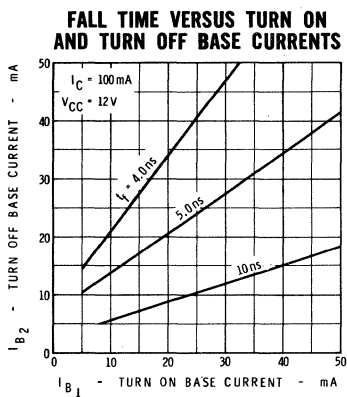
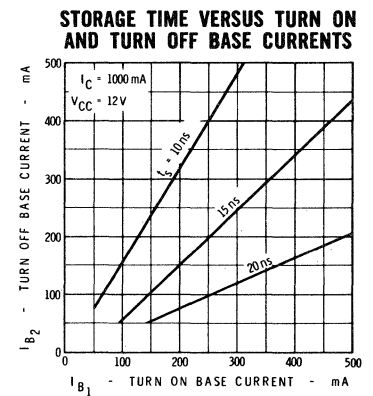
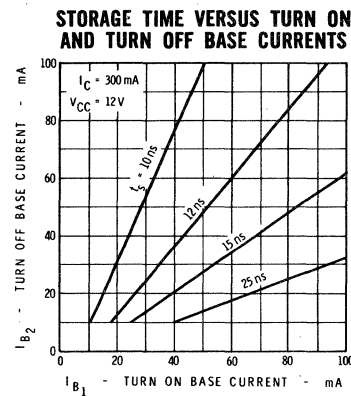
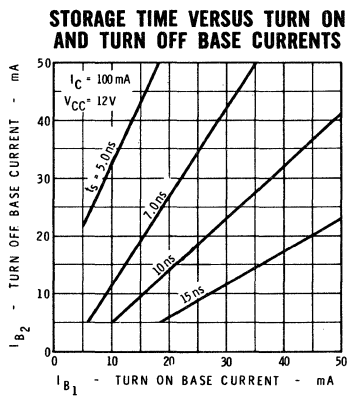
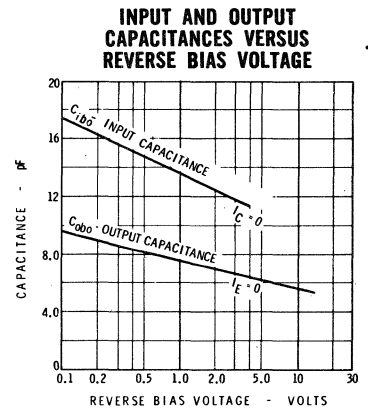
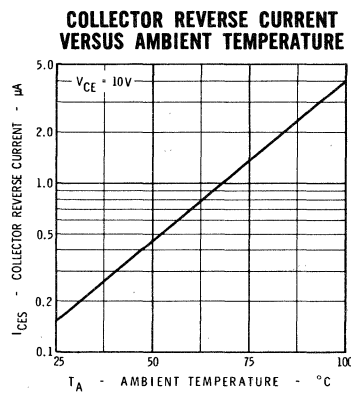
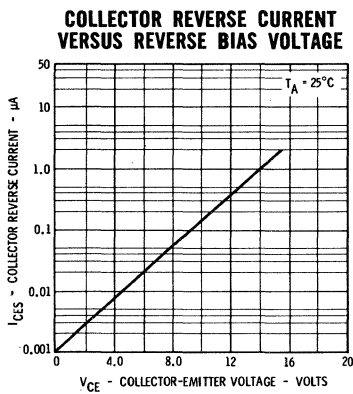
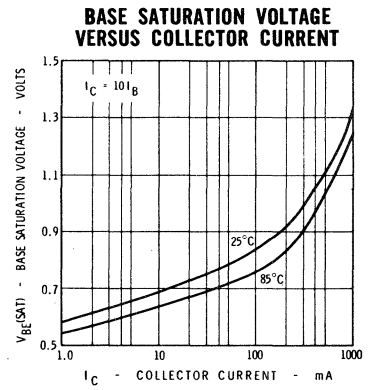
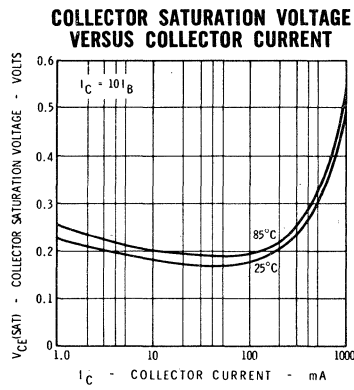
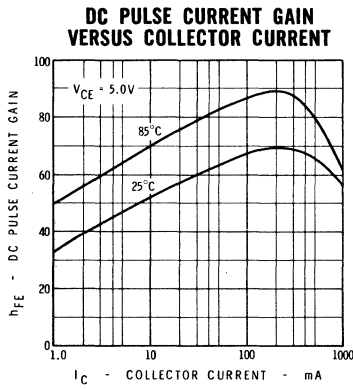


SATURATION REGION



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3426

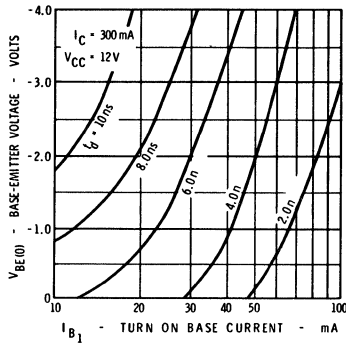
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



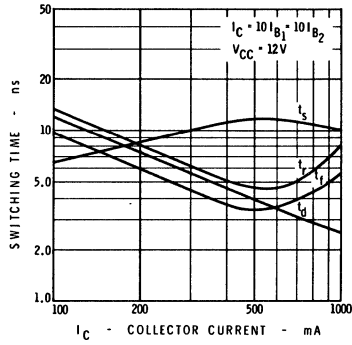
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3426

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

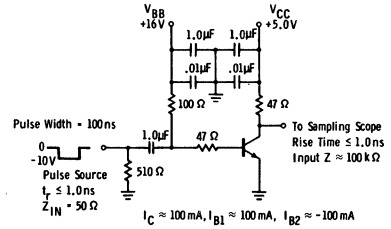
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE



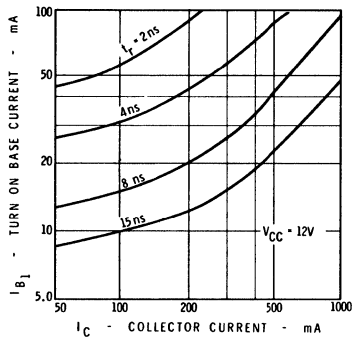
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



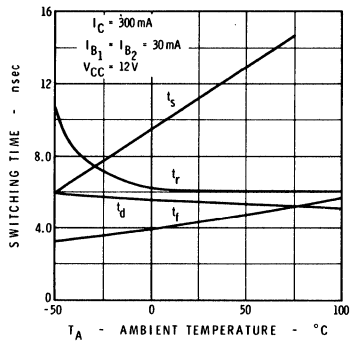
CHARGE STORAGE TIME TEST CIRCUIT



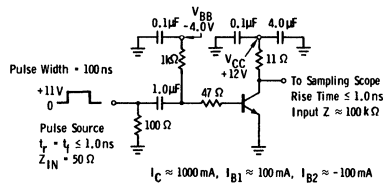
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



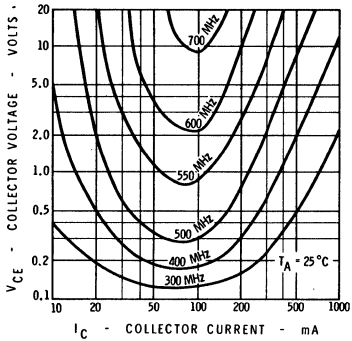
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



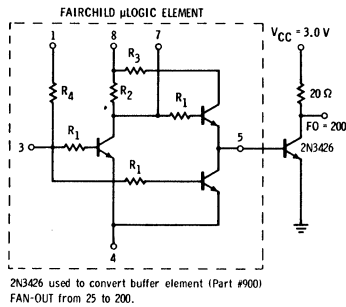
TURN ON AND TURN OFF TEST CIRCUIT



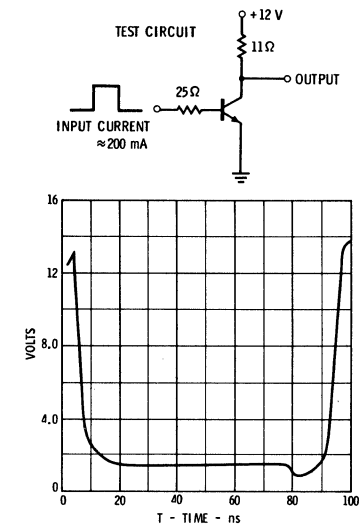
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



IMPROVING FAN-OUT CAPABILITY



HIGH SPEED 1 AMPERE PULSE SOURCE



2N3467 • 2N3468

PNP HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

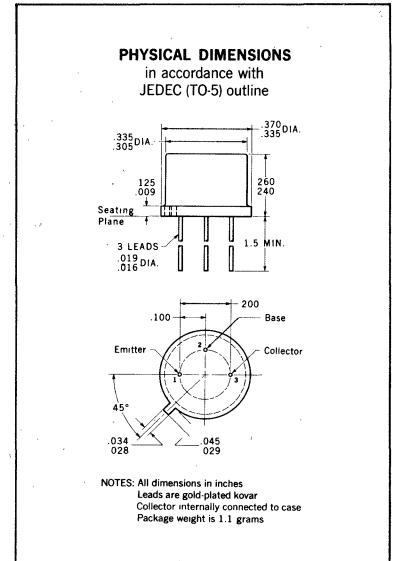
DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N5022 • 2N5023

GENERAL DESCRIPTION—The 2N3467 and 2N3468 are low power, silicon PNP triode transistors designed primarily for high speed saturated switching and for core driving applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		+200°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 second time limit)		+230°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Ambient Temperature		1.0 Watt
at 25°C Case Temperature		5.0 Watts
Maximum Voltages and Current		
	2N3467	2N3468
V _{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	-40 Volts	-50 Volts
V _{CE0} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-40 Volts	-50 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts	-5.0 Volts
I _C Collector Current	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N3467		2N3468		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t _d	Turn On Delay Time (Figure 1)		10	10		ns	I _C = 500 mA I _{B1} = 50 mA
t _r	Rise Time (Figure 1)		30	30		ns	I _C = 500 mA I _{B1} = 50 mA
t _s	Storage Time (Figure 2)		60	60		ns	I _C = 500 mA I _{B1} = I _{B2} = 50 mA
t _f	Fall Time (Figure 2)		30	30		ns	I _C = 500 mA I _{B1} = I _{B2} = 50 mA
C _{ob}	Output Capacitance (f = 100 kHz)		25	25		pF	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = -10 V
C _{ib}	Input Capacitance (f = 100 kHz)		100	100		pF	I _C = 0 V _{OB} = -0.5 V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	1.75		1.5			I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
BV _{CB0}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-40		-50		Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _C = 0
BV _{CE0}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage (Note 5)	-40		-50		Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40		25			I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	25	75		I _C = 500 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40		20			I _C = 1.0 A V _{CE} = -5.0 V
V _{CE} ^(sat)	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.30		-0.35	Volt	I _C = 150 mA I _B = 15 mA
V _{CE} ^(sat)	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.50		-0.60	Volt	I _C = 500 mA I _B = 50 mA
V _{CE} ^(sat)	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.0		-1.2	Volts	I _C = 1.0 A I _B = 100 mA

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 35°C/Watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
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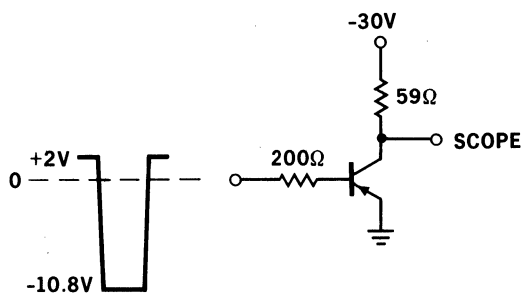
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3467 • 2N3468

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N3467		2N3468		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{BE}^{(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.0		-1.0	Volt	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}^{(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.8	-1.2	-0.8	-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}^{(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.6		-1.6	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		100		100	nA	$V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO(100^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		15		15	μA	$V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
I_{CEX}	Collector Cutoff Current		100		100	nA	$V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{OB} = -3.0 \text{ V}$
I_{BL}	Base Cutoff Current		120		120	nA	$V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{OB} = -3.0 \text{ V}$
Q_T	Total Control Charge (Figure 3)		6.0		6.0	nC	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$

FIGURE 1

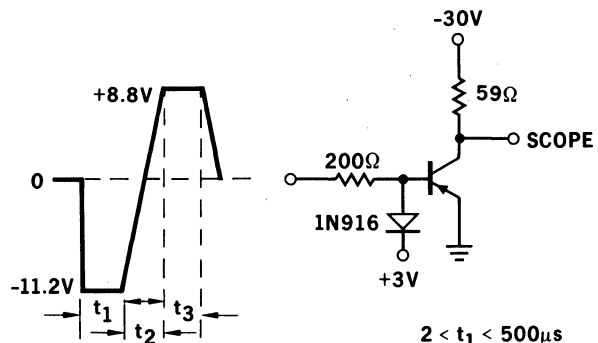
**TURN-ON
EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT**



PW = 200ns
RISE TIME \leq 2ns
DUTY CYCLE = 2%

FIGURE 2

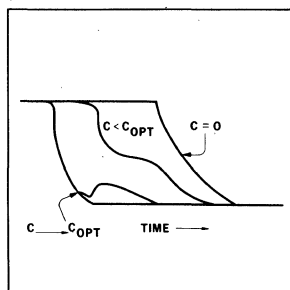
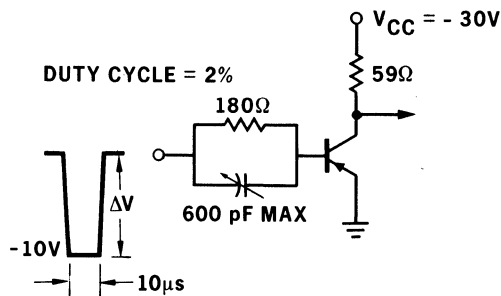
**TURN-OFF
EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUIT**



$2 < t_1 < 500\mu\text{s}$
 $t_2 < 5\text{ns}$
 $t_3 > 1\mu\text{s}$
DUTY CYCLE = 2%

FIGURE 3

Q_T TEST CIRCUIT



2N3485 · 2N3486 · 2N3485A · 2N3486A

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES AND CORE DRIVERS

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3502 THROUGH 2N3505

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - These PNP Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors are designed primarily for high-speed saturated switching and core driver applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum

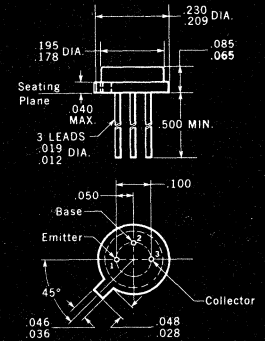
Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	2N3485 2N3486 2N3485A 2N3486A	2.0 Watts
at 25°C Free Air Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)		0.4 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	2N3485 2N3486	-60 Volts -60 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)		-40 Volts -60 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage		-5.0 Volts -5.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current (Note 2)		600 mA 600 mA

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-46) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold plated kovar
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.36 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3485		2N3485A		2N3486		2N3486A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	40	120	100	300	100	300	$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	35		40		75		100		$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25		40		50		100		$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20		40		35		75		$I_C = 0.1$ mA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20		40		30		50		$I_C = 500$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20		20		50		50		$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = -1.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)		-0.4		-0.4		-0.4		-0.4	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)		-1.6		-1.6		-1.6		-1.6	Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 1)		-1.3		-1.3		-1.3		-1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 1)		-2.6		-2.6		-2.6		-2.6	Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 50$ mA
t_d	Turn-on Delay Time (see Fig. 1)		10		10		10		10	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150$ mA $I_{B1} = 15$ mA
t_r	Rise Time (see Fig. 1)		40		40		40		40	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150$ mA $I_{B1} = 15$ mA
t_s	Storage Time (see Fig. 2)		80		80		80		80	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150$ mA, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15$ mA
t_f	Fall Time (see Fig. 2)		30		30		30		30	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150$ mA, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15$ mA

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

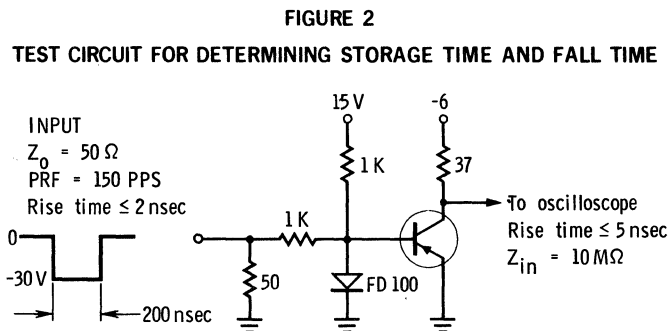
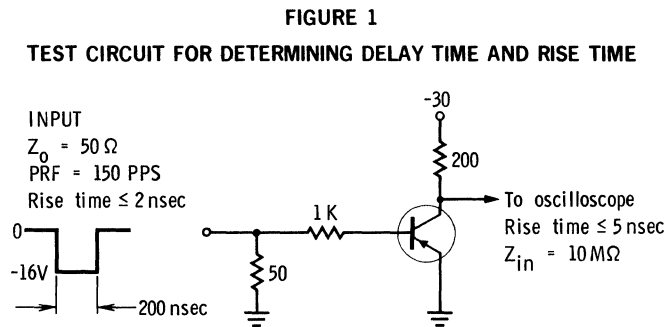
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SEMICONDUCTOR
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3485		2N3485A		2N3486		2N3486A		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)	2.0		2.0		2.0		2.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		20		10		20		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		20		10		20		10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		50		50		50		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = +0.5 \text{ V}$
I_B	Base Current		50		50		50		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = +0.5 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance ($f = 100 \text{ Kc}$)		8.0		8.0		8.0		8.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance ($f = 100 \text{ Kc}$)		30		30		30		30	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60		-60		-60		-60		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-40		-60		-40		-60		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_C = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		-5.0		-5.0		Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 87.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 11.4 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 438°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.



2N3502 • 2N3503 • 2N3504 • 2N3505

PNP HIGH CURRENT SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

These PNP silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors are designed for digital and analog applications at current levels up to 500 milliamperes. Their high beta, high f_T at high current, high V_{CEO} and low noise figure make them ideal for use as line drivers, memory applications and low-noise amplifiers.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +200°C

Operating Junction Temperature

200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

2N3502

2N3504

2N3503

2N3505

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)

3.0 Watts

1.3 Watts

at 25°C Free Air Temperature (Notes 2 & 3)

0.7 Watt

0.4 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

2N3503

2N3502

2N3505

2N3504

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

-60 Volts

-45 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)

-60 Volts

-45 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

-5.0 Volts

-5.0 Volts

I_C Collector Current (Note 2)

600 mA

600 mA

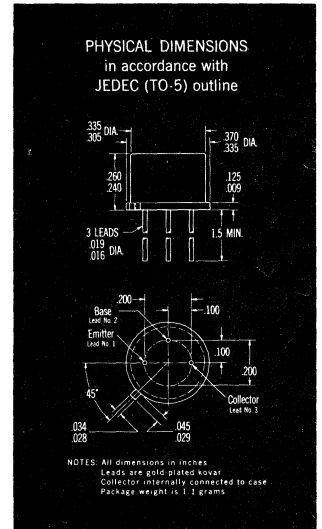
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3503		2N3502		Units	Conditions	
		2N3505	Max.	2N3504	Max.			
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	80	120	80	120		$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	120		120			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	135	200	135	200		$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	140	270	140	270		$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	150	300	100	150	300	$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	70		50	70		$I_C = 500 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain	115	160	300	115	160	300	$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, see Note 1)	-0.9	-1.0		-0.9	-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 2.5 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, see Note 1)	-1.0	-1.3		-1.0	-1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, see Note 1)	-0.08	-0.25		-0.08	-0.25	Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 2.5 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, see Note 1)	-0.18	-0.4		-0.18	-0.4	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 mc$)	2.0	2.50		2.0	2.50		$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -20 V$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-60			-45		Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		20	40		20	40	nsec $I_C \approx 300 mA$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 mA$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		40	100		40	100	nsec $I_C \approx 300 mA$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 mA$, $I_{B2} \approx -30 mA$

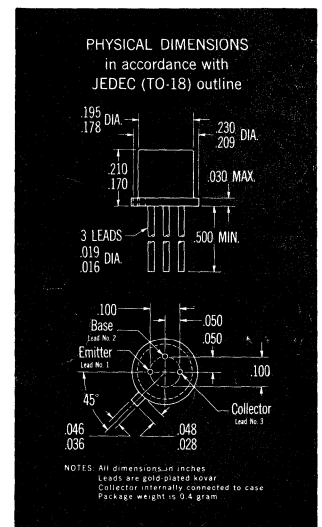
Electrical Characteristics Continued on Page 2.

(See notes on back page)

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2N3502 • 2N3503



2N3504 • 2N3505

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3502 • 2N3503 • 2N3504 • 2N3505

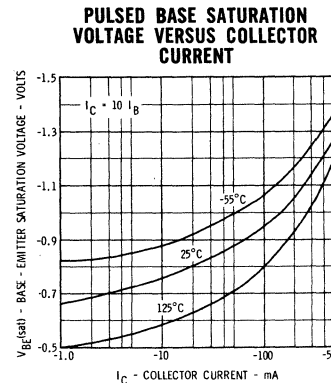
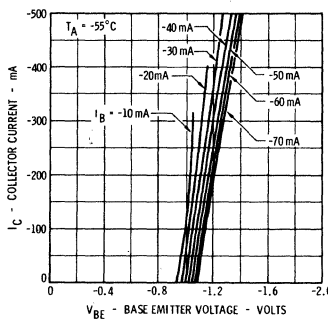
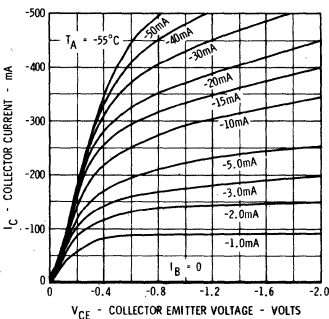
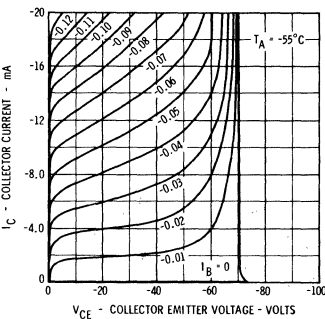
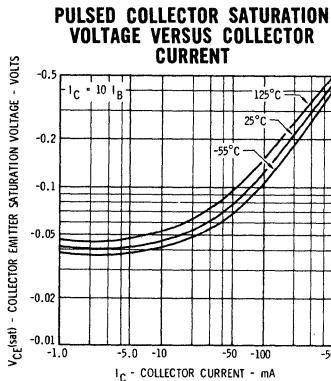
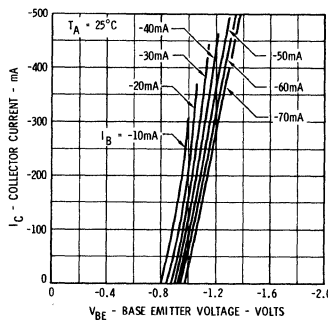
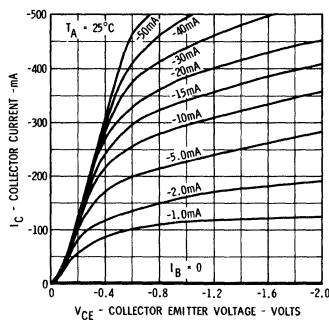
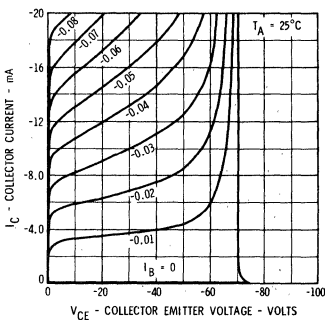
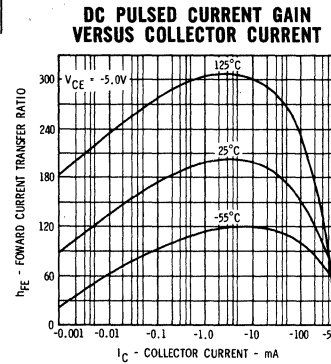
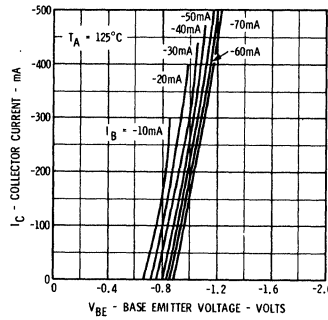
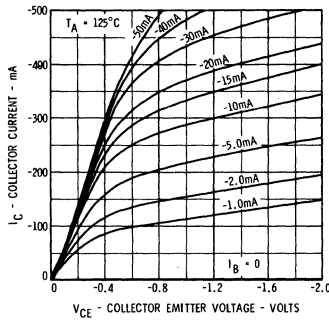
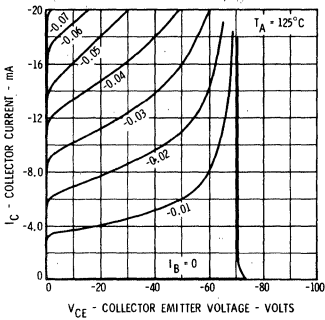
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3503		2N3502		Units	Conditions
		Min.	Typ. Max.	Min.	Typ. Max.		
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain	50	100	50	100		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.07	10			nA	$V_{CE} = -50 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current			0.05	10	nA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60		-45		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
C_{ob}	Output Capacitance	4.5	8.0	4.5	8.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance	15	25	15	25	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
NF	Noise Figure (Note 7)	1.0	4.0	1.0	4.0	db	$I_C = 30 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(+150)$	Collector Cutoff Current		10			μA	$V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(+150)$	Collector Cutoff Current				10	μA	$V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector-Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, see Note 5)	-0.5	-1.6	-0.5	-1.6	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Pulsed, see Note 5)		-2.0		-2.0	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

ACTIVE REGION

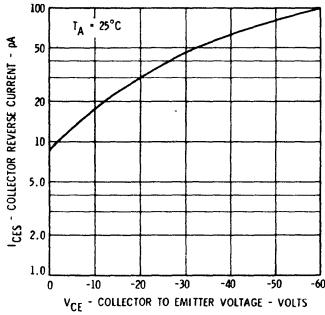
SATURATION REGION



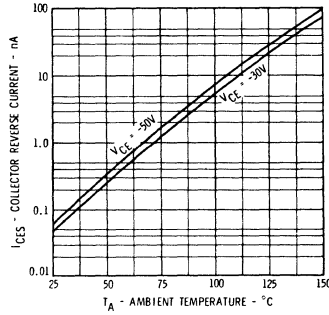
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

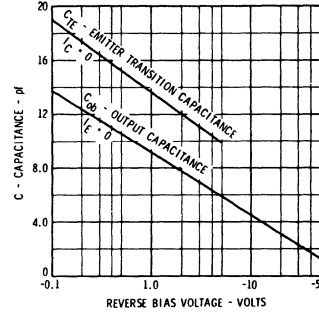
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



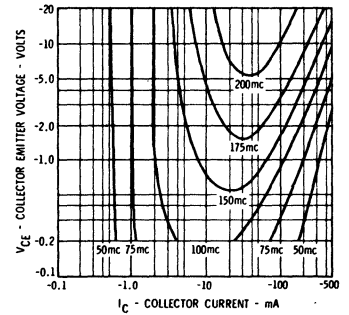
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



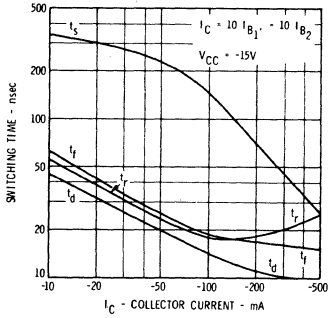
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



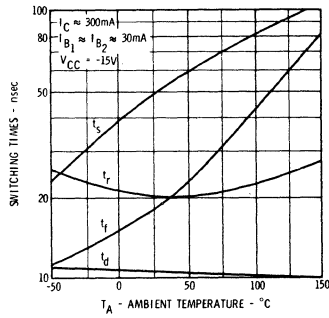
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_t)



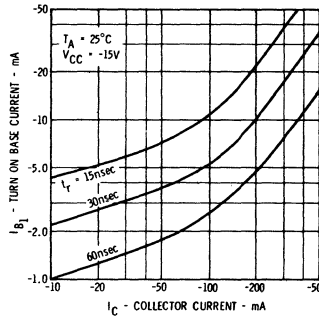
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



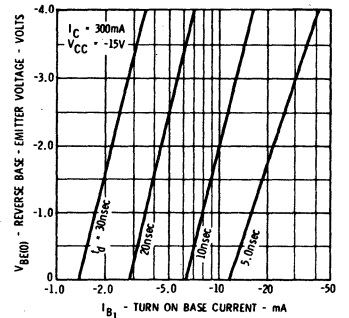
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



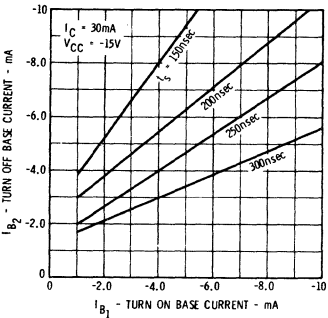
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



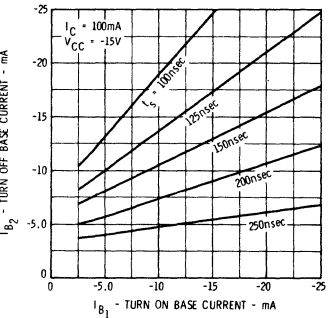
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



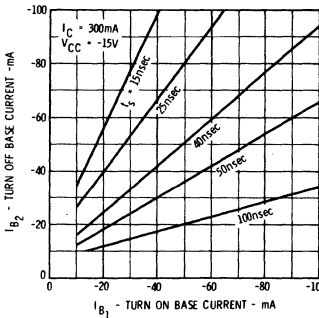
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



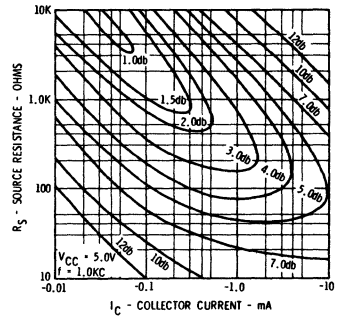
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



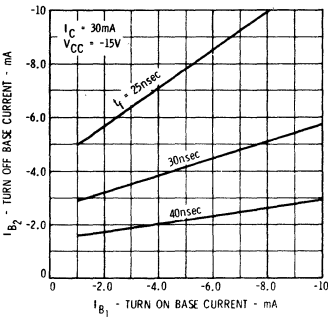
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



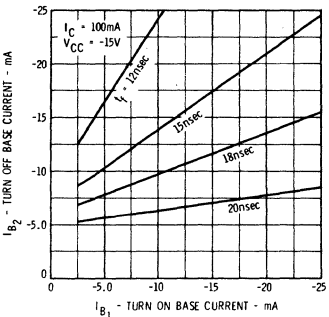
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



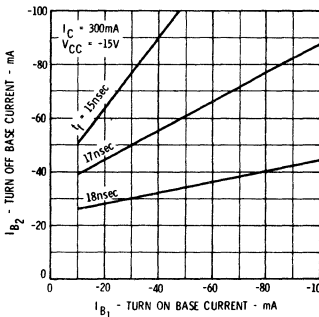
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



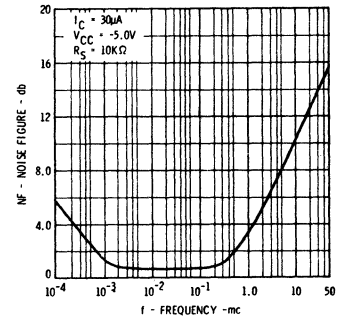
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



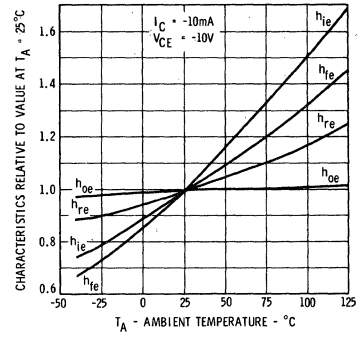
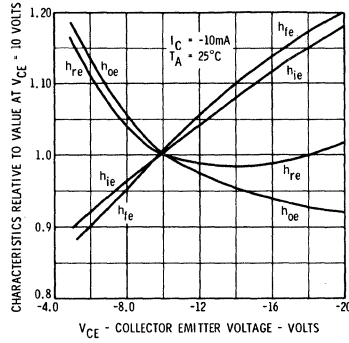
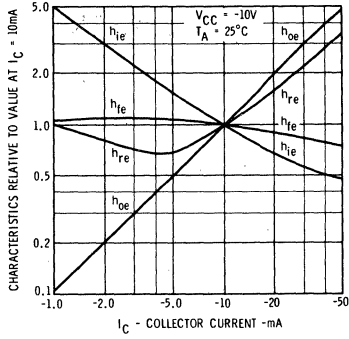
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



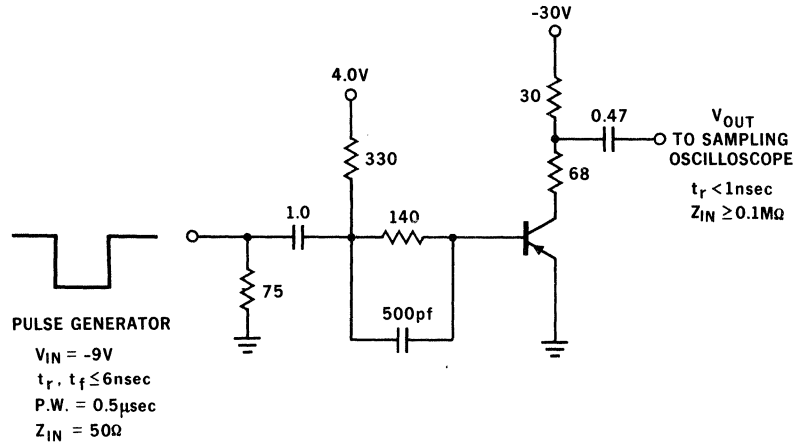
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS



(f = 1kc)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{ie}	Input Resistance		1050	2300	Ohms	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance		110	800	μmhos	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		240	1500	$\times 10^{-6}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	135	200	420		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$

T_{ON} and T_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N3502 and 2N3503, and 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C) for the 2N3504 and 2N3505; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 250°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C) for the 2N3502 and 2N3503, and 438°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C) for the 2N3504 and 2N3505.
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .
- (7) $f = 1.0 \text{ Kc}$; $R_S = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$.

2N3647 • 2N3648

NPN HIGH — SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3647 and 2N3648 are NPN diffused silicon Planar epitaxial transistors designed primarily for high speed saturated switching and memory applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

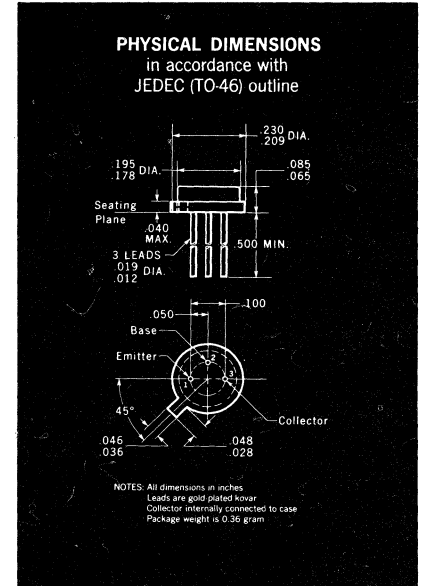
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec time limit)	240°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	2.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.4 Watts

Maximum Voltages and Current

		2N3647	2N3648
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts	40 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	10 Volts	15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	6 Volts	6 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	500 mA	500 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3647		2N3648		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	150	30	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20		25			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	12		15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15					$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)			12			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)			12			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.25		0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.4		0.4	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.6			Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)				0.8	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.8		0.8	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.0	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.15			Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)				1.5	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2 (See notes on back page) Copyright 1966 by Fairchild Semiconductor, a division of Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corporation



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3647 • 2N3648

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3647		2N3648		Units	Test Conditions	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.			
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	3.5		4.5			$I_C = 15 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		4.0		4.0	pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		8.0		8.0	pf	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		25		25	nA	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	$V_{EB} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$I_{CEX}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		50		50	μA	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	$V_{EB} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
I_{BL}	Base Current		25		25	nA	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	$V_{EB} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40		40		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	10		15		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed)	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0		6.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$
t_d	Turn-On Delay Time (see Fig. 1)		10		8.0	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_r	Rise Time (see Fig. 1)		12		10	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn-On Time (see Fig. 1)		20		16	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_s	Storage Time (see Fig. 2)		16		12	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}, I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$	
t_f	Fall Time (see Fig. 2)		12		8.0	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}, I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$	
t_{off}	Turn-Off Time (see Fig. 2)		25		18	nsec	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}, I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$	
Q_T	Total Control Charge		0.3		0.3	ncoul	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	20	150	20	150		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio ($f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)		25		25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Impedance ($f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	0.6	4.5	0.6	4.5	$\text{K}\Omega$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Admittance ($f = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	10	100	10	100	μmho	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

SWITCHING TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUITS

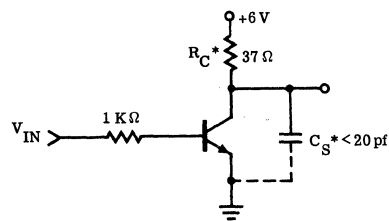
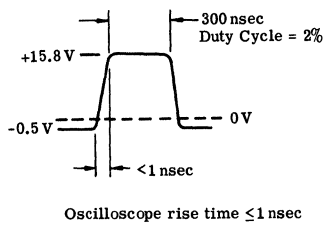


FIGURE 1 DELAY AND RISE TIME

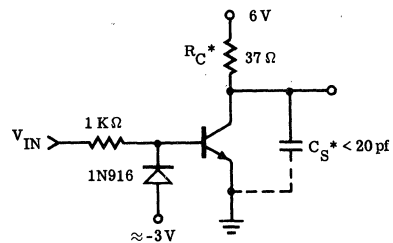
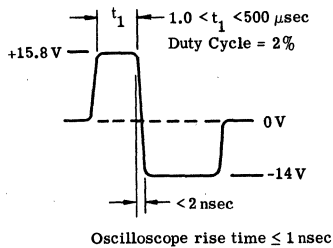


FIGURE 2 STORAGE AND FALL TIME

* C_S is total shunt capacitance of oscilloscope and test fixture.

* R_C includes oscilloscope resistance.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 87.5°C/watt (derating factor of 11.43 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 437°C/watt (derating factor of 2.29 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

2N3665 • 2N3666

NPN GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIER AND SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3665 and 2N3666 are NPN Diffused Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors designed primarily for general purpose amplifier and switching applications. They feature high voltage, low output capacity and a useful beta over a wide current range.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

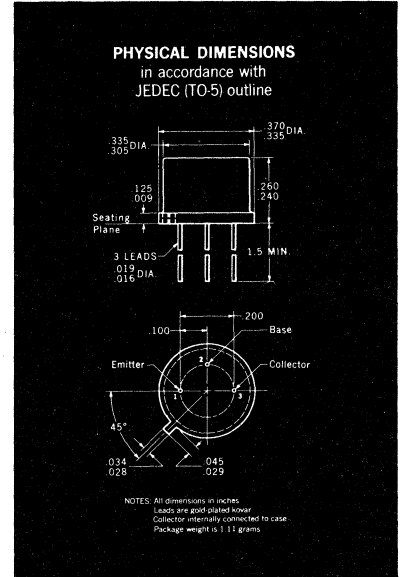
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec. time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	5.0 Watts
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Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	120 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	80 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	10 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3665		2N3666		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120	100	300		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30		70			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25		50			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	16		40			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.8		1.8	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.2		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.2		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.5		0.5	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	3.0		3.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance		12		12	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance		60		60	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3665 • 2N3666

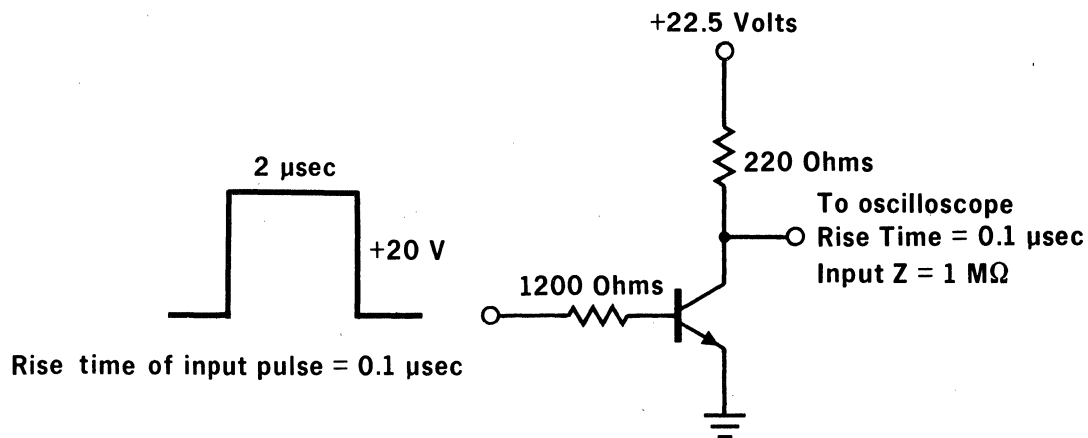
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3665		2N3666		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		50	50		nA	$V_{CE} = 80 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		50	50		nA	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		50	50		μA	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
I_{BEX}	Base Reverse Current		50	50		nA	$V_{CE} = 80 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		50	50		nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	120		120		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	80		80		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	10		10		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
BV_{CER}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	90		90		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$
$t_{on} + t_{off}$	Total Switching Time		4.0	5.0		μsec	(See Fig. 1)

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 35°C/watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

SWITCHING CIRCUIT

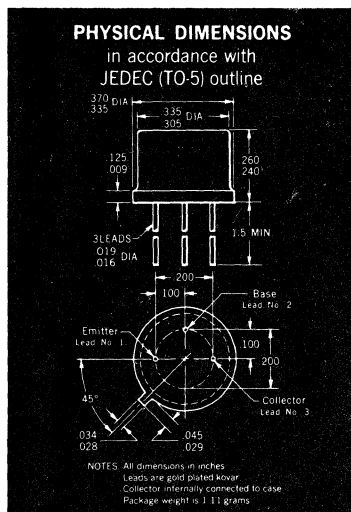


2N3671 • 2N3672 • 2N3673

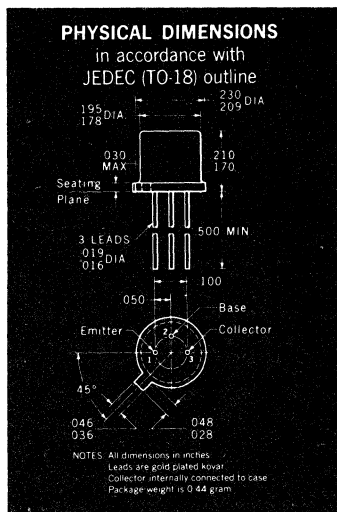
PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES AND CORE DRIVERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

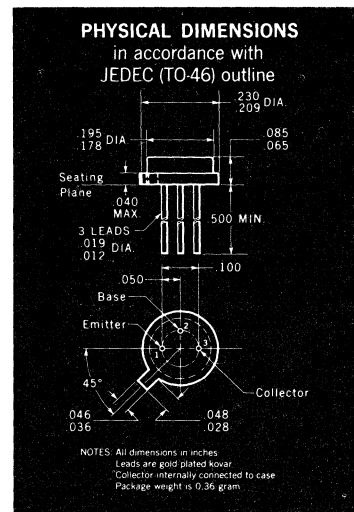
FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3502 • 2N3503



2N3671



2N3672



2N3673

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3671, 2N3672 and 2N3673 are PNP silicon Planar epitaxial transistors designed primarily for high-speed saturated switching, line drivers and memory applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

-65°C to +200°C

Operating Junction Temperature

200°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature

2N3671
3.0 Watts

2N3672
1.8 Watts

2N3673
3.0 Watts

at 25°C Ambient Temperature

0.6 Watt

0.4 Watt

0.35 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

-60 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)

-50 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

-5.0 Volts

I_C Collector Current (Note 2)

600 mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	75	225		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	75			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	75			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	55			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -0.6 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

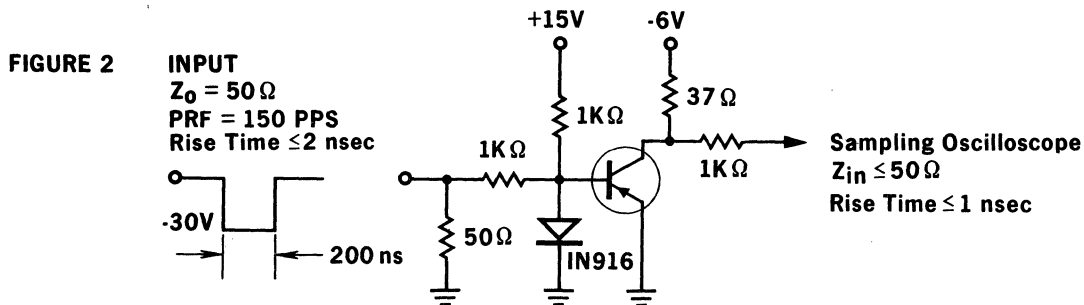
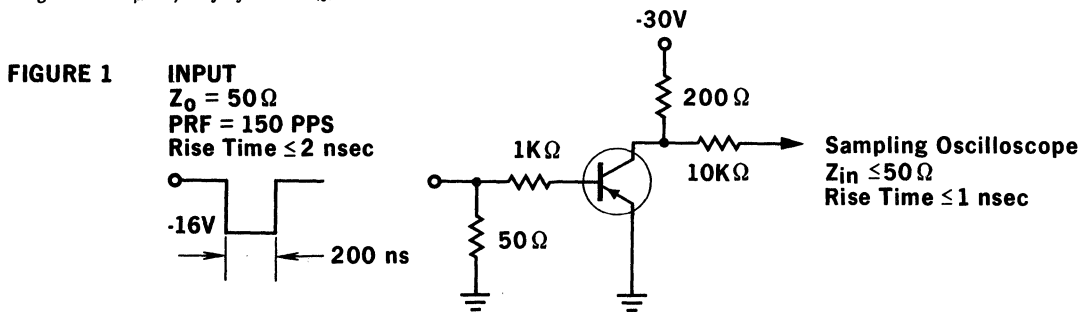
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3671 • 2N3672 • 2N3673

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.4	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.6	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-2.6	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
t_d	Turn-On Delay Time (See Figure 1)		10	ns	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_r	Rise Time (See Figure 1)		40	ns	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_s	Storage Time (See Figure 2)		80	ns	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$
t_f	Fall Time (See Figure 2)		30	ns	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (See Figure 1)		45	ns	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (See Figure 2)		100	ns	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} = -15 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	2.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Cutoff Current		10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = +0.5 \text{ V}$
I_B	Base Current		50	nA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = +0.5 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		9.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		30	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -2.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-50		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 292°C/watt (derating factor of 3.43 mW/°C) for the 2N3671. Junction to case thermal resistance of 97.3°C/watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C) junction to ambient thermal resistance of 437°C/watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C) for the 2N3672. Junction to case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/watt (derating factor of 2.0 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.



2N3678

NPN HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3300

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3678 NPN silicon Planar epitaxial transistor is designed for high current switching applications at levels to 800 milliamperes. It has excellent power dissipation capability, low saturation voltage at high current levels, and low leakage current at elevated temperature. These characteristics allow stable operation over a wide temperature range.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

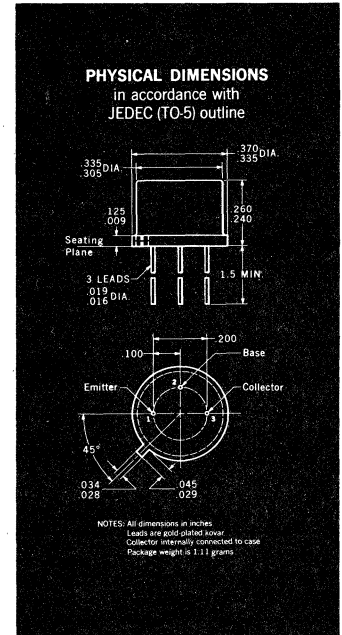
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	+230°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	4.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	75 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	55 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	800 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	25			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20			$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.4	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.6	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		2.0	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 218.7°C/watt (derating factor of 4.57 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$; duty cycle $\leq 1\%$.

FAIRCHILD
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3678

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_{CEX}	Collector Reverse Current		10	nA	$V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ V}$
I_{BL}	Base Current		20	nA	$V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 3.0\text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	75		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	55		Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0		Volts	$I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100\text{ MHz}$)	2.5			$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance		8.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance		30	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 2.0\text{ V}$
t_d	Delay Time (see Fig. 1)		15	nsec	$V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$
t_r	Rise Time (see Fig. 1)		25	nsec	$V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$
t_s	Storage Time (see Fig. 2)		190	nsec	$V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ $I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} = -15\text{ mA}$
t_f	Fall Time (see Fig. 2)		60	nsec	$V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$ $I_{CS} = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} = -15\text{ mA}$
$t_{on} + t_{off}$	Total Switching Time (see Fig. 3)		18	nsec	$V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ $R_L = 60\text{ }\Omega$

FIGURE 1. Saturated turn-on switching-time test circuit

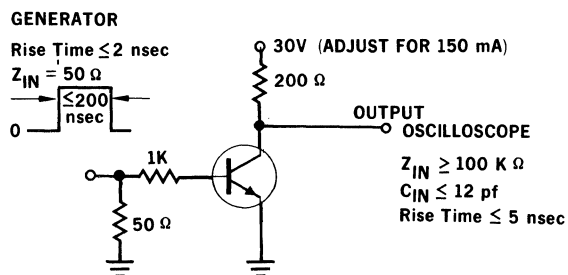


FIGURE 2. Saturated turn-off switching-time test circuit

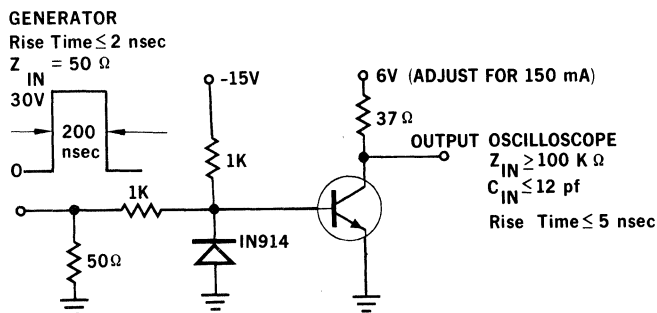
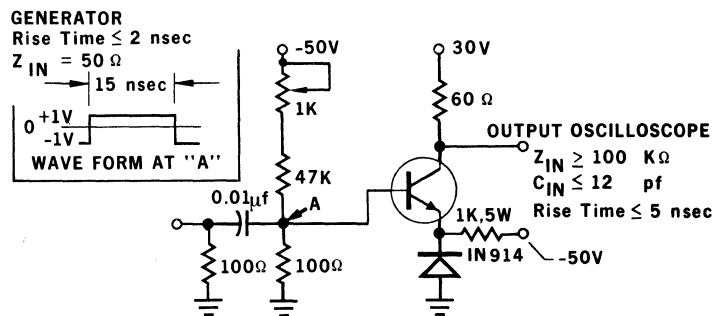


FIGURE 3. Non-saturated switching-time test circuit



2N3700 • 2N3701

NPN HIGH FREQUENCY IF-RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3700 and 2N3701 are NPN diffused silicon Planar epitaxial transistors designed primarily for high frequency applications in IF-RF amplifier circuits. The Planar structure provides low saturation voltage at high collector currents and low leakage current over a wide range of temperature and bias conditions. Useful frequency range: DC to 100 MHz.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

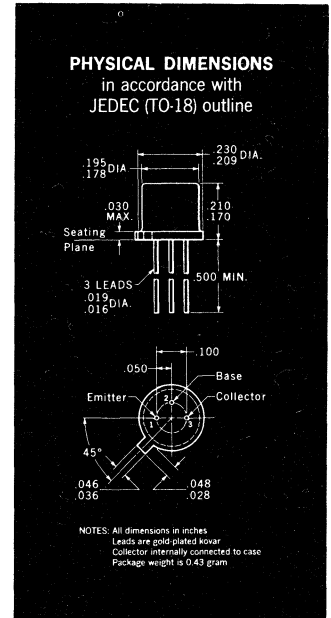
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.8 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	140 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	80 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	7.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	1.0 Amp.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3700		2N3701		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	300	40	120		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	90		40	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50		30	100		$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50		30	100		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15		15			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40					$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage		1.1		1.1	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.2		0.2	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.5		0.5	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	5.0	10	4.0	10		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1 \text{ KHz}$)	80	400	30	200		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		12		12	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		60		60	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2
Notes on page 2

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3700 • 2N3701

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3700		2N3701		Units	Test Conditions		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
$r_b 'C_c$	Collector-Base Time Constant ($f = 4$ MHz)	25	400	25	400	psec	$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CB} = 10$ V	
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 90$ V	
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ C)$	Collector Cutoff Current		10		10	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 90$ V	
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		10		10	nA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 5.0$ V	
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	140		140		Volts	$I_C = 100$ μA	$I_E = 0$	
$V_{CEO}(sust)$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	80		80		Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 0$	
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	7.0		7.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 100$ μA	
NF	Noise Figure		4.0			db	$I_C = 100$ μA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V	
							$f = 1$ KHz	$R_G = 1$ K Ω	

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 97°C/watt (derating factor of 10.3 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 350°C/watt (derating factor of 2.85 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle \leq 1%.

2N3722 • 2N3723

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCHES

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- HIGH BREAKDOWN -- 80 VOLT V_{CE0}
- HIGH FREQUENCY -- $f_T = 300$ MHz Min.
- FAST HIGH CURRENT SWITCHING
- LOW $V_{CE(sat)}$ -- 0.75V Max. @ 500 mA
- LOW OUTPUT CAPACITANCE -- 9.0 pF

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

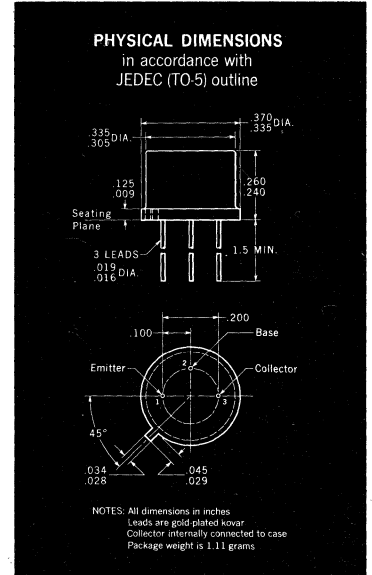
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	4.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

	2N3722	2N3723
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	80 Volts	100 Volts
V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage	80 Volts	100 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	60 Volts	80 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts	6.0 Volts
Maximum Collector Current (Note 5)	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N3722			2N3723			Units	Test Conditions	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed)	$I_B = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	60			80			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed)	$I_B = 0$
* $V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)	0.35	0.5		0.45	0.75		Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA	$I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	1b	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)	0.25	0.37		0.30	0.44		Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 30$ mA
t_{on}	IV	Turn-on Time (Note 6)		20	50	25	70		nsec	$I_C \approx 500$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 50$ mA
t_{off}	IV	Turn-off Time (Note 6)		63	100	70	130		nsec	$I_C \approx 500$ mA, $I_{B1} \approx 50$ mA, $I_{B2} \approx -50$ mA	$I_{B2} \approx -50$ mA
h_{fe}	IV	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 Mc)	3.0	4.0		3.0	4.0			$I_C = 50$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
C_{obo}	IV	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Output Capacitance		5.5	10	5.0	9.0		pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10$ V
C_{ibo}	IV	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Input Capacitance		50	65	50	65		pf	$I_C = 0$	$V_{BE} = -0.5$ V

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2
Notes on page 4

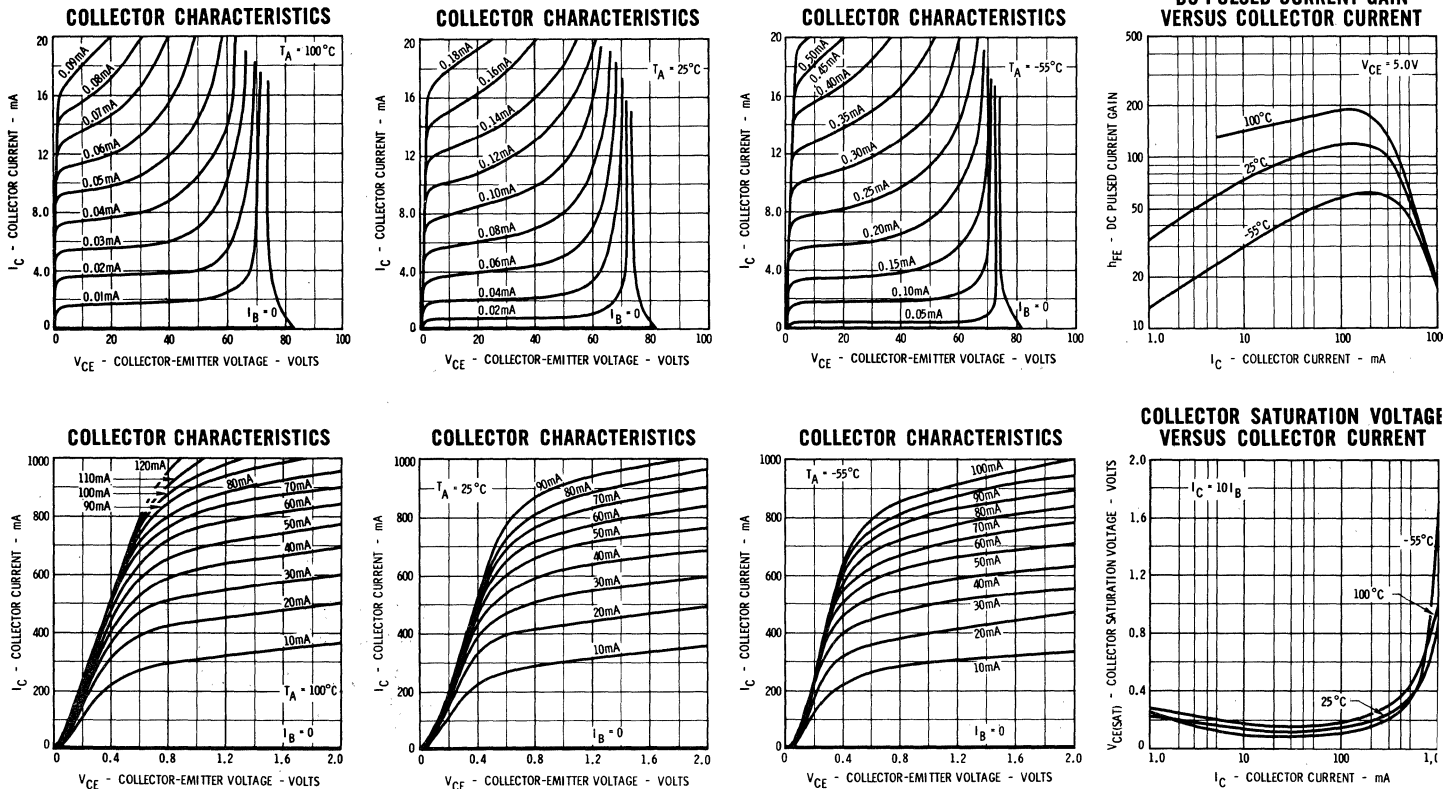
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3722 • 2N3723

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N3722			2N3723			Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
* h_{FE}	Ia	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	70	150	40	70	150		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	Ib	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	45		25	45			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	Ib	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	35		15	30			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	Ib	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	30						$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	Ib	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)				15	30			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	Ib	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12	25		12	25			$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	IV	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	30		15	30			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	II	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.15	0.22		0.22	0.28		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	II	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.16	0.25		0.16	0.25		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	II	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.6	2.0				Volts	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Ila	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.62	0.75		0.62	0.75		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Ila	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.73	0.85		0.73	0.85		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Ila	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.89	1.1		0.89	1.1		Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Ia	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.86	0.91	1.2	0.86	0.91	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Ila	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0	1.5				Volts	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$
* I_{CES}	Ia	Collector Reverse Current		0.1	0.5				μA	$V_{CE} = 40 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
* I_{CES}	Ia	Collector Reverse Current				0.13	0.5		μA	$V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CES} (125^\circ\text{C})$	IV	Collector Reverse Current		40	70				μA	$V_{CE} = 40 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CES} (125^\circ\text{C})$	IV	Collector Reverse Current				40	70		μA	$V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	II	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	80			100			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
B_{CES}	II	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	80			100			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{EB} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Ia	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			6.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	IV	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20			20				$I_C = 200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$

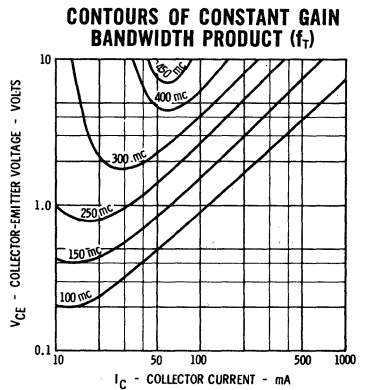
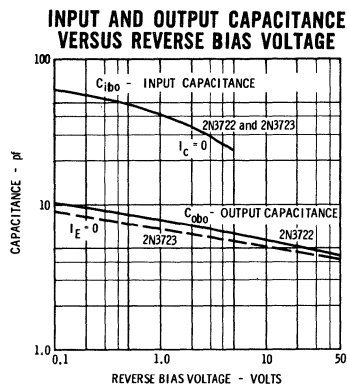
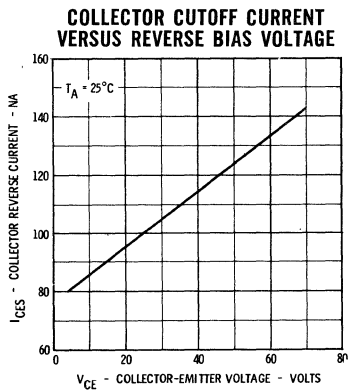
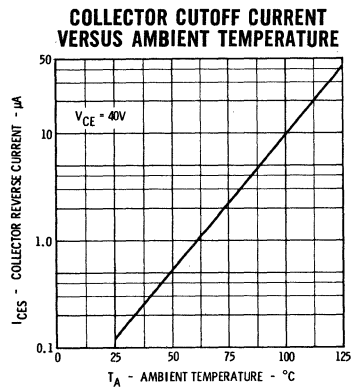
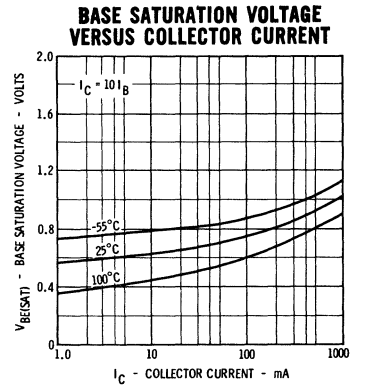
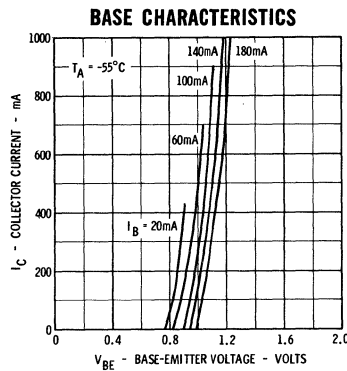
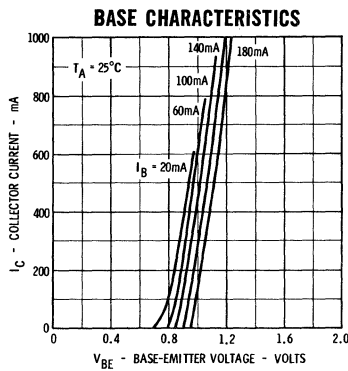
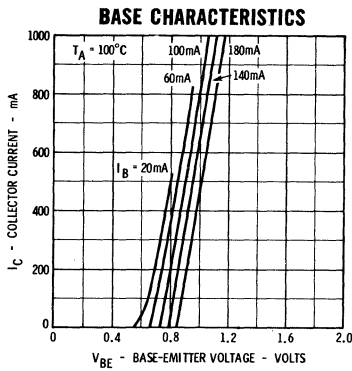
† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
 * NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2N3722

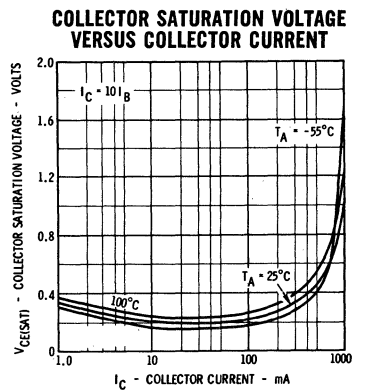
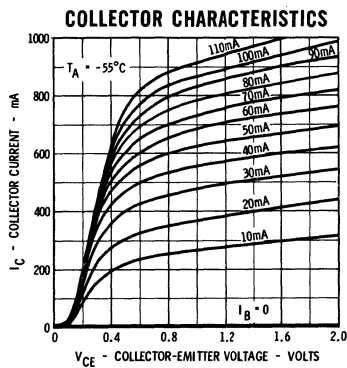
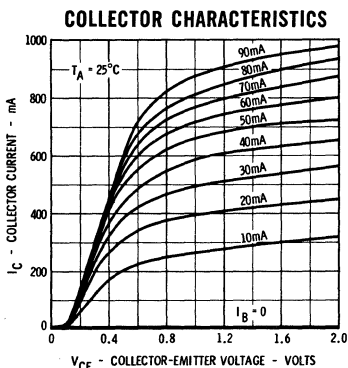
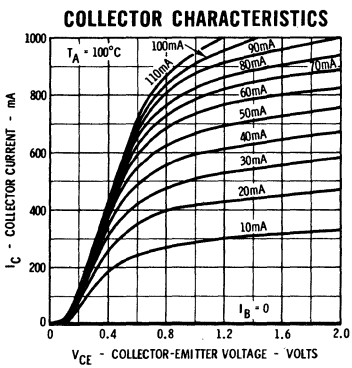
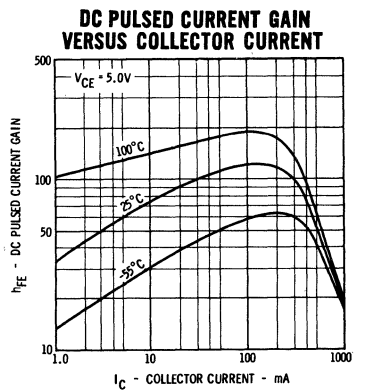
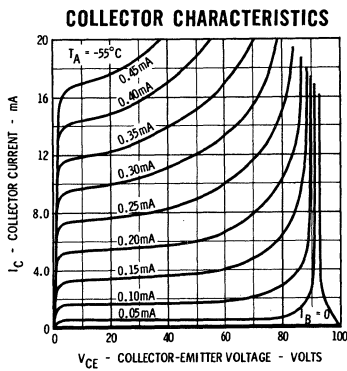
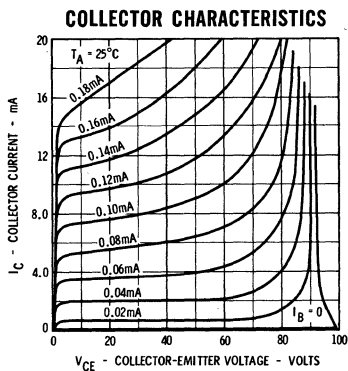
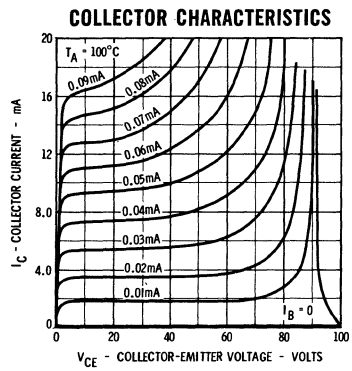


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3722 • 2N3723

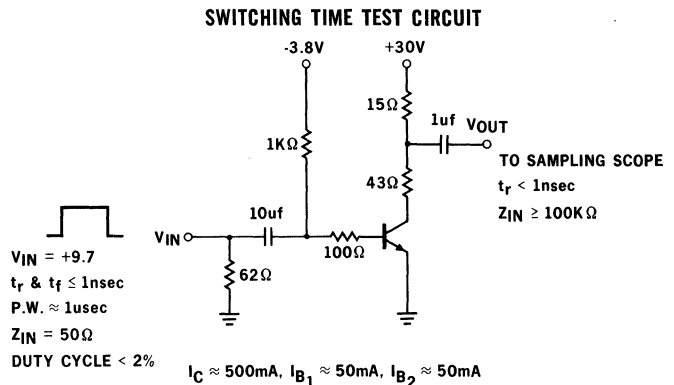
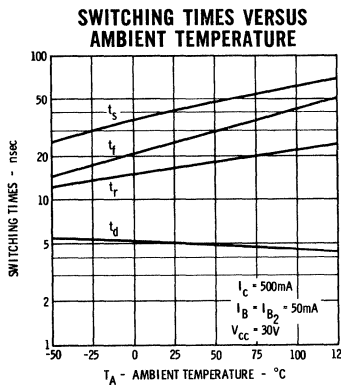
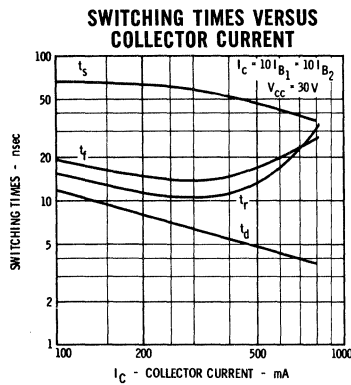
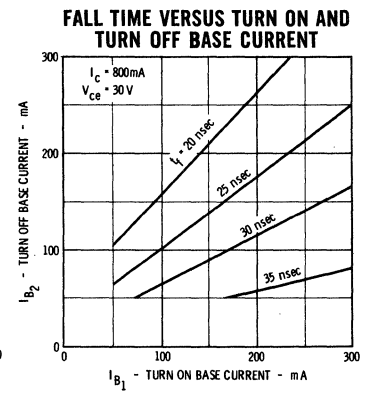
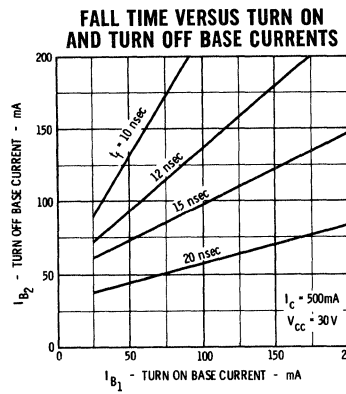
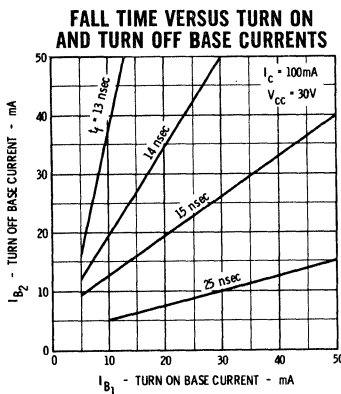
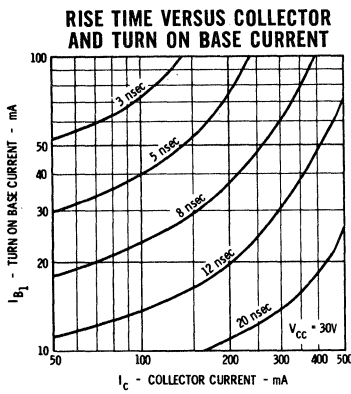
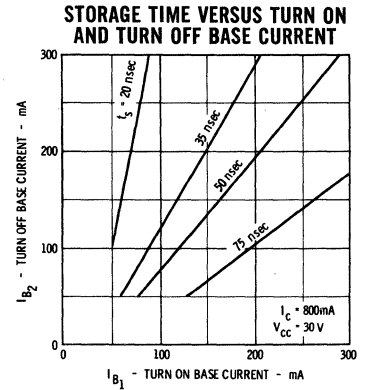
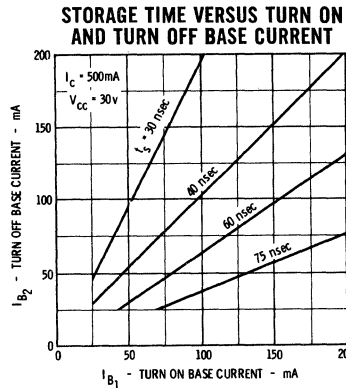
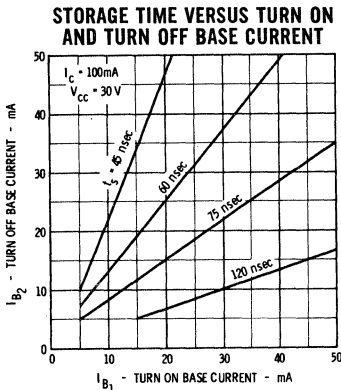
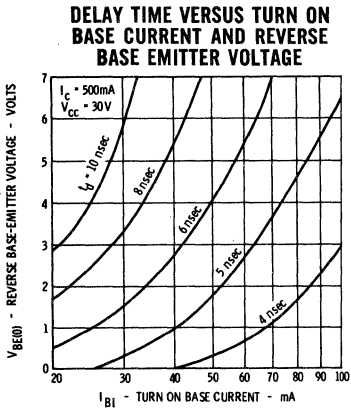


2N3723



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3722 • 2N3723



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/Watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3724 • 2N3725 • 2N4013 • 2N4014

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-CURRENT SWITCHES

SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3724 • 2N3725 and 2N4013 • 2N4014 are High-Voltage, High-Current NPN Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors useful for memory applications requiring breakdown voltages up to 50 volts and operating currents to one ampere. Fast turn-on and turn-off times are assured because of the high minimum f_T (300 MHz) and tight control on storage time.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

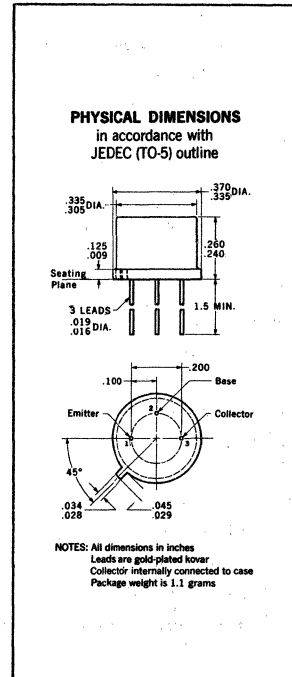
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec Time Limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

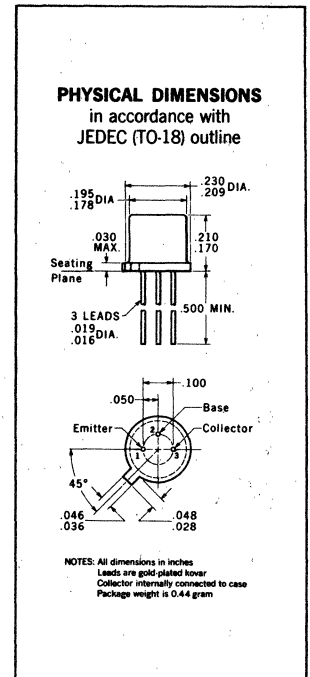
	2N4013	2N3724
	2N4014	2N3725
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.2 Watts	3.5 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

	2N3724	2N3725
	2N4013	2N4014
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	50 Volts	80 Volts
V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage	50 Volts	80 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts	50 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts	6.0 Volts
I_C Maximum Collector Current (Note 5)	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp



2N3724 • 2N3725



2N4013 • 2N4014

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3724 2N4013		2N3725 2N4014		Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ. Max.	Min.	Typ. Max.		
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30		50		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)	0.5	0.75	0.6	0.95	Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, see Note 5)	0.3	0.42	0.4	0.52	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn-on Time (Note 6)	18	35	18	35	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn-off Time (Note 6)	45	60	45	60	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -50 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	3.0	4.5	3.0	4.5		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Common Base, Open Circuit, Output Capacitance	6.0	12	4.8	10	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Common Base, Open Circuit, Input Capacitance	40	55	40	55	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2
Notes on page 4

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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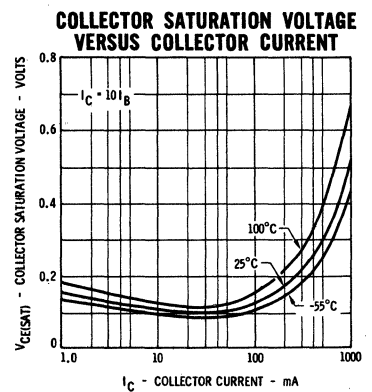
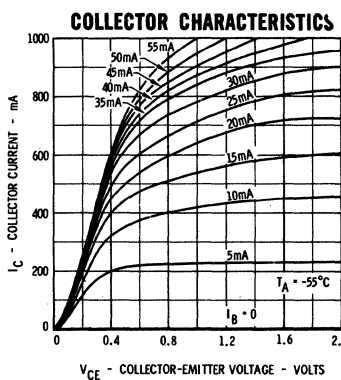
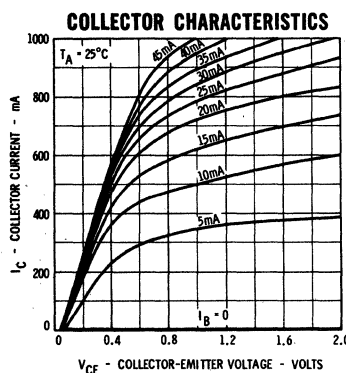
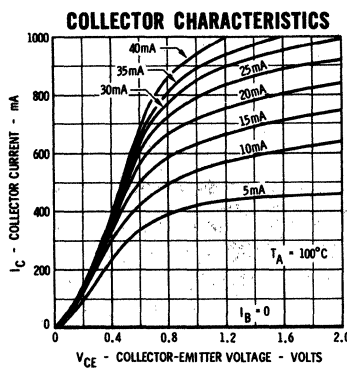
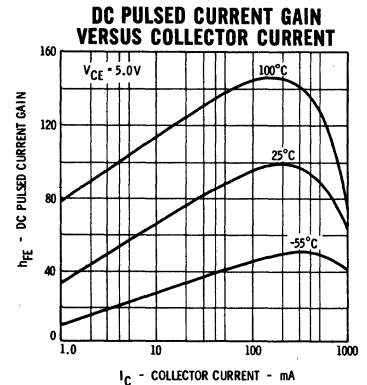
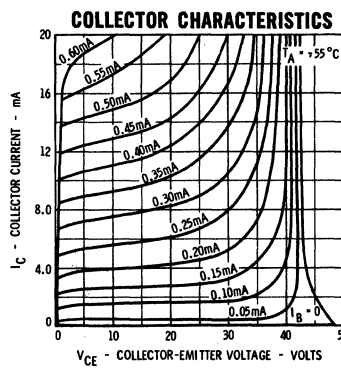
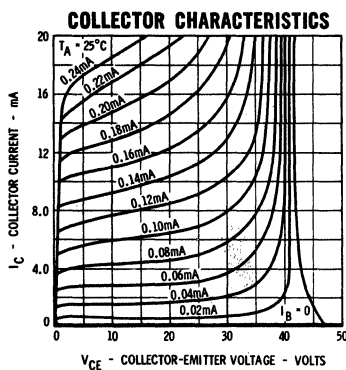
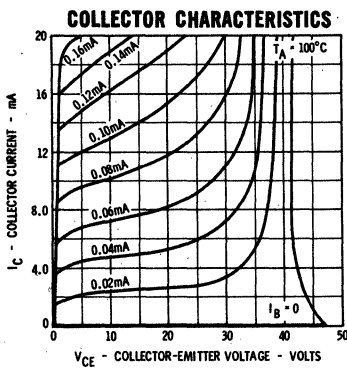
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3724 • 2N3725 • 2N4013 • 2N4014

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	2N3724 2N4013			2N3725 2N4014			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	60	90	150	60	90	150		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	50		35	45			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	65		40	60			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	65		25	65			$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60		30	60			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	45		20	40			$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	45		30	40			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	40		20	35			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.11	0.25		0.19	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.13	0.2		0.21	0.26	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.22	0.32		0.31	0.4	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.4	0.65		0.5	0.8	Volts	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.64	0.76		0.64	0.76	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.75	0.86		0.75	0.86	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.89	1.1		0.89	1.1	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.9	1.2		0.9	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0	1.5		1.0	1.5	Volts	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.1	1.7		1.1	1.7	Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.25	1.7				μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current					0.33	1.7	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	120				μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current					25	120	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	50			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	50			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			6.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$

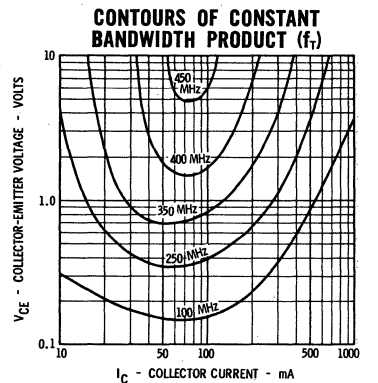
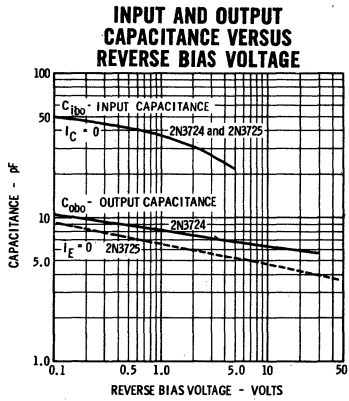
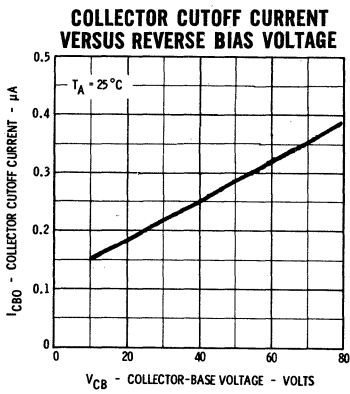
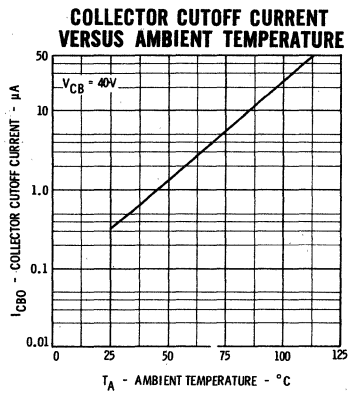
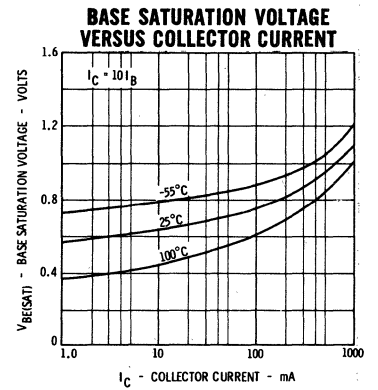
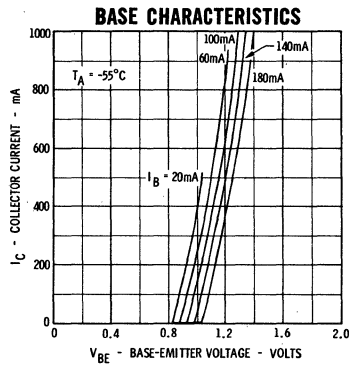
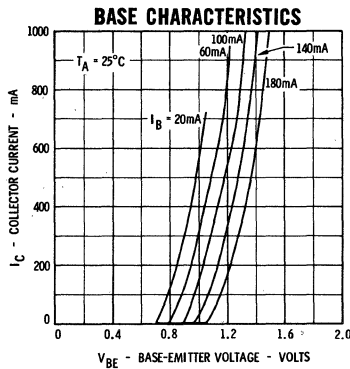
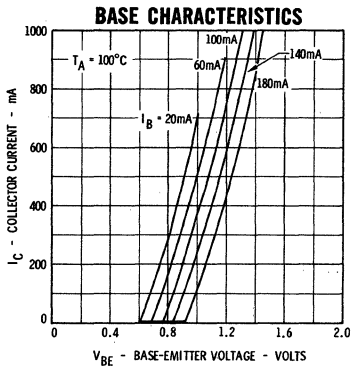
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2N3724 • 2N4013



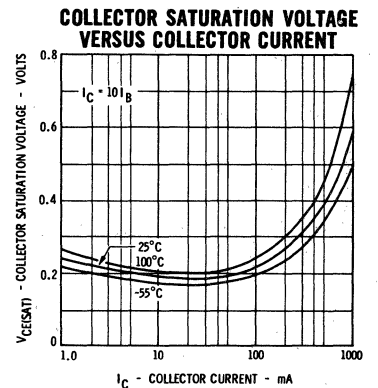
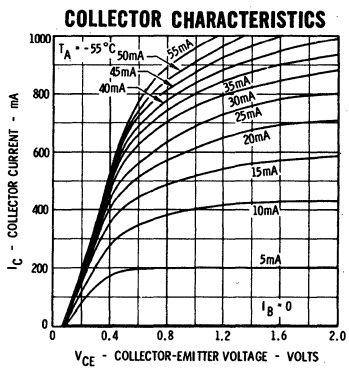
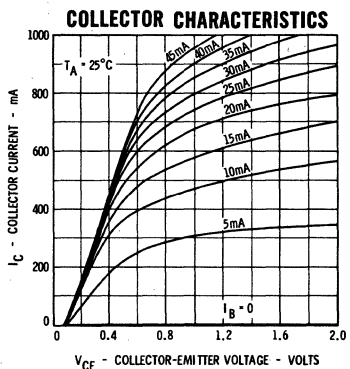
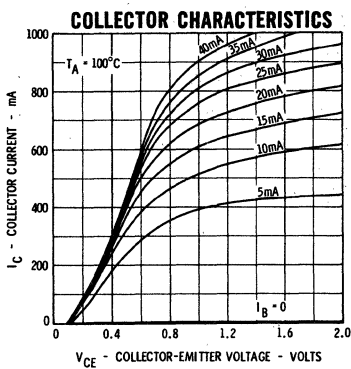
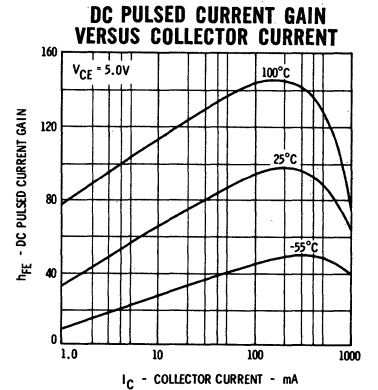
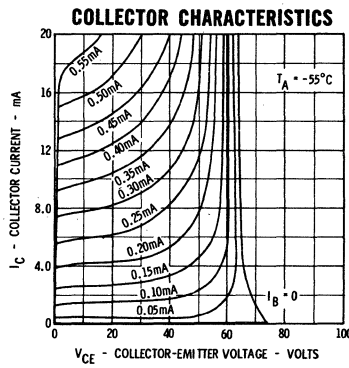
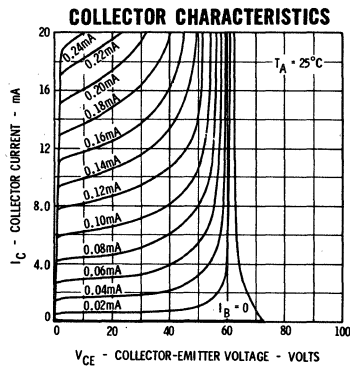
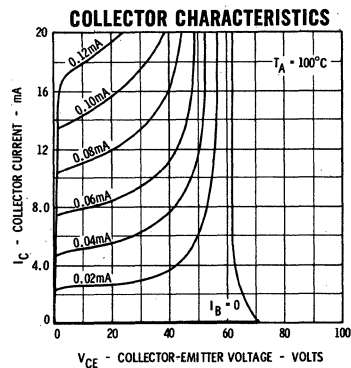
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3724 • 2N3725 • 2N4013 • 2N4014

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3724 • 2N3725 • 2N4013 • 2N4014



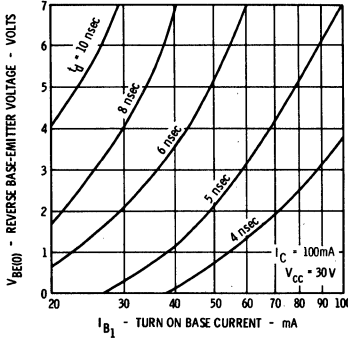
2N3725 • 2N4014



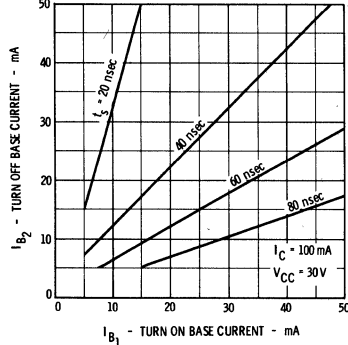
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N3724 • 2N3725 • 2N4013 • 2N4014

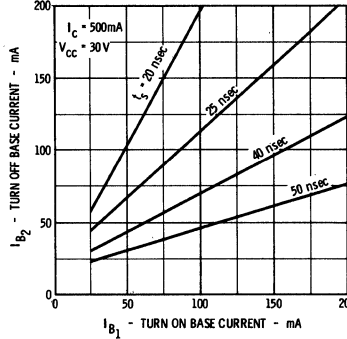
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



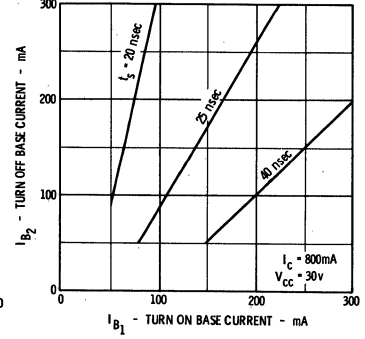
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



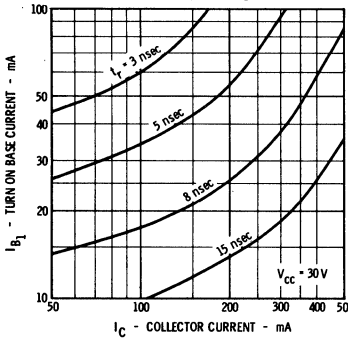
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



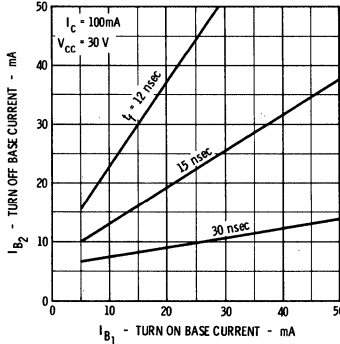
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



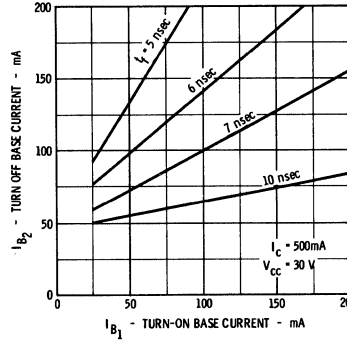
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



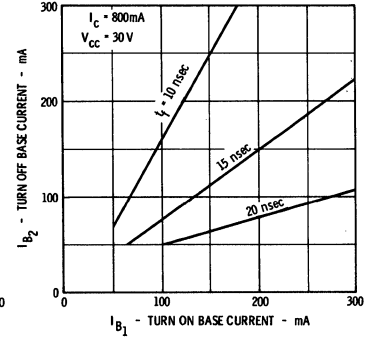
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



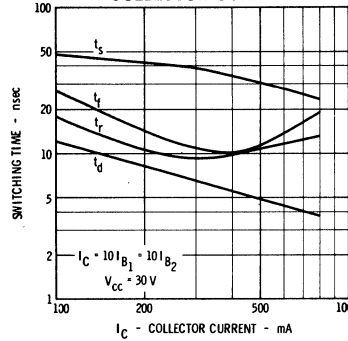
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



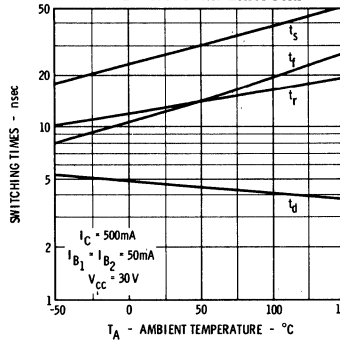
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



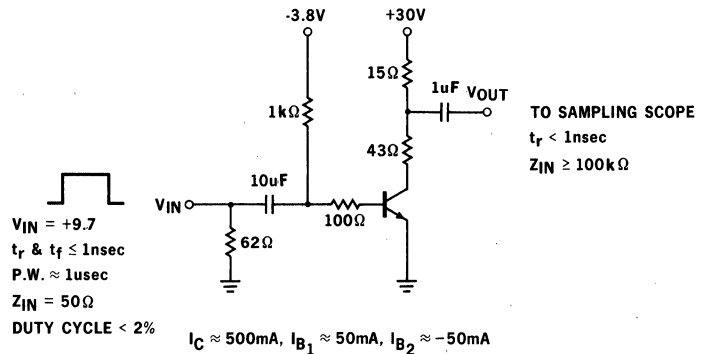
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 50°C/Watt (derating factor of 20mW/°C) for the 2N3724 and 2N3725, and 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85mW/°C) for the 2N4013 and 2N4014; junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56mW/°C) for the 2N3724 and 2N3725, and 485°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06mW/°C) for the 2N4013 and 2N4014.
- (4) Ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact value of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N3734 • 2N3736

NPN HIGH VOLTAGE, HIGH CURRENT SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FOR IMPROVED PERFORMANCE SEE FAIRCHILD 2N3724 • 2N3725

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3734 and 2N3736 are High Voltage, High Current NPN Diffused Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors useful for memory applications requiring breakdown voltages up to 50 volts and high current capacity with Beta specified to 1.5 amperes.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

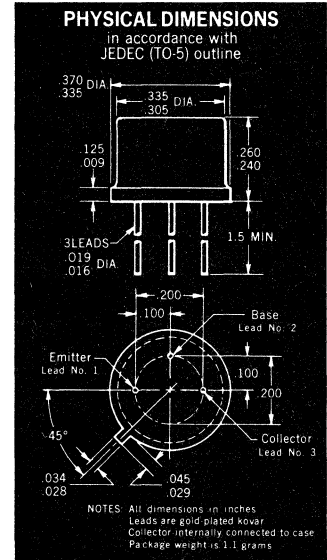
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec Time Limit)	+230°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	2N3734	2N3736
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	4.0 Watts	2.0 Watts
	1.0 Watt	0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	50 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	1.5 Amps



2N3734

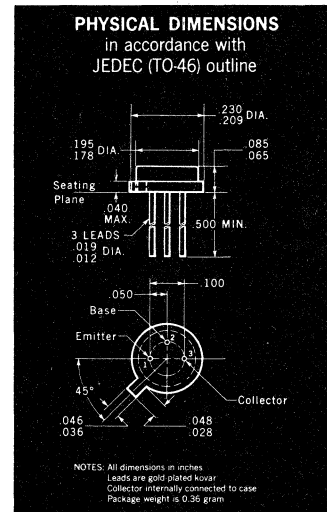
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.9	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.5	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
t_d	Delay Time (see Fig. 1)		8.0	nsec	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 100 \text{ mA}$
t_r	Rise Time (see Fig. 1)		40	nsec	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 100 \text{ mA}$
t_s	Storage Time (see Fig. 2)		30	nsec	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 100 \text{ mA}$
t_f	Fall Time (see Fig. 2)		30	nsec	$I_{B2} = -100 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = 100 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	3.0			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		9.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		80	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C) for the 2N3734; and 87.5°C/watt (derating factor of 11.4 mW/°C) for the 2N3736, junction to ambient thermal resistance of 175°C/watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C) for the 2N3734; and 350°C/watt (derating factor of 2.86 mW/°C) for the 2N3736.
- (4) Ratings refer to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.



2N3736



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3734 • 2N3736

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	120	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30		Volts	$I_C = 1.5 \text{ A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.2	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.3	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.8	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.9	1.4	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
I_{CEX}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	μA	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
$I_{CEX}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		20	μA	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
I_{BL}	Base Current		0.3	μA	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ $V_{EB} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	50		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base	5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$
Q_T	Total Control Charge		10	ncoul	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$

FIGURE 1

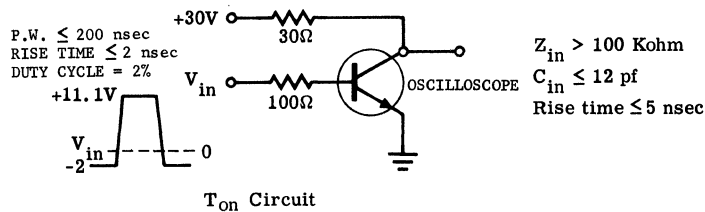
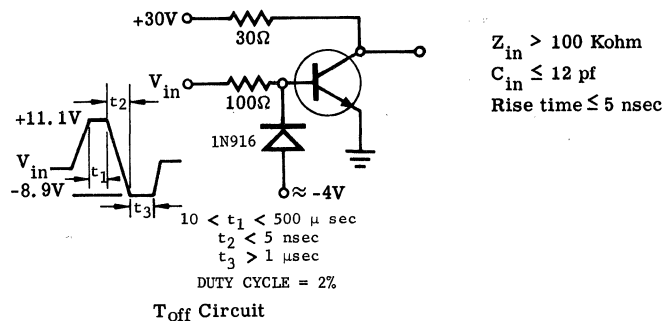


FIGURE 2



2N3923

NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N3923 is an NPN silicon PLANAR transistor designed primarily for use as a high-voltage output device where low collector base capacitance is required. The device features a maximum C_{obo} of 3.5 pf together with a minimum V_{CEO} of 150 volts and a minimum f_T of 40 Mc. The TO-5 package permits operation to 200°C junction temperature and a power rating of 3 watts.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

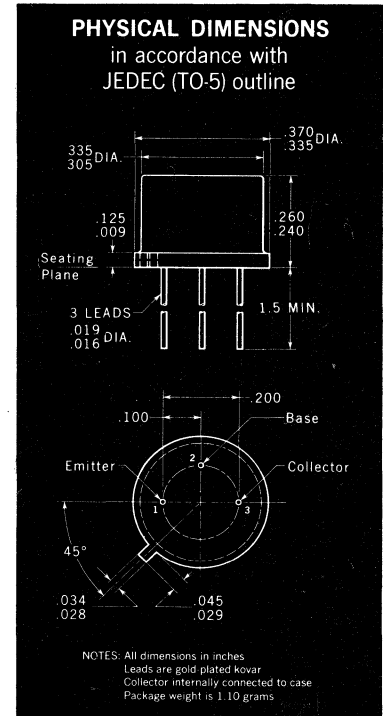
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	3.0 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	150 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	150 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	100 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	100	120		$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	40			$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	15	62			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	150			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	150			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.77	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.3	1.0	Volts	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

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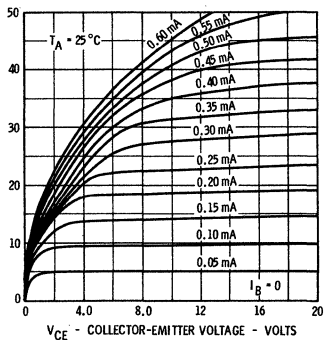
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N3923

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

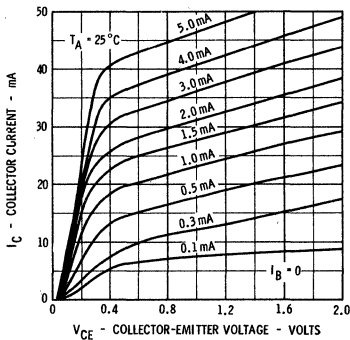
Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.1	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 100$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ C)$	Collector Cutoff Current		0.5	10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 100$ V
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.005	50	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20$ Mc)	2.0	4.3			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1.0$ Kc)	20				$I_C = 25$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
C_{obo}	Common Base Open Circuit Output Capacitance		2.6	3.5	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20$ V
C_{ibo}	Common Base Open Circuit Input Capacitance		17	25	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5$ V
$R_e(h_{ie})$	Real Part of Input Impedance ($f = 300$ Mc)			50	Ohms	$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

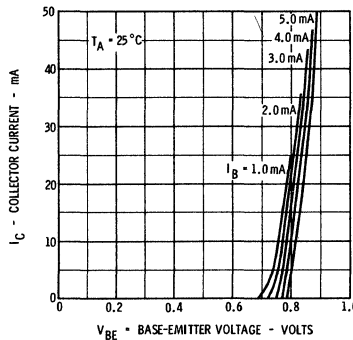
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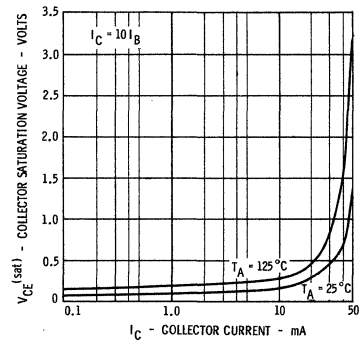
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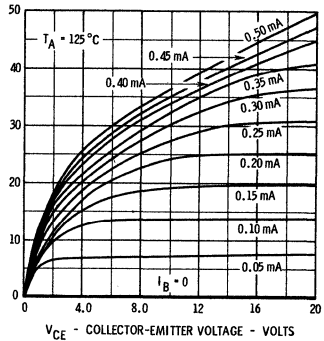
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



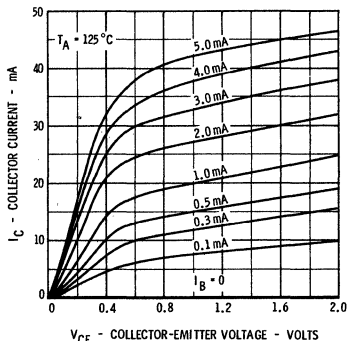
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



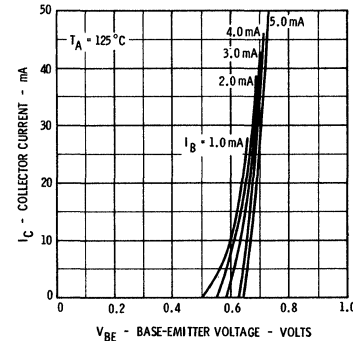
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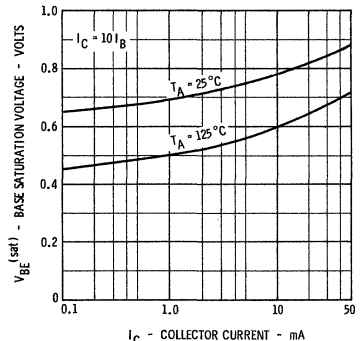
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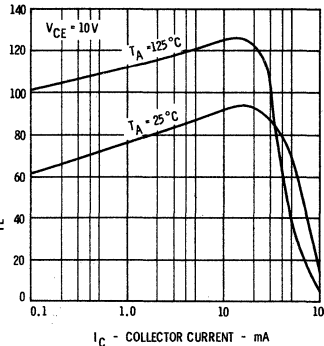
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



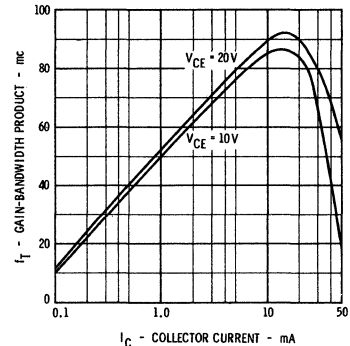
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



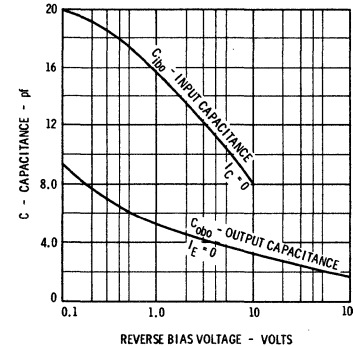
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



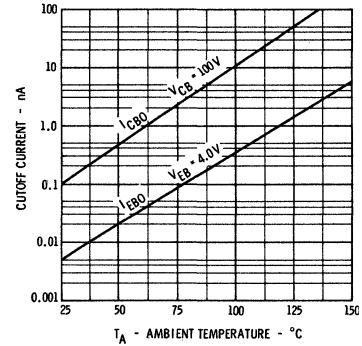
GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR & EMITTER CUTOFF CURRENTS VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer

2N3930 • 2N3931 • 2N4357 • 2N4358

PNP HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II TRANSISTORS

FEATURES

- HIGH VOLTAGE -- 240 VOLT V_{CEO}
- HIGH BETA -- 80-300 @ 10 mA
- LOW NOISE -- 3 dB @ 1.0 kHz
- EXCELLENT BETA LINEARITY from 10 μ A to 50 mA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

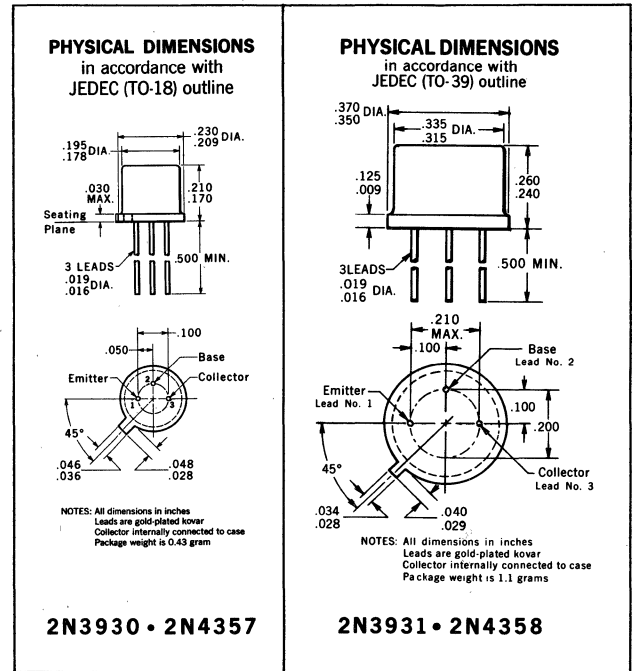
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	+300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation [Notes 2 and 3]

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	2N3930 2N4357	2N3931 2N4358
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	1.4 Watts 0.4 Watt	2.5 Watts 0.7 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-180 Volts	-240 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter to Voltage [Note 4]	-180 Volts	-240 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-6.0 Volts	-6.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	2N3930 2N3931	-180		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	2N4357 2N4358	-240		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	2N3930 2N3931	-180		Volts	$I_C = 2.0 mA$ $I_B = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	2N4357 2N4358	-240		Volts	$I_C = 2.0 mA$ $I_B = 0$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	60	110			$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	80	170			$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	80	200	300		$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Current Gain	15	50			$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Current Gain	30	105			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -10 V$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	2N3930 2N3931	-0.1	-0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	2N4357 2N4358	-0.2	-0.5	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$

See notes on back page

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

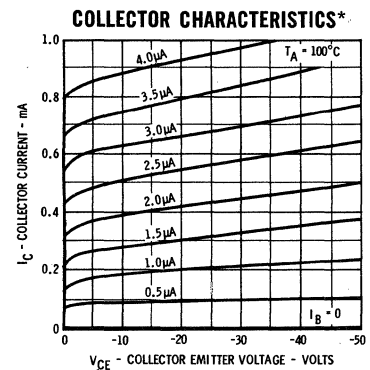
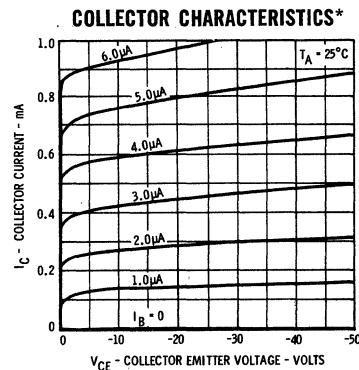
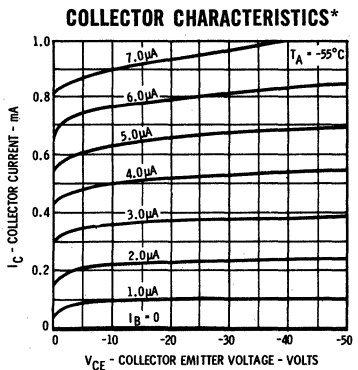
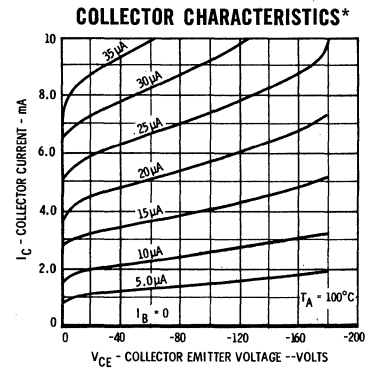
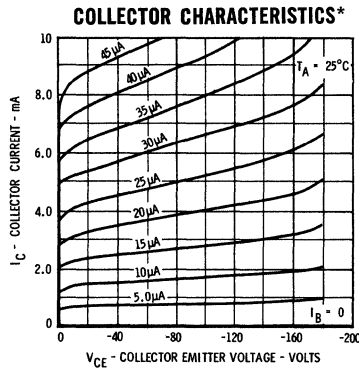
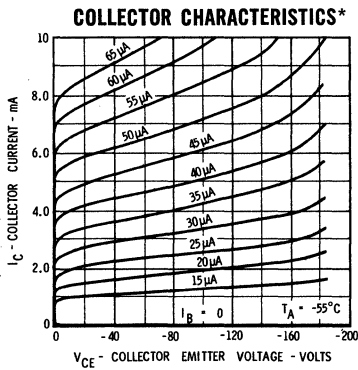
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3930 • 2N3931 • 2N4357 • 2N4358

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.74	0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0\text{ mA}$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-6.0			Volts	$I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		0.2	10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -4.0\text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Reverse Current		0.2	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -100\text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Reverse Current		0.5	20	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -200\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.03	10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -100\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.07	20	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -200\text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit, Output Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		5.0	7.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5.0\text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit, Input Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		20	25	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	2.0	3.0	8.0		$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10\text{ V}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 10 kHz)		1.0	3.0	dB	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0\text{ V}$ $R_S = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 1.5\text{ kHz}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)		1.0	3.0	dB	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0\text{ V}$ $R_S = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 150\text{ Hz}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 100 Hz)		2.0	10	dB	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0\text{ V}$ $R_S = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 15\text{ Hz}$

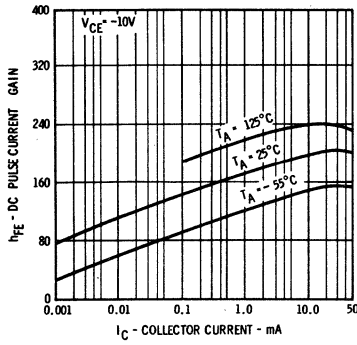
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



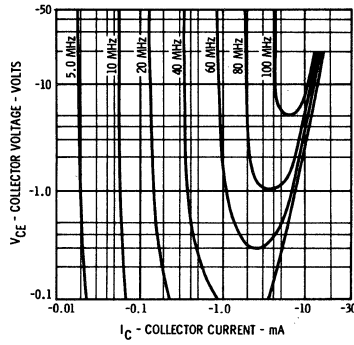
* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

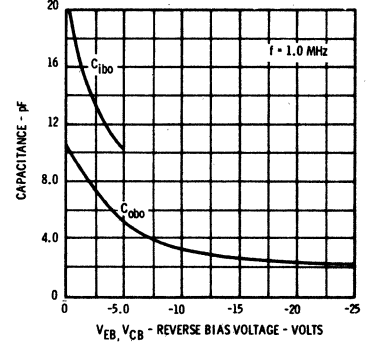
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



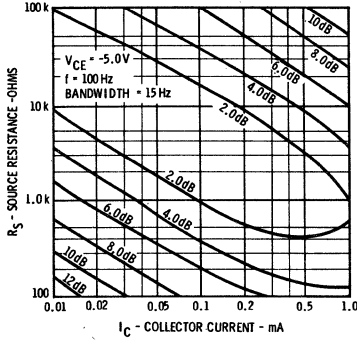
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



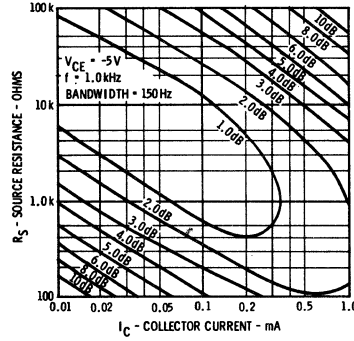
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



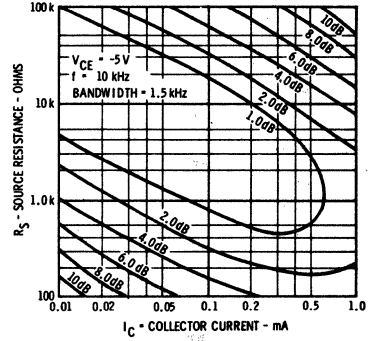
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



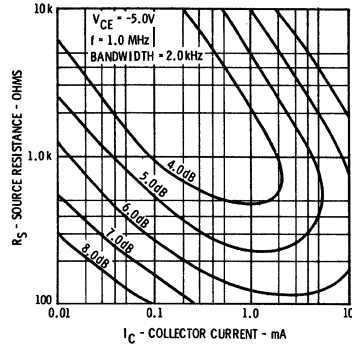
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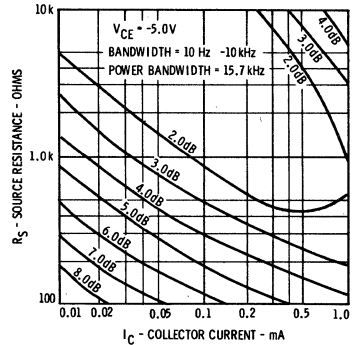
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



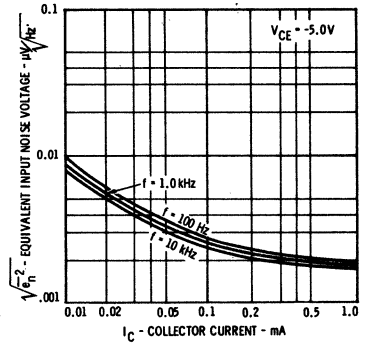
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



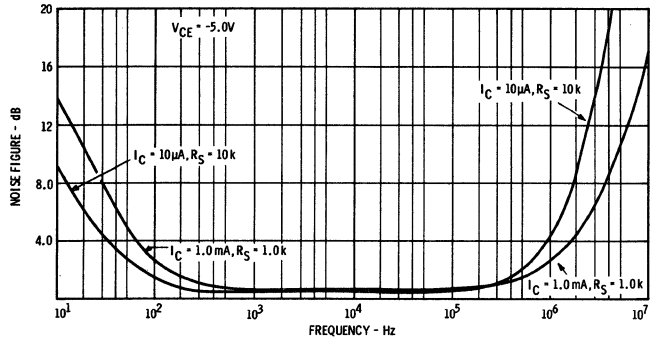
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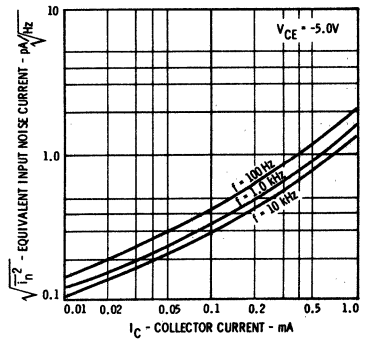
EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



SPOT NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



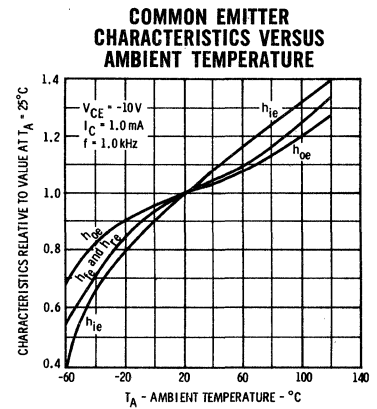
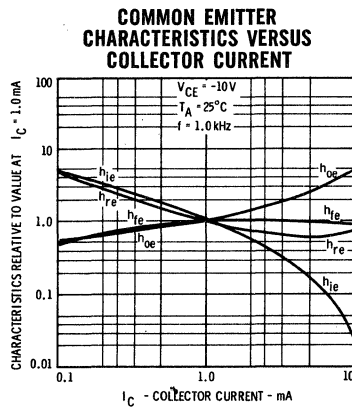
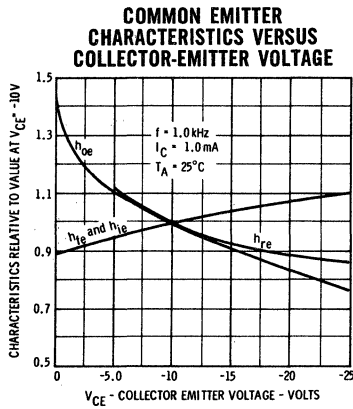
EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE CURRENT VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



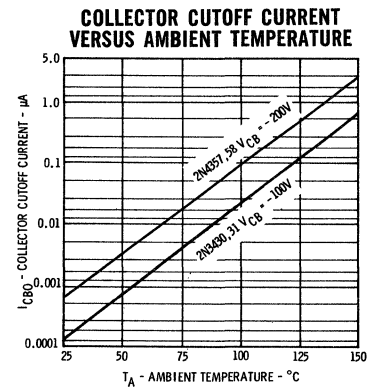
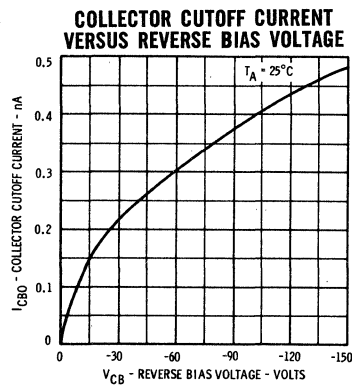
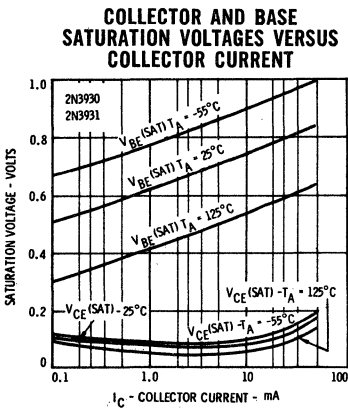
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3930 • 2N3931 • 2N4357 • 2N4358

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kHz, T_A = 25°C)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h _{re}	Small Signal Current Gain	100	400		I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = -10 V
h _{ie}	Input Resistance	2.5	12	kOhms	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = -10 V
h _{oe}	Output Conductance	5.0	25	μmhos	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = -10 V



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



- NOTES:**
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
 - (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low-duty cycle operations.
 - (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 125°C/watt (derating factor of 8.0 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 438°C/watt (derating factor of 2.28 mW/°C) for the 2N3920 and 2N4357; junction to case thermal resistance of 70°C/watt (derating factor of 14.3 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 250°C/watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C) for the 2N3931 and 2N4358.
 - (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
 - (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.

2N3962 • 2N3963 • 2N3964 • 2N3965

PNP LOW-LEVEL, LOW-NOISE TYPE

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II TRANSISTORS

- **LOW NOISE FIGURE** NF = 2.0 dB (MAX) AT 1.0 kHz
NF = 4.0 dB (MAX) AT 100 Hz
- **HIGH CURRENT GAIN** $h_{FE} = 180$ (MIN) AT 1.0 μ A
 $h_{FE} = 250 - 500$ AT 10 μ A
 $h_{FE} = 250 - 600$ AT 1.0 mA
- **HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE** . . . LV_{CEO} = 45, 60 AND 80 VOLTS
- **EXCELLENT BETA LINEARITY FROM 1.0 μ A TO 50 mA**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	300°C

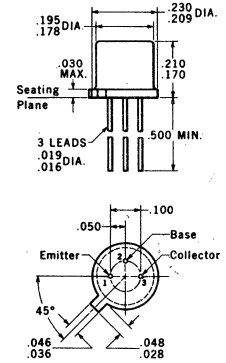
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

	2N3962	2N3963	2N3964	2N3965
V _{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-60 Volts	-80 Volts	-45 Volts	-45 Volts
V _{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-60 Volts	-80 Volts	-45 Volts	-45 Volts
V _{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-6.0 Volts	-6.0 Volts	-6.0 Volts	-6.0 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated tin
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.43 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N3962 • 2N3963			2N3964 • 2N3965			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	60	175		180	300			$I_C = 1.0 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	100	210	300	250	320	500		$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	100	240		250	330			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	100	260	450	250	330	600		$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	280		200	330			$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	90	260		180	315			$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Current Gain	40	90		100	160			$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	45	150		90	190			$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
$h_{FE}(+100^\circ C)$	DC Current Gain		375	600		400	800		$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60	2N3962 (only)		-45	2N3964 (only)		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-80	2N3963 (only)		-60	2N3965 (only)		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-60	2N3962 (only)		-45	2N3964 (only)		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_B = 0$
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-80	2N3963 (only)		-60	2N3965 (only)		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ $I_B = 0$
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 & 5)	-60	2N3962 (only)		-45	2N3964 (only)		Volts	$I_C = 5.0 mA$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
V _{CEO(sust)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 & 5)	-80	2N3963 (only)		-60	2N3965 (only)		Volts	$I_C = 5.0 mA$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-6.0			-6.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu A$
NF	Wideband Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz)		1.0	3.0		0.7	2.0	dB	$I_C = 20 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$ $R_S = 10 k\Omega$ BW = 15.7 kHz
NF	Narrowband Noise Figure (f = 10 kHz)		0.8	3.0		0.5	2.0	dB	$I_C = 20 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$ $R_S = 10 k\Omega$ BW = 1.5 kHz
NF	Narrowband Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)		0.8	3.0		0.5	2.0	dB	$I_C = 20 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$ $R_S = 10 k\Omega$ BW = 150 Hz
NF	Narrowband Noise Figure (f = 100 Hz)		3.0	10		1.8	4.0	dB	$I_C = 20 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$ $R_S = 10 k\Omega$ BW = 15 Hz
NF	Narrowband Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz)					3.5	8.0	dB	$I_C = 20 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$ $R_S = 10 k\Omega$ BW = 2.0 Hz

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.
Notes on page 2.

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3962 • 2N3963 • 2N3964 • 2N3965

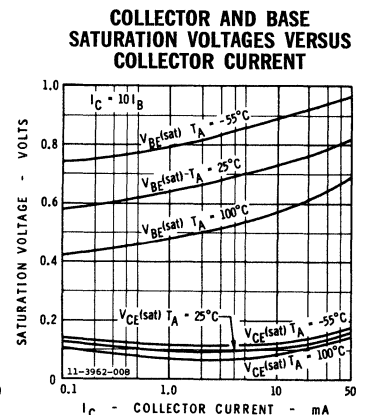
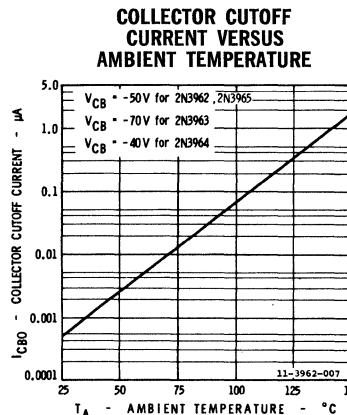
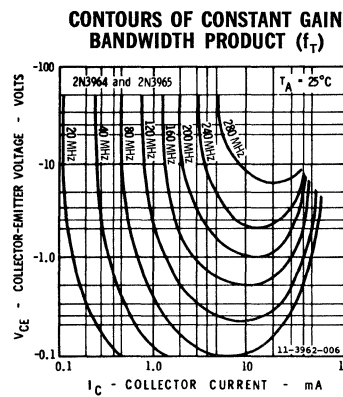
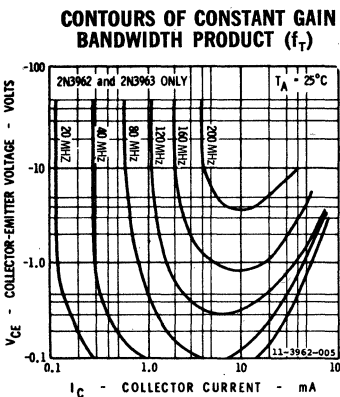
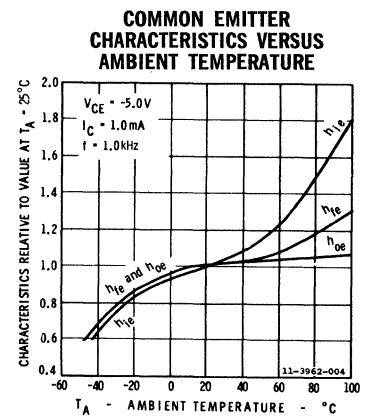
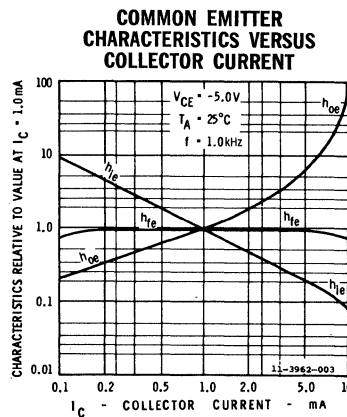
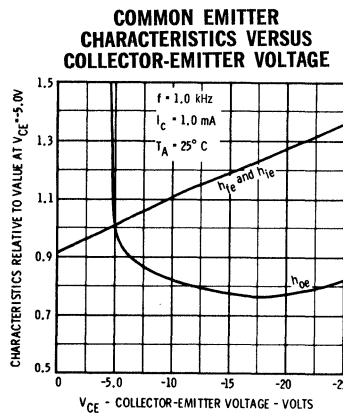
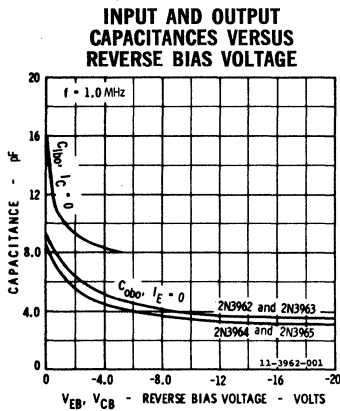
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N3962 • 2N3963			2N3964 • 2N3965			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	(2N3962)	0.5	10	(2N3965)	0.5	10	nA	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$	$V_{EB} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	(2N3963)	0.5	10				nA	$V_{CE} = -7.0V$	$V_{EB} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current				(2N3964)	0.5	10	nA	$V_{CE} = -4.0V$	$V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CES}(+150^\circ C)$	Collector Reverse Current	(2N3962)	2.0	10	(2N3965)	0.5	10	μA	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$	$V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CES}(+150^\circ C)$	Collector Reverse Current	(2N3963)	2.0	10				μA	$V_{CE} = -7.0V$	$V_{EB} = 0$
$I_{CES}(+150^\circ C)$	Collector Reverse Current				(2N3964)	2.0	10	μA	$V_{CE} = -4.0V$	$V_{EB} = 0$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current			10			10	nA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -4.0V$
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.1	-0.25		-0.1	-0.25	Volts	$I_C = 10mA$	$I_B = 0.5mA$
$V_{CE}(sat)$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.16	-0.4		-0.16	-0.4	Volts	$I_C = 50mA$	$I_B = 5.0mA$
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage		-0.72	-0.9		-0.72	-0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10mA$	$I_B = 0.5mA$
$V_{BE}(sat)$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.81	-0.95		-0.81	-0.95	Volts	$I_C = 50mA$	$I_B = 5.0mA$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance (f = 1.0 kHz)	2.5	8.0	17	6.0	10	20	k Ω	$I_C = 1.0mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance (f = 1.0 kHz)	5.0	19	40	5.0	25	50	μmho	$I_C = 1.0mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio (f = 1.0 kHz)			10			10	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain (f = 1.0 kHz)	100	300	550	250	360	700		$I_C = 1.0mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	2.0		8.0	2.5		8.0		$I_C = 0.5mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0V$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance			6.0			6.0	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -5.0V$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance			15			15	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -0.5V$

NOTES:

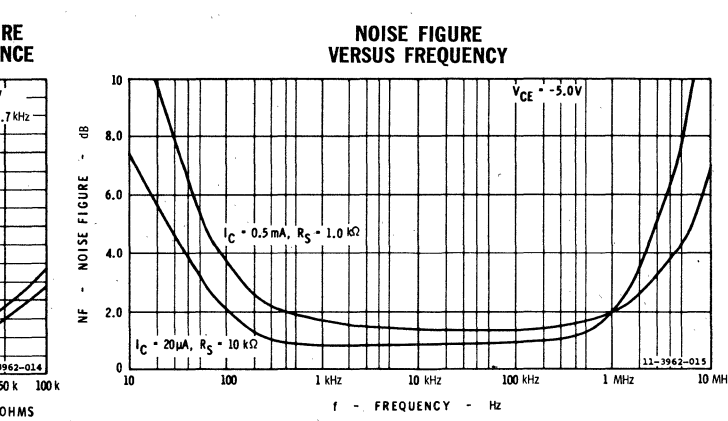
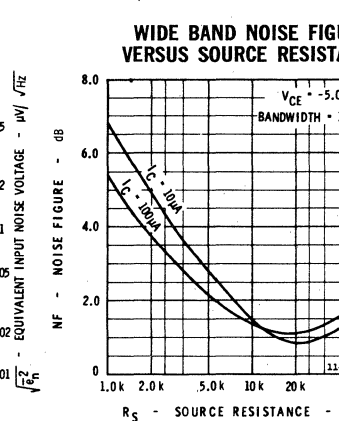
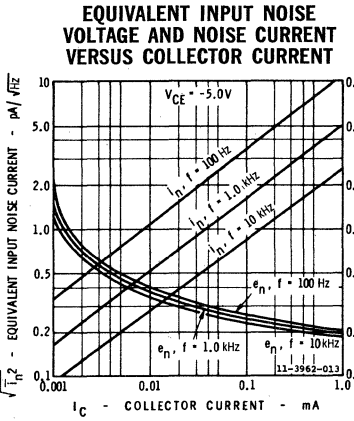
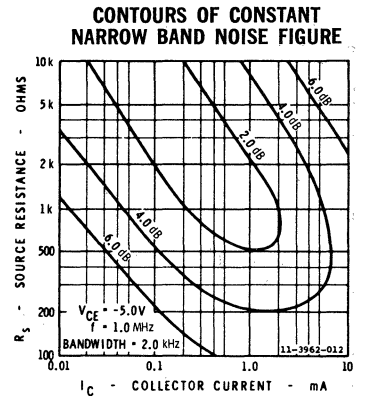
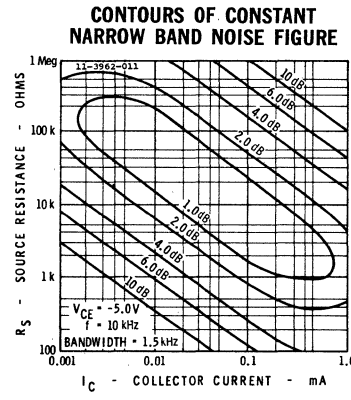
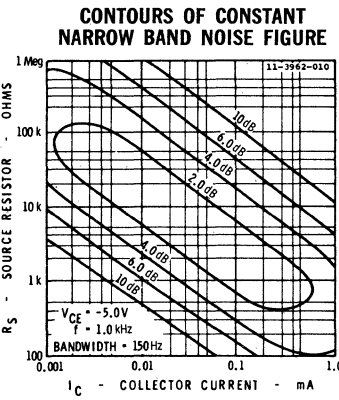
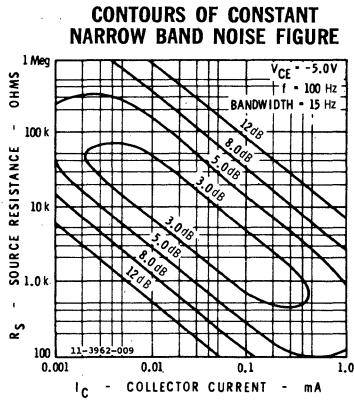
- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2N3962 • 2N3963 • 2N3964 • 2N3965

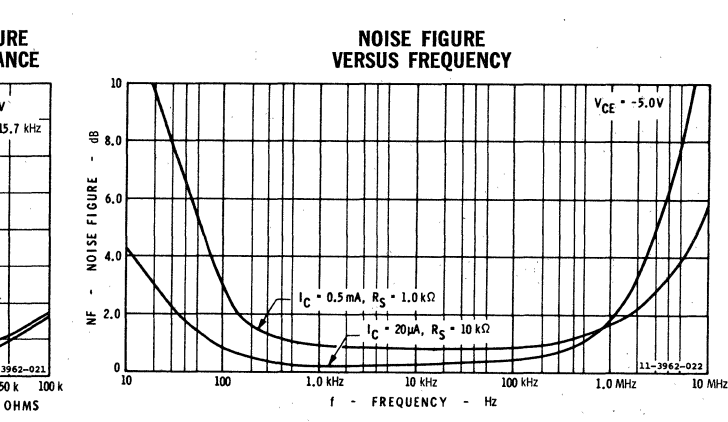
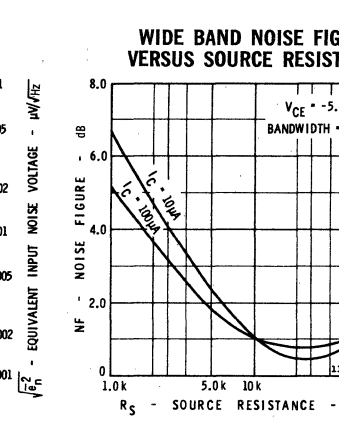
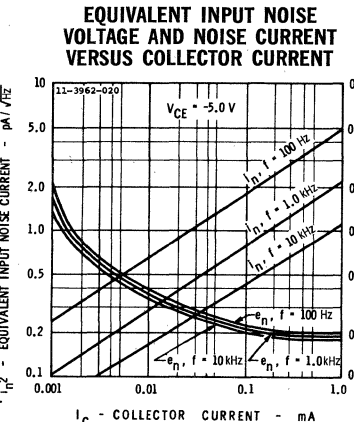
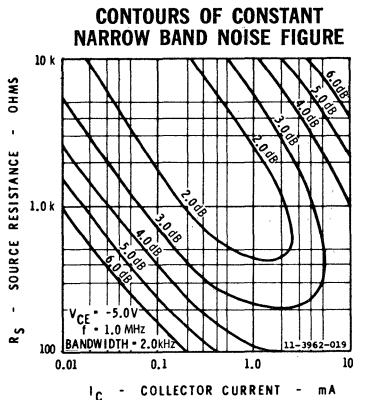
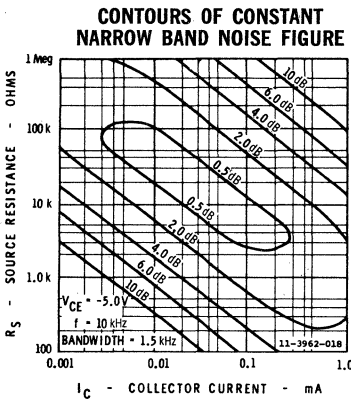
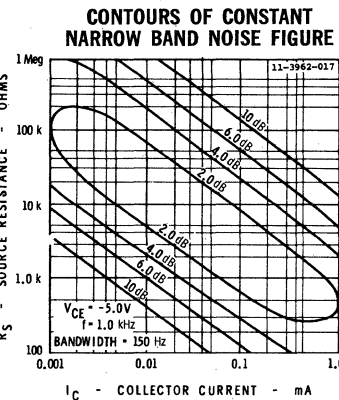
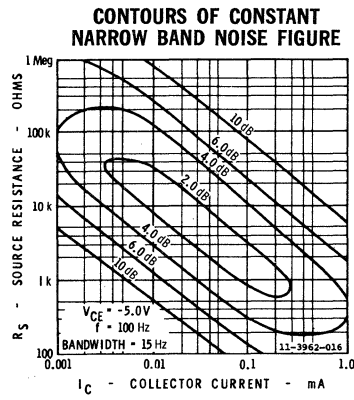


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3962 • 2N3963 • 2N3964 • 2N3965

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
2N3962 • 2N3963

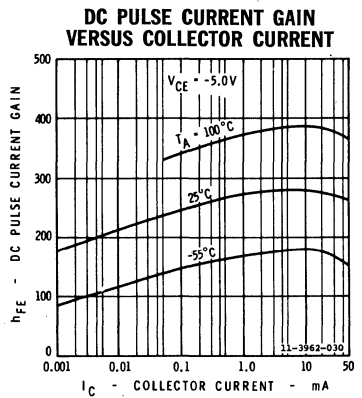
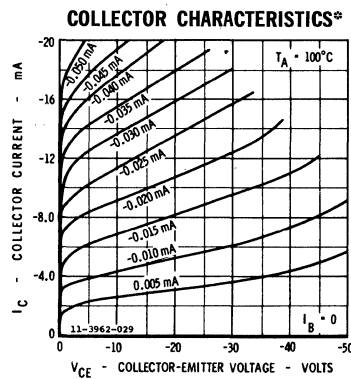
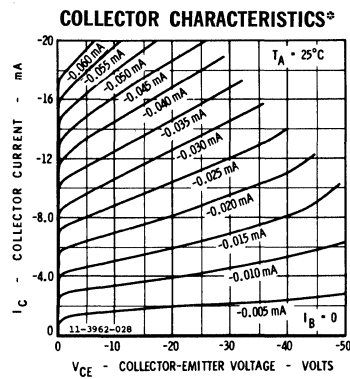
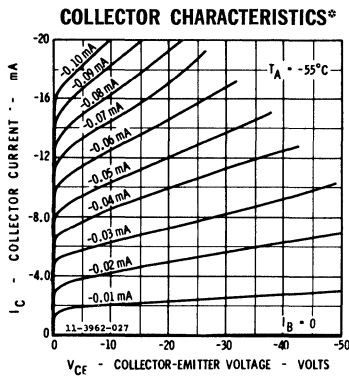
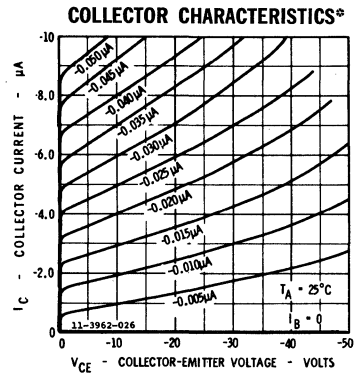
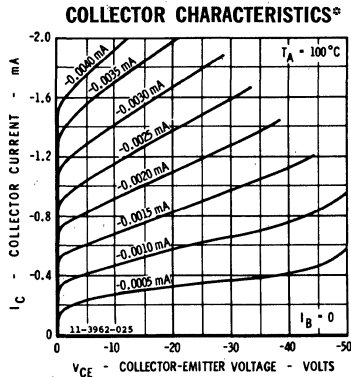
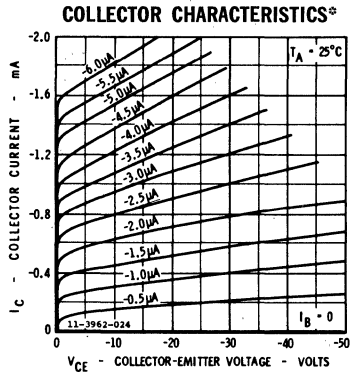
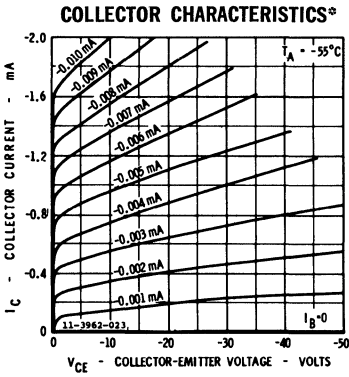


2N3964 • 2N3965

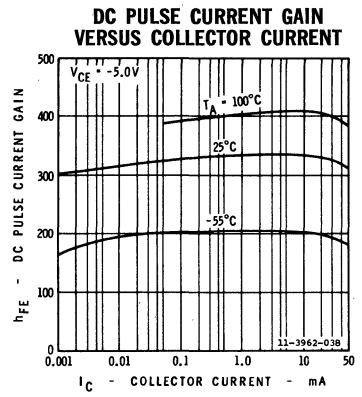
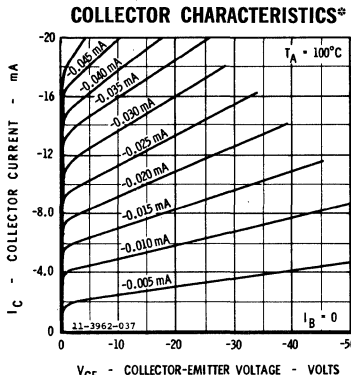
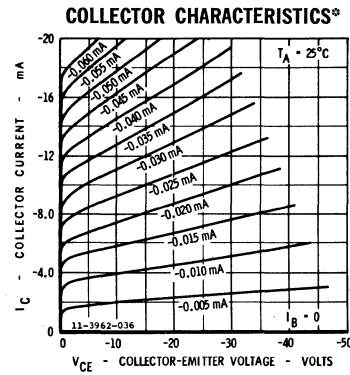
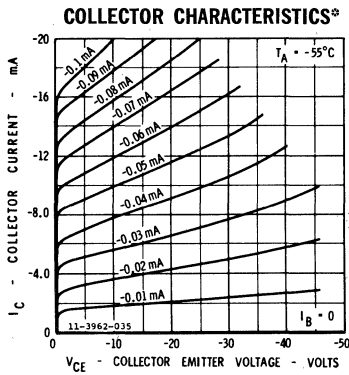
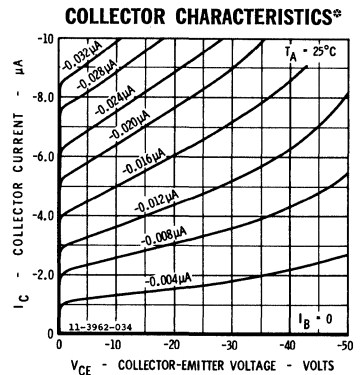
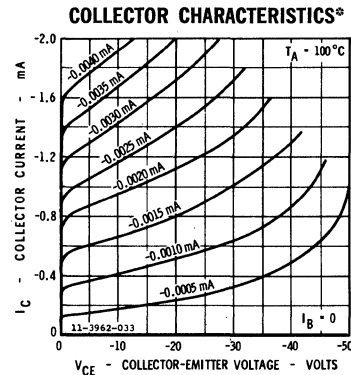
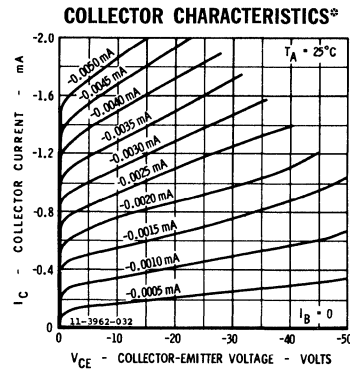
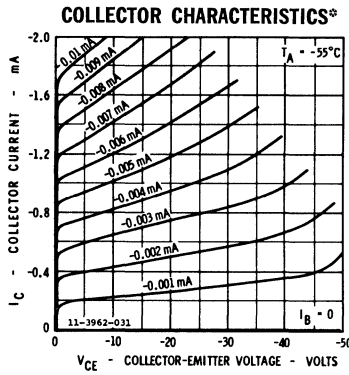


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N3962 • 2N3963 • 2N3964 • 2N3965

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
2N3962 • 2N3963



2N3964 • 2N3965



*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

2N4026 THROUGH 2N4029

PNP HIGH-VOLTAGE GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS

SILICON PLANAR*II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

FEATURES

- HIGH BETA -- 100-300 @ 100 mA
- HIGH VOLTAGE- -60 AND 80 VOLTS V_{CEO}
- LOW $V_{CE(SAT)}$ -- 1.0 VOLT (MAX.) @ 1.0 A
- EXCELLENT BETA LINEARITY FROM 100 μ A TO 500 mA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
 Operating Junction Temperature
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)

-65°C to +200°C
 +200°C Maximum
 +300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature
 at 25°C Free Air Temperature

[Notes 2 and 3]
 [Notes 2 and 3]

2.0 Watts
 0.5 Watt

Maximum Voltages

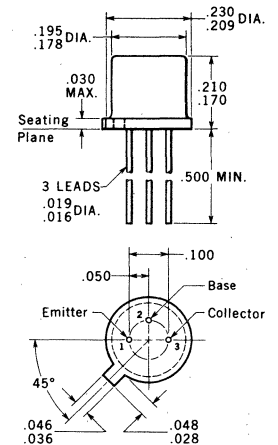
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

[Note 4]

2N4026 2N4027
 2N4028 2N4029
 -60 Volts -80 Volts
 -60 Volts -80 Volts
 -5.0 Volts -5.0 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with
JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
 Leads are gold-plated kovar
 Gate internally connected to case
 Package weight is 0.43 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N4026 2N4027			2N4028 2N4029			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.			
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	80		75	150		$I_C = 100 \mu A$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	80	120	100	160	300	$I_C = 100 mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	60		70	110		$I_C = 500 mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	(2N4026 only)		40	(2N4028 only)		$I_C = 1.0 A$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 V$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	10	(2N4027 only)		25	(2N4029 only)		$I_C = 1.0 A$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 V$	
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	50		40	100		$I_C = 100 mA$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 V$	
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 MHz$)	1.0	1.5	4.0	1.5	2.0	5.0	$I_C = 50 mA$	$V_{CE} = -10 V$	
C_{obo}	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Output Capacitance		15	20		15	20	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -10 V$
C_{ibo}	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Input Capacitance		75	110		75	110	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -0.5 V$
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		30	100		23	100	ns	$I_C \approx 500 mA$, $I_{B1} \approx 50 mA$	
t_s	Storage Time [Note 6]		150	350		175	350	ns	$I_C \approx 500 mA$, $I_{B1} \approx 50 mA$, $I_{B2} \approx -50 mA$	
t_f	Fall Time [Note 6]		25	50		22	50	ns	$I_C \approx 500 mA$, $I_{B1} \approx 50 mA$, $I_{B2} \approx -50 mA$	

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild Process.

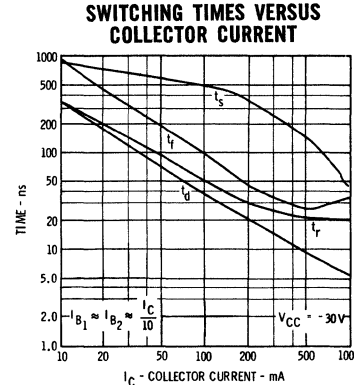
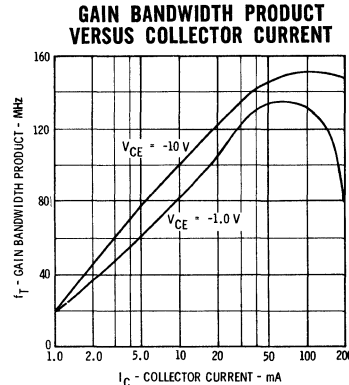
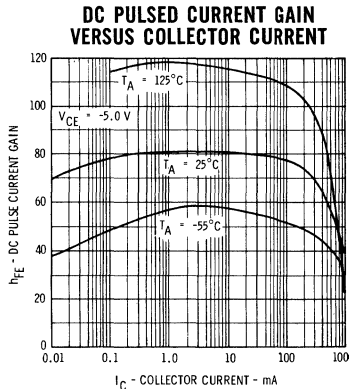
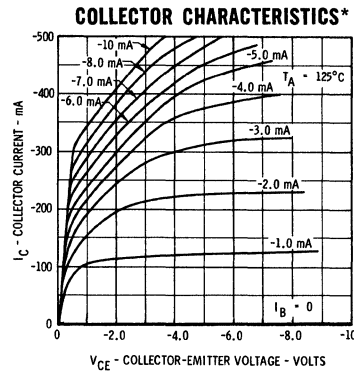
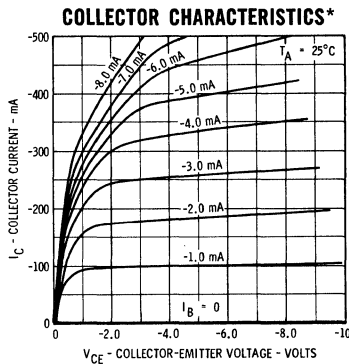
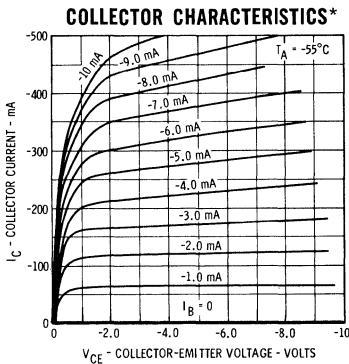
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4026 THROUGH 2N4029

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N4026 2N4028			2N4027 2N4029			Units	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.1	-0.15		-0.1	-0.15		Volts	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.25	-0.5		-0.25	-0.5		Volts	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.5	-1.0					Volts	$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.8	-0.9		-0.8	-0.9		Volts	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		-1.1		-0.95	-1.1		Volts	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-1.05	-1.2					Volts	$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60			-80			Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0			-5.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	-60			-80			Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ (pulsed) $I_B = 0$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	50				nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50\text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current				0.2	50		nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -60\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	50				μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50\text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current				0.25	50		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -60\text{ V}$

(See notes on back page)

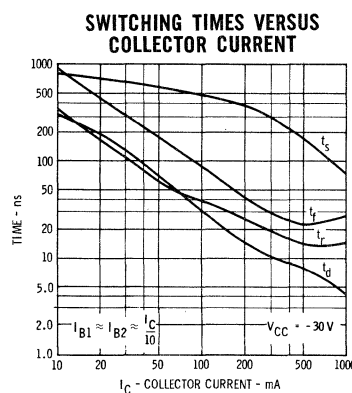
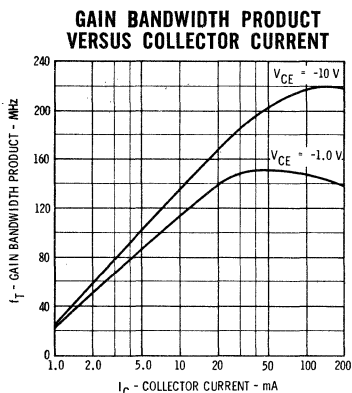
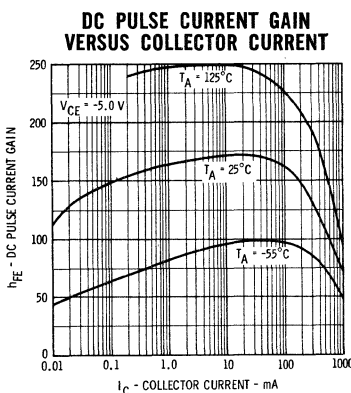
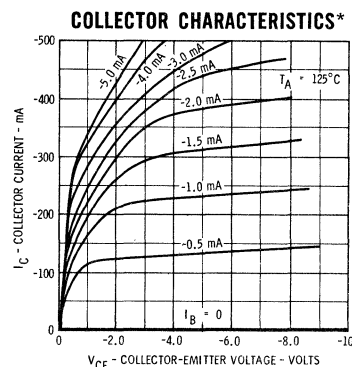
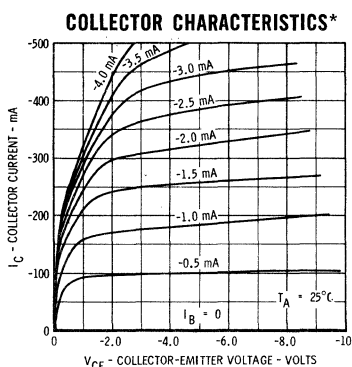
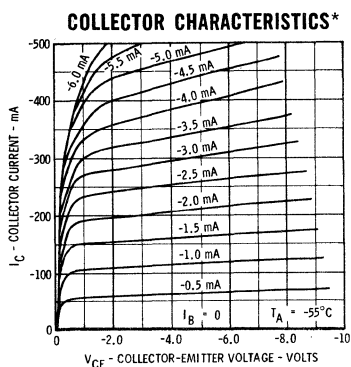
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2N4026 AND 2N4027



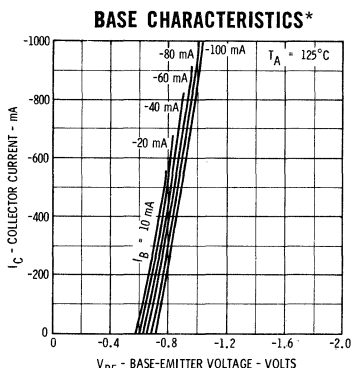
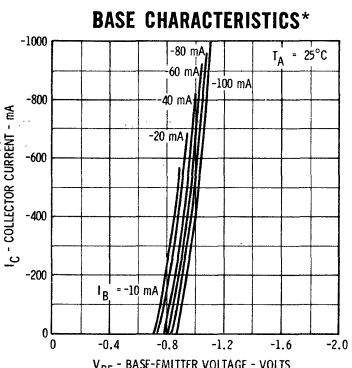
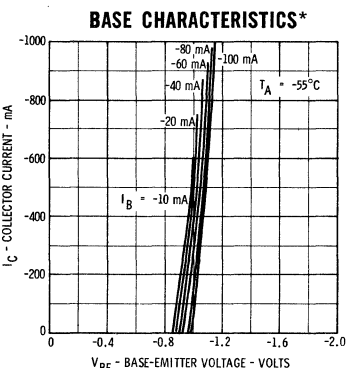
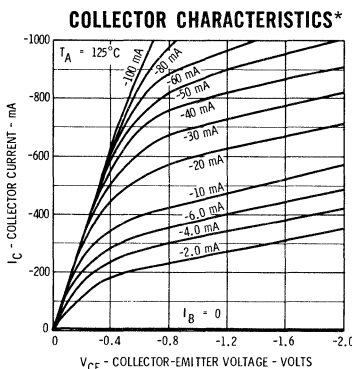
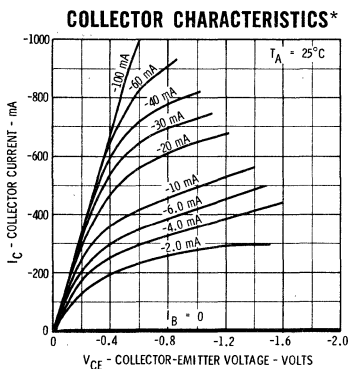
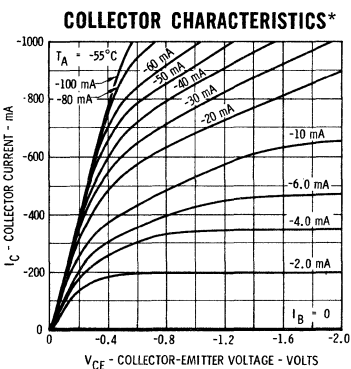
* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4026 THROUGH 2N4029

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2N4028 AND 2N4029



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (All Types)

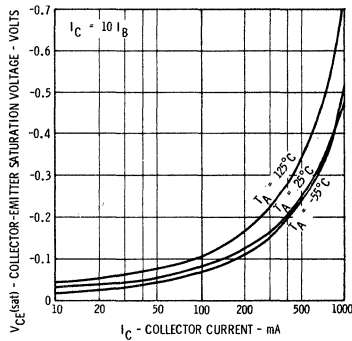


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

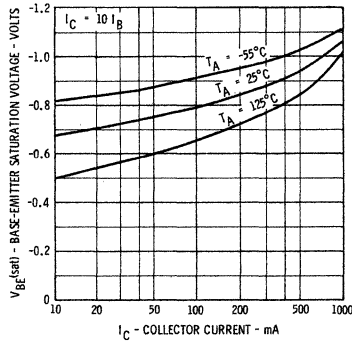
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4026 THROUGH 2N4029

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (All Types)

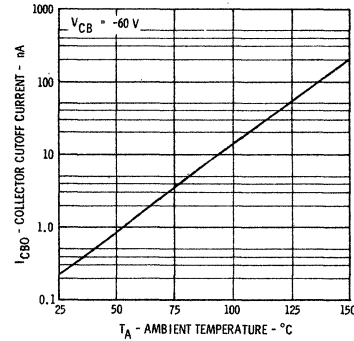
COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



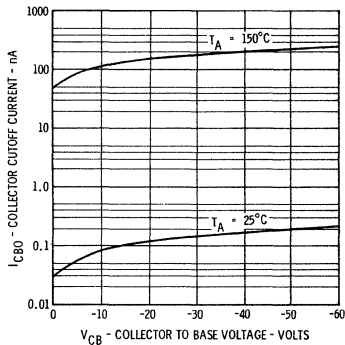
BASE-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



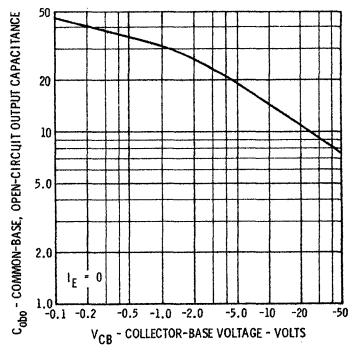
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



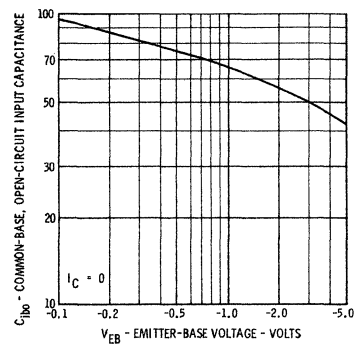
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



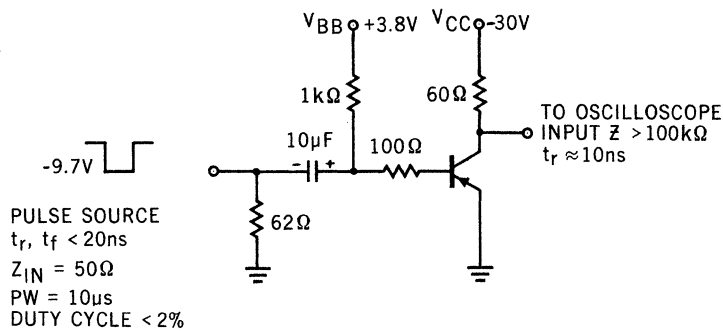
COMMON BASE OPEN CIRCUIT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COMMON BASE OPEN CIRCUIT INPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



T_{on} AND T_{off} TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 87.5°C/Watt (derating factor of 11.4 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 350°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.85 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .



2N4030 THROUGH 2N4033

PNP HIGH-VOLTAGE GENERAL PURPOSE TYPE

SILICON PLANAR II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N4030 through 2N4033 are PNP Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistors designed for a wide variety of applications. These devices feature 60 and 80 volt V_{CEO} 's, excellent beta linearity with h_{FE} specified from 100 μA to 1000mA, minimum f_T of 150 Mc and low saturation voltage. They are particularly useful in complementary driver and output applications operating from supply voltages to 80 volts.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

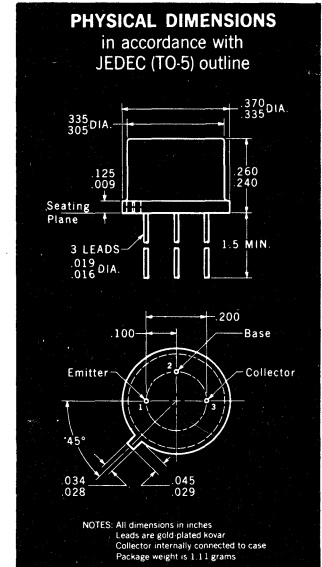
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	4.0 Watts
at 25°C Free Air Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.8 Watt

Maximum Voltages

		2N4030	2N4031	2N4032	2N4033
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-60 Volts	-80 Volts	-60 Volts	-80 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Note 4)			
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts	-5.0 Volts	-5.0 Volts	-5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	† FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N4030			2N4032			Units	Test Conditions	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.			
* h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	80	120	100	160	300	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	
h_{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	30	80		75	150		$I_C = 100 \mu A$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	60		70	110		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15 (2N4030 only)			40 (2N4032 only)			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10 (2N4031 only)			25 (2N4033 only)			$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	50		40	100		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$	
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 Mc)	1.0	1.5		1.5	2.0		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$	
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0			-5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu A$	
C_{obo}	4	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Output Capacitance		15	20		15	20	pf	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	4	Common-Base, Open-Circuit Input Capacitance		75	110		75	110	pf	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
t_{on}	4	Turn On Time (Note 6)		30	100		23	100	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$
t_s	4	Storage Time (Note 6)		150	350		175	350	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$
t_f	4	Fall Time (Note 6)		25	50		22	50	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

Notes on page 4

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4030 THROUGH 2N4033

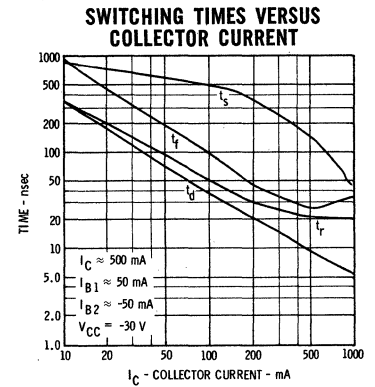
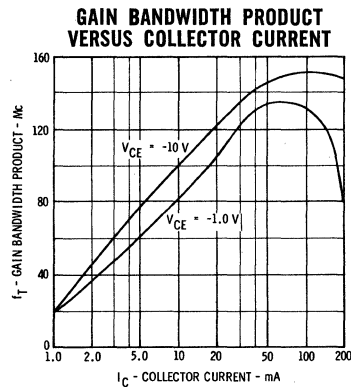
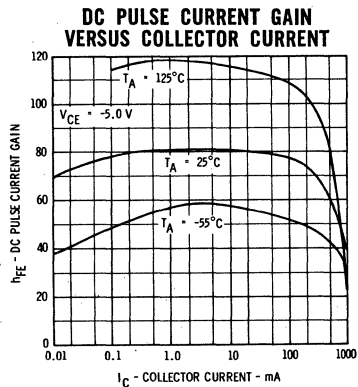
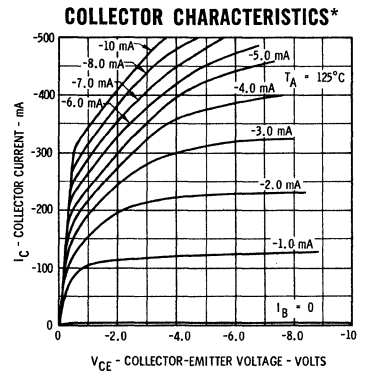
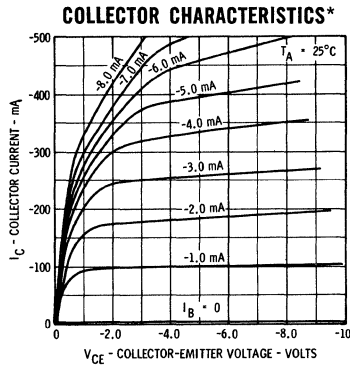
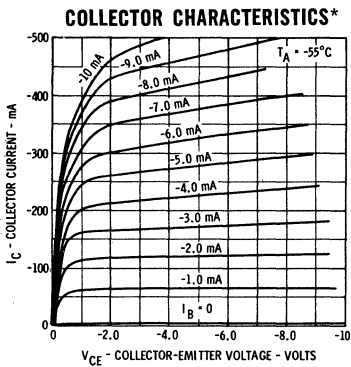
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	† FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N4030 2N4032			2N4031 2N4033			Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{CE(sat)}$	4	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.1	-0.15		-0.1	-0.15		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.25	-0.5		-0.25	-0.5		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{CE(sat)}$	1a	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.5	-1.0					Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	4	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.8	-0.9		-0.8	-0.9		Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{BE(sat)}$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.95	-1.1		-0.95	-1.1		Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
* $V_{BE(sat)}$	1a	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-1.05	-1.2					Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60			-80			Volts	$I_E = 0$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-60			-80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	50				nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$
* I_{CBO}	1b	Collector Cutoff Current				0.2	50		nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	50				μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -50 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current				0.25	50		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -60 \text{ V}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

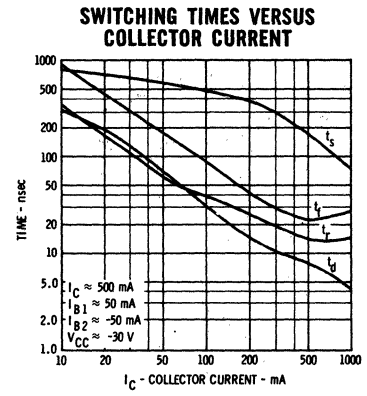
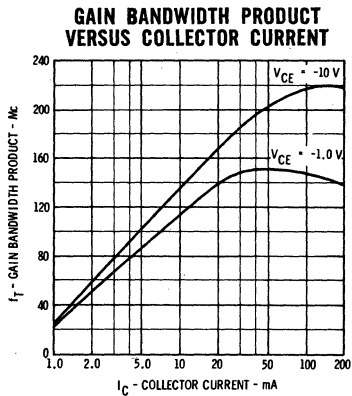
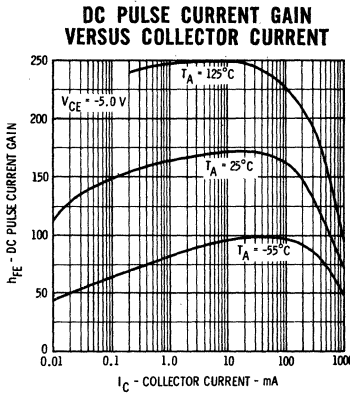
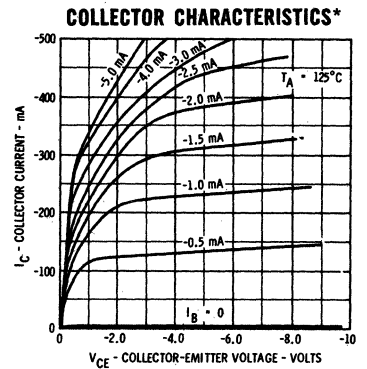
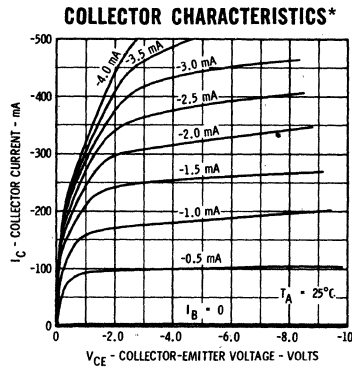
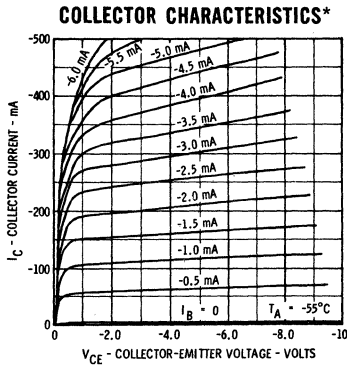
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2N4030 AND 2N4031



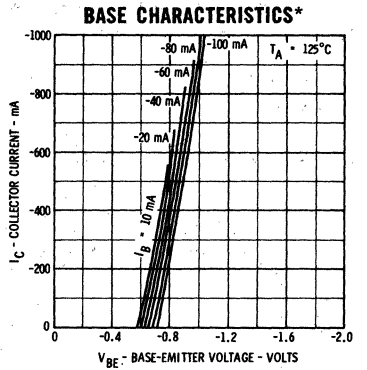
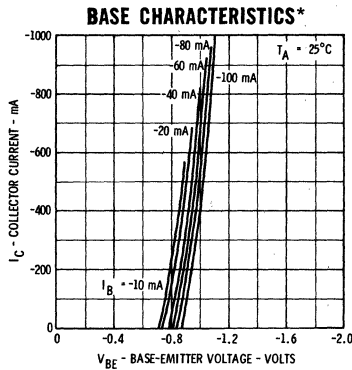
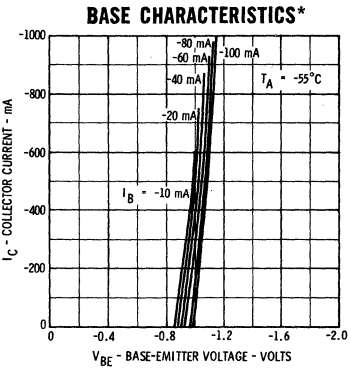
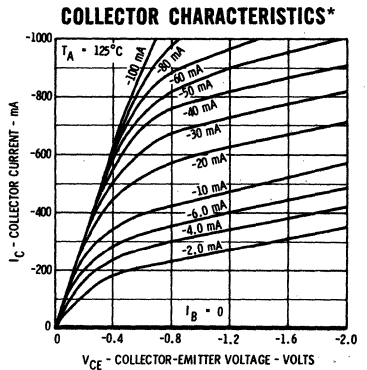
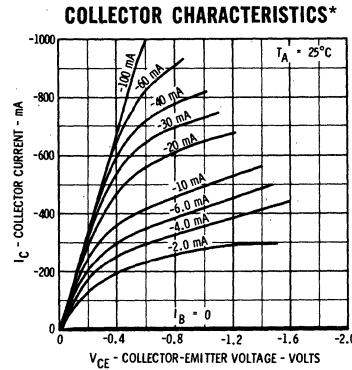
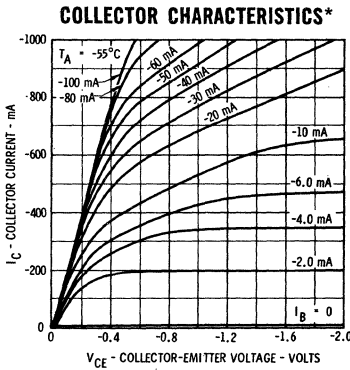
* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4030 THROUGH 2N4033

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2N4032 AND 2N4033



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (All Types)

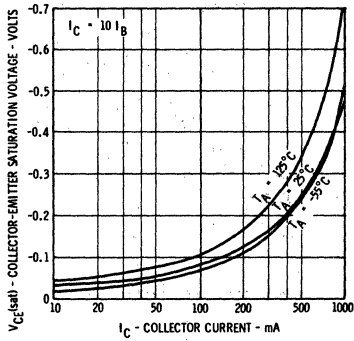


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

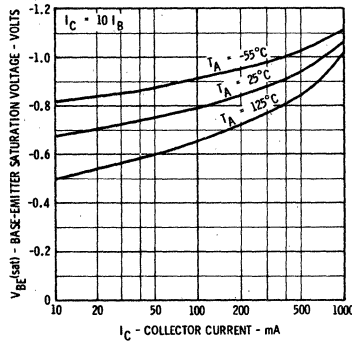
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4030 THROUGH 2N4033

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (All Types)

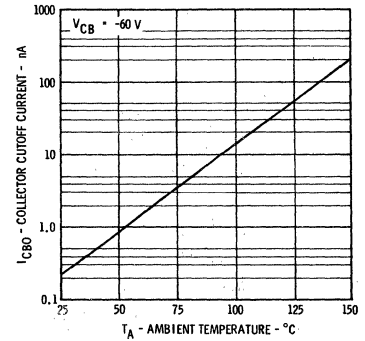
COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



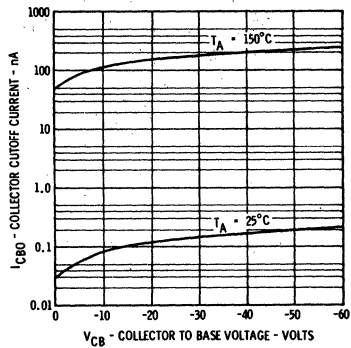
BASE-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



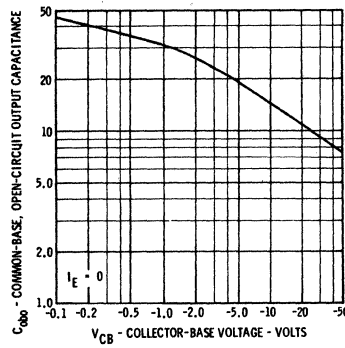
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



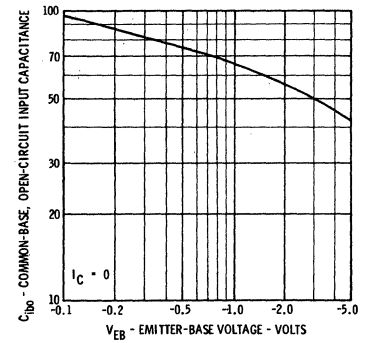
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



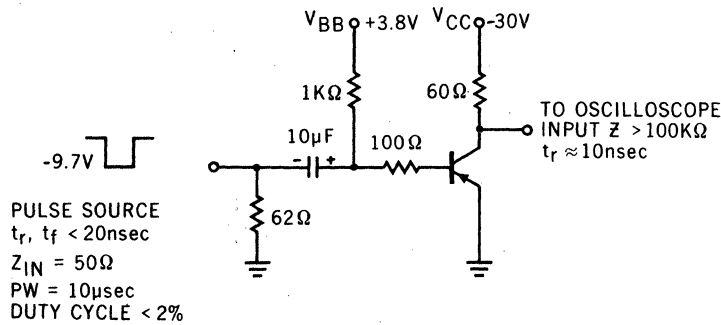
COMMON BASE OPEN CIRCUIT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



COMMON BASE OPEN CIRCUIT INPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



T_{on} AND T_{off} TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 43.7°C/Watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N4034 • 2N4035

PNP HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The 2N4034 and 2N4035 are High-Gain Silicon PNP Transistors suitable for a wide range of applications including fast high-voltage switching, low noise, low-current requirements, and high-gain RF applications. Key performance parameters are: typical maximum available gain of 27 db at 100 Mc, low- and high-frequency noise figures of 3.5 db, and turn-on and turn-off times of 40 and 150 nsec respectively.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec Time Limit)		300°C
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	1.0 Watt
	at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V _{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-40 Volts
V _{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Note 4) -40 Volts
V _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts
I _C	Collector Current	100 mA

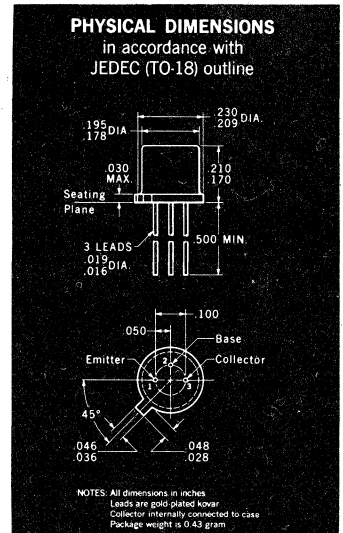
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	† FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N4034		2N4035		Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ. Max.	Min.	Typ. Max.		
h _{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	20	50	70	100		I _C = 10 μA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
h _{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	50	90	140	180		I _C = 100 μA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
*h _{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	70	150 200	150	200 300		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
h _{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	30	30	60		I _C = 50 mA V _{CE} = -1.0 V
*V _{CE(sat)}	1b	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	-0.2	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3	Volts	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	4	Collector Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	-0.1	-0.14	-0.1	-0.14	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
*V _{BE(sat)}	1b	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.7	-0.77 -0.9	-0.7	-0.77 -0.9	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{CEO(sust)}	1a	Collector Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-40		-40		Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 0 (pulsed)
h _{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 Mc)	4.0	5.5	4.5	6.0		I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = -20 V
C _{obo}	4	Output Capacitance	2.2	3.5	2.2	3.5	pf	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = -10 V
C _{ibo}	4	Input Capacitance	4.0	5.5	4.0	5.5	pf	I _C = 0 V _{EB} = -0.5 V
NF	4	Noise Figure (f = 100 Mc)	3.5	6.0	3.5	6.0	db	I _C = 1.0 mA V _{CE} = -5.0 V R _S = 100 Ω BW = 15 Mc
r _{b'c}	4	Collector Base Time Constant (f = 80 Mc)		40		40	psec	I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = -20 V
t _{on}	4	Turn On Time (Note 6)		20 40		20 40	nsec	I _C ≈ 50 mA, I _{B1} ≈ 5.0 mA
t _{off}	4	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		95 150		95 150	nsec	I _C ≈ 50 mA, I _{B1} ≈ I _{B2} ≈ 5.0 mA

†NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
*NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C, I_{B1} and I_{B2}.



FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4034 • 2N4035

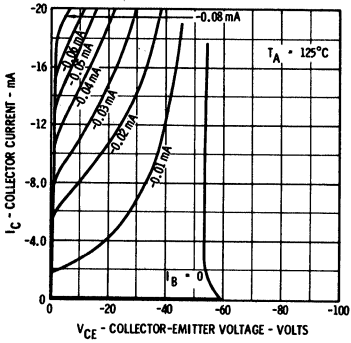
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N4034		2N4035		Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Typ. Max.	Min.	Typ. Max.		
h_{FE}	4	DC Current Gain	60	100	150	200		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	4	Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60	70	100		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	4	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.07	-0.13	-0.07	-0.13	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	4	Base Saturation Voltage (pulsed, Note 5)	-0.88	-1.1	-0.88	-1.1	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	4	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.65	-0.75	-0.65	-0.75	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$
* I_{CES}	1b	Collector Reverse Current		15		15	nA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES}(+125^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Reverse Current		15		15	μA	$V_{CE} = -30 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-40		-40		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	1a	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-40		-40		Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0		-5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$

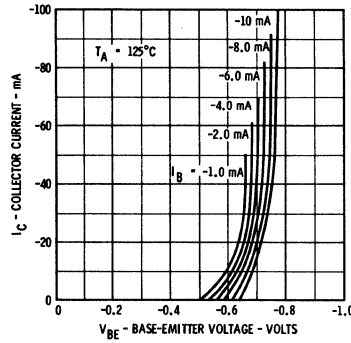
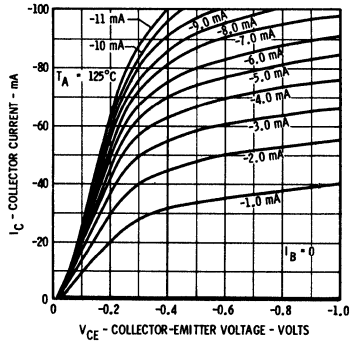
†NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
 *NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

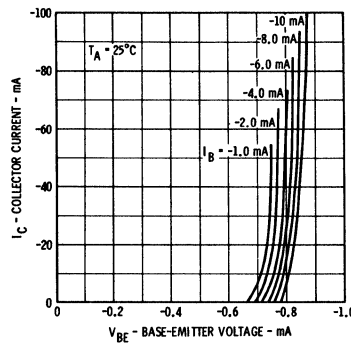
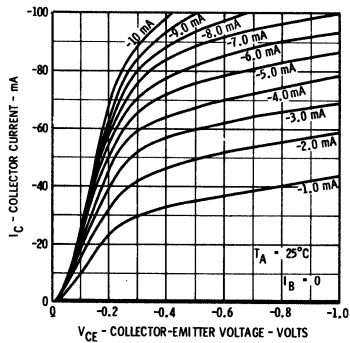
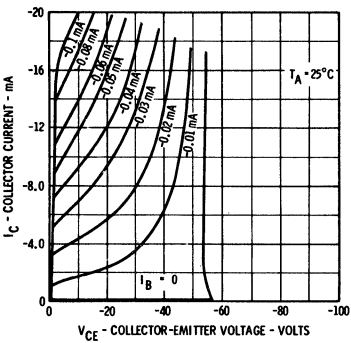
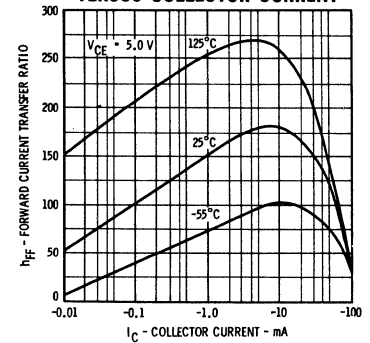
ACTIVE REGION



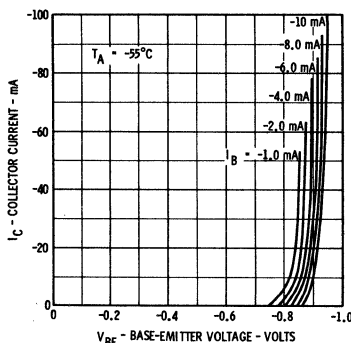
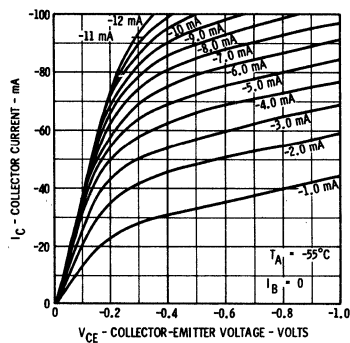
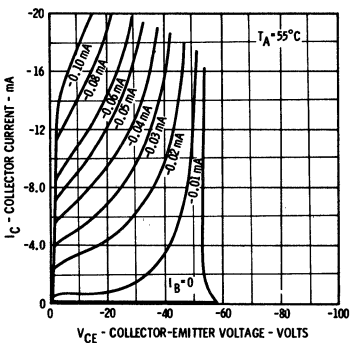
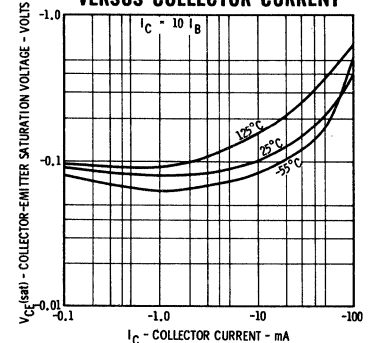
SATURATION REGION



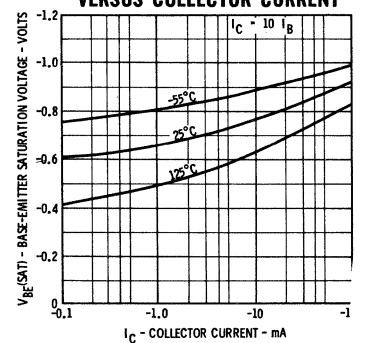
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

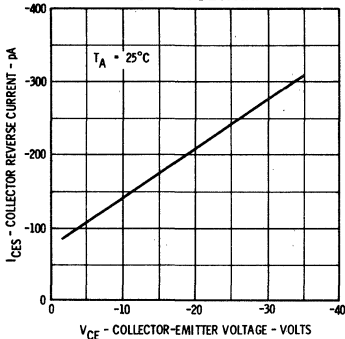


BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

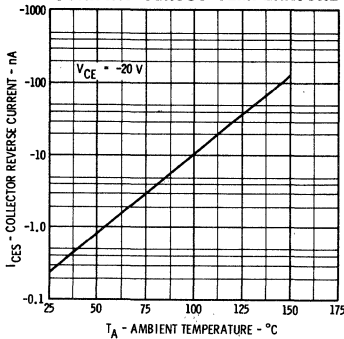


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

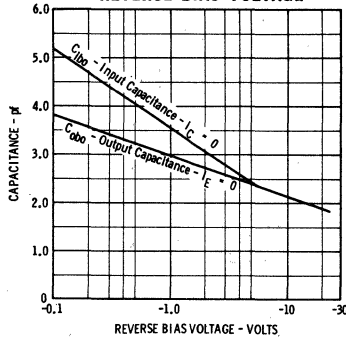
COLLECTOR-BASE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



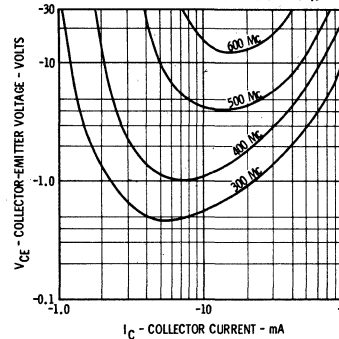
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



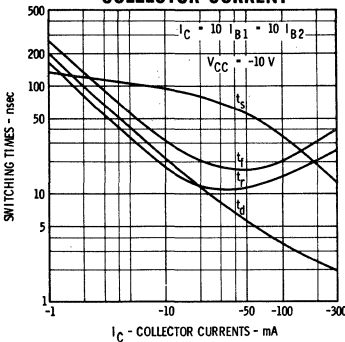
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



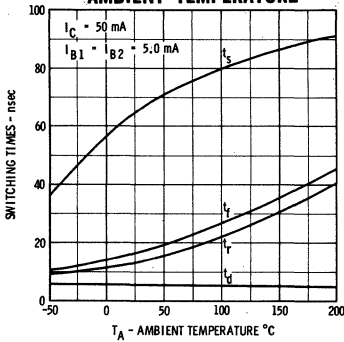
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



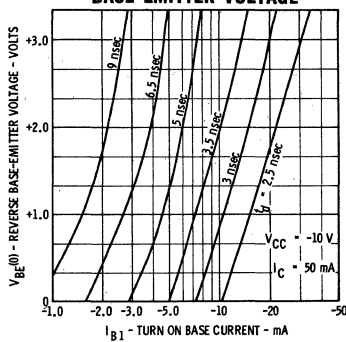
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



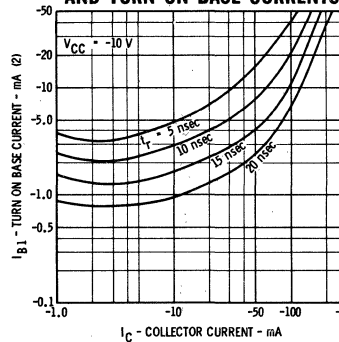
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



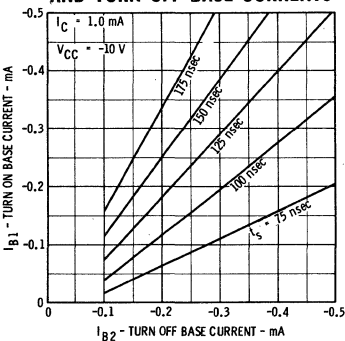
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



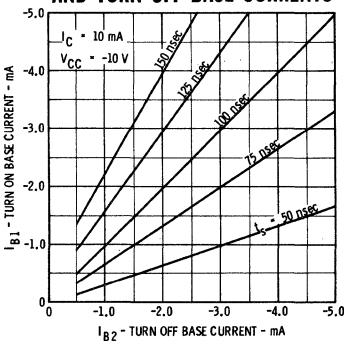
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



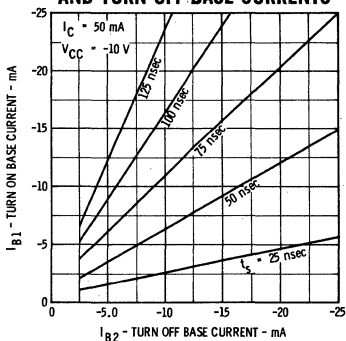
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



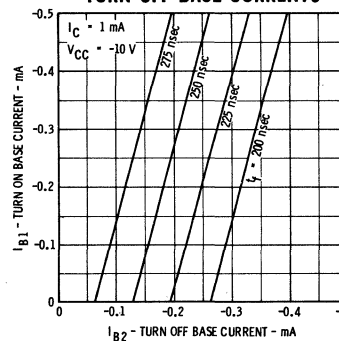
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



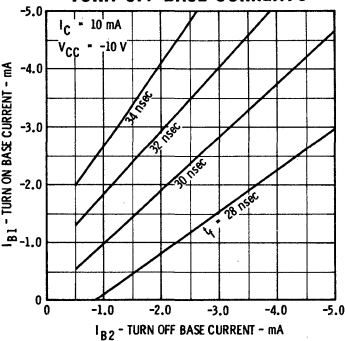
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



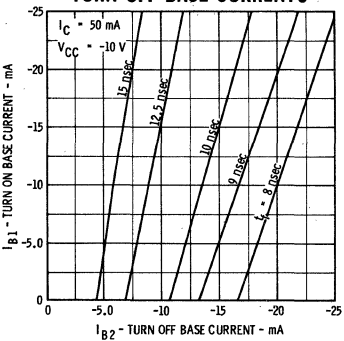
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



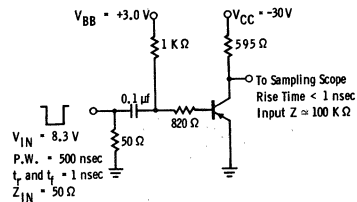
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS

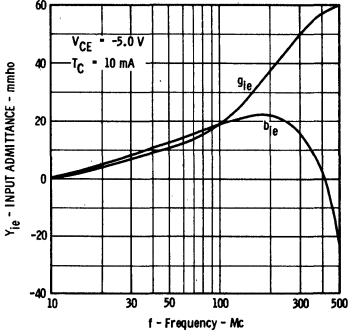


SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

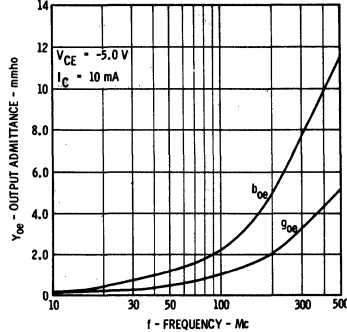


TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

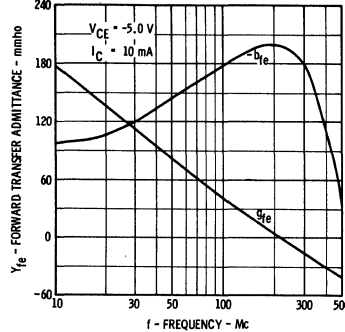
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



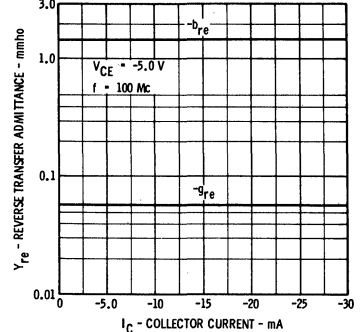
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



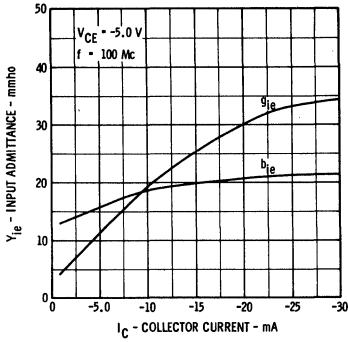
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



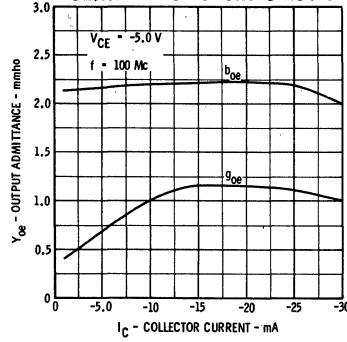
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



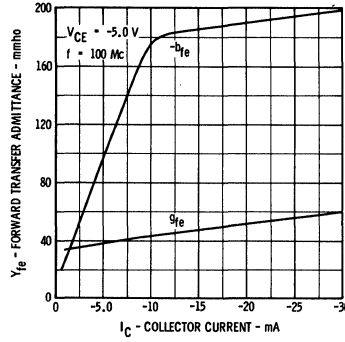
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



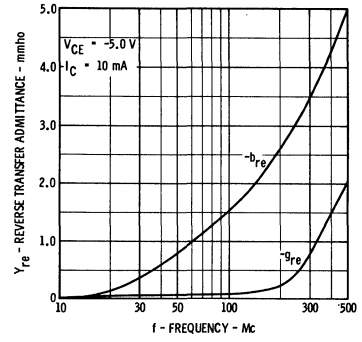
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

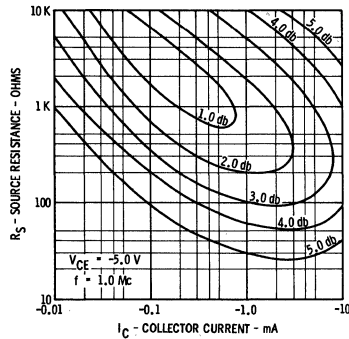


SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1 Kc)

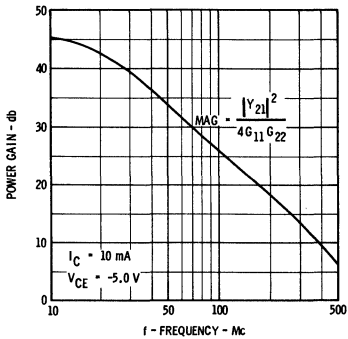
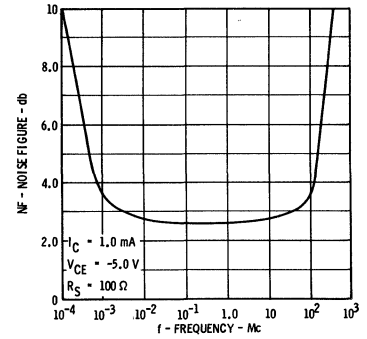
Symbol	†FACT Subgroup	Characteristic	2N4034		2N4035		Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
hie	4	Input Resistance	1.0	8.0	4.0	12	KΩ	IC = 1.0 mA VCE = 10 V
hoe	4	Output Conductance	2.0	24	8.0	40	μmho	IC = 1.0 mA VCE = 10 V
hre	4	Voltage Feedback Ratio		3.0	4.0	4.0	x10 ⁻⁴	IC = 1.0 mA VCE = 10 V
hfe	4	Forward Current Transfer Ratio	50	300	150	450		IC = 1.0 mA VCE = 10 V

†NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY

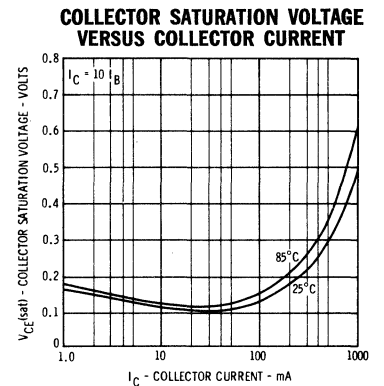
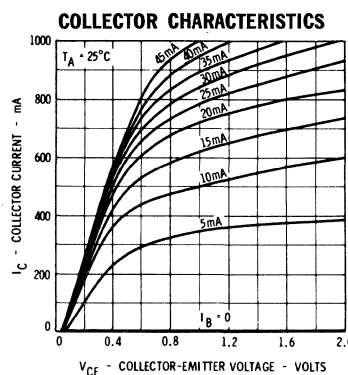
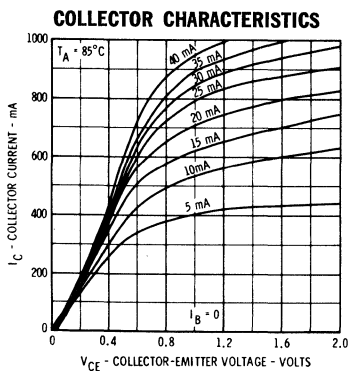
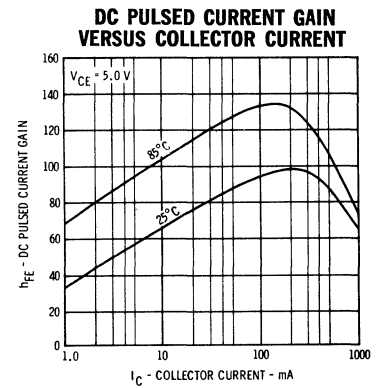
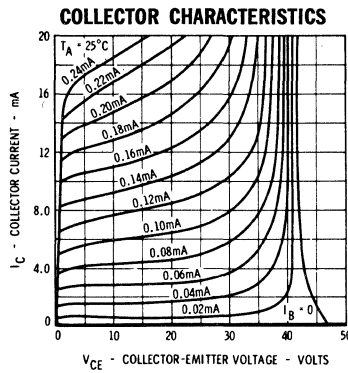
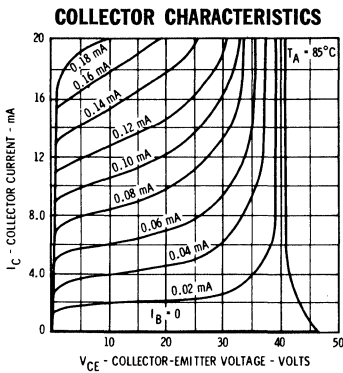


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4046 • 2N4047

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N4046			2N4047			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	90	150	40	90	150		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	50		20	45			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	65		30	60			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	65		15	65			$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	60		20	60			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	45		15	40			$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.11	0.25	0.19	0.25		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.13	0.2	0.21	0.26		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.22	0.32	0.31	0.4		Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.4	0.65	0.5	0.8		Volts	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.64	0.76	0.64	0.76		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.75	0.86	0.75	0.86		Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.89	1.1	0.89	1.1		Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.9	0.95	1.2	0.9	0.95	1.2	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5		Volts	$I_C = 800 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.1	1.7	1.1	1.7		Volts	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.25	1.7				μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current				0.33	1.7		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(+85^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	120				μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(+85^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current				25	120		μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	50			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	50			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			6.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$

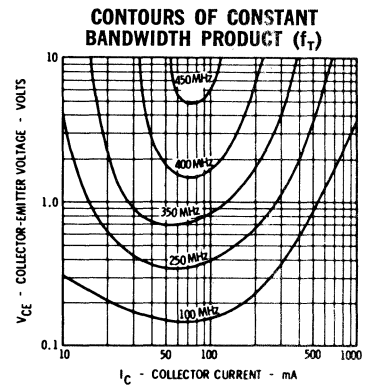
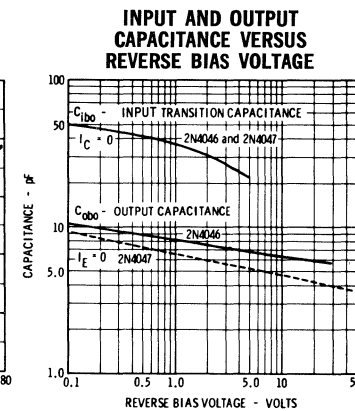
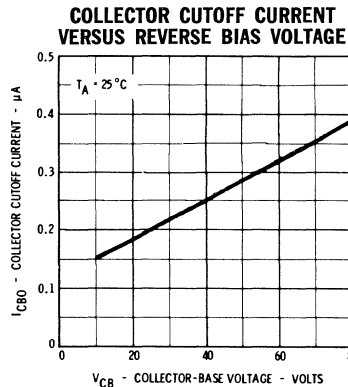
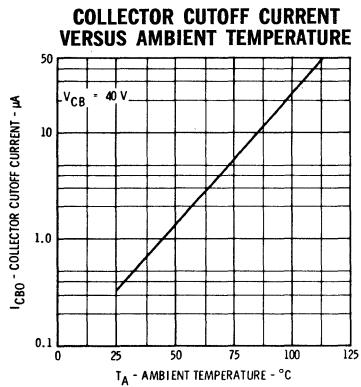
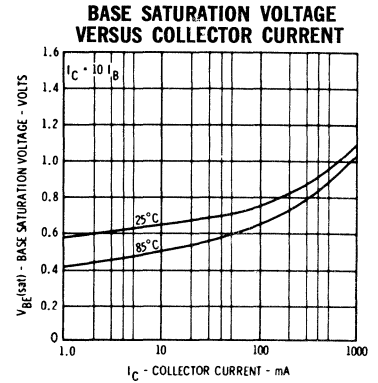
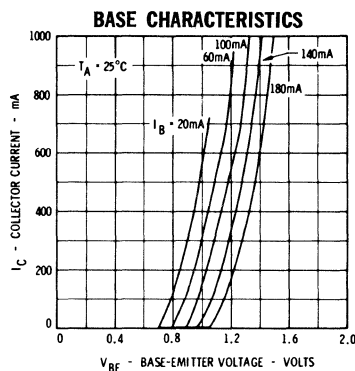
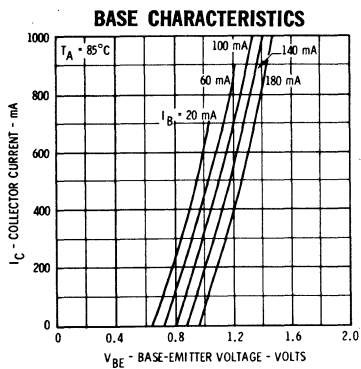
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2N4046



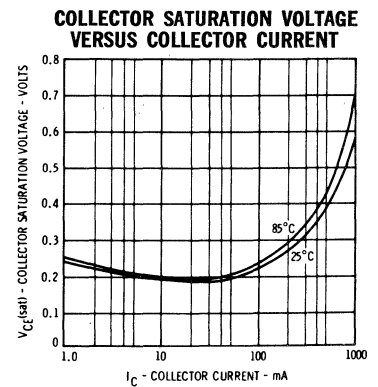
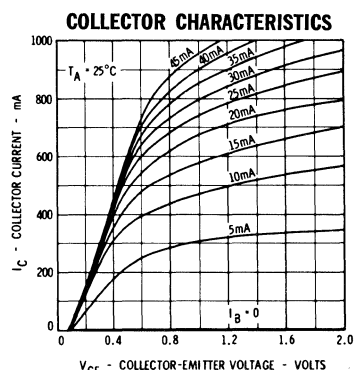
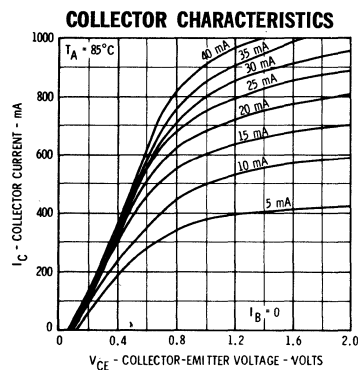
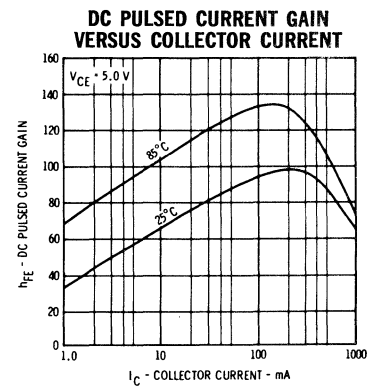
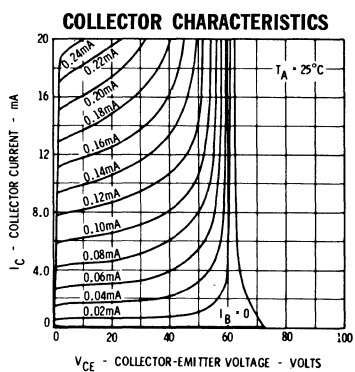
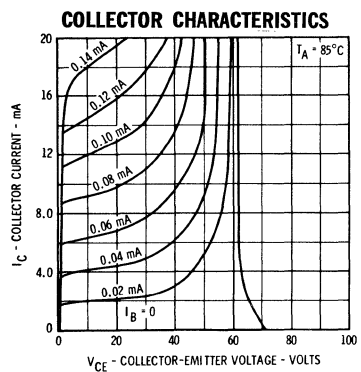
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4046 • 2N4047

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N4046 • 2N4047



2N4047

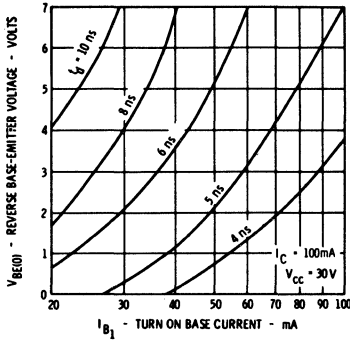


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4046 • 2N4047

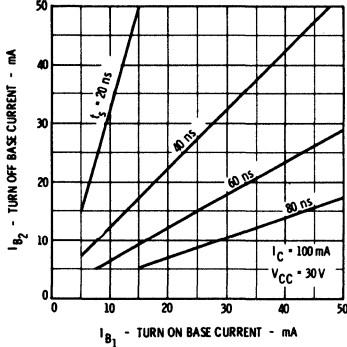
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N4046 • 2N4047

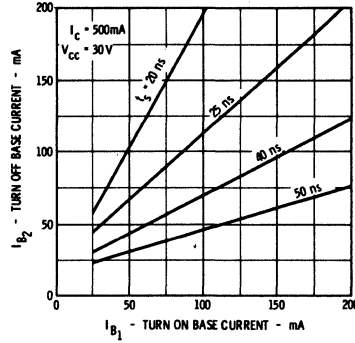
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



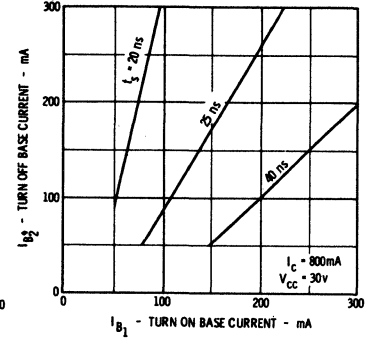
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



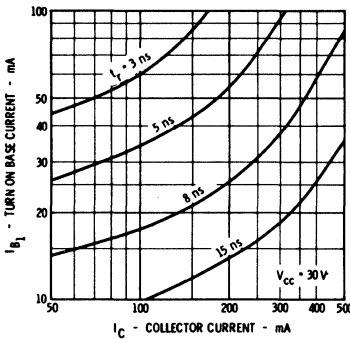
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



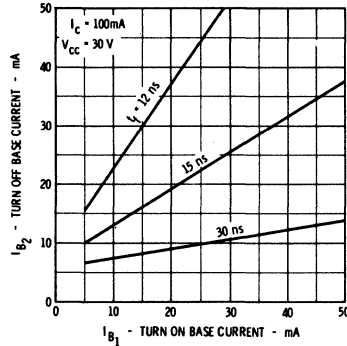
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



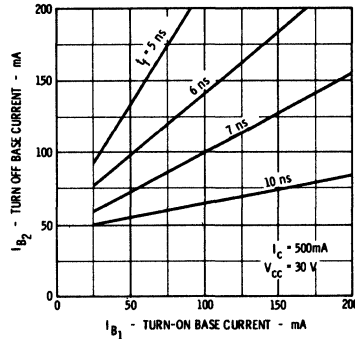
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



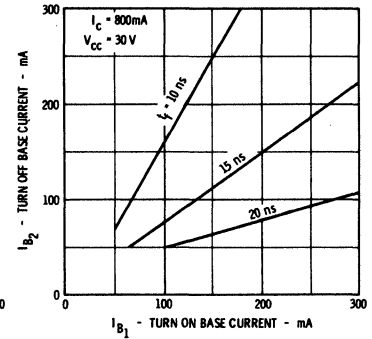
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



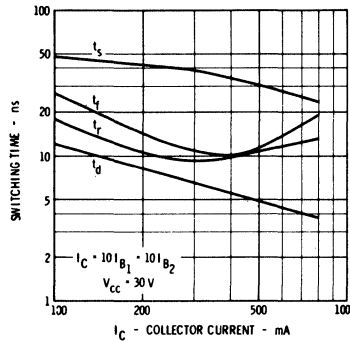
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



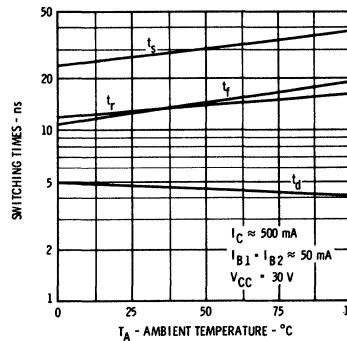
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



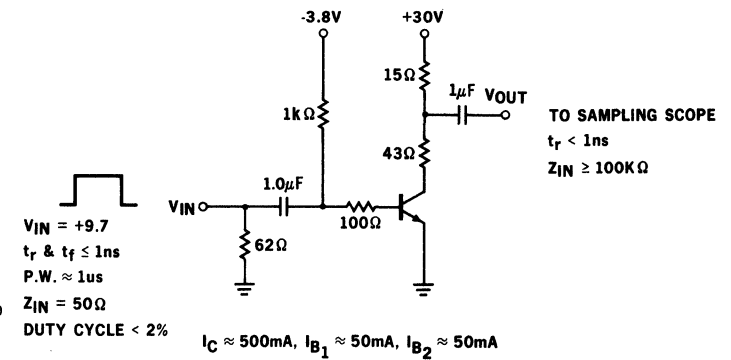
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 50°C/Watt (derating factor of 20 mW/°C). Junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) Ratings refer to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact value of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

2N4134 • 2N4135

NPN LOW NOISE RF AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

- **LOW NOISE FIGURE** -- 2.5 db MAX @ 60 MHz
5.0 db MAX @ 450 MHz
- **HIGH STABLE GAIN IN UNNEUTRALIZED AMPLIFIERS** -- 20 db MIN @ 60 MHz
8 db MIN @ 450 MHz

- **LOW FEEDBACK CAPACITANCE** -- 0.5 pF MAX
- **GUARANTEED FORWARD AGC**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature

-55°C to +200°C
+200°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

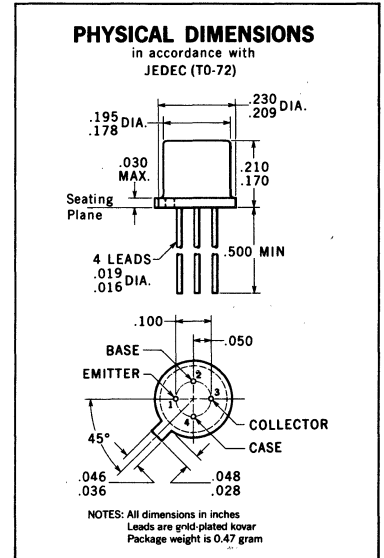
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2]
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Note 2]

0.3 Watt
0.2 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 3]
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

30 Volts
30 Volts
3.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
NF	Noise Figure (f = 450 MHz) [Note 5]			5.0	dB	I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 15 V R _s ≈ 130 Ω
PG	Power Gain (f = 450 MHz) (Adjusted for min. Noise Figure; Note 5)	8.0	10			I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 15 V
NF	Noise Figure (f = 60 MHz) [Note 6]		2.0	2.5	dB	I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 15 V R _s ≈ 300 Ω
PG	Power Gain, Neutralized (f = 60 MHz) (Adjusted for min. Noise Figure; Note 6)	17	21	24	dB	I _E = 1.0 mA V _{CB} = 15 V
PG	Power Gain, Unneutralized (f = 60 MHz) [Note 7]	20	23	25	dB	I _E = 5.0 mA V _{AGC} = 13 V
V _{AGC}	AGC Voltage for 30 db Gain Reduction (f = 60 MHz) [Note 7]	19	22	24.5	Volts	V _{CC} = 28 V
r _b /C _c	Collector-Base Time Constant (f = 80 MHz)		2.5	5.0	ps	I _C = 4.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
f _{max}	Maximum Frequency of Oscillation		3.25		GHz	I _E = 4.0 mA V _{CB} = 15 V
C _{cb}	Reverse Transfer Capacity Common Emitter	0.25	0.37	0.50	pF	I _E = 0 V _{CE} = 10 V f = 1.0 MHz (Emitter & Can Guarded)
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	4.25		8.0		I _C = 4.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	3.5		8.0		I _C = 4.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 4]	25		200		I _C = 4.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
h _{FE} (-55°C)	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 4]	10				I _C = 4.0 mA V _{CE} = 10 V
V _{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 3 and 4]	30			Volts	I _C = 1.0 mA I _B = 0
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	30			Volts	I _C = 1.0 mA I _E = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0			Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 100 μA
V _{BE} (sat)	Base Saturation Voltage			0.92	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
V _{CE} (sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage			3.0	Volts	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
I _{CBO} (150°C)	Collector Cutoff Current			50	μA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V
I _{CBO} (25°C)	Collector Cutoff Current			50	nA	I _E = 0 V _{CB} = 10 V

Notes on page 2

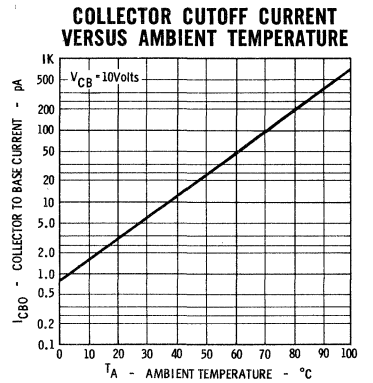
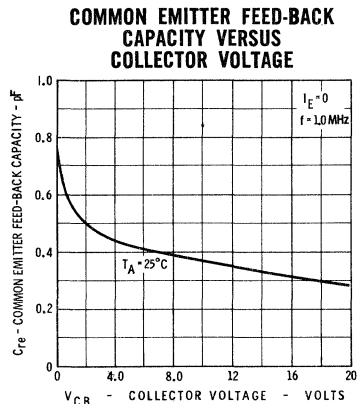
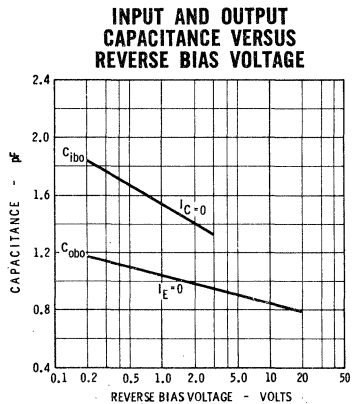
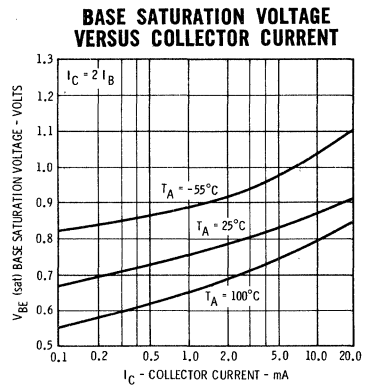
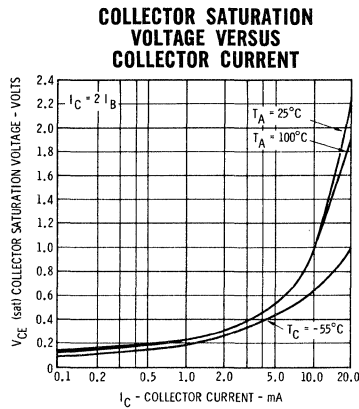
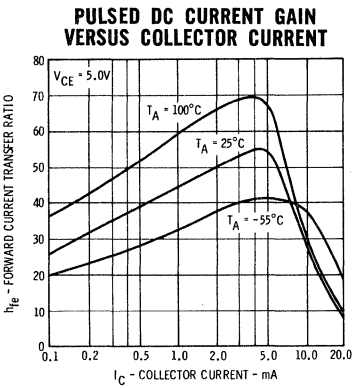
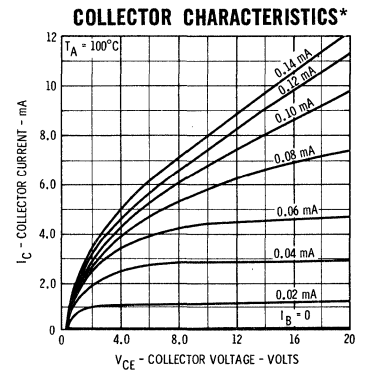
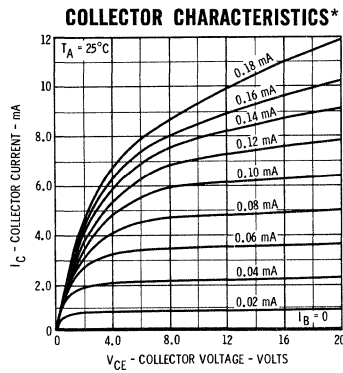
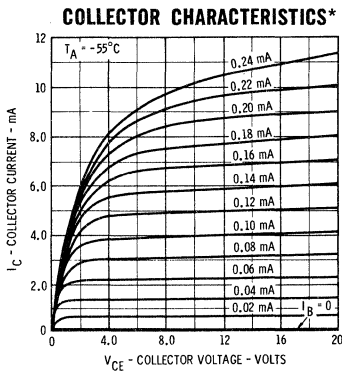
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4134 • 2N4135

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 583°C/Watt (derating factor 1.72 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 875°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.14 mW/°C).
- (3) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (4) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (5) Test conditions are as shown in Figure 1. Noise Figure referenced to AIL type 70 Hot-Cold noise standard. Noise Figure includes second stage contribution of 5.0 db.
- (6) Test conditions are as shown in Figure 2. Amplifier Gain is measured with amplifier input tuned for minimum noise figure. Neutralization is used to minimize input bandpass skewing. With neutralization network removed, amplifier gain will be 2 to 3 db lower, but noise figure will not change measurably.
- (7) Test conditions are as shown in Figure 3.
- (8) Socket Capacitance is typically 0.5 pF and will degrade amplifier gain and stability. Best performance is obtained by omitting sockets and soldering or clipping transistor to the ground plane. If a socket is required, a shield should be used between the base and collector socket pins.

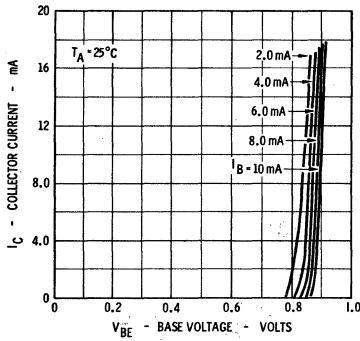
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



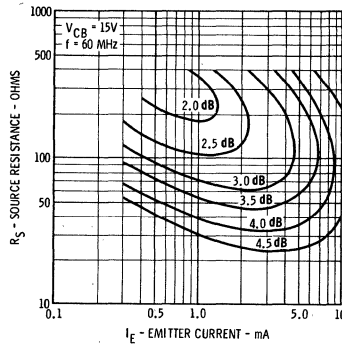
* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4134 • 2N4135

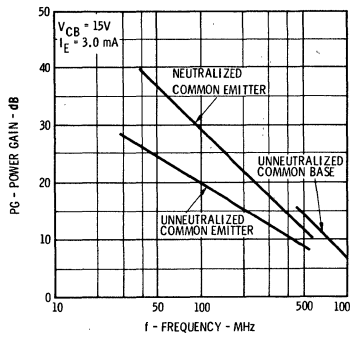
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



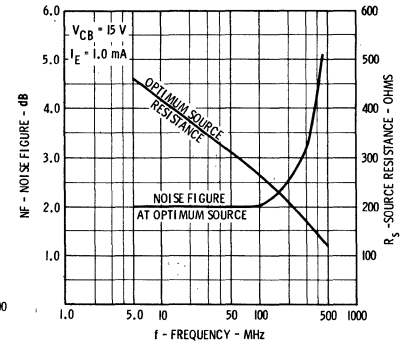
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY

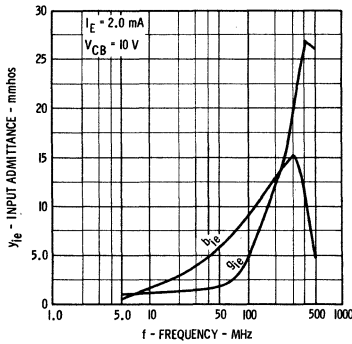


NOISE FIGURE AND SOURCE RESISTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY

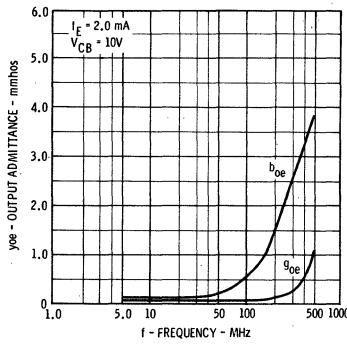


TYPICAL "Y" PARAMETERS

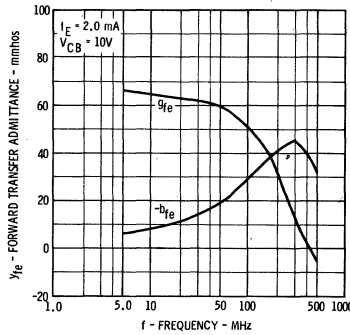
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



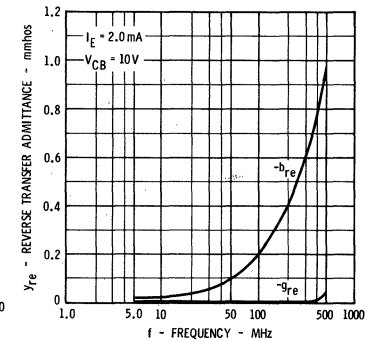
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



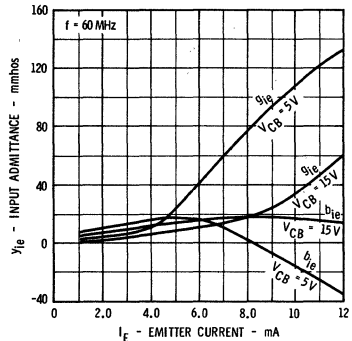
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



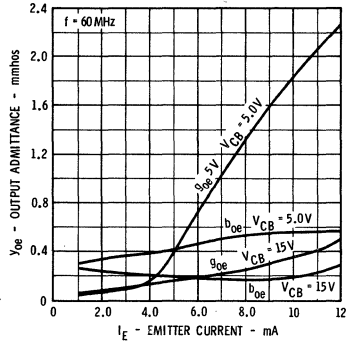
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



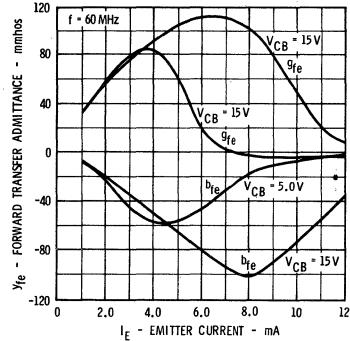
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS EMITTER CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



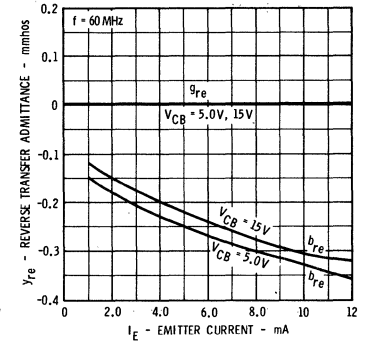
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS EMITTER CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS EMITTER CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

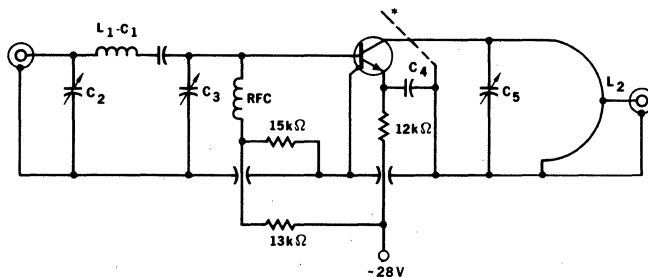


REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS EMITTER CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FIG. 1 450 MHz NOISE FIGURE AND POWER GAIN CIRCUIT (2N4135 only)

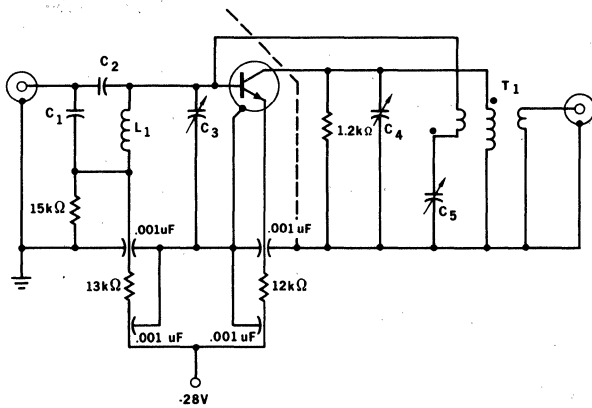


*See Note 8

- $L_1 - C_1$ 300 pF, PORCELAIN CAPACITOR: CAPACITOR LEADS FORM L_1 ; LEAD DIAMETER 0.025, LENGTH 1-3/8" FROM INPUT CONNECTOR TO BASE PIN OF TRANSISTOR (VITRAMON VY 12C301 OR EQUIVALENT)
- L_2 - 1 TURN, #22 TINNED WIRE 1/2" DIAMETER, 5/16" LONG, CENTER TAP
- C_2, C_3, C_5 0.8 - 10 pF, AIR VARIABLE (JOHANSEN 2950 OR EQUIVALENT)
- C_4 500 pF, UNCASSED CERAMIC (CENTRALAB DA121 OR EQUIVALENT)
- RFC 6" #30 ENAMEL WIRE, CLOSE WOUND, 1/16" DIAMETER FEEDTHROUGH CAPACITORS ARE 1000 pF CERAMIC (ALLEN-BRADLEY FASC OR EQUIVALENT)

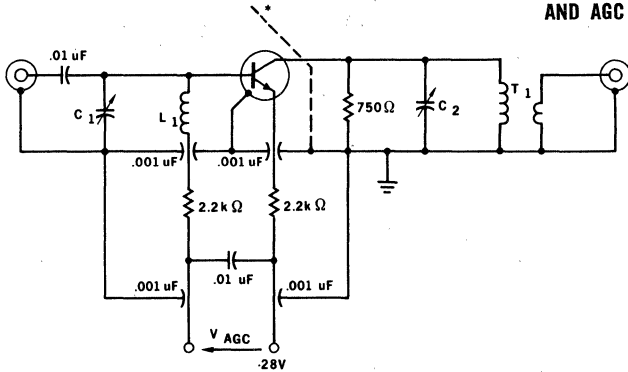
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4134 • 2N4135

FIG. 2 60 MHz NOISE FIGURE AND POWER GAIN CIRCUIT



- C₁ - 62 pF DIPPED MICA CAPACITOR
 - C₂ - 51 pF DIPPED MICA CAPACITOR
 - C₃, C₄, C₅ - 0.8 - 10 pF, AIR VARIABLE, (JOHANSEN 2950 OR EQUIVALENT)
- APPROXIMATE CAPACITANCE,
- L₁ - 5 TURNS NUMBER 18 ENAMEL WIRE, AIR WOUND, 5/16" INSIDE DIAMETER, 3/8" LONG, INDUCTANCE 0.14 μH.
 - T₁ - PRIMARY: 14 TURNS NUMBER 24 ENAMEL WIRE SPACED EVENLY AROUND 0.156" I. D. TOROID (ARNOLD A4-310-125 SF OR EQUIVALENT) INDUCTANCE 0.82 μH, SECONDARY: 3 TURNS, NEUTRALIZATION WINDING: 3 T CLOSE WOUND BYPASS AND FEEDTHROUGH CAPACITORS ARE 1000 pF CERAMIC (ALLEN-BRADLEY FASC OR EQUIVALENT)

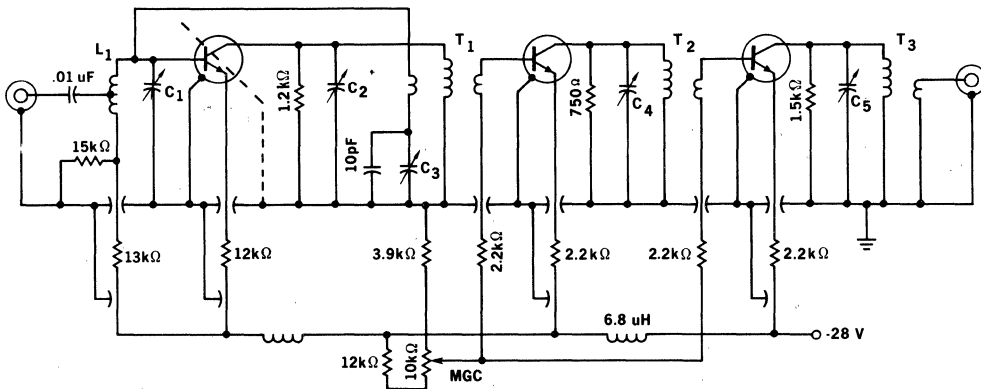
FIG. 3 60 MHz POWER GAIN AND AGC CIRCUIT



- L₁ - 7 TURNS, NUMBER 22 ENAMEL WIRE WOUND ON 0.156" I. D. TOROID FORM, ARNOLD ENGINEERING COMPANY, TYPE A4-310-125-SF, OR EQUIVALENT, INDUCTANCE 0.21 μH.
 - T₁ - PRIMARY: 14 TURNS, NUMBER 24 ENAMEL WIRE WOUND ON TOROID, INDUCTANCE 0.82 μH. SECONDARY: 3 T, NUMBER 22 ENAMEL WIRE WOUND ON COLD END OF PRIMARY
- C₁, C₂ - 0.8 - 10 pF, AIR VARIABLE, (JOHANSEN 2950 OR EQUIVALENT) BYPASS AND FEEDTHROUGH CAPACITOR ARE 1000 pF CERAMIC (ALLEN-BRADLEY FASC OR EQUIVALENT)

*See Note 8

60 MHz I.F. AMPLIFIER WITH MANUAL GAIN CONTROL



- CENTER FREQUENCY: 60 MHz
- 3 dB BANDWIDTH: 10.5 MHz
- SPOT NOISE FIGURE: 1.8 ± 0.1 dB
- GAIN: 62 dB
- AGC RANGE: 60 dB
- SUPPLY CURRENT: 15 mA; 21 mA @ 60 dB AGC

L₁ - 15 TURNS NUMBER 30 ENAMEL WIRE, CENTER TAPPED, WOUND ON 0.156" I. D. TOROID (MICROMETALS T30-13 OR EQUIVALENT) INDUCTANCE 0.32 μH

T₁ - PRIMARY 14 TURNS NUMBER 24 ENAMEL WIRE SPACED EVENLY AROUND 0.156" I. D. TOROID (ARNOLD A4-310-125 SF OR EQUIVALENT) INDUCTANCE 0.82 μH SECONDARY: 1 TURN, NEUTRALIZATION WINDING: 1 TURN

T₂ - AS T₁ WITHOUT NEUTRALIZATION WINDING

T₃ - PRIMARY: SAME AS T₁, SECONDARY: 3 TURNS

C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅ - 0.8 to 10 pF AIR VARIABLE (JOHANSEN 2950 OR EQUIVALENT)

Q₁, Q₂, Q₃ - 2N4134 OR 2N4135

NEUTRALIZATION TECHNIQUE: APPLY 60 MHz SIGNAL TO AMPLIFIER INPUT. DISCONNECT EMITTER RESISTOR OF Q₁. ADJUST C₃ FOR MINIMUM FEEDTHROUGH POWER. GAIN LOSS WITH ZERO EMITTER CURRENT IN Q₁ SHOULD BE GREATER THAN 45 dB.

BYPASS AND FEEDTHROUGH CAPACITORS ARE 1000 pF CERAMIC (ALLEN-BRADLEY FASC OR EQUIVALENT).

2N4137

NPN HIGH-SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

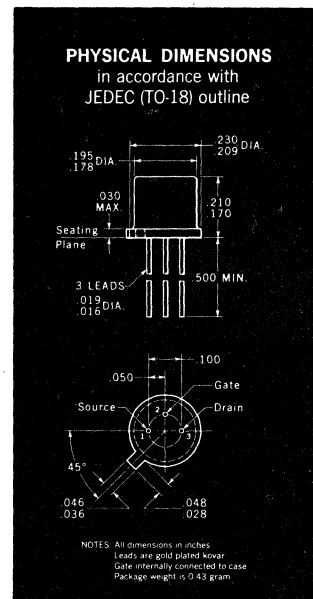
DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FEATURES

- HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENT GAIN -- $f_T = 500$ MHz Min.
- HIGH VOLTAGE -- $V_{CEO} = 20$ VOLT Min.
- LOW CAPACITY -- $C_{obo} = 4.0$ pf Max.
- LOW CHARGE STORAGE TIME -- $\tau_s = 13$ ns Max.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures	
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Temperature	200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec Time Limit)	300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation	
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.68 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Currents	
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	20 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	4.5 Volts
I_C Collector Current (10 μ sec Pulse)	500 mA
I_C DC Collector Current	200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	FACT† Subgroup	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	1a	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	66	120		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	50			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 0.35$ V
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	0.72	0.8	0.85	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (-55°C to +125°C) [Note 5]	0.59		1.02	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.9	1.15	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		1.1	1.6	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA $I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	1a	Pulse Collector Saturation Voltage (125°C) [Note 5]	0.19	0.3		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
I_{CES}	1b	Collector Reverse Current	0.05	0.4		μ A	$V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 20$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	4	Collector Cutoff Current		10	30	μ A	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20$ V
BV_{CES}	4	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	1a	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	1a	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Notes 4 and 5]	20			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	1a	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.5			Volts	$I_E = 10$ μ A $I_C = 0$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.
* NOTE: FACT Program End-Point Measurement Parameter.

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C). Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Ratings refer to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuits for exact value of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

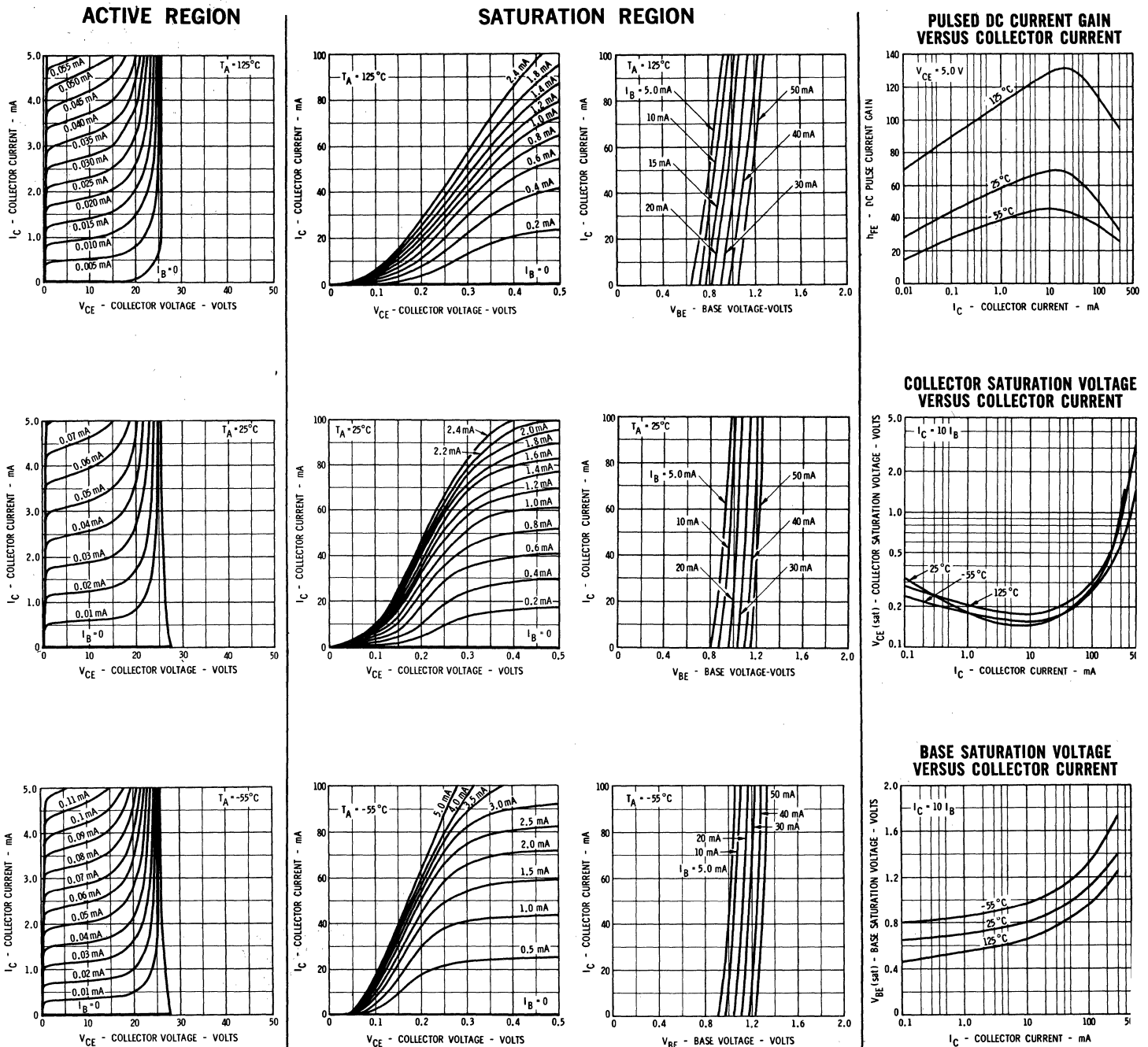
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4137

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	FACT† Subgroup	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	63	120		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	71			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	4	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20				$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.14	0.2	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.12	0.18	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.3 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.17	0.25	Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.28	0.5	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	4	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	0.74	0.85	1.0	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 3.3 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	4	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ mc}$)	5.0	6.75			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{ob}	4	Output Capacitance		2.3	4.0	pf	$f = 0$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
T_s	4	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 6]		6.0	13	nsec	$I_C = I_B \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -10 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	4	Turn On Time [Note 6]		9.0	12	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B \approx 3.3 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	4	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		7.0	12	nsec	$I_C \approx 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B \approx 3.3 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -3.3 \text{ mA}$

† NOTE: These Numerals Apply to the Fairchild FACT Program.

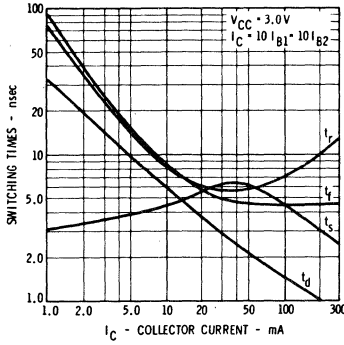
TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS



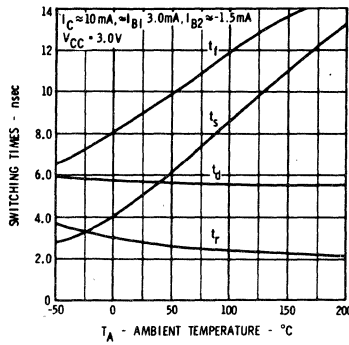
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4137

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

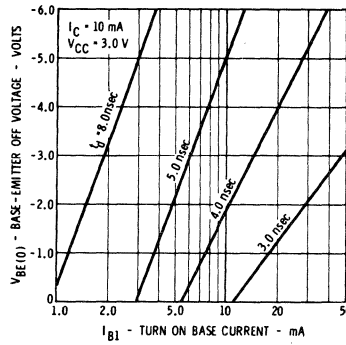
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



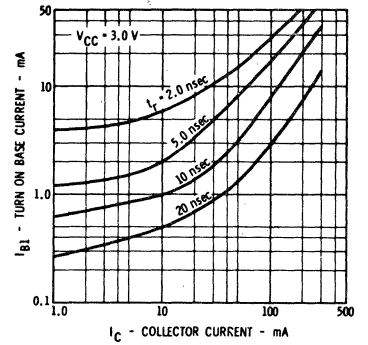
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



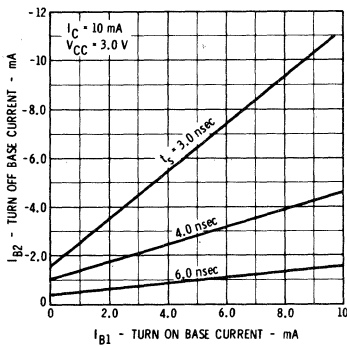
DELAY TIME VERSUS BASE-EMITTER OFF VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



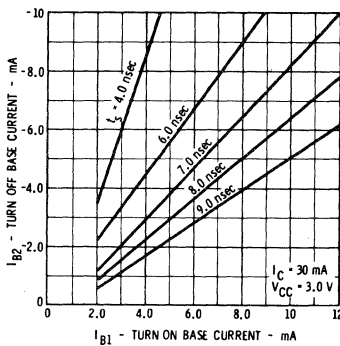
RISE TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



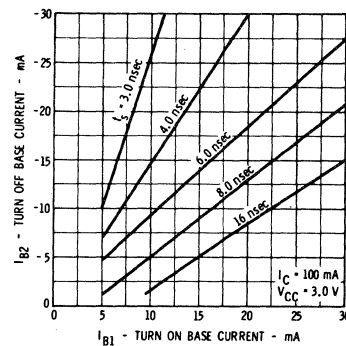
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



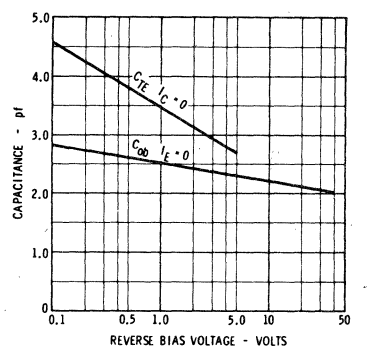
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



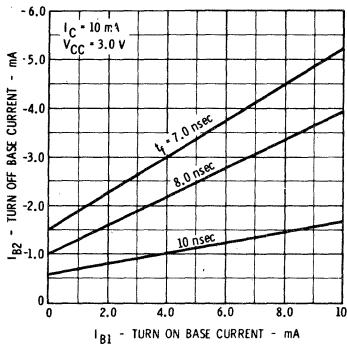
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



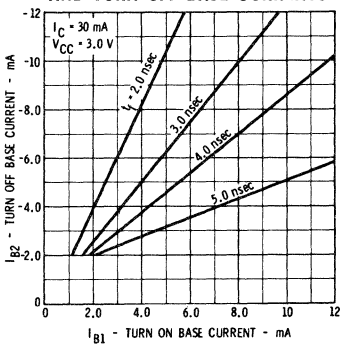
EMITTER TRANSITION AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



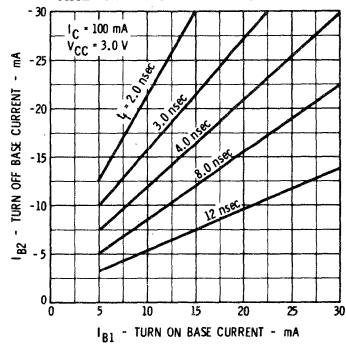
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



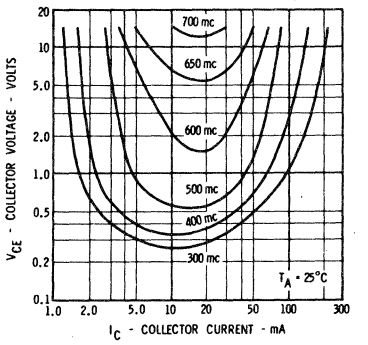
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



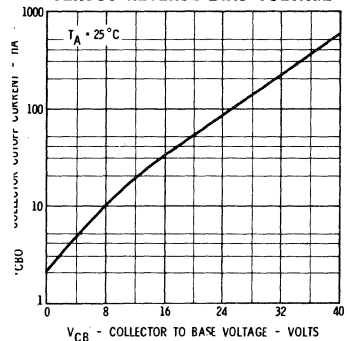
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



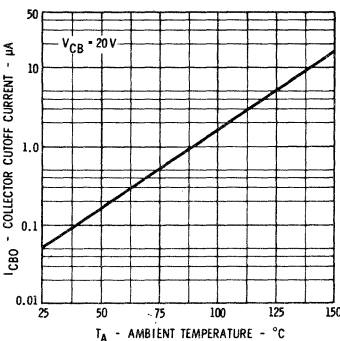
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (fT)



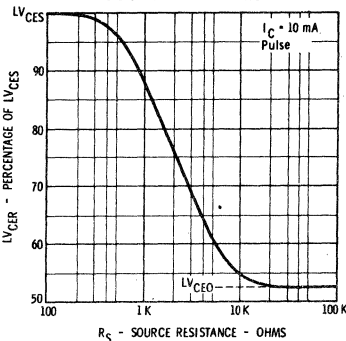
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



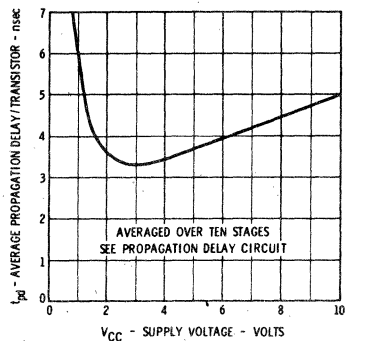
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



LOWER LIMITING VOLTAGE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE

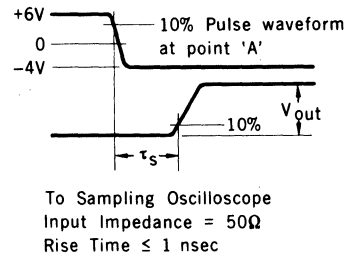
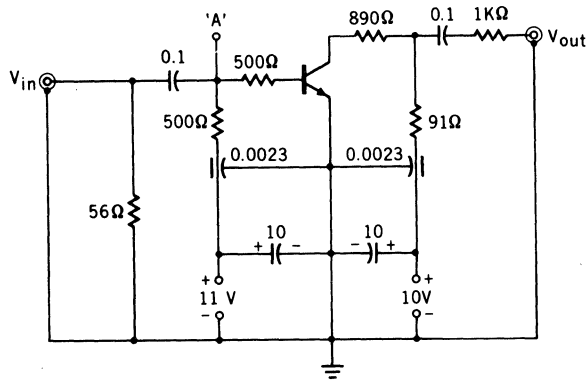
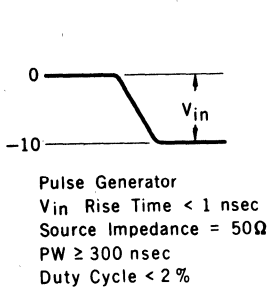


AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY PER TRANSISTOR VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE

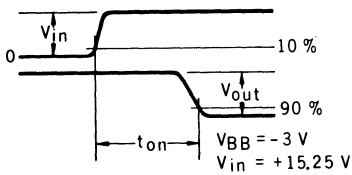


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4137

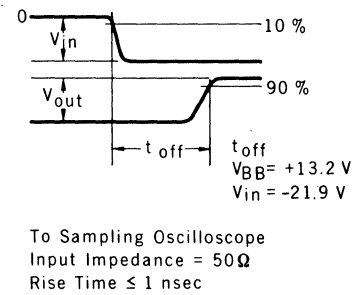
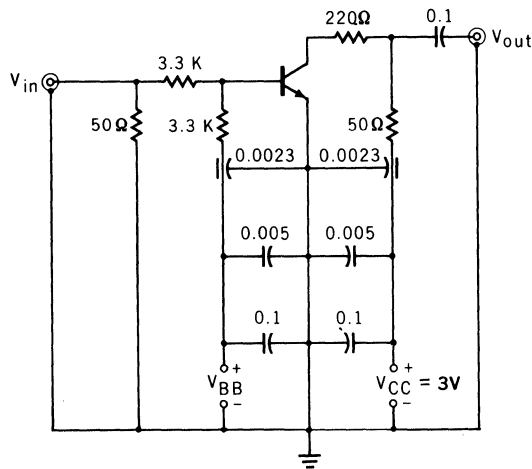
CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



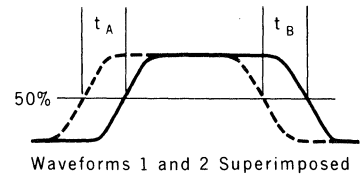
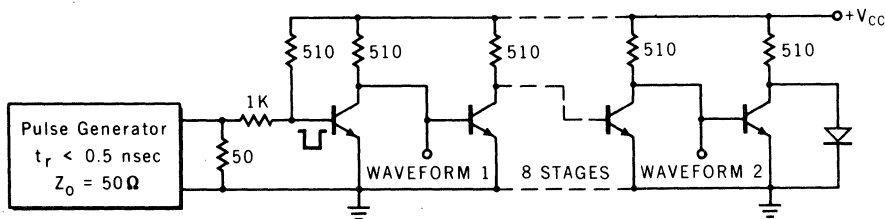
$t_{ON} - t_{OFF}$ MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



Pulse Generator
 V_{in} Rise Time < 1 nsec
 Source Impedance = 50Ω
 $PW \geq 300$ nsec
 Duty Cycle < 2%



CIRCUIT FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



$$\bar{t}_{pd} = \frac{t_A + t_B}{20}$$

\bar{t}_{pd} = Average Propagation per Transistor

2N4207 • 2N4208 • 2N4209

PNP ULTRA HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- **ULTRA-FAST SWITCHING TIME** -- $t_{off} = 20$ ns MAX.
- **LOW CAPACITY** -- $C_{obo} = 3.0$ pF MAX. and $C_{ibo} = 3.5$ pF MAX.
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** -- $f_T = 850$ MHz MIN.
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** -- $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.18$ V MAX. @ $I_C = 10$ mA
- **HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE** -- $V_{CEO} = 15$ V MIN.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
 Operating Junction Temperature
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 s Time Limit)

-65°C to +200°C
 +200°C Maximum
 +300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]
 at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]

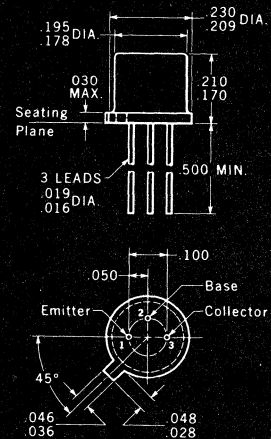
0.7 Watt
 0.35 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current for Each Transistor

		2N4207	2N4208	2N4209
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-6.0 Volts	-12 Volts	-15 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-6.0 Volts	-12 Volts	-15 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.5 Volts	-4.5 Volts	-4.5 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	50 mA	50 mA	50 mA

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with
JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches.
 Leads are gold-plated Kovar.
 Collector internally connected to case.
 Package weight is 0.43 gram.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N4207			2N4208			2N4209			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
τ_s	Charge Storage Time [Note 6]	12	15		16	20		16	20		ns	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 10$ mA
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]	11	15		11	15		11	15		ns	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_{B1} = 1.0$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]	11	15		14	20		14	20		ns	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0$ mA
C_{obo}	Common Base, Open Circuit Output Capacitance	2.0	3.0		2.0	3.0		2.0	3.0		pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5.0$ V
C_{ibo}	Common Base, Open Circuit Input Capacitance	2.4	3.5		2.4	3.5		2.4	3.5		pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	6.5	11									$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -5.0$ V
h_{re}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)				7.0	13		8.5	13			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	35	85		15	60		35	60			$I_C = 1.0$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.5$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	50	100	120	30	67	120	50	67	120		$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.3$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	40	75		30	60		40	60			$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = -1.0$ V
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	50		12	40		20	40			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.3$ V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.
- 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- 3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/watt (derating factor of 2.3 mW/°C). Junction to case thermal resistance of 250°C/watt (derating factor of 4.57 mW/°C).
- 4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- 5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s; duty cycle = 1%.
- 6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} and I_{B2} .

FAIRCHILD
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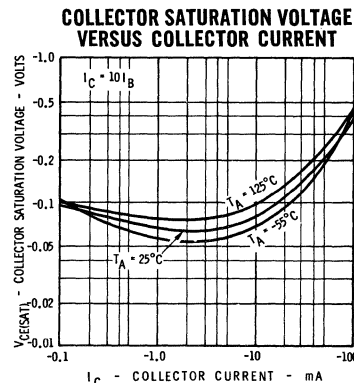
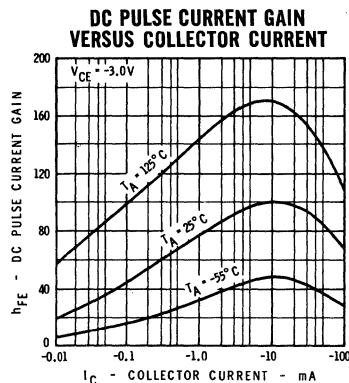
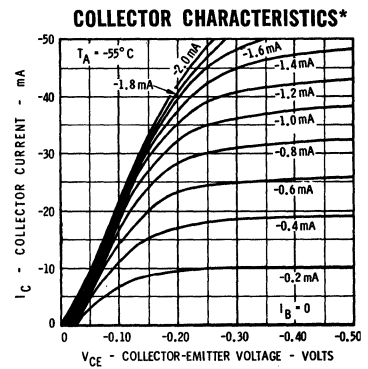
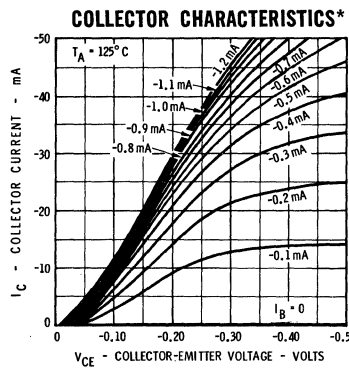
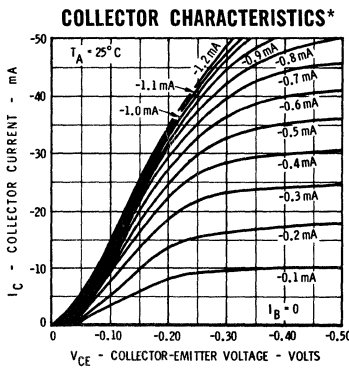
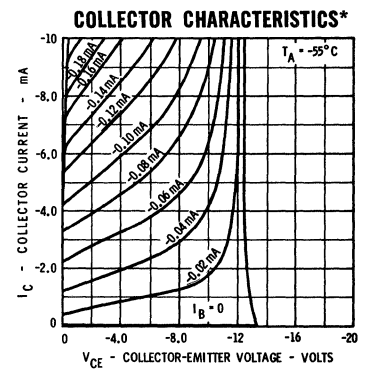
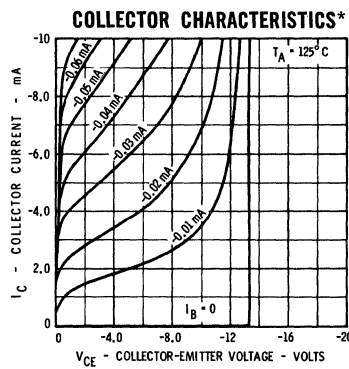
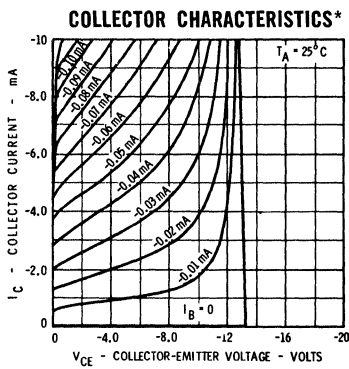
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4207 • 2N4208 • 2N4209

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

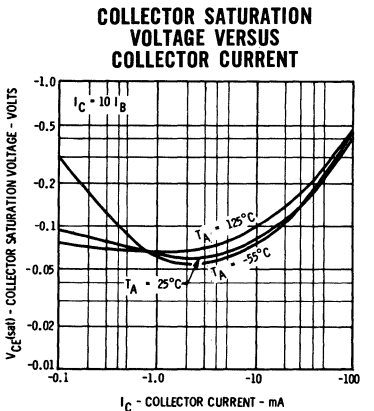
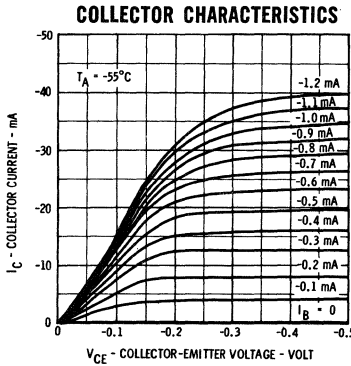
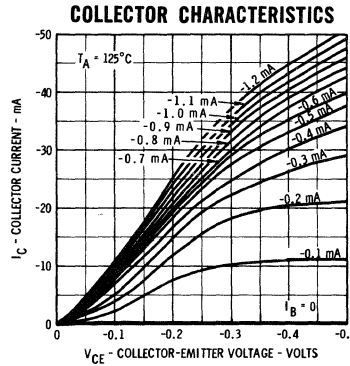
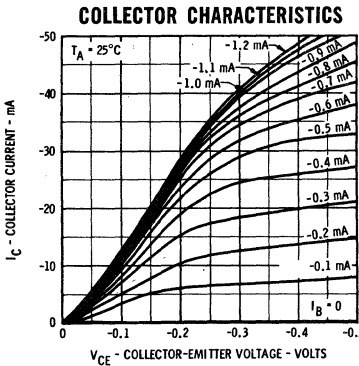
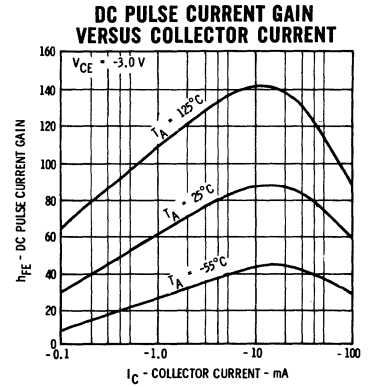
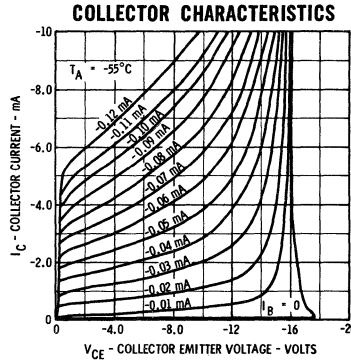
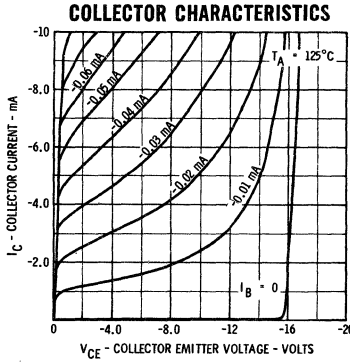
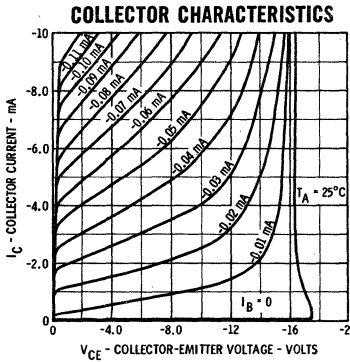
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N4207			2N4208			2N4209			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	-0.07	-0.13		-0.07	-0.13		-0.07	-0.15		Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.08	-0.15		-0.08	-0.15		-0.08	-0.18		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.2	-0.5		-0.25	-0.5		-0.25	-0.6		Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	-0.73	-0.8		-0.73	-0.8		-0.73	-0.8		Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage	-0.8	-0.88	-0.95	-0.8	-0.88	-0.95	-0.8	-0.88	-0.95	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage	-1.15	-1.5		-1.15	-1.5		-1.15	-1.5		Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.020	10								nA	$V_{CE} = -3.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current				0.048	10					nA	$V_{CE} = -6.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current							0.068	10		nA	$V_{CE} = -8.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES(125^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current	0.012	5.0								μA	$V_{CE} = -3.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES(125^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current				0.012	5.0					μA	$V_{CE} = -6.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES(125^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current							0.012	5.0		μA	$V_{CE} = -8.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.5		-4.5			-4.5				Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	-6.0		-12			-15				Volts	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-6.0		-12			-15				Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-6.0		-12			-15				Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_B = 0$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 2N4207

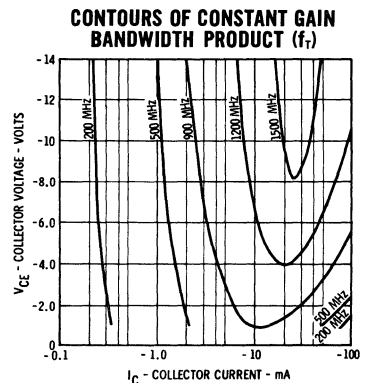
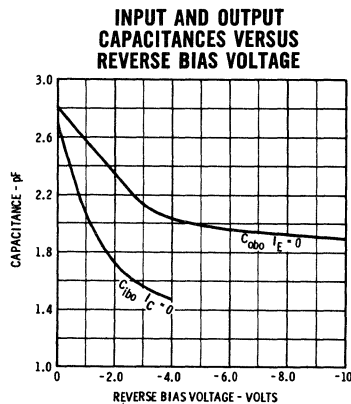
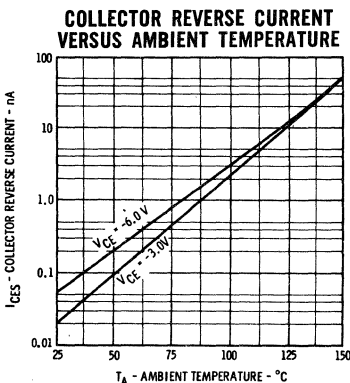
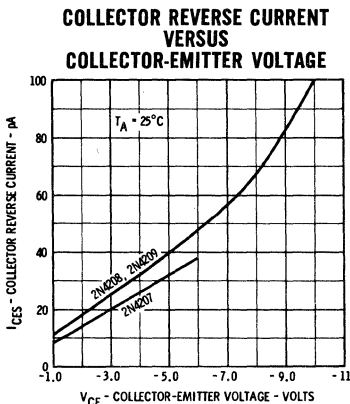
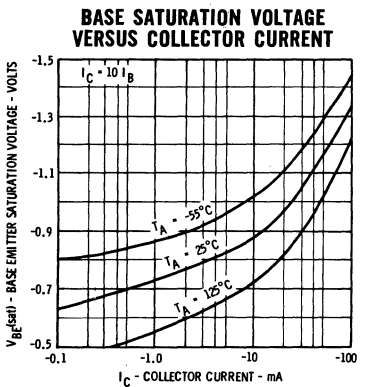
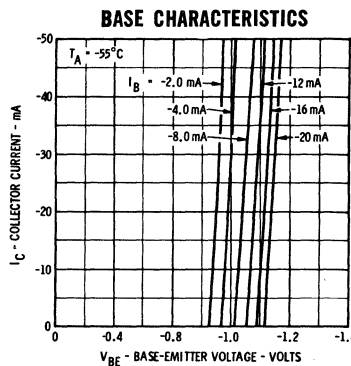
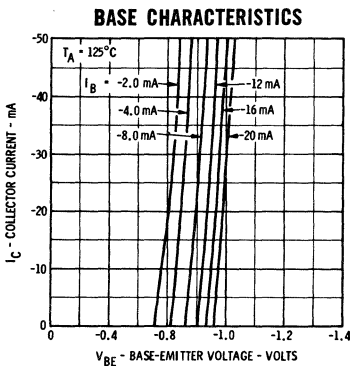
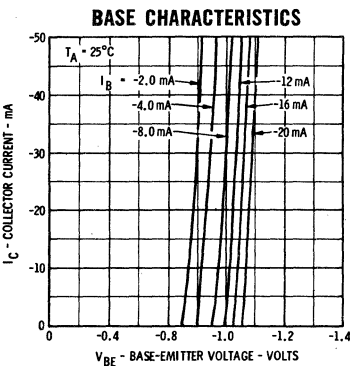


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
2N4208 • 2N4209

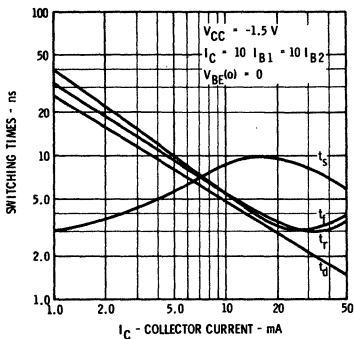


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
2N4207 • 2N4208 • 2N4209

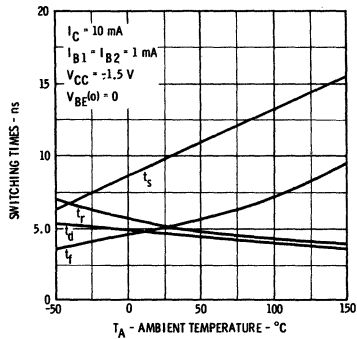


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
2N4207 • 2N4208 • 2N4209

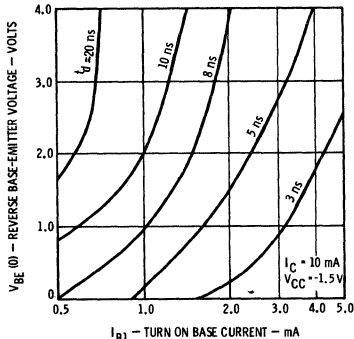
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



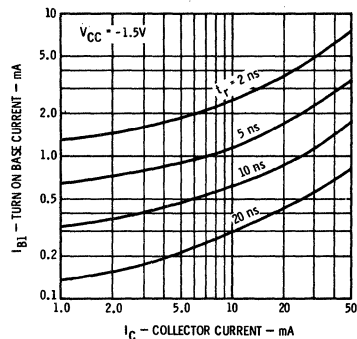
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



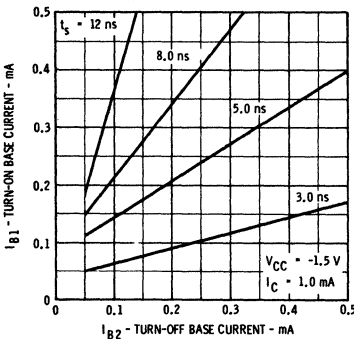
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



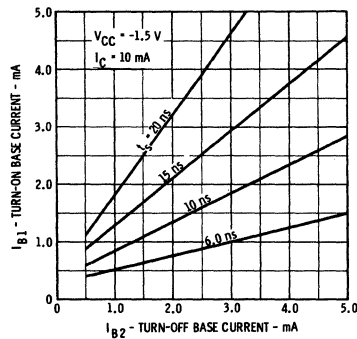
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



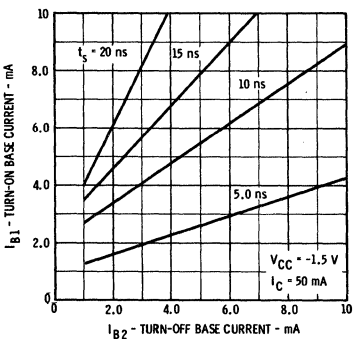
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



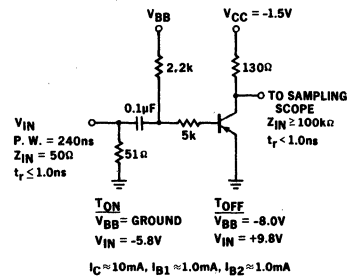
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



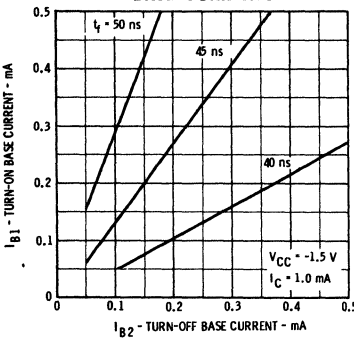
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



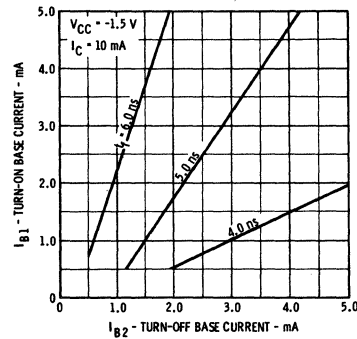
TURN ON AND TURN OFF TEST CIRCUIT



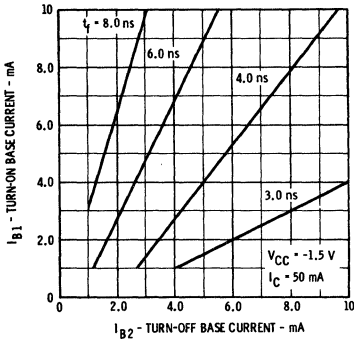
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



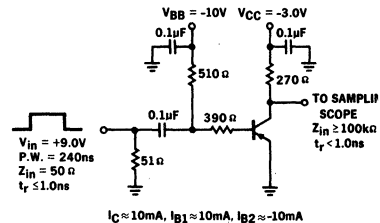
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



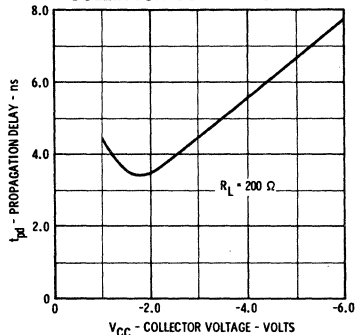
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



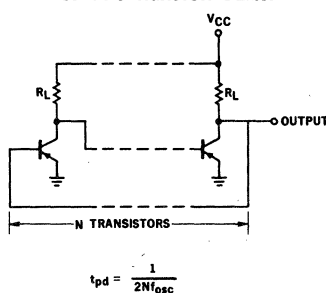
CHARGE STORAGE TIME TEST CIRCUIT



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

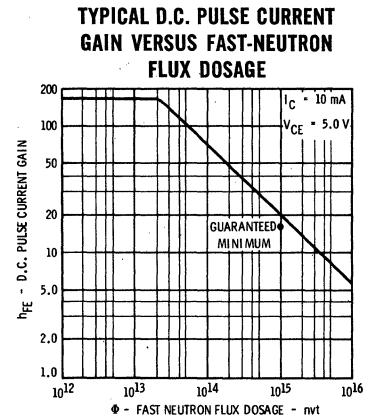
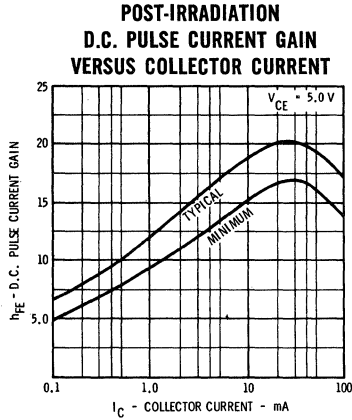
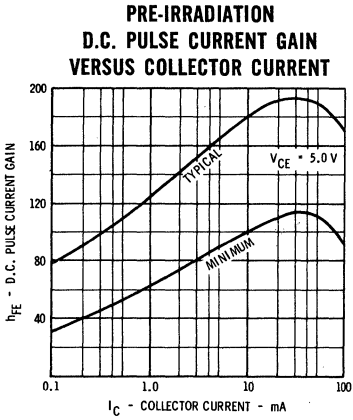
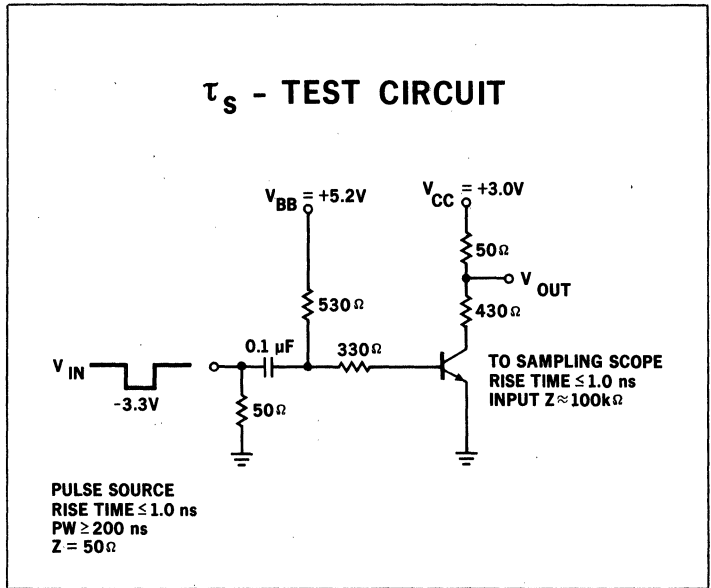
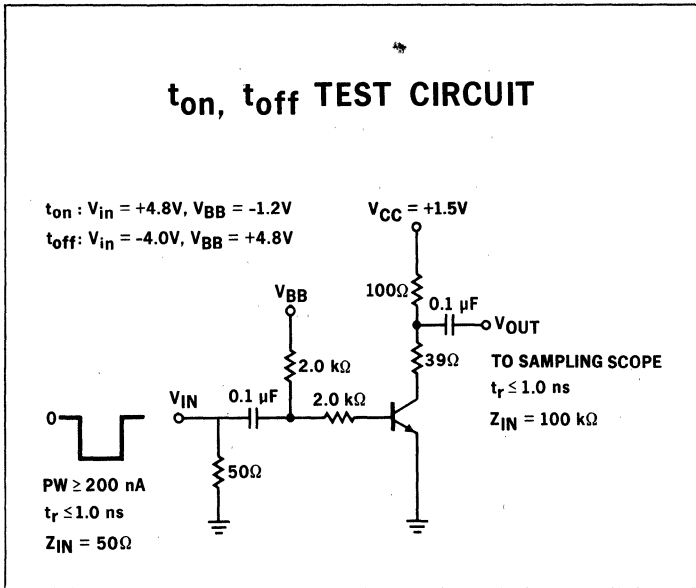


FIGURE 1

FIGURE 2



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings based on maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 135°C/watt (derating factor of 1.43 mW/°C) and junction to ambient thermal resistance of 700°C/watt (derating factor of 1.43 mW/°C).
- (4) Pulse conditions: length = 300 μ s; duty cycle = 1%.
- (5) Post-irradiation characteristics after an integrated fast (>100 KEV) neutron flux of 10^{15} nvt (neutrons per cm²).
- (6) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.

2N4359

PNP LOW-NOISE, LOW-LEVEL AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II TRANSISTOR

- **LOW NOISE** $NF = 4.0 \text{ dB (MAX) AT } 1.0 \text{ kHz}$
- **HIGH BETA** $h_{FE} = 50\text{-}500 \text{ AT } 10 \mu\text{A}$
- **EXCELLENT BETA LINEARITY** **FROM $10 \mu\text{A}$ TO 50 mA**
- **HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE** $LV_{CEO} = 45 \text{ VOLTS (MIN)}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

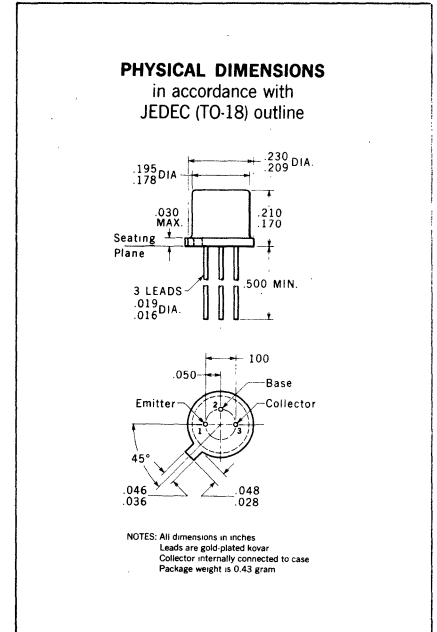
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 Sec. Time Limit)	300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	1.2 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-45 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	-45 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	50	210	500		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	50	260			$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	50	310	600		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	50	340			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(0^\circ\text{C})$	DC Current Gain	35	160			$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage	-45			Volts	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 20 MHz)	1.0	6.0	10		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
NF	Wide Band Noise Figure (f = 10 Hz to 10 kHz)		1.7	5.0	dB	$I_C = 20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 10 kHz)		1.0	3.0	dB	$R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Power Bandwidth = 15.7 kHz $I_C = 20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
NF	Narrow Band Noise Figure (f = 1.0 kHz)		1.5	4.0	dB	$R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Power Bandwidth = 1.5 kHz $I_C = 20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-45			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Reverse Current		0.35	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -25 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0	20	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -3.0 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Open Circuit Output Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		4.0	6.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Open Circuit Input Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		14	18	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(85^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	2.0	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -25 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.13	-0.25		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	-0.76	-0.90		Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

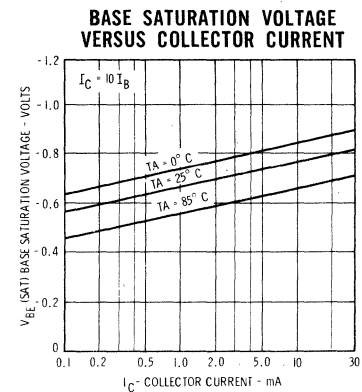
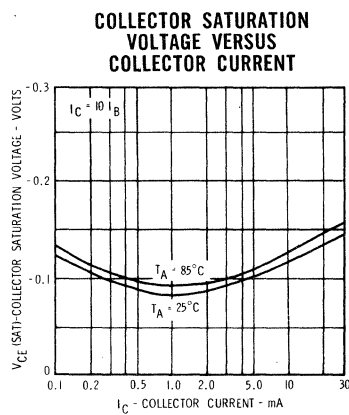
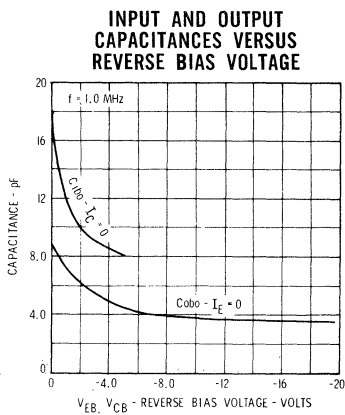
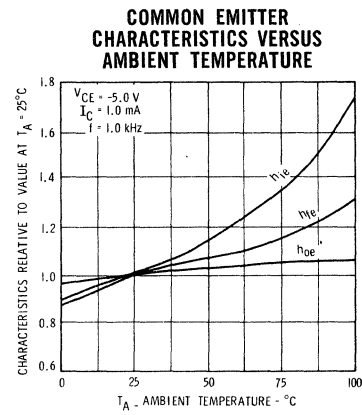
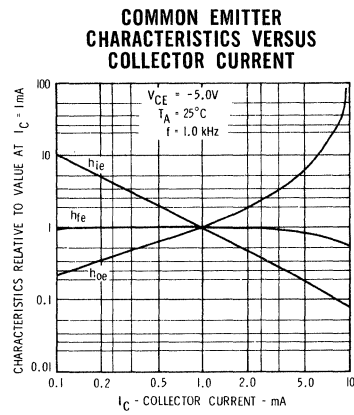
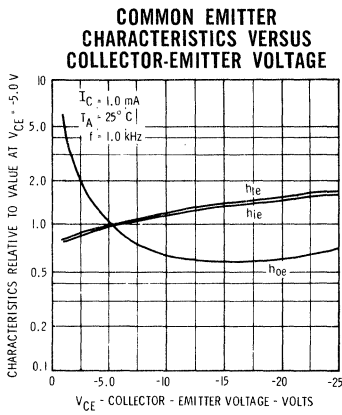
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4359

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kHz)

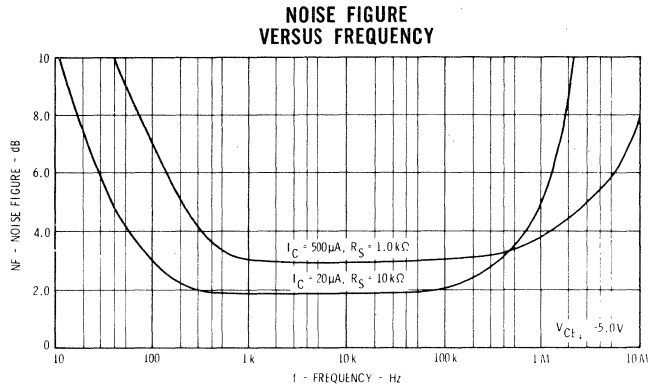
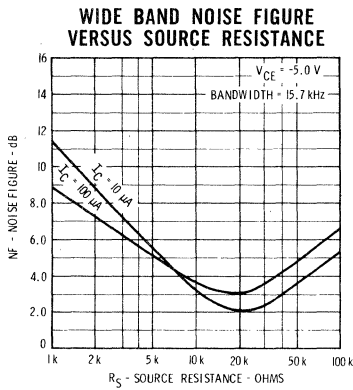
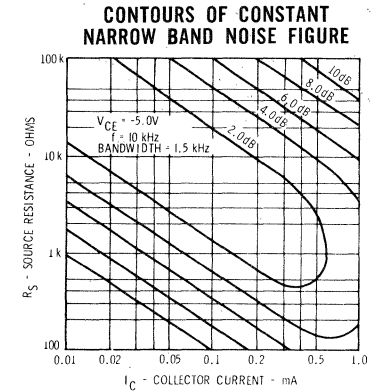
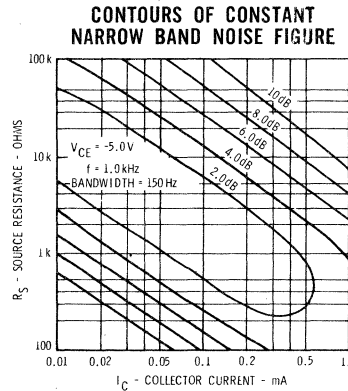
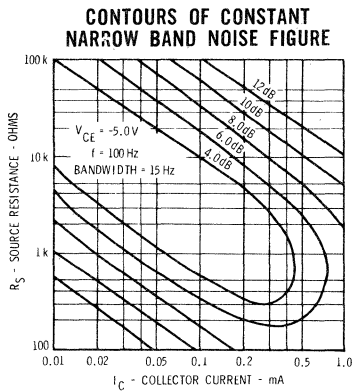
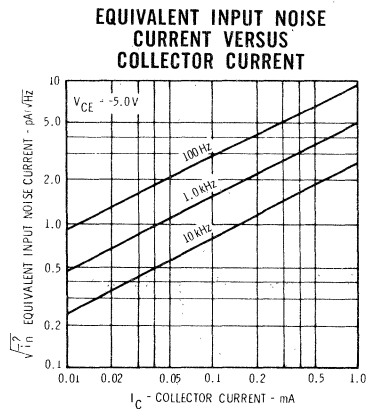
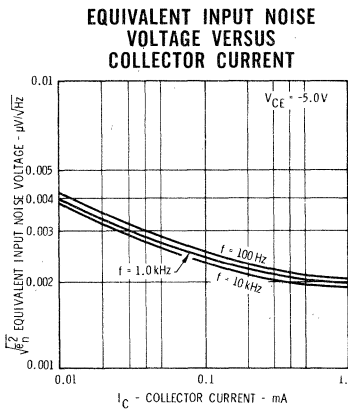
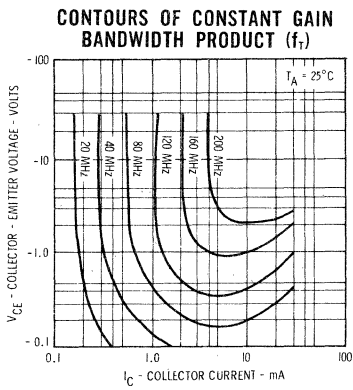
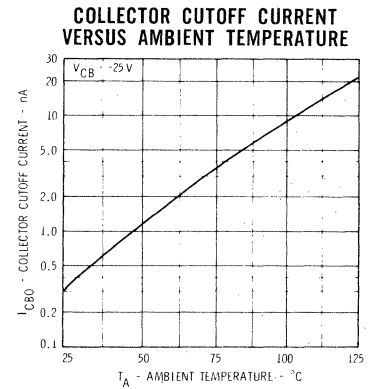
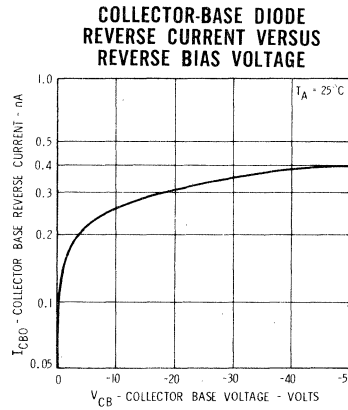
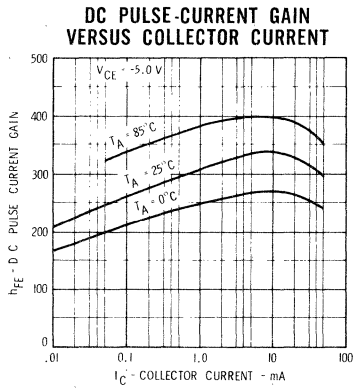
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	50	700		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	1.0	20	k ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	5.0	60	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio		10	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4359

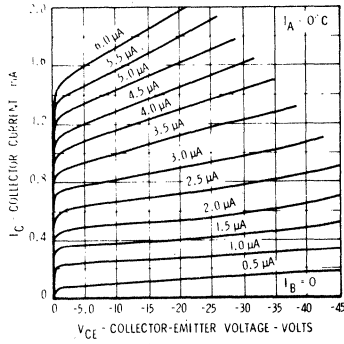
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



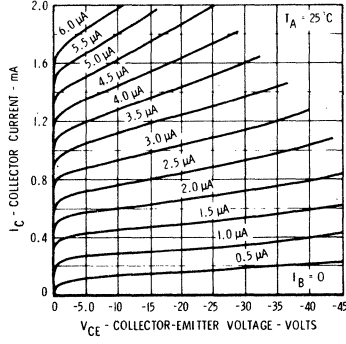
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4359

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

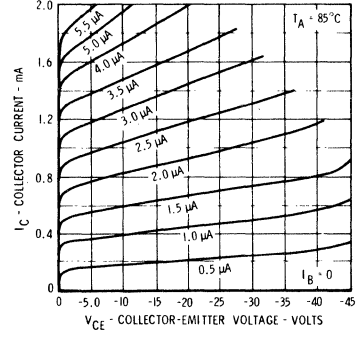
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



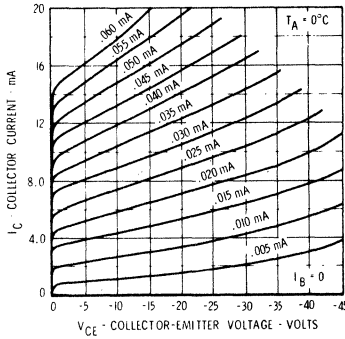
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



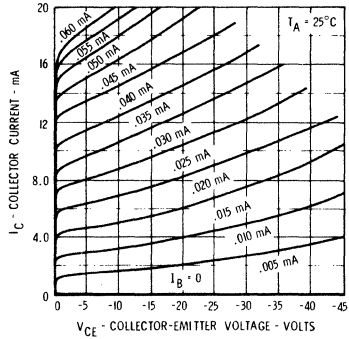
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



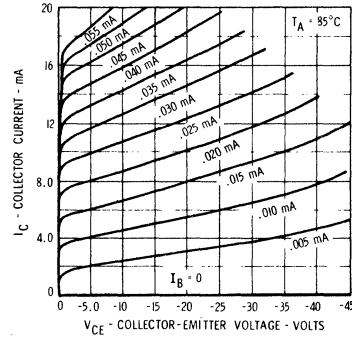
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low-duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of $146^\circ\text{C}/\text{Watt}$ (derating factor of $6.85 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$); junction to ambient thermal resistance of $486^\circ\text{C}/\text{Watt}$ (derating factor of $2.06 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.

* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

2N4872

PNP RADIATION RESISTANT SWITCH DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- **GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER NEUTRON IRRADIATION OF 3×10^{14} nvt (> 10 keV.)**
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** $f_T = 800$ MHz (MIN.) - AFTER RADIATION
- **ULTRA-FAST SWITCHING** $t_{on} = 20$ ns (MAX.) @ $I_C = 10$ mA - AFTER RADIATION
. $t_{off} = 20$ ns (MAX.) @ $I_C = 10$ mA - AFTER RADIATION
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.2$ V (MAX.) @ $I_C = 10$ mA - AFTER RADIATION
- **EXCELLENT BETA** $h_{FE} = 15$ (MIN.) @ $I_C = 10$ mA - AFTER RADIATION
- **LOW CAPACITANCE** $C_{obo} = 3.0$ pF (MAX.) - AFTER RADIATION
. $C_{ibo} = 3.5$ pF (MAX.) - AFTER RADIATION

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds time limit)	+300°C

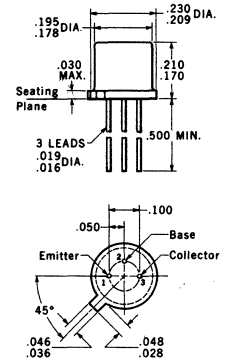
Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Note 2 and 3)	0.7 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Note 2 and 3)	0.3 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Currents

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-12 Volts
V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage	-12 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-12 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.5 Volts
I_C Collector Current	50 mA

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated lead
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.43 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	PRE-IRRADIATION			POST-IRRADIATION 3×10^{14} nvt (> 10 keV)			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	9.0	10		8.0	9.0			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -10$ V	
C_{obo}	Common Base, Open Circuit Output Capacitance		2.0	3.0		2.0	3.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -5.0$ V	
C_{ibo}	Common Base, Open Circuit Input Capacitance		2.4	3.5		2.4	3.5	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5$ V	
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		11	15		15	20	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA $I_{B1} \approx 1.0$ mA	
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		15	20		9.0	20	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA $I_{B1} = I_{B2} \approx 1.0$ mA	
τ_S	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 6)		14	20		6.0	20	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA $I_{B1} = I_{B2} \approx 10$ mA	
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-12			-12			Volts	$I_C = 0.1$ mA $I_B = 0$	
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4)	-12	-17		-12	-19		Volts	$I_C = 3.0$ mA $I_B = 0$	
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-12	-20		-12	-20		Volts	$I_C = 0.1$ mA $I_B = 0$	
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.5	-5.0		-4.5	-5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 0.1$ mA	
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.04	10		0.4	10	nA	$V_{CE} = -6.0$ V $V_{BE} = 0$	
$I_{CES}(125^\circ C)$	Collector Reverse Current		0.02	5.0		0.2	5.0	μA	$V_{CE} = -6.0$ V $V_{BE} = 0$	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	65	120	15	20			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.3$ V	
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	30		6.0	8.0			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = -0.3$ V	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage		-0.08	-0.13		-0.17	-0.2	Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $I_B = 0.1$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.11	-0.15		-0.17	-0.2	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.28	-0.5		-0.5	-0.7	Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage		-0.73	-0.8		-0.73	-0.8	Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $I_B = 0.1$ mA	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.8	-0.88	-0.95	-0.8	-0.88	-0.95	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.15	-1.5		-1.15	-1.5	Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA	

Notes on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
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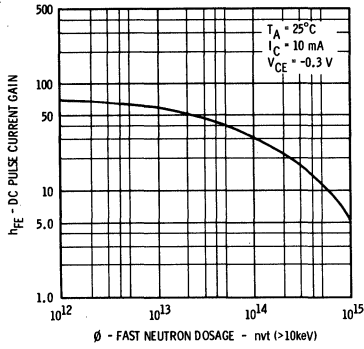
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4872

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

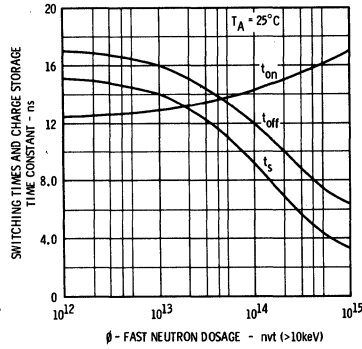
POST-IRRADIATION

PRE-IRRADIATION

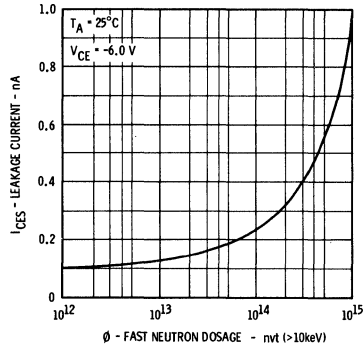
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE



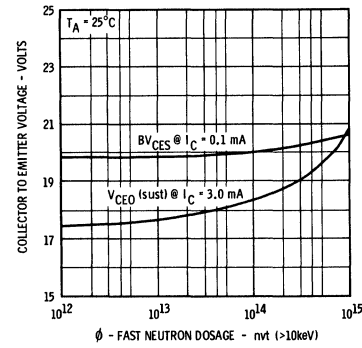
SWITCHING TIMES AND CHARGE STORAGE TIME CONSTANT VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE



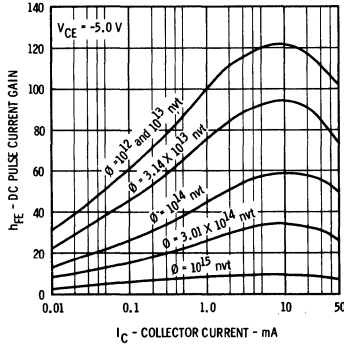
LEAKAGE CURRENT VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE



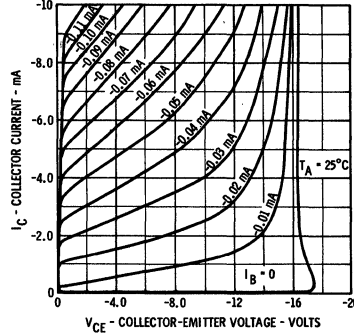
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGES VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE



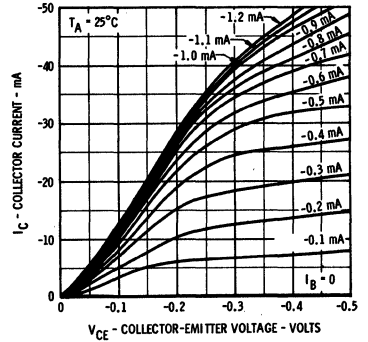
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE



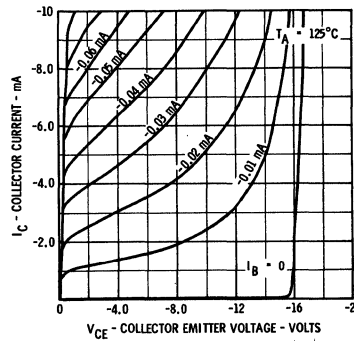
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



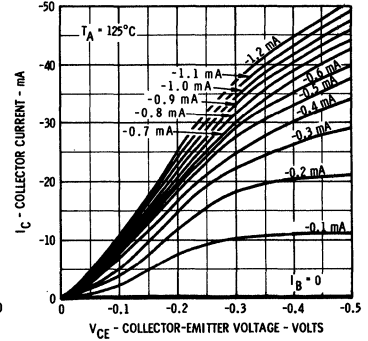
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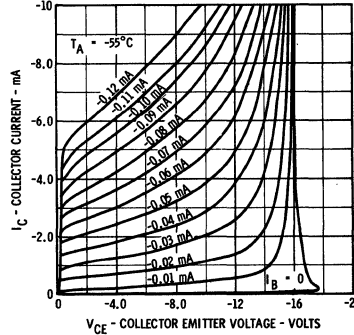
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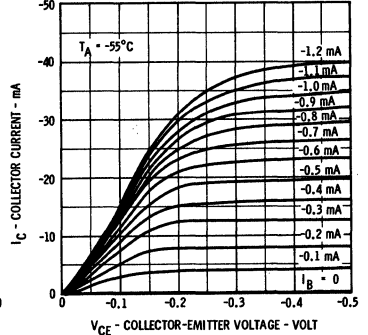
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



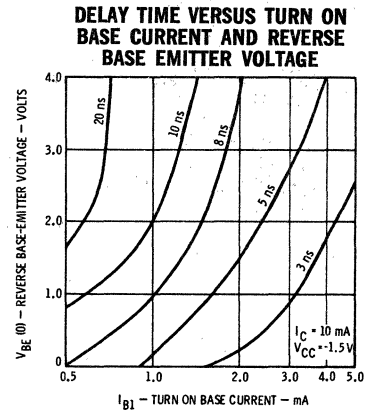
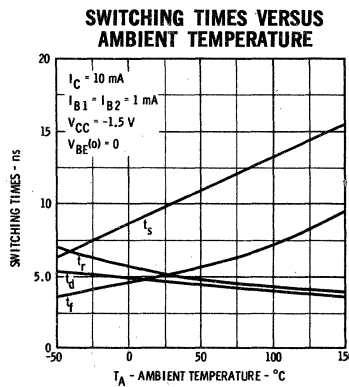
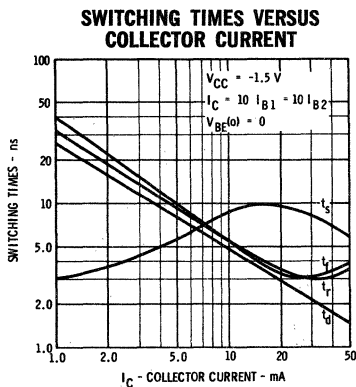
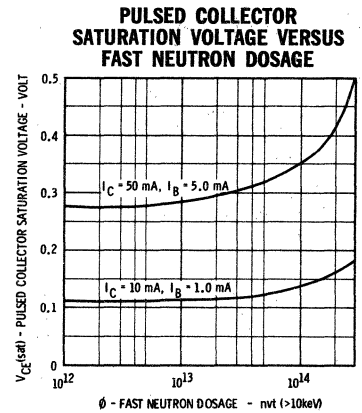
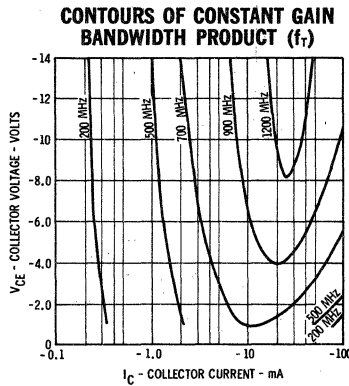
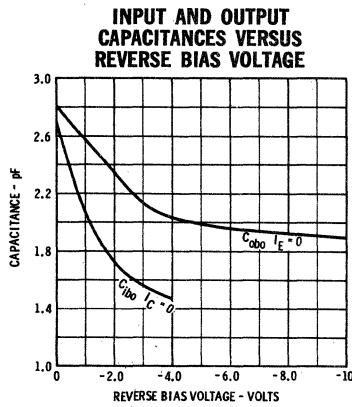
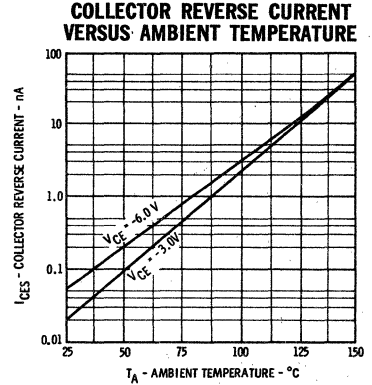
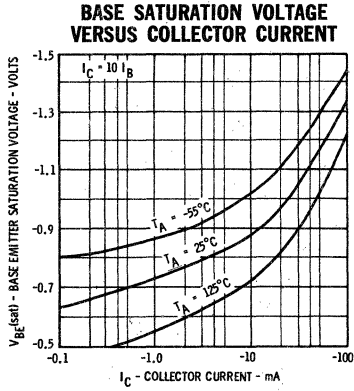
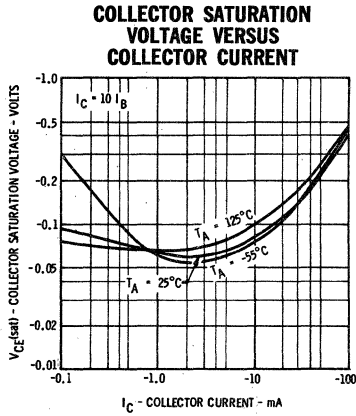
* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to ambient thermal resistance of 586°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.72mW/°C); Junction to case thermal resistance of 250°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of IC, IB1, and IB2.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4872

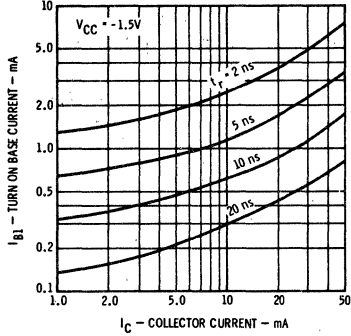
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS PRE-IRRADIATION



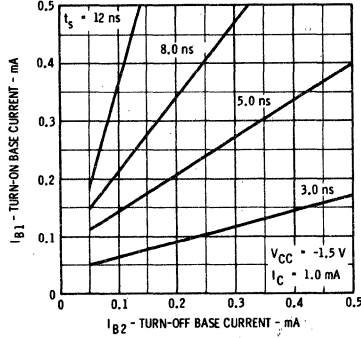
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4872

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS PRE-IRRADIATION

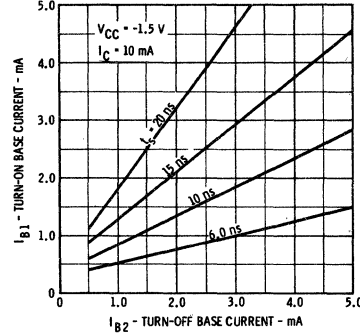
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



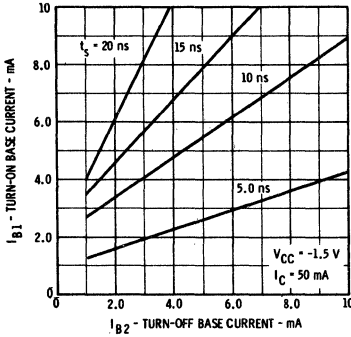
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



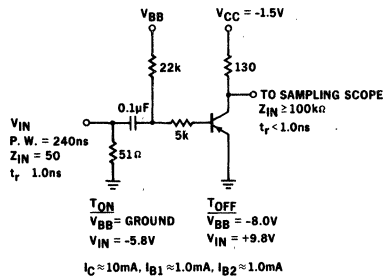
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



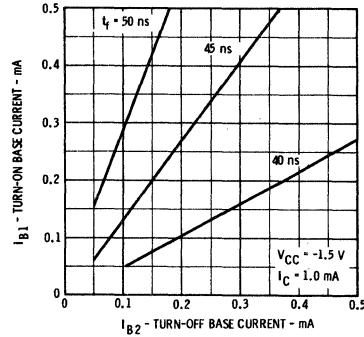
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



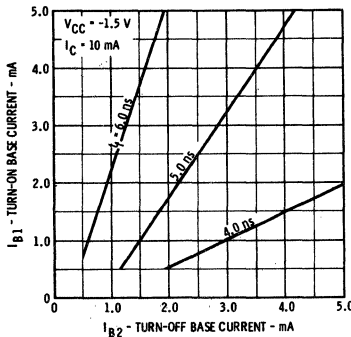
TURN ON AND TURN OFF TEST CIRCUIT



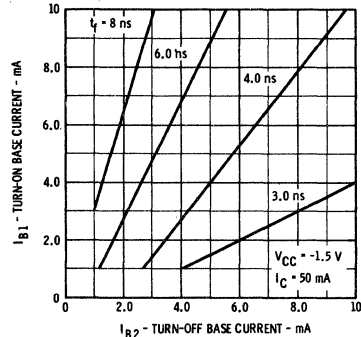
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



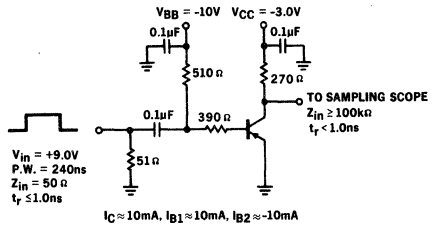
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



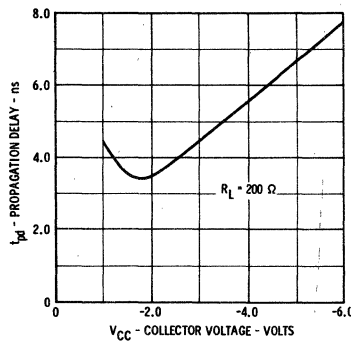
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN-ON AND TURN-OFF BASE CURRENTS



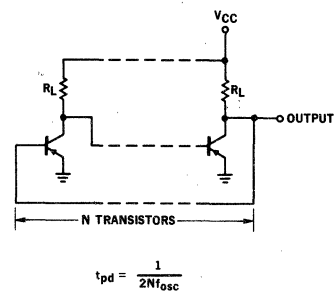
CHARGE STORAGE TIME TEST CIRCUIT



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



2N4873

RADIATION RESISTANT HIGH-SPEED NPN SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)
- FAST SWITCHING — 13 ns MAX. τ_s @ 10 mA
- HIGH h_{FE} — 19 MIN. @ 10 mA, 1.0 V (110 MIN. PREIRRADIATION)
- HIGH f_T — 600 MHz MIN. @ 10 mA
- LOW V_{CE} (sat) — 0.3 V MAX. @ 10 mA
- 15 VOLT MIN. V_{CEO}

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 seconds time limit)

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]
at 100°C Case Temperature [Note 2 and 3]
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Note 2 and 3]

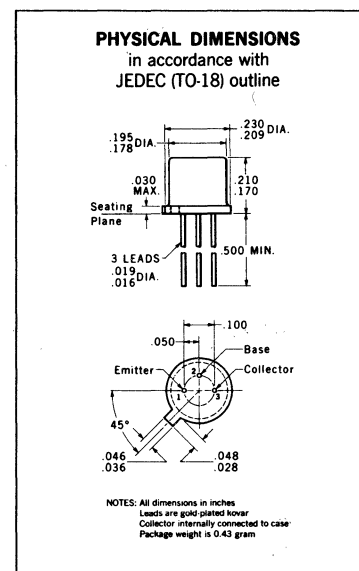
Maximum Voltages and Currents

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage
 I_C DC Collector Current

-65°C to +200°C
+200°C
+300°C

1.2 Watts
0.68 Watt
0.36 Watt

40 Volts
40 Volts
15 Volts
4.5 Volts
200 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	PRE-IRRADIATION			POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
V_{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4 and 5]	15	16		15	22		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	40	48		40	45		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40			40			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.5	6.0		4.5	6.0		Volts	$I_E = 10$ μ A $I_C = 0$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	110	120	150	19	21			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	70	80		15	17			$I_C = 100$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	35			6.0				$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	7.0	9.4		6.0	8.0			$I_C = 10$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.
Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.

NOTES:

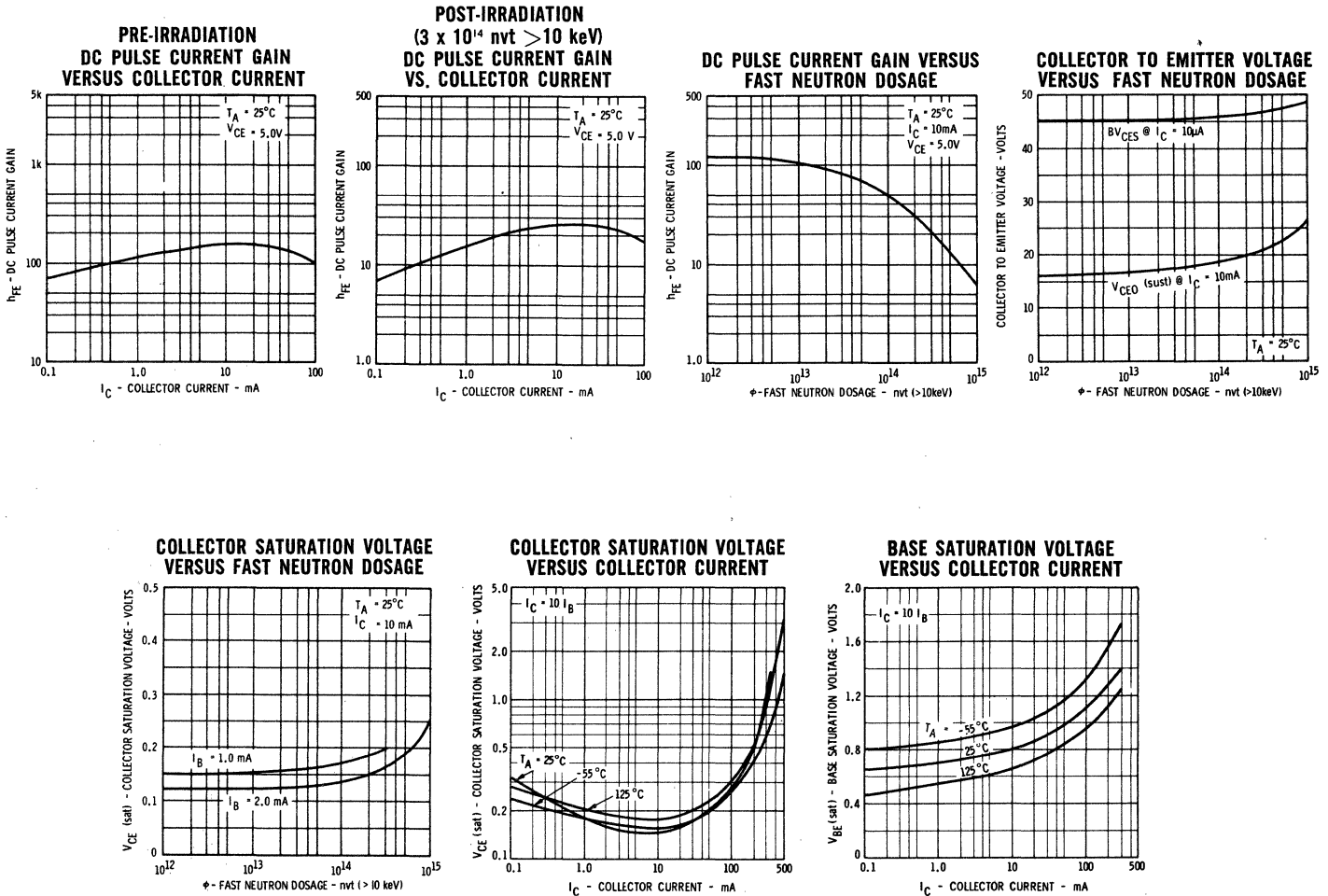
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C), junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) Ratings refer to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- (6) See switching circuits for exact value of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4873

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	PRE-IRRADIATION			POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
V_{CE} (sat)	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	0.15	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.30	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA	
V_{CE} (sat)	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	0.13	0.18		0.17	0.28	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 3.3$ mA	
V_{BE} (sat)	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	0.72	0.80	0.87	0.72	0.81	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA	
V_{BE} (sat)	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	0.74	0.85	1.0	0.74	0.85	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 3.3$ mA	
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current	0.01	0.40		0.01	0.40	μ A	$V_{CE} = 20$ V	$V_{BE} = 0$	
C_{obo}	Common-Base, Open Circuit Output Capacitance		4.0			4.0	pF	$V_{CB} = 5.0$ V	$I_E = 0$	
τ_S	Charge Storage Time Constant [Note 6]	6.0	13		6.0	13	ns	$I_C = I_{B1} \approx 10$ ma, $I_{B2} \approx -10$ mA		
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]	9.0	12		10	13	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 3.3$ mA	
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]	13	18		12	18	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 3.3$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -3.3$ mA	
I_{CES} (125°C)	Collector Cutoff Current		50				μ A	$V_{CB} = 20$ V	$I_E = 0$	

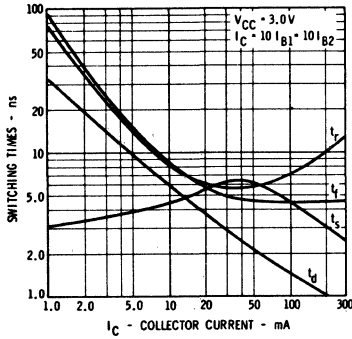
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



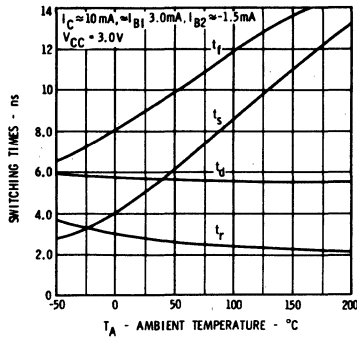
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4873

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

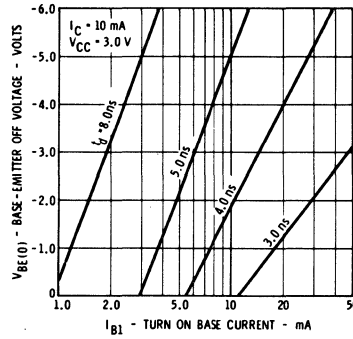
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



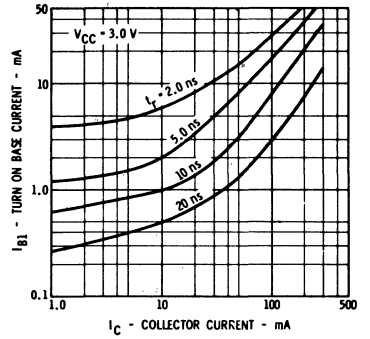
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



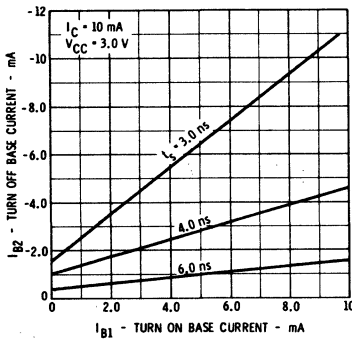
DELAY TIME VERSUS BASE-EMITTER OFF VOLTAGE AND TURN ON BASE CURRENT



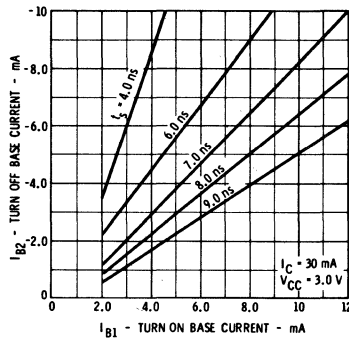
RISE TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND COLLECTOR CURRENT



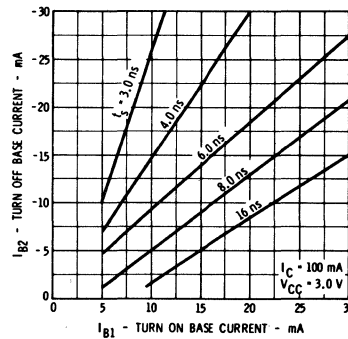
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



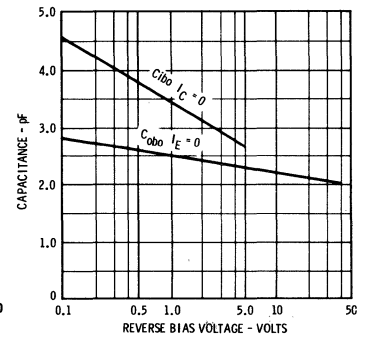
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



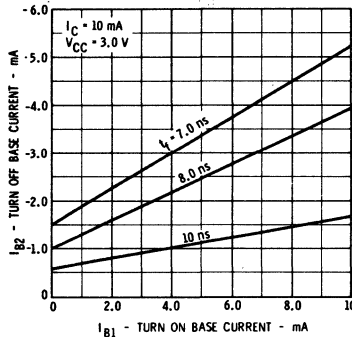
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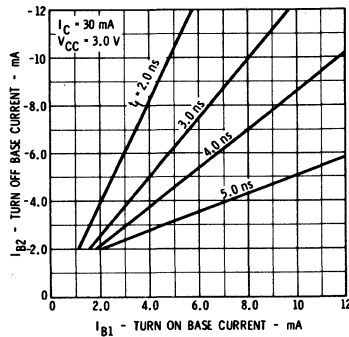
EMITTER TRANSITION AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



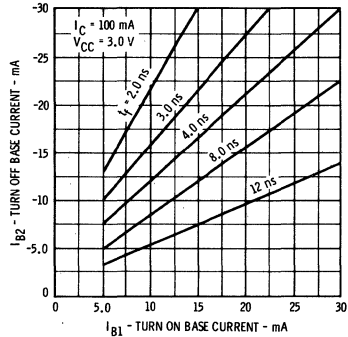
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



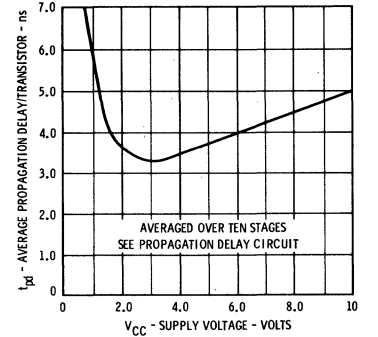
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



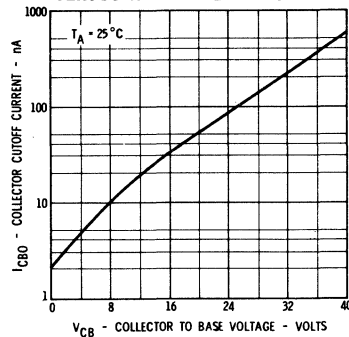
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



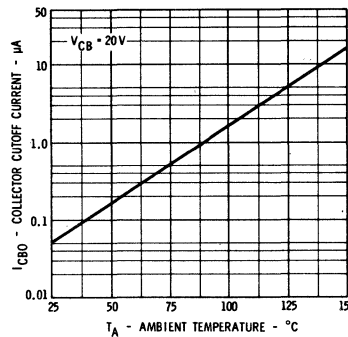
AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY PER TRANSISTOR VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE

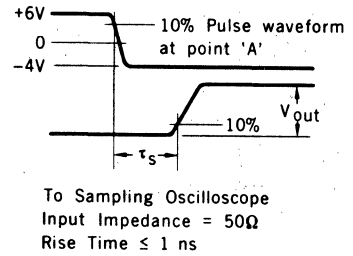
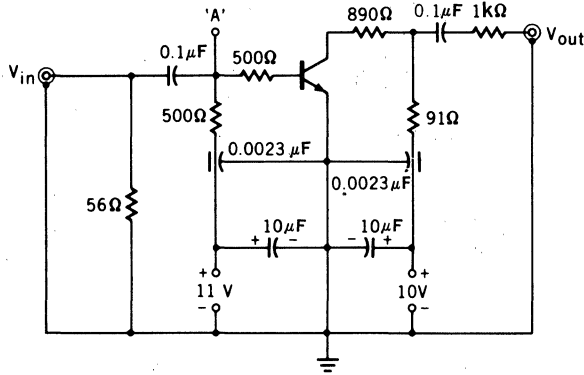
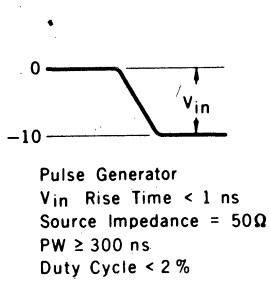


COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

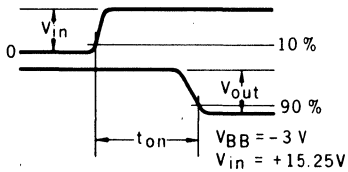


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N4873

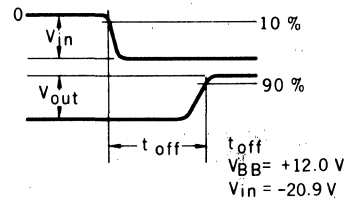
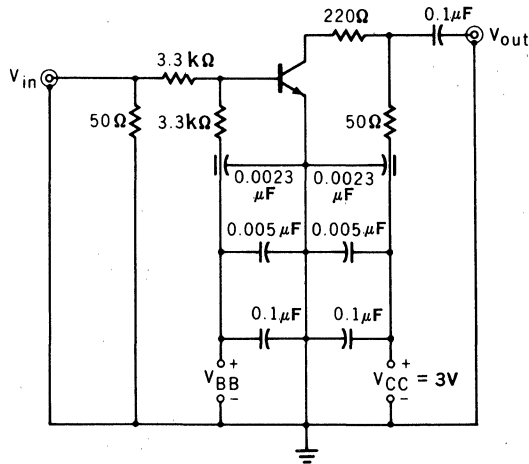
CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



$t_{ON} - t_{OFF}$ MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT

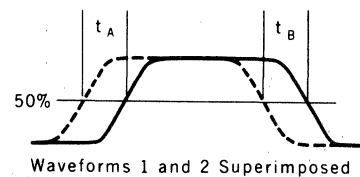
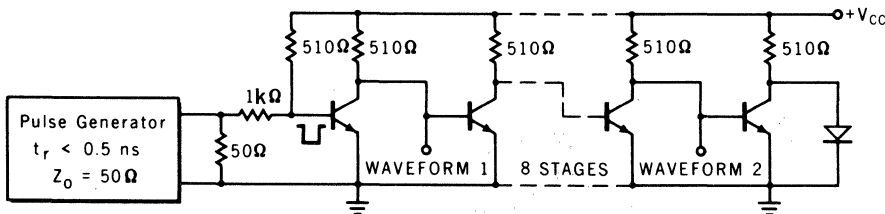


Pulse Generator
 V_{in} Rise Time < 1 ns
 Source Impedance = 50 Ω
 PW \geq 300 ns
 Duty Cycle < 2 %



To Sampling Oscilloscope
 Input Impedance = 50 Ω
 Rise Time \leq 1 ns

CIRCUIT FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



$$\bar{t}_{pd} = \frac{t_A + t_B}{20}$$

\bar{t}_{pd} = Average Propagation per Transistor

2N4960 · 2N4961 · 2N4962 · 2N4963

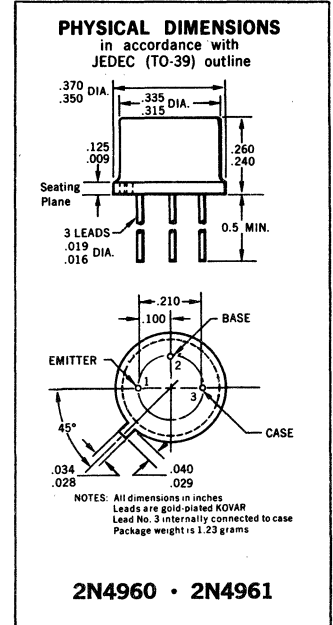
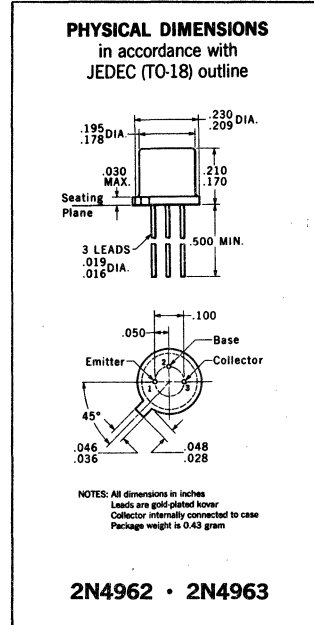
NPN GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- V_{CE0} -- 80 VOLTS MIN.
- h_{FE} -- 12 SPECIFICATIONS FROM 100 μ A TO 500 mA;
-55°C TO +125°C
- $V_{CE(sat)}$ -- 0.5 V MAX. AT 500 mA; 0.18 V MAX. AT 150 mA
- f_T -- 250 MHz MIN. AT 50 mA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures					-65°C to +200°C
Storage Temperature					+200°C
Operating Junction Temperature					
Maximum Power Dissipation (Note 2 & 3)	2N4960	2N4961	2N4962	2N4963	
Total Dissipation at Case Temperature, 25°C	3.5	3.5	1.5	1.5	Watts
at Ambient Temperature, 25°C	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.5	Watts
Maximum Voltages					
V_{CB0} Collector to Base Voltage	60	80	60	80	Volts
V_{CE0} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	60	80	60	80	Volts
V_{EB0} Emitter to Base Voltage	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	30	60		30	60			$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	60	100		60	100			$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	90	140		90	140			$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	150		100	150			$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	10	40		10	40			$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	100		40	100			$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 V$
$h_{FE} (125^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)		130	500		130	500		$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 V$
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	25	60		25	60			$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	180	300	100	180	300		$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
$h_{FE} (125^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)		270	650		270	650		$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	70	100		70	100			$I_C = 300 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	45	60		45	60			$I_C = 500 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 MHz$)	2.5	4.0	6.0	2.5	4.0	6.0		$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.04	0.07		0.04	0.07	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.15	0.18		0.15	0.18	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)} (125^\circ C)$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.18	0.36		0.18	0.36	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.25	0.31		0.25	0.31	Volts	$I_C = 300 mA$ $I_B = 30 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.38	0.50		0.38	0.50	Volts	$I_C = 500 mA$ $I_B = 50 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.67	0.72		0.67	0.72	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)} (-55^\circ C)$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.92	1.10		0.92	1.10	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.78	0.82	0.90	0.78	0.82	0.90	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)} (125^\circ C)$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.63	0.73	0.63	0.73	0.73	0.73	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $I_B = 15 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.95	1.05		0.95	1.05	Volts	$I_C = 300 mA$ $I_B = 30 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.1	1.3		1.1	1.3	Volts	$I_C = 500 mA$ $I_B = 50 mA$
$V_{BE(on)}$	Pulsed Base Emitter On Voltage (Note 5)		0.75	0.88		0.75	0.88	Volts	$I_C = 150 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10 V$

(See notes on page 4)

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N4960 • 2N4961 • 2N4962 • 2N4963

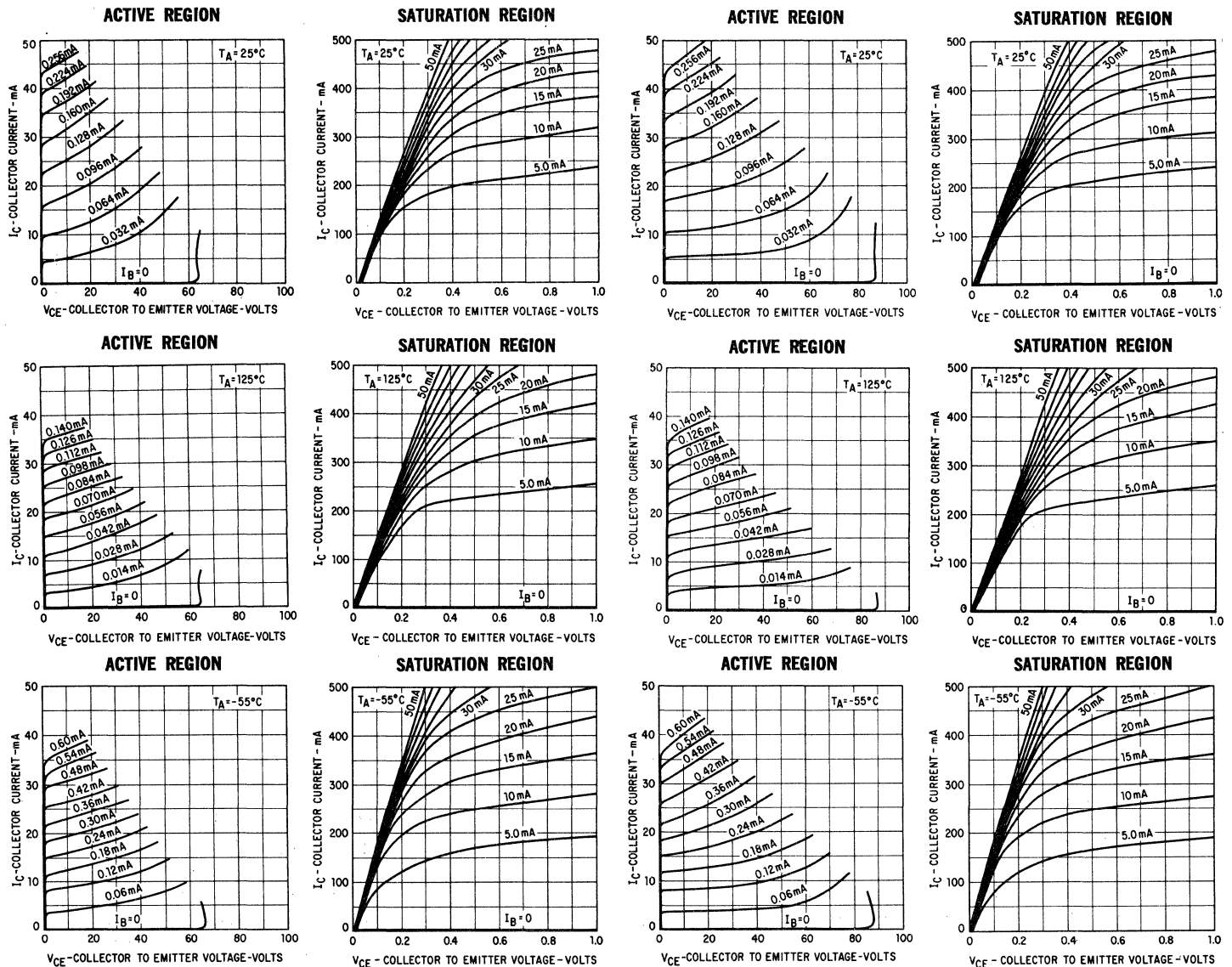
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25° Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N4960 • 2N4962			2N4961 • 2N4963			UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4 & 5)	60			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	60			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60			80			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.5			6.5			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{A}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0	10		1.0	10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		1.0	10		1.0	10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		1.0	10		1.0	10	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)		11	15		11	15	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)		50	75		50	75	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6, Fig. 1)		70	150		70	150	ns	$I_C \approx 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 15 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6, Fig. 1)		700	1000		700	1000	ns	$I_C \approx 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -15 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6, Fig. 1)		80			80		ns	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6, Fig. 1)		600			600		ns	$I_C \approx 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -30 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6, Fig. 1)		100			100		ns	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6, Fig. 1)		500			500		ns	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B2} \approx -50 \text{ mA}$

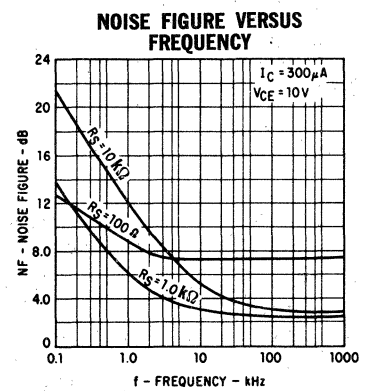
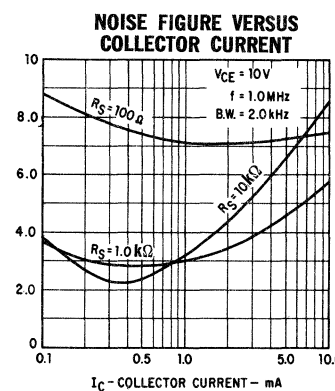
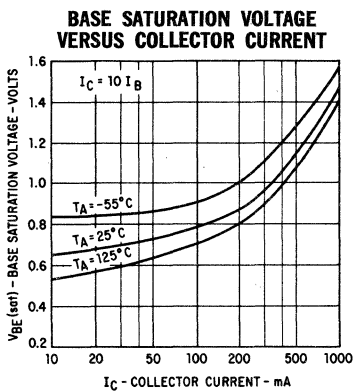
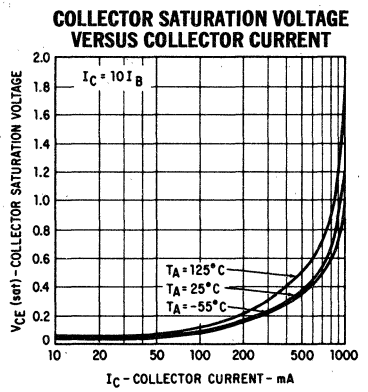
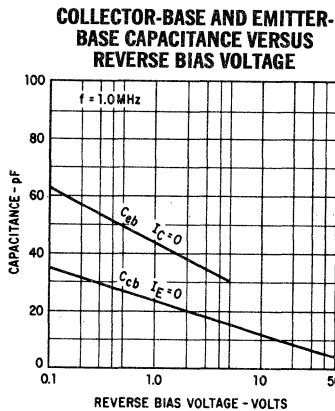
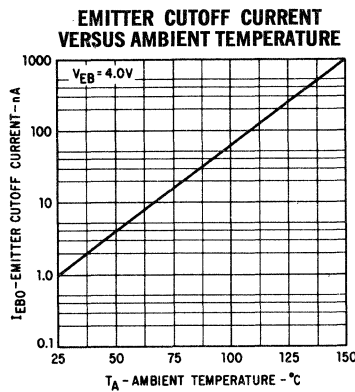
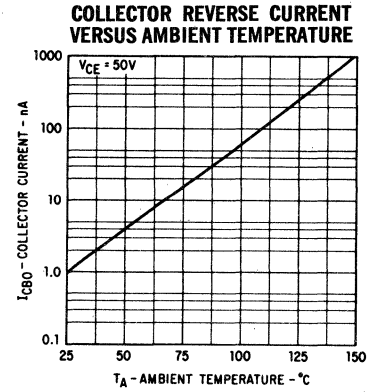
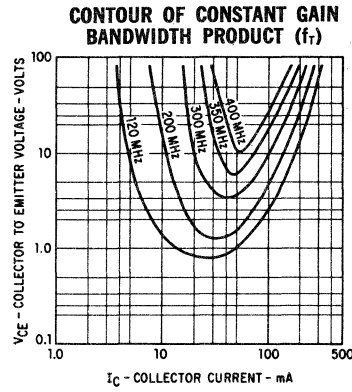
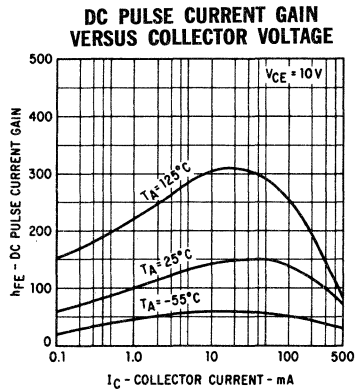
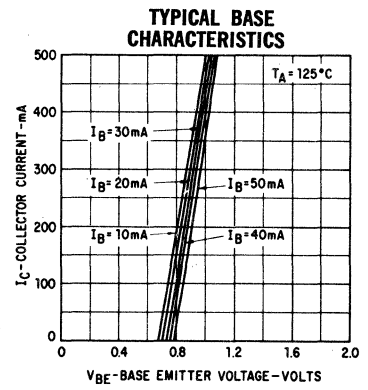
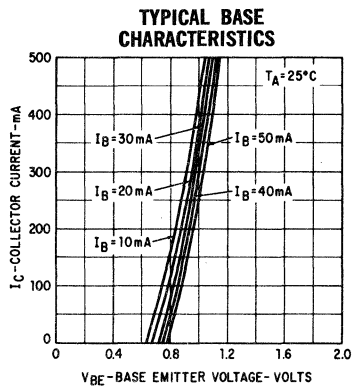
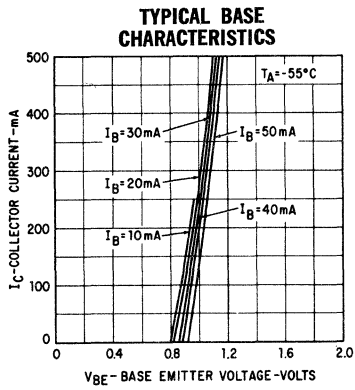
TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS

2N4960 • 2N4962

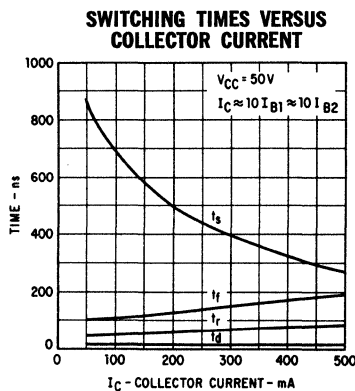
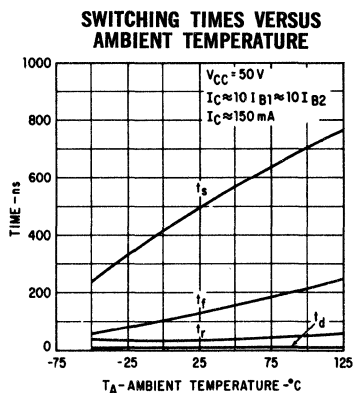
2N4961 • 2N4963



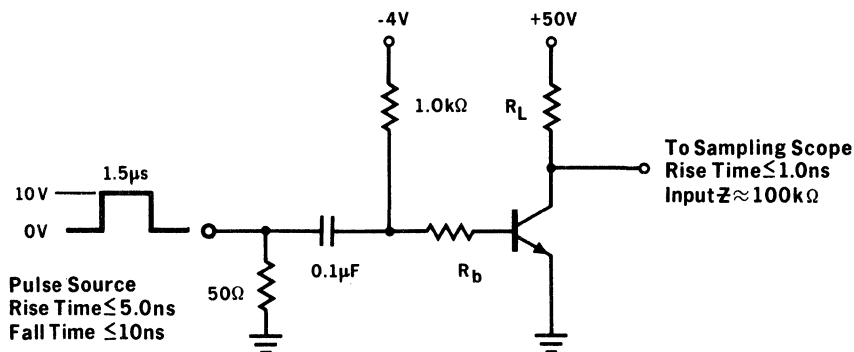
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



t_{on} - t_{off} TEST CIRCUIT



I_C	R_b	R_L
150mA	314 Ω	330 Ω
300mA	157 Ω	167 Ω
500mA	94 Ω	100 Ω

NOTES:

1. These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
2. These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
3. These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 50°C/Watt (derating factor of 20 mW/°C) for the 2N4960 and 2N4961; 117°C/Watt (derating factor of 8.6 mW/°C) for the 2N4962 and 2N4963. Junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.6 mW/°C) for the 2N4960 and 2N4961. 350°C/Watt derating factor of 2.9 mW/°C) for the 2N4962 and 2N4963.
4. Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
5. Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
6. See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

SE5020 · SE5021 · SE5022 · SE5023 · SE5024

NPN RF-AGC AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The SE5020, SE5021, SE5022, SE5023, and SE5024 are RF transistors with gain, bandwidth, noise characteristics, and package suitable for high-performance, high-stability TV applications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

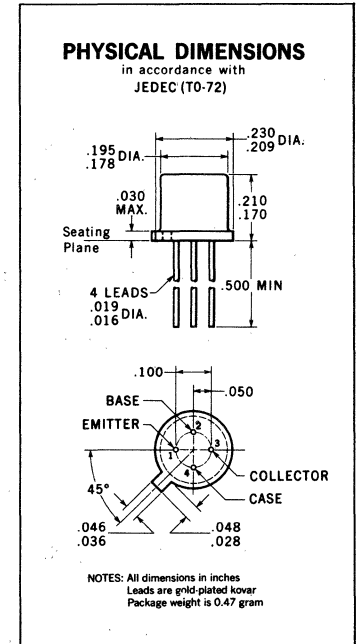
Storage Temperature	-55°C to +175°C
Operating Junction Temperature	175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Note 2)	0.260 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	(Note 2)	0.175 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V _{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage		20 Volts
V _{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	(Note 3)	20 Volts
V _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage		3.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
NF	Noise Figure (f = 200 MHz)	SE5020	2.8	3.3	dB	$V_{AGC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ $R_S = 75 \ \Omega$ (Note 5) Neutralized Performance $R_S = 75 \ \Omega$ (Note 5)	
		SE5021	3.5	4.0			
PG	Power Gain (f = 200 MHz)	SE5020	20	25	27		dB
		SE5021	20	25	27		
		SE5022	18	21			
V _{AGC(30)}	AGC Voltage for 30 dB Gain Reduction (f = 200 MHz)	SE5020	4.0	4.5	5.0		Volts
NF	Noise Figure (f = 45 MHz)	SE5023		3.0	6.0	dB	$V_{AGC} = 2.75 \text{ V}$ $R_S = 50 \ \Omega$ (Note 6) Unneutralized Performance $R_S = 50 \ \Omega$ (Note 6)
		SE5024		3.0	6.0		
PG	Power Gain (f = 45 MHz)	SE5023	22.5	25.5	28.5	dB	
		SE5024	22.5	25.5	28.5		
V _{AGC(30)}	AGC Voltage for 30 dB Gain Reduction (f = 45 MHz)	SE5023	4.4	4.9	5.4	Volts	
		SE5024	5.2	5.7	6.2	Volts	
C _{re}	Reverse Transfer Capacity, Common Emitter	SE5020 through SE5024	0.25	0.37	0.5	pF	I _E = 0, V _{CB} = 10 V, f = 1.0 MHz (Emitter and can guarded)
h _{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 4)	SE5020 through SE5024	20	40	200		I _C = 4.0 mA, V _{CE} = 5.0 V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2
(See notes on back page)

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE5020 • SE5021 • SE5022 • SE5023 • SE5024

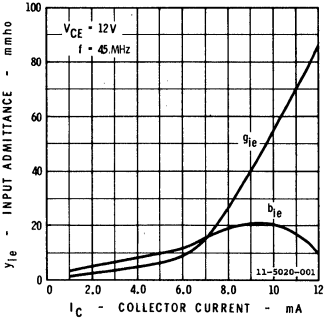
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	SE5020 through SE5024			50	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10$ V
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 3 and 4)	SE5020 through SE5024	20			Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ mA $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	SE5020 through SE5024	20			Volts	$I_C = 100$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	SE5020 through SE5024	3.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100$ μ A
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage	SE5020 through SE5024			3.0	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage	SE5020 through SE5024			0.96	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	SE5020 • SE5021 SE5022 through SE5024	3.75 3.0	5.0 4.5	8.0 8.0	} $I_C = 4.0$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V	

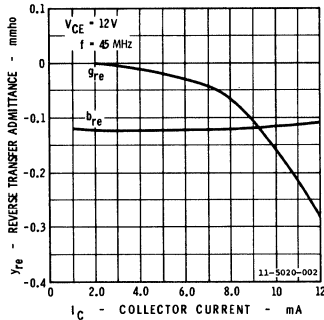
(See notes on back page)

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL "Y" PARAMETERS COMMON EMITTER

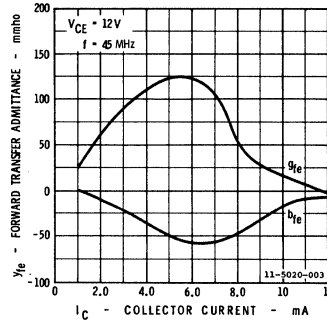
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



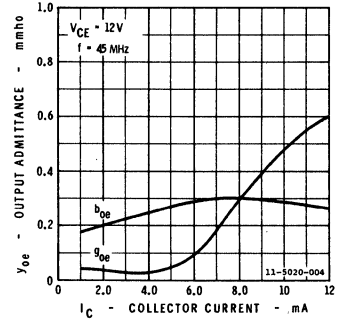
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



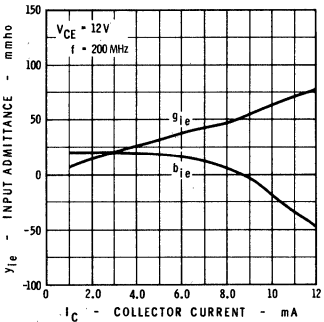
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



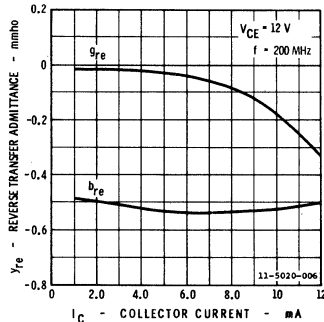
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



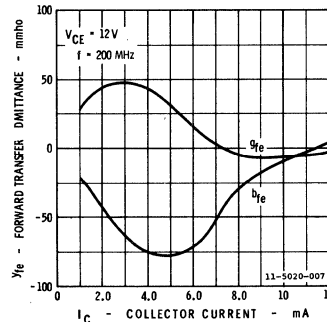
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



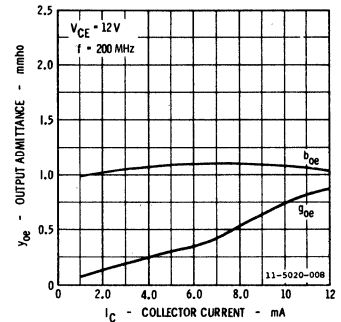
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

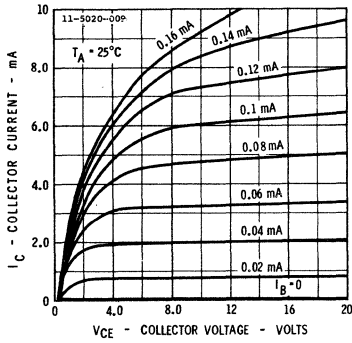


OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

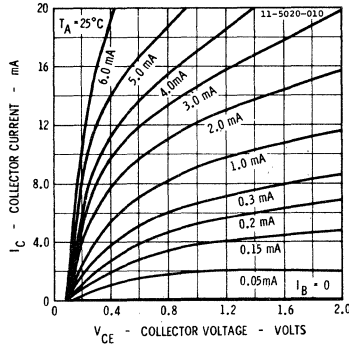


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

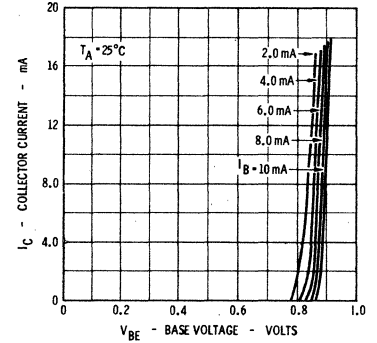
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



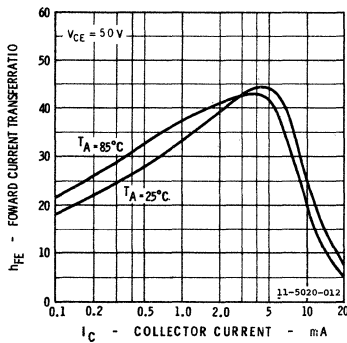
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



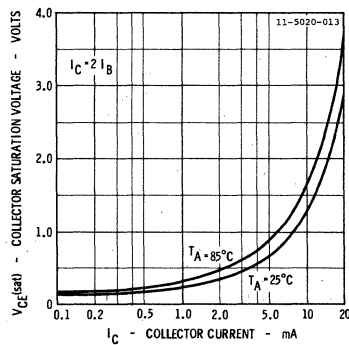
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



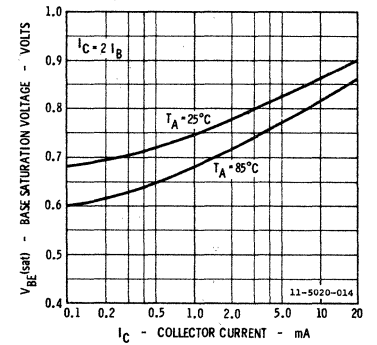
PULSED DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



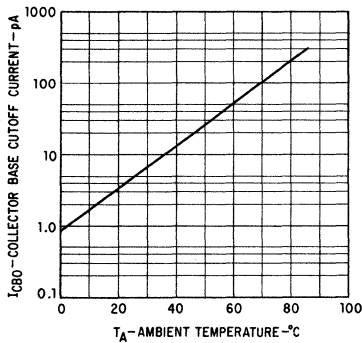
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



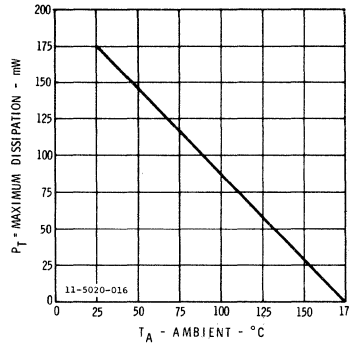
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



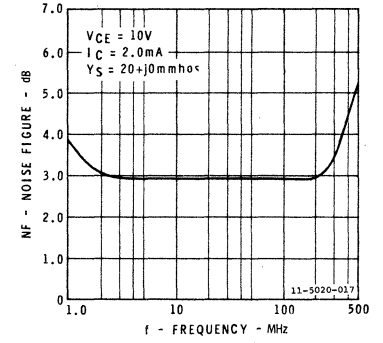
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



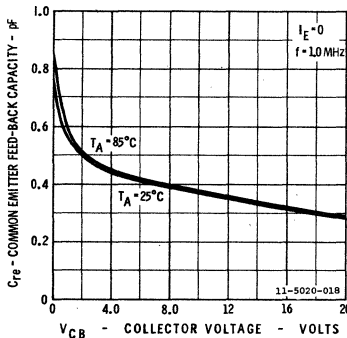
MAXIMUM DISSIPATION VERSUS TEMPERATURE



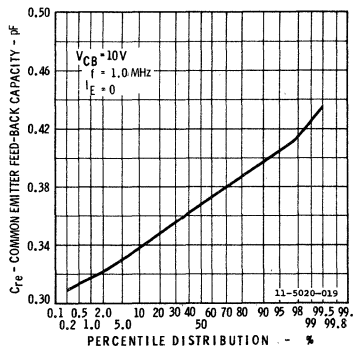
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



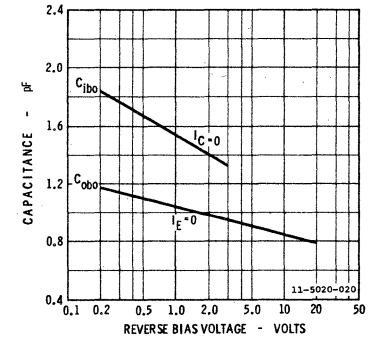
COMMON EMITTER FEED-BACK CAPACITY VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



DISTRIBUTION OF COMMON EMITTER FEED-BACK CAPACITY



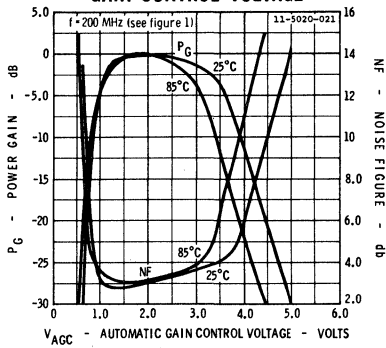
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



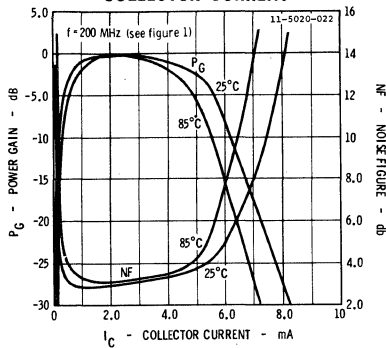
* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

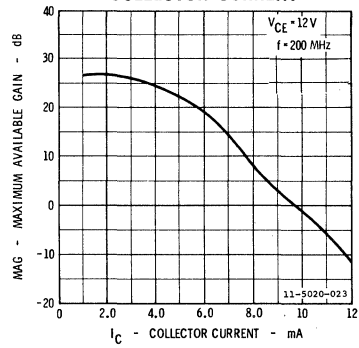
POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL VOLTAGE



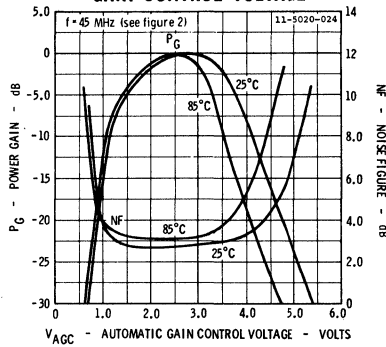
POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



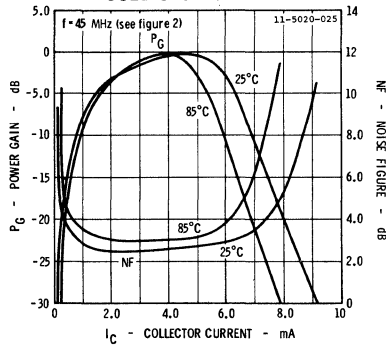
MAXIMUM AVAILABLE GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



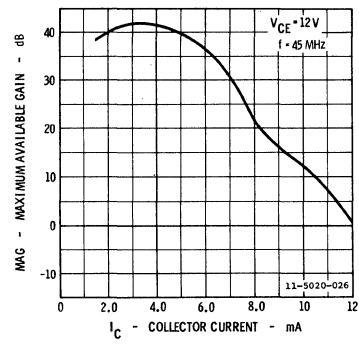
POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL VOLTAGE



POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



MAXIMUM AVAILABLE GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



200 MHz AGC, POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE TEST JIG

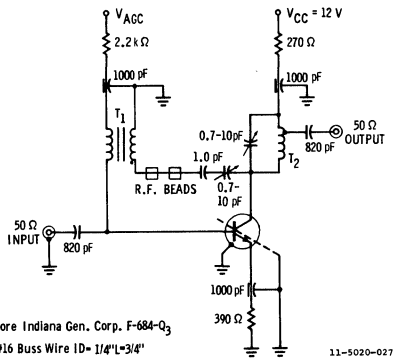


FIGURE 1

45 MHz, AGC, POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE TEST JIG

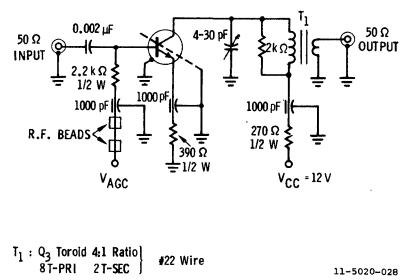


FIGURE 2

NOTES:

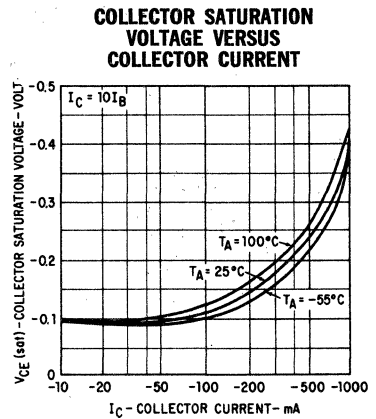
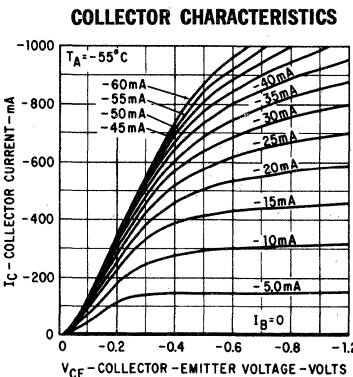
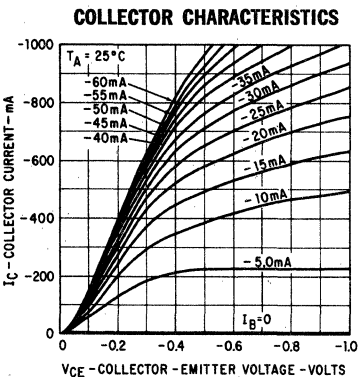
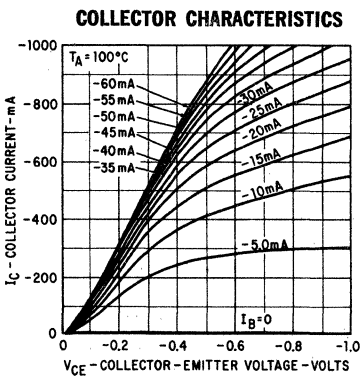
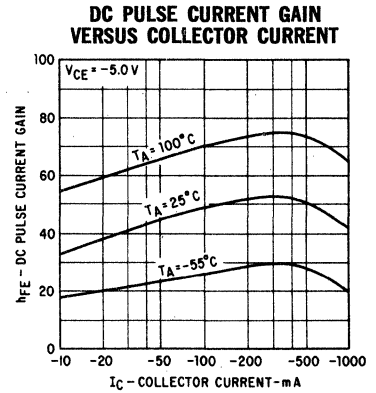
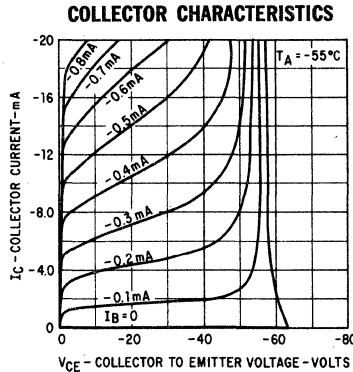
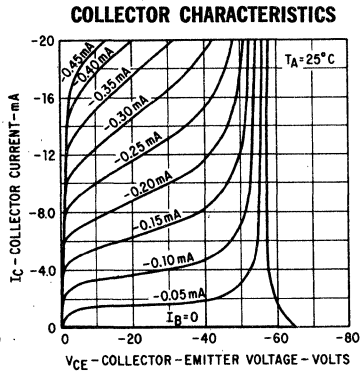
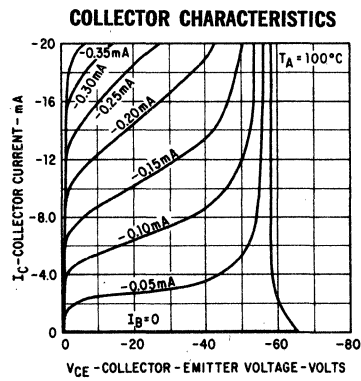
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 583°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.73 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 850°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.17 mW/°C).
- (3) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (4) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (5) Test conditions are as shown on Fig. 1 with fixed neutralization. Neutralization is optimum for a typical device with C_{re} ≈ 0.37 pF.
- (6) Test conditions are as shown on Fig. 2. This test assures gain variations ≤ 3 dB around a typical 25.5 dB nominal for the unneutralized case. For the neutralized case (MAG) typical gains of 40 dB are obtainable with the SE5023 and SE5024 at 45 MHz.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5022 • 2N5023

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	2N5022			2N5023			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 4 and 5)	-50			-30			Volts	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-50			-30			Volts	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-50			-30			Volts	$I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0			-5.0			Volts	$I_E = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.8	-1.0		-0.8	-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.9	-1.02		-0.9	-1.02	Volts	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.2	-1.75		-1.2	-1.75	Volts	$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		10	100				nA	$V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current					8.0	100	nA	$V_{CE} = -20\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES(100^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current		1.5	15				μA	$V_{CE} = -30\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES(100^\circ\text{C})}$	Collector Reverse Current					1.0	15	μA	$V_{CE} = -20\text{ V}$ $V_{BE} = 0$

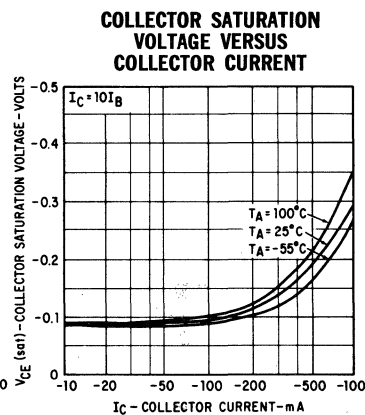
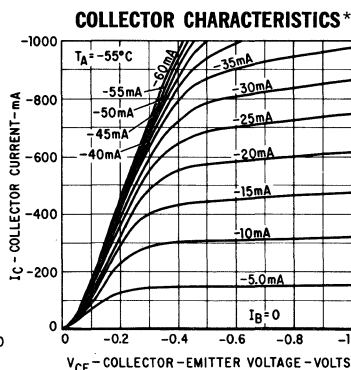
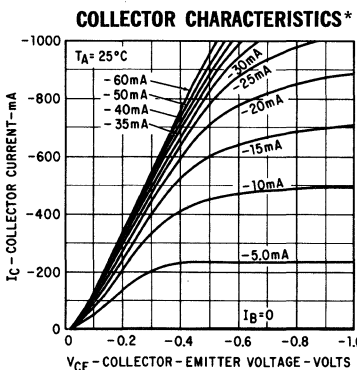
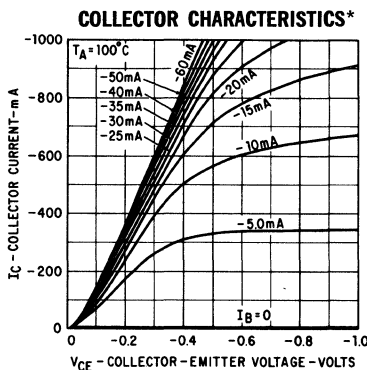
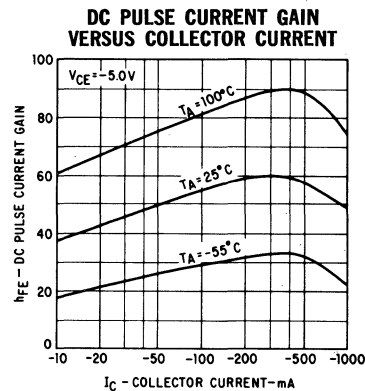
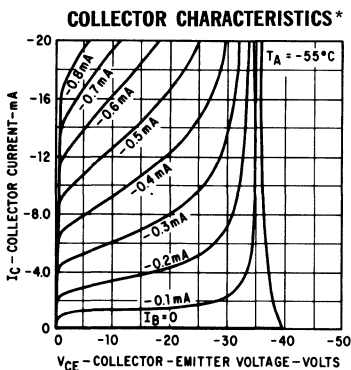
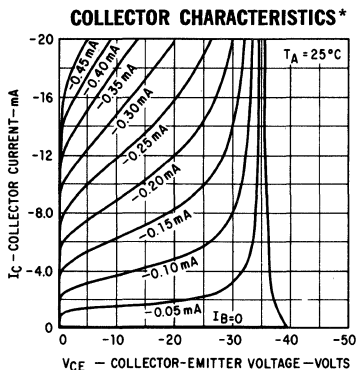
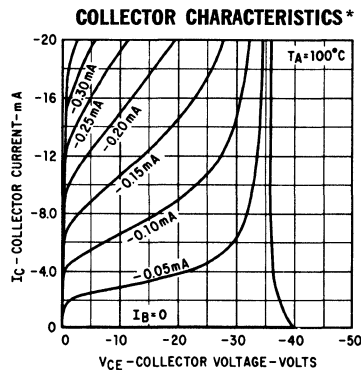
2N5022



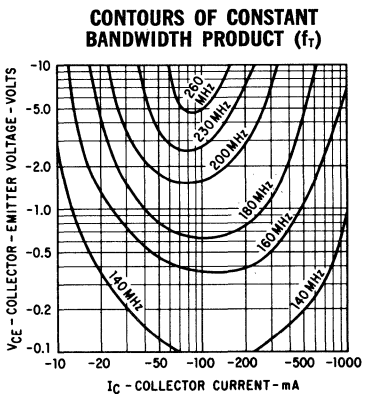
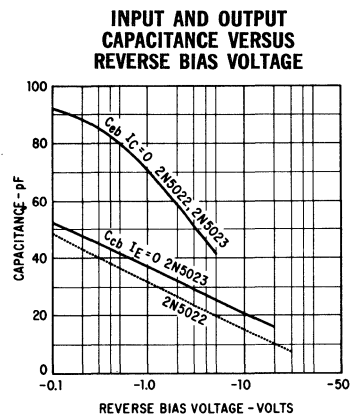
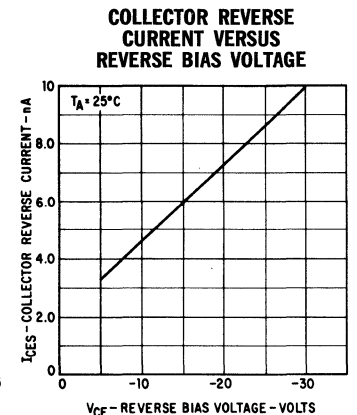
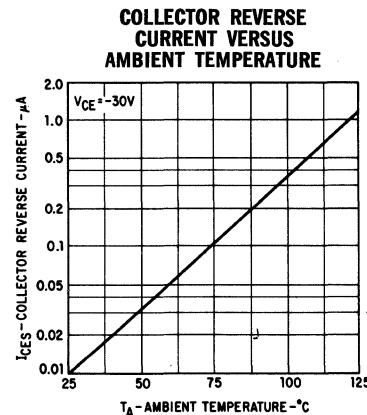
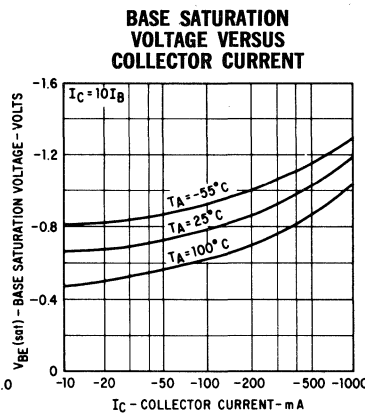
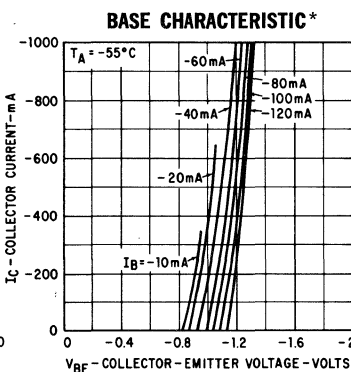
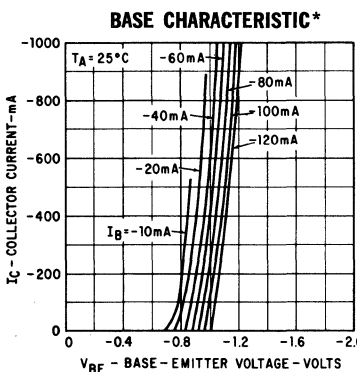
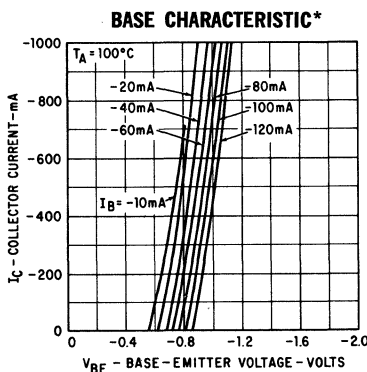
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5022 • 2N5023

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N5023

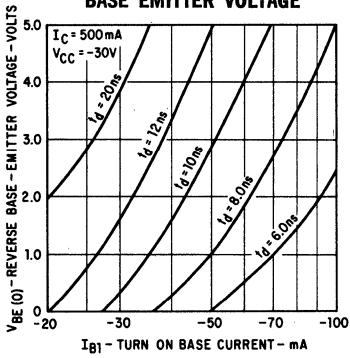


2N5022 • 2N5023

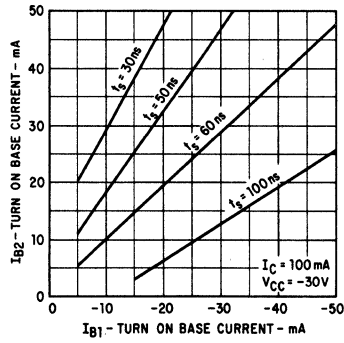


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

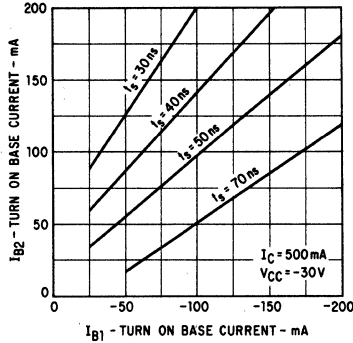
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



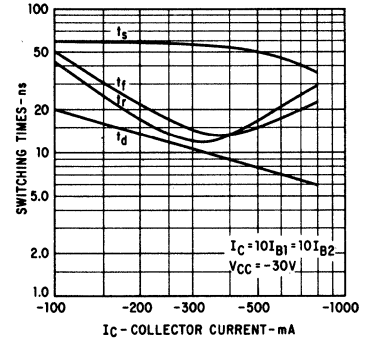
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



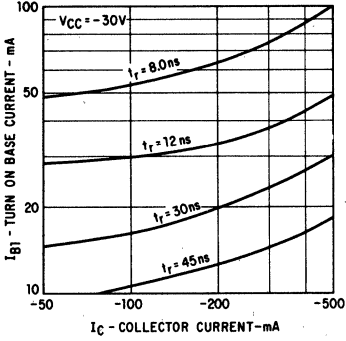
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



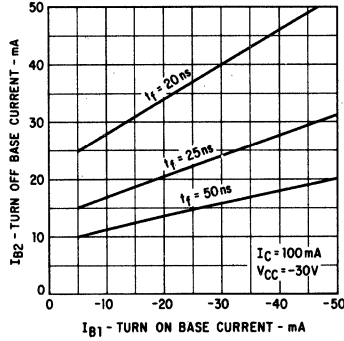
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



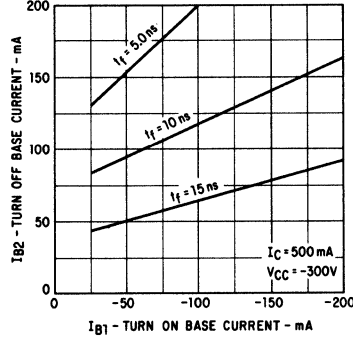
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND TURN-ON BASE CURRENTS



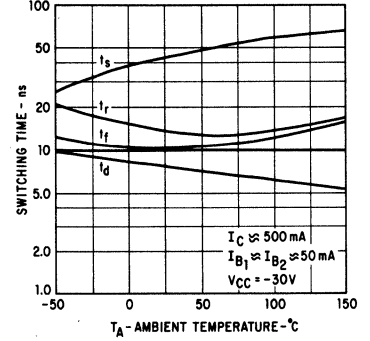
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



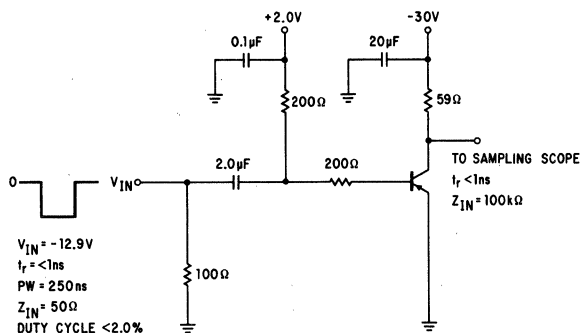
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



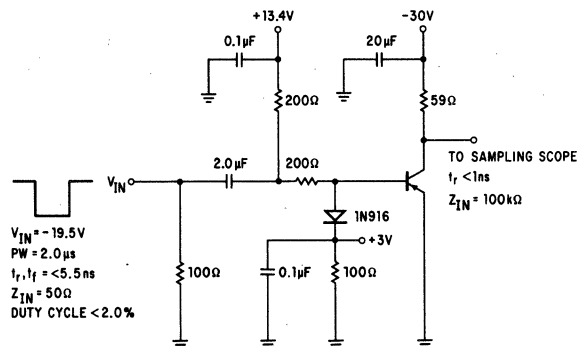
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



TURN-ON CIRCUIT



TURN-OFF CIRCUIT



SE5050 • SE5051

NPN RF AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

- **LOW FEEDBACK (C_{re})** -- 0.25–0.50 pF (Guaranteed Min. and Max.)
- **LOW NOISE FIGURE** -- 4 dB (Max.) at 100 MHz
- **HIGH POWER GAIN** -- 20 dB (Min.) at 100 MHz
- **FORWARD AGC**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature

–55°C to +175°C

Operating Junction Temperature

175°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Note 2)

0.260 Watt

at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Note 2)

0.175 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage

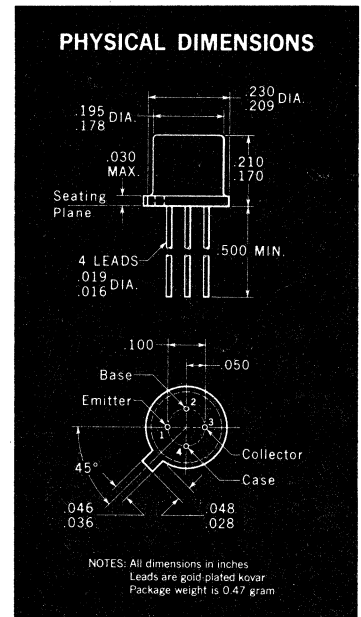
20 Volts

V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 3)

20 Volts

V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

3.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
NF	Noise Figure (f = 100 MHz) SE5050 (Notes 5 and 6)		3.0	4.0	dB	$V_{AGC} = 2.0V$ $R_G = 75\Omega$
NF	Noise Figure (f = 100 MHz) SE5051 (Notes 5 and 6)		3.0		dB	$V_{AGC} = 2.0V$ $R_G = 75\Omega$
PG	Power Gain (f = 100 MHz) (Notes 5 and 6)	20	27.5		dB	$V_{AGC} = 2.0V$ $R_G = 75\Omega$
$V_{AGC(30)}$	AGC Voltage for 30 db gain reduction (f = 100 MHz)		4.7		Volts	$R_S = 75\Omega$ (Notes 5 and 6)
C_{re}	Reverse transfer capacity Common emitter	0.25	0.37	0.50	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10V$ $f = 1.0 MHz$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 4)	20	40	200		$V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 4.0 mA$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter sustaining Voltage (Notes 3 and 4)	20			Volts	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $I_B = 0$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			50	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10V$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	20			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu A$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage			3.0	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 5 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage			0.96	Volt	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 5 mA$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	3.0				$I_C = 4.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = 10V$

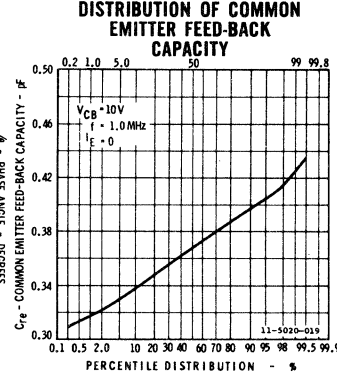
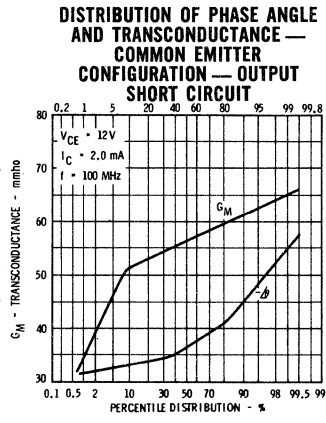
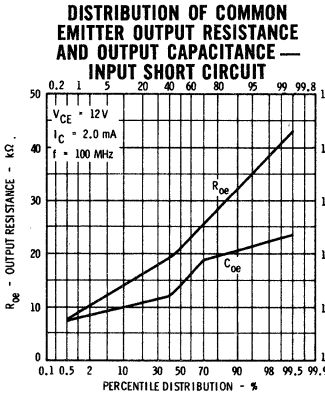
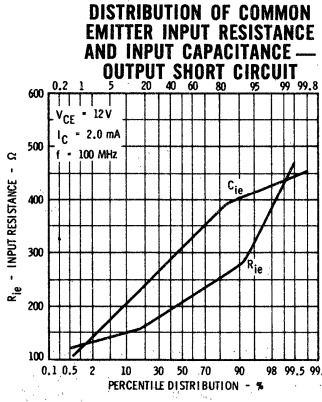
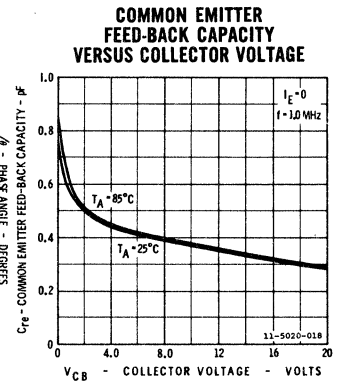
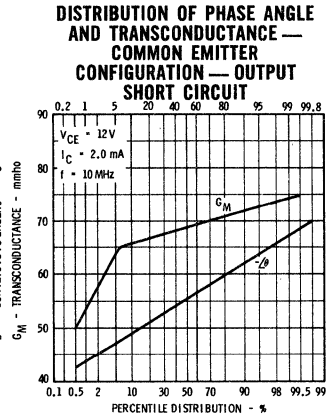
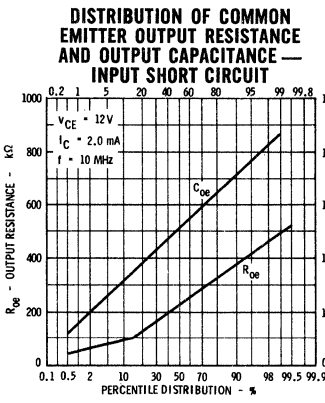
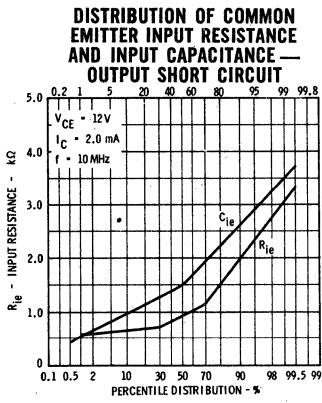
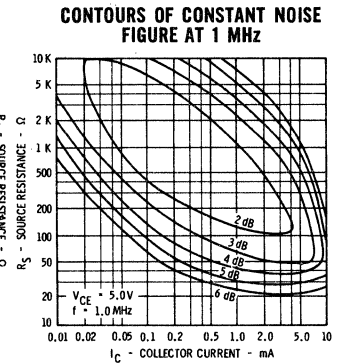
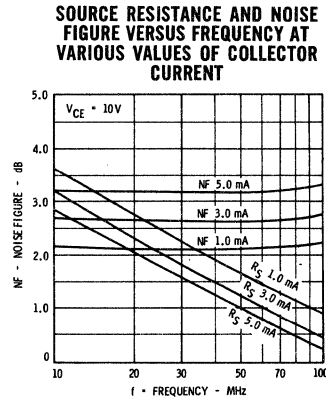
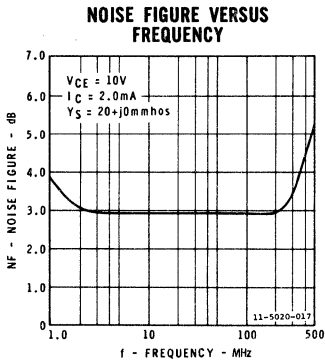
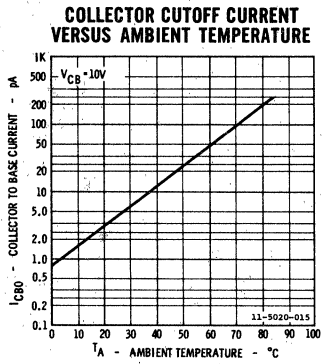
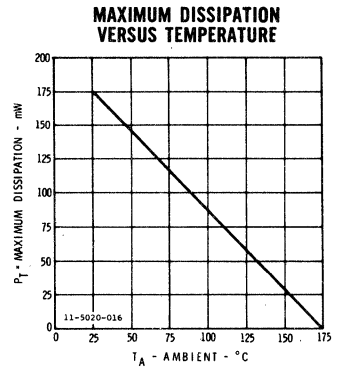
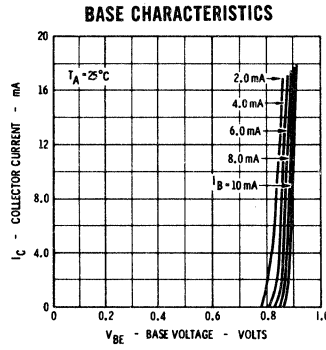
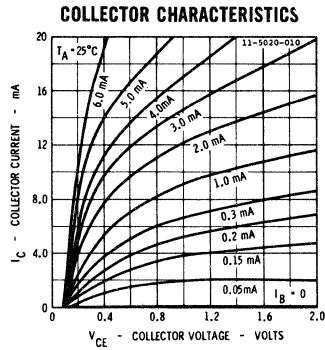
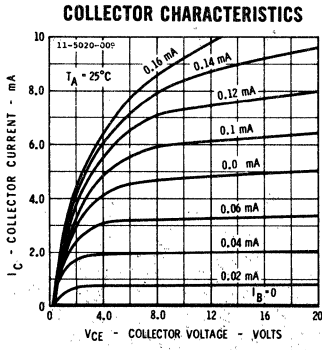
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 583°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.73 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 850°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.17 mW/°C).
- (3) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- (4) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ sec; duty cycle = 1%.
- (5) Test conditions are as shown on Fig. 1 with fixed neutralization. Neutralization is optimum for a typical device with $C_{re} \cong 0.37$ pF.
- (6) 50 Ω input is transformed so that the transistor under test sees 75 Ω .

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE5050 • SE5051

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE5050 • SE5051

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

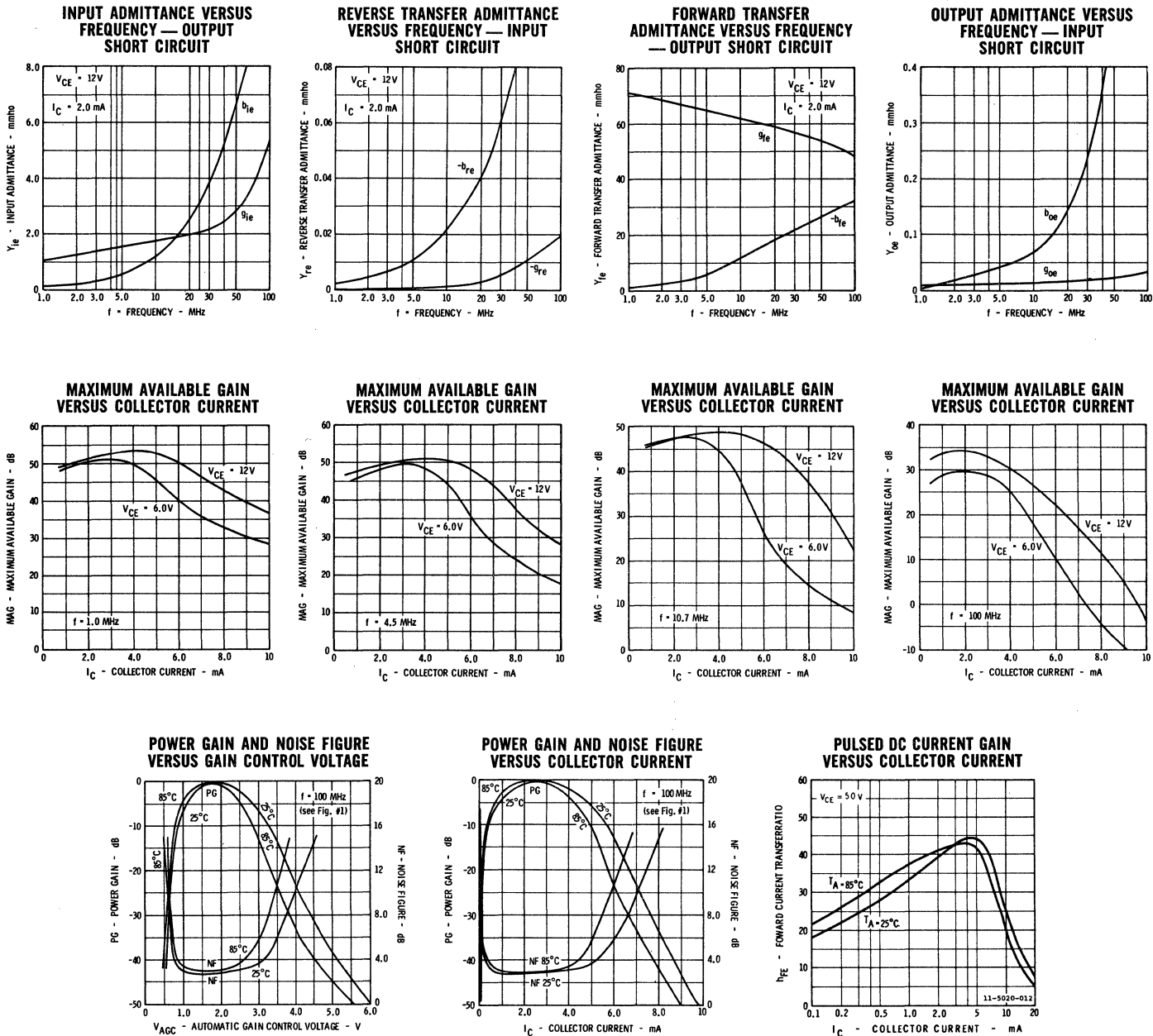
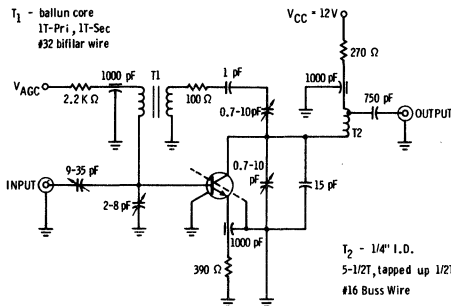


FIG. 1-100 MHz AGC, POWER GAIN, AND NOISE FIGURE TEST JIG



SE5052

NPN RF-AGC AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

- OPTIMIZED FOR COMMON-BASE VHF OPERATION
- FORWARD AGC CAPABILITY TO -30 dB
- LOW NOISE FIGURE . . . 4.0 dB MAX. AT 200 MHz, $R_S = 50 \Omega$
- HIGH UNNEUTRALIZED GAIN . . . 16 dB MIN. AT 200 MHz, $R_S = 50 \Omega$
- OFFERS IMPROVED CROSS-MODULATION PERFORMANCE OVER COMMON EMITTER CONFIGURATION

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES

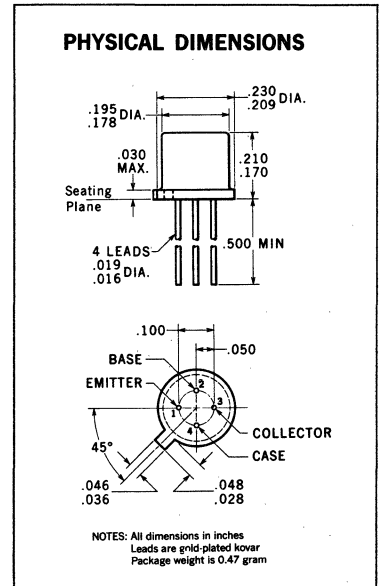
Storage Temperature	-55°C to +175°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+175°C

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION

Total dissipation at	
25°C Case Temperature (Note 2)	0.260 Watt
25°C Ambient Temperature (Note 2)	0.175 Watt

MAXIMUM VOLTAGES

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	20 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 3)	20 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	3.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
N.F.	Noise figure, $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ Common base configuration		3.0	4.0	dB	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ see fig. 1
P.G.	Power gain, $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ Unneutralized common-base	16	18		dB	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$ see fig. 1
$I_{AGC} -30 \text{ dB}$	Collector current required for 30 dB gain reduction		10.0		mA	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ see fig. 1
C_{ce}	Collector to emitter capacitance ($f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$)		0.17		pF	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_B = 0$
I_B	Base current		80	200	μA	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High frequency current gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	3.75	5.0			$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$
I_{CBO}	Collector to base reverse leakage current			50	nA	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to emitter sustaining voltage	20			V	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to base breakdown voltage	20			V	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to base breakdown voltage	3.0			V	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector to emitter saturation voltage			3.0	V	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor may be impaired.
- 2) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 583°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.73 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 850°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.17 mW/°C).
- 3) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
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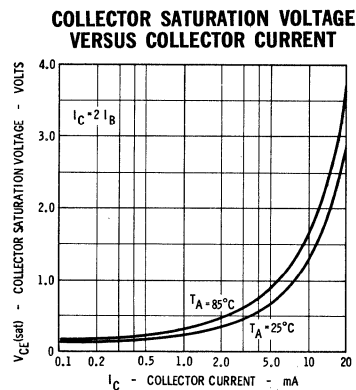
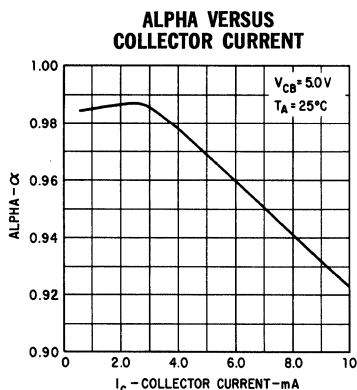
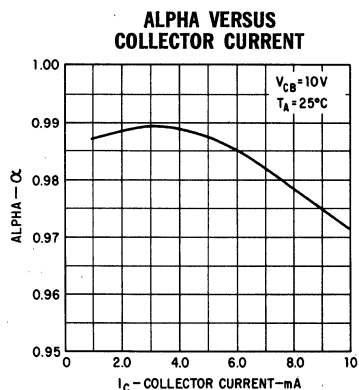
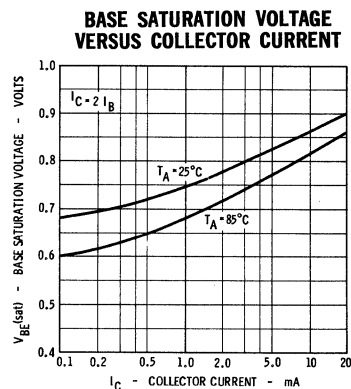
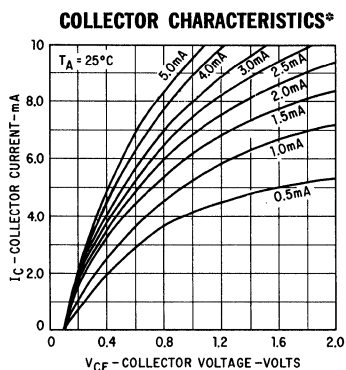
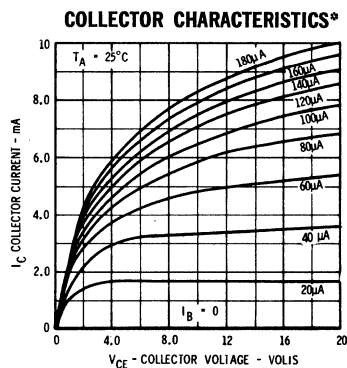
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR SE5052

TYPICAL COMMON-BASE "Y" PARAMETERS - $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

$V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_C = 3.0\text{ mA}$, $f = 200\text{ MHz}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAGNITUDE
$ Y_{ib} $	INPUT ADMITTANCE OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT	50 — j40 mmhos
$ Y_{rb} $	REVERSE TRANSADMITTANCE INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT	210 μmhos at $\angle -95^\circ$
$ Y_{fb} $	FORWARD TRANSADMITTANCE OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT	70 mmhos at $\angle 120^\circ$
$ Y_{ob} $	OUTPUT ADMITTANCE INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT	0.2 + j1.45 mmhos

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

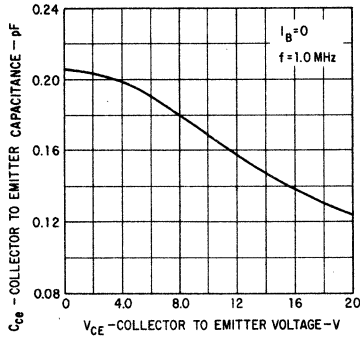


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer

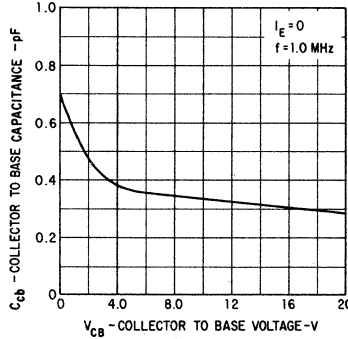
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR SE5052

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

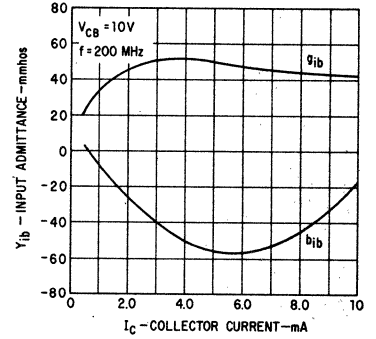
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CAPACITANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



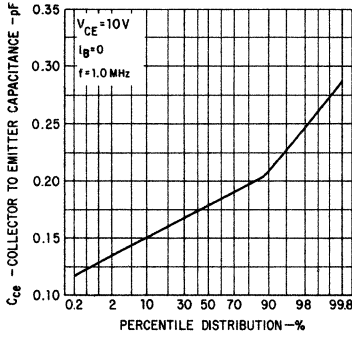
COLLECTOR TO BASE CAPACITANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE



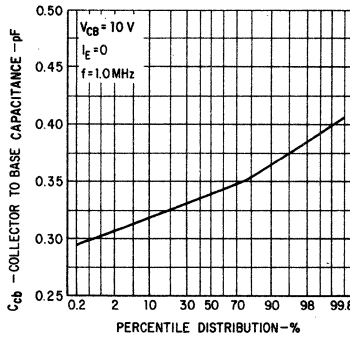
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



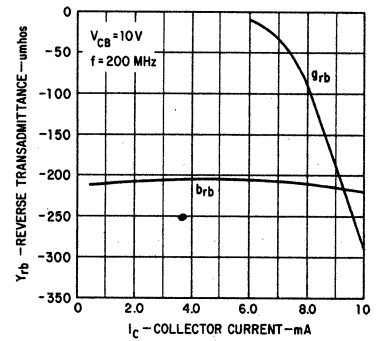
DISTRIBUTION OF COLLECTOR* TO EMITTER CAPACITANCE



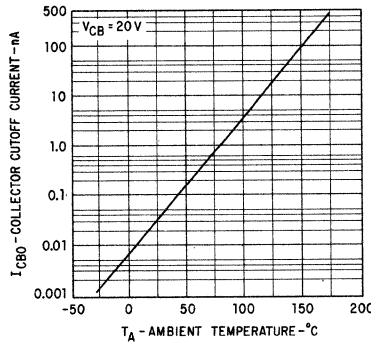
DISTRIBUTION OF COLLECTOR* TO BASE CAPACITANCE



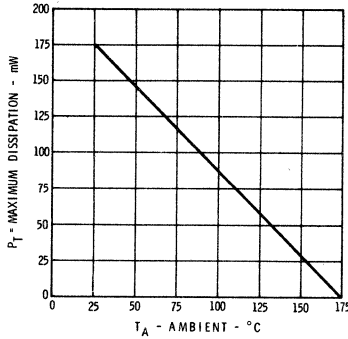
REVERSE TRANSADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



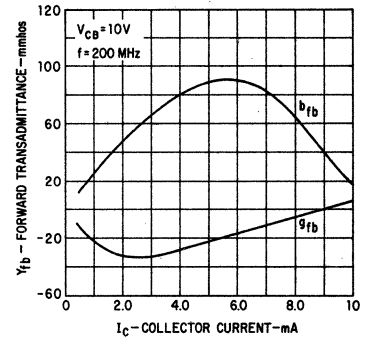
COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



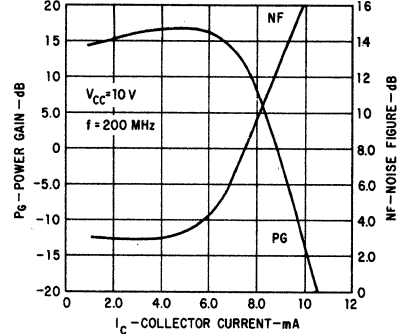
MAXIMUM DISSIPATION VERSUS TEMPERATURE



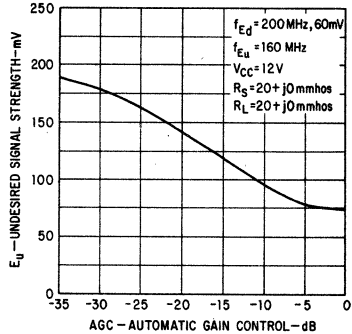
FORWARD TRANSADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



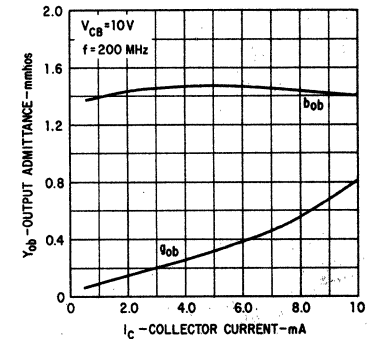
POWER GAIN AND NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



UNDESIRABLE SIGNAL STRENGTH FOR 1.0% CROSS MODULATION VERSUS AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL (FORWARD)

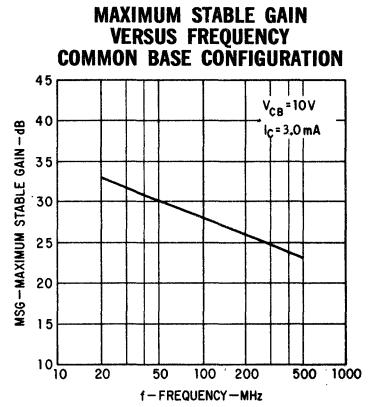
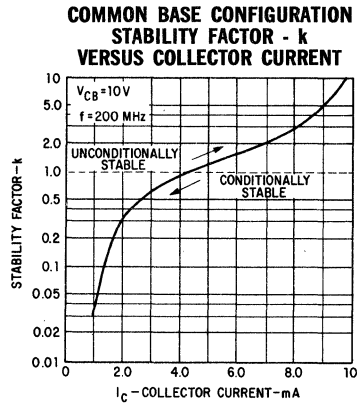
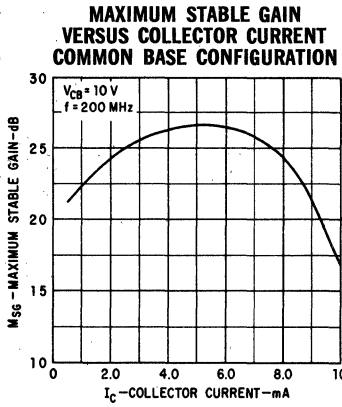


OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



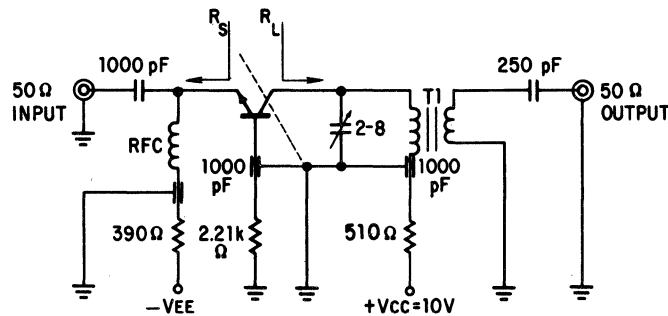
* These distributions derived from a random sample of 200 units.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR SE5052



Rollett stability factor 'k' is defined as:
$$k = \frac{2g_{i0} - \text{Re}(Y_f Y_r)}{|Y_f Y_r|}$$

**FIG. 1 200 MHz COMMON BASE POWER GAIN, NOISE FIGURE,
AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL TEST CIRCUIT**



**T1—3:1 RATIO NO. 22 BIFILAR ON MICROMETALS TOROID,
P/N T30-12**
 $R_S = 50 \Omega$, $R_L = 2.5 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $f_{bw} - 8.0 \text{ MHz}$

SE5055

NPN RF-AGC AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTOR

- **LOW FEEDBACK CAPACITY (C_{cb})** — 0.13 pF TYPICAL, 0.22 pF MAX.
- **HIGH UNNEUTRALIZED POWER GAIN** — 27 dB MIN. at 45 MHz.
- **V_{AGC} GUARANTEED FOR** — 30 dB and — 50 dB at 45 MHz.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature
Operating Junction Temperature

–55°C to +175°C
+175°C

Maximum Power Dissipation

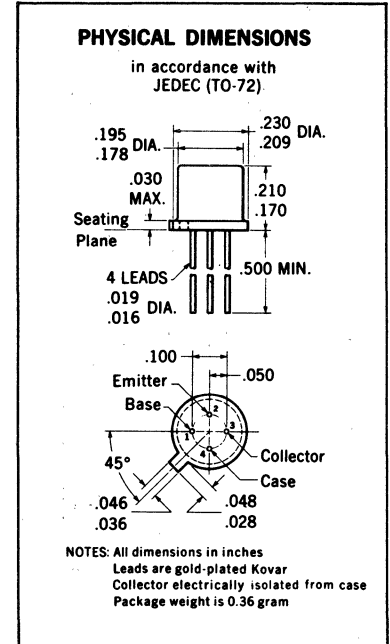
Total dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Note 2]
at 25°C Ambient Temperature [Note 2]

0.260 Watt
0.175 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage
 V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 3]
 V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage

20 Volts
20 Volts
3.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
P.G.	Power Gain (f = 45 MHz)	27	29		dB	$V_{BE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$, See Figure 1
N.F.	Noise Figure (f = 45 MHz)		2.7	5.0	dB	$V_{BE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$, See Figure 1
V_{AGC}	AGC Voltage for 30 dB Gain Reduction (f = 45 MHz)	3.3	4.15	5.0	Volts	$V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$, See Figure 1
I_{AGC}	Collector Current for 30 dB Gain Reduction (f = 45 MHz)		7.2		mA	$V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$, See Figure 1
V_{AGC}	AGC Voltage for 50 dB Gain Reduction (f = 45 MHz)		6.15	7.5	Volts	$V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$, See Figure 1
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		0.13	0.22	pF	$I_E = 0$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	20	80	220		$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
V_{CEO} (Sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 3]	20			Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current			50	nA	$I_E = 0$, $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	20			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$, $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	3.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$, $I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$
V_{CE} (Sat)	Collector Saturation Voltage			2.75	Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	3.0	5.0			$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
R_{iep}	Input Resistance, Common Emitter (f = 45 MHz)		400		Ohms	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{iep}	Input Capacitance, Common Emitter (f = 45 MHz)		16		pF	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
R_{oep}	Output Resistance, Common Emitter (f = 45 MHz)		67		kohms	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{oep}	Output Capacitance, Common Emitter (f = 45 MHz)		1.2		pF	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- 2) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 175°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 583°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.73 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 850°C/Watt (derating factor of 1.17 mW/°C).
- 3) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.

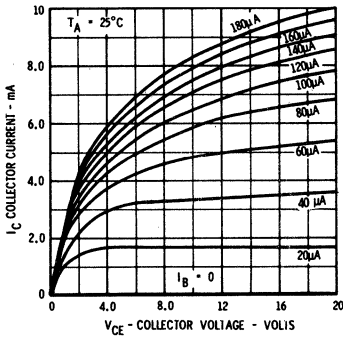
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

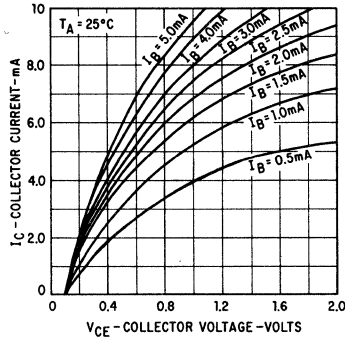
313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR SE5055

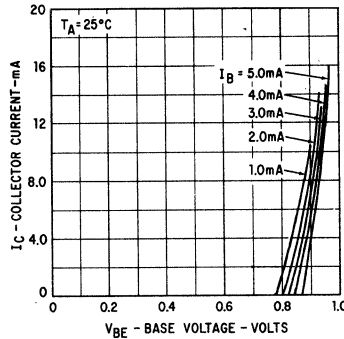
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



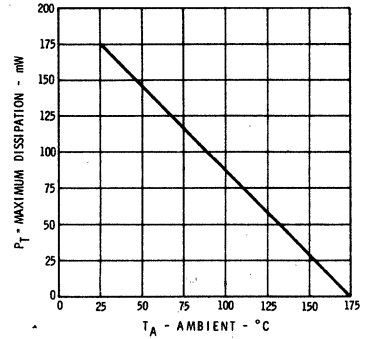
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



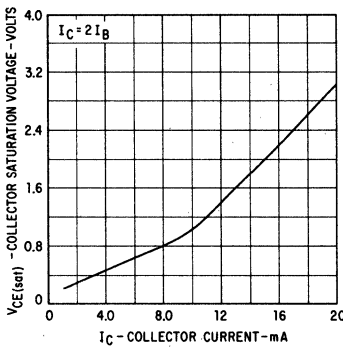
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



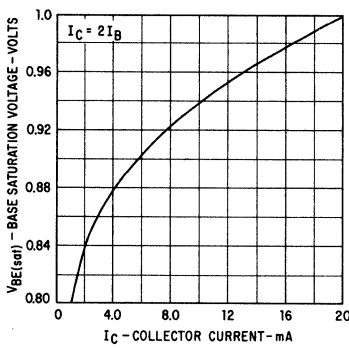
MAXIMUM DISSIPATION VERSUS TEMPERATURE



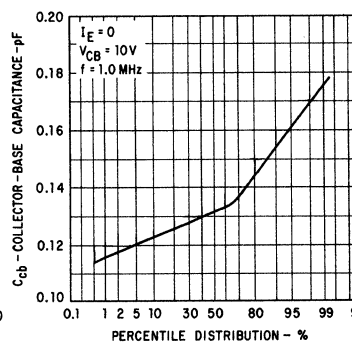
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



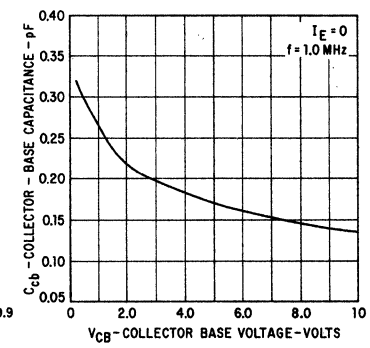
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



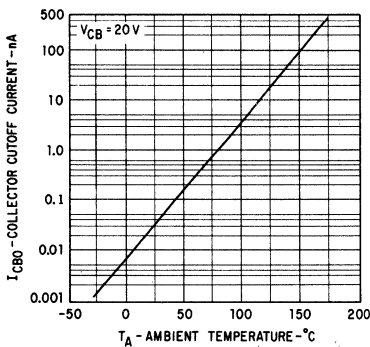
DISTRIBUTION OF COLLECTOR-BASE CAPACITANCE



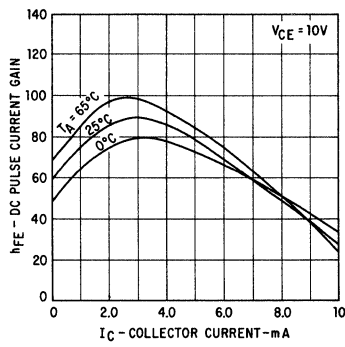
COLLECTOR-BASE CAPACITANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR-BASE VOLTAGE



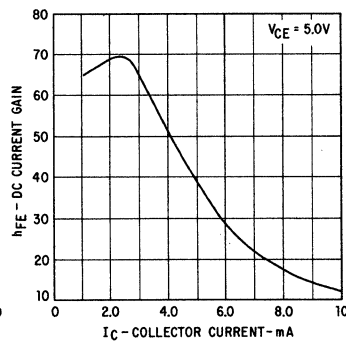
COLLECTOR CUT OFF CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



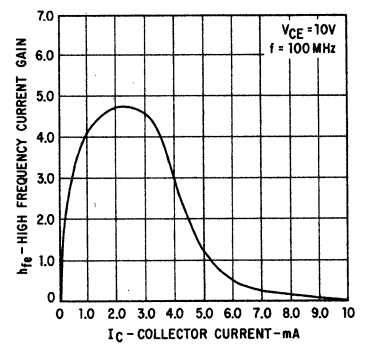
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

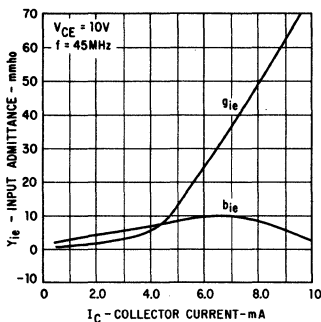


* Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

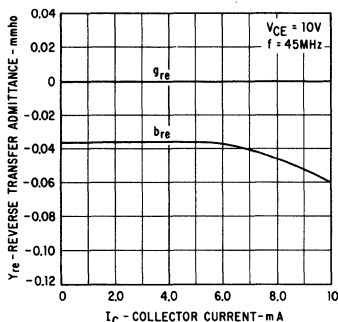
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR SE5055

TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

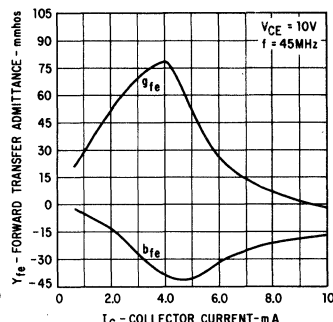
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



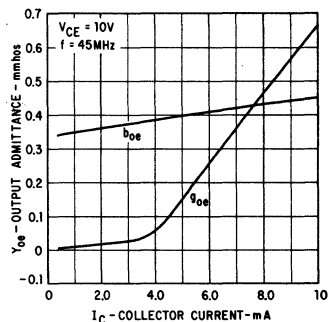
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



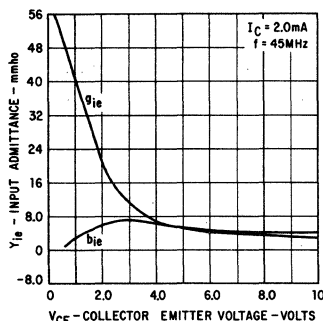
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



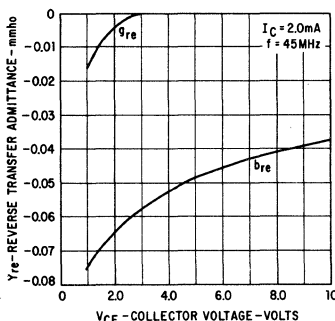
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



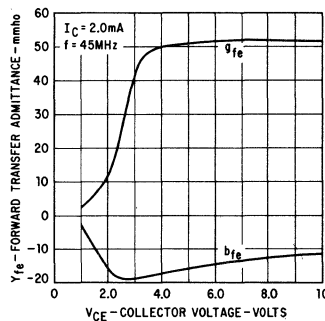
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



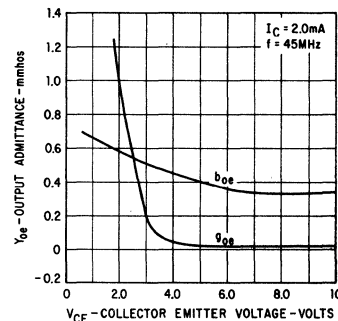
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



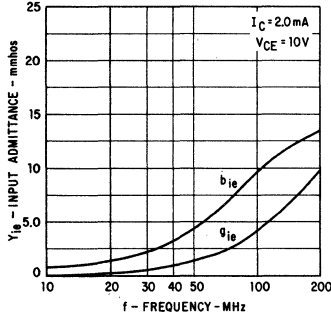
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



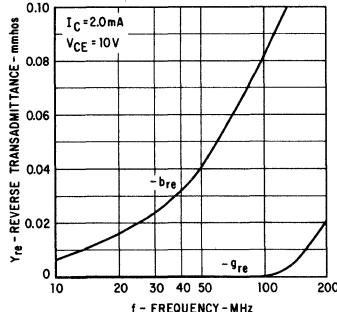
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



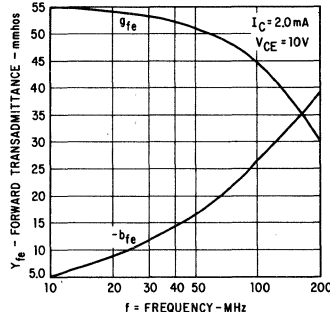
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



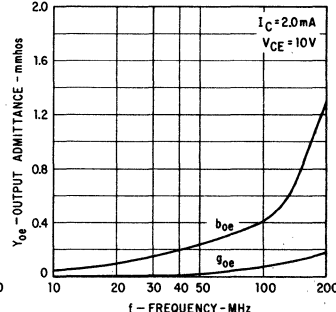
REVERSE TRANSADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



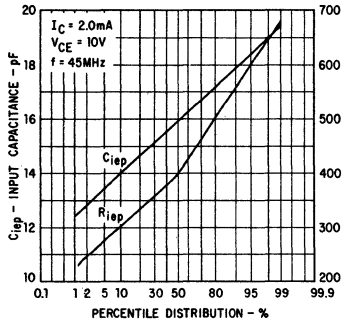
FORWARD TRANSADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



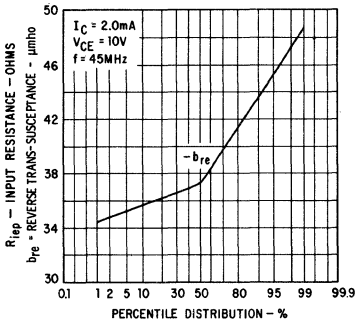
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



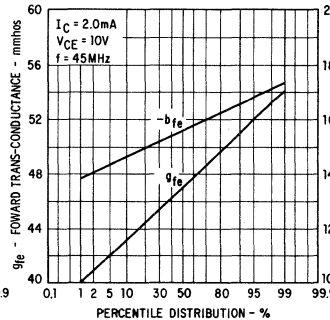
DISTRIBUTION OF INPUT CAPACITANCE AND INPUT RESISTANCE — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



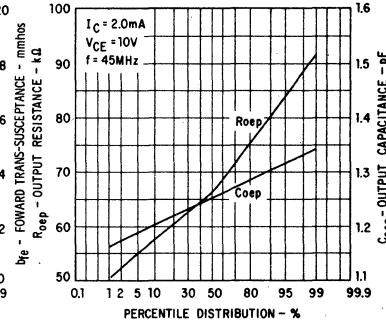
DISTRIBUTION OF REVERSE TRANSADMITTANCE — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



DISTRIBUTION OF FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

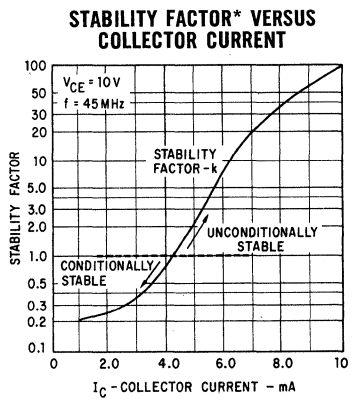
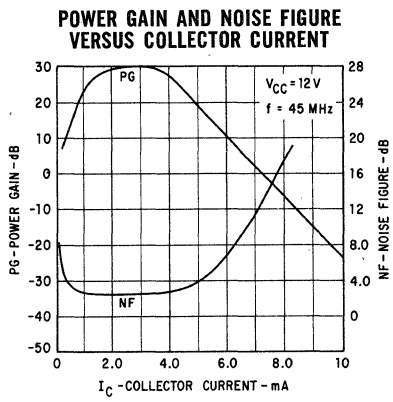
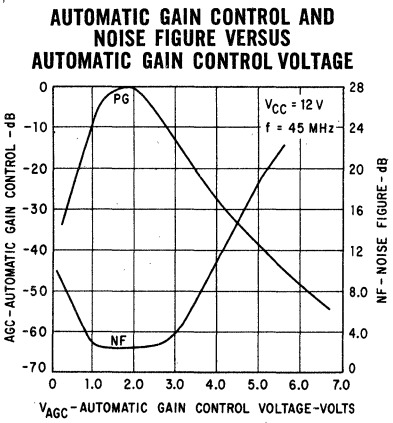
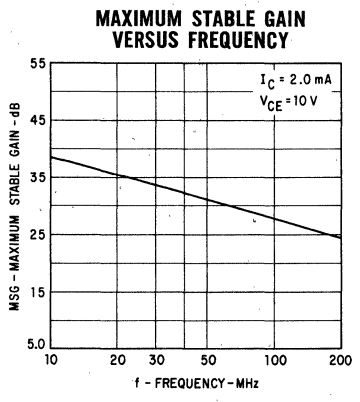
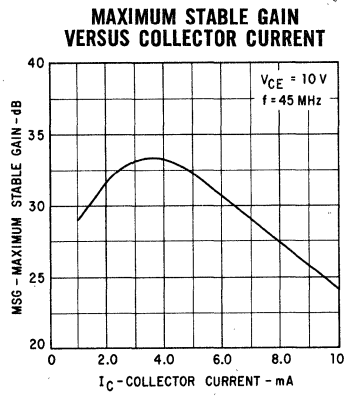
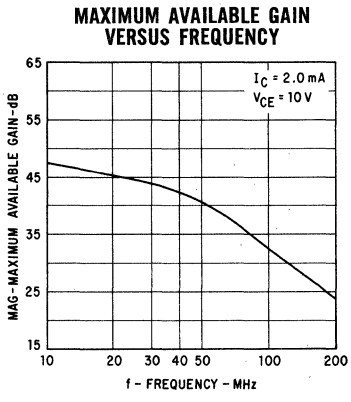
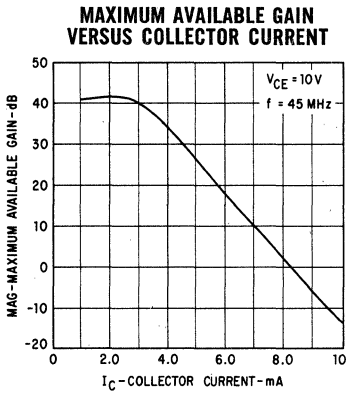


DISTRIBUTION OF OUTPUT CAPACITANCE AND OUTPUT RESISTANCE — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

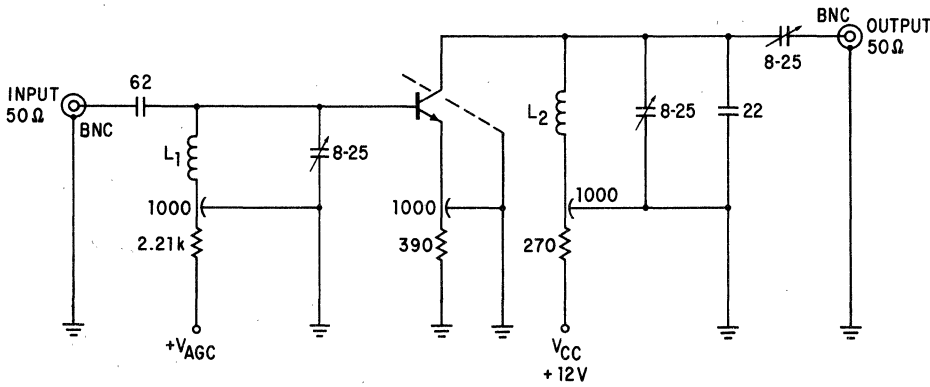


* These distributions derived from a random sample of 100 units.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR SE5055



SE5055 45 MHz GAIN, NOISE FIGURE, AGC CIRCUIT



- L₁ — 7 TURNS No.16 BUSS WIRE
5/8" L X 5/16" I.D.
- L₂ — 4 TURNS No.16 BUSS WIRE
1/2" L X 1/2" I.D.
- ALL CAPACITIES IN pF.
- ALL RESISTANCE IN Ω, 1/2W, 1% TOL.
- ERIE TUNEABLES P/N N300
- ERIE FEEDTHRU P/N 370CB102J
- R_g = 120 Ω
- R_L = 750 Ω

FIGURE 1

* Rollett stability factor k, where $k = \frac{2 \operatorname{gigo} - \operatorname{Re}(Y_r Y_i)}{|Y_r Y_i|}$

2N5056 • 2N5057

PNP HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCHES

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR*II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

- **FAST SWITCHING** $t_{on} = 20$ ns (MAX) AT 30 mA
 $t_{off} = 35$ ns (MAX) AT 30 mA
 $\tau_s = 30$ ns (MAX) AT 10 mA
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** $f_T = 800$ MHz (MIN) AT 30 mA
- **LOW CAPACITANCE** $C_{cb} = 4.5$ pF (MAX) AT 5 V
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** . . . $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.19$ V (MAX) AT $I_C = 30$ mA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	+300°C

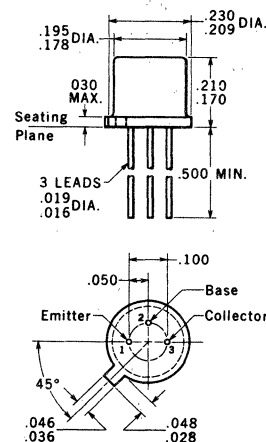
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.2 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	0.72 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-15 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-15 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.5 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-18) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
Leads are gold-plated kovar
Collector internally connected to case
Package weight is 0.44 gram

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

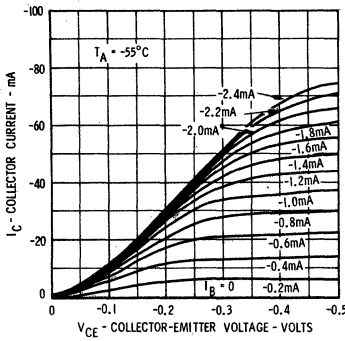
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	2N5056			2N5057			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6, Figure 1)		10	20	10	20	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 3.0$ mA	
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6, Figure 1)		15	35	15	35	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} \approx 3.0$ mA	
τ_s	Charge Storage Time (Note 6, Figure 1)		15	30	15	30	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 10$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -10$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.08	-0.13	-0.08	-0.13	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.12	-0.19	-0.12	-0.19	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.28	-0.45	-0.28	-0.45	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 10$ mA	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.72	-0.82	-0.92	-0.72	-0.82	-0.92	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 1.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.80	-0.93	-1.15	-0.80	-0.93	-1.15	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 3.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.95	-1.14	-1.5	-0.95	-1.14	-1.5	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 10$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	6.0	9.0		8.0	12		$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V	
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance		3.3	4.5		3.3	4.5	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -5.0$ V
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance		4.7	6.0		4.7	6.0	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -0.5$ V
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.3	50		0.3	50	nA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V	$V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES(+125^\circ C)}$	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	10		0.05	10	μ A	$V_{CE} = -10$ V	$V_{BE} = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-15			-15			Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_E = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-15			-15			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A	$I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-15			-15			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A	$V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.5			-4.5			Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 100$ μ A
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12	25		20	44		$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.5$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	33		30	53		$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.3$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	48	100	40	63	100	$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.5$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	45		30	55		$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = -1.0$ V	
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	12	25		20	38		$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.5$ V	

Notes on page 4

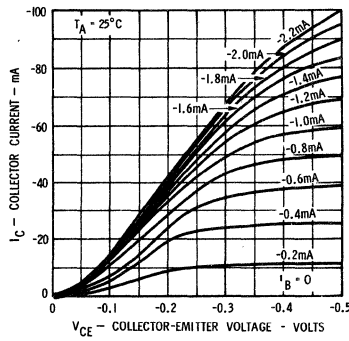
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

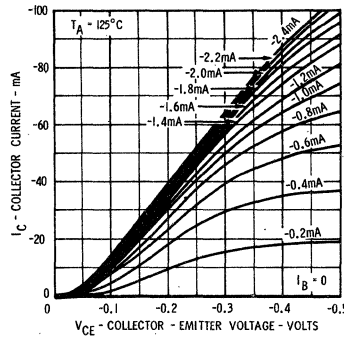
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS* SATURATION REGION



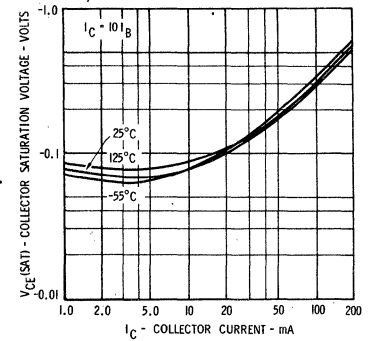
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS* SATURATION REGION



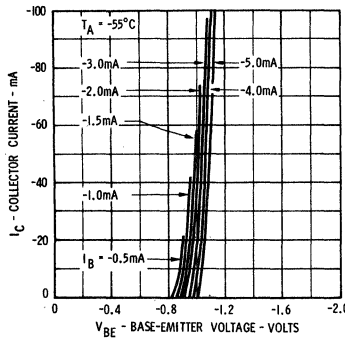
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS* SATURATION REGION



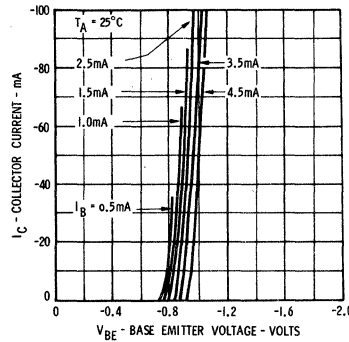
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



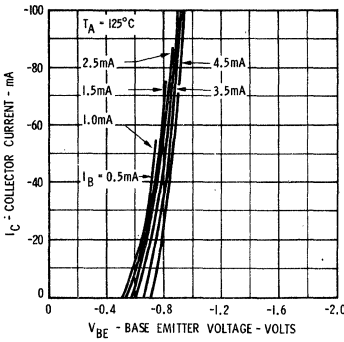
BASE CHARACTERISTICS* SATURATION REGION



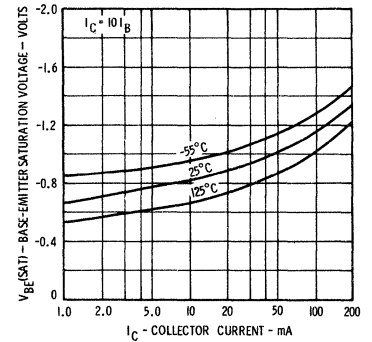
BASE CHARACTERISTICS* SATURATION REGION



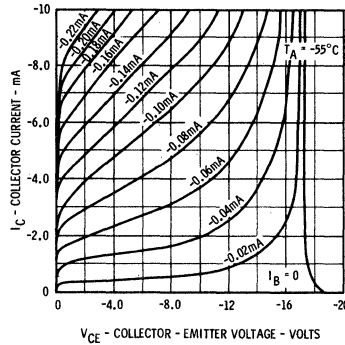
BASE CHARACTERISTICS* SATURATION REGION



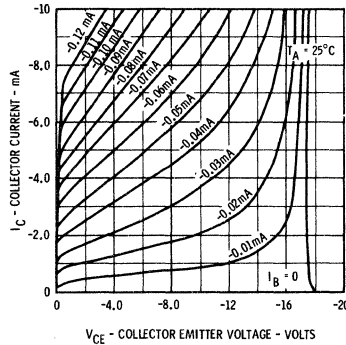
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



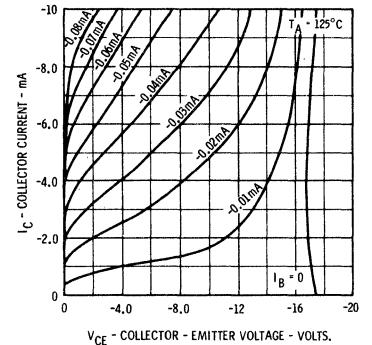
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS ACTIVE REGION



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS ACTIVE REGION



COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS ACTIVE REGION

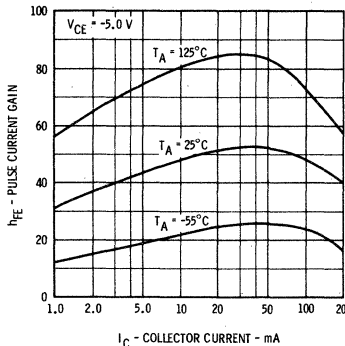


*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

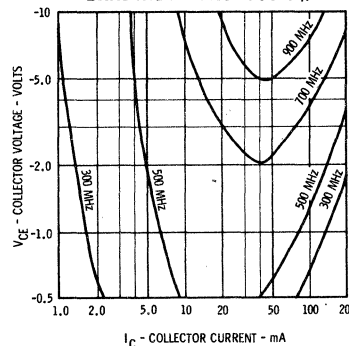
2N5056

2N5057

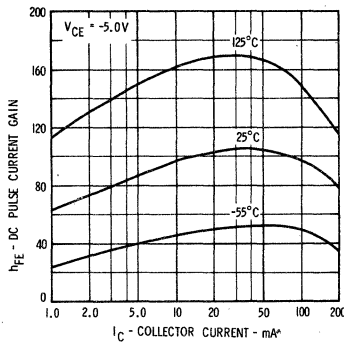
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



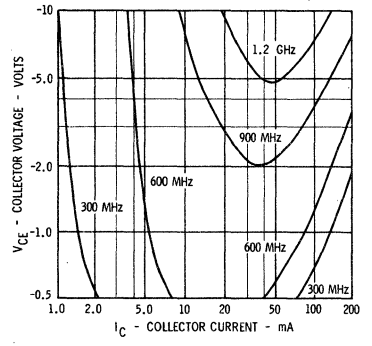
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

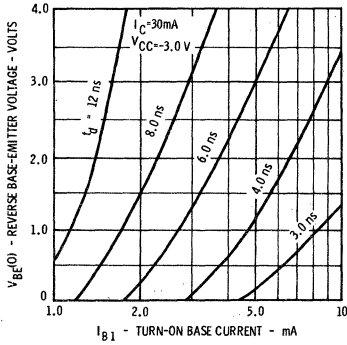


CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)

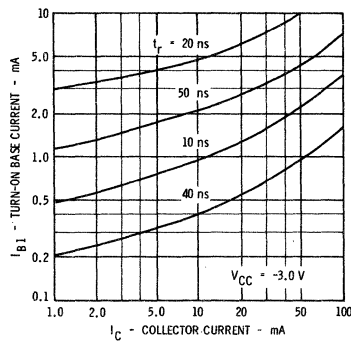


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

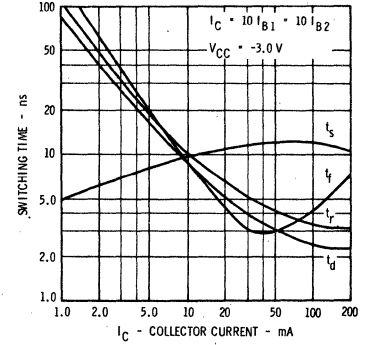
DELAY TIME VERSUS ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



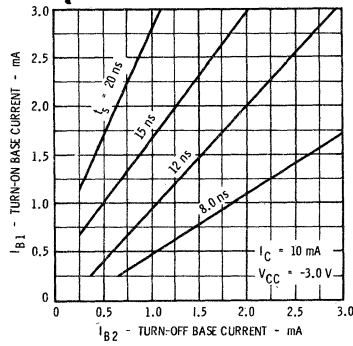
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



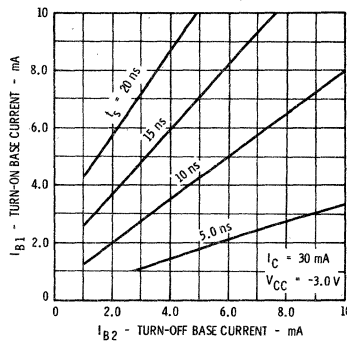
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



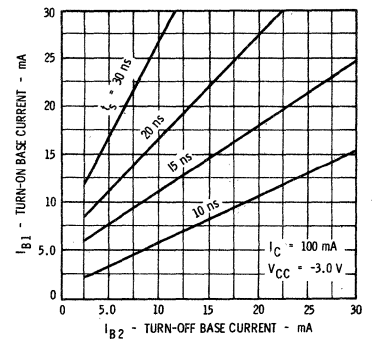
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



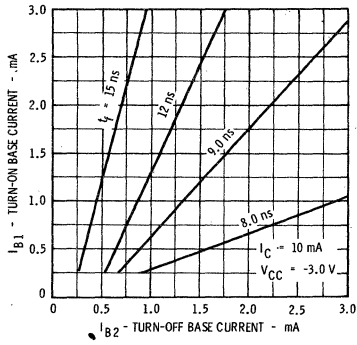
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



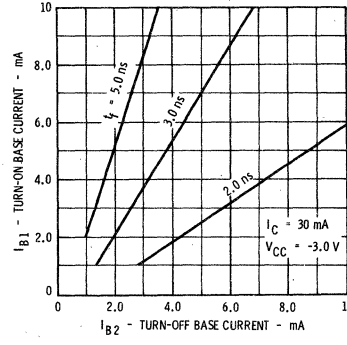
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



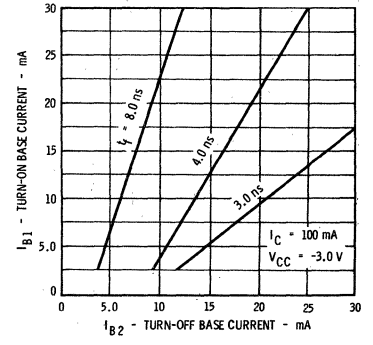
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



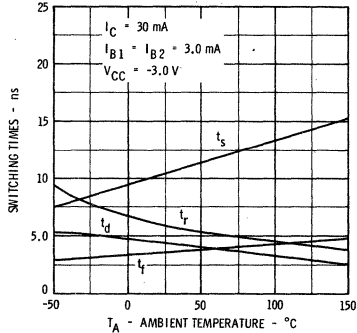
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



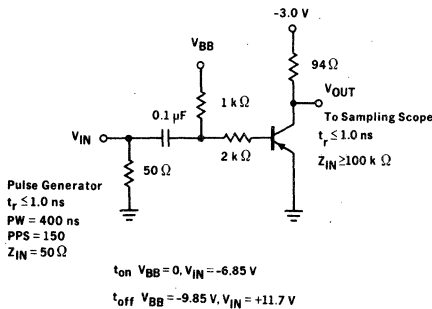
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



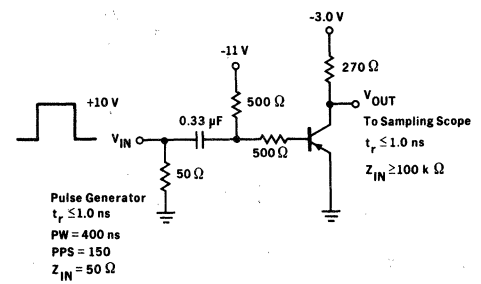
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 1

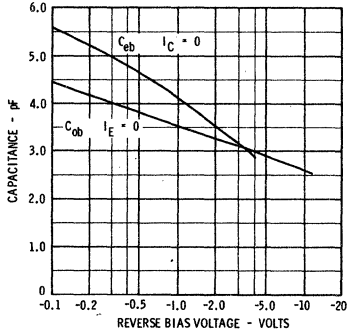


SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 2

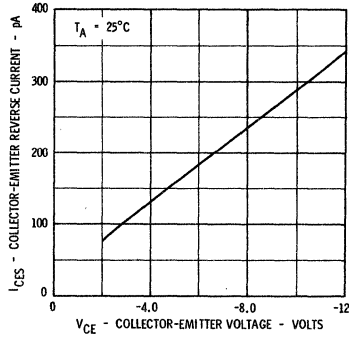


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5056 • 2N5057

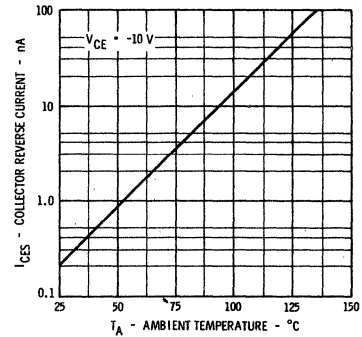
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



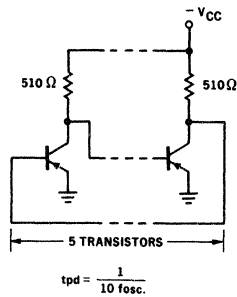
COLLECTOR-EMITTER REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



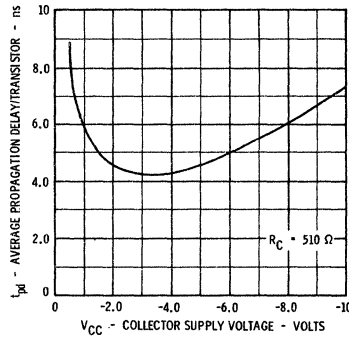
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



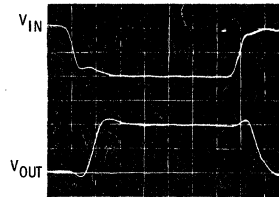
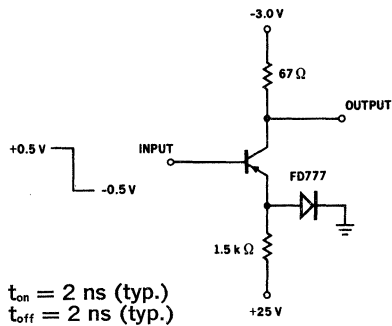
FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY PER TRANSISTOR VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



NONSATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 146°C/watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

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2N5065

NPN HIGH SPEED HIGH CURRENT RADIATION RESISTANT SWITCH SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

FEATURES

- GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER 3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV (INTEGRATED FAST NEUTRON DOSE)
- 15 ns MAX. t_{on} ; 35 ns MAX. t_{off} ; 16 ns MAX. τ_s
- 0.95 V MAX. $V_{CE(sat)}$ @ 1.0 Amp.
- 500 MHz MIN. f_T
- h_{FE} — 10 MIN. POST-IRRADIATION; 50 MIN. PRE-IRRADIATION @ 300 mA

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures

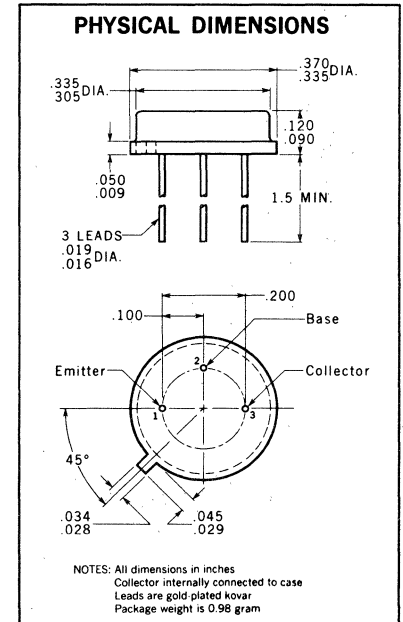
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 60 second time limit)	+300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation [Notes 2 and 3]

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	2.5 Watts
25°C Ambient Temperature	0.6 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	25 Volts
V_{CES} Collector to Emitter Voltage	25 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 5]	15 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	4.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	1.0 Amp.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	PRE-IRRADIATION				POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)				UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		Min.	Typ.	Max.			
t_{on}	Turn On Time [Note 6]		11	15		11	15		ns	$I_C \approx 1.0$ A	$I_{B1} \approx 200$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time [Note 6]		20	35		15	35		ns	$I_C \approx 1.0$ A	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} \approx 200$ mA
τ_s	Charge Storage Time [Note 6]		13	16		8.0	16		ns	$I_C \approx 100$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 100$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -100$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	5.5	7.0		5.0	6.8				$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.15	0.23		0.21	0.30		Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.20	0.33		0.29	0.42		Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 30$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.45	0.70		0.59	0.95		Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ A	$I_B = 200$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$ (125°C)	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.3	0.5		0.4	0.6		Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 30$ mA
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	50	88	120	10	19				$I_C = 300$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	50	96		11	20				$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
$h_{FE} (-35^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	20	40		5.0	7.0				$I_C = 300$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
$h_{FE} (-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	15	36		3.0	5.0				$I_C = 300$ mA	$V_{CE} = 0.5$ V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.79	1.1		0.81	1.1		Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]		0.9	1.3		0.91	1.3		Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 30$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage [Note 5]	1.0	1.17	2.4	1.0	1.24	2.4		Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ A	$I_B = 200$ mA
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		8.5	100		8.5	100		μ A	$V_{CE} = 15$ V	$V_{EB} = 0$
I_{CES} (125°C)	Collector Reverse Current			150			150		μ A	$V_{CE} = 15$ V	$V_{EB} = 0$
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance		6.0	15		6.0	15		pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 5.0$ V
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance		15	25		15	25		pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5$ V
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	25	46		25	54			Volts	$I_C = 0.5$ mA	$I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	25	25		25	25			Volts	$I_C = 0.5$ mA	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 5]	15	17.5		15	23			Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0	5.7		4.0	5.8			Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 0.1$ mA

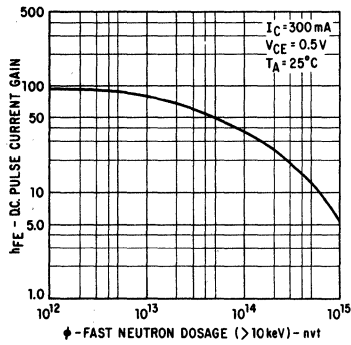
* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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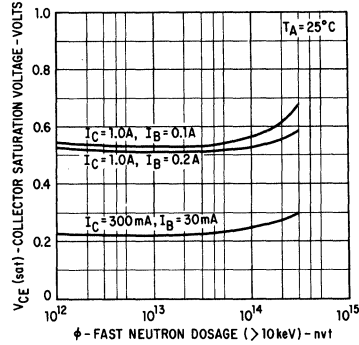
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5065

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

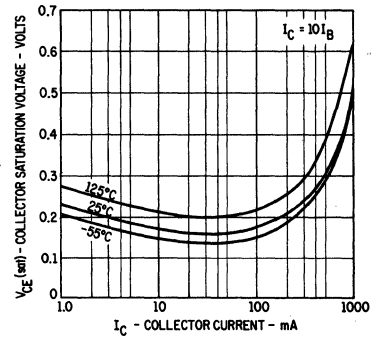
DC CURRENT GAIN VERSUS NEUTRON DOSAGE



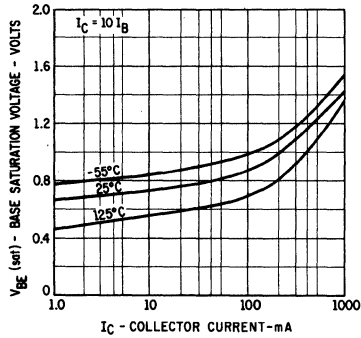
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE



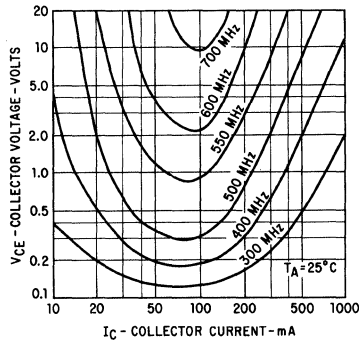
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



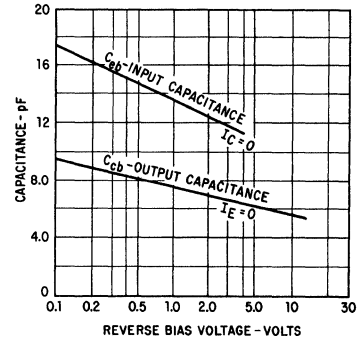
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



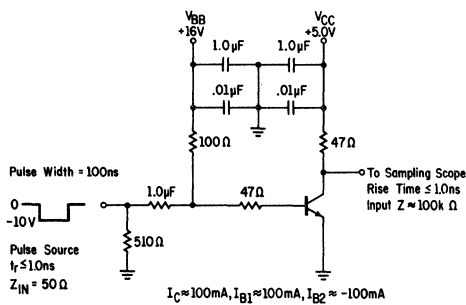
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (fT)



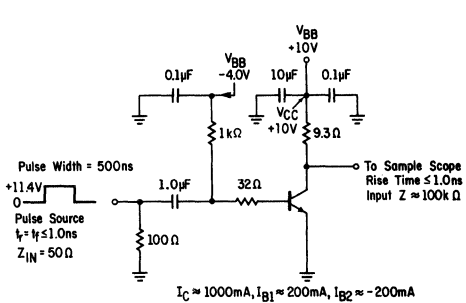
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



CHARGE STORAGE TIME MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



t_{on} AND t_{off} MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 291.7°C/Watt (derating factor of 3.43 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 µs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of IC, IB1 and IB2.

2N5106 • 2N5107

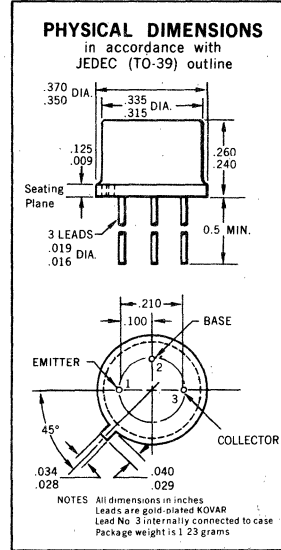
NPN RADIATION RESISTANT GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIERS AND SWITCHES

DOUBLE DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

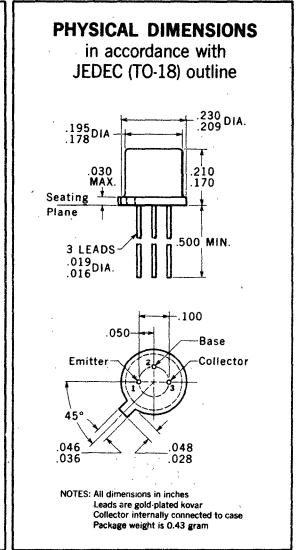
- **GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER NEUTRON IRRADIATION OF 3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV**
- **GAIN** $h_{FE} = 8.0$ (MIN), 13 (TYP) AT 150 mA
 $h_{FE} = 100$ (MIN) AT 150 mA PREIRRADIATION
 $f_T = 200$ MHz (MIN) AT 50 mA
- **BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE** . . . $V_{CEO} = 30$ V (MIN)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures			
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C	
Operating Junction Temperature			+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)			+300°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)			
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature		2N5106	2N5107
at 25°C Ambient Temperature		3.0 Watts	1.8 Watts
		0.8 Watt	0.36 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current			
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts	30 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	500 mA	500 mA



2N5106



2N5107

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		PRE-IRRADIATION								
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
V_{CEO} (sust)	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30	42		30	56		Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	60	80		60	87		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A	$V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60			60			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A	$I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0	7.0		5.0	7.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 10$ μ A
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	100		5.0	9.0			$I_C = 1.0$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	75	205		8.0	16			$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50			5.0				$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	100	220	300	8.0	13			$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
$h_{FE}(-35^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50			5.0				$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35			3.0				$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	50	100		5.0	9.0			$I_C = 500$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	2.5	4.5	9.0	2.0	4.0			$I_C = 50$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2
Notes on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5106 • 2N5107

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

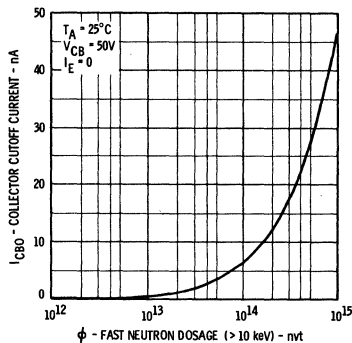
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		PRE-IRRADIATION		MIN.		TYP.			
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.2	10	18	100	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 50$ V
$I_{CBO}(150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current			10		100	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 50$ V
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.11	0.22		0.33	0.5	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA	$I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.5			1.5	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA	$I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{BE}(\text{on})$	Pulsed Base Emitter On Voltage (Note 5)		1.2			1.2	Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA	$V_{CE} = 10$ V
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current	0.1	10			100	nA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 3.0$ V
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.45			1.6	Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 100$ mA
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.5			1.6	Volts	$I_C = 300$ mA	$I_B = 100$ mA
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance	6.0	8.0			8.0	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10$ V
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance	14	20			20	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 2.0$ V
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		65			65	ns	$I_C \approx 300$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 100$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		550			550	ns	$I_C \approx 300$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 100$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -100$ mA

NOTES:

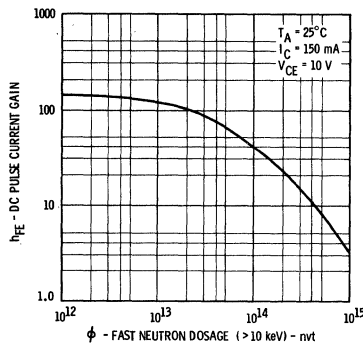
- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) for the 2N5106 and 140°C/Watt (derating factor of 7.1 mW/°C) for the 2N5107. Junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.57 mW/°C) for the 2N5106 and 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C) for the 2N5107.
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

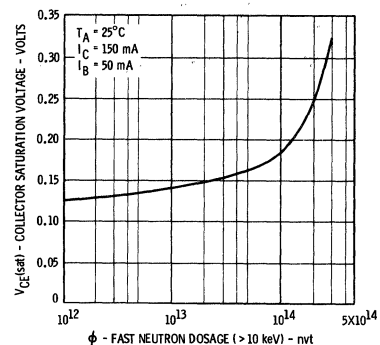
**COLLECTOR CUTOFF CURRENT
VERSUS
FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



**DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN
VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



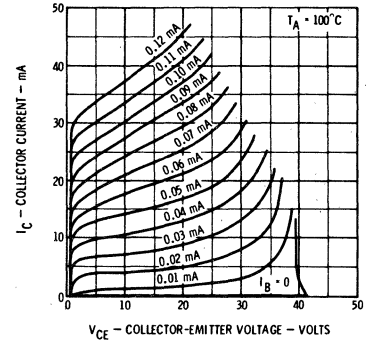
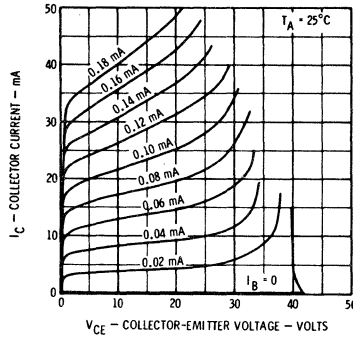
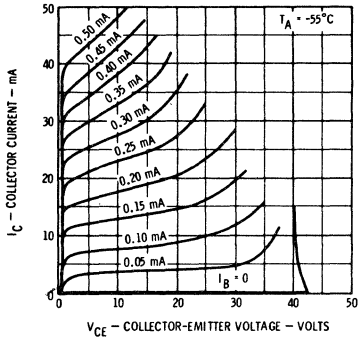
**COLLECTOR SATURATION
VOLTAGE VERSUS
FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



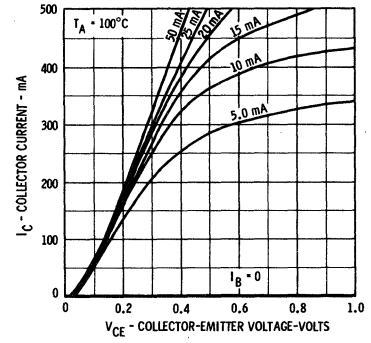
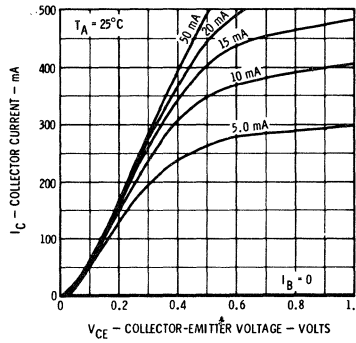
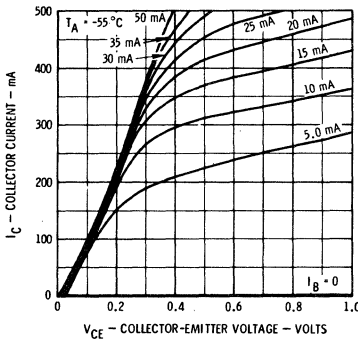
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5106 • 2N5107

TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*

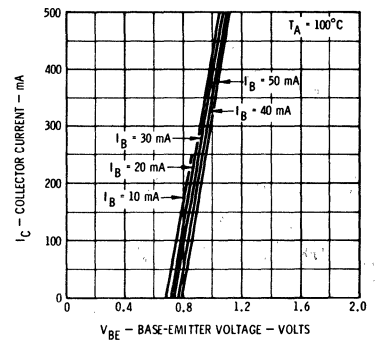
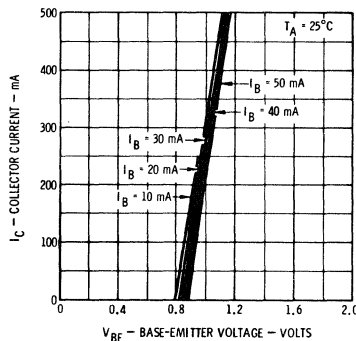
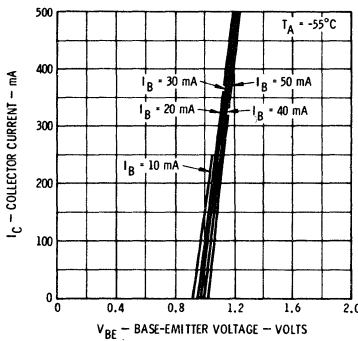
ACTIVE REGION*



SATURATION REGION*



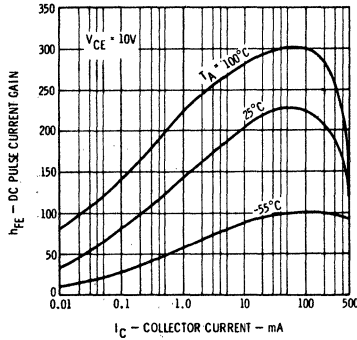
TYPICAL BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



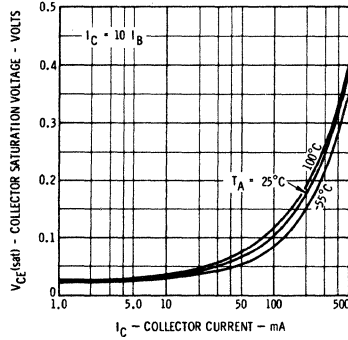
*Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

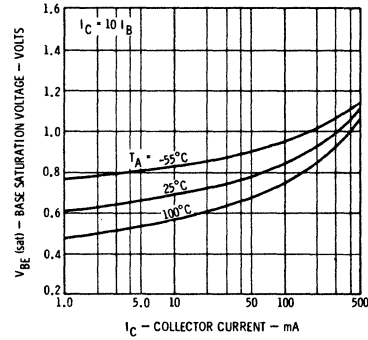
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



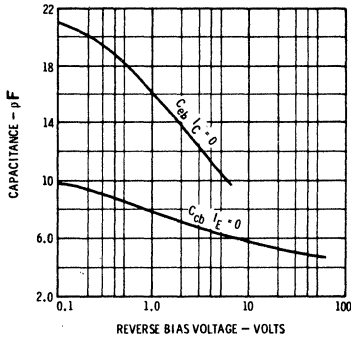
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



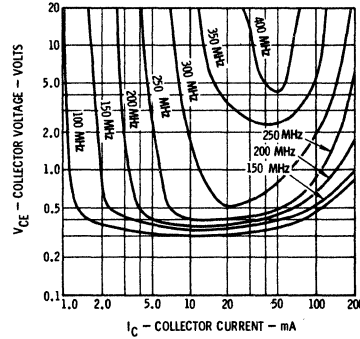
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



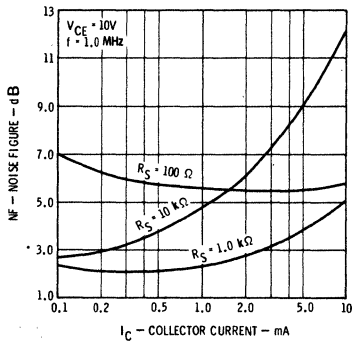
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



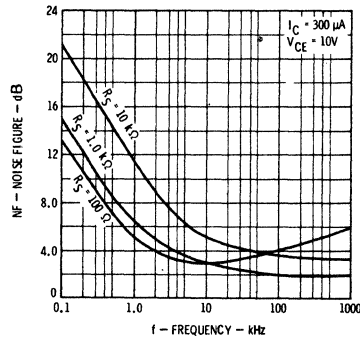
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (fT)



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

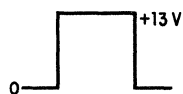


NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY

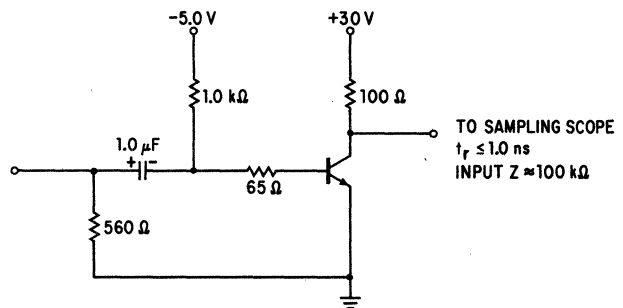


SWITCHING CIRCUIT

FIGURE 1
ton AND toff TEST CIRCUIT



PULSE WIDTH = 2.5 μS
tr ≤ 1.0 ns
tf ≤ 2.0 ns
DUTY CYCLE ≤ 2%
ZIN = 50 Ω



TO SAMPLING SCOPE
tr ≤ 1.0 ns
INPUT Z ≈ 100 kΩ

2N5144 • 2N5145

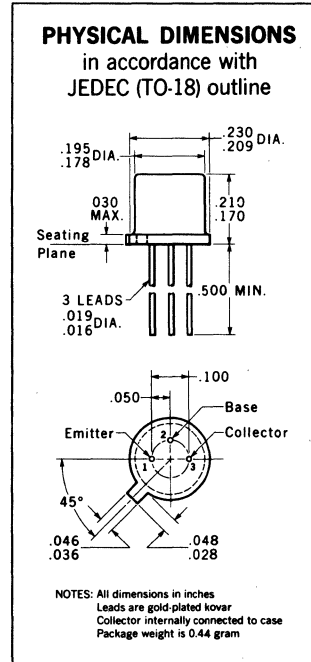
NPN RADIATION RESISTANT HIGH-VOLTAGE, HIGH-SPEED SWITCHES

DOUBLE DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

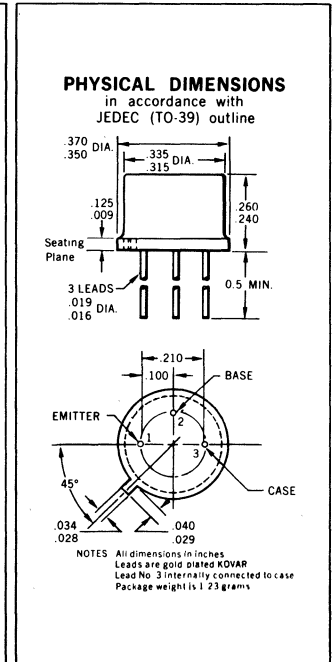
- **GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER NEUTRON IRRADIATION**
OF 3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV
- **FAST SWITCHING** $t_{on} = 35$ ns (MAX) AT 500 mA
 $t_{off} = 60$ ns (MAX) AT 500 mA
- **HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE** . . . $V_{CEO} = 30$ V (MIN)
- **HIGH GAIN** $h_{FE} = 9.0$ (MIN) AT 100 mA, 1.0 V
 $h_{FE} = 5.0$ (MIN) AT 500 mA, 1.0 V

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)		+300°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	2N5144	2N5145
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	1.2 Watts	3.5 Watts
	0.36 Watt	0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	50 Volts
V_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Voltage	50 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	30 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current	500 mA



2N5144



2N5145

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	PRE-IRRADIATION			POST IRRADIATION			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60	150	5.0	7.0		$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = 1.0$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	60	90	150	9.0	12		$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = 1.0$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	35	50		5.0	6.0		$I_C = 500$ mA	$V_{CE} = 1.0$ V	
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30			5.0			$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = 1.0$ V	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.75	0.86		0.79	0.90	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 10$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.78	0.90		0.82	0.95	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 20$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.9	0.95	1.2	0.8	0.99	1.3	Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA	$I_B = 50$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	0.9	1.0	1.3	0.9	1.1	1.5	Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA	$I_B = 100$ mA
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.25	1.7			1.7	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 40$ V
$I_{CBO}(+100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		25	120			120	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 40$ V
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	50			50			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μA	$I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	50			50			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μA	$V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			6.0			Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 10$ μA

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

-) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
-) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
-) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 50°C/Watt (derating factor of 20 mW/°C) for the 2N5144 and 146°C/Watt (derating factor of 6.85 mW/°C) for the 2N5145. Junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C) for the 2N5144 and 485°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C) for the 2N5145.
-) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
-) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.

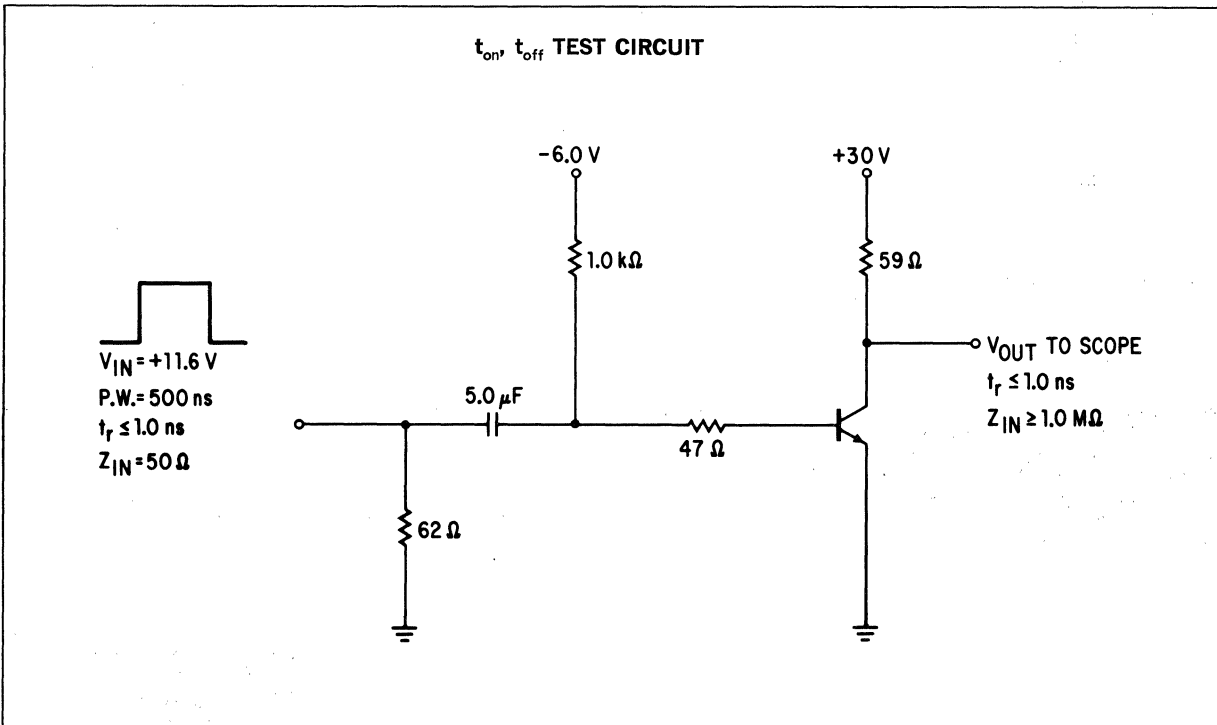
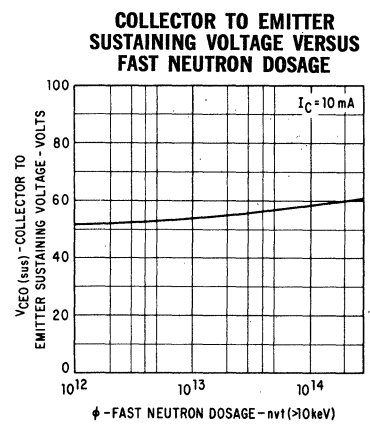
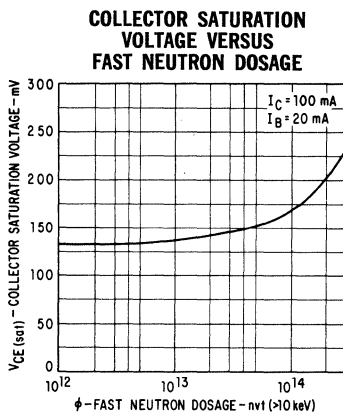
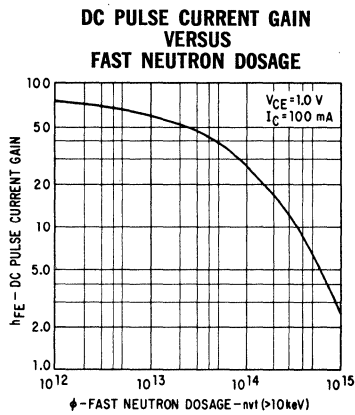


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5144 • 2N5145

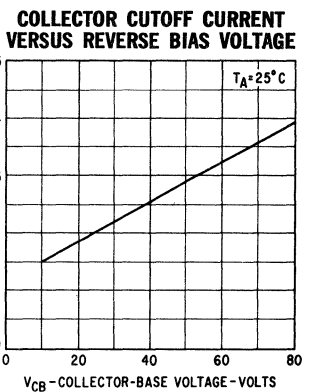
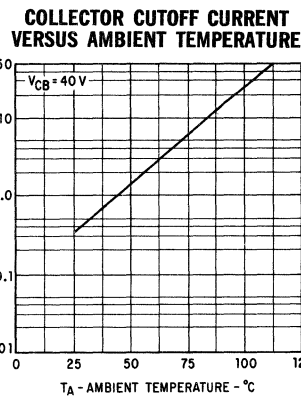
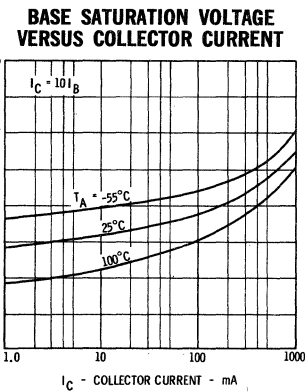
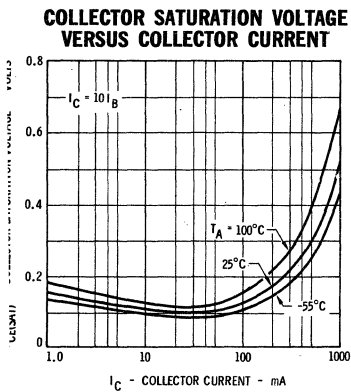
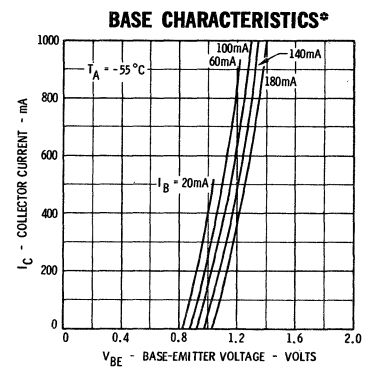
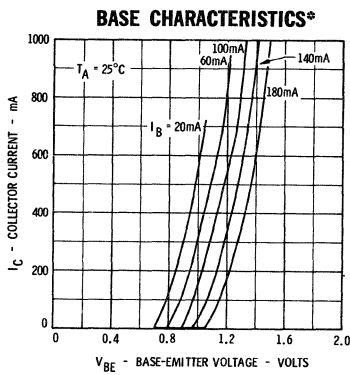
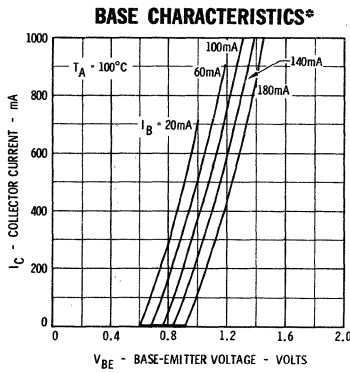
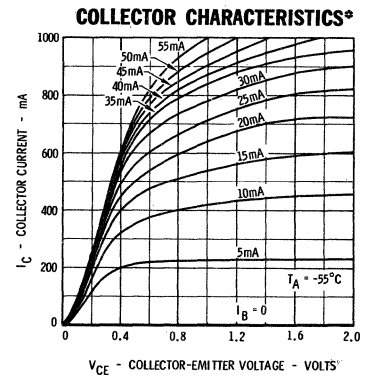
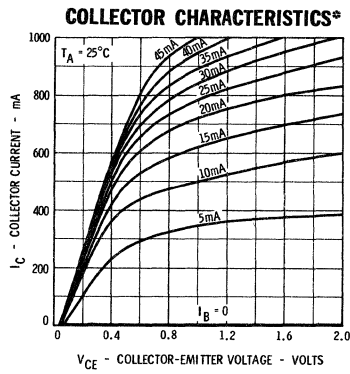
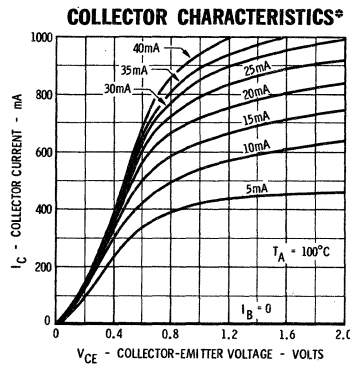
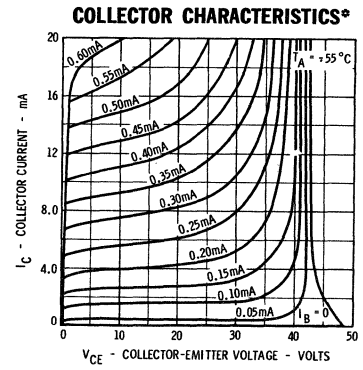
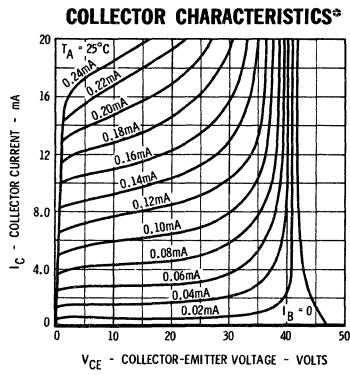
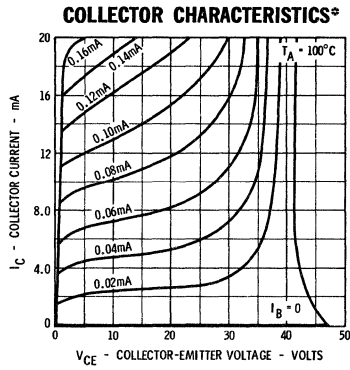
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	PRE-IRRADIATION		POST IRRADIATION 3x10 ¹⁴ nvt (>10 keV)		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS		
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.		TYP.	MAX.	
V _{CE(sus)}	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	30			30	Volts	I _c = 10 mA	I _b = 0	
V _{CE(sat)}	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.13	0.2		Volts	I _c = 100 mA	I _b = 10 mA	
V _{CE(sat)}	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.11	0.18	0.23	0.4	Volts	I _c = 100 mA	I _b = 20 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.3	0.42			Volts	I _c = 500 mA	I _b = 50 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.27	0.4	0.56	1.1	Volts	I _c = 500 mA	I _b = 100 mA
t _{on}	Turn On Time (See circuit below)			35		35	ns	I _c ≈ 500 mA	I _{B1} ≈ 100 mA
t _{off}	Turn Off Time (See circuit below)			60		60	ns	I _c ≈ 500 mA	I _{B1} ≈ 100 mA
								I _{B2} ≈ -100 mA	
h _{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	3.0	4.5		2.5	4.0		I _c = 50 mA	V _{CE} = 10 V
C _{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance			12		12	pF	I _E = 0	V _{CB} = 10 V
C _{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance			55		55	pF	I _c = 0	V _{EB} = 0.5 V

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



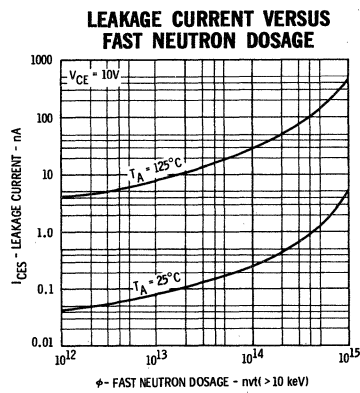
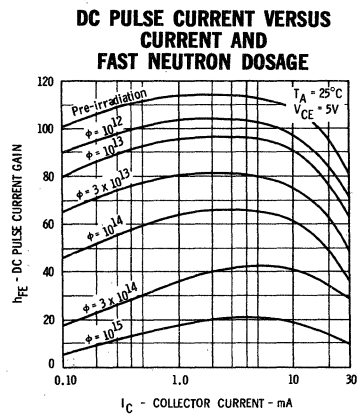
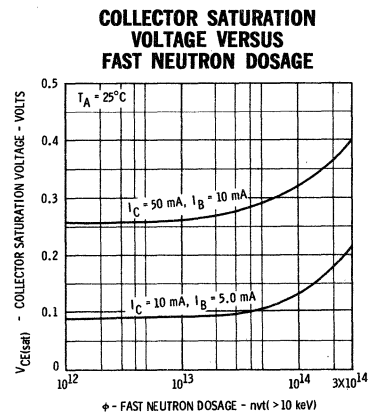
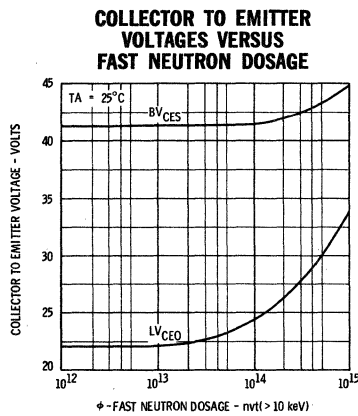
*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5200 • 2N5201

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

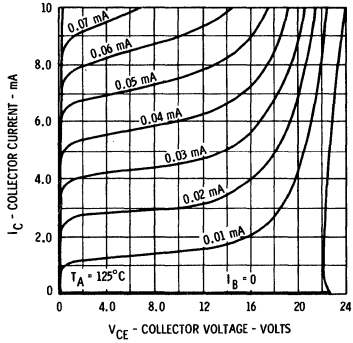
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	POST IRRADIATION									UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		PRE-IRRADIATION			(3x10 ¹⁴ nvt > 10 keV)			(10 ¹⁵ nvt > 10 keV)				
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
V _{CE(sat)}	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)			0.15			0.35			0.7	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 2.0 mA
V _{CE(sat)}	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)			0.5			1.0				Volt	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 10 mA
V _{BE(sat)}	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)			0.96			1.0			1.0	Volt	I _C = 10 mA I _B = 1.0 mA
V _{BE(sat)}	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)			1.42			1.7				Volts	I _C = 50 mA I _B = 5.0 mA
I _{CES}	Collector Reverse Current			10			50			100	nA	V _{CE} = 10 V V _{BE} = 0
I _{CES(125°C)}	Collector Reverse Current			10			20			50	μA	V _{CE} = 10 V V _{BE} = 0
BV _{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	20			20			20			Volts	I _C = 10 μA I _E = 0
BV _{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	20			20			20			Volts	I _C = 10 μA V _{BE} = 0
BV _{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.5			4.5			4.5			Volts	I _C = 0 I _E = 10 μA
r _b 'C _c	Collector Base Time Constant (f = 80 MHz)			10							ps	I _C = 10 mA V _{CE} = 5.0 V

TYPICAL POST-IRRADIATION ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

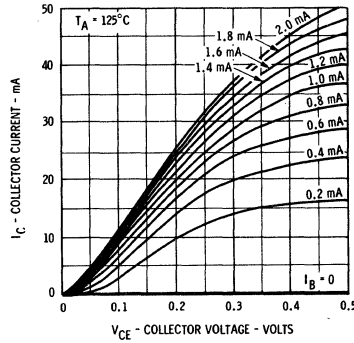


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

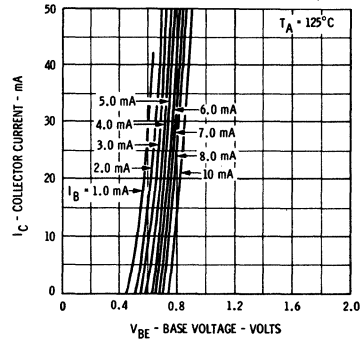
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*
ACTIVE REGION



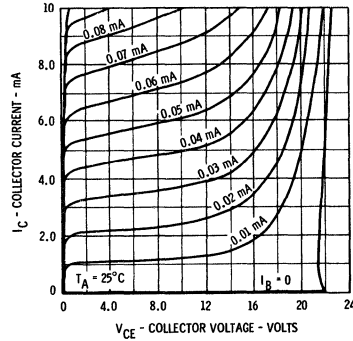
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*
SATURATION REGION



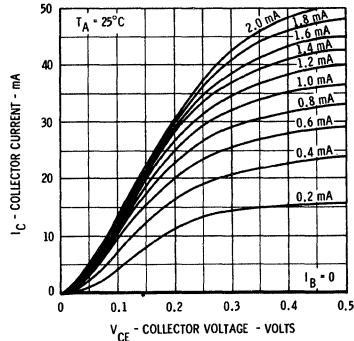
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



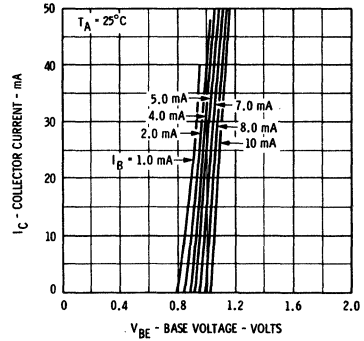
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ACTIVE REGION



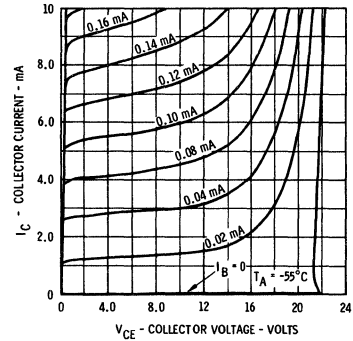
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*
SATURATION REGION



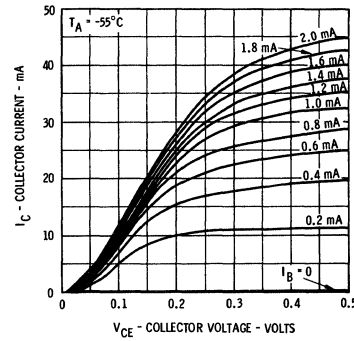
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



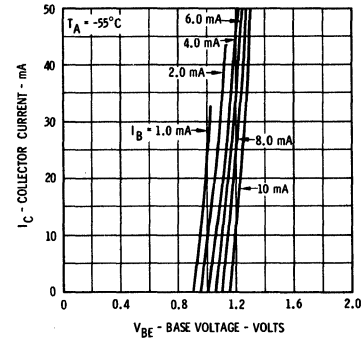
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*
ACTIVE REGION



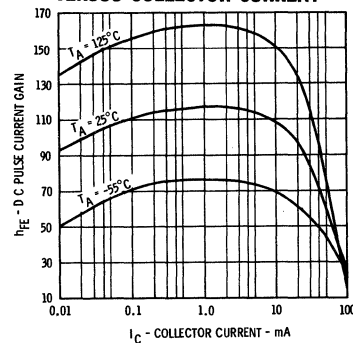
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*
SATURATION REGION



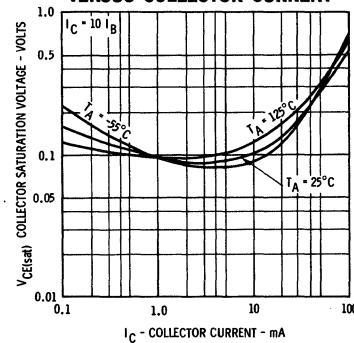
BASE CHARACTERISTICS*



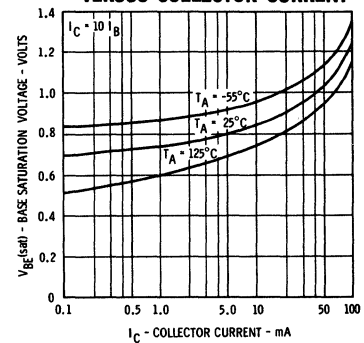
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

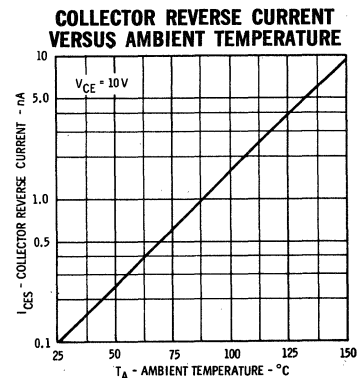
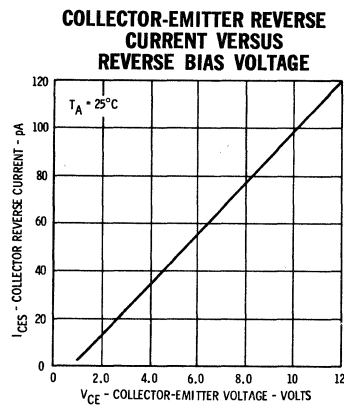
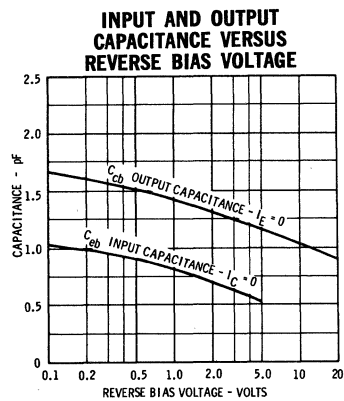
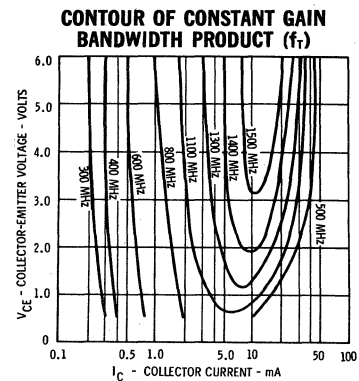
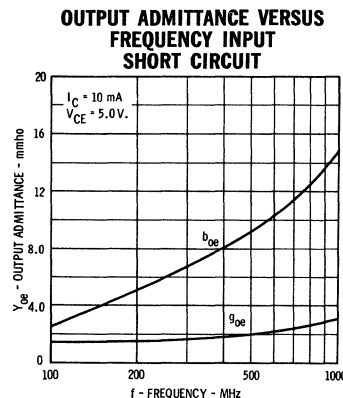
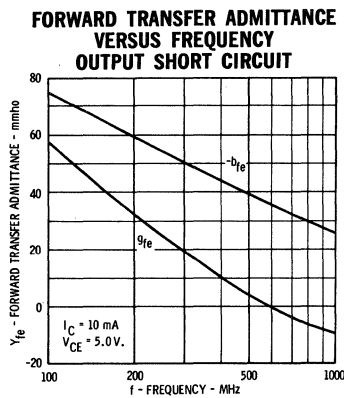
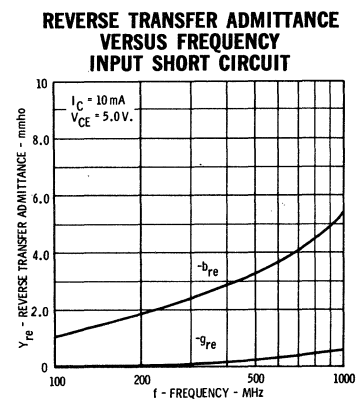
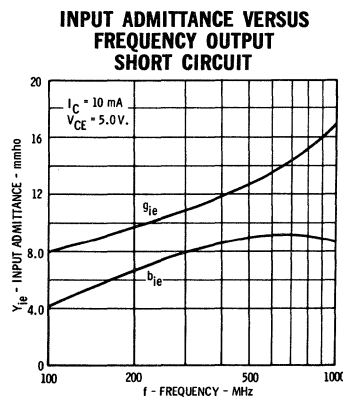
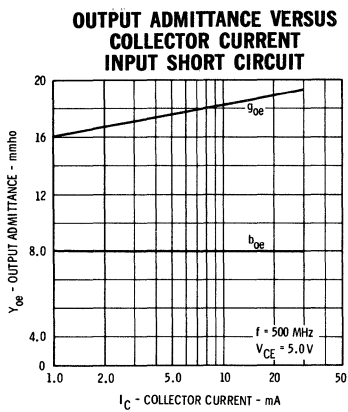
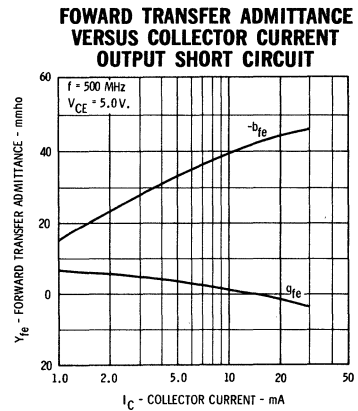
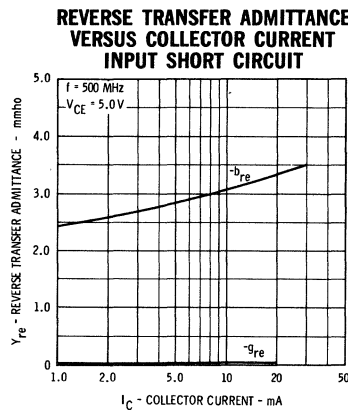
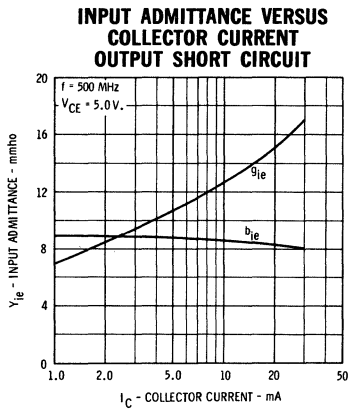


BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS 2N5200 • 2N5201

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Fairchild cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry described. No circuit patent licenses are implied.

2N5236

RADIATION RESISTANT NPN CLASS-C RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)
- HIGH GAIN $h_{FE} = 10$ (MIN), 17 (TYP) AT 50 mA
- HIGH POWER OUT 0.5 WATT (TYP) AT 250 MHz
- HIGH GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT . . . $f_T = 400$ MHz (MIN) AT 50 mA
- LARGE SIGNAL CAPABILITY

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 60 second time limit)	300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 6 and 7)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.6 Watt

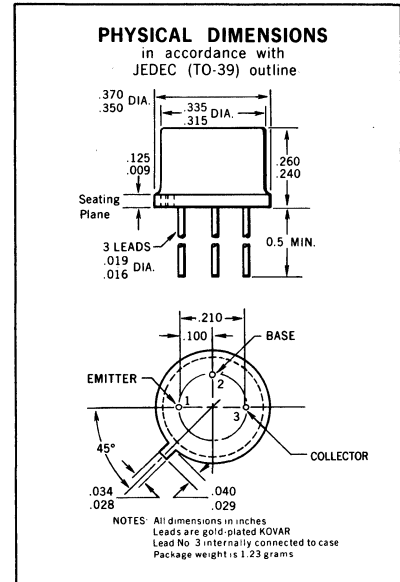
Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	40 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	20 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	4.0 Volts

-65°C to +200°C
200°C
300°C

1.0 Watt
0.6 Watt

40 Volts
20 Volts
4.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		PRE-IRRADIATION			POST-IRRADIATION				
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	50	120	10	17			$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		0.12	0.2		0.3	0.7	Volts	$I_C = 50$ mA $I_B = 5.0$ mA
I_{CES}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.03	1.0		0.7	20	nA	$V_{CE} = 20$ V $V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		0.03	1.0		0.7	20	μ A	$V_{CE} = 20$ V $V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	40	50		40	50		Volts	$I_C = 100$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	4.0	5.5		4.0	5.5		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 100$ μ A
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	20	25		20	32		Volts	$I_C = 15$ mA $I_B = 0$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	5.0	7.5		4.0	6.5			$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = 10$ V
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		2.3	3.0			3.0	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10$ V
G_{PE}	Amplifier Power Gain (f = 250 MHz)	6.0	7.0		5.0	6.5		dB	$I_C = 0$ $V_{CE} = 20$ V (Zero Signal)
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15			5.0				$I_C = 50$ mA $V_{CE} = 5.0$ V

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

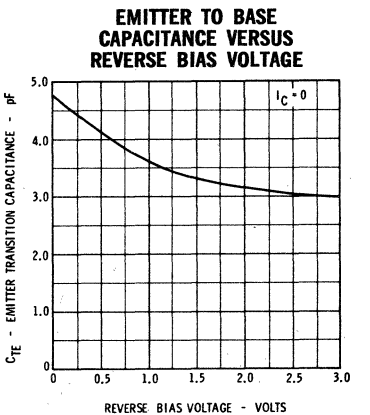
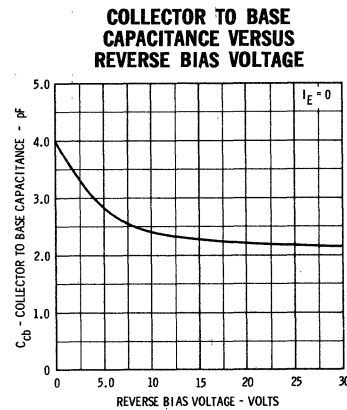
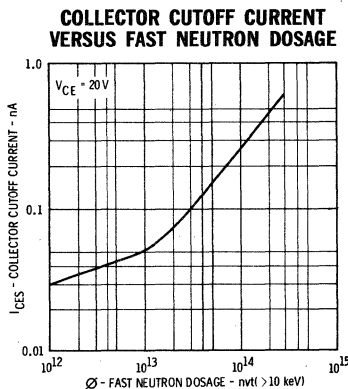
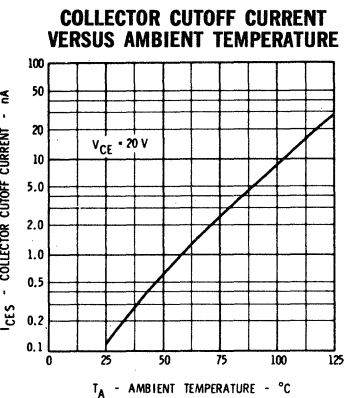
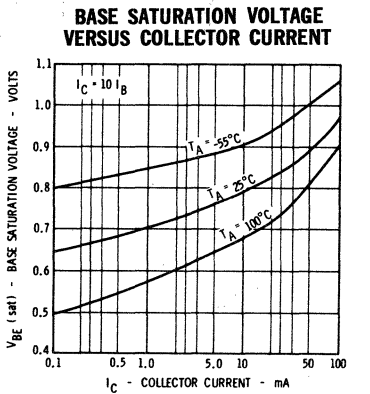
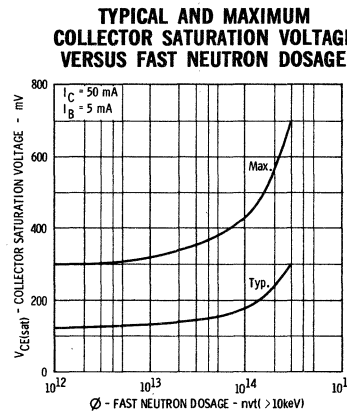
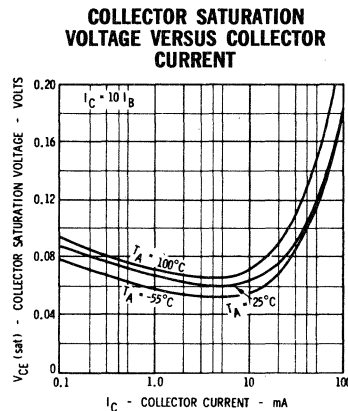
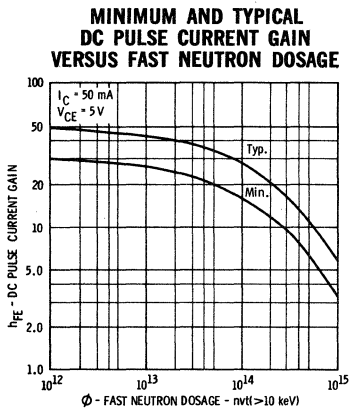
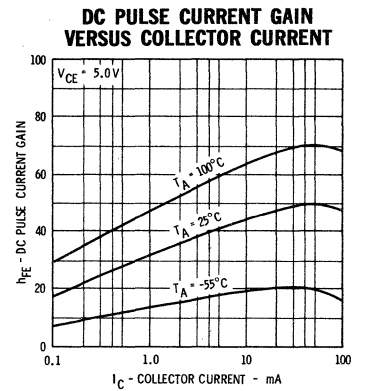
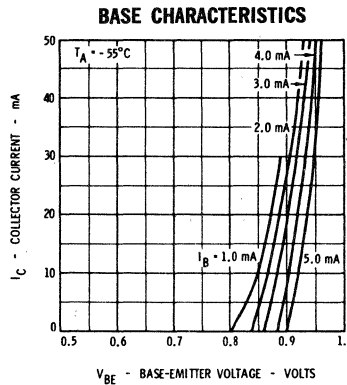
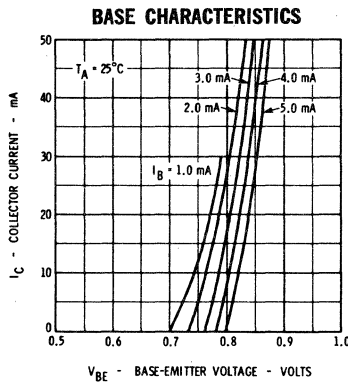
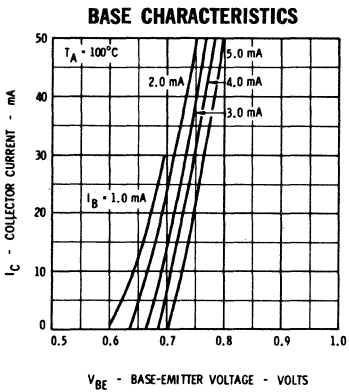
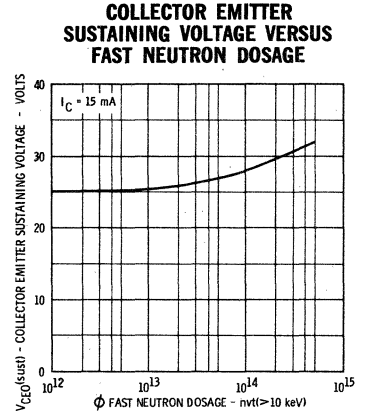
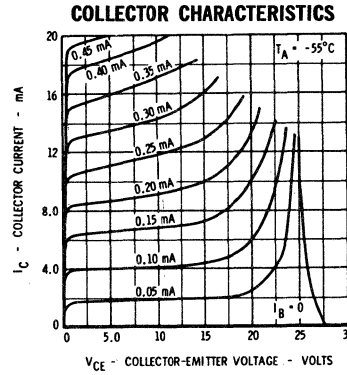
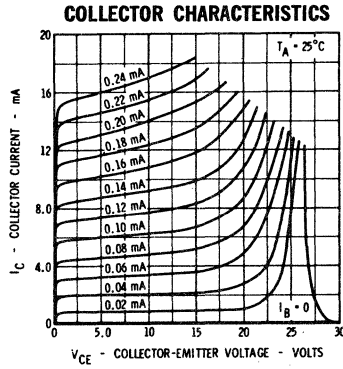
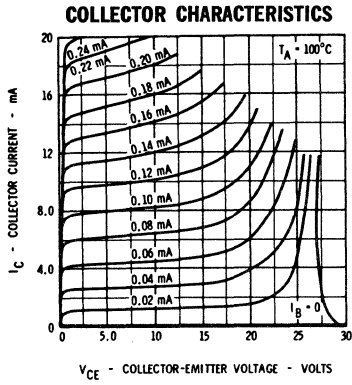
NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) RF power-in = 100 mW (see test circuit).
- (3) RF power-in = 100 mW. Conduction angle adjusted through R to obtain maximum efficiency with a minimum of 400 mW out. (See test circuit).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μ s; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (7) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 292°C/Watt (derating factor of 3.42 mW/°C).



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5236

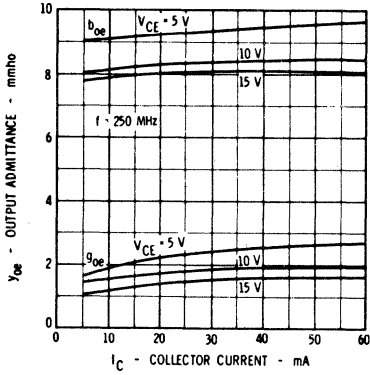
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



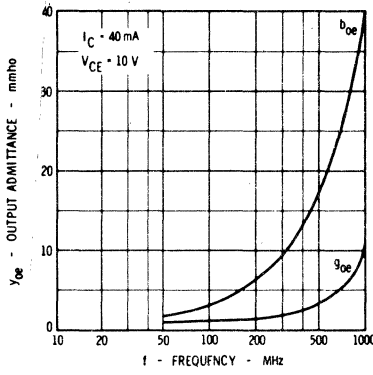
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5236

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

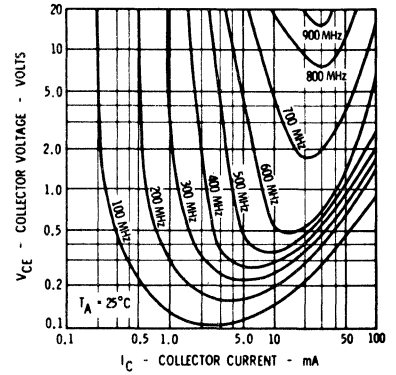
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



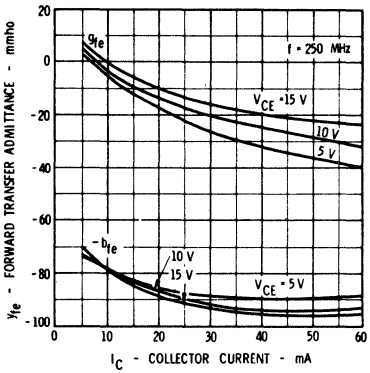
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



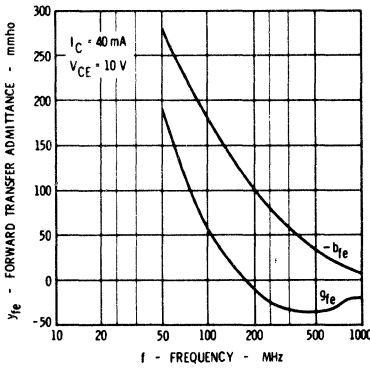
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



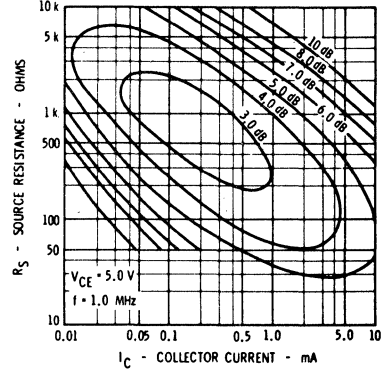
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



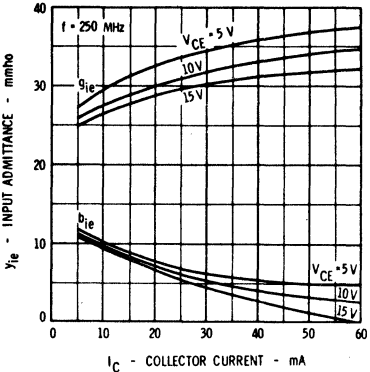
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



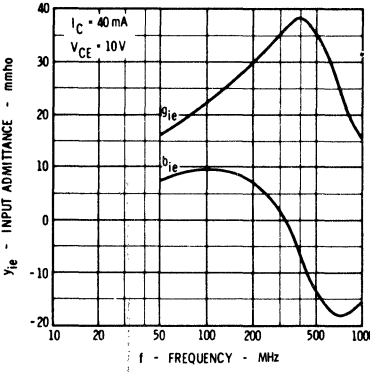
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



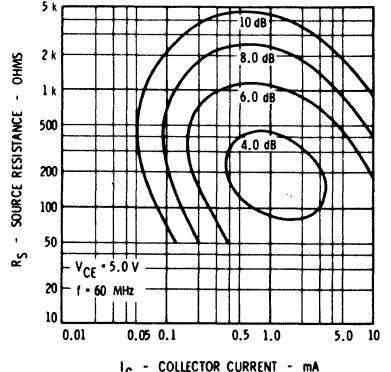
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



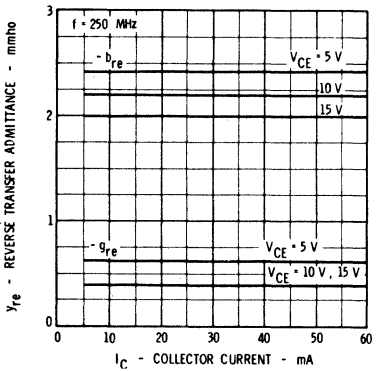
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



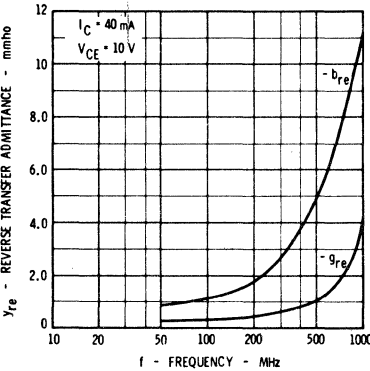
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT NARROW BAND NOISE FIGURE



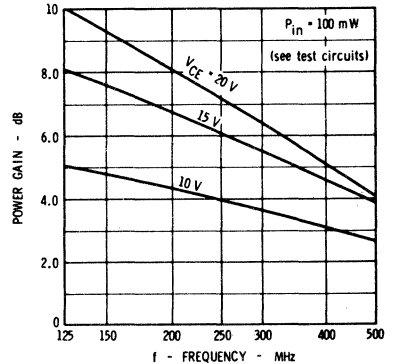
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT

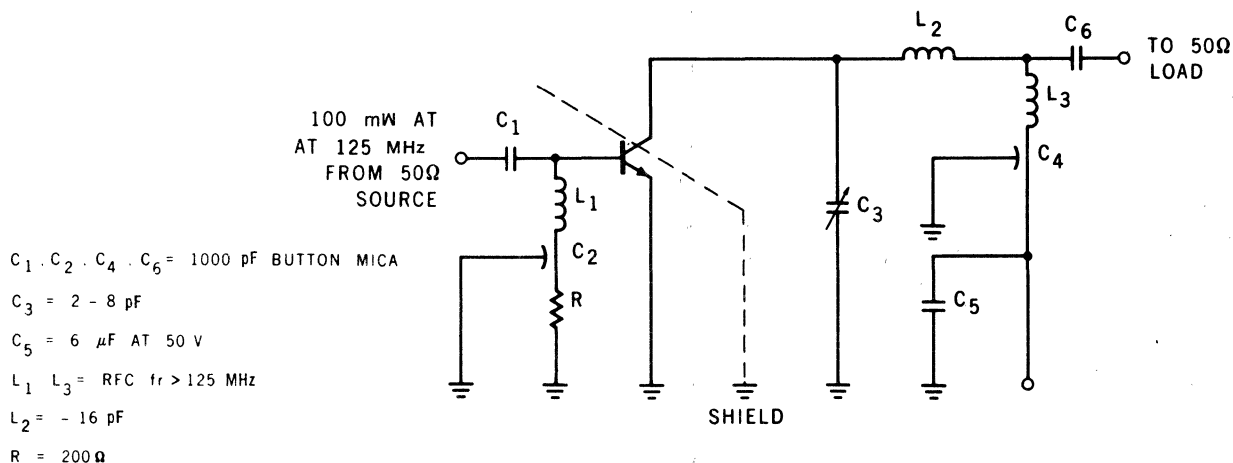


POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY

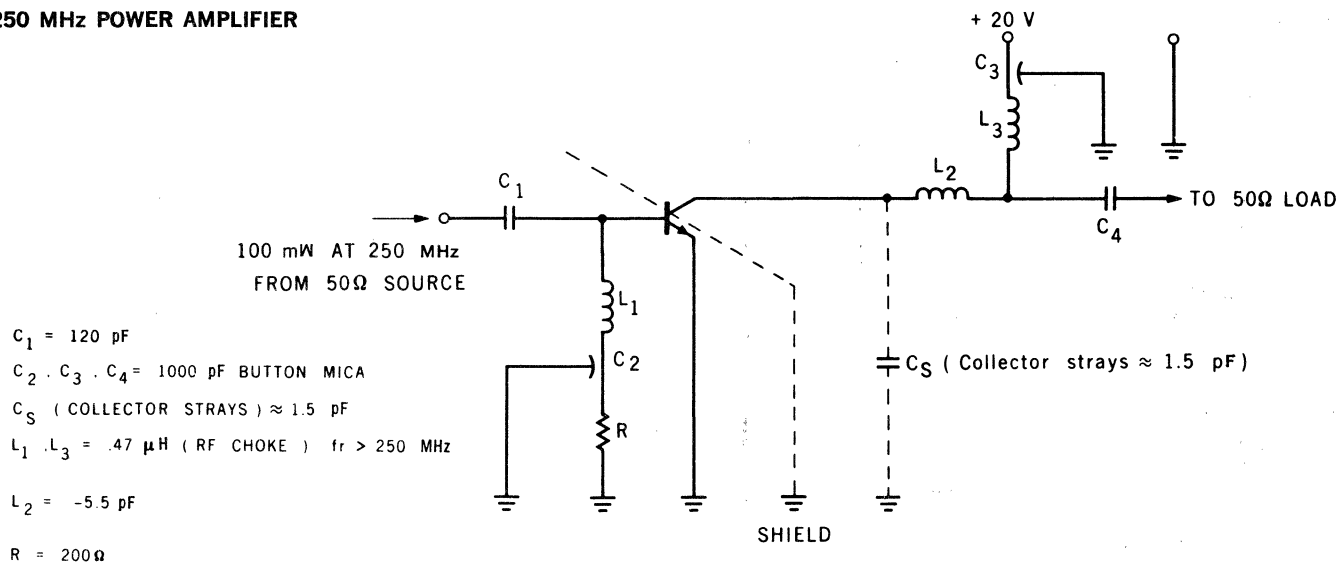


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5236

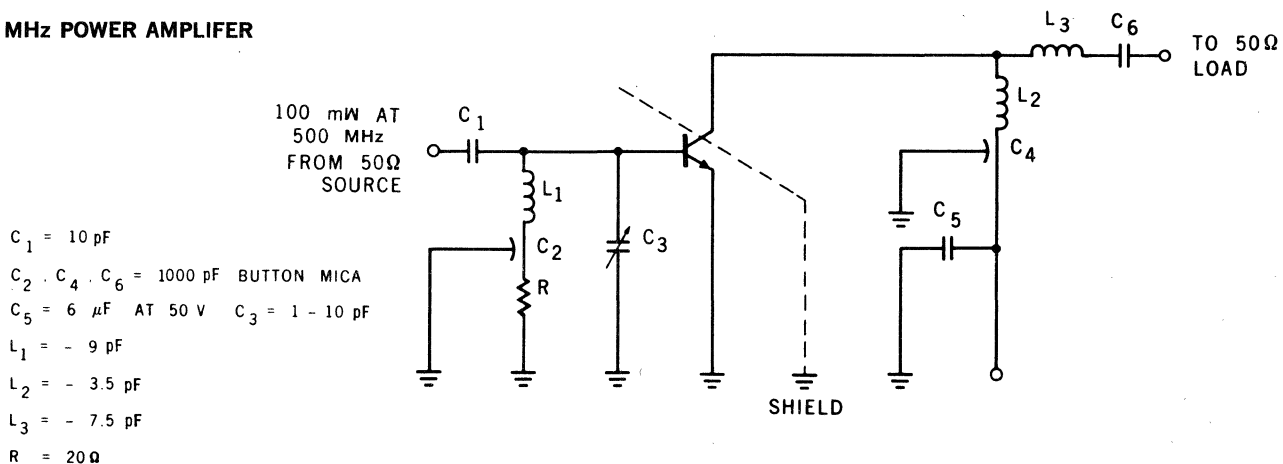
125 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER



250 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER



500 MHz POWER AMPLIFIER



2N5244

PNP RADIATION RESISTANT HIGH-SPEED SWITCH AND RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- **GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER NEUTRON IRRADIATION OF 3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV**
- **HIGH FREQUENCY $f_T = 400$ MHz (MIN) AFTER RADIATION**
- **HIGH VOLTAGE $V_{CE0} = -40$ V (MIN) AFTER RADIATION**
- **EXCELLENT BETA $h_{FE} = 14$ (MIN) AT $I_C = 10$ mA AFTER RADIATION**
- **FAST SWITCHING $t_{on} = 15$ ns (TYP) AT $I_C \approx 50$ mA AFTER RADIATION**
 $t_{off} = 60$ ns (TYP) AT $I_C \approx 50$ mA AFTER RADIATION
- **LOW NOISE FIGURE $NF = 7.0$ dB (TYP) AFTER RADIATION**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

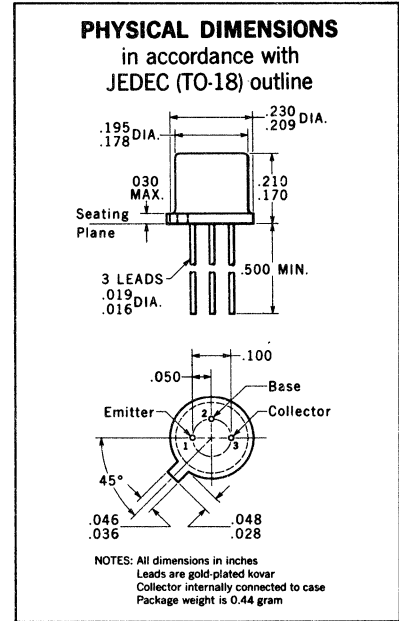
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.0 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

V_{CES} Collector to Base Voltage	-40 Volts
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-40 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-40 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	100 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		PRE-IRRADIATION							
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	140	160		4.0	6.0		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	150	200		8.0	10.5		Volts	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	150	200	300	14	17		Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	60		5.0	6.5		Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ C)$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	70	100		7.0	8.0		Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 V$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	4.5	6.0		4.0	5.5		Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $V_{CE} = -20 V$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.1	-0.14		-0.32	-0.55	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.2	-0.3				Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 5.0 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.16	-0.28			-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 10 mA$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.125	-0.2				Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 16.67 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)	-0.7	-0.77	-0.9	-0.7	-0.75	-0.9	Volts	$I_C = 10 mA$ $I_B = 1.0 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.88	-1.1		-0.84	-1.1	Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 5.0 mA$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.9	-1.2		-0.88	-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 50 mA$ $I_B = 16.67 mA$
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0$ MHz)		2.2	3.5		2.2	3.5	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 V$
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0$ MHz)		4.0	5.5		4.0	5.5	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = -0.5 V$
NF	Noise Figure ($f = 100$ MHz)		3.5			7.0		dB	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ $V_{CE} = -5.0 V$

Notes on page 2.

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5244

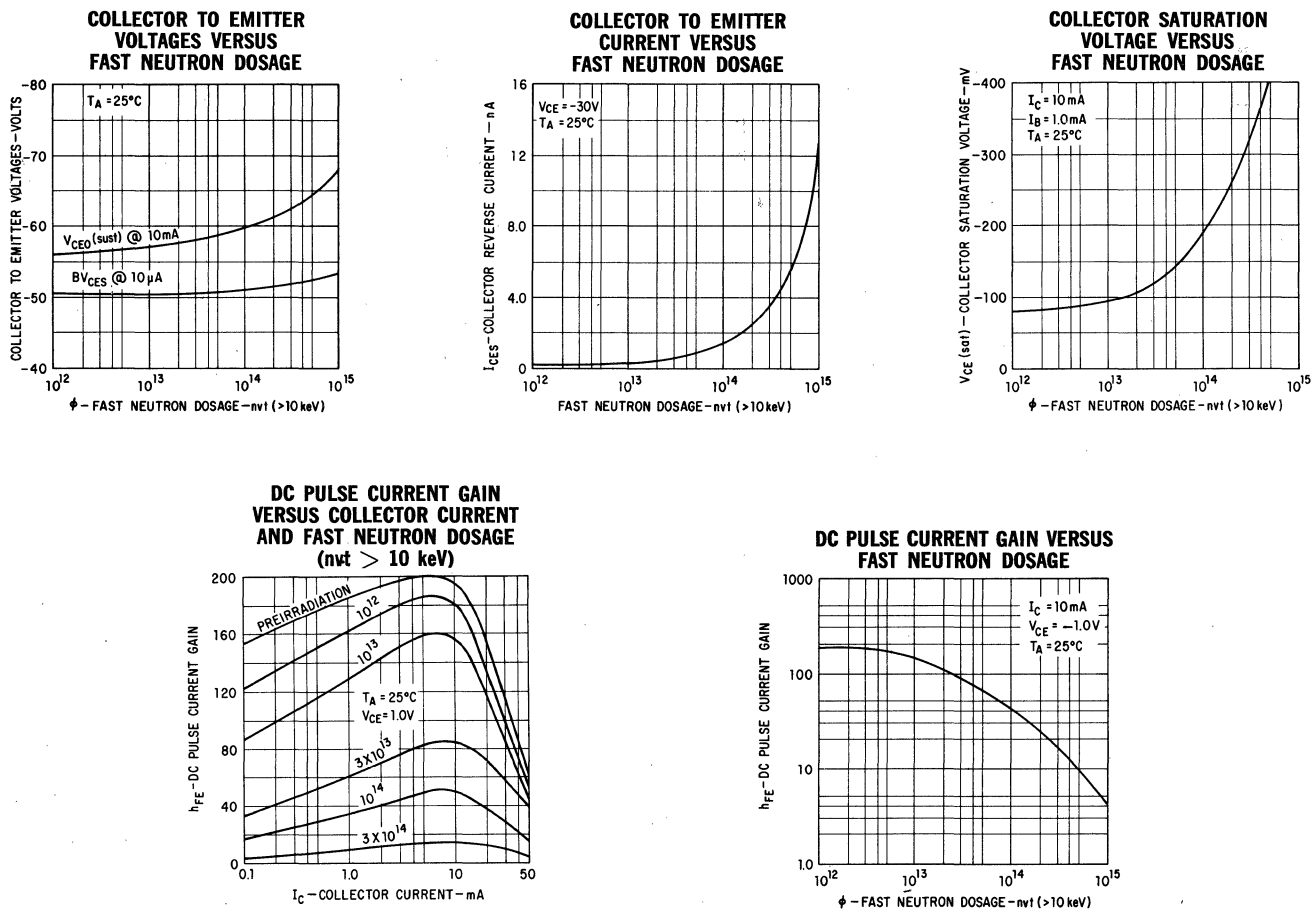
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	PRE-IRRADIATION			POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		15	40	15	40	ns	$I_C \approx 50$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 16.67$ mA
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		160	200	60	200	ns	$I_C \approx 50$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 16.67$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -16.67$ mA
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.15	15	3.3	1000	nA	$V_{CE} = -30$ V	$V_{BE} = 0$
$I_{CES}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current			15			μA	$V_{CE} = -30$ V	$V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-40			-40		Volts	$I_C = 10$ μA	$I_E = 0$
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-40	-56		-40	-58	Volts	$I_C = 10$ μA	$V_{BE} = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0	-5.4		-5.0	-5.4	Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 10$ μA
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-40	-56		-40	-62	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA (pulsed)	$I_B = 0$

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 500°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
- See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} and I_{B2} .

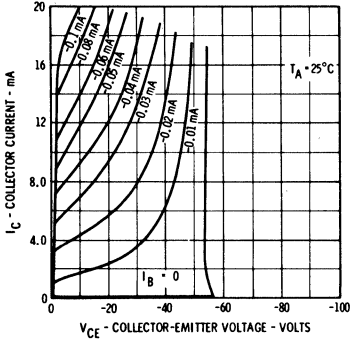
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (POST IRRADIATION PERFORMANCE)



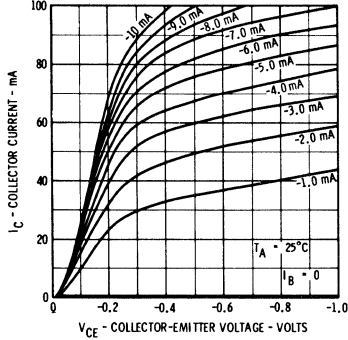
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5244

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

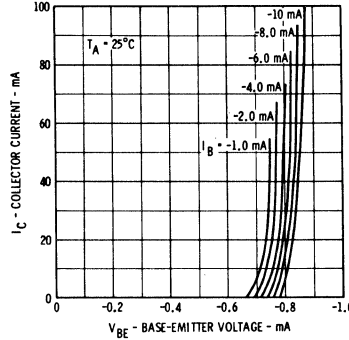
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS ACTIVE REGION



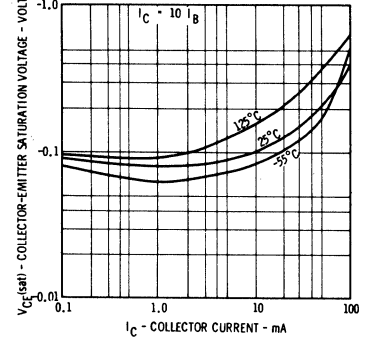
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS SATURATION REGION



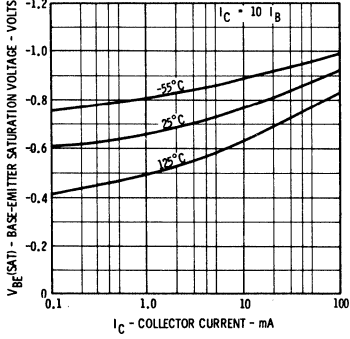
BASE CHARACTERISTICS



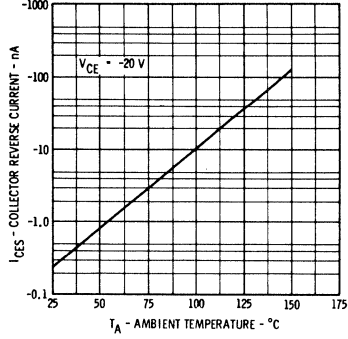
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



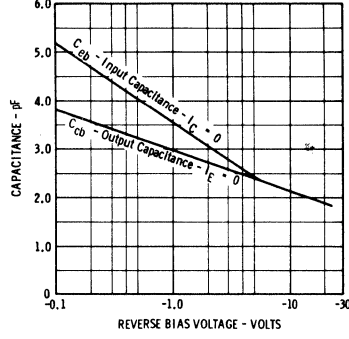
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



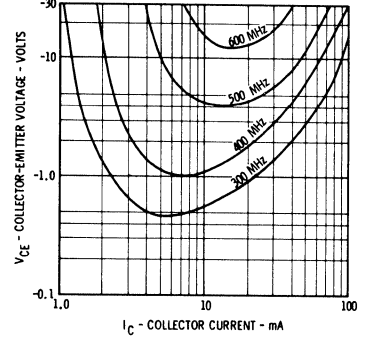
COLLECTOR-BASE DIODE REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



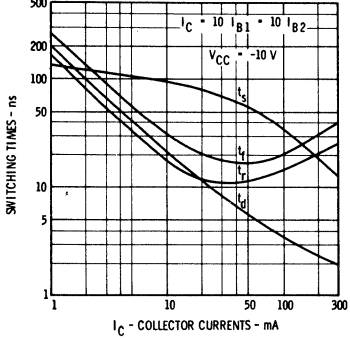
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



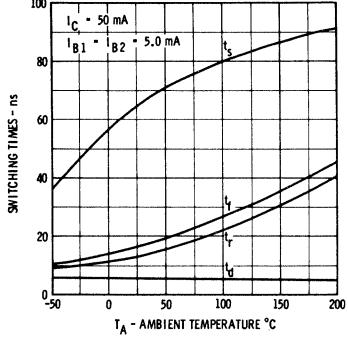
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



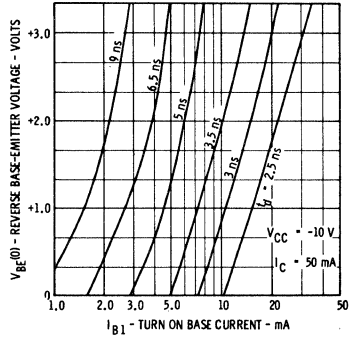
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



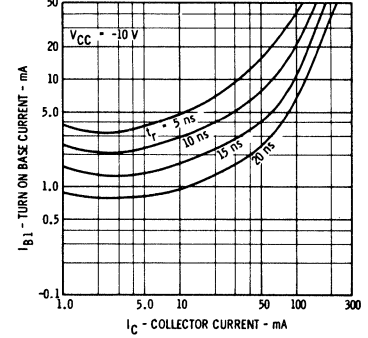
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



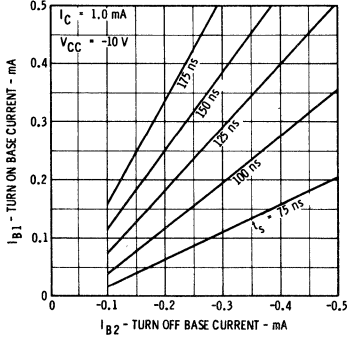
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



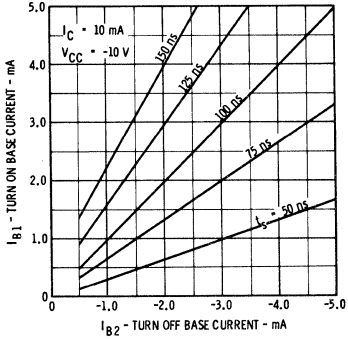
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



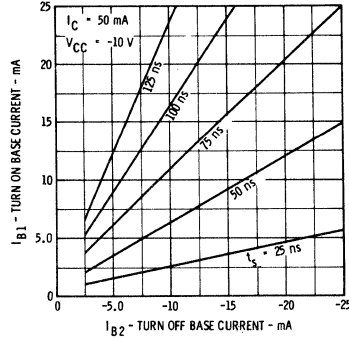
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



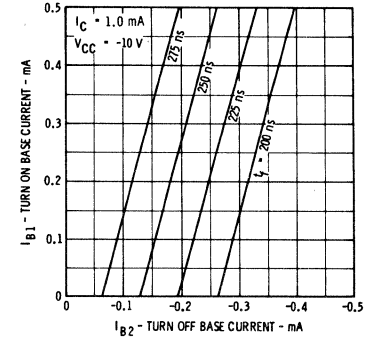
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



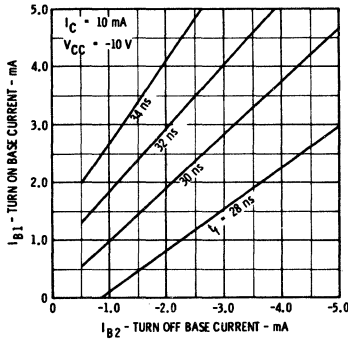
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



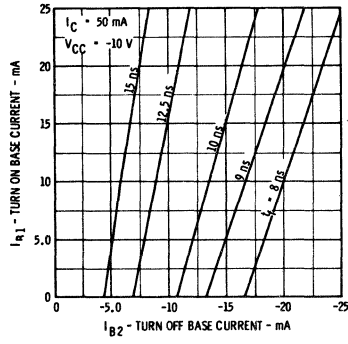
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5244

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

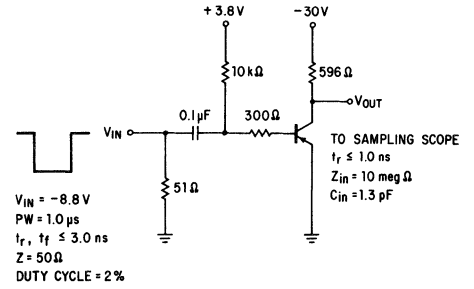
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



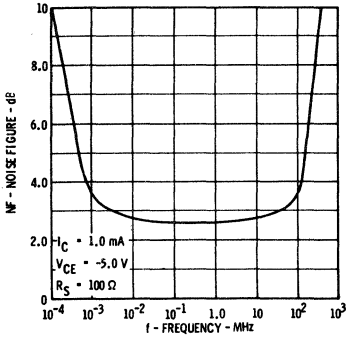
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



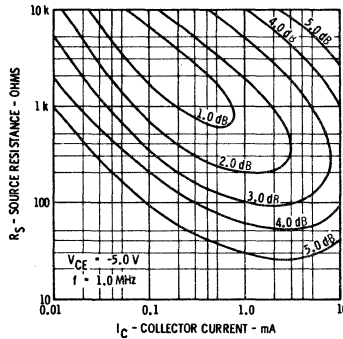
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT



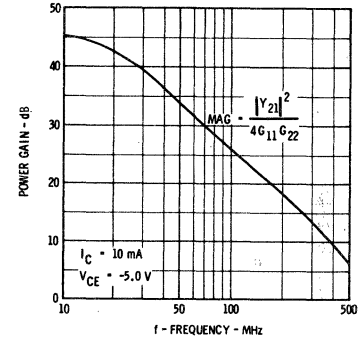
NOISE FIGURE VERSUS FREQUENCY



NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE AND COLLECTOR CURRENT

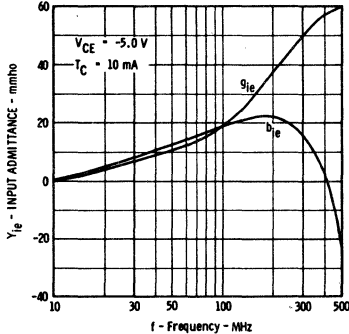


POWER GAIN VERSUS FREQUENCY

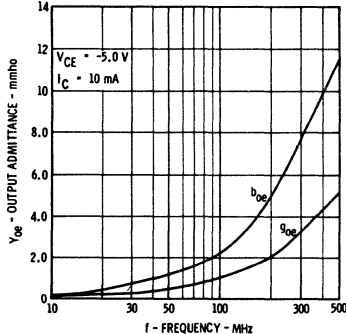


TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER "Y" PARAMETERS

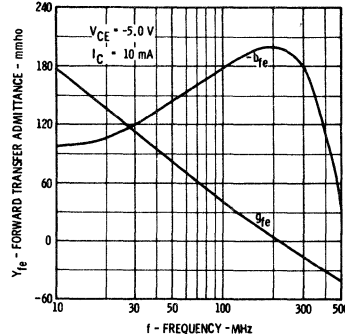
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



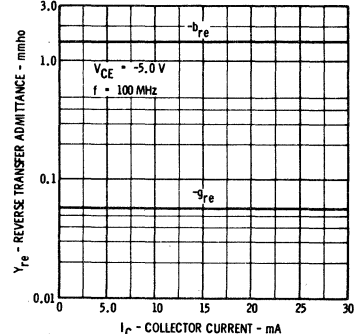
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY — INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



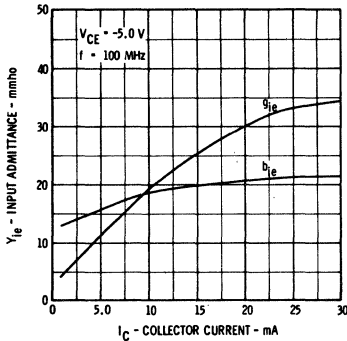
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



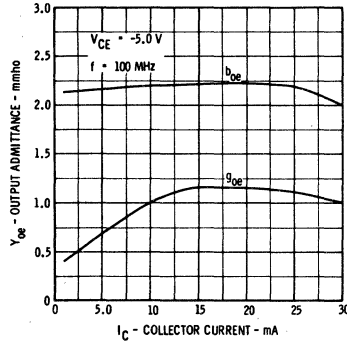
REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS FREQUENCY-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



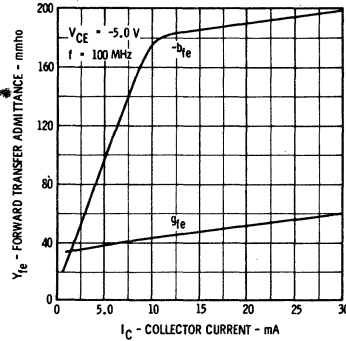
INPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



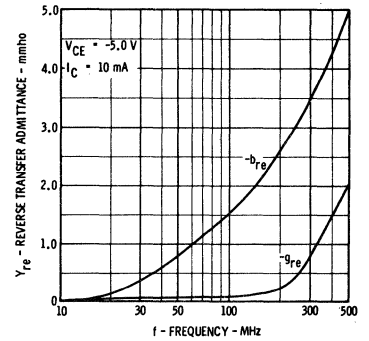
OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



REVERSE TRANSFER ADMITTANCE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE-INPUT SHORT CIRCUIT



2N5292

RADIATION RESISTANT, PNP HIGH SPEED SATURATED SWITCH

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* II EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

- **GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE AFTER NEUTRON IRRADIATION OF 3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV**
- **FAST SWITCHING** $t_{on} = 25$ ns (MAX) AFTER RADIATION
 $t_{off} = 35$ ns (MAX) AFTER RADIATION
- **HIGH FREQUENCY** $f_T = 600$ MHz (MIN) AFTER RADIATION
- **LOW CAPACITANCE** $C_{cb} = 4.5$ pF (MAX) AFTER RADIATION
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** . . . $V_{CE(sat)} = -0.65$ V (MAX) AT $I_C = 100$ mA AFTER RADIATION

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

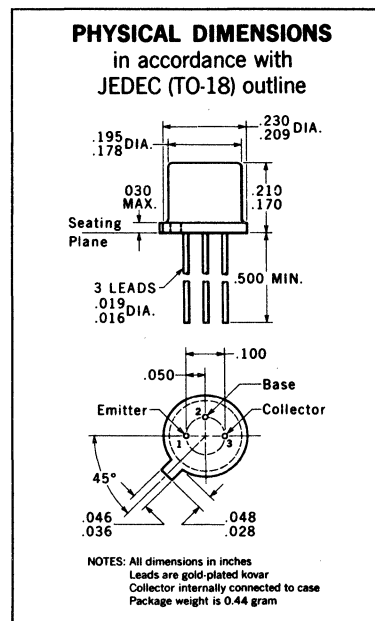
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 second time limit)	300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	1.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature	0.72 Watt
at 25°C Ambient Temperature	0.36 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	-12 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-12 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	-4.5 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	PRE-IRRADIATION			POST-IRRADIATION (3×10^{14} nvt > 10 keV)			UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 5, Figure 1)		6.0	15	8.0	25	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 6.0$ mA	
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 5, Figure 1)		18	35	15	35	ns	$I_C \approx 30$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 6.0$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -6.0$ mA	
τ_s	Charge Storage Time Constant (Note 6, Figure 2)		15	20	5.0	20	ns	$I_C \approx 10$ mA	$I_{B1} \approx 10$ mA $I_{B2} \approx -10$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)		-0.06	-0.12	-0.113	-0.24	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 2.0$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)		-0.12	-0.19	-0.212	-0.4	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 6.0$ mA	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)		-0.28	-0.44	-0.367	-0.65	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 20$ mA	
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	-0.78	-0.82	-0.92	-0.78	-0.83	-0.95	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 2.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	-0.85	-0.93	-1.2	-0.85	-0.93	-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA	$I_B = 6.0$ mA
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	-1.0	-1.14	-1.6	-1.0	-1.14	-1.75	Volts	$I_C = 100$ mA	$I_B = 20$ mA
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100$ MHz)	8.0	12		6.0	10		$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = -10$ V	
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0$ MHz)		2.2	4.5	2.2	4.5	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = -5.0$ V	
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance ($f = 1.0$ MHz)		4.0	6.0	4.0	6.0	pF	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = -0.5$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	30	53		6.0	12.4		$I_C = 10$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.3$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	40	63	100	10	15.2		$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.5$ V	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	30	55		8.0	13.9		$I_C = 100$ mA	$V_{CE} = -1.0$ V	
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	20	38		5.0	8.6		$I_C = 30$ mA	$V_{CE} = -0.5$ V	
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current		0.05	1.0	0.3	10	nA	$V_{BE} = 0$	$V_{CE} = -10$ V	
$I_{CES}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Reverse Current		0.01	10	0.5	20	μ A	$V_{BE} = 0$	$V_{CE} = -10$ V	
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 6)	-12	-16		-12	-17.7	Volts	$I_C = 10$ mA	$I_B = 0$	
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-12	-24		-12	-24.3	Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A	$I_E = 0$	
BV_{CES}	Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	-12	-23		-12	-23.3	Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A	$V_{BE} = 0$	
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-4.5	-5.4		-4.5	-5.4	Volts	$I_C = 0$	$I_E = 100$ μ A	

Notes on Page 4

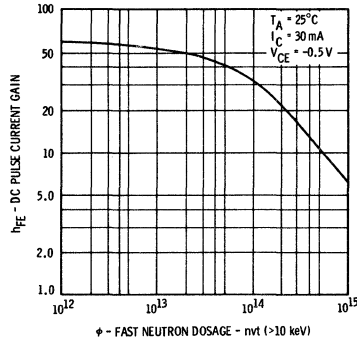
*Fairchild is a patented Fairchild process.



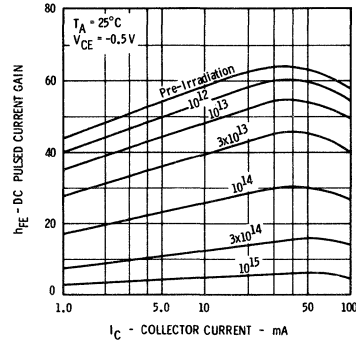
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5292

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

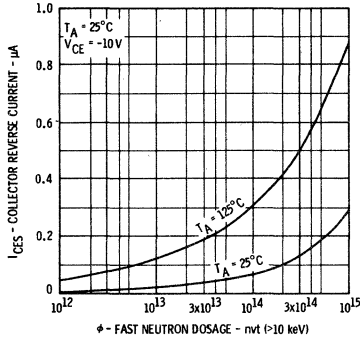
**DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN
VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



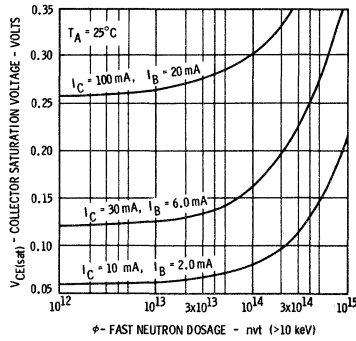
**DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN
VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT
FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



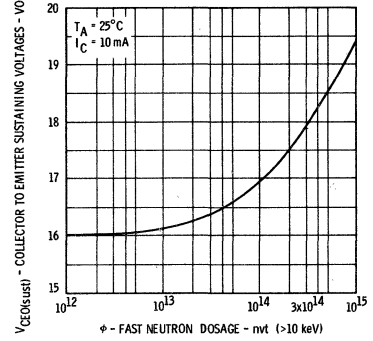
**COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT
VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



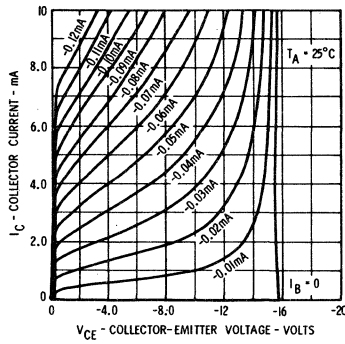
**COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE
VERSUS FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



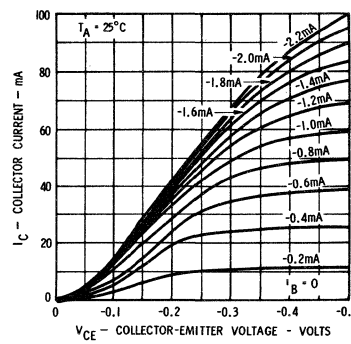
**COLLECTOR TO EMITTER
SUSTAINING VOLTAGE VERSUS
FAST NEUTRON DOSAGE**



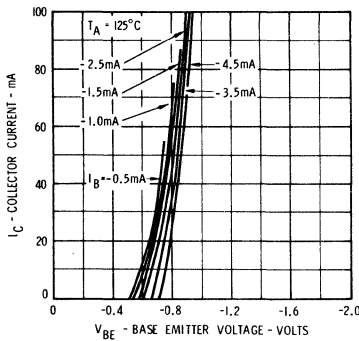
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



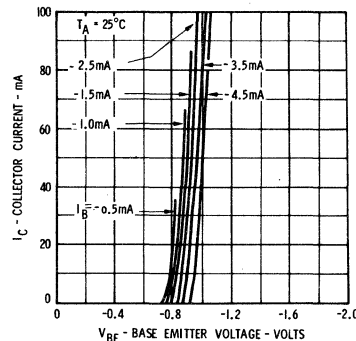
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



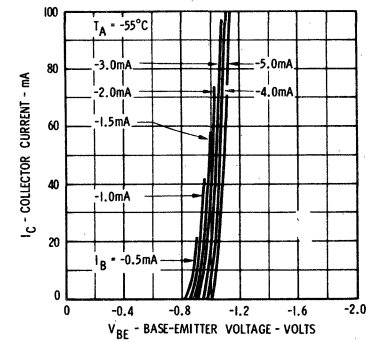
BASE CHARACTERISTIC*



BASE CHARACTERISTIC*



BASE CHARACTERISTIC*

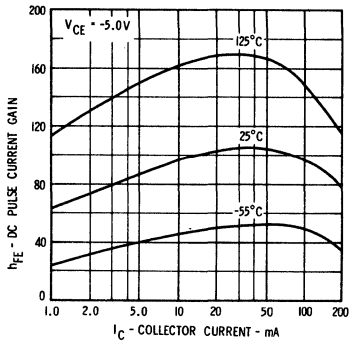


*Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

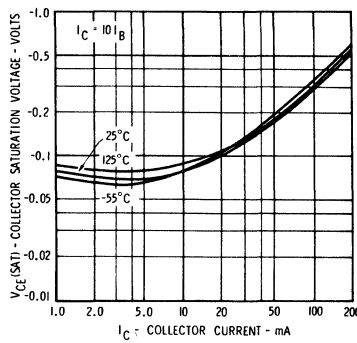
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5292

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

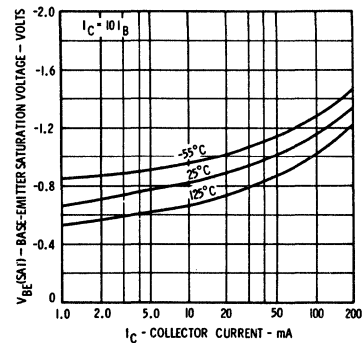
DC PULSE CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



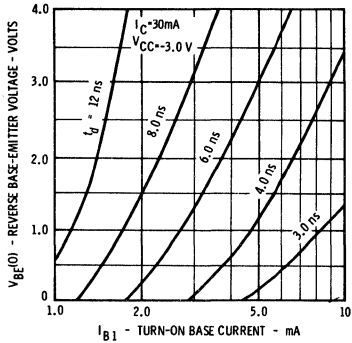
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



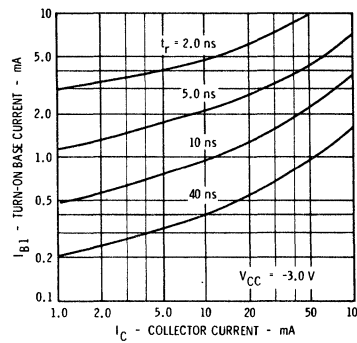
BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



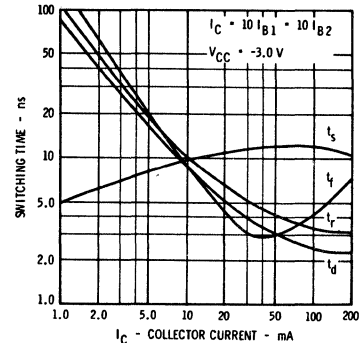
DELAY TIME VERSUS TURN ON BASE CURRENT AND REVERSE BASE EMITTER VOLTAGE



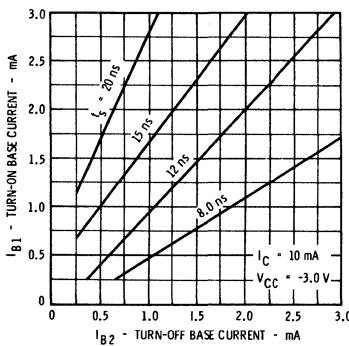
RISE TIME VERSUS COLLECTOR AND TURN ON BASE CURRENTS



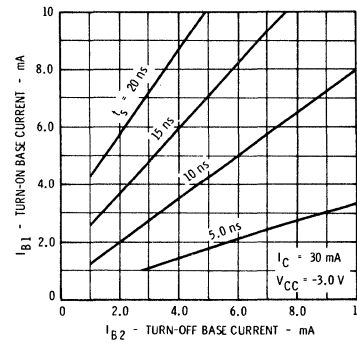
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



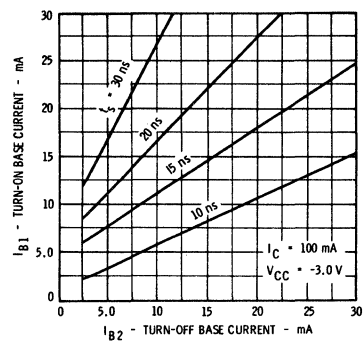
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



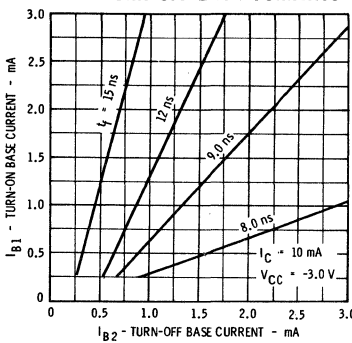
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



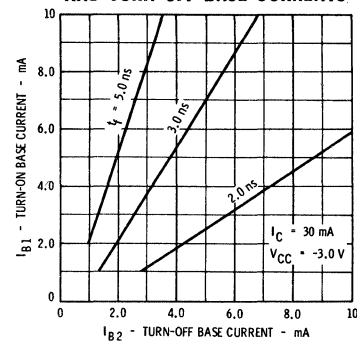
STORAGE TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



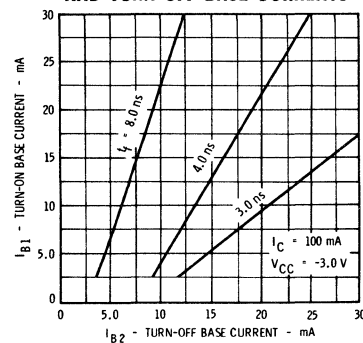
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



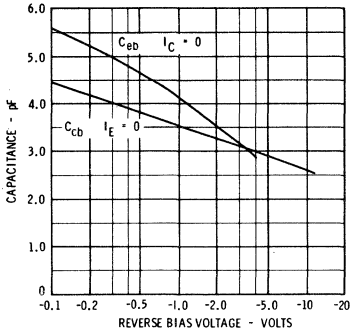
FALL TIME VERSUS TURN ON AND TURN OFF BASE CURRENTS



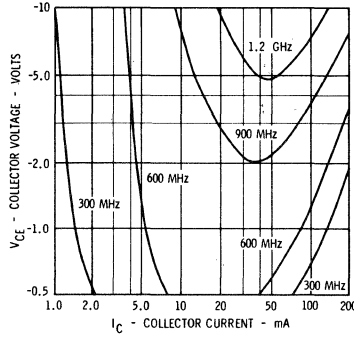
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR 2N5292

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

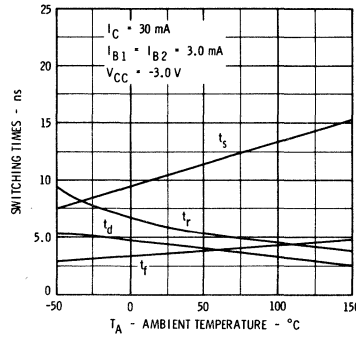
INPUT AND OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



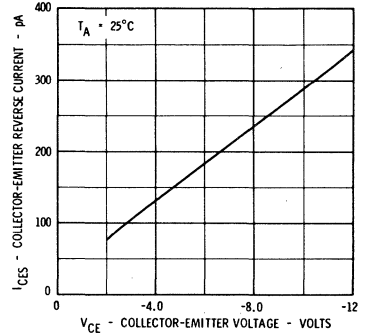
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



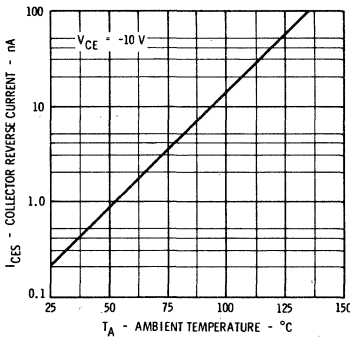
SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS TEMPERATURE



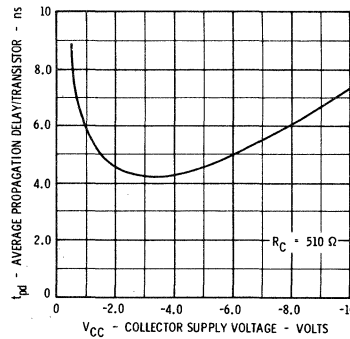
COLLECTOR-EMITTER REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



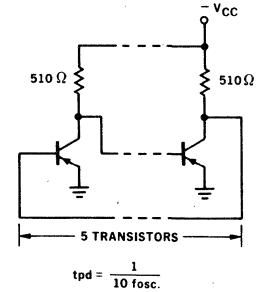
COLLECTOR REVERSE CURRENT VERSUS TEMPERATURE



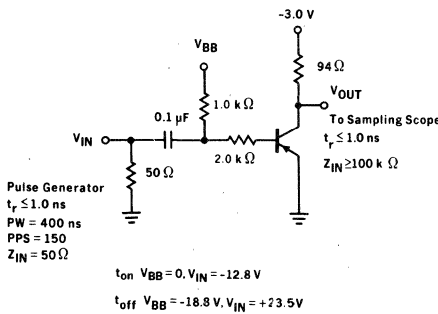
AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY PER TRANSISTOR VERSUS COLLECTOR VOLTAGE



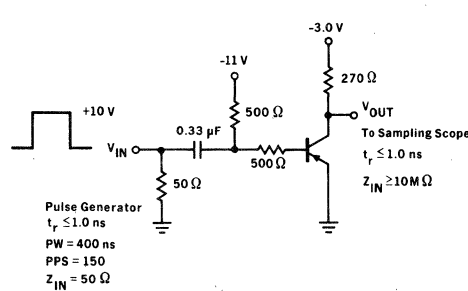
FIVE STAGE RING OSCILLATOR FOR MEASUREMENT OF PROPAGATION DELAY



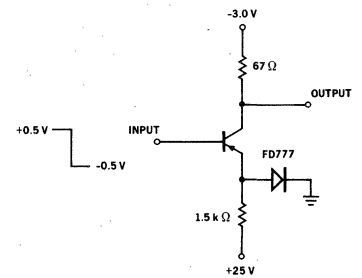
SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 1



STORAGE TIME TEST CIRCUIT FIGURE 2



NON SATURATED SWITCHING PERFORMANCE



NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 486°C/Watt (derating factor of 2.06 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .
- (6) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.

SE7001 • SE7002

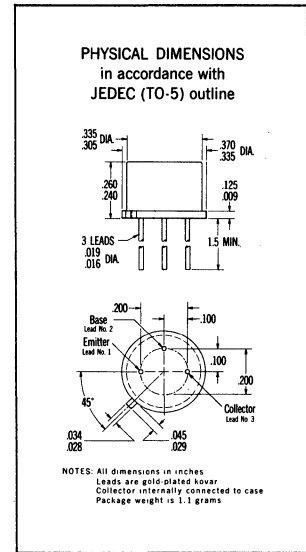
NPN HIGH-VOLTAGE AUDIO / VIDEO AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

The SE7001 and SE7002 are NPN silicon PLANAR transistors designed for use in high-voltage video amplifier and line operated radio audio output applications. They feature low output capacitance and a five watt power rating. These devices are capable of producing up to one watt in high-voltage class "A" audio stages.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [Note 1]

Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature		200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec time limit)		300°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]		5.0 Watts
at 25°C Free Air Temperature [Notes 2 and 3]		0.8 Watt
Maximum Voltages		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	SE7001	SE7002
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage [Note 4]	150 Volts	120 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	SE7001		SE7002		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP. MAX.	MIN.	TYP. MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	30	60	30	60		$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage		0.8 0.9		0.8 0.9	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage		0.33 2.0		0.33 2.0	Volts	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
h_{ie}	Small Signal Current Gain ($f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$)	25	50	25	50		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	2.0	3.0	2.0	3.0		$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	150		120			$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO}(\text{sust})$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage [Note 4]	150		120			$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2.

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C); junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C).
- (4) This rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Pub. APP-4.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.

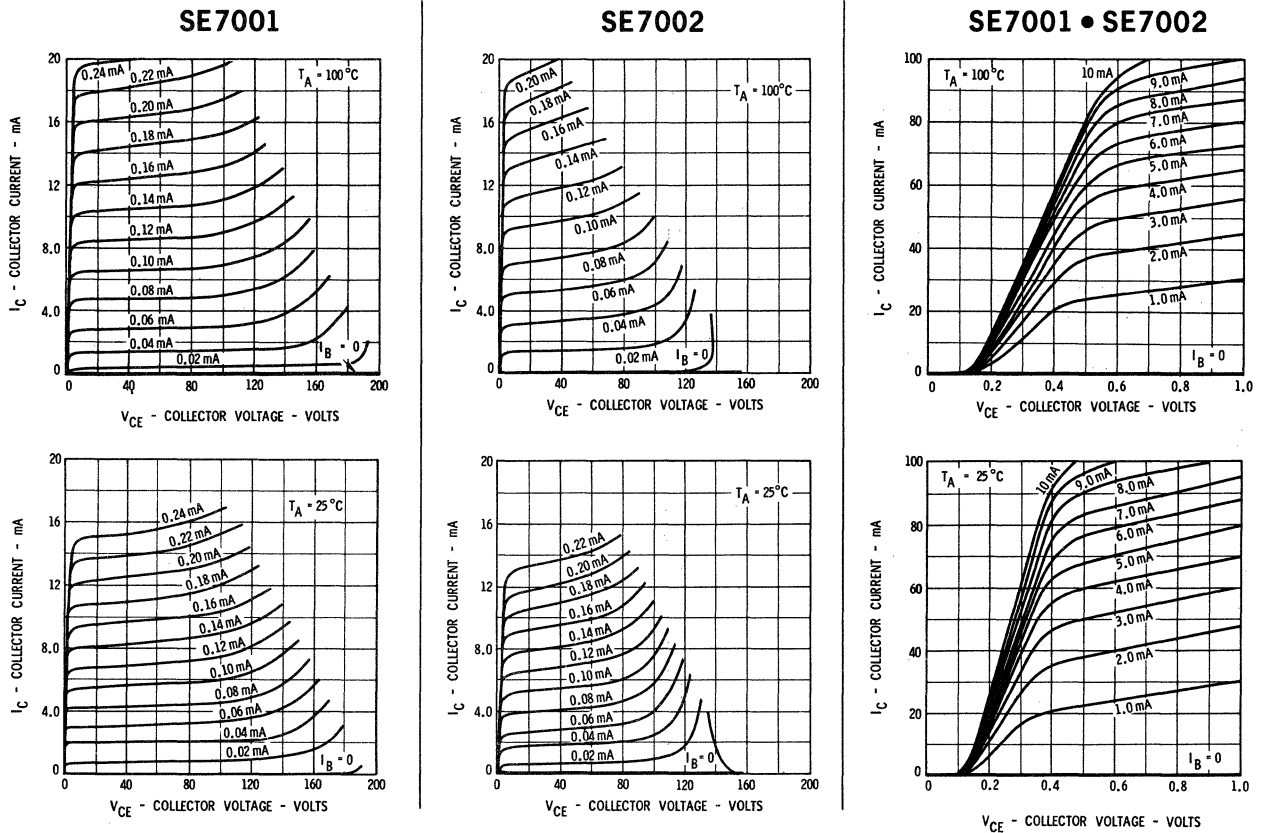
FAIRCHILD
SEMICONDUCTOR
A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE7001 • SE7002

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C free air temperature unless otherwise noted)

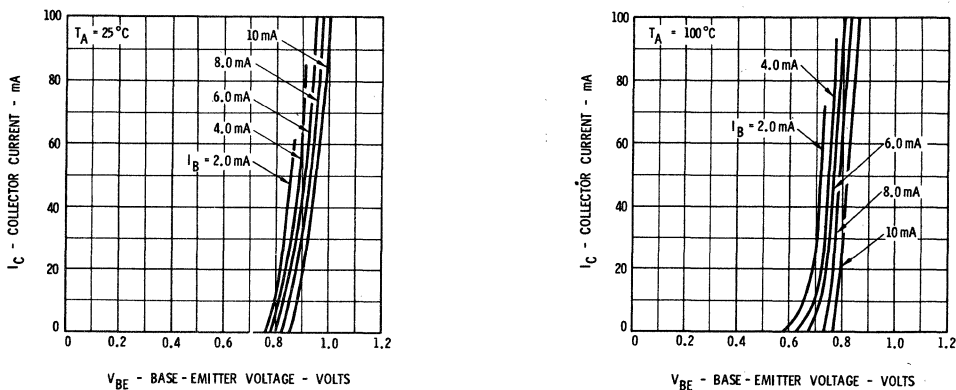
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	SE7001		SE7002		UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
		MIN.	TYP. MAX.	MIN.	TYP. MAX.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain [Note 5]	25	60	25	60		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.3	100	0.3	100	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 75 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO} (150^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current	2.0	50	2.0	50	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 75 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current		100		100	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance	6.0	9.0	6.0	12	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}$
C_{TE}	Emitter Transition Capacitance		70 80		70 80	pF	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0		Volts	$I_C = 0$ $I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS *



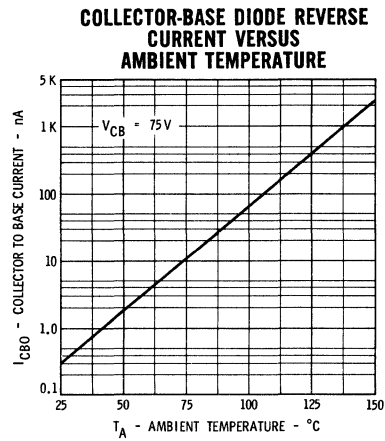
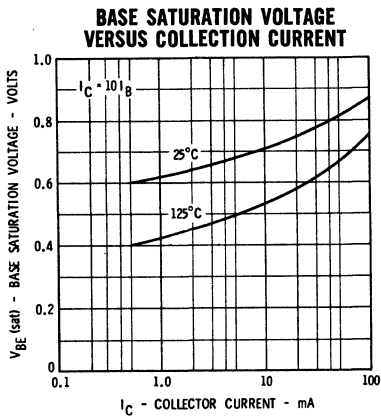
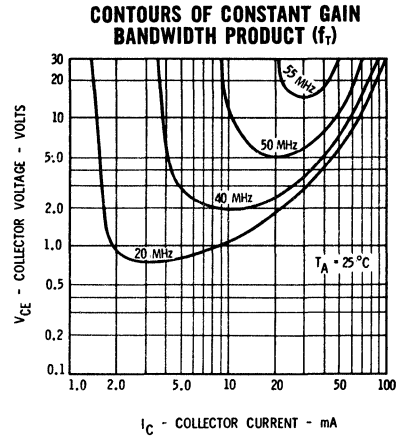
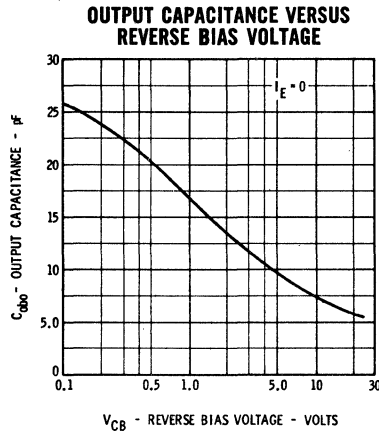
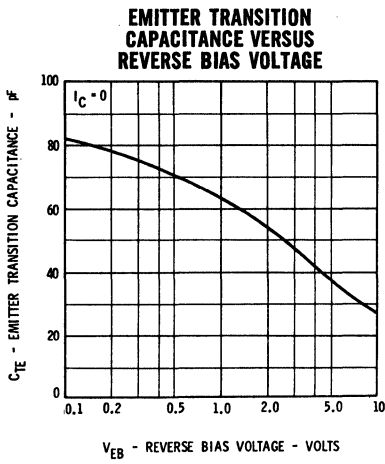
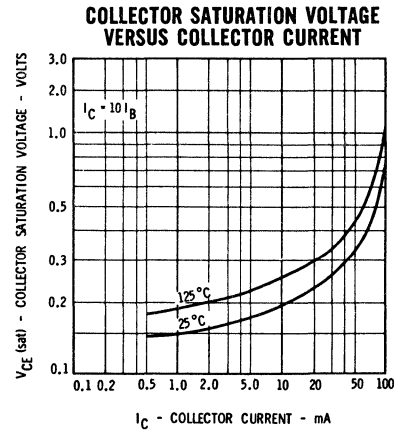
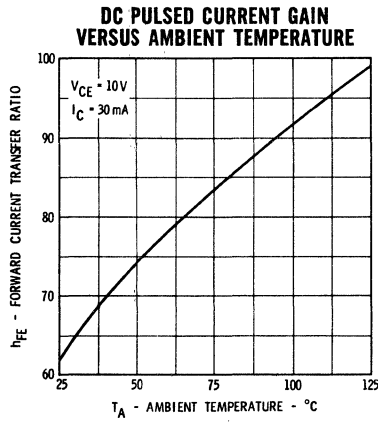
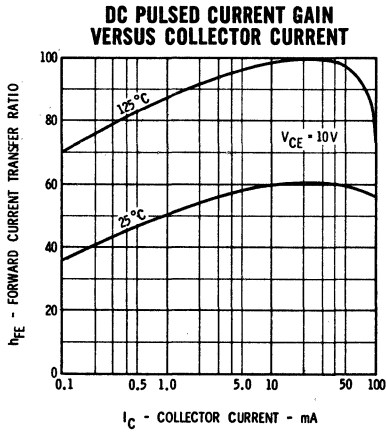
TYPICAL BASE CHARACTERISTICS *

SE7001 • SE7002



FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE7001 • SE7002

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

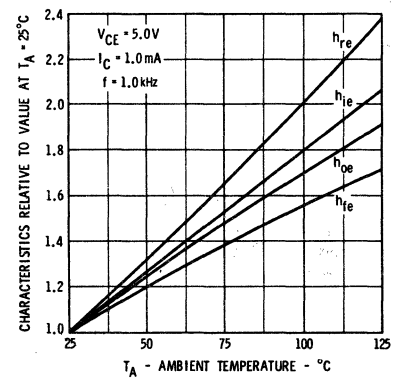
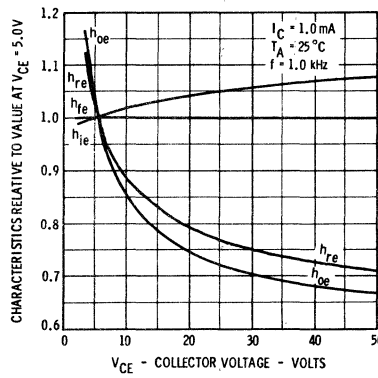
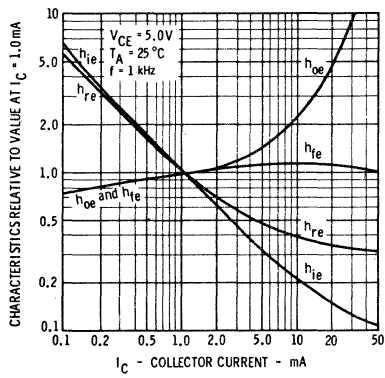


FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE7001 • SE7002

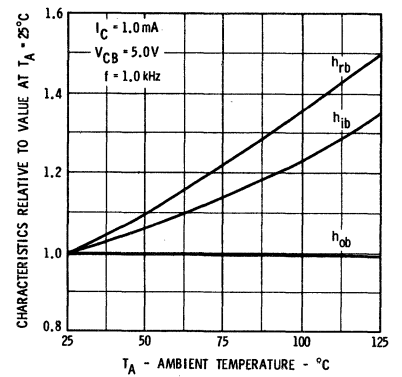
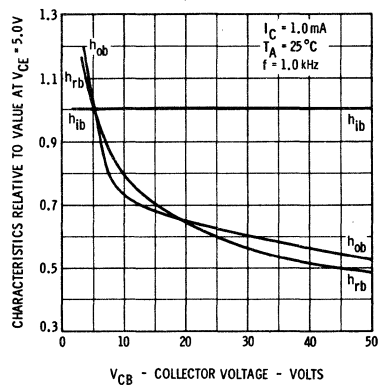
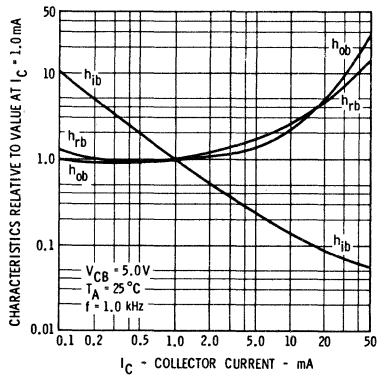
TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS (f = 1.0 kHz)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TYPICAL	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
h_{fe}	Small Signal Current Gain	50		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ie}	Input Resistance	1.5	k ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{oe}	Output Conductance	5.3	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{re}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	1.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ib}	Input Resistance	27	ohms	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{ob}	Output Conductance	0.09	μmhos	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
h_{rb}	Voltage Feedback Ratio	0.25	$\times 10^{-4}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL COMMON EMITTER CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL COMMON BASE CHARACTERISTICS



SE8001 • SE8002

NPN MEDIUM POWER

SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The Fairchild SE8001 and SE8002 are NPN silicon PLANAR epitaxial transistors designed for general purpose use. They are suitable for one watt class "A" and up to ten watt class "B" audio output stages. These transistors also feature low saturation voltage at high current which makes them desirable for television applications such as vertical oscillator, horizontal driver, and audio output circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Soldering Temperature (60 sec time limit)	300°C Maximum

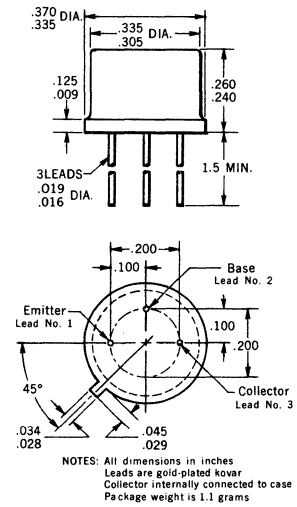
Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature (Note 2)	5.0 Watts
at 100°C Case Temperature (Note 2)	2.8 Watts
at 25°C Ambient Temperature (Note 2)	0.87 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	SE8001 60 Volts	SE8002 80 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 3)	30 Volts	40 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	5.0 Volts	5.0 Volts

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS in accordance with JEDEC (TO-5) outline



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	SE8001		SE8002		Test Conditions	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 4)	20		40	120	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 4)				25	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 20 \text{ MHz}$)	2.0		2.0		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		1.5		1.2	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ A}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		2.0		2.0	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 0.1 \text{ A}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		100			nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current				10	nA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current		50			μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 40 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO(150^\circ C)}$	Collector Cutoff Current				10	μA	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$
I_{EBO}	Emitter Cutoff Current				100	nA	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		25		25	pF	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	60		80		Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 3 and 4)	30		40		Volts	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	5.0		5.0		Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$

NOTES:

- These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 35°C/watt (derating factor of 28.6 mW/°C. Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 200°C/watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C).
- Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4.
- Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1.0%.
- Saturation voltages measured with 1/4" lead length.

* Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

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SE8010 • SE8012

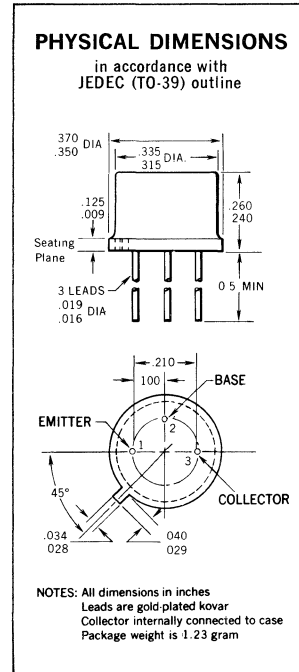
NPN RF AMPLIFIER

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

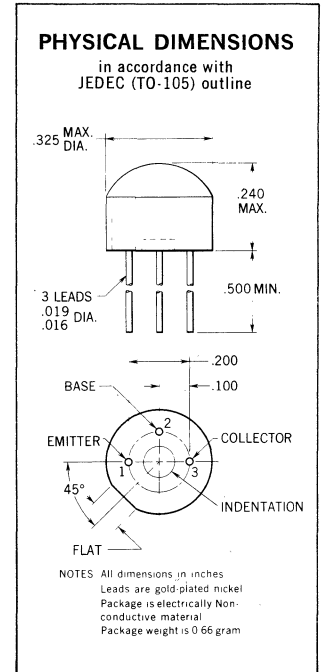
- HIGH POWER DISSIPATION . . . $P_D = 800 \text{ mW}$ AT $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $P_D = 4.0 \text{ W}$ AT $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- HIGH POWER GAIN $600 \text{ mW } P_O$ AT 27 MHz
- HIGH VOLTAGE $V_{CEO} = 60 \text{ V}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

	SE8010	SE8012
Maximum Temperatures		
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C	-65°C to +125°C
Operating Junction Temperature	200°C Maximum	125°C Maximum
Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2 and 3)		
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	4.0 W	4.0 W
at 25°C Free Air Temperature	800 mW	500 mW
Maximum Voltages and Current		
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	100 Volts	100 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	60 Volts	60 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts	6.0 Volts
I_C Collector Current	500 mA	500 mA



SE8010



SE8012

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
G_{PE}	Amplifier Power Gain ($f = 27 \text{ MHz}$) (Note 6)	10.8	12		dB	$V_{CE} = 12 \text{ V}$	$P_{in} = 50 \text{ mW}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40		150		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15				$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ MHz}$)	3.0				$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)			0.75	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)			1.20	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
I_{CES}	Collector Reverse Current			500	nA	$V_{CE} = 50 \text{ V}$	$V_{EB} = 0$
C_{cb}	Collector-Base Capacitance			9.0	pF	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_E = 0$
C_{eb}	Emitter-Base Capacitance			65	pF	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	100			Volts	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$I_E = 0$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Note 5)	60			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	6.0			Volts	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$	$I_C = 0$

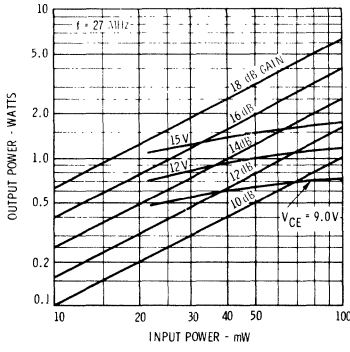
NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C, a junction to case thermal resistance of 43.8°C/Watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C) and a junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C) for the SE8010. These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 125°C, a junction to case thermal resistance of 25°C/Watt (derating factor of 40 mW/°C) and a junction to ambient thermal resistance of 200°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C) for the SE8012.
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See Test Circuit.

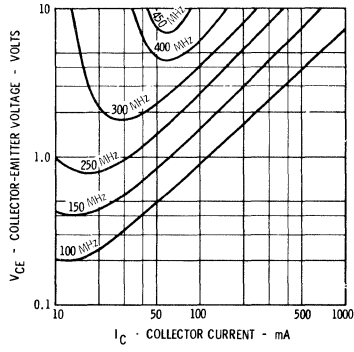
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE8010 • SE8012

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

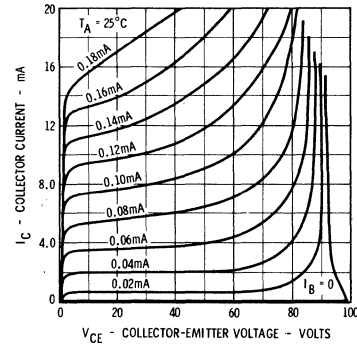
TYPICAL DRIVER AMPLIFIER PERFORMANCE



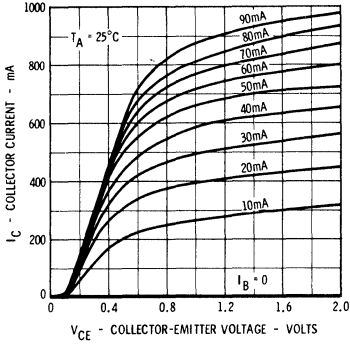
CONTOURS OF CONSTANT GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT (f_T)



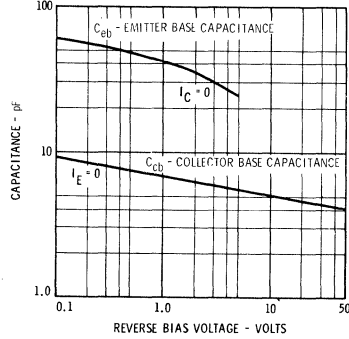
COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS*



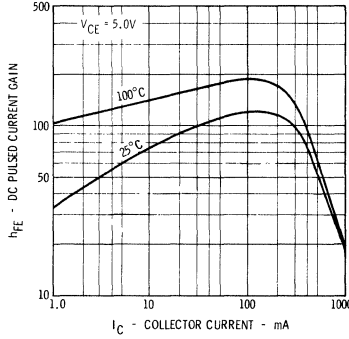
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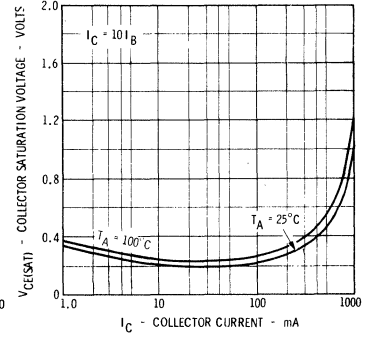
COLLECTOR AND EMITTER CAPACITANCES VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



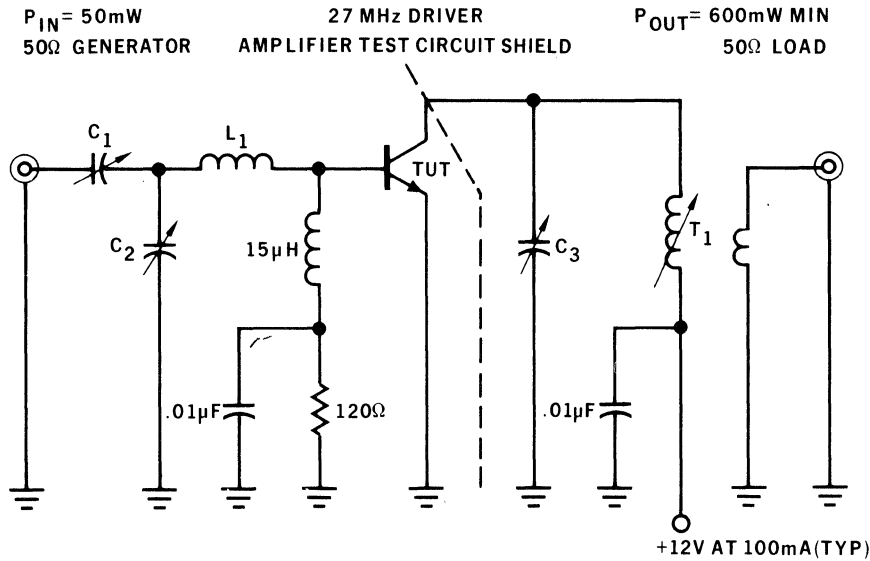
DC PULSED CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



*Single family characteristic on Transistor Curve Tracer.



- C₁, C₂ — 7 to 100pF, compression mica trimmer (Arco 423)
- C₃ — 43 to 63pF; compression mica trimmer (Arco 402) in parallel with 43pF, Dipped mica.
- L₁ — 0.35μH (7 T Air Dux 408)
- T₁ — 9 turns primary, 5 turns secondary
 No. 18 enamel close wound on 1/4 inch slug tuned form
 (CTC 1535-2-2, red slug).

SE8040 • SE8041 • SE8042 • SE8540 • SE8541 • SE8542

NPN-PNP GENERAL PURPOSE COMPLEMENTARY AMPLIFIERS

DIFFUSED SILICON PLANAR* TRANSISTORS

- **MATCHED h_{FE} GROUPINGS AVAILABLE** (See Note 7)
- **HIGH GAIN** $h_{FE} = 40-540$ AT 150 mA, 1.0 V
 $h_{FE} = 30$ (MIN) AT 500 mA, 1.0 V
- **NPN AND PNP COMPLEMENTS** (Note 7) ... SE8040, SE8041 AND SE8042 ARE NPN
 SE8540, SE8541 AND SE8542 ARE PNP
- **LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE** $V_{CE(sat)} = 0.12$ V (MAX) AT 150 mA, 0.3 V (MAX)
 AT 500 mA FOR SE8040, SE8041 AND SE8042
 $V_{CE(sat)} = -0.25$ V (MAX) AT 150 mA, -0.7 V (MAX)
 AT 500 mA FOR SE8540, SE8541 AND SE8542

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures	SE8040 SE8540	SE8041 SE8541	SE8042 SE8542
Storage Temperature	-55°C to +125°C	-65°C to +200°C	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+125°C	+200°C	+200°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 second time limit)	+260°C	+300°C	+300°C

Maximum Power Dissipation (Notes 2, 3 and 4)

Total Dissipation at or below 100°C Case Temperature	SE8040 SE8540	SE8041 SE8541	SE8042 SE8542
Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	4.0 Watts	4.0 Watts	4.0 Watts
Total Dissipation at 25°C Free Air Temperature	0.5 Watt	0.8 Watt	1.0 Watt

Maximum Voltages and Current

	SE8040 SE8041 SE8042	SE8540 SE8541 SE8542
V_{CBO} Collector to Base Voltage	30 Volts	-30 Volts
V_{CEO} Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 5)	30 Volts	-30 Volts
V_{EBO} Emitter to Base Voltage	6.0 Volts	-5.0 Volts
I_C Continuous Collector Current ($T_C = +75^\circ\text{C}$)	1.0 Amp	1.0 Amp
I_C Continuous Collector Current ($T_C = +100^\circ\text{C}$)	0.75 Amp	0.75 Amp

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

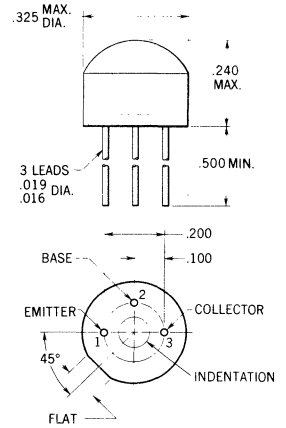
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	40	70	540		$I_C = 150$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	30	65			$I_C = 500$ mA $V_{CE} = 1.0$ V
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 5 & 6)	SE8040 30			Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 0$
$V_{CEO(sus)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 5 & 6)	SE8041, SE8042 -30			Volts	$I_C = 30$ mA $I_B = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	SE8040 30			Volts	$I_C = 10$ μ A $I_E = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	SE8041, SE8042 -30			Volts	$I_C = 100$ μ A $I_E = 0$
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8040 0.35	1.0		Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ A $I_B = 33$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8041, SE8042 -0.5	-1.3		Volts	$I_C = 1.0$ A $I_B = 33$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8540 0.2	0.3		Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 25$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8541, SE8542 -0.3	-0.7		Volts	$I_C = 500$ mA $I_B = 25$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8040 0.08	0.12		Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8041, SE8042 -0.15	-0.25		Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8540 0.08	0.12		Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Pulsed Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 6)	SE8541, SE8542 -0.15	-0.25		Volts	$I_C = 150$ mA $I_B = 15$ mA

Additional Electrical Characteristics on Page 2

Notes on Page 6

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with JEDEC (TO-105) outline

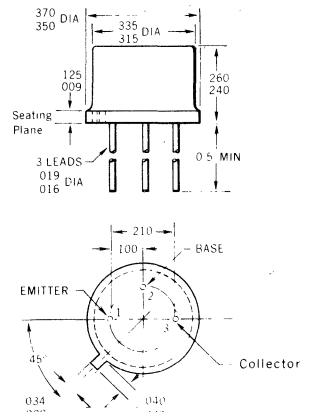


NOTES: All dimensions in inches
 Leads are gold plated nickel
 Package is electrically Non-conductive material
 Package weight is 0.66 gram

SE8040 • SE8540

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

in accordance with JEDEC (TO-39) outline



NOTES: All dimensions in inches
 Leads are gold plated kovar
 Collector internally connected to case
 Package weight is 1.24 grams

SE8041 • SE8541
 SE8042 • SE8542

*Planar is a patented Fairchild process.

FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

A DIVISION OF FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

313 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA, (415) 962-5011, TWX: 910-379-6435

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTORS SE8040 • SE8041 • SE8042 • SE8540 • SE8541 • SE8542

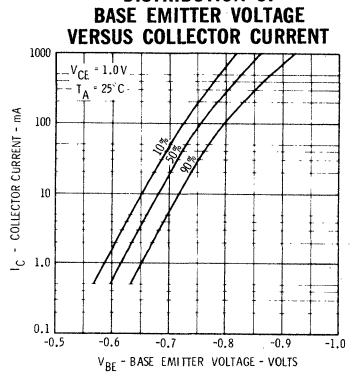
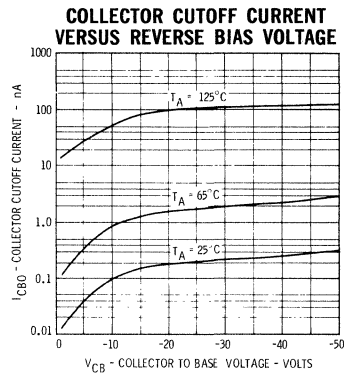
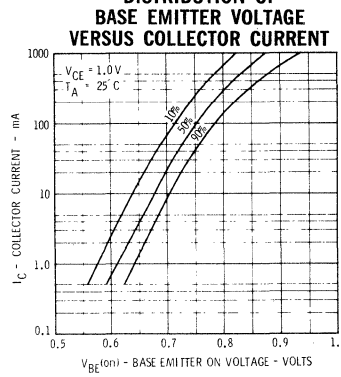
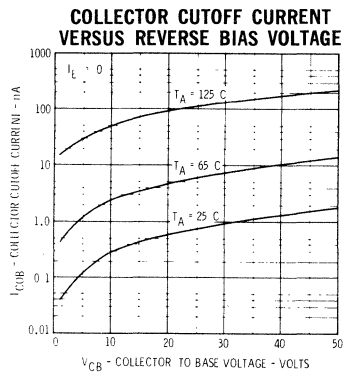
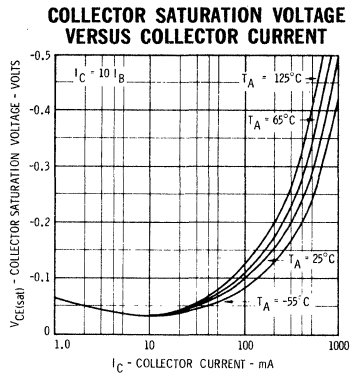
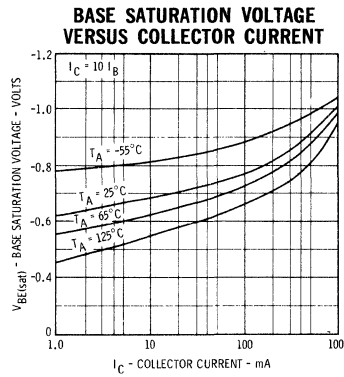
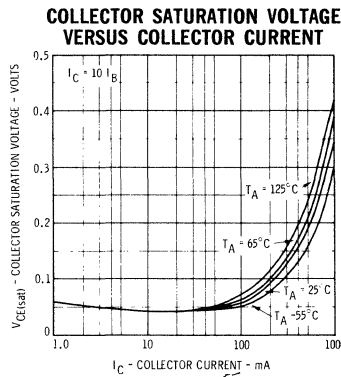
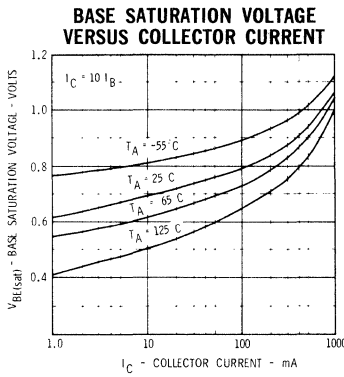
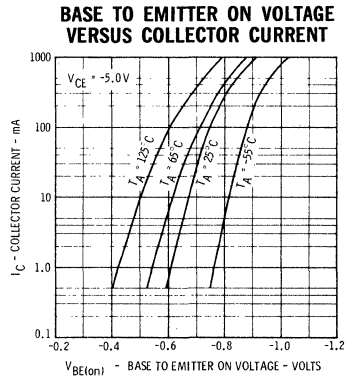
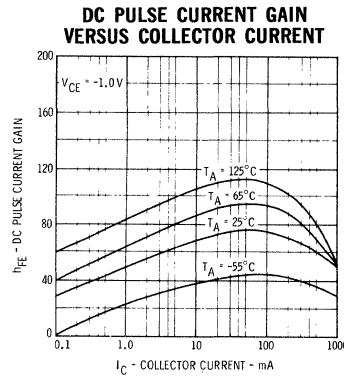
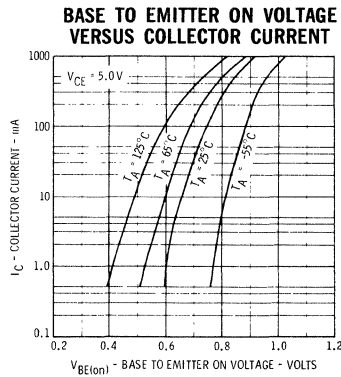
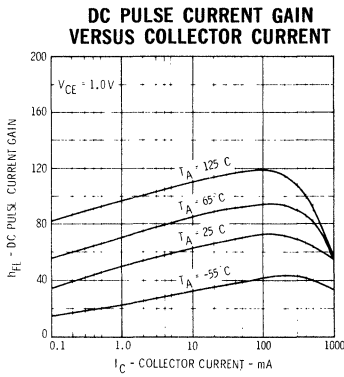
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTICS	SE8040 • SE8041 • SE8042 SE8540 • SE8541 • SE8542						UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		(Reverse Voltage Polarity For SE8540 • SE8541 • SE8542)	
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 6)	30	60		30	68			$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 6)		0.95	1.2		-0.96	-1.2	Volts	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$	$I_B = 33 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 6)		0.93	1.0		-0.92	-1.15	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 25 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Pulsed Base Saturation Voltage (Note 6)		0.82	0.85		-0.79	-1.1	Volts	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	$I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE(on)}$	Pulsed Base Emitter (On) Voltage (Note 6)	0.63	0.68	0.73	-0.65	-0.68	-0.75	Volts	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current		0.9	50		0.1	50	nA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 25 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(65^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current	(SE8040)	.008	5.0	(SE8540)	.002	1.0	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 25 \text{ V}$
$I_{CBO}(125^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current	(SE8041, SE8042)	0.1	20	(SE8541, SE8542)	0.1	20	μA	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 25 \text{ V}$
BV_{EBO}	Base to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	6.0			-5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	$I_C = 0$
I_{EBO}	Base to Emitter Cutoff Current		2.0	50		2.0	50	nA	$I_C = 0$	$V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain (f = 100 MHz)	1.3	2.3	5.0	1.0	2.0	5.0		$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{cb}	Collector to Base Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		9.0	12		20	35	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$
C_{eb}	Emitter to Base Capacitance (f = 1.0 MHz)		60	65		80	120	pF	$I_E = 0$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

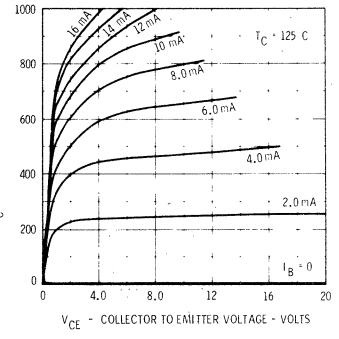
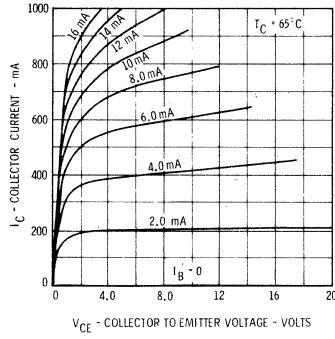
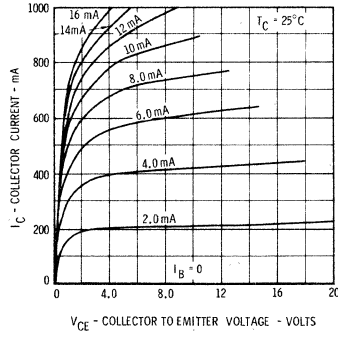
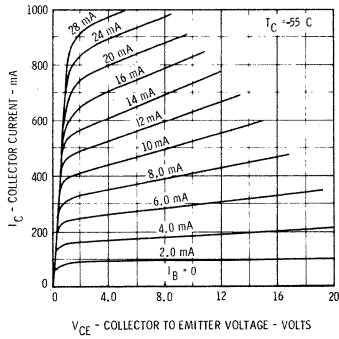
SE8040 • SE8041 • SE8042

SE8540 • SE8541 • SE8542

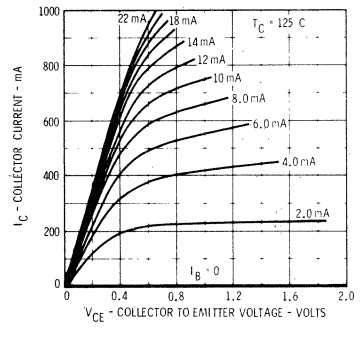
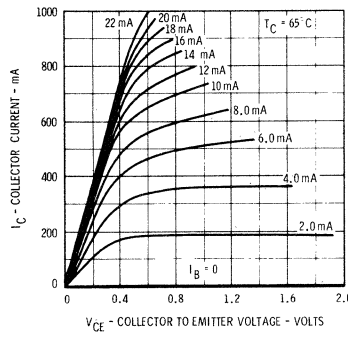
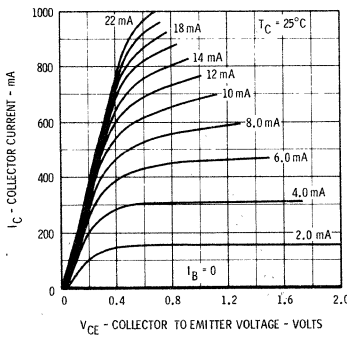
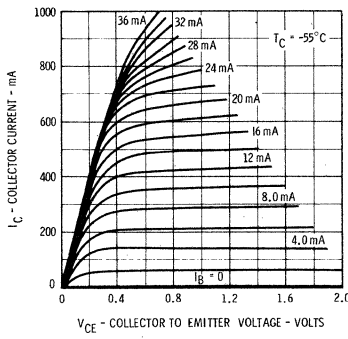


SE8040 • SE8041 • SE8042

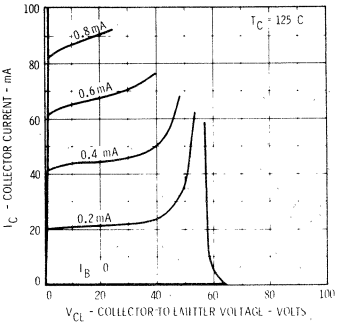
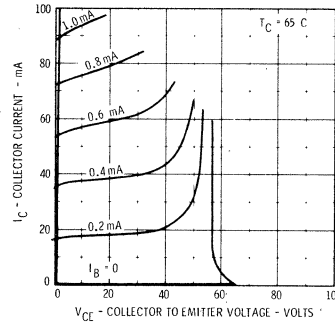
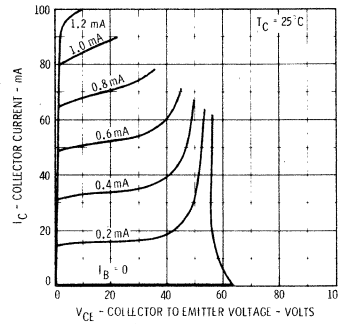
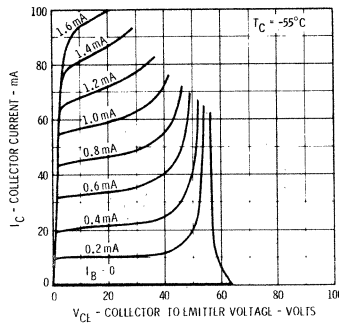
TYPICAL LARGE SIGNAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



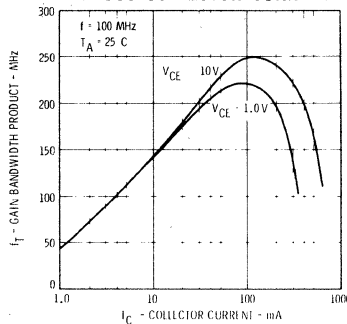
TYPICAL COLLECTOR SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS



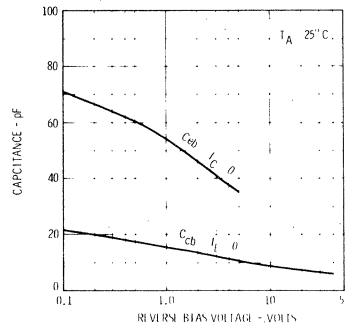
TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT

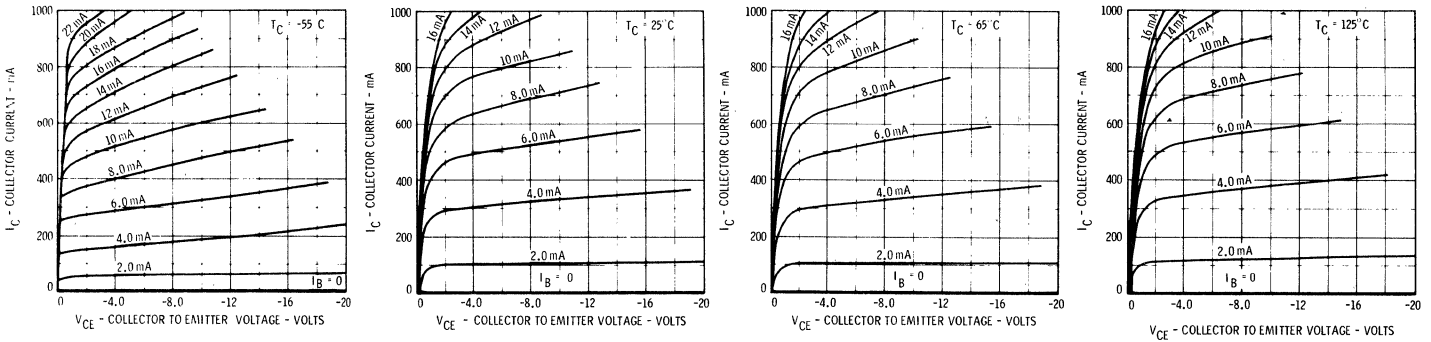


COLLECTOR TO BASE AND EMITTER TO BASE CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE

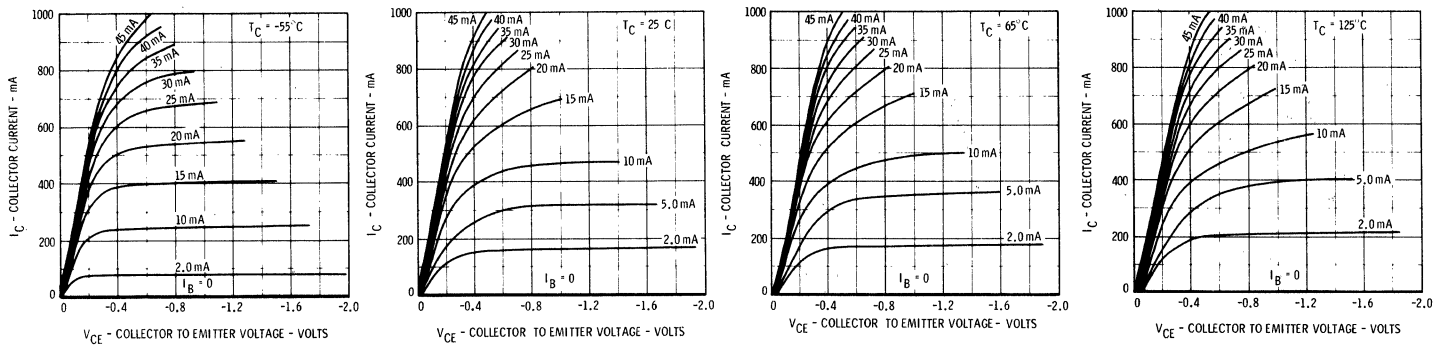


SE8540 • SE8541 • SE8542

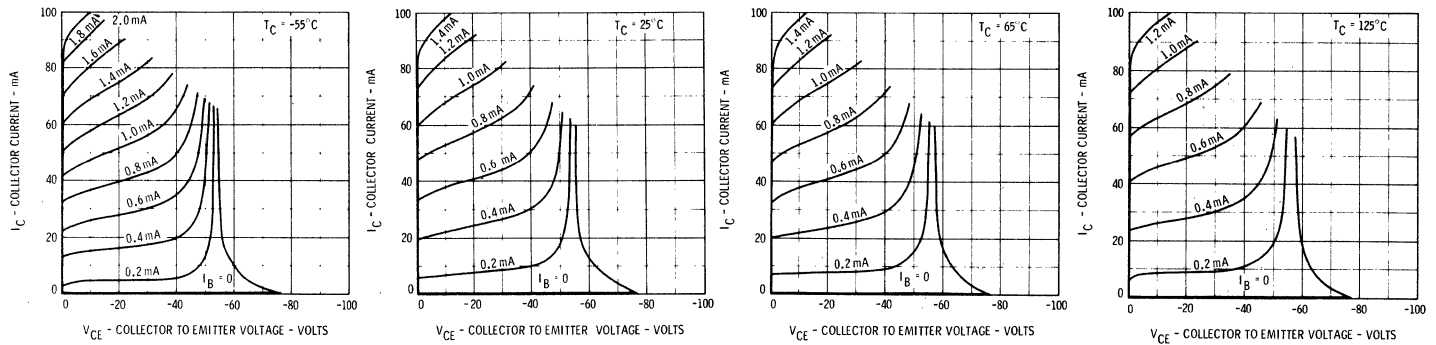
TYPICAL LARGE SIGNAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



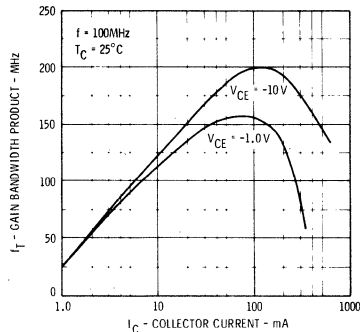
TYPICAL COLLECTOR SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



COLLECTOR-BASE AND EMITTER BASE CAPACITANCE VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE

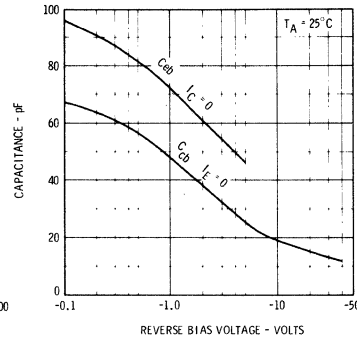


Figure 1—SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

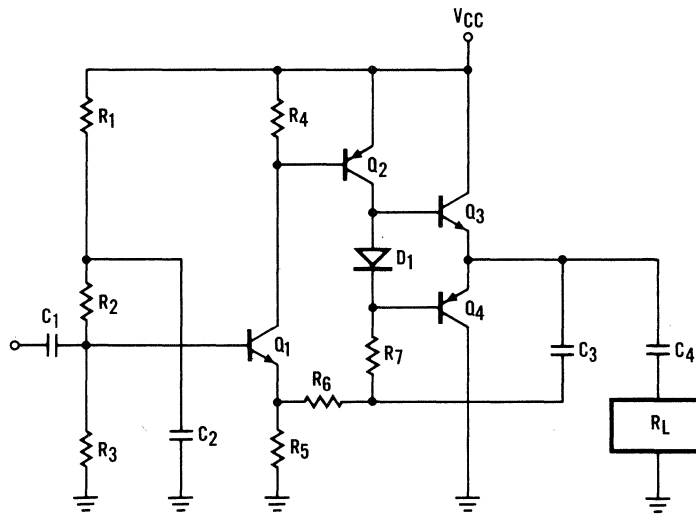


Table 1—SCHEMATIC VALUES

Circuit Voltage Load Resistance	12 V 4 ohm	18 V 8 ohm	28 V 16 ohm
Q ₁	SE4021	SE4021	SE4021
Q ₂	2N4249	2N3638	2N3638
Q ₃	SE8040	SE8040	SE8042
Q ₄	SE8540	SE8540	SE8542
D ₁	FDH694	FDH694	FDH694
R ₁	2.2 MΩ	4.7 MΩ	5.6 MΩ
R ₂	2.7 MΩ	4.7 MΩ	10 MΩ
R ₃	1.2 MΩ	1.2 MΩ	1 MΩ
R ₄	22 kΩ	22 kΩ	22 kΩ
R ₅	100 Ω	47 kΩ	56 Ω
R ₆	180 Ω	180 Ω	470 Ω
R ₇	120 Ω	120 Ω	150 Ω
C ₁	0.01 μF	0.01 μF	0.01 μF
C ₂	0.01 μF	0.01 μF	0.01 μF
C ₃	50 μF, 6 V	25 μF, 6 V	25 μF, 6 V
C ₄	500 μF, 10 V	500 μF, 15 V	250 μF, 20 V

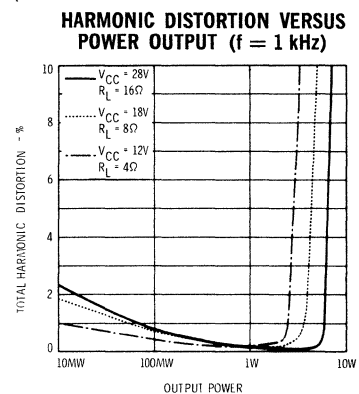
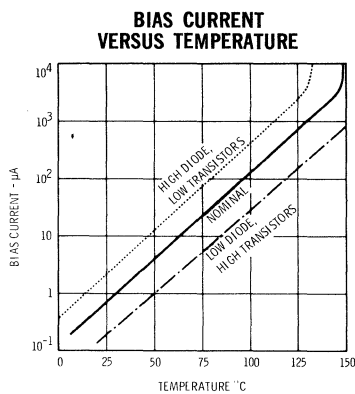
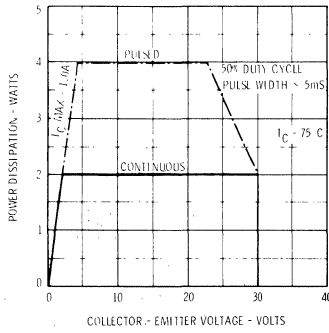


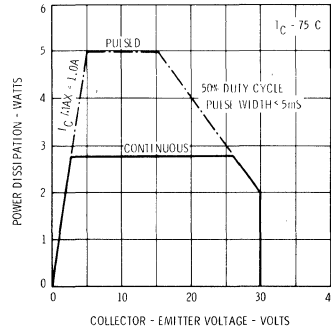
FIGURE 2

For additional information, send for Fairchild Application Brief 58

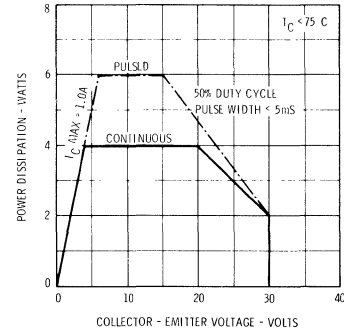
MAXIMUM FORWARD BIASED
POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
SE8040, SE8540 ONLY



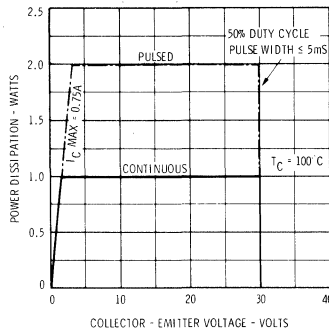
MAXIMUM FORWARD BIASED
POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
SE8041, SE8541 ONLY



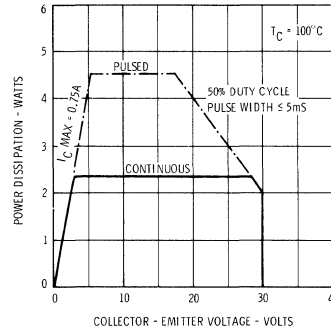
MAXIMUM FORWARD BIASED
POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
SE8042, SE8542 ONLY



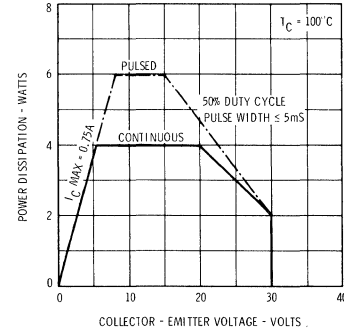
MAXIMUM FORWARD BIASED
POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
SE8040, SE8540 ONLY



MAXIMUM FORWARD BIASED
POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
SE8041, SE8541 ONLY



MAXIMUM FORWARD BIASED
POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS
COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
SE8042, SE8542 ONLY



* Reverse Voltage Polarity for SE8540, SE8541 and SE8542

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor device may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations if curves shown above will be exceeded.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 125°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 25°C/Watt (derating factor of 40 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 200°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.0 mW/°C) for the SE8040 and SE8540.
- (4) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction to case thermal resistance of 43.7°C/Watt (derating factor of 22.8 mW/°C); junction to ambient thermal resistance of 219°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.56 mW/°C) for the SE8041 and SE8541; junction to ambient thermal resistance of 175°C/Watt (derating factor of 5.71 mW/°C) for the SE8042 and SE8542.
- (5) This rating refers to a high current point where collector to emitter voltage is lowest.
- (6) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μs; duty cycle = 1%.
- (7) If h_{FE} matching is required, order SE804—M and SE854—M. Equal numbers of NPN's and PNP's from the following classifications will be shipped and will be marked to indicate matching group(s). There is no guarantee of the quantities of individual groupings. At the manufacturer's option, units marked with h_{FE} group suffixes (M1, etc.) may be shipped as SE8040 etc.

GROUP h _{FE} RANGE	M1 40-52	M2 48-64	M3 58-77	M4 70-93	M5 83-110	M6 100-130	M7 118-150
I _C = 150 mA V _{CE} = 1.0 V	M8 135-183	M9 163-220	M10 197-263	M11 235-315	M12 285-380	M13 340-450	M14 410-540



S18000

PNP HIGH - VOLTAGE, HIGH CURRENT SWITCH

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION - The S18000 is a PNP High-Voltage, High-Current Transistor designed for complementary use with the S17900 NPN Transistor in memory applications requiring breakdown voltage up to 50 volts and operating current to 600 milliamperes.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Maximum Temperatures

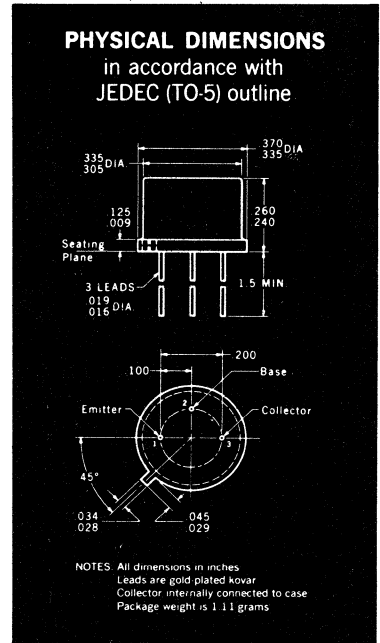
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +200°C
Operating Junction Temperature	+200°C Maximum
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec. time limit)	+300°C Maximum

Maximum Power Dissipation

Total Dissipation at 25°C Case Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	3.0 Watts
at 25°C Free Air Temperature	(Notes 2 and 3)	0.7 Watt

Maximum Voltages

V_{CBO}	Collector to Base Voltage	-60 Volts
V_{CEO}	Collector to Emitter Voltage (Note 4)	-50 Volts
V_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Voltage	-5.0 Volts
I_C	Collector Current (Note 2)	600 mA



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	40	110	200		$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	15	30			$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
h_{FE}	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	30	70			$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$
$h_{FE}(-55^\circ\text{C})$	DC Pulse Current Gain (Note 5)	20	85			$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.13	-0.3	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector-Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.5	-1.6	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$
$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	Collector Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.3	-0.8	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.15	-2.0	Volts	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 30 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-0.95	-1.0	Volts	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$
$V_{BE}(\text{sat})$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 5)		-1.25	-2.0	Volts	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$

Additional Electrical Characteristics on page 2

NOTES:

- (1) These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any individual semiconductor may be impaired.
- (2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- (3) These ratings give a maximum junction temperature of 200°C and junction-to-case thermal resistance of 58.3°C/Watt (derating factor of 17.2 mW/°C) junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of 250°C/Watt (derating factor of 4.0 mW/°C).
- (4) Rating refers to a high-current point where collector-to-emitter voltage is lowest. For more information send for Fairchild Publication APP-4/2.
- (5) Pulse Conditions: length = 300 μsec ; duty cycle = 1%.
- (6) See switching circuit for exact values of I_C , I_{B1} , and I_{B2} .

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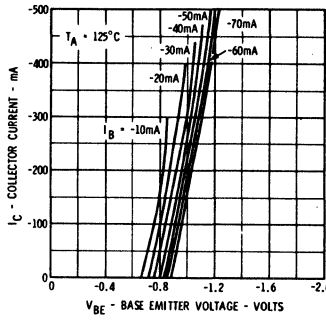
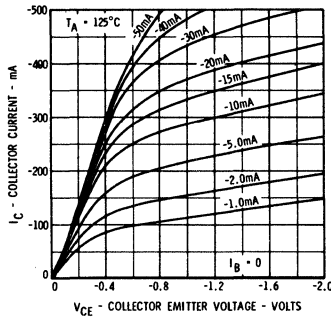
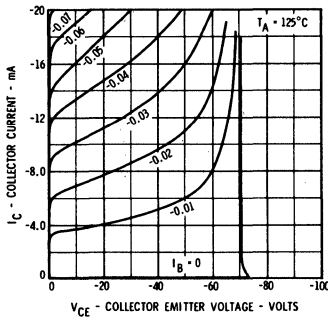
FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR S18000

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

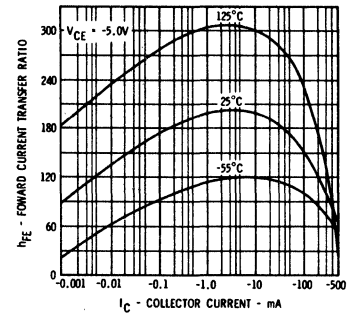
Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
h_{fe}	High Frequency Current Gain ($f = 100 \text{ Mc}$)	2.0	2.50			$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}$
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance		4.5	8.0	pf	$I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance		15	25	pf	$I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$
I_{CBO}	Collector Cutoff Current	0.07	10		nA	$V_{CB} = -40 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
$I_{CBO}(100^\circ\text{C})$	Collector Cutoff Current		10		μA	$V_{CB} = -40 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{CBO}	Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	-60			Volts	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$
BV_{EBO}	Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	-5.0			Volts	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$
$V_{CEO(sust)}$	Collector to Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Notes 4 and 5)	-50			Volts	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 0$ (pulsed)
t_{on}	Turn On Time		40	70	nsec	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = 30 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time		120	150	nsec	$I_C = 300 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = 30 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} = -30 \text{ mA}$
t_{on}	Turn On Time (Note 6)		60	100	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$
t_{off}	Turn Off Time (Note 6)		70	100	nsec	$I_C \approx 500 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} \approx 50 \text{ mA}$, $I_{B2} \approx -50 \text{ mA}$

TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS*

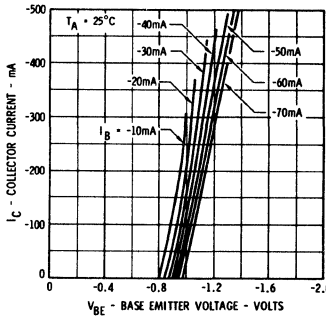
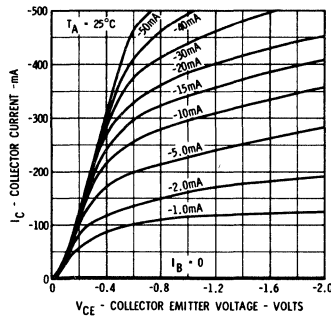
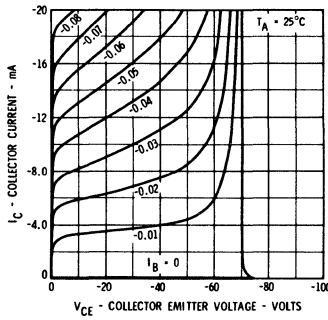
ACTIVE REGION



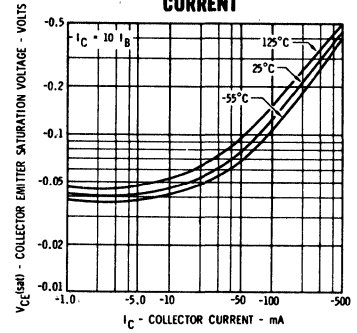
DC PULSED CURRENT GAIN VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



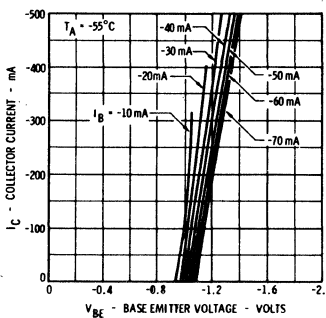
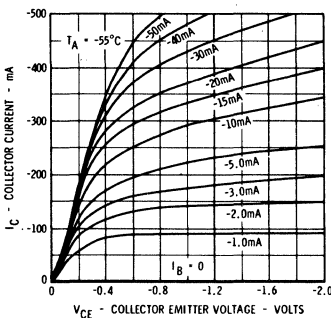
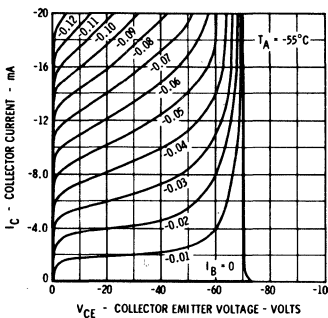
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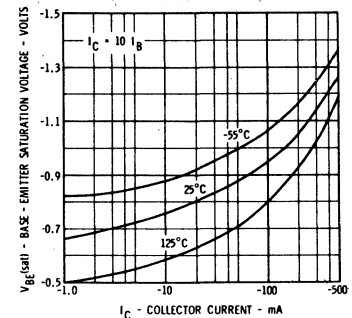
PULSED COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



ACTIVE REGION



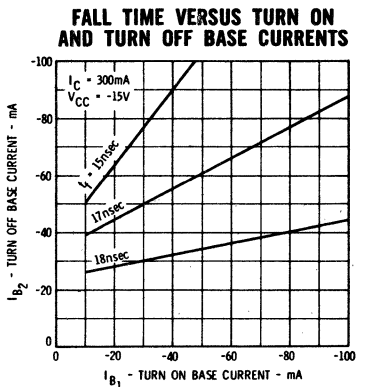
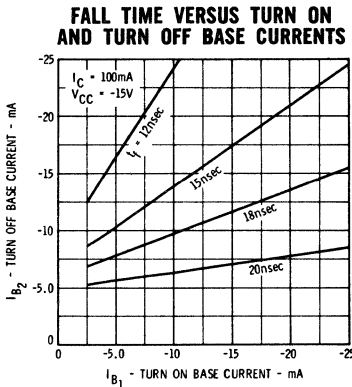
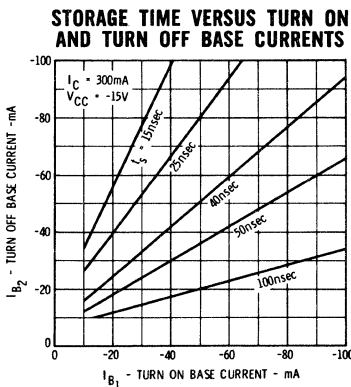
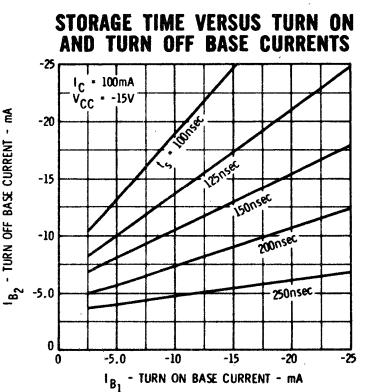
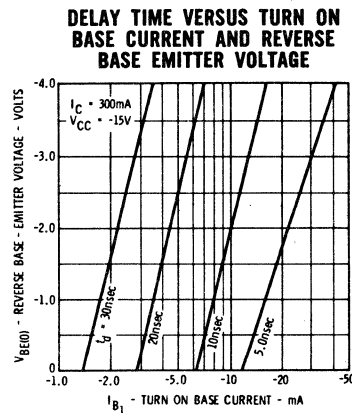
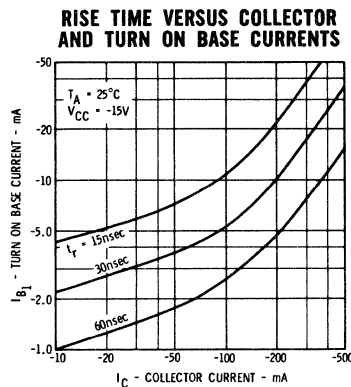
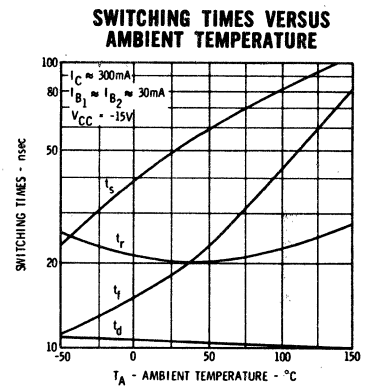
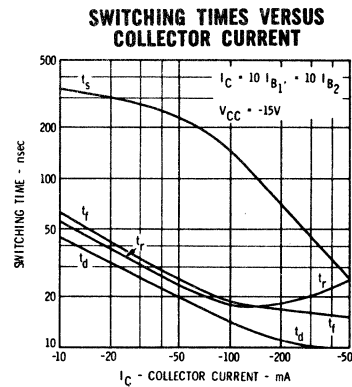
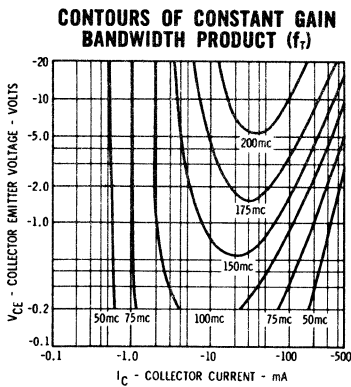
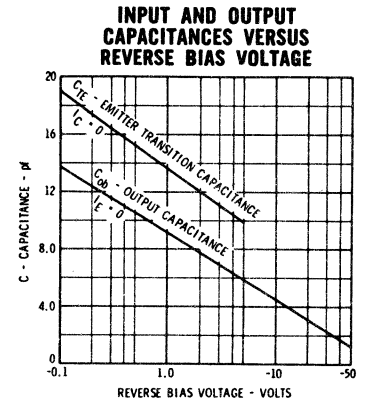
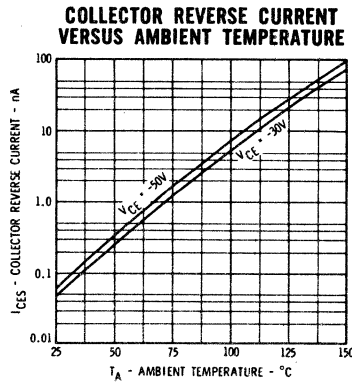
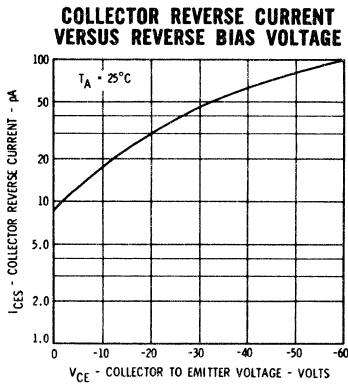
PULSED BASE SATURATION VOLTAGE VERSUS COLLECTOR CURRENT



* Single family characteristics on Transistor Curve Tracer.

FAIRCHILD TRANSISTOR S18000

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



T_{ON} and T_{OFF} TEST CIRCUIT

